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COVER NOTE

from:	Secretary-General of the European Commission,
	signed by Mr Jordi AYET PUIGARNAU, Director
date of receipt:	4 April 2013
to:	Mr Uwe CORSEPIUS, Secretary-General of the Council of the European
	Union
No Cion doc.:	SWD(2013) 110 final Part III
Subject:	Commission staff working document on the implementation of national residue
	monitoring plans in the Member States in 2011 (Council Directive 96/23/EC)

Delegations will find attached Commission document SWD(2013) 110 final Part III.

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PART III/III

COMMISSION STAFF WORKING DOCUMENT

on the implementation of national residue monitoring plans in the Member States in 2011 (Council Directive 96/23/EC)

Part III/III - Actions taken as a consequence of non-compliant results including modifications of the national residue plan for 2011

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Modification of national residu	e plan
Information with regard to the recommendations of the EURL RIKILT	See Plan Data Information of Plan 2012
Information with regard to the recommendations of the EURL Berlin (plan 2010)	See Plan Data Information of Plan 2012
Accreditation and validation of Group A substances or forbidden substances according to Council Decision 2002/657/EC	See Plan Data Information of Plan 2012
New in the plan 2012	See Plan Data Information of Plan 2012
Due to compliant results over a two or more years period, the number of samples will be decreased	See Plan Data Information of Plan 2012
Due to non-compliant results in 2011, the number of samples will be increased	See Plan Data Information of Plan 2012
General information	See Plan Data Information of Plan 2012

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Bovines, Pigs, Sheep and Goa	its, Horses, Poultry, Aquaculture Animals,
Farmed Gan	ne, Milk, Eggs and Honey
None	None

Modification of national residue	plan
Information with regard to the recommendations of the EURL Berlin (plan 2009)	-
New in the plan 2012	See Plan Data Information of Plan 2012
General information	See Plan Data Information of Plan 2012
Due to compliant results over	See Plan Data Information of Plan 2012
a two or more year period, the	

number of samples will be	
decreased	
Due to non-compliant results	See Plan Data Information of Plan 2012
in 2011, the number of	
samples will be increased	

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
	Bovines
1 chlortetracycline - 168,7 ppb - muscle - veal calf (suspect sample, slaughterhouse)	The carcase was impounded at the slaughterhouse and declared unfit for human consumption. The carcase was disposed of according to Reg. (EC) No 1069/2009. Investigations on the farm of origin by official veterinarian including verification of records. The farmer is a member of the Animal Health Service; 22 bovine animals and one fattening pig were held on the farm. The veal calf drank from the same milk can as a sick veal calf which was treated with chlortetracycline (the animals were held together in the same box). Verbal instruction to the farmer. The veterinary practitioner`s dispensary of the veterinarian in charge of the farm was checked too.
1 dihydrostreptomycin – > 4.988,0 ppb – kidney – other bovine (breeding bull) (suspect sample, slaughterhouse)	The carcase was impounded at the slaughterhouse and declared unfit for human consumption. The carcase was disposed according to Reg. (EC) No 1069/2009. Investigations on the farm of origin (farm specialised on suckler cows) by official veterinarian including verification of records. The farmer is a member of the Animal Health Service. 63 bovine animals as well as porcine animals, horses and poultry were held on the farm. The documentation of the administration of veterinary medicinal products was insufficient. Intensified supervision/checks for the following 6 months. Administrative proceedings were started against the farmer.
1 penicillin G - 85,7 ppb - kidney - cow (suspect sample, slaughterhouse)	The cow was slaughtered before the end of the withdrawal period, the withdrawal period was not observed. The carcase was impounded at the slaughterhouse and declared unfit for human consumption. The carcase was disposed of according to Reg. (EC) No 1069/2009. The farm (42 bovine

	animals) was investigated by the official veterinarian. The documentation of the administration of veterinary medicinal products (treatment for mastitis and medically indicated caesarean-section) was correct, but not the calculation of the withdrawal period. The veterinary practitioner's dispensary of the veterinarian in charge of the farm was checked too. Administrative proceedings were started against the farmer. Intensified supervision/checks for the following 6 months;
1 dihydrostreptomycin – 3.119,2 ppb – kidney – cow (suspect sample, slaughterhouse)	The withdrawal period had been observed. The offal was declared unfit for human consumption. The farm (150 milk cows and 72 young cattle) was investigated by the official veterinarian. The documentation of the administration of veterinary medicinal products (treatment for mastitis) was correct. An explanation for the residue found in the kidney could be a reduced metabolism and excretion of VMPs of an ill animal. Information to the office for pharmacovigilance of the AGES
1 methylaminoantipyrin (Metamizole) – 10.817,0 ppb – kidney – other bovine (suspect sample, slaughterhouse)	Investigations on the farm of origin with 158 bovine animals by official veterinarian including verification of records. The farmer is a member of the Animal Health Service. The administration of Metamizole was not recorded. The carcase was impounded at the slaughter-house, declared unfit for human consumption and then disposed of in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009. Intensified supervision/checks for the following 6 months. Administrative proceedings were started against the farmer.
1 chlorpyrifos – 0,64 ppm – kidney fat – cow (targeted sample, slaughterhouse)	Chlorpyrifos is an insecticide frequently used worldwide. Investigations on the farm of origin with 69 bovine animals by official veterinarian including verification of records. There was no indication regarding the use of chlorpyrifos. Animals of the farm will be tested again in 2012.
	Pigs
1 sulfadimidin – 394.8 ppb – muscle – fattening pig (targeted sample, slaughterhouse)	The farmer is a member of the Animal Health Service, but not authorised to manufacture medicated feeding stuffs.

	Investigations on the farm of origin (about 270 pigs were kept on the farm) by official veterinarian including verification of records. A Pre-mix for medicated feeding stuffs was administered in violation of the requirements of the SPC. The withdrawal period was not observed. The records did not contain relevant data. The identification of treated animals was inadequate. Administrative proceedings were started against the farmer. Intensified supervision/checks for the following 6 months.
1 diclazuril – 2,62 ppb (targeted	
sample)	The farmer is a member of the Poultry Health Service with a capacity of 8.800 laying hens. As a consequence of the detection of diclazuril in eggs, two follow-up samples were taken; these samples were negative. Investigations on the farm by official veterinarian including verification of records. Sampling of feed in order to check the carry-over. The feed sample was compliant. Administrative proceedings were started against the farmer. No verification of any illegal use of Diclazuril.
1 narasin - 3,71 ppb (targeted sample)	The farmer is a member of the Poultry Health Service with a capacity of 2.500 laying hens. As a consequence of the detection of narasin in eggs, two follow-up samples were taken; one sample was noncompliant (please refer to information below). Investigations on the farm by official veterinarian including verification of records and sampling of feed. The feed sample was compliant. Administrative proceedings were started against the farmer. No verification of any illegal use of narasin.
1 narasin – 3,8 ppb (suspect	
sample)	One of two follow-up samples taken as a consequence of the detection of Narasin in eggs.
A	quaculture
1 crystalviolet-leuco - <1,2 ppb - muscle - trout (targeted sample)	The farm with 6.400 kg rainbow trout and some other types of trout was investigated by official veterinarian. Verification of the records. Official samples were taken (3 samples). All samples showed a compliant result (please refer to the information below). Intensified checks for the following

	12 months. No verification of any illegal use of crystalviolet.
	Three follow-up samples of above mentioned trout (LCV <1.2 ppb);
1 malachite green - <0,4 ppb and malachite green-leuco - 62,4 ppb - muscle - trout (targeted sample)	The farm was investigated and placed under official control (30/12/2011-07/12/2012) by the Provincial Governor (official veterinarian) in accordance with Article 58 of the Food Safety and Consumer Protection Act; about 22 000 trout were held on the farm as a consequence of the positive finding. Verification of the records. The test results of the sampling of a second location of this farm were negative. Official samples were taken (4 samples). The analyses of one sample showed again a non-compliant result (please refer to information below). On the basis of this result, one of the ponds had been verified as positive. The trout of this pond originated from Germany. RASFF/alert/2012:0126 of 24/01/2012. 2.000 trout were killed and sent to a processing plant of category 1 material as required by Regulation (EC) No. 1069/2009. Water of the pond was drained and it was planned to test the mud on whether it contains dyes or not. Intensified checks for the following 12 months. Official information of the farmer. No verification of the illegal use of malachite green
1 malachite green-leuco – 52,2 ppb – muscle – trout (suspect sample)	One of four follow-up samples of above- mentioned trout (LMG 62.4 ppb)
1 malachite green - <0,4 ppb and malachite green-leuco - 31,3 ppb - muscle - trout (targeted sample)	Since 29/12/2011 the farm is placed under official control by the Provincial Governor (official veterinarian) in accordance with Article 58 of the Food Safety and Consumer Protection Act; about 300 kg trout were held on the farm as a consequence of the positive finding. Four official samples were taken and two of the samples showed again a noncompliant result. Verification of the records. At the time of compilation of the report further investigations are ongoing.
2 malachite green-leuco – 23,6 and 26,2 ppb – muscle – trout (suspect samples)	Two of four follow-up samples of above- mentioned trout (LMG 31,3 ppb)

2 malachite green-leuco - 8,6 and 7,0 ppb - muscle - carp (suspect samples)	Since 27/05/2011 the farm is placed under official control by the Provincial Governor (official veterinarian) in accordance with Article 58 of the Food Safety and Consumer Protection Act. It is a catch-and-release fishing farm. At the time of compilation of the report, further investigations are ongoing. Some legal questions remain and have to be clarified.
1 malachite green-leuco – 1,4 ppb – muscle – trout (suspect sample)	The farm was investigated and placed under official control (22/08/2011-08/09/2011) by the Provincial Governor (official veterinarian) in accordance with Article 58 of the Food Safety and Consumer Protection Act. Verification of the records. Two official samples were taken; the samples were compliant. Intensified checks for the following 12 months. No verification of the illegal use of malachite green.
,	Wild game
6 lead - 0,3 - 0,45 - 0,59 - 1,38 - 4,05 and 5,08 ppm - muscle - deer. 2 lead - 1,8 and 81,3 ppm - muscle - wild boar(targeted samples).	In wild game the detection of lead can be mostly traced back to environmental pollution and sometimes to bullets (to some extent depending on the modern construction of bullets and the type of bullets). The contamination of the meat also depends on the way the bullets penetrate the body of the animals.
1 lead - 146 ppm - muscle - deer. 1 lead - 1,9 ppm - muscle - wild boar (suspect samples).	The samples were taken from wild game in order to verify own checks. The animals were shot in an area, which is used as a military training area. The carcases were declared unfit for human consumption and disposed of according to Reg. (EC) No 1069/2009. It was not possible to verify the reason of the contamination with lead.

BE BELGIUM

Modification of national residue plan

Until 2012, cows with a carcass weight > 600 kg were considered as suspect to have been treated with anabolic substances: a sample was taken for analysis and the carcass was retained pending the result. From 2012, the carcass weight level for suspicion has been increased to 630 kg. In the same time, new sampling criteria have been set in 2012 RCP:

- 250 samples of urine will be taken from female bovine weighing from 560 to 630 kg, with good conformation, low level of fat
- 100 samples of urine from male bovine, less than 24 months, weight > 600 kg

These samples will be analysed for A1, A3, A4, A5 and corticosteroids. In 2012 analyses for forbidden substances were added in wild animals due to information related to use of forbidden substances at the time of feeding of wild:

- CAP: 30 large animals and 20 birds
- Nitrofurans: 30 large animals and 20 birds
- Nitro-imidazoles: 30 large animals and 20 birds

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
1/ Prednisolone (6,8 ppb) – urine – target sample – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Samples of animal matrices, feed and material were taken.
- bovine	Fattening animals were put under temporary
	seizure. All samples were compliant. H-
	status allocated.
2/ Prednisolone - urine - target	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
sample - slaughterhouse - sheep	register. Interview of the holder.
3/ AMOZ - target sample -	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
slaughterhouse - pigeon	register. Interview of the holder.
4/ Methylprednisolone - injection	Animal from France. See also group B.
site – suspect sample – pig –	
slaughterhouse	
	Animal from France. See also group B.
5/ Dexamethasone - injection site	
- suspect sample - pig -	
slaughterhouse	Animal from France. See also in group B
6/ Dayamathasana injection site	substances.
6/ Dexamethasone – injection site – suspect sample – pig –	Substances:
slaughterhouse	
7/ Dexamethasone – injection site	Animal from Spain.
– suspect sample – pig –	

slaughterhouse	
8/ Dexamethasone – injection site	Animal from the Netherlands. See also group
– suspect sample –	B.
slaughterhouse – pig	
	Animal from France. See also 9 in group A.
9/ Methylprednisolone – injection	
site – suspect sample – pig –	
slaughterhouse	
10/ Dexamethasone – injection	Carcass destroyed. Investigation on farm.
site – suspect sample –	Samples of animal matrices, feed and
slaughterhouse - bovine	material were taken. Fattening animals were
	put under temporary seizure. All samples
	were compliant. R-status allocated.
11/ Prednisolone – feces – suspect	Sample taken in the frame of a follow-up in
sample – farm – calf	farm. Samples of animal matrices, feed and
·	material were taken. Fattening animals were
	put under temporary seizure. All samples
	were compliant.
12/ Prednisolone (> 5 ppb ppb) -	Sample taken in the frame of a follow-up in
urine – suspect sample - bovine	farm. Samples of animal matrices, feed and
	material were taken. Fattening animals were
	put under temporary seizure. All samples
	were compliant.
13/ Dexamethasone +	In the frame of a follow-up in farm after
dexamethasone isonicotinoate –	presence of prednisolone in urine. Samples
material – suspect sample –	of animal matrices, feed and material were
slaughterhouse – pig	taken. Fattening animals were put under
	temporary seizure. All samples were
	compliant.
Results from official samples	In these cases, an investigation on farm
taken during monitoring /	was performed, samples of animals,
suspicion in farm or at	feed and material are taken and
slaughterhouse level showing	fattening animals are put under
presence of some A	temporary seizure until the results.
substances but which could	
not been considered as non	
compliant. Results from non-	
official samples.	
Nortestosterone alpha (3 ppb) –	It was a cow. Investigation on farm.
urine – target sample – bovine	Samples of animal matrices, feed and
	material were taken. Fattening animals were
	put under temporary seizure. All these
	samples were compliant. A bottle containing

	dayanaathaaana hiit iiith maaaf af aynabi
	dexamethasone but with proof of supply
Data markaski di sa (4.4.4.1)	from a vet.
Beta nortestosterone (4.4 ppb) -	Investigation on farm. Samples of animal
target sample – urine –	matrices, material and milk were taken.
slaughterhouse – pig	Fattening animals were put under temporary
	seizure. All these samples were compliant.
Beta nortestosterone (17 ppb) +	Investigation on farm. Samples of animal
prednisolone (2 ppb) – target	matrices, material and milk were taken.
sample – urine – slaughterhouse –	Fattening animals were put under temporary
pig	seizure. All these samples were compliant.
Thiouracyl (6 cases from 11 to 37	Investigation on farm. Samples of animal
ppb) – target sample – urine –	matrices, material and milk were taken.
farm/slaughterhouse – calf and	Fattening animals were put under temporary
bovine	seizure. All these samples were compliant
	but in 1 farm a urine sample was positive for
	thiouracyl (11 ppb).
Prednisolone (13 cases, < 5 ppb)	Investigation on farm. Samples of animal
– urine – target sample –	matrices, material and feed were taken.
slaughterhouse – bovine	Fattening animals were put under temporary
	seizure. All these samples were compliant.
Prednisolone (27 cases, > 2 ppb)	Investigation on farm. Samples of animal
– urine – target sample –	matrices, material and feed were taken.
slaughterhouse – pig	Fattening animals were put under temporary
, ,	seizure. Sampling at slaughterhouse on
	animals coming from these farms: about 20
	% of these samples positive for
	prednisolone. See also group A 13. In 2012,
	no more seizure but the holder has to inform
	Belgian Food Agency when a lot of animals is
	sent to slaughterhouse in order samples can
	be taken Other source than treatment under
	investigation. As natural occurrence has
	been proved in bovine, no H-status and no
	movement restriction are applied.
	movement restriction are applica.
	Administrative measures: U status, for 52
	Administrative measures: H status: for 52 weeks, animals from the farm may only
	be sent to slaughterhouse in Belgium
	where 10 % of them are analysed at the
	expense of the farmer. In case of new
	infringement during this period, another
	period of 104 weeks is added to the first
	one. 1 H status was allocated in 2011
	due to use of corticosteroids.
	and to and or conticontainoid

CRIMINAL PENALTIES: IN ALL CASES OF
INFRINGEMENTS RELATING TO GROUP A
SUBSTANCES (EXCEPT A6), A PRO JUSTITIA IS
SENT TO PROSECUTOR WHO DECIDES WHETHER
PROSECUTION OR NOT (LAW 15 JULY 1985
Hormones ¹ E.A.).

¹ Loi du 15 Juillet 1985 relative à l'utilisation de substances à effet hormonal, à effet anti-hormonal, à effet beta-adrénergique ou à effet stimulateur de production chez les animaux.

Modification of national residue	nlan	
	-	
•	In 2012, analyses were added in wild animals due to information related to use of VMPs at the time of feeding of wild: benzimidazoles - 50 large animals.	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions	
Tron compliant results	Bovines	
Benzylpenicillin (29.302 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.	
Sulfadimethoxine (37576 ppb) + trimethoprim (30801 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - slaughterhouse - bovine	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.	
Sulfadimethoxine (276 ppb) + trimethoprim (132 ppb) - muscle - suspect sample - slaughterhouse - bovine		
Flunixin + meloxicam - injection site - bovine - suspect sample - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. Allocation of a R-status.	
Meloxicam – muscle – bovine – suspect sample – slaughterhouse		
Enrofloxacin + ciprofloxacin - injection site - bovine - suspect sample - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. H-status allocated.	
Enrofloxacin + ciprofloxacin -	Animal from the Netherlands.	

injection site – bovine – suspect sample – slaughterhouse	
Tetracycline (159 ppb) - injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Carprofen – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Emergency slaughter. Treatment recorded id FCI.
Benzylpenicillin (244258 ppb) + clorsulon (99 ppb) + dihydrostreptomycin (> 1500 ppb) + ivermectin + streptomycin (1140 ppb) - injection site - bovine - suspect sample - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. R-status allocated.
Dihydrostreptomycin (> 1500 ppb) – muscle – bovine – suspect sample – slaughterhouse	
Tylosin (2010 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. Interview of the veterinarian.
Tylosin (1115 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Flunixin + tylosin (3438 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of the vet. Carcass destroyed. Allocation of R-status.
Tilmicosine (71 ppb) – injection site – bovine – suspect sample – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of the vet. Carcass destroyed.
Flunixin + Moxidectin - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Dihydrostreptomycin (> 1500 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of the vet. Carcass destroyed. Allocation of R-status.

Dihydrostreptomycine (1633 ppb) + flunixin + tolfenamic acid – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. Allocation of a R-status.
Metamizol - injection site + muscle – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. Allocation of R-status.
Enrofloxacine (123 ppb) + oxytetracycline (250 ppb) + tolfenamic acid – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. Allocation of R-status.
Tolfenamic acid – muscle – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	
Tylosin (102 ppb) + spiramycin (84.400 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. Allocation of R-status.
Sulfadimethoxine (219.982 ppb) + trimethoprim (205.480 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Tolfenamic acid – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Flunixin – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Tolfenamic acid + dihydrostreptomycin (12.050 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Trimethoprim + sulfadimethoxine + dihydrostreptomycin - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.

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Enrofloxacin (> 100 ppb) + ciprofloxacin (76 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Closantel – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of the vet. Carcass destroyed
Closantel – injection site – bovine – suspect sample – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of the veterinarian. Carcass destroyed.
Tilmicosine (63.800 ppb) + meloxicam + ivermectin (290 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. R-status allocated.
Tilmicosine (1.450 ppb) + meloxicam - muscle - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	
Tolfenamic acid – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of the vet. Carcass destroyed.
Tolfenamic acid – injection site – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of the vet. Carcass destroyed.
Dihydrostreptomycin (1.896 ppb) + spectinomycin (832 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Oxytetracycline (398.564 ppb) + tetracycline (1.820 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of the vet. Carcass destroyed.
Oxytetracycline (267 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of the vet. Carcass destroyed. Allocation of a R-status.
Oxytetracycline (658 ppb) – injection sites – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.

Tylosin (2.770 ppb) – injection sites – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. Allocation of a R-status.
Flunixin + meloxicam - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Tylosin (427 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Oxytetracycline (235 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Oxytetracycline (118.155 ppb) + tetracycline (954 ppb) + tilmicosine (90 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	
Oxytetracycline (261 ppb) – muscle – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	
Tolfenamic acid – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of veterinarian. Carcass destroyed.
Ivermectine (1.074 ppb) + tilmicosine (162 ppb) + Closantel - injection site - suspect sample - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Tilmicosine (520 ppb) + Closantel - muscle - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	
Levamisole – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Spectinomycine (> 900 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.

Closantel + ivermectine (> 600 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse Closantel + ivermectine (> 600 ppb) - muscle - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Tilmicosine (71 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Carprofen – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Oxytetracycline (1.142 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Moxidectine (76 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Moxidectine (74 ppb) – muscle – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	
Tolfenamic acid – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Tolfenamic acid – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Phenylbutazone + tylosine (713 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Phenylbutazone – muscle – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	
Benzylpenicilline (462.270 ppb) -	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP

injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.	
Oxytetracycline (58.528 ppb) + tetracycline (679 pp) - injection site - suspect sample - bovine - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.	
Neomycin (1.066 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of the vet. Carcass destroyed.	
Benzylpenicillin – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.	
Dihydrostreptomycin (2.500 ppb) + meloxicam – suspect sample bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.	
Meloxicam – muscle – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse		
Levamisole (40 ppb) – muscle – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.	
Levamisole (20 ppb) – muscle – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse		
Tolfenamic acid – injection site – suspect sample – bovine – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. R-status allocated.	
Pigs		
Lincomycin (3.260 ppb) – kidney – target sample – slaughterhouse Lincomycin (171 ppb) – muscle – target sample – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. R-status allocated.	
Sulfadiazine (> 200 ppb) - kidney - target sample - slaughterhouse Sulfadiazine (>200 ppb) - muscle - target sample - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. R-status allocated. 193 tonnes still at cutting plan, sampling and analysis, 1 lot non-compliant and destroyed. RASFF.	
Sulfadiazine (> 200 ppb) - kidney - target sample - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP	

Sulfadiazine (140 ppb) – muscle –	register. Interview of the holder. 27 tonnes of products destroyed. R-status allocated.
target sample – slaughterhouse Monensin (5,6 ppb) – muscle –	,
target sample – slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Interview of the transporter. Interview of the dealer. Carcass destroyed. Non-compliance regarding trade. Pro-Justitia against the holder, the transporter and the dealer.
Metamizole (> MRL) – injection	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
site – suspect sample –	register. Interview of the holder. Carcass
slaughterhouse	destroyed. R-status allocated.
Metamizole (> MRL)) - muscle -	
suspect sample – slaughterhouse	
Flunixine - injection site - suspect	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
sample – pig – slaughterhouse	register. Interview of the holder. Carcass
	destroyed. R-status allocated.
Tolfenamic acid – injection site –	Animal from France.
suspect sample – pig –	
slaughterhouse	
Sulfadimethoxine (61.371 ppb) +	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
trimethoprim (48.311 ppb) -	register. Interview of the holder. Carcass
injection site – suspect sample –	destroyed.
pig – slaughterhouse	
Sulfadimethoxine (345 ppb) –	
muscle – suspect sample – pig –	
slaughterhouse	
Benzylpenicillin (10.405 ppb) -	Animal from France.
dihydrostreptomycine (>	
1.500 ppb) + florfenicol (>	
1.500 ppb) + ketoprofen + tylosin	
(4.510 ppb) -injection site -	
suspect sample – pig –	
slaughterhouse	
Neomycin (> 1.500 ppb ppb)-	Animal from France. See also 4 in group A.
injection site – suspect sample –	
pig – slaughterhouse	
Penicillin G - injection site -	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
suspect sample – pig –	register. Interview of the holder. Carcass
slaughterhouse	destroyed.
Metamizole - injection site -	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
suspect sample – pig –	register. Interview of the holder. Carcass
slaughterhouse	destroyed. R-status allocated.
Metamizole – muscle – suspect	
sample – pig – slaughterhouse	

Flunixin + spectinomycin (526	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
ppb) – injection site – suspect	register. Interview of the holder. Carcass
sample – pig – slaughterhouse	destroyed. R-status allocated.
Flunixin - injection site - suspect	Animal from France.
sample – pig – slaughterhouse	7
Benzylpenicilline (41.414 ppb) +	Animal from France. See also 5 group A.
dihydrostreptomycin (1.477 ppb)	7 mm. a
+ flunixin + Ketoprofen - injection	
site – suspect sample – pig –	
slaughterhouse	
Dihydrostreptomycin (> 1.500	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
ppb) + flunixin - injection site -	register. Interview of the holder. Carcass
suspect sample - pig -	destroyed. R-status allocated.
slaughterhouse	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Sulfamethoxazole (10.717 ppb) +	Animal from the Netherlands.
trimethoprim (4.276 ppb) -	
injection site – suspect sample –	
pig – slaughterhouse	
Sulfamethoxazole (522 ppb) +	
trimethoprim (103 ppb) - muscle	
– suspect sample – pig –	
slaughterhouse	
Azaperone (> 100 ppb) - injection	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
site – suspect sample – pig –	register. Interview of the holder. Carcass
slaughterhouse	destroyed. R-status allocated.
Metamizole – injection site –	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
suspect sample – pig –	register. Interview of the holder. Carcass
slaughterhouse	destroyed.
Marbofloxacine (> 200 ppb) +	Animal from France. See also 6 in group A
flunixin - injection site - suspect	substances.
sample – pig – slaughterhouse	
Neomycin (> 1.500 ppb) -	Animal from France.
injection site – suspect sample –	
pig – slaughterhouse	
Neomycin (1.378 ppb) - muscle -	
suspect sample – pig –	
slaughterhouse	
Benzylpenicillin (21.935 ppb) +	Animal from Poland
ivermectine + tylosine (735 ppb)	
- injection site - suspect sample -	
pig – slaughterhouse	
Enrofloxacin (109 ppb) + flunixin	Animal from Spain.
- injection site - suspect sample -	
pig – slaughterhouse	

Sulfadoxine (778 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - pig - slaughterhouse Sulfadoxine (469 ppb) - muscle - suspect sample - pig - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed. Allocation of a R-status.
Oxytetracyclin (129.472 ppb) + tetracycline (3.028 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - pig - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Sulfadiazin (127 ppb) – injection site – suspect sample – pig – slaughterhouse	Animal from the Netherlands.
Flunixine + spiramycin (1.380 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - pig - slaughterhouse	Animal from France.
Dihydrostreptomycin (14.597 ppb) + penicillin (215 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - pig - slaughterhouse	Animal from Spain.
Dihydrostreptomycin (56.000 ppb) + meloxicam - injection site - suspect sample - pig - slaughterhouse Dihydrostreptomycin (675 ppb) - muscle - suspect sample - pig - slaughterhouse	Animal from France. See also 8 in group A.
Benzylpenicillin (42.579 ppb) + neomycin (2.390 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - pig - slaughterhouse	Animal from France. See also 9 in group A.
Benzylpenicilline (56.634 ppb) + dihydrostreptomycine (3.260 ppb) + flunixine – injection site – suspect sample – pig – slaughterhouse	Animal from France.
Azaperol + azaperone (> 120 ppb) + benzylpenicillin (46.980 ppb) + flunixin + moxidectin (> 1.500 ppb) - injection site - suspect sample - pig - slaughterhouse	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass destroyed.
Ciprofloxacin + enrofloxacin + metamizol - injection site -	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP register. Interview of the holder. Carcass

suspect sample – pig –	destroyed. Allocation of a R-status.
slaughterhouse	
Sulfadimethoxine (61.371 ppb) +	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
trimethoprim (48.311 ppb) –	register. Interview of the holder. Carcass
injection site – suspect sample –	destroyed. Allocation of a R-status.
pig – slaughterhouse	
Sulfadimethoxine (345 ppb) -	
injection site – suspect sample –	
pig – slaughterhouse	
Flunixin – injection site – suspect	Animal from France.
sample – pig – slaughterhouse	
	Poultry
	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
Ketoprofen (45 ppb) – muscle –	register. Interview of the holder.
broiler – target sample –	
slaughterhouse	
	eep and goat
Monensin (88,1 ppb) – muscle –	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
sheep – target sample –	register. Interview of the holder.
slaughterhouse	
	Horses
Clenbuterol – eye – suspect	Horse euthanized following accident during a
Ciclibater of Cyc Suspect	Thorse cathanized following accident daring a
sample - horse	local competition (see under). Investigation
•	
sample – horse Acetylsalicilic acid +	local competition (see under). Investigation
sample – horse Acetylsalicilic acid + phenylbutazone – injection site –	local competition (see under). Investigation on farm. Check of VMP register. Interview of the holder. Bottle of VMPs containing
sample – horse Acetylsalicilic acid +	local competition (see under). Investigation on farm. Check of VMP register. Interview of the holder. Bottle of VMPs containing clenbuterol, dexamethasone and ACTH
sample – horse Acetylsalicilic acid + phenylbutazone – injection site – slaughterhouse – suspect sample – horse	local competition (see under). Investigation on farm. Check of VMP register. Interview of the holder. Bottle of VMPs containing clenbuterol, dexamethasone and ACTH (Synacthen) found in stock.
sample - horse Acetylsalicilic acid + phenylbutazone - injection site - slaughterhouse - suspect sample - horse Methylprednisolone - blood -	local competition (see under). Investigation on farm. Check of VMP register. Interview of the holder. Bottle of VMPs containing clenbuterol, dexamethasone and ACTH (Synacthen) found in stock. Investigation on a local horse competition.
sample – horse Acetylsalicilic acid + phenylbutazone – injection site – slaughterhouse – suspect sample – horse	local competition (see under). Investigation on farm. Check of VMP register. Interview of the holder. Bottle of VMPs containing clenbuterol, dexamethasone and ACTH (Synacthen) found in stock. Investigation on a local horse competition. 19 horses sampled; 3 material monster
sample - horse Acetylsalicilic acid + phenylbutazone - injection site - slaughterhouse - suspect sample - horse Methylprednisolone - blood -	local competition (see under). Investigation on farm. Check of VMP register. Interview of the holder. Bottle of VMPs containing clenbuterol, dexamethasone and ACTH (Synacthen) found in stock. Investigation on a local horse competition. 19 horses sampled; 3 material monster found in cars and vans (syringe, needle,
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sample - horse Acetylsalicilic acid + phenylbutazone - injection site - slaughterhouse - suspect sample - horse Methylprednisolone - blood -	local competition (see under). Investigation on farm. Check of VMP register. Interview of the holder. Bottle of VMPs containing clenbuterol, dexamethasone and ACTH (Synacthen) found in stock. Investigation on a local horse competition. 19 horses sampled; 3 material monster found in cars and vans (syringe, needle, bottle). 2 samples positive: nortestosteronephenylpropionate and
sample - horse Acetylsalicilic acid + phenylbutazone - injection site - slaughterhouse - suspect sample - horse Methylprednisolone - blood -	local competition (see under). Investigation on farm. Check of VMP register. Interview of the holder. Bottle of VMPs containing clenbuterol, dexamethasone and ACTH (Synacthen) found in stock. Investigation on a local horse competition. 19 horses sampled; 3 material monster found in cars and vans (syringe, needle, bottle). 2 samples positive: nortestosteronephenylpropionate and dexamethasone. Horses whose passport
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sample - horse Acetylsalicilic acid + phenylbutazone - injection site - slaughterhouse - suspect sample - horse Methylprednisolone - blood -	local competition (see under). Investigation on farm. Check of VMP register. Interview of the holder. Bottle of VMPs containing clenbuterol, dexamethasone and ACTH (Synacthen) found in stock. Investigation on a local horse competition. 19 horses sampled; 3 material monster found in cars and vans (syringe, needle, bottle). 2 samples positive: nortestosteronephenylpropionate and dexamethasone. Horses whose passport shown they were intended for slaughtering for human consumption were excluded for that purpose by entry in the passport. 10 of the horses didn't comply with identification rules. Interview of the owner. Pro Justitia were sent to prosecutor.
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sample - horse Acetylsalicilic acid + phenylbutazone - injection site - slaughterhouse - suspect sample - horse Methylprednisolone - blood -	local competition (see under). Investigation on farm. Check of VMP register. Interview of the holder. Bottle of VMPs containing clenbuterol, dexamethasone and ACTH (Synacthen) found in stock. Investigation on a local horse competition. 19 horses sampled; 3 material monster found in cars and vans (syringe, needle, bottle). 2 samples positive: nortestosteronephenylpropionate and dexamethasone. Horses whose passport shown they were intended for slaughtering for human consumption were excluded for that purpose by entry in the passport. 10 of the horses didn't comply with identification rules. Interview of the owner. Pro Justitia were sent to prosecutor. Investigation on a local horse competition. 29 horses sampled, all compliant. Material

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	As follow-up of these investigations,
	investigations were performed on 2
	premises. In one premises, esters of
	testosterone, nortestosterone
	phenylpropionate, betamethasone,
	betamethasone diproprionate were found in
	syringes and needles. VMPs containing ACTH
	were found (Synachten).
	Milk
Diclofenac – target sample	Investigation on farm. Check of VMP
	register. Interview of the holder.
Levamisole + triclabendazole -	Investigation on farm. Check of VMP
cow milk – target sample	register. Interview of the holder. Warning to
	the holder.
	Eggs
Flumequine (13 ppb) – target	Investigation on farm. Check of VMP
sample	register. Interview of the holder. 36 kg eggs
	destroyed.
Fa	armed game
Monensin (8,7 - 84,7 - 31,6 ppb)	
- deer - muscle - slaughterhouse	Animals from the same holding.
macere eraugineemene	Investigation on farm. Check of VMP register. Interview of the holder. Analysis of
	compound feed on farm : compliant.
	Analysis of feed used to produce the
	compound feed at feed mill : presence of
	monensin < maximum limit for cross-
. (244.4.1)	contamination (75 ppb to 336 ppb).
Monensin (244,4ppb) – deer –	Investigation on farm. Check of the VMP
muscle – slaughterhouse	register. Interview of the holder.
Adminis	strative measures
Adminis	R status: R-status: for a 8 weeks period the identification document of the animals of the
	same species (bovine, pigs) from the herd are marked with a R symbol. In the
	slaughterhouse, 10 % of these animals are
	sampled. In case of new infringements
	during this period, the period will be
	extended by 26 weeks. The analyses are at
	the expense of the responsible of the herd.
	R-status were allocated to bovine farms: 11 (+ 2 due to non-compliant results in 2011).
	R-status were allocated to pig farms: 11
	Official reports sent to the legal service for the attribution of administrative penalty: 22. Fines paid: 16. In 4 cases, the report was

sent to the prosecutor for follow-up. In all
cases, prosecution was given up.

BG BULGARIA	
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Modification of national residue plan	
No changes	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
None	None

Modification of national residue plan	
No changes	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Poultry	
Chlortetracycline	Investigation on farm. Interview of the holder.
(179.13 mg/kg) and	Investigation on slaughterhouse for white meat
Aminoglycosides (screening	and object for storage and wholesale.
method) - targeted sample, in	Destruction of Maigret (white meat). As a result
muscles from Mulard ducks –	from the taken actions, suspect samples were
slaughterhouse	taken. The samples show negative result.

Modification of national residue plan

Sampling should take place over the entire year (January to December). The tender of Veterinary Services of Cyprus for the interest of accredited laboratories to carry out the laboratory examinations of substances of animal tissues and food of animal origin that are included in the National Residues Plan concerning the year 2013 must be published in the European gazette early in July 2012. Horsemeat: there is no slaughterhouse for horses. Horsemeat is not used for human consumption in Cyprus. Horses exported from Cyprus accompanied by a Passport (Commission Decision 2000/68/EC, Commission Regulation 504/2008/EC) is implemented on the basis of "Genetic improvement of Animals" Laws of 2001 and 2004, K.Δ.Π. 224/2009, Ap. 4361, 29.05.2009 in which mentioned all the drugs used for this horse and the withdrawal period. The number of horses (animals) 5.200 which included in the plate of production by species of the database are the total live horses population of Cyprus, not slaughtered animals. Efforts are in progress to arrange NRP tests to be carried out in foreign accredited laboratories in order to cover all the numbers on all substances provided in the programme for the year 2012. We confirm that all methods used by the foreign laboratories to carry out analysis were validated and accredited. This is a basic term included in the Tender. During the evaluation of laboratories responded to the Tender, the evaluation committee checked first if the method used by the laboratory is validated and accredited and for which matrix and if this method is included in the list of the accreditation body. We confirm no any changes of substances analysis in 2012 National Residue Plan. We have minor changes in number of samples.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
None	None

Modification of national residue plan	
NONE	
NON-COMPLIANT RESULTS	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Pigs	
Sulphadimidine – LCMSMS –	Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification
sulphadimidine 210 μg/kg –	of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in
muscle (MRL in muscle 100	the farm (11000 Fattening pigs / 1100 sows).

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μg/kg)	Intensified checks on the animals and products
	from the farm / establishment in the event of
	repeated infringements. Others.
Maduramycin – LCMSMS –	Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification
Maduramycin 7,85 μg/kg –	of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in
Porcine liver (Regulation	the farm (350 fattening pigs / 126 sows).
37/2010/EU No MRL,	Intensified checks on the animals and products
Regulation 124/2009, ML in	from the farm / establishment in the event of
liver 2 μg/kg)	repeated infringements. Others.
Sheep and goats	
Oxytetracycline – LCMSMS	Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification
Oxytetracycline 2.173 μg/kg –	of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in
muscle (MRL in muscle 100	the farm (169 goats and 200 sheep). Intensified
μg/kg)	checks on the animals and products from the
	farm / establishment in the event of repeated
	infringements.
	Poultry
Maduramycin – LCMSMS –	Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification
Maduramycin 3,43 μg/kg –	of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in
Broilers – liver (Regulation	the farm (404.000 broilers). Intensified checks
37/2010/EU No MRL	on the animals and products from the farm /
Regulation 1831/2003/EC, MRL	establishment in the event of repeated
in liver 800 μg/kg)	infringements. Others.
Maduramycin – LCMSMS –	Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification
Maduramycin 11,5 μg/kg –	of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in
Broilers – liver (Regulation	the farm (200.000 broilers). Intensified checks
37/2010/EU No MRL,	on the animals and products from the farm /
Regulation 1831/2003/EC, MRL	establishment in the event of repeated
in liver 800 μg/kg)	infringements. Others.
Maduramycin – LCMSMS –	Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification
Maduramycin 4,36 μg/kg –	of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in
Broilers – liver (Regulation	the farm (35.000 broilers). Intensified checks
37/2010/EU No MRL	on the animals and products from the farm /
Regulation 1831/2003/EC, MRL	establishment in the event of repeated
in liver 800 μg/kg)	infringements. Others.
Maduramycin – LCMSMS –	Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification
Maduramycin 203 μg/kg –	of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in
Broilers – liver (Regulation	the farm (37.000 broilers). Intensified checks
37/2010/EU No MRL,	on the animals and products from the farm /
Regulation 1831/2003/EC MRL	establishment in the event of repeated
in liver 800 μg/kg)	infringements. Others.
Milk	
Antibiotics – inhibitors (Delvo	Case 1: Investigation in the farm of origin.

SP test) - Dairy cows farms (3	
cases)	

Verification of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in the farm (78 cows). Intensified checks on the animals and products from the farm / establishment in the event of repeated infringements. Carcasses and products declared unfit for human consumption (6.056,7 lt. of milk confiscated and destroyed). Administrative measures. Others.

Case 2: Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in the farm (296 cows). Intensified checks on the animals and products from the farm / establishment in the event of repeated infringements. Carcasses and products declared unfit for human consumption (800 lt. of milk confiscated and destroyed). Administrative measures. Others.

Case 3: Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in the farm (217 cows). Intensified checks on the animals and products from the farm / establishment in the event of repeated infringements. Carcasses and products declared unfit for human consumption (1.925 lt. of milk confiscated and destroyed). Administrative measures. Others.

Antibiotics – inhibitors (Delvo SP test) – Sheep and Goat farms (5 cases)

Case 1: Investigation in the farm of origin.
Verification of records. Additional sampling.
Animals held in the farm (1841 sheep).
Intensified checks on the animals and products from the farm / establishment in the event of repeated infringements. Carcasses and products declared unfit for human consumption (2400 lt of milk confiscated and destroyed).
Administrative measures. Others.

Case 2: Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in the farm (32 sheep and 522 goats). Intensified checks on the animals and products from the farm / establishment in the event of repeated infringements. Carcasses and

	products declared unfit for human consumption (250 lt. of milk confiscated and destroyed). Administrative measures. Others.
	Case 3: Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in the farm (143 sheep and 53 goats). Intensified checks on the animals and products from the farm / establishment in the event of repeated infringements. Carcasses and products declared unfit for human consumption (100 lt. of milk confiscated and destroyed). Administrative measures. Others.
	Case 4: Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in the farm (120 goats and 16 sheep). Intensified checks on the animals and products from the farm / establishment in the event of repeated infringements. Carcasses and products declared unfit for human consumption (150 lt. of milk confiscated and destroyed). Administrative measures. Others.
	Case 5: Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in the farm (175 goats). Intensified checks on the animals and products from the farm / establishment in the event of repeated infringements. Carcasses and products declared unfit for human consumption (3.647 lt. of milk confiscated and destroyed). Administrative measures. Others.
Diclofenac – LCMSMS – diclofenac 5,56 μg/kg – sheep milk	Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in the farm (28 sheep and 4 goats). Intensified checks on the animals and products from the farm / establishment in the event of repeated infringements. Administrative measures. Others.
Aflatoxin M1 – Modified method AOAC 2008.08 (2005) – 0,081 ± 0,016 μg/kg	Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in the farm (745 goats and 1252 sheep). Intensified checks on the animals and products

	from the farm / establishment in the event of repeated infringements. Administrative measures. Others.
	Rabbits
Diclazuril - LCMSMS - diclazuril	Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification
18,03 μg/kg – rabbit – liver	of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in
(Regulation 37/2010/EU No	the farm (800 parents stock and 2700
MRL)	fattening). Intensified checks on the animals
	and products from the farm / establishment in
	the event of repeated infringements. Others.
Diclazuril - LCMSMS -	Investigation in the farm of origin. Verification
diclazuril 13,19 μg/kg - rabbit	of records. Additional sampling. Animals held in
- liver (Regulation 37/2010/EU	the farm (50 parents stock). Intensified checks
No MRL)	on the animals and products from the farm /
	establishment in the event of repeated
	infringements. Others.

CZECH REPUBLIC

Group A substances

Modification of national residue plan	
None	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
1x 17-alfa-19-nortestosteron: calf-urine (3,4 ppb)	Follow-up investigation was conducted on the farm. Additional tests did not find the use of banned hormonal substances. Increased level of the hormone was probably caused by stress during sampling.
1x 17-beta-19-nortestosteron: fattening pig-urine (35,0 ppb)	Follow-up investigation was conducted on the farm. Hormonal VMP was not used on the farm. Additional sample of urine was taken – compliant. Increased level of the hormone was probably a consequence of stress.
1x CAP: cow-urine (26,0 ppb)	Follow-up investigation was conducted on the farm. No evidence of the use of CAP on farm. Five results of follow-up samples (urine) and one sample of bulk milk were non-compliant. Extraordinary veterinary measures were imposed – five positive cows were condemned, all of the other cows were individually tested (154 samples of urine), whole production of milk was daily removed to dunghill, movement of animals was banned until compliant result. All expenses for the examinations were on farmer budget. Individual responsibility was not proved. The fine was imposed.
1x CAP: chicken (broiler)- muscle (0,3 ppb)	Follow-up investigation was conducted on the farm. Additional samples were analysed (2x broiler, 1x water) – compliant. Source of residues was not identified. The fine was imposed.

Modification of national residue plan	
Focusing on antibiotic residues in edible tissues of sows and content of heavy	
metals in tissues of animals.	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions

	Bovines
2 mercury: cow – kidney	Follow-up investigation was conducted on the
(0,0211 and 0,024 ppm)	farm and on the slaughterhouse. Additional samples of feed and kidneys were compliant (3 samples).
1x benzylpenicilline: cow – kidney (84,0 ppb)	Follow-up investigation was conducted on the farm and on the slaughterhouse. Use of VMP with benzylpenicilline was not proved. Additional 3 samples (muscle, liver, kidney) were taken-compliant.
1x cadmium: cow – kidney (1,19 ppm)	Follow-up investigation was conducted on the slaughterhouse. Additional 2 samples of cow's kidney were compliant.
	Pigs
dihydrostreptomycine: sow – 3.527 ppb (kidney) and 2.027 ppb (liver)	Farm investigation was conducted. Medicine records and storage checked. The sow had been slaughtered 4 days before the end of the withdrawal period. The fine was imposed to the farmer and private vet.
dihydrostreptomycine: sow – 4.342 ppb (kidney) and 1.372 ppb (liver)	Farm investigation was conducted. Medicine records and storage checked. Additional samples (muscle, liver and kidney) from 2 sows were taken – compliant. The fine was imposed.
dihydrostreptomycine: sow – 31.118 ppb (kidney) and 2.795 ppb (liver) and 1x benzylpenicilline in kidney (613 ppb)	Farm investigation was conducted. Medicine records and storage checked. The sow had been slaughtered several days before the end of the withdrawal period. The fine was imposed to the farmer.
2x dihydrostreptomycine: sow - liver (1.361 ppb and 595 ppb)	Farm investigation was conducted. Medicine records and storage checked. Additional samples (muscle, liver and kidney) from 1 sow were taken – compliant. The fine was imposed.
3x amoxicillin: sow – kidney (56,0 – 1.677 and 229 ppb)	Farm investigations were conducted (three different farms). Medicine records and storage checked. The sows had been slaughtered several days before the end of the withdrawal periods. Additional samples (3x muscle, liver, kidney) were taken – compliant. The fines were imposed to the farmers.
1x residue of inhibitory substances: fattening pig – kidney (positive)	Farm investigation was conducted. Medicine records and storage checked. Confirmation of the inhibitory substance was not successful (HPLC MS/MS).

1x residue of inhibitory	Farm investigation was conducted. Medicine
substances: sow – kidney	records and storage checked. Confirmation of
(positive)	the inhibitory substance was not successful
	(HPLS MS/MS).
1x DDT sum: fattening pig -	Small pig farm (17 pigs) is situated in adapted
muscle (2.102 ppm)	historical building. DDT was found out in dust
	from earlier rough-grind of corn (DDT sum
	51.140 ppm). Environment of stable was
	cleaned and decontaminated.
5x mercury in kidney	Follow-up investigations were conducted on the
	farms and on the slaughterhouses. Additional
	samples of feed and kidneys were taken.
mercury in kidney 2x: sows -	Two different farms. In total: 3 additional
kidney (0,0351 and	samples of feed were comliant; 5 additional
0,032 ppm)	samples of kidney were compliant.
mercury in kidney 3x:	Three different farms. In total: 13 additional
fattening pigs – kidney	samples of feed were compliant; 4 additional
(0,0254 – 0,039 and	samples of kidney were compliant. 8 samples –
0,028 ppm)	non-compliant (0,0527 ppm, 0,0223 ppm,
	0,0281 ppm, 0,025 ppm, 0,056 ppm, 0,046
	ppm, 0,063 ppm, 0,031 ppm). (There is a
	suspicion that increased concentration of
	mercury in kidney could be a consequence of
	the use of thiomersal- containing vaccines (with
	ethyl Hg).
2	Poultry
2x semduramicine: chicken –	Farm investigations were conducted. Additional
broiler – liver (4,64 and 3,68	samples (liver) from the subsequent batch were
ppb)	compliant. The most likely cause was considered
	to be cross-contamination either on the farm or
	at the feed mill, although the source could not
	be proved unambiguously. Investigations are conducted in cooperation with Central Institute
	·
	for Supervising and Testing in Agriculture. Sheep and Goats
	-
2x cadmium: sheep – kidney	Farm investigations were conducted. One of the
(2.526 and 1,33 ppm)	farm is situated not far away from area of the
	former glass factory. Residues of cadmium, lead and arsenic were found in samples of soil, hay,
	vegetables and door paint (was removed). The
	investigation is still ongoing.
	Horses
1x phenylbutazone	Investigations at slaughterhouse and on farm

1x leuco-malachite green + malachite green: pollan - muscle (vendace) (0,99 and 0,49 ppb) 2x leuco-cristalviolet: trout - muscle (3,75 and 5,02 ppb). From SK.	Farm investigations were conducted. Illegal use of MG was not ascertained. Subsequent investigation will be conducted. Farm investigations were conducted. Medicine records and storage checked. There was no discovered use of CV. Spawn was purchased from one company from Slovakia. RASFF
	2012.0006
	Farmed game
1x lead: red deer – muscle (7,57 ppm)	Red deer was legally killed by firearm. Owner of the farm was informed about the problem of lead contamination from shot and about the necessity for the removal of meat from the site of shot wound.
	Wild game
6x lead: wild boar - muscle (0,37 - 0,401 - 0,299 - 4,44 - 9,2 and 22,2 ppm)	There were no follow-up investigations as the residues were likely to have been the result of the boars being shot. Owners of wild game plants were warned of the problem of contamination of lead from shot and on necessity for the removal of meat from the site of shot wound.
9x lead: pheasant - muscle (0,329 - 5,836 - 2,22 - 2,85 - 0,85 - 14,6 - 3,04 - 0,32 and 2,3 ppm)	There were no follow-up investigations as the residues were likely to have been the result of the animals being shot. Owners of wild game plants were warned of the problem of contamination of lead from shot and on necessity for the removal of meat from the site of shot wound.
6x lead: wild duck - muscle (0,438 - 4,44 - 1,35 - 1,83 - 0,19 and 1,315 ppm)	There were no follow-up investigations as the residues were likely to have been the result of the animals being shot. Owners of wild game plants were warned of the problem of contamination of lead from shot and on necessity for the removal of meat from the site of shot wound.
4x lead: roe deer – muscle (1,09 – 0,39 – 0,805 and 0,25 ppm)	There were no follow-up investigations as the residues were likely to have been the result of the animals being shot. Owners of wild game plants were warned of the problem of contamination of lead from shot and on necessity for the removal of meat from the site

	of shot wound.
2x lead: fallow deer - muscle (54,8 and 51,9 ppm)	There were no follow-up investigations as the residues were likely to have been the result of the animals being shot. Owners of wild game plants were warned of the problem of contamination of lead from shot and on necessity for the removal of meat from the site of shot wound.
1x dioxins /WHO-PCDD/F-TEQ; WHO PCDD/F-PCB-TEQ: wild boar – muscle (40,4 and 63,4 pg/g)	Wild boar was about 5 years old. Carcass was condemned. Additional samples of meat from the batch were taken (19 wild boards) – compliant. Contaminated wild boar was hunted in the spot of former military area. Additional 3 samples of wild board meat were taken in this area – non-compliant. The investigation is still ongoing.
1x Cesium ¹³⁷ and Cesium ¹³⁴ : wild boar – muscle (4.028,73 Bq/kg)	Result of the Chernobyl accident (area contaminated because of the radioactive fallout). Additional 39 samples were taken – 22 out of them non-compliant. Extraordinary veterinary measures were imposed. Investigation is still ongoing.
Honey	
1 lead: honey (0,45 ppm)	Additional two samples were taken – compliant.

DE	GERMANY

Modification of national residue plan
No changes.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
1 chloramphenicol – beef cattle – urine – 0,28 μg/kg	The source of the residue could not be identified. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; examination of the records; 5 x additional sampling; ban on transport and delivery of livestock; increased controls in the establishment of origin; criminal proceedings under food law and under drug law; increased controls at the farm of origin pursuant to § 10 Food of Animal Origin Control Regulations – Tier-LMÜV
1 chloramphenicol - fattening pigs – urine – 5,36 μg/kg	Entry via feed. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; examination of the records; 40 additional samples drawn together with the Public Prosecutor from urine, blood, feed, and medicines; ban on transport and delivery of livestock (total of some 500 animals); criminal proceedings by Public Prosecutor; withdrawal of the possibility of receiving or requesting EU subsidies
1 metronidazole - turkey hens - plasma - 3 μg/kg	No further information present. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; examination of the records; additional sampling (48 samples); 2 stables of turkey chicken affected; ban on transport and delivery of livestock (43.000 birds); ban on transport and delivery of livestock; Notification of the Public Prosecutor about the matter. Withdrawal of the possibility of receiving or requesting EU-subsidies
1 metronidazole - turkey hens - plasma - 0,903 μg/kg	Flock from Poland. Suspected illegal use of the substance on the feedlot. Examination of the records. As the whole flock had already been slaughtered, there was no blood left for sampling. Only deep-frozen by-product (tails and stomachs) were left, but muscle or organs from deep-frozen stocks are not suitable for the

analytic method. Information to Polish authorities
via BVL; order of slaughterhouse self-controls
with regards to the feeding establishment
concerned, i. e., intensive sampling of the next
three feedlot consignments to come; general
revision of the slaughterhouse's self-controls
sampling plan for residues

Modification of national residue plan

B 1 Anti-bacterial substances, including sulfonamides and chinolones

Apramycin, kanamycin, paromomycin, and spectinomycin were included in the range of substances under <u>aminoglycosides</u>.

The range of antibiotic substances to be optionally looked for in poultry was also widened, as a result of a publication about use of anithiotics in poultry.

These are the following substances:

ß-Lactam antibiotics: Cloxacillin

Dicloxacillin Oxacillin Penicillin V

Lincosamides: LincomycinDiaminopyrimidines: Trimethoprim

- Macrolides: Acetylisovaleryltylosin (tylvalosin) - Sulfonamides: sulfadimethoxin

The following increased sample numbers were defined for 2012, because of

positive findings in 2010: Chinolone: 10 % in pigs,

Corticosteroids: 10 % in cattle, Gentamycin: 20 % in cattle.

B 2 a) Anthelminthics

The range of substances of the benzimidazoles group to be looked for in poultry and farmed game is enlarged by the following (for all *Länder*): albendazole, febantel, fenbendazole, mebendazole, oxfendazole, oxibendazole, thiabendazole, triclabendazole.

B 3 d) Mycotoxins

As regards tests for zearalenone in the framework of group B3d, tests for the following substances have become obligatory: zeranol, taleranol, zearalanone, a-zearalenol, β -zearalenol.

B 3 e) Dyes

Given a permanently high level of findings, dyes will remain a matter to be looked for in all aquacultures under the 2012 NRCP. As in 2011, the sampling volume will again be increased by another 5% in 2012.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
	Bovine
1 oxytetracyclin - sum of the	Source of residue could not be found. On-site
mother substance and its 4-	investigation at the farm of origin; examination
epimer – beef cattle – muscle -	of the records; case handed to Public
222 μg/kg	Prosecutor. Withdrawal of the possibility of
	receiving or requesting EU-subsidies. Cross
	Compliance check did not show any non-
	compliance, because no proof of farmer's guilt.
1 tetracyclin – cows – muscle -	Sold/slaughtered before end of waiting period.
285 μg/kg – kidney –	On-site investigation at the farm of origin;
1.405 μg/kg	examination of the records; criminal
	proceedings; Cross Compliance check
1 phenylbutazone – beef cattle –	Equipalazone and hippopalazone were used in
plasma – 178 μg/kg	the livestock (pony). It was not clear whether
	there was cross-contamination to the cattle, or
	whether the substance was illegally used. On-
	site investigation at the farm of origin;
	examination of the records; ban on transport
	and delivery of livestock; Official injunction and
	monetary fine. Withdrawal of the possibility of
	receiving or requesting EU-subsidies; cross
	check; notification of slaughter.
1 dexamethasone – cows – liver	Non-compliance with waiting period. On-site
– 5,6 μg/kg	investigation at the farm of origin; examination
	of the records; criminal proceedings; withdrawal
	of the possibility of receiving or requesting EU-
	subsidies
1 lead (Pb) – other cattle – liver	1 x known soil contamination. Additional
– 1,19 mg/kg and kidney	sampling; 1; ban on transport and delivery of
1.69 mg/kg	livestock; increased controls in the
	establishment of origin; feed samples; animals
	confiscated in the slaughter house;1; animals
	and products classified as not suitable for
	human consumption.
6 cadmium (Cd) – other cattle –	2 x no information, 2 x information to
kidney - 1.44 to 3.1 mg/kg	competent authority and 2 x on-site
	investigation at the farm of origin; additional
	sampling; feed samples; examination of more
	animals at the next slaughtering.
7 cadmium (Cd) – cows – kidney	The degree of contamination with heavy metals

- 1.12 to 3.6 mg/kg	found is attributable to normal environmental	
	contamination and the age of the animals.	
3 cadmium (Cd) – beef cattle – kidney - 1.12 to 1.53 mg/kg	The degree of contamination with heavy metals found is attributable to normal environmental contamination and the age of the animals.	
6 copper (Cu) - other calves - liver - 108 to 266 mg/kg	No formal complaint, because copper content was attributed to presence in the environment and feed. 3 x on-site investigation at the farm of origin.	
11 copper (Cu) – cows – liver – 47,5 to 268 mg/kg	No formal complaint, because copper content was attributed to presence in the environment and feed. 3 x on-site investigation at the farm of origin. 1 x contamination attributed to intensive use of copper sulphate because of claw diseases until 2 years ago.	
4 copper (Cu) – feeder calves – liver – 190 to 248 mg/kg	No formal complaint, because copper content was attributed to presence in the environment and feed. 2 x On-site investigation at the farm of origin.	
8 copper (Cu) – beef cattle – liver - 39.4 to 106 mg/kg	No formal complaint, because copper content was attributed to presence in the environment and feed. 2 x On-site investigation at the farm of origin; 1 x animals and products classified as not suitable for human consumption	
4 mercury (Hg) – other cattle – kidney – 0,02 to 0,905 mg/kg	1 x cow, 7 years old, pastured in summer> environmental contamination is suspected. Onsite investigation at the farm of origin; examination of the records; 1 x no information. 3 x information to competent authority.	
7 mercury (Hg) - cows - kidney - 0,011 to 0,04 mg/kg - 1 x liver - 0,012 mg/kg	3 x no information. 2 x The contamination with heavy metals was attributed to normal environmental contamination and to the animals' age. 2 x information to competent authority.	
19 mercury (Hg) - beef cattle - kidney - 0,0104 to 0,028 mg/kg - 1 x liver - 0,012 mg/kg	1 x the contamination with heavy metals was attributed to normal environmental contamination and to the animals' age. 1 x repeated use of thiomersal-containing vaccines. 1 x information to competent authority. 16 x no information.	
	Pigs	
1 sulfadimidin sulfamethazin – fattening pigs – muscle - 319 μg/kg	The livestock comprising about ca. 420 fattening pigs is bought and sold always completely. When new stock arrives,	

1 sulfadiazin sulfapyrimidin –	sulfadimidin is preventively applied to the stock according to veterinary prescription. The drug pre-mixture is mixed with the feed on the premises. Documents on receipt and use of veterinary drugs are kept correctly. It is assumed that in the present case, drug residues in the premises' feeding pipe system have resolved long time after the preventive drug application to the new livestock and were then taken up by the animals with the feed. New sampling is not believed to make sense because new livestock (426 pigs) arrived in February 2011. The competent feed control authority was informed about the suspected path of entry of the contamination. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; examination of the records. Source of residue could not be found. On-site
fattening pigs – muscle –	investigation at the farm of origin; examination
110,4 μg/kg – kidney –	of the records; ban on transport and delivery of
192,6 μg/kg	livestock; criminal proceedings; Withdrawal of
	the possibility of receiving or requesting EU-
	subsidies
1 tetracyclin – fattening pigs –	Information to competent authority.
muscle – 113,5 μg/kg 1 azaperon and azaperol (sum)	No information.
- fattening pigs - kidney -	ino information.
1,57 µg/kg	
3 cadmium (Cd) – other pigs –	1 x known contamination with heavy metals in
kidney – 1,42 to 2,66 mg/kg	the region. Sampling of feed cereals. 1 x source
E cadmium (Cd) fattoning nigs	unknown. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; examination of the records; additional sampling; elimination of kidneys and livers from the food chain. 1 x the farmer was instructed that he has to include a statement about the animals' increased level of heavy metals in the producer's declaration when his sows are sold for slaughter.
5 cadmium (Cd) - fattening pigs - kidney - 1,06 to 2,13 mg/kg - 1 x liver - 0,74 mg/kg	4 x no information; 1 x source unknown. On- site investigation at the farm of origin; examination of the records; additional sampling; follow-up sampling of feed, animals' toys and chipboard forming part of the stable furniture were without findings when tested for cadmium and other heavy metals

16 cadmium (Cd) broading	6 x no information; 7 x breeding pigs > 2 years
16 cadmium (Cd) – breeding	
pigs – kidney – 1,03 to	old. 3 x on-site investigation at the farm of
3.65 mg/kg	origin; examination of the records
33 copper (Cu) – fattening pigs	No formal complaint, because copper content
- liver - 34,07 to 370.9 mg/kg -	was attributed to presence in the environment
2x kidney – 37,2 and	and feed. 4 x on-site investigation at the farm
60,75 mg/kg	of origin.
17 mercury (Hg) - other pigs - kidney - 0,02 to 0.103 mg/kg -	6 x the contamination with heavy metals is attributed to normal environmental
2x liver – 0,023 and	contamination and to the animals' age. 3 x
0,026 mg/kg	Source could not be identified. 6 x on-site
	investigation at the farm of origin; examination
	of the records; additional sampling. Livers and
	kidneys of pigs aged over 2 years are declared
	unfit for consumption according to annex I
	Section II Chapter V No. 1k of Regulation (EC)
	No. 854/2004. 1 x the only identifiable mercury
	source was an intensive vaccination regime (10
	times) with several thiomersal-containing
	vaccines. (Haeppovac, Respiporc FLU 3). 2 x no
	information. 4 x information to competent
CO manus (U.s.) buseding nice	authority.
60 mercury (Hg) – breeding pigs	35 x the contamination with heavy metals is attributed to normal environmental
- kidney - 0,011 to 0,089 mg/kg - 17 x liver - 0,011 to	contamination and to the animals' age. 26 x no
0,025 mg/kg	information. 7 x information to competent
0,023 mg/kg	authority. 8 x on-site investigation at the farm
	of origin; examination of the records
47 mercury (Hg) – fattening pigs	2 x the contamination with heavy metals is
- kidney - 0,011 to 0,069 mg/kg	attributed to normal environmental
- 16 x liver - 0,011 to	contamination. 35 x No information; 3 x
0,026 mg/kg	information to competent authority. 17 x on-site
l o,020 mg/kg	investigation at the farm of origin; examination
	of the records. 7 x the only identifiable mercury
	source was an intensive vaccination regime with
	several thiomersal-containing vaccines.
	Poultry
1 doxycyclin – laying hens	On-site investigation at the farm of origin;
(boiling fowl) - muscle -	examination of the records
32 μg/kg	examination of the records
1 metoprolol – laying hens	Source unknown. On-site investigation at the
(boiling fowl) – liver - 4 μg/kg	farm of origin; examination of the records;
μονική πνοι η μογική	additional sampling
1 cadmium (Cd) – laying hens	No information.
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(boiling fowl) - liver -		
1.		
0,538 mg/kg		
	Sheep / Goat	
1 cadmium (Cd) – other sheep –	Information to competent authority.	
kidney – 1,78 mg/kg		
5 mercury (Hg) – sheep – meat	3 x no information. 4 x the contamination with	
– lambs - kidney – 0,017 to	heavy metals is attributed to normal	
0,1544 mg/kg – 3 x liver –	environmental contamination. 1 x information	
0,011 to 0,024 mg/kg	to competent authority.	
	Horses	
5 cadmium (Cd) - other horses	No information.	
– liver – 0,868 to – 8,38 mg/kg		
– 2 x muscle – 0,317 and		
0,405 mg/kg – 6 x kidney – 7,74		
to 90,1 mg/kg		
6 mercury (Hg) - other horses -	3 x source unknown. On-site investigation at	
kidney – 0,0280 to 0,4 mg/kg –	the farm of origin; examination of the records;	
2 x liver – 0,018 and	1 x soil-borne heavy metal contamination. 2 x	
0,03 mg/kg	no information.	
	Milk	
1 diclofenac – cows – milk –	Use of Voltaren gel to treat mastitis or	
0,49 μg/kg	contamination of teats through medically	
	treated staff (no definite information present).	
	On-site investigation at the farm of origin;	
	examination of the records; criminal	
	proceedings; withdrawal of the possibility of	
	receiving or requesting EU subsidies	
Eggs		
1 lasalocid – Lasalocid A – laying	Information to competent authority.	
hens (boiling fowl) - eggs -		
217 μg/kg		
Laying hens (boiling fowl) – eggs	No residues, but non-compliance with maximum	
- 1 WHO-PCDD/F-TEQ (WHO-	contaminant levels. On-site investigation at the	
TEF 1997) upper bound -	farm of origin; examination of the records;	
6,2 ng/kg - 1 WHO-PCDD/F-	additional sampling (5 samples); questionnaire,	
PCB-TEQ (WHO-TEF 1997) upper	analysis of farm operations. Self-controls for	
bound - 7,3 ng/kg	dioxin (3x feed, 1x eggs, 1x meat) showed	
	compliance with maximum levels. Ban on egg	
	sales.	
Laying hens (boiling fowl) – eggs	First checks on site did not produce any new	
- 1 WHO-PCDD/F-TEQ (WHO-	information. There will be another farm	
TEF 1997) upper bound -	inspection together with an environmental	
3,204 ng/kg - 1 WHO-PCDD/F-	specialist. On-site investigation at the farm of	

PCB-TEQ (WHO-TEF 1997) upper	origin; additional sampling
bound - 12,264 ng/kg	
Laying hens (boiling fowl) – eggs	Information to competent authority.
- 1 WHO-PCDD/F-TEQ (WHO-	
TEF 1997) upper bound -	
9,3 ng/kg – 1 WHO-PCDD/F-	
PCB-TEQ (WHO-TEF 1997) upper	
bound – 9,8 ng/kg	
1 WHO-PCDD/F-PCB-TEQ (WHO-	No information.
TEF 1997) upper bound – laying	
hens (boiling fowl) - eggs -	
7,1 ng/kg	
1 WHO-PCDD/F-PCB-TEQ (WHO-	No information.
TEF 1997) upper bound – laying	
hens (boiling fowl) - eggs -	
15,4 ng/kg	
	Aquacultures
1 leuko-malachite green – trout	2 x follow-up sampling; no new information on
- muscle of fish – 0,034 and	source of contamination
0.085 mg/kg	
	Farmed Game
1 mercury (Hg) - ostrich - liver	Findings attributable to normal environmental
- 0,011 mg/kg – kidney –	contamination. On-site investigation at the farm
0,07 mg/kg	of origin; examination of the records; entry via
	feed unlikely; livestock register used for age
	determination; Official injunction to condemn
	organs of birds aged over 2 years
Wild Game	
	11114 Gaine
1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD,	No information.
calculated as DDT)- wild boar –	
calculated as DDT)- wild boar – fat – 1,39 mg/kg	No information.
calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 1,39 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD,	No information. Old environmental contamination. On-site
calculated as DDT)- wild boar – fat – 1,39 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD, calculated as DDT)- wild boar –	No information. Old environmental contamination. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; additional
calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 1,39 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD, calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 2,1 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE -	No information. Old environmental contamination. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; additional sampling. Wild boars inherent in the forest
calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 1,39 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD, calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 2,1 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 1,642 mg/kg	No information. Old environmental contamination. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; additional sampling. Wild boars inherent in the forest range.
calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 1,39 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD, calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 2,1 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 1,642 mg/kg Wild boar - fat - 1 DDT (sum) -	No information. Old environmental contamination. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; additional sampling. Wild boars inherent in the forest
calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 1,39 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD, calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 2,1 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 1,642 mg/kg Wild boar - fat - 1 DDT (sum) - 3,232 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE -	No information. Old environmental contamination. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; additional sampling. Wild boars inherent in the forest range.
calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 1,39 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD, calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 2,1 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 1,642 mg/kg Wild boar - fat - 1 DDT (sum) - 3,232 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 2,489 mg/kg	No information. Old environmental contamination. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; additional sampling. Wild boars inherent in the forest range. Information to competent authority.
calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 1,39 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD, calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 2,1 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 1,642 mg/kg Wild boar - fat - 1 DDT (sum) - 3,232 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 2,489 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum) - wild boar - fat -	No information. Old environmental contamination. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; additional sampling. Wild boars inherent in the forest range. Information to competent authority. Source of contamination could not be identified.
calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 1,39 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD, calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 2,1 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 1,642 mg/kg Wild boar - fat - 1 DDT (sum) - 3,232 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 2,489 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum) - wild boar - fat - 2,74 mg/kg - 1 x pp-DDE - wild	No information. Old environmental contamination. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; additional sampling. Wild boars inherent in the forest range. Information to competent authority. Source of contamination could not be identified. On-site investigation at the farm of origin;
calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 1,39 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD, calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 2,1 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 1,642 mg/kg Wild boar - fat - 1 DDT (sum) - 3,232 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 2,489 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum) - wild boar - fat -	No information. Old environmental contamination. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; additional sampling. Wild boars inherent in the forest range. Information to competent authority. Source of contamination could not be identified. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; examination of the records; additional sampling
calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 1,39 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum of DDT, DDE, DDD, calculated as DDT)- wild boar - fat - 2,1 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 1,642 mg/kg Wild boar - fat - 1 DDT (sum) - 3,232 mg/kg - 1 pp-DDE - 2,489 mg/kg 1 DDT (sum) - wild boar - fat - 2,74 mg/kg - 1 x pp-DDE - wild	No information. Old environmental contamination. On-site investigation at the farm of origin; additional sampling. Wild boars inherent in the forest range. Information to competent authority. Source of contamination could not be identified. On-site investigation at the farm of origin;

1 oxychlordane – wild boar – fat	No information.	
– 0,07 mg/kg		
2 x hexachlorobenzene (HCB) -	Source of contamination not identified; new	
wild boar – fat - 0,32 and	sampling in the same forest range	
1,15 mg/kg		
1 mercury (Hg) – fallow deer –	Information to competent authority.	
kidney - 0,038 mg/kg		
3 mercury (Hg) - red deer -	No information.	
kidney - 0,012 to 0,024 mg/kg		
35 mercury (Hg) – wild boar –	$30 \times no$ information. $3 \times no$ information because	
liver - 0,012 to 1,36 mg/kg - 12	of unclear legal situation. 1 x additional	
x kidney - 0,04 to 0,275 mg/kg	sampling; 1 x information to competent	
- 1 x muscle - 0,015 mg/kg	authority.	
Honey		
5 copper (Cu) - bees - honey -	5 x no information.	
0,09 to 0.511 mg/kg		

DK	DENMARK

Modification of national residue plan	
No changes	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
No non-compliant results found	
in 2011	

Group B substances

Modification of national residue plan		
No changes.		
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions	
	Pigs	
1 penicillin G-kidney	Investigations in the farm of origin: verification of records, carcasses and products declared unfit for human consumption, administrative fines not issued due to problems with tracing of herd number.	
Aquaculture		
1 malachite green	Five suspect samples from the farm of origin did not show residues of malachite green. There were no signs of abuse of malachite green on the farm.	
1 crystal violet	Five suspect samples and two feed samples from the farm of origin showed residues of crystal violet in four trouts and one sample of feed for adult fish, while fry and fry feed did not show residues. Additional feed samples taken two weeks later did not show any residues of crystal violet.	
Wild game		
1 lead (Pb) – duck meat 1 mercury (Hg) – duck meat 1 cadmium (Cd) – pigeon meat	No follow up actions, since wild game is a rare diet.	

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Modification of national residue plan

The non-compliant results in 2011 (except wild game) have been taken into account regarding the 2012 plan and the number of samples has been increased accordingly.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
No non-compliant results in 2011	None

Group B substances

Modification of national residue plan

The non-compliant results in 2011 (except wild game) have been taken into account regarding the 2012 plan and the number of samples has been increased accordingly.

accordingly.	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
	Eggs
Salinomycin sodium – 4,28 μg/kg	The farm of origin and its own feed-mill was investigated immediately. 2 additional egg samples were taken. One of them gave a non-compliant result (salinomycin sodium – 6,82 µg/kg). Also three feed samples for laying hens were taken and analysed - the results were compliant (one sample contained 33,9 µg/kg of salinomycin sodium). The probable cause of contamination was the cross-contamination at feed-mill.
Non-dioxin-like PCB-s in four samples – 21 – 72 – 79 and 103 μg/kg	The samples, that gave positive results originated from different aviaries of one big farm. The farm was investigated immediately. The probable cause of contamination was not found.
Aquaculture	
Enrofloxacin – 251 μg/kg – Arctic char	The farm of origin was investigated immediately. 2 additional samples were taken. Both of them were non-compliant (146 µg/kg and 340 µg/kg of enfrofloxacin). Also the actions of the veterinarian were investigated. The cause of contamination was

	the misuse of the veterinary medicinal product (including unsuitable withdrawal period). The veterinarian was ordered to stop the misuse of veterinary medicinal product immediately. Also the bans of movement of fish were imposed and testing of samples at the farmers costs was ordered. For the next 6 months intensified checks were carried out in the farm including sampling for enrofloxacin and ciprofloxacin.	
Wild game		
1 muscle sample from wild boar was positive for lead	Heavy metals are present in the environment as a result of a long-time absorption and may accumulate in animal tissues.	

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Modification of national residue plan	
Inclusión, dentro del grupo A3, del acetato de melengestrol en bovino, porcino,	
ovino / caprino, aves y conejo.	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Non-compliant results 1 cloranfenicol en leche de bovino. Control dirigido 0,3 μg/kg en el análisis inicial. Mas de 2 μg/kg en el análisis contradictorio	Tramitación de expediente administrativo sancionador. Comunicación en el SCIRI Adopción de medidas cautelares sobre la explotación, prohibiéndose la entrada y salida de los animales y de la leche con destino a consumo humano Seguimiento durante los 12 meses posteriores a la detección de cloranfenicol. Se realizaron muestreos oficiales de leche, mensuales durante los primeros cuatro meses y trimestrales durante los 8 siguientes. Las medidas cautelares se vuelven a adoptar tras cada muestreo de seguimiento en la explotación, hasta la llegada de los resultados (todos ellos conformes). Tras los resultados conformes se levantan las medidas cautelares. Se da traslado del expediente a la Brigada Provincial de la Policía Judicial (a solicitud de la misma). El órgano judicial competente comunica que procede causa penal por considerar los hechos constitutivos de infracción penal, por lo cual se suspende el procedimiento administrativo sancionador. Los animales que lleguen al matadero serán
	muestreados según lo establecido en el Real Decreto 1749/1998.
1 nitrofurazona en músculo de	Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud
porcino. Control dirigido. Análisis	Pública:
inicial 1,4 μg/kg. Análisis	Expediente incoado y suspendido al enviarse a
contradictorio 2,8 μg/kg.	fiscalía. Comunicación al Departamento de
	Agricultura y a la Unidad de Consumo de
	"Mossos d'Esquadra". Comunicación en el

Modification of national residue plan

Inclusión, dentro del grupo B2a, del Febendazol en aves.

Inclusión, dentro del grupo B2e, de Caprofeno, Diclofenaco, Flunixin y Ketoprofeno en aves

Inclusión dentro del grupo B1, del Florfenicol en bovino, porcino, y aves. Miel: Inclusión de la investigación de Dihidroestreptomicina dentro del grupo B1.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Bovines	
1 dexametasona en hígado de bovino. Control dirigido. Más de 4 μg/kg.	Investigación en las explotaciones de ganado bovino de producción láctea, verificación de registros de la explotación, especialmente de tratamientos veterinarios, procedencia y consumos de pienso y prescripciones de pienso medicamentoso. Confirmados los sacrificios de urgencia en animales con problemas y la cumplimentación correcta de los registros de los tratamientos, se mantiene el control oficial durante 3 meses. Expediente sancionador resuelto, calificado como grave, en una cuantía de 3.500 €.
1 dexametasona en hígado de bovino. Control dirigido. Más de 4 μg/kg.	No han solicitado análisis contradictorio alegando que se trataba de un sacrificio de urgencia y que la canal no iba destinada a consumo humano, aunque en el Certificado Sanitario de Traslado y sus Anexos no mencionaba nada al respecto, y manifestaba que el animal no había sido tratado. La canal fue decomisada. Comunicación a la Comunidad Autónoma de origen de la explotación. Se corrobora por la autoridad sanitaria de la

	Comunidad Autónoma de origen que la documentación de acompañamiento del animal al matadero estaba incorrectamente cumplimentada, no se consignaron los tratamientos aplicados al animal en los últimos 30 días y ser un animal de sacrificio de urgencia. Inicio de expediente sancionador
1 dexametasona en hígado de	Investigación en las explotaciones de ganado
bovino. Control dirigido. Más de	bovino de producción láctea, verificación de
4 μg/kg.	registros de la explotación, especialmente de tratamientos veterinarios, procedencia y
	consumos de pienso y prescripciones de
	pienso medicamentoso. Confirmados los
	sacrificios de urgencia en animales con
	problemas y la cumplimentación correcta de
	los registros de los tratamientos, se mantiene
	el control oficial durante 3 meses. Expediente sancionador resuelto, calificado
	como grave, en una cuantía de 3.500 €.
1 doxiciclina en músculo de	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad:
bovino Control dirigido.	Comunicación en el SCIRI,
131 μg/kg	Expediente sancionador a explotación de
	origen ya resuelto con sanción de 3001 € por
	infracción grave. Actuaciones de la Consejería de Agricultura y
	Ganadería:
	Visita a la explotación y revisión documental,
	del botiquín y del contenedor de residuos.
	Verificación de la trazabilidad de los animales
	positivos. Se tomo muestra reglamentaria con resultado
	conforme.
	Restricción total de movimientos hasta la
	obtención del resultado de la muestra, un
	tiempo no inferior al tiempo de espera del
2 /2 /2 /2 /2 /2 /2 /2 /2 /2 /2 /2 /2 /2	medicamento en cuestión.
2 dexametasona en hígado de toro de lidia. Control dirigido.	Entrada en listado de sospechosos. Comunicación al interesado para realizar
21,6 μg/kg. y 14,0 μg/kg	análisis contradictorio. El interesado desiste
/e	de llevarlo a cabo. Apertura de expediente
	sancionador
	Comunicación a la Autoridad Competente de
	la Comunidad Autónoma de origen.

1 cadmio en riñón de bovino. Control dirigido 1,3 mg/kg. 1 cadmio en riñón de bovino. Control dirigido.Más de	Actuación en la explotación ganadera de la Comunidad Autónoma de Origen Visita a la explotación y revisión documental, del botiquín y del contenedor de residuos. Verificación de la trazabilidad de los animales positivos. Comunicación a Autoridades responsables del control en la explotación de origen Inicio de expediente sancionado por infracción grave.
1,5 mg/kg.	Comunicación a Autoridades responsables del control en la explotación de origen
1 cadmio en riñón de bovino. Control dirigido. Más de 1,5 mg/kg.	Expediente sancionador resuelto con sanction de 500 €. Comunicación a Autoridades responsables del control en la explotación de origen.
1 cadmio en riñón de bovino. Control dirigido 1,6 mg/kg.	Inicio de expediente sancionado por infracción grave. Comunicación a Autoridades responsables del control en la explotación de origen
	Pigs
1 doxiciclina en músculo de porcino. Control dirigido. Más de 150 μg/kg.	Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud Pública: Expediente incoado y suspendido al enviarse a fiscalía. Comunicación al Departamento de Agricultura y a la Unidad de Consumo de "Mossos d'Esquadra". Comunicación en el SCIRI. Actuaciones del Departamento de Agricultura, Ganadería, Pesca, Alimentación y Medio Natural Visita e intervención de la explotación. El posible origen del residuo detectado, es un tratamiento aplicado en el agua de bebida a los animales y quedar parte del medicamento en el depósito, ya que se respetó el tiempo de espera indicado en la receta.
1 narasina en músculo de porcino. Control dirigido. 98 μg/Kg.	Iniciación de expediente en Departamento de Salud y Consumo. Comunicación a Servicio de Seguridad Agroalimentaria. Se procede a la toma de muestra de pienso. Se Inmovilizan todos los animales presentes en la explotación. Resultado conforme de la

	toma de muestras. Desinmovilización de la explotación
1 narasina en músculo de porcino. Control dirigido. 18 μg/Kg.	Iniciación de expediente en Departamento de Salud y Consumo. Comunicación a Servicio de Seguridad Agroalimentaria. Toma de cuatro muestras de diferentes lotes de pienso. Inmovilización de los reproductores y el cebo presentes en la explotación. Resultados conformes. Desinmovilización de la explotación.
1 enrofloxacina en músculo de porcino. Control dirigido. Más de 150 μg/kg.	Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud Pública: Comunicación a la Comunidad Autónoma de origen de la explotación. Comunicación en el SCIRI. Actuación en la explotación ganadera de la Comunidad Autónoma de Origen El interesado renuncia al análisis contradictorio. Inicio del expediente sancionador. Comunicación y envío de la documentación solicitada al Cuerpo Nacional de Policía Utilización en un tratamiento de un producto, cuyo principio activo es la enrofloxacina, en un período superior a 30 días estando el medicamento sólo está autorizado para aves y conejos.
1 enrofloxacina en músculo de porcino. Control dirigido. Más de 150 μg/kg, tanto en el análisis inicial, como en el contradictorio.	Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud Pública: Comunicación a la Comunidad Autónoma de origen de la explotación. Comunicación en el SCIRI. Actuación en la explotación ganadera de la Comunidad Autónoma de Origen Inicio del expediente sancionador. Comunicación y envío de la documentación solicitada al Cuerpo Nacional de Policía Suspensión del procedimiento sancionador por haberse incoado expediente penal. Utilización en un tratamiento de un producto, cuyo principio activo es la enrofloxacina, estando el medicamento sólo está autorizado para aves y conejos.
1 enrofloxacina en músculo de porcino. Control dirigido. Más de	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad: Comunicación en el SCIRI.

200 ua/ka.	Expediente sancionador a explotación de
200 μg/kg.	Expediente sancionador a explotación de origen en fase de pliego de cargos incoado por infracción grave. Actuaciones de la Consejería de Agricultura y Ganadería: Visita de inspección a la explotación con revisión documental del libro de explotación-hojas de medicamentos y piensos medicamentosos, diligenciando el mismo, comprobar el ganado existente y su correcta identificación. Revisar el botiquín y el contenedor de residuos medicamentosos. Se tomo muestra reglamentaria con resultado conforme. Restricción total de movimientos hasta la obtención del resultado de la muestra, un tiempo no inferior al tiempo de espera del medicamento en cuestión (no inferior a 28
	días).
1 lindano en grasa de porcino. Control dirigido. 0,127 mg/Kg	Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud Pública: Comunicación a la Comunidad Autónoma de origen de la explotación. Actuación en la explotación ganadera de la Comunidad Autónoma de Origen Toma muestras de pienso para la investigación de organoclorados HCH-Gamma lindano. Resultado conforme. Cumplimentación del formulario para determinar el posible origen de la presencia de lindano. No se puede concluir el origen de la presencia de lindano. Explotación en seguimiento durante 3 meses haciendo constar este extremo en las GOSP(guías de origen y sanidad pecuaria)
1 cadmio en riñón de porcino. Control dirigido 1,34 mg/kg.	Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud Pública: Comunicación al Departamento de Agricultura, Ganadería, Pesca, Alimentación y Medio Natural
1 lindano en grasa de porcino. Control dirigido. 0,054 mg/Kg	Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud Pública: Comunicación al Departamento de Agricultura, Ganadería, Pesca, Alimentación y Medio Natural
1 lindano en grasa de porcino. Control dirigido. 134 mg/Kg	Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud Pública: Comunicación al Departamento de Agricultura,

	Ganadería, Pesca, Alimentación y Medio
	Natural
1 diazinon en grasa de porcino. Control dirigido. 0,072 mg/Kg	Comunicación en el SCIRI. Se toman muestras de pienso y de agua en la explotación, siendo las muestras analizadas negativas. La explotación se inmoviliza durante 28 días y se toman las medidas pertinentes, después de la presencia de los Servicios de Control Oficial en la explotación en la que no está presente el titular. Se censa la explotación y se comprueba la identificación animal. Se procede a la inspección del libro de tratamientos medicamentosos y no se verifica la aplicación, de ningún producto que contenga el principio activo DIAZINON y en la explicación física de los animales tienen las características típicas de porcinos precoces y no se observa la aplicación de implantes o la aplicación de otros métodos equivalentes. Finalmente la explotación es excluida del
1 tilosina en músculo de porcino. Control dirigido. Más de 150 μg/kg.	SCIRI Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud Pública: Expediente incoado y suspendido al enviarse a fiscalía. Comunicación al Departamento de Agricultura y a la Unidad de Consumo de "Mossos d'Esquadra". Comunicación en el SCIRI. Actuaciones del Departamento de Agricultura, Ganadería, Pesca, Alimentación y Medio Natural El posible origen del residuo detectado, es un tratamiento aplicado a los animales y no se respetara el tiempo de espera indicado en la receta.
1 doxiciclina en músculo de porcino. Lactante (lechón). Control dirigido. Más de 150 μg/kg.	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad: Comunicación en el SCIRI. Expediente sancionador a explotación de origen resuelto con sanction de 3001 €. por infracción grave. Comunicación a la Comunidad Autónoma de origen de la explotación. Actuación en la explotación ganadera de la Comunidad Autónoma de Origen

1 marbofloxacina en músculo de porcino. Control dirigido. Más de 225 μg/kg	Investigación en la explotación ganadera de porcino, verificación de registros de la explotación, especialmente de tratamientos veterinarios con DOXICICLINA, procedencia y consumos de pienso y prescripciones de pienso medicamentoso. Implantación de medidas cautelares, inmovilización de 2.140 reproductores y 2.220 lechones lactantes. Se confirma el tratamiento de las madres reproductoras. Se recogen muestras de pienso y agua con resultados analíticos negativos. Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud Pública: Expediente incoado y suspendido al enviarse a fiscalía. Comunicación al Departamento de Agricultura y a la Unidad de Consumo de "Mossos d'Esquadra". Comunicación en el SCIRI. Actuaciones del Departamento de Agricultura, Ganadería, Pesca, Alimentación y Medio Natural Visita e intervención de la explotación. El posible origen del residuo detectado, es un tratamiento aplicado a 45 animales y no
	respetar el tiempo de espera.
	Poultry
1 enrofloxacina en músculo de pollo broiler. Control dirigido. 122 μg/kg. 1 nicarbacina en músculo de	Investigación en la explotación ganadera de aves (pollos de engorde), verificación de registros de la explotación, especialmente de tratamientos veterinarios con ENROFLOXACINA, procedencia y consumos de pienso y prescripciones de pienso medicamentoso. Implantación de medidas cautelares, en la explotación que en ese momento esta vacía. Se procede a la inmovilización de la siguiente partida de aves (19.770), procediéndose, previamente a la salida de la explotación con destino a sacrificio a un muestreo analítico de un lote de 21 animales en matadero, resultando todos conformes a la detección de ENROFLOXACINA. Iniciación de expediente sancionador calificado como grave en una cuantía de 3.500 €. No solicita contradictorio.

pollo broiler. Control dirigido. 50,8 μg/kg.	Expediente incoado y suspendido al enviarse a fiscalía. Comunicación al Departamento de Agricultura y a la Unidad de Consumo de "Mossos d'Esquadra". Comunicación en el SCIRI. Actuaciones del Departamento de Agricultura, Ganadería, Pesca, Alimentación y Medio Natural Intervención de la explotación 18000 broilers y 900 patos, con toma de muestras.
1 lindano y hexaclorobenceno en grasa de pollo broiler. Control dirigido. El lindano 0,048 mg/kg. El Hexaclorobenceno 0,073 mg/kg	Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud Pública Comunicación a la Comunidad Autónoma de origen de la explotación. Actuación en la explotación ganadera de la Comunidad Autónoma de Origen Cumplimentación de documentos, no hay animales en el momento de la inspección. Se comprueba que el animal positivo fue trasladado con Certificado Sanitario
1 lindano en grasa de oca. Control dirigido. El lindano 0,037 mg/kg	Comunicación en el SCIRI. La explotación se inmoviliza durante 28 días y se toman las medidas pertinentes, después de la presencia de los Servicios de Control Oficial en la explotación, se censa la explotación y se comprueba la identificación animal. Se procede a la inspección del libro de tratamientos medicamentosos y no se verifica la aplicación, de ningún producto que contenga el principio activo LINDANO. Se comprueban los piensos presentes en la explotación y que están comiendo los animales, se trata de un pienso compuesto de aves para ganaderías ecológicas, de los cuales adjuntan etiqueta, Los animales se encuentran en buen estado aparente en el momento de la observación Finalmente la explotación es excluida del SCIRI
1 doxiciclina en músculo de ave. Control dirigido. Más de 150 μg/kg.	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad: Comunicación en el SCIRI, Expediente sancionador a explotación de origen, en fase de pliego de cargos incoado por infracción grave. Actuaciones de la Consejería de Agricultura y

Ganadería:

Visita a la explotación y revisión documental, del botiquín y del contenedor de residuos de medicamentos.

Sheep and goat

1 sulfadiazina en riñón de ovino. Control dirigido. Más de 150 μg/kg. Actuaciones en matadero y Departamento de Salud:

Comunicación en el SCIRI

Comunicaciones a la Autoridad Competente de Origen en materia de producción ganadera o sanidad animal y vocalía PNIR de la Comunidad Autónoma de origen Solicitud y auditoria del Plan de Residuos del matadero.

Inclusión en relación de explotación sospechosa.

Actuación en la explotación ganadera de la Comunidad Autónoma de Origen Los Servicios Veterinarios Oficiales realizan visita de inspección a dicha explotación, donde se comunica al titular de la explotación ganadera del resultado de la muestra no conforme de riñón ovino tomadas en el matadero; se procede al censado de la explotación e inmovilización cautelar de los animales presentes en ese momento en la misma hasta la finalización de las investigaciones oportunas, realizando las consiguientes investigaciones pertinentes, referentes al libro de registro de tratamientos, recetas de prescripción veterinaria de medicamentos, así como los controles documentales sobre entradas y salidas de animales, alimentos, piensos y materias primas destinadas a la alimentación animal. No se encuentran incidencias en el libro de registro de la explotación y tampoco en el libro de registro de tratamientos ni recetas. Se comprueba igualmente que en la explotación no se utiliza pienso medicado. Concluida la inspección, se informa al ganadero que durante seis meses la documentación que acompañe a los animales al matadero hará mención expresa de que dicha explotación se encuentra bajo vigilancia por haber detectado Sulfadiazina en uno de los animales de dicha explotación en el ámbito

	de actuaciones del Plan Nacional de Investigación de Residuos, al objeto de proceder a las medidas contempladas en el artículo 22 del RD 1749/1998.
1 sulfadiazina en riñón de ovino.	Actuaciones en explotación:
1 sulfadiazina en riñón de ovino. Control dirigido. 163 μg/kg.	Actuaciones en explotación: Los Servicios Veterinarios Oficiales realizan visita de inspección a dicha explotación, donde se comunica al titular de la explotación ganadera del resultado de la muestra no conforme de riñón ovino tomadas en el matadero; se procede al censado de la explotación e inmovilización cautelar de los animales presentes en ese momento en la misma hasta la finalización de las investigaciones oportunas, realizando las consiguientes investigaciones pertinentes, referentes al libro de registro de tratamientos, recetas de prescripción veterinaria de medicamentos, así como los controles documentales sobre entradas y salidas de animales, alimentos, piensos y materias primas destinadas a la alimentación animal. Se concluye que la causa ha podido estar en error de manejo, existiendo la posibilidad de que los corderos que envió al matadero consumieran pienso medicado destinado a otros animales de la misma explotación. En este sentido se actuará al respecto por parte de los Servicios Provinciales de la Consejería de Agricultura. Concluida la inspección, se informa al
	ganadero que, durante seis meses la documentación que acompañe a los animales al matadero hará mención expresa de que dicha explotación se encuentra bajo vigilancia por haber detectado Sulfadiazina
	en uno de los animales de dicha explotación en el ámbito de actuaciones del Plan Nacional de Investigación de Residuos, al objeto de proceder a las medidas contempladas en el artículo 22 del RD 1749/1998.

Actuaciones en matadero:

Durante el periodo de vigilancia se han

	tomado 38 muestras, obteniendo todas ellas
	resultado conforme.
	Actuaciones administrativas:
	Expediente en tramitación con una propuesta
	de sanción de 3100 €.
1 sulfadiazina en riñón de ovino.	Actuaciones en explotación:
Control dirigido. Más de	Los Servicios Veterinarios Oficiales realizan
300 μg/kg.	visita de inspección a dicha explotación,
	donde se comunica al titular de la explotación
	ganadera del resultado de la muestra no
	conforme de RIÑÓN OVINO tomadas en el
	matadero; se procede al levantamiento de
	acta de inspección, censado de la explotación
	e inmovilización cautelar de los animales
	presentes en ese momento en la misma hasta
	la finalización de las investigaciones
	oportunas, realizando las consiguientes
	investigaciones pertinentes, referentes al libro
	de registro de tratamientos, recetas de
	prescripción veterinaria de medicamentos, así
	como los controles documentales sobre
	entradas y salidas de animales, alimentos,
	piensos y materias primas destinadas a la
	alimentación animal.
	Concluida la inspección, se informa al
	ganadero que durante seis meses, la
	documentación que acompañe a los animales
	al matadero hará mención expresa de que
	dicha explotación se encuentra bajo vigilancia
	por haber detectado Sulfadiazina en uno de
	los animales de dicha explotación en el ámbito
	de actuaciones del Plan Nacional de
	Investigación de Residuos, al objeto de
	proceder a las medidas contempladas en el
	artículo 22 del RD 1749/1998. En base a las comprobaciones efectuadas en
	la explotación donde se detectó la muestra de
	riñón ovino no conforme, no ha sido posible
	determinar la causa que provocó la presencia
	de dichas sustancias.
	Actuaciones en matadero:
	Durante el periodo de vigilancia se han
	tomado 38 muestras, obteniendo todas ellas
	resultado conforme.
	resultado comornie.

	Actuaciones administrativas:
	Expediente en tramitación con una propuesta
	de sanción de 3.005,07 €.
1 enrofloxacina en músculo de	Actuaciones en explotación:
ovino. Control dirigido.	Los Servicios Veterinarios Oficiales realizan
200 μg/kg	visita de inspección a la explotación, donde se
	comunica al titular de la explotación ganadera
	del resultado de la muestra no conforme de
	MÚSCULO OVINO tomadas en el matadero; se
	procede al censado de la explotación e
	inmovilización cautelar de los animales
	presentes en ese momento en la misma hasta
	la finalización de las investigaciones
	oportunas, realizando las consiguientes
	investigaciones pertinentes, referentes al libro
	de registro de tratamientos, recetas de
	prescripción veterinaria de medicamentos, así
	como los controles documentales sobre
	entradas y salidas de animales, alimentos,
	piensos y materias primas destinadas a la
	alimentación animal.
	Concluida la inspección, se informa al
	ganadero que durante seis meses la
	documentación que acompañe a los animales
	al matadero hará mención expresa de que
	dicha explotación se encuentra bajo vigilancia
	por haber detectado Enrofloxacino y
	Ciprofloxacino en uno de los animales de
	dicha explotación en el ámbito de actuaciones
	del Plan Nacional de Investigación de
	Residuos, al objeto de proceder a las medidas
	contempladas en el artículo 22 del RD
	1749/1998.
	En base a las comprobaciones efectuadas en
	la explotación donde se detectó la muestra de
	músculo ovino no conforme, no ha sido
	posible determinar la causa que provocó la
	presencia de dichas sustancias.
	Actuaciones en matadero:
	Durante el periodo de vigilancia se han
	tomado 5 muestras, obteniendo todas ellas
	resultado conforme.
	Actuaciones administrativas:
	Expediente resuelto con sanción económica de

	3.100 €
4 enrofloxacina en músculo de	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad:
ovino. Control dirigido. 3	Comunicación en el SCIRI.
muestras > 200 μg/kg y 1	Expediente sancionador a explotación de
muestra 198 μg/kg.	origen resuelto con sanction de 3001 €. por
maestra 190 μg/ kg.	infracción grave.
	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Agricultura y
	Ganadería:
	Visita a la explotación, revisión documental,
	del botiquín y del contenedor de residuos de
	medicamentos. Diligenciado del libro de
	registro, retirada de talonarios de autoguías.
	Visita dos veces por semana durante un mes
	para valorar registro de tratamientos
	medicamentosos específico, comprobando
	respeto tiempo espera de medicamentos
	administrados.
1 oxitetraciclina en músculo de	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad:
ovino. Control dirigido.	Comunicación en el SCIRI.
168 μg/kg.	Inicio de expediente sancionador. con
	propuesta de resolución por infracción grave
	de 3.001 €
	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Agricultura y
	Ganadería:
	Comprobación del ganado existente y su
	correcta identificación; cumplimentación del
	libro de registro de explotación (hojas de
	medicamentos y piensos medicamentosos);
	diligenciar dicho libro. Revisar el botiquín y el
	contenedor de residuos medicamentosos.
	Restricción total de movimientos de 28 días
	para el sacrificio de animales por no poder
	determinar el origen del medicamento. Se
	retiran las autoguías hasta presentación de un
	plan de manejo que asegure tiempo de espera
	de medicamentos empleados.
1 sulfadiazina y clortetraciclina	Actuaciones de la Agencia de Salud Pública:
en músculo de ovino. Control	Expediente incoado y suspendido al enviarse a
dirigido. La sulfadiazina con mas	fiscalía. Comunicación al Departamento de
de 150 μg/kg y la clortetraciclina	Agricultura y a la Unidad de Consumo de
con mas de 150 μg/kg	"Mossos d'Esquadra". Comunicación en el
	SCIRI.
	Actuaciones del Departamento de Agricultura,
	Ganadería, Pesca, Alimentación y Medio

	Natural
	Natural
	Intervención de la explotación con un censo
	de 825 animales y toma de muestras con
	resultados conformes.
1 clortetraciclina en músculo de	Investigación en la explotación de ganado
ovino. Control dirigido.	ovino, verificación de registros de la
130 μg/kg	explotación, especialmente de tratamientos
	veterinarios con CLORTETRACICLINA
	procedencia y consumos de pienso y
	prescripciones de pienso medicamentoso.
	Implantación de medidas cautelares,
	inmovilización de 3 corderos, recogiendo 1
	muestras de agua y 1de pienso con resultados
	analíticos negativos.
	Se procede al sacrificio bajo control sanitario
	de los 3 animales previo muestreo analítico en
	matadero, resultando todos conformes a la
	detección de CLORTETRACICLINA.
	Expediente sancionador resuelto, calificado
	como grave, en una cuantía de 3.500 €.
1 clortetraciclina en músculo de	Investigación en la explotación de ganado
ovino. Control dirigido.	ovino, verificación de registros de la
181 μg/kg	explotación, especialmente de tratamientos
	veterinarios con CLORTETRACICLINA
	procedencia y consumos de pienso y
	prescripciones de pienso medicamentoso.
	Implantación de medidas cautelares,
	inmovilización de 892 corderos, recogiendo 1
	muestras de agua y 2 de pienso con
	resultados analíticos negativos.
	Se procede al muestreo analítico de un lote de
	21 animales en matadero, resultando todos
	conformes a la detección de
	CLORTETRACICLINA.
	Expediente sancionador iniciado, calificado
	como infracción grave, en una cuantía de
	3.500 €.
1 sulfadiazina en músculo de	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad:
ovino. Control dirigido. >	Comunicación en el SCIRI.
150 g/kg	Expediente sancionador iniciado, calificado
	como infracción grave, en una cuantía de
	3.500 €.
	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Agricultura y
	Ganadería:
	Cariadoria

	Visita a la explotación, revisión documental, del botiquín y del contenedor de residuos de medicamentos. Comprobación del ganado existente y su correcta identificación; así como diligenciado del libro de registro. Retirada del talonario de documentos sanitarios de traslado hasta que se garanticen los tiempos de espera de tratamientos medicamentosos (al menos un mes).
1 sulfadiazina en músculo de ovino. Control dirigido. > 300 μg/kg	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad: Comunicación en el SCIRI. Expediente sancionador iniciado, posteriormente suspendido el procedimiento administrativo sancionador por estar en vía judicial. Seguimiento de la explotación con inmovilización de canales y muestreo durante 6 meses de los animales sacrificados. 3 positivos en programa de sospechosos con declaración de no aptitud de lotes positivos (véase *). Actuaciones de la Consejería de Agricultura y Ganadería: Visita a la explotación, revisión documental, del botiquín y del contenedor de residuos de medicamentos. Comprobación del ganado existente y su correcta identificación; así como diligenciado del libro de registro. Retirada del talonario de documentos sanitarios de traslado hasta que se garanticen los tiempos de espera de tratamientos medicamentosos.
3 sulfadiazina en músculo de ovino. Control sospechoso. > 300 μg/kg	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad: Los tres resultados no conformes son consecuencia del citado mas arriba (relación con *). Declaración de no aptitud de lotes positivos.
2 sulfadiazina en músculo de ovino. Control dirigido. 1 muestra 127 μg/kg, 1 muestra > 300 μg/kg	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad: Comunicación en el SCIRI. Expediente sancionador a explotación de origen por infracción grave en fase de pliego de cargos. Comunicación a la Comunidad Autónoma de origen de la explotación.

	Actuación en la explotación ganadera de la
	Comunidad Autónoma de Origen
	Investigación en la explotación de ganado
	ovino, verificación de registros de la
	explotación, especialmente de tratamientos
	veterinarios, procedencia y consumos de
	pienso y prescripciones de pienso
	medicamentoso, con SULFADIAZINA.
	Implantación de medidas cautelares de
	restricción de movimientos de animales que
	hasta el momento se encuentra vacía.
1 sulfadiazina en músculo de	Comunicaciones a la Autoridad Competente de
ovino. Control dirigido.	Origen en materia de producción ganadera
131 μg/kg	o sanidad animal y vocalía PNIR de la
	Comunidad Autónoma de origen
	Actuaciones en explotación de la Comunidad
	Autónoma de Origen:
	Incoación expediente sancionador.
	En el informe Consejería de Agricultura, Pesca
	y Alimentación se señala, tras la investigación
	completa, incluyendo el análisis del pienso
	suministrado a los animales, que ha dado
	resultado negativo, que no se han obtenido
	evidencias del uso actual de la sustancia
	objeto de la investigación, si bien, en el acta
	de inspección se hace referencia a errores de
	manejo y contaminación cruzada por uso de
	sacos de pienso medicamentoso para
	almacenar materias primas producidas en la
	propia explotación.
	Resolución de suspensión de la tramitación del
	procedimiento sancionador al haberse incoado
	expediente penal.
1 sulfadiazina en riñón de ovino.	Actuaciones en explotación:
Control sospechoso. 224 µg/kg	Los Servicios Veterinarios Oficiales realizan
Control 303βccn030. 224 μg/ kg	visita de inspección a la explotación con las
	consiguientes investigaciones pertinentes,
	referentes al libro de registro de tratamientos,
	recetas de prescripción veterinaria de
	medicamentos, así como los controles
	documentales sobre entradas y salidas de
	animales, alimentos, piensos y materias
	primas destinadas a la alimentación animal.
	•
	Se comunica al representante del resultado de

las muestras de riñón ovino tomadas en el matadero; se procede al censado de la explotación e inmovilización cautelar de la explotación hasta la finalización de las investigaciones oportunas. De dichas investigaciones, y según la declaración del representante de la explotación, se concluye que el resultado no conforme puede ser debido a un mal manejo, ya que el animal enviado al matadero del que se ha tomado la muestra haya podido consumir pienso medicado sobrante de los comederos de los corderos.

Concluida la inspección, se informa al ganadero que, durante seis meses la documentación que acompañe a los animales al matadero hará mención expresa de que dicha explotación se encuentra bajo vigilancia por haber detectado Sulfadiazina en alguno de los animales de dicha explotación en el ámbito de actuaciones del Plan Nacional de Investigación de Residuos, al objeto de proceder a las medidas contempladas en el artículo 22 del RD 1749/1998.

Se recomienda al titular de la explotación que tome medidas preventivas para evitar la aparición de futuros casos como éste.

Actuaciones en matadero:

Durante el periodo de vigilancia se han tomado 36 muestras, obteniendo todas ellas resultado conforme.

Actuaciones administrativas:

Expediente resuelto con sanción de 3100 €

1 sulfadiazina en músculo de ovino. Control dirigido. 223 μg/kg. Comunicación en el SCIRI.

Comunicaciones a la Autoridad Competente de Origen en materia de producción ganadera El interesado ha renunciado al contradictorio Actuaciones en explotación de la Comunidad Autónoma de Origen:

La explotación se inmoviliza durante 28 días y se toman las medidas pertinentes, después de la presencia de los Servicios de Control Oficial en la explotación en la que no está presente el titular. Se censa la explotación y se

1 cadmio en riñón de ovino.	comprueba la identificación animal. Se toman muestras de agua y se comprueba el libro de registro de entrada y salida de piensos y el de registro de tratamientos veterinarios. Se comprueba que hay una administración de un pienso medicado contra neumonías y procesos entéricos. Finalmente la explotación es excluida del SCIRI Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad:
Control dirigido. 1,2 mg/kg	Comunicado a Autoridades responsables del control en la explotación de origen.
1 cadmio en riñón de ovino. Control dirigido. Mas de 2 mg/kg	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad: Comunicado a Autoridades responsables del control en la explotación de origen. Iniciado expediente sancionador con propuesta de resolución por infracción grave de 3.001 €.
1 cadmio en riñón de ovino. Control dirigido. 1,4 mg/kg	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad: Comunicado a Autoridades responsables del control en la explotación de origen. Expediente sancionador sobreseido.
1 sulfadiazina en músculo de caprino.Control dirigido. 181 μg/kg.	Comunicación en el SCIRI. La explotación se inmoviliza durante 28 días y se toman las medidas pertinentes, después de la presencia de los Servicios de Control Oficial en la explotación en la que no está presente el titular. Se censa la explotación y se comprueba la identificación animal. Del resultado de las comprobaciones efectuadas se detecta que los animales menores de cuatro meses, se han tratado con pienso medicado SIN RECETA NI PRESCRIPCIÓN VETERINARIA. La explotación está sometida a una restricción parcial en los movimientos de salida de los animales a matadero, durante un período mínimo de 6 meses y además se hará constar que la explotación esta siendo sometida a controles por presencia de Sulfadiazina, en las correspondientes guías de traslado que amparen los movimientos. Se ha propuesto expediente sancionador por la ausencia de prescripción veterinaria en el tratamiento

	efectuado con pienso medicado (Ley de
	Sanidad Animal)
	Finalmente la explotación es excluida del SCIRI
1 sulfadiazina en músculo de	Comunicación en el SCIRI.
ovino. Control dirigido.	El análisis contradictorio es rechazado por el
222 μg/kg.	ganadero
, 5, 5	Una vez personados los Servicios Oficiales, y
	ante la ausencia de libro de registro de
	tratamientos veterinarios y las recetas
	justificativas, se dictamina la toma de
	muestras en matadero de los animales
	sacrificados en 6 meses sin retención de
	canales.
	Se propone un expediente sancionador por
	incumplimiento de la Ley de Sanidad Animal,
	por la ausencia de libro de tratamientos
	veterinarios y recetas justificativas de los
	tratamientos efectuados
	Finalmente la explotación es excluida del
	SCIRI y se levantan las restricciones.
1 sulfadiazina en músculo de	Comunicación en el SCIRI.
ovino. Control dirigido.	El análisis contradictorio no es realizado por el
167 μg/kg.	ganadero
	Una vez censada la explotación y verificados los registros de entrada-salida de animales, se
	comprueba que el titular carece de libro de
	registro de tratamientos veterinarios y de las
	recetas justificativas de los tratamientos
	efectuados durante los últimos 5 años. Se
	establece la restricción parcial de los animales
	a matadero. También se indica en las GOSP
	que la explotación está sometida a controles
	por presencia de residuos .Esta medida se
	prolongará durante 6 meses. Se propone
	expediente sancionador por incumplimiento de
	la Ley de Sanidad Animal, por la ausencia de
	libro de tratamientos veterinarios y recetas
	justificativas de los tratamientos efectuados.
	Se dictamina la toma de muestras en
	matadero de los animales sacrificados en 6
	meses sin retención de canales.
	Finalmente la explotación es excluida del
	SCIRI y se levantan las restricciones.

Milk		
1 doxiciclina en leche de vaca. Control dirigido. 1,9 μg/kg.	Actuaciones del Departamento de Agricultura, Ganadería, Pesca, Alimentación y Medio	
	Natural	
	Iniciado expediente sancionador ya que no se	
	puede usar dicha sustancia en animales que	
	producen leche para el consumo humano.	
	Horses	
1 cadmio y 1 plomo en hígado de caballo. Control dirigido. Cadmio: 1,7 mg/kg y Plomo: 0,87 mg/kg	Actuaciones del Departamento de Salud Comunicación al Departamento de Desarrollo Rural, Industria, Empleo y Medio Ambiente Actuaciones del Departamento de Desarrollo Rural, Industria, Empleo y Medio Ambiente Controles documentales sobre entradas y salidas de animales. Controles documentales sobre entradas y salidas de alimentos, así como de piensos y materias primas destinadas a la alimentación animal. Materiales en contacto con piensos y aguas Controles de agua de abastecimiento y otras posibles fuentes de contaminación. Toma de muestra de piensos, agua y forrajes	
1 sadosia ao bizada da saballa	con resultados conformes	
1 cadmio en hígado de caballo. Control dirigido. 0,67 mg/kg	Actuaciones del Departamento de Salud Comunicación al Departamento de Desarrollo Rural, Industria, Empleo y Medio Ambiente Actuaciones del Departamento de Desarrollo Rural, Industria, Empleo y Medio Ambiente Controles documentales sobre entradas y salidas de animales. Controles documentales sobre entradas y salidas de alimentos, así como de piensos y materias primas destinadas a la alimentación animal. Materiales en contacto con piensos y aguas Controles de agua de abastecimiento y otras posibles fuentes de contaminación. Toma de muestra de piensos, agua y forrajes con resultados conformes	
1 cadmio en hígado de caballo. Control dirigido. 1,00 mg/kg	Actuaciones del Departamento de Salud Comunicación al Departamento de Desarrollo	
J =	Rural, Industria, Empleo y Medio Ambiente	

	Actuaciones del Departamento de Desarrollo Rural, Industria, Empleo y Medio Ambiente Controles documentales sobre entradas y salidas de animales. Controles documentales sobre entradas y salidas de alimentos, así como de piensos y materias primas destinadas a la alimentación animal. Materiales en contacto con piensos y aguas Controles de agua de abastecimiento y otras posibles fuentes de contaminación. Toma de muestra de piensos, agua y forrajes con resultados conformes	
1 cadmio en hígado de caballo.	Actuaciones del Departamento de Salud	
Control dirigido. 2,87 mg/kg	Comunicación al Departamento de Jaida Comunicación al Departamento de Desarrollo Rural, Industria, Empleo y Medio Ambiente el cual comunica que el animal solamente estuvo en la explotación de España 3 días. Comunicación y traslado de la información a la Agencia española de Seguridad Alimentaria y Nutrición (AESAN). Actuaciones de AESAN Comunicación a las autoridades competentes de Bélgica ya que la explotación es de dicho país.	
1 cadmio en hígado de caballo.	Comunicación al Departamento de Desarrollo	
Control dirigido. 1,60 mg/kg	Rural, Industria, Empleo y Medio Ambiente el cual comunica que el animal solamente estuvo en un centro de concentración de España 1 día. Comunicación y traslado de la información a la Agencia española de Seguridad Alimentaria y Nutrición (AESAN). Actuaciones de AESAN Comunicación a las autoridades competentes de Francia ya que la explotación es de dicho país.	
Rabbit		
1 hexaclorobenceno en grasa de conejo. Control dirigido. 251 μg/kg.	Actuaciones de la Consejería de Sanidad: Comunicado a Autoridades responsables del control en la explotación de origen. Actuaciones de la Consejería de Agricultura y Ganadería: Visita a la explotación y revisión documental,	
	viola a la explotación y revisión documental,	

	Comprobación del ganado existente y toma de muestras en la explotación y en la fábrica de piensos con resultado conforme.	
Wild game		
1 cadmio en hígado de jabalí.	Comunicación al Departamento de Desarrollo	
Control dirigido. 1,72 mg/kg	Rural, Industria, Empleo y Medio Ambiente	
1 plomo en hígado de jabalí.	Comunicación al Departamento de Desarrollo	
Control dirigido. 0,61 mg/kg	Rural, Industria, Empleo y Medio Ambiente	

Modification of national residue plan

Modifications 2011 \rightarrow 2012: A3: Stanozolol is added to the plan of bovine \rightarrow urine GC-MS/GC-MS. A4: Beta-Zearalanol (Taleranol) is added to the plans when alpha-zearalanol (Zeranol) is analysed. A6: Chloramphenicol is added to the plan of horses (muscle, LC-MS-MS/LC-MS-MS). Nitroimidazoles are added to plan of milk \rightarrow LC-MS/LS-MS-MS. Some changes are made due to changes in production numbers. Some changes or new information on CC-alfa and CC-beta are added to the plans. The number of samples for chloramphenicol in honey are added 10 \rightarrow 30.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
None	One urine sample of pig was positive for alfa-
	zearalenole (4µg/kg). Due to the results, official
	control actions have been carried out. The
	farmer had no pigs on the farm anymore.

Group B substances

Modification of national residue plan

Modifications 2011 → 2012: B1: Tetracyclines in milk. HPLC-UV/HPLC-fluo → HPLC-DAD/HPLC-DAD. Sulfonamides in milk HPLC-UV/HPLC-DAD → HPLC-DAD/HPLC-DAD. B2b, B2c, B3a, B3b: pesticides in aquaculture, horses, wild game are analysed using the methods for pesticides (GC-MS-MS or LC-HRMS). New substances are added to the plans. B2b: Robenidine is added to the plan of poultry and eggs → LC-MS-MS/LC-MS-MS. B3c: New heavy metals (As, Cr, Cu, Mn, Ni, Se, Zn) are added to the plans for all animal groups. Lead and cadmium are analysed also in aquaculture. The method used is ICP-MS/ICP-MS in all animal groups. B3d: Zearalenol-alpha and zearalenol-beta are added to the plans when alpha-zearalanol (Zeranol) and beta-zearalanol (Taleranol) are analysed (for pigs, poultry, horses, sheep/goats, farmed game → plasma Elisa/GC-MS). Some changes are made due to the changes in production numbers. Some changes or new information on CC-beta and CC-alfa values are added to the plan. The number of sample for tetracycline in eggs are added 70 \rightarrow 140. The number of samples for streptomycin in honey are added $10 \rightarrow 20$. The number of farmed game samples will be at the same level as 2011 (even there were non-compliant reindeer liver and kidney). The number of wild game samples will be at the same level as 2011 (even there were non-compliant elk liver and kidney).

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
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Bovines		
None	Suspect samples: Three sample of bovine	
Thome	serum contained small amounts of beta-	
	testosterone (< 12,1 µg/kg) but more than	
	limit of action. Due to the results, official	
	control actions have been carried out.	
	Together 11 samples ("suspect samples")	
	have been taken. All samples were compliant.	
	Pigs	
Ochratoxin A (kidney 2,4 μg/kg)	One kidney sample of pig (sow) contained	
	ochratoxin A (2.4 μg/kg) more than the limit	
	of action. Due to the result, official control	
	actions have been carried out. At the	
	slaughterhouse, three additional kidney	
	samples ("suspect samples") of sows from the	
	same producer were taken for futher testing	
	and these samples were compliant. Also on	
	the spot control was made by the official	
	veterinarian. It was assumed that the reason	
	for the finding was contaminated feed.	
	Suspect samples: One sample of pig (urine)	
	contained small amount of nandrolone	
	$(3,4 \mu g/kg)$ more than the limit of action. Due	
	to the result official actions have been carried	
	out on the spot by the local municipal	
	veterinarian. The record (medicinal product)	
	` '	
	has been checked. One additional urine	
	sample ("suspect sample") taken for futher	
	testing and this sample was compliant. No	
	violation of medication was detected.	
	Milk	
Benzylpenicillin (4,2 μg/kg)	One milk sample from farm was NC for	
	benzylpenicillin (4,2 μg/kg). Due to the result,	
	official control actions have been carried out.	
	On the spot control was made by the local	
	municipal veterinarian. The record (medicinal	
	product) has been checked. One additional	
	milk sample ("suspect sample") was taken for	
	futher testing and this sample was compliant.	
	No violation of medication was detected.	
Aflatoxin-M1 (0,08 μg/kg)	One milk sample from farm was NC for	
	aflatoxin-M1 (0,08 μg/kg). Due to the result,	
	official control actions have been carried out.	

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	On the spot control was made by the local municipal veterinarian and official veterinarian by Regional State Administrative Agency (RSAA). Altogether four milk sample, two icecream samples (the ice cream was made on the farm from the milk which might contain residues of aflatoxin –M1) and two feed samples were taken. The feed samples contain residue of aflatoxin –G1 lower the limit. The ice cream samples contain residue of aflatoxin-M1 (0,02 µg/l and 0,14 µg/l). The lot of ice cream containing residues over the limit and also some other ice cream lots which were prepared in certain time period was destroyed and also the farmer was order to withdraw the ice cream from the market. The results of the milk sample were 0,06 µg/l, 0,32 µg/l, 0,07 µg/l and 0,017 µg/l. The reason for the aflatoxin M1 residues was most certain the quality of feed. There have been problems with the strorage conditions of the feed and the preparation of the feed; however, the result of the feed was under the limit.
Aflatoxin-M1 (0,27 μg/kg)	One milk sample from farm was NC for aflatoxin-M1 (0,27µg/kg). Due to the noncompliant result, official control actions have been carried out. On the spot control was made by the local municipal veterinarian. The farmer has noticed some problems with the quality of feed and he has changed the batch of feed. One milk sample was taken and it was compliant (0,006 µg/kg). Suspect samples: Three milk samples of route milk / lorry milk and one farm milk sample contained residue of aflatoxin-M1 (0,01 – 0,036 µg/kg). Due to these small amounts of
6/10 liver samples and 7/10	residues more samples ("suspect samples") were taken; nine route milk samples and three farm milk samples. All samples were compliant. Farmed game
' '	1

kidney samples in reindeer were non-compliant for cadmium	
	Wild game
14/20 liver samples and 18/20 kidney samples in elks were non-compliant for cadmium.	According to Finnish legislation, livers and kidneys of over one-year-old elks are not accepted for human consumption.
1/20 kidney sample from elk was non-compliant for lead.	

Modification of national residue plan

En France, toute mise en évidence de substances interdites par une DD(CS)PP (direction départementale (de la cohésion sociale et) de la protection des populations) doit être transmise à la Brigade Nationale d'Enquêtes Vétérinaires et Phytosanitaires (BNEVP) qui mène les enquêtes et informe les autorités judiciaires. Dans le but de démanteler des trafics de substances interdites, les enquêtes sont longues et les rapports ne parviennent à la DGAL (Direction Générale de l'Alimentation) qu'une fois l'affaire jugée (secret de l'instruction). Tous les élevages et établissements ayant eu des résultats non-conformes au cours des plans de contrôle 2011 seront ciblés prioritairement pour les plans 2012.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
1 Estradiol – urine – veau femelle – élevage	L'échantillon a été analysé par GC-C-IRMS (Gas chromatography combustion isotope ratio mass spectrometry) sur les paramètres testostérone et estradiol. Le seuil de non conformité est établi sur la différence entre métabolites (alphatestostérone, étiocholanolone et alpha estradiol) et précurseurs. Un échantillon est déclaré nonconforme lorsque cette différence excède – 3 delta pour mille. Dans le cas considéré, l'échantillon a été déclaré non conforme sur le paramètre de l'estradiol avec une différence moyenne de – 9 delta pour mille. La BNEVP a été informée de ce résultat non conforme. Une enquête est en cours.
1 clenbutérol – vache – poumon – abattoir – 1,7 μg/kg	La vache a été ciblée en raison de la mention dans ses documents d'un traitement. La BNEVP a été informée de ce résultat non conforme. Une enquête est en cours.
1 chloramphénicol – muscle – bovin	Après examen dans la base de données Sigal, il s'avère que ce résultat est négatif et qu'il y a eu erreur au niveau de la déclaration de nonconformité par le laboratoire.
1 chloramphénicol – muscle – poulet de chair – 1,2 μg/kg	L'animal a été prélevé car issu d'un lot ayant connu de la mortalité en fin de bande. La BNEVP a été informée de ce résultat non conforme. Une enquête est en cours.
1 chloramphénicol – muscle –	La BNEVP a été informée de ce résultat non

lapin – 0,99 μg/kg	conforme. Une enquête et des actions judiciaires sont en cours. Ce cas pourrait être en lien avec celui détecté en 2010 (14,4 µg/kg).
1 17 béta boldénone – chair – truite arc-en-ciel – 2,3 μg/kg	La BNEVP a été informée de ce résultat non- conforme mais les faibles taux détectés et l'impossibilité pour le laboratoire de référence à conclure à une origine non-naturelle ne permettent pas de motiver des poursuites devant un juge.
1 17 béta boldénone – chair – cyprinidé – 3 μg/kg	La BNEVP a été informée de ce résultat non- conforme mais les faibles taux détectés et l'impossibilité pour le laboratoire de référence à conclure à une origine non-naturelle ne permettent pas de motiver des poursuites devant un juge.
1 leucobase de vert de malachite – truite arc-en-ciel – 3,3 µg/kg	La BNEVP a été informée de ce résultat et a ouvert une enquête. L'établissement sera de nouveau prélevé en 2012.
1 cristal violet – truite arc-en- ciel – 2,6 μg/kg	La BNEVP a été informée de ce résultat. La DDPP des côtes d'Armor a réalisé une inspection de l'établissement et réalisé un nouveau prélèvement. Le résultat de la nouvelle analyses était négatif et il n'a pas été découvert de nonconformité majeure pouvant expliquait la présence de cristal violet. L'établissement sera de nouveau prélevé en 2012.
1 leucobase de cristal violet – truite arc-en-ciel – 0,2 μg/kg	La BNEVP a été informée de ce résultat et a ouvert une enquête. L'établissement sera de nouveau prélevé en 2012.

Modification	of national	l residue n	ılan
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La totalité des élevages ou entreprises ayant fait l'objet d'un résultat non conforme fera l'objet d'un nouveau contrôle par les agents des services déconcentrés pour l'année 2012.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions	
	Bovines	
1 dihydrostreptomycine – muscle de bovin mâle de 17 mois de race allaitante – 14.900 μg/kg	Recherche d'antibiotiques par méthode multirésidus (CL-SM/SM) – ciblé pour infiltration des collets. L'animal a fait l'objet d'une saisie totale. L'élevage concerné sera inspecté en 2012 par les services locaux responsables. Un procès verbal à l'encontre du gérant va également être déposé auprès du procureur de	
	la République pour de multiples infractions	

	(tromperie, présentation d'animaux malades,
	non-respect des normes de protection
	animale).
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de bovin femelle de 34 mois de race allaitante – 238 μg/kg	Recherche d'antibiotiques par méthode multirésidus (CL-SM/SM) – ciblé pour myosite du collier et péritonite congestive. L'animal a fait l'objet d'une saisie totale. L'enquête a révélé
	un mauvais enregistrement des traitements et délais d'attente dans le registre d'élevage, ainsi qu'un non respect des temps d'attente. Une mise en demeure de mise en conformité a été adressée à l'éleveur.
1 marbofloxacine – muscle de vache de réforme –	Recherche d'antibiotiques par méthode multirésidus (CL-SM/SM) – ciblé car animal de
4.950 μg/kg	réforme. Le service concerné a programmé une enquête et un nouveau prélèvement pour 2012. Une relance lui a été toutefois été envoyée par la mission des urgences sanitaires de l'administration centrale.
1 tulathromycine – muscle de	Recherche d'antibiotiques par méthode
bovin mâle de 9 mois	multirésidus (CL-SM/SM) – ciblé pour état moyen de la carcasse. Le service concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en
	élevage.
1 tétracycline – muscle de vache de réforme de 92 mois – 133 μg/kg	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique – ciblé pour lésion ancienne. Une inspection en élevage a été réalisée et a révélé que les registres sont relativement bien tenus. Toutefois, l'indication des temps d'attente semblait parfois déficiente, ce qui expliquerait le résultat sur l'animal concerné. Un courrier de rappel à la réglementation a été transmis à l'éleveur.
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de bovin mâle de 15 mois de race allaitante – 257 μg/kg	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique – ciblé pour non-respect du temps d'attente et traces d'injection. Le service concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en élevage.
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique

bovin mâle de 13 mois de race allaitante – 314 μg/kg 1 spiramycine + néospiramycine – muscle de vache laitière de 59 mois – 294 μg/kg + 1.430 μg/kg	 ciblé pour infiltration au niveau des colliers. Le service concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en élevage. Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique ciblé pour coloration anormale des colliers avec nécrose. Le service concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en élevage.
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de veau mâle de 4 mois de race allaitante – 410 μg/kg	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique – ciblé pour abcès volumineux. Le service concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en élevage.
1 pénicilline G – muscle de veau mâle de 5 mois – 66 μg/kg	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique – ciblé pour péritonite fibrino-congestive. Le service concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en élevage.
1 sulfadimérazine + tétracycline – muscle de veau de 7 mois de race allaitante – 437 μg/kg + 122 μg/kg	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique – ciblé pour péritonite fibrineuse. Le service concerné a programmé une enquête et un nouveau prélèvement pour 2012. Une relance lui a été toutefois été envoyée par la mission des urgences sanitaires de l'administration centrale.
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de vache de réforme de 85 mois de race allaitante – 1.905 μg/kg	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique - ciblé pour myosite localisée. Une inspection pharmacie vétérinaire en élevage a été réalisée. Il en ressort les points suivants : - l'animal n'a pas subi de traitement dans l'élevage ; - l'animal a été vendu à un groupement puis revendu mais aucune notification n'est enregistrée ; - l'animal a été abattu et est entré à l'abattoir au nom de l'exploitant qui avait notifié correctement la sortie de sa bête.

1 oxytétracycline – muscle de	En conséquence, il apparaît difficile de relier les différents éléments en raison du nombre d'intermédiaire et du temps écoulé. L'exploitant a reçu un courrier de rappel des règles relatives à la pharmacie vétérinaire et il fera également l'objet d'un contrôle conditionnalité/PSPC en 2012. Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique
vache de réforme de 45 mois - 698 μg/kg	 ciblé pour état général moyen de la carcasse, pleurésie fibrineuse, coloration anormale des 2 colliers. La carcasse a été saisie en totalité. L'enquête a révélé un mauvais enregistrement des traitements et délais d'attente dans le registre d'élevage, ainsi qu'un non-respect des temps d'attente. Une mise en demeure de mise en conformité avec délai a été adressée à l'éleveur. Un animal provenant de cet élevage sera de nouveau prélevé dans le cadre des plans de contrôle.
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de vache de réforme de 35 mois – 172 μg/kg	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique – ciblé pour état général moyen de la carcasse, coloration anormale du collier gauche et péritonite fibrineuse cicatricielle du flanc gauche. Les colliers et flancs ont fait l'objet d'une saisie partielle. L'enquête en élevage a révélé que l'animal a été cédé en vue de son abattage avant expiration du délai d'attente du traitement, sans que l'information soit communiquée. Un courrier de rappel à la réglementation a été envoyé à l'éleveur. Un animal provenant de cet élevage sera de nouveau prélevé dans le cadre des plans de contrôle.
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de bovin mâle de 12 mois – 635 μg/kg	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique – ciblé pour pleurésie fibrineuse. Le service concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en élevage.
1 gamithromycine – muscle de bovin mâle de 13 mois – 120 μg/kg	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique – ciblé pour péricardite congestive + pétéchies rénales. Le service concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau des

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	intrants et de la santé publique en élevage.
1 oxytétracycline +	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique
tétracycline – muscle de bovin	– ciblé pour pleurésie fibrineuse/myosite
mâle de 11 mois de race	localisée. La carcasse a fait l'objet d'une saisie
allaitante – 79.750 μg/kg +	partielle. En raison d'un manque crucial de
1.405 μg/kg	ressources des services concernés, l'enquête
	sera conduite en 2012 au cours d'un contrôle
	conditionnalité complet sur l'élevage en cause.
1 gamithromycine – muscle de	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique
bovin femelle de 28 mois de	- ciblé pour traces d'injection. Le service
race allaitante – 1.105 μg/kg	concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à
	l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été
	communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de
	la santé publique en élevage.
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique
veau femelle de 5 mois de race	- ciblé pour viande fiévreuse et traces de pigûre
allaitante – 289 μg/kg	collier. La carcasse a fait l'objet d'une saisie
, 5, 5	partielle. En raison d'un manque crucial de
	ressources des services concernés, l'enquête
	sera conduite en 2012 au cours d'un contrôle
	conditionnalité complet sur l'élevage en cause.
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique
jeune bovin mâle de moins de	- ciblé pour traces d'injection. Le service
2 ans – 2.310 μg/kg	concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à
	l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été
	communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de
	la santé publique en élevage.
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique
jeune bovin mâle de + de 6	- ciblé pour traces d'injection au niveau du
mois et - de 2 ans -	collier. L'enquête a démontré que
5.375 μg/kg	l'administration de ce produit a été faite dans le
3137 5 µg/ Ng	centre de rassemblement dans lequel l'animal a
	transité avant d'être conduit à l'abattoir.
	Ce centre de rassemblement administre de
	manière systématique cet antibiotique aux
	animaux qui y transitent pour être destinés à
	l'élevage. Peu de temps après son arrivée dans
	le centre, l'animal s'est blessé et a été envoyé à
	l'abattoir par le responsable du centre de
	rassemblement ayant oublié qu'un produit
	pharmaceutique avait été administré. Un rappel
	à la réglementation a été adressé au centre de
	rassemblement.
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1 oxytétracycline – muscle de jeune bovin mâle de moins de 2 ans – 3.100 μg/kg 1 chlortétracycline – muscle de	Recherche de tétracyclines – ciblé pour traces d'injection. L'enquête a révélé un mauvais enregistrement des traitements et délais d'attente dans le registre d'élevage, ainsi qu'un non respect des temps d'attente. Une mise en demeure de mise en conformité avec délai a été adressée à l'éleveur. Un animal provenant de cet élevage sera de nouveau prélevé dans le cadre des plans de contrôle. Recherche de tétracyclines – ciblé pour
vache de réforme de 70 mois	pleurésie. Le service concerné n'a pas remonté
de race allaitante – 376 μg/kg	de suites à l'administration centrale. Une
ac race anarcance s, o pg/ kg	relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau
	des intrants et de la santé publique en élevage.
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de vache de réforme de 42 mois – 159 μg/kg	Recherche de tétracyclines – ciblé pour « carcasse légère », péritonite fibrineuse et coloration anormal des colliers. La carcasse a fait l'objet d'une saisie partielle. Le service concerné a programmé une enquête et un nouveau prélèvement pour 2012. Une relance lui a été toutefois été envoyée par la mission des urgences sanitaires de l'administration centrale.
1 tétracycline +	Recherche de tétracyclines – ciblé pour
oxytétracycline – muscle de	pleurésie fibrineuse. Le service concerné n'a pas
bovin mâle de 12 mois -	remonté de suites à l'administration centrale.
172 μg/kg + 250 μg/kg	Une relance lui a été communiquée par le
	bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en
1 ivermentine fois de veche	elevage.
1 ivermectine – foie de vache de 35 mois de race allaitante – 120 μg/kg	Recherche d'avermectines – ciblé pour abcès au thorax gauche. L'enquête a montré que l'éleveur ne réalise d'enregistrement des traitements et des soins apportés aux animaux. Toutefois, d'après l'éleveur, le traitement antiparasitaire a été réalisé en début d'engraissement. Il aurait constaté un abcès au point d'injection. L'injection, mal réalisée, aurait engendré une collection intradermique permettant un relargage lent de la substance active, ce qui expliquerait la présence de résidu malgré le respect du temps d'attente. Un rappel à la réglementation a été adressé à l'éleveur et au vétérinaire traitant, qui sera contrôlé au titre du contrôle des ayant droits de

	la pharmacie vétérinaire. Un animal provenant de cet élevage sera de nouveau prélevé dans le cadre des plans de contrôle.
1 meloxicam + acide tolfénamique - muscle de vache de réforme de 91 mois de race allaitante - 42 μg/kg + 6.190 μg/kg	Le service concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en élevage.
1 meloxicam – muscle de vache de 26 mois de race laitière – 47 μg/kg	Ciblé pour fracture du postérieur et pleurésie fibrineuse. La carcasse a été saisie en totalité. L'enquête a révélé que le traitement de l'animal n'a pas été correctement enregistré et que le temps d'attente n'a pas été respecté. Un courrier de rappel à la réglementation a été envoyé à l'éleveur. Un animal provenant de cet élevage sera de nouveau prélevé dans le cadre des plans de contrôle.
	Pigs
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de porc charcutier femelle – 317 μg/kg	Recherche de tétracycline – Abcès multiples et traces d'injection. L'animal a fait l'objet d'une saisie totale. Le service concerné a programmé une enquête et un nouveau prélèvement pour 2012. Une relance lui a été toutefois été envoyée par la mission des urgences sanitaires de l'administration centrale.
1 oxytétracycline – muscle de porc charcutier femelle – 616 μg/kg	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique – erreur du service préleveur: il s'agit du même animal que le cas précédent.
1 sulfadimétoxine – muscle de truie de réforme – 2.064 μg/kg	Recherche de sulfamides – ciblé car animal de réforme, péritonite purulente. La carcasse et abats ont fait l'objet d'une saisie totale. Une enquête a été faite dans l'élevage. L'aliment a été mis hors de cause. L'hypothèse d'une injection directe de la molécule serait plausible, mais celle-ci n'a pas pu être mise en évidence sur l'élevage et n'est pas utilisée par le vétérinaire traitant. La cause de cette positivité est inconnue mais l'élevage sera ciblé pour les contrôles conditionnalité (chapitre pharmacie vétérinaire) en 2012.
1 sulfadiazine – muscle de truie de réforme – 290 μg/kg	Recherche de sulfamides - ciblé car animal de réforme et infiltration à coloration anormale. Deux inspections ont révélé un mauvais

	enregistrement des traitements et délais d'attente dans le registre d'élevage, ainsi qu'un non respect des temps d'attente, et présence de médicaments périmés. Une mise en demeure de mise en conformité avec délai a été adressée à l'éleveur. Un animal provenant de cet élevage sera de nouveau prélevé dans le cadre des plans de contrôle.
1 marbofloxacine – muscle de	Recherche de substances à activité antibiotique
porc charcutier mâle – 329	– ciblé pour arthrite multiple. Le service
μg/kg	concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à
	l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été
	communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de
	la santé publique en élevage.
	Sheep and goat
1 sulfadiméthoxine – muscle d'ovin – 6.300 μg/kg 1 sulfadiazine – muscle d'ovin mâle de moins de 3 mois – 163 μg/kg	Recherche de sulfamides – ciblé pour arthritis. La carcasse a fait l'objet d'une saisie totale pour arthrites multiples. Une inspection en élevage n'a pas révélé de non-conformité dans la tenue des documents d'élevage et le temps d'attente du traitement correspondant à cette non-conformité semble avoir été respecté. Une hypothèse envisageable serait le prélèvement d'un point d'injection contenant un micro-abcès, contenant la molécule. Cet élevage a fait l'objet d'un nouveau prélèvement transmis fin juin 2012 au laboratoire d'analyse Recherche de substance à activité antibiotique. Le service concerné a programmé une enquête et un nouveau prélèvement pour 2012. Une
163 μg/kg	relance lui a été toutefois été envoyée par la mission des urgences sanitaires de l'administration centrale.
1 sulfadiméthoxine – muscle	Recherche de sulfamides – Ciblé car animal de
de brebis de réforme -	réforme. L'enquête en élevage a permis
130 μg/kg	d'identifier les faits suivants :
	 l'éleveur ne traite jamais les brebis aux antibiotiques mais traitent les agneaux, qui restent plus longtemps sur l'exploitation. une mauvaise pratique existe sur l'exploitation: en fin journée les mangeoires des agneaux sont nettoyées et les restes des aliments (y compris ceux contenant des médicaments) sont donnés

	aux brebis de réforme.
	Cela peut expliquer la présence de sulfadiméthoxine constatée. L'éleveur affirme ne jamais avoir pensé à l'éventualité de l'ingestion croisée de médicaments. Un courrier de rappel à la réglementation a été envoyé à l'éleveur. Un animal provenant de cet élevage sera de nouveau prélevé dans le cadre des plans de contrôle.
1 sulfadimétoxine +	Recherche de sulfamides – prélevée en raison
sulfaquinoxaline – muscle de brebis - sulfadimétoxine 1.081 μg/kg + sulfaquinoxaline 97 μg/kg	d'un constat de pleurésie. Suite à la découverte de cette non-conformité, l'éleveur a été destinataire d'un courrier de demande des documents concernant l'animal mis en cause et de rappel à la réglementation.
	Rabbit
1 sulfadiméthoxine – muscle lapin – 218 μg/kg	Le lapin non-conforme a été prélevé en raison de l'aspect anormal des rognons. Le service
	concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à
	l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été
	communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en élevage.
	Wild game
1 Cadmium – muscle foie –	
Sanglier – muscle 0,05 mg/kg et foie 1,5 mg/kg	Une enquête a été menée mais n'a pas permis d'identifier la source d'une éventuelle pollution (décharge, ancienne implantation de structure industrielle). Le secteur où a été réalisé ce prélèvement sera de nouveau ciblé dans le cadre du plan de contrôle 2012.
1 Cadmium – muscle foie – sanglier – muscle - 0,017 mg/kg et foie 2,2 mg/kg	Une enquête a été menée mais n'a pas permis d'identifier la source d'une éventuelle pollution (décharge, ancienne implantation de structure industrielle). Le secteur où a été réalisé ce prélèvement sera de nouveau ciblé dans le cadre du plan de contrôle 2012.
Aquaculture	
1 fluméquine – chair – 7.125 μg/kg	Le service concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en élevage.
Milk	
1 fenbendazole – lait de vache	Le service concerné a programmé une enquête

et un nouveau prélèvement pour 2012. Une relance lui a été toutefois été envoyée par la mission des urgences sanitaires de l'administration centrale. 1 HCH-β – lait de vache – 6,1 μg/kg La BNEVP a été informée de ce résultat et suspecte l'usage de lindane dans l'exploitation. Une enquête a été programmée avec l'assistance de la DDPP de l'Orne. L'élevage sera prélevé de nouveau, en procédure contradictoire (triple exemplaire) dans les semaines futures. Eggs 1 lasalocid – œufs de caille – 998 μg/kg L'enquête menée n'a pas permis de définir la ou les raisons de la présence de Lasalocid dans les oeufs de caille. Toutefois, la procédure mise en place pour les successions de fabrication aliments blancs-médicamenteux laisse entrevoir un gros risque de contamination croisée. Par contre, dans le cas présent, cela ne peut expliquer un tel dépassement de la LMR. Des investigations complémentaires sur d'autres échantillons d'aliment ont été réalisée mais n'apporte pas d'information supplémentaire. Cet élevage sera de nouveau prélevé dans le cadre des plans de contrôle 2012. 1 lasalocid – œufs de poule – Ce cas est en lien avec le précédent (lasalocid 998 μg/kg dans des œufs de caille): même élevage et même fournisseur d'aliment. Aucun élément probant ne permet d'aboutir à une explication pertinente. Il a toutefois été relevé une insuffisance du fabricant dans la gestion des interdictions de succession de fabrication (entreprise fabricant à la fois des aliments blancs et des aliments médicamenteux). Suite à l'intervention de la direction départementale, des mesures ont été prises pour sécuriser le process et les enchaînements. Cet élevage sera de nouveau prélevé dans le cadre des plans de contrôle 2012.	60 "	(1)
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contrôle 2012.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1 maduramycine – œufs de Le taux très faiblement au-dessus de la limite	•	
poule – 2,3 μg/kg de tolérance fixé par le règlement 124/2009	poule – 2,3 μg/kg	
(2 μg/kg) incite à penser à une contamination		1
croisée de l'aliment des poules pondeuses. Le		i · · · · ·
centre concerné a été ciblé en 2012 pour un		·
prélèvement en vue d'une recherche de		1 *
nitrofuranes et sera reprélevé en septembre		nitrofuranes et sera reprélevé en septembre

	2012 pour recherche de coccidiostatiques.
1 maduramycine – œufs de poule – 2,6 μg/kg	Le taux très faiblement au-dessus de la limite de tolérance fixé par le règlement 124/2009 (2 µg/kg) incite à penser à une contamination croisée de l'aliment des poules pondeuses. Le centre concerné a été ciblé en 2012 pour un contrôle et sera reprélevé en août - septembre 2012 pour recherche de coccidiostatiques.
1 semduramycine – œufs de poule – 100 μg/kg	Le service concerné n'a pas remonté de suites à l'administration centrale. Une relance lui a été communiquée par le bureau des intrants et de la santé publique en élevage.
Honey	
1 vinclozoline – miel – 382 μg/kg	Une enquête a été menée mais n'a pas permis d'identifier la source d'une éventuelle contamination. L'apiculteur concerné sera prélevé dans le cadre du plan de contrôle 2012.
1 tétracyclines – miel – 29,4 μg/kg	L'usage de tétracycline en apiculture est considéré comme interdit en France. La BNEVP a donc été informée de cette non-conformité et l'apiculteur concerné sera prélevé dans le cadre du plan de contrôle 2012.
1 plomb – miel – 200 μg/kg	Une enquête a été menée mais n'a pas permis d'identifier la source d'une éventuelle pollution. L'apiculteur concerné sera prélevé dans le cadre du plan de contrôle 2012.

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Modification of national residue plan

Due to non-compliant results in 2011, extra samples have been added in the NRCP 2012 in the group substances and the species/products where non-compliant results were found.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
None	None

Group B substances

Modification of national residue plan

Due to non-compliant results in 2011, extra samples have been added in the NRCP 2012 in the group substances and the species/products where non-compliant results were found. The number of wild game samples remains the same as in 2011 regardless the fact of non-compliant results.

same as in 2011 regardless the fact of non-compliant results.	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
	Bovines
1 oxytetracycline – kidney	Suspect sample – investigation in the farm of
	origin and controls on the farm records. The
	farm was placed under surveillance. Additional
	sampling was carried out.
	Pigs
1 sulfamerazine – kidney	Investigation in the farm of origin and controls
	on the farm records. The farm was placed under
	surveillance. Additional sampling was carried
	out.
	Sheep and goat
2 dihydrostreptomycine –	Investigation in the farm of origin and controls
sheep – kidney	on the farm records. The farm was placed under
1 chlortetracycline – sheep –	surveillance. Additional sampling was carried
muscle	out.
2 lead – sheep – muscle	
3 cadmium – sheep – liver	
4 cadmium – goat – liver	
Milk	
5 aflatoxin M1 – sheep	Investigation in the farms. Checks were carried
2 aflatoxin M1 – cow	out on the feed storage at the farm. Additional
	samples have been taken and the official

	controls have been intensified.
Wild game	
1 cadmium – liver	Free range animal. The local hunting club was informed.
1 lead – muscle	Contamination due to the bullet used for killing.
Honey	
5 chlortetracycline – honey	Investigation in the farm of origin. Additional sampling was carried out. Administrative measures were undertaken.

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Modification of national residue plan	
According to the FVO recommendations and CRL comments, we have modified the annual 2012 plan.	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Chicken liver: chloramphenicol	- official closure of the consignment
1 pc	- recall from the market
	- modifications of the NRCP of 2012: increased
	sample number from the originally planned 42
	to 50

Group B substances

Modification of national residue plan			
According to the FVO recommendations and CRL comments, we have modified			
the annual 2012 plan.			
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions		
	Bovines		
Bovine liver: amoxicillin 1 pc.	- additional sampling		
Bovine kidney: cadmium 1 pc.	- administrative measures,		
Bovine urine: alpha-zearalenol	- modifications of the NRCP of 2012: increased		
1pc, beta-zearalenol 1pc,	sample numbers. B1 penicillins from 8 to 10.		
zearalenone (mycotoxin F) 1pc	B3c from 5 to 7. B3d (urine, slaughterhouse)		
	from 19 to 22.		
	Pigs		
Pig liver: Enrofloxacin 1 pc.	- additional sampling		
Pig kidney: Oxytetracycline 1	- administrative measures,		
pc. Pig urine: alpha-zearalenol	- modifications of the NRCP of 2012: increased		
8 pcs, alpha-zearalenol 8 pcs,	sample numbers. B1 quinolones from 20 to 23.		
zearalenone (mycotoxin F) 8	B1 tetracyclines from 80 to 88. B3d from 148 to		
pcs.	165.		
Horses			
Horse liver: cadmium 1 pc.	- additional sampling		
Horse kidney: cadmium 1 pc.	- administrative measures,		
	- modifications of the NRCP of 2012: increased		
	sample number from 2 to 5.		
Milk			
Goat milk: lead 1 pc.	- additional sampling		

	- administrative measures, - modifications of the NRCP of 2012: increased sample number from 2 to 4 (together with sheep milk from 5 to 7).	
Honey		
Sulphadimethoxin 2 pcs.	- Additional sampling	
Tetracyclines 6pcs.	- modifications of the NRCP of 2012	
	- increased sample numbers: B1 sulphonamides	
	from 10 to 20. B1 tetracyclines from 15 to 40.	

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Modification of national residue plan	•
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Agriculture: an LCMSMS method has been validated to confirm chloramphenicol in milk and honey. An LCMSMS method has been validated and accredited to screen and confirm Beta Agonists in urine. Taleranol analysis has been added to the plan. Aquaculture: No non-compliant results for 2011

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions	
	Bovines	
Thyrostats – thiouracil – urine 11 non-compliant results	11 target samples confirmed non-compliant for thiouracil at the following levels: $12.9 - 16.6 - 23.6 - 22.5 - 9.0 - 15.2 - 13.7 - 8.8 - 11.6 - 10.3$ and $10.7 \mu g/kg$. Follow-up investigations were initiated at farm level in all cases and no evidence of illegal use was identified. In line with scientific evidence, the Competent Authority has concluded that the residues resulted from dietary factors.	
Beta-agonists – urine – 2 non- compliant results* (same herd)	Following notification of a positive result from an Irish animal tested in Northern Ireland, 2 target samples confirmed non-compliant for clenbuterol at 5,2 and 0,7 µg/kg. A follow up investigation was initiated at farm level and restrictions were imposed in accordance with Article 16 & 17 of Directive 96/23/EC. Criminal prosecution was initiated and is still ongoing.	
Nitrofurans – nitrofurazone as SEM – plasma - 1 non- compliant result	1 target sample confirmed non-compliant for nitrofurazone as SEM at 0,189µg/kg. A follow up investigation was initiated at the farm of origin and no evidence of illegal use was identified. In line with scientific evidence, the Competent Authority has concluded that the residues resulted from extraneous factors.	
	Poultry	
Beta-agonists – liver – 1 non- compliant result	1 target sample confirmed non-compliant for Isoxsuprine at 0,16µg/kg. A follow up investigation was initiated at the plant and associated rearing units and did not reveal any evidence of illegal administration.	
Ovine		
Nitrofurans – nitrofurazone as SEM – liver – 4 non-compliant result.	4 target samples confirmed non-compliant for Nitrofurazone as SEM at 0,115 – 0,139 – 0,159 and 0,171 µg/kg. A follow up investigation was initiated at the farm of origin and no evidence of	

	illegal use was identified. In line with scientific evidence, the Competent Authority has concluded that the residues resulted from extraneous factors.
Thyrostats – thiouracil – urine – 1 non-compliant result	1 target sample confirmed non-compliant for Thiouracil at 38.2 µg/kg. Follow up investigation was initiated at farm level and no evidence of illegal use was identified. In line with scientific evidence, the Competent Authority has concluded that the residues resulted from dietary factors.

Modification of national residue plan

Agriculture: An LCMSMS method has been validated and accredited to confirm Anticoccidials in avian muscle. An LCMSMS method to confirm Anticoccidials in egg has been accredited. An LCMSMS method to confirm Anticoccidials in non-broiler muscle has been validated. An LCMSMS method has been validated to confirm sedatives in kidney. An LCMSMS method has been validated and accredited to confirm NSAID's in kidney. Mycotoxin analysis has been added to the Plan in the bovine/porcine/ovine/caprine/poultry & equine sectors.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions	
	Bovines	
Antimicrobials – muscle - 5 non-compliant results*	5 suspect samples confirmed non-compliant for antibiotics: (1) 131,5μg/kg oxytetracycline (2) > 300 μg/kg Marbofloxacin (3) > 200μg/kg sulfamethazine (4) 360 μg/kg oxytetracycline (5) 150 μg/kg oxytetracycline	
Anthelmintics – liver - 3 non- compliant results*	3 target samples confirmed non-compliant for anthelmintics: (1) 3.591 μ g/kg triclabendazole (2) 816,5 μ g/kg ivermectin (3) 302 μ g/kg ivermectin. All suspect carcases declared unfit for human consumption and destroyed. Full on farm investigations including examination of medicines on farm and animal remedies record were carried out in each case. As appropriate, advice was given to the farmer and follow-up visits took place.	
Pigs		
Antibiotics – muscle – 2 non- compliant results*	2 target samples confirmed non-compliant for antibiotics as follows: (1) Sulfadiazine > 200 μg/kg (2) Sulfadimidine 1.250 μg/kg. Full on farm investigations including examination of medicines on farm and animal remedies record	

	were carried out in each case. As appropriate,	
	advice was given to the farmer and follow-up	
	visits took place.	
	Ovine	
Anthelmintics – liver – 4 non-	3 target samples confirmed non-compliant for	
compliant results*	closantel: (1) 2.860,3 µg/kg (2) 5.284 µg/kg	
	(3) 2.566 μg/kg. 1 target sample confirmed	
	non-compliant for hydroxy-flubendazole &	
	amino-flubendazole at 3,95 μg/kg & 2,65 μg/kg.	
	Full on farm investigations including	
	examination of medicines on farm and animal	
	remedies record were carried out in each case.	
	As appropriate, advice was given to the farmer	
	and follow-up visits were scheduled.	
	Honey	
Chemical elements – honey – 3	2 target samples confirmed non-compliant for	
non-compliant results	lead: (1) 87,381 μg/kg (2) 199,99 μg/kg. 1	
	suspect sample confirmed non-compliant for	
	lead (1) 90,492 μ g/kg. Targeted sample (1) was	
	2011 honey taken directly from hives on an	
	apiary operated by the beekeeper that had a	
	non-compliance associated with lead in honey in	
	late 2010. This sample was taken as part of the	
	follow-up investigation. Honey produced on this	
	apiary in 2011 was detained in the hives and	
	was not extracted for human consumption.	
	Targeted sample (2) relates to a separate case	
	where lead was detected in a different	
	producer's honey. The suspect sample outlined	
	above was taken as part of the follow-up activity	
	arising from this non-compliant result. This	
	beekeeper's honey has been removed from the	
	market and restrictions placed on his hives and	
	future honey. Due to the seasonal nature of	
	honey production, the follow-up investigation in	
	this case is on-going.	
Eggs		
Anticoccidials – eggs – 1 non-	1 target sample confirmed non-compliant for	
compliant result	monensin 20,7 μg/kg. A full on farm	
	investigation including examination of animal	
	remedies record carried out.	
Milk		
Anthelmintics – bovine milk - 2	2 target samples taken from milk tanks at farm	

non-compliant results*	level confirmed non-compliant as follows: (1)
	ivermectin at 1,2 μg/kg (2) Nitroxynil at
	8,8 μg/kg. Follow up farm investigations were
	carried out in all cases. Risk assessment
	concluded that at the very low levels found, it
	was not necessary to withdraw milk from the
	market. Restrictions on movement of
	milk/treated animals; additional sampling and
	on-going monitoring were implemented as
	appropriate, advice was given to the farmer and
	follow-up visits took place.

^{*}Non-compliant results as appropriate have been reported to the relevant Services of the CA for the purposes of implementation of Commission Regulation (EC) No 796/2004.

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Modification of national residue plan

Corticosteroids migrate from group A3 to B2f: this changes follow a request of the EU Commission. However, we would like to underline that "use of corticosteroids for purpose different from the ones allowed to the current law, as example without a receipt, without a registration on the treatment register, the lack of the registration of the treatment by the official veterinarian on the official register is foreseen as an illicit treatment". Resorcycil acid lactones including zeranol: the confirmation methods used as research of substances of group A4 – resorcycil acid lactones including zeranol – in urine, must be detect the following substances: alphazearalanol, beta-zearalanol, zearalanone, zearalenol-alpha, zearalenol-beta and zearalenone (mycotoxin F). Prednisolone: values below 5 ppb come from the possible origin (semi) endogenous of prednisolone.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Dexamethasone – cow – liver – 44 ppb	Target sample. Investigations in the farm: the record checks allowed to identify the source in the withdrawal period not observed. No additional sample has been taken, intensified checks in the farm.
Dexamethasone - veal calves - liver - 4,36 ppb	Target sample. Investigations in the farm. No additional sample has been taken but intensified checks. At the slaughterhouse, 478 kg of carcasses have been declared unfit for the human consumption.
Dexamethasone – urine – veal – calves – 0,69 ppb.	Target samples. Investigation in the farm. record checks and additional samples; the source was a treatment.
12 dexamethasone - liver - cows: 1. 1,65 ppb - 2. 15,3 ppb - 3. 26,5 ppb - 4. 42,7 ppb - 5. 13,3 ppb - 6. 9,64 ppb - 7. 5,38 ppb - 8. 98,0 ppb - 9. 6,33 ppb - 10. 41,5 ppb - 11. 12,4 ppb - 12. 13,0 ppb	Target, other and suspect samples. 2 animals have been put under seizure. At the slaughterhouses, 10 carcasses put under temporary seizure and 10 have been declared unfit for the human consumption. Administrative measures and criminal penalties. (6) (8) (9) (10): denial EC aids in progress. (8) n. 11 additional samples, intensified checks in 11 farm. Investigations in the farms still in progress.

2 dexamethasone – liver – veal	Suspect samples. (1) Investigation in the
- calves:	farm. Record checks but no additional
1. 16,5 ppb – 2. 123 ppb.	samples; 1 animal has been put under seizure
1. 10,5 ρρυ 2. 125 ρρυ.	and declared unfit for the human
	consumption. The source has not been
	established. Investigations in the farms still in
	progress.
8 dexamethasone – liver –	Target, other and suspect samples.
young bovines:	Investigation in the farm: record checks and
1. 21,1 ppb – 2. 0,98 ppb –	25 additional samples. 590 animals have been
3. 13,70 ppb – 4. 1,64 ppb –	put under seizure and one declared unfit for
5. 27,11 ppb – 6. 61,36 ppb	the human consumption. The source was
– 7. 859 ppb – 8. 5,3 ppb.	established in the treatment 7 days before the
	slaughter. Investigations in the farms still in
	progress (7). Administrative measures and
	criminal penalties.
1 dexamethasone – urine –	Suspect sample. Investigation in the farm:
young bovines - 0,59 ppb.	record checks. No additional samples have
	been taken. 1 animal put under temporary
	seizure and have been declared unfit for the
	human consumption. Administrative
	measures. The source was an illegal
	(anabolic) treatment.
3 dexamethasone – urine – cow:	Target sample. Investigation in the farm and
1. 1,43 ppb – 2. 1,55 ppb –	intensified the checks. 38 additional samples
3. 5.02 ppb	have been taken. In one case, the animal has
and 1 prednisolone – urine –	been sampled by mistake because it was been
cow 0,64 ppb.	undergone treatment; in another case the
	source has not been established. 307 animals
	under seizure and intensified checks in 2
	farms.
3 prednisolone – urine – calves:	Target and suspect samples. Investigation in
1. 0,93 ppb - 2. 35,8 ppb -	the farm: record checks. 3 animals have been
3. 3,61 ppb	put under seizure and 1 animal has been put
,	under temporary seizure until the end of the
	investigation. (2): as "Suspected"
	"anatomohistopathological" samples. (3):
	Investigation in the farm: record checks. 21
	additional samples have been taken; the
	source was a recorded treatment (Desacin).
3 prednisolone and 2 prednisone	Target and suspect samples. (1) (2):
- urine - young bovines:	Investigation in the farm (records). 11
1. 0,73 ppb	additional samples and intensified checks in
1. 0,75 μμυ	additional samples and intensined encers in

2. 0,86 ppb – 0,96 ppb	the farm. Administrative measures, criminal
3. 0,59 ppb – 0,59 ppb.	penalties and denial EC aids in progress. 12
	animals has been put under temporary
	seizure. Investigations in the farms still in
	progress. (3): as "Suspected" "anatomo- histopathological" samples). Investigation in
	the farm: record checks but no additional
	samples. The source has not been
	established. 1 carcass has been put under
	temporary seizure and declared unfit for
	human consumption. Administrative
	measures. Investigations in the farms still in
2	progress.
3 prednisolone and 3 prednisone – cow – urine:	Suspect samples. Investigation in the farms of origin with checks of the record. No additional
1. 79,7 ppb – 16,8 ppb	samples have been taken. Administrative
2. 53,4 ppb – 7,71 ppb	measures. Denial EC aid. The source has been
3. 118 ppb – 17,8 ppb	a not recorded treatment.
1 prednisolone and 1 prednisone	Target samples. (1): Investigation in the farm
– cow – liver – 261,29 ppb and	(records). 11 additional samples and
21,19 ppb	intensified checks in the farm. 60 animals
	have been put under seizure. The source has
	not been established. Administrative
	measures, criminal penalties and denial EC aids.
1 stanozolol – urine – veal	Target sample. Investigation in the farm with
calves – 50,8 ppb	checks of the record. 1 carcass declared unfit
	for the human consumption. No source
	determined. Criminal penalties.
2 chloramphenicol – muscle:	Target sample. At the farm, there was an
1. rabbit – 2,49 ppb	investigation with record checks and 31
2. euryhaline (sea bream) –	additional samples, 4 of which feed. The source has not been established. 1600
0,14 ppb	animals have been put under seizure.
	Intensified checks in other 2 farms.
	Investigations are still in progress.
	Administrative measures and denial EC aids.
1 beta-zearalenol – urine – cows	Target samples. At the slaughterhouse, 1
– 1,41 ppb	carcass has been put under temporary
	seizure. Investigations in the farm: record
1 hota zoaralonel wrine week	checks, no additional samples.
1 beta-zearalenol – urine – veal – calves – 1,45 ppb	Target samples. No information.
carves 1,75 ppu	

young bovines: 1. 1,16 ppb	
2. 0,7 ppb under temporary seizure. Investigations ar still in progress. 1 alpha- and 1 beta-zearalenol – urine – young bovines - (record checks), no additional samples. The	<u> </u>
still in progress. 1 alpha- and 1 beta-zearalenol – Target samples. (1) Investigation in the far urine – young bovines - (record checks), no additional samples. The	ē
1 alpha- and 1 beta-zearalenol – Target samples. (1) Investigation in the far urine – young bovines - (record checks), no additional samples. The	
urine – young bovines - (record checks), no additional samples. The	
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•	<u> </u>
1,33 ppb and 2,87 ppb source probably has been the feed.	
5 clenbuterol – hair – veal Suspect sample. 196 animals put under	
calves: temporary seizure. Investigation in the farm	
1. 2.29 ppb – 2. 2,48 ppb – and record checks. 42 samples taken in lin	
3. 2,62 ppb – 4. 2,65 ppb – farms. Intensified checks in other 10 farms	
5. 2,45 ppb Investigations are still in progress.	
11 SEM (semicarbazide) – Suspect samples. At the farm there was an	
muscle – veal calves: investigation with record checks and 21	
1. 2,29 ppb - 2. 1,17 ppb - additional samples; the source has not bee	า
3. 1,12 ppb - 4. 1,84 ppb - established. 21 carcasses have been put	
5. 1,59 ppb – 6. 1,56 ppb – under temporary seizure and 11 declared u	nfit
7. 1,48 ppb – 8. 1,49 ppb – for the human consumption. Intensified	
9. 1,95 ppb – 10. 1,07 ppb – checks in 1 farm. Administrative measures	
11. 1,85 ppb and criminal penalties. Denial EC aids.	
2 SEM (semicarbazide) 2 Suspect (1) (2) and Target (3) (4) samples	
AMOZ – muscle – veal At the farm, there was an investigation wit	า
calves: record checks and 7 additional samples; 42	8
1. 1,01 ppb – 1,08 ppb animals have been put under temporary	
2. 1,01 ppb – 1,09 ppb seizure in the farm. The source has not bee	n
3. 1,32 ppb – 2,76 ppb established. 21 carcasses have been put	
4. 8,16 ppb – 3,48 ppb under temporary seizure and 11 declared u	nfit
for the human consumption. Administrative	
measures and criminal penalties.	
1 AMOZ - muscle - veal Target samples. At the farm, there was an	
calves - 1,03 ppb investigation with record checks and	
additional samples. 21 carcasses have been	1
put under temporary seizure and 1 declare	t
unfit for the human consumption.	
Administrative measures and criminal	
penalties. Denial EC aids.	
1 clenbuterol – urine – Target sample. One animal has been put	
young bovines – 5,9 ppb under temporary seizure in the farm. Chec	(S
of the record and 23 additional samples ha	3
been taken. The checks have been intensifi	ed
in 2 farms because the source has not been	1
established.	

1 clenbuterol – liver – young bovines – 5,8 ppb	Target sample. At the farm, there was an investigation with record checks; 17 animals have been put under temporary seizure in the farm. 13 additional samples (hair and feed) have been taken. The source has not been established. 1 carcass has been put under temporary seizure and declared unfit for human consumption. The checks have been intensified in 2 farms. Investigations are still
	intensified in 2 farms. Investigations are still in progress. Criminal penalties.

Modification of national residue plan

NSAIDs in muscle for bovine, swine, equine, ovine, goats and rabbit species: the following research has been inserted. Dioxins and dioxin-like PCBs in muscle for ovine, goats and poultry - animal "hen": this research is particularly important according to a high risk of contamination in ovine grazing and in hen bred on ground. Non-dioxin-like PCBs in honey: because in honey the research of substances soluble in fat is not sensible, this research was eliminated. This valuation was confirmed by absence of MLR for this matrix in the published law. Eggs: sampling activity is divided into farm and packing centres according to EU decision 97/747/EC saying "at least 30% of samples must be collected from packing centre which represent the most significant percentage of eggs for human consumption". Aquaculture: sampling must cover "a minimum of 10% of registered sites of production". We invite each Region and Autonomous Province to implement its programs according to the previous information. At national level, the assessment of this requirement will take into account the information coming from aquaculture registry office.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
	Bovines
4 (beta HCH) – feed	Other samples. Investigation in the farm. 9 additional samples (3 of witch not have been compliant). Intensified checks. In one case, the field was put under seizure, prohibiting the collection and use. In two cases, the source of contamination was found in the overflowing of the river Sacco. Administrative measures. Investigations in the farms still in progress.
6 benzylpenicillin (penicillin G)	Other and suspect samples. Investigation in

- muscle	the farm: record checks. No additional samples. Intensified checks. 4 carcasses have been put under temporary seizure and 5 carcasses have been declared unfit for the human consumption. The source was mistakenly performed treatment on another animal. In one case the source was the treatment. Investigations in the farms still in progress. Administrative measures. Denial EC aid.
2 ampicillin – muscle	Other and suspect samples. Investigation in the farm: record checks. No additional samples. Intensified checks. 1 carcass has been declared unfit for the human consumption. Administrative measures and criminal penalties. Denial EC aids in progress.
1 dicloxacillin – muscle	Suspect samples. Investigation in the farm: record checks. No additional samples. The source has not been established. Administrative measures and criminal penalties. Denial EC aids in progress.
11 oxytetracycline – muscle	Target and suspect samples. Investigation in the farm, no additional samples Intensified checks. 6 carcasses have been put under temporary seizure and declared unfit for the human consumption. In one case the source was mistakenly replaced by another with an animal ear tag like, while in another two cases the source was no record of treatment by the veterinarian. Investigations are still in progress. Administrative measures and criminal penalties. Denial EC aids.
1 oxytetracycline – liver	Suspect samples. Investigation in the farm, no additional samples Intensified checks. 1 carcasses have been put under temporary seizure and declared unfit for the human consumption. The source has not been established. Investigations are still in progress. Administrative measures.
3 chlortetracycline – muscle	Target samples. Record checks; no additional sample. The source has not been established. 1 carcass has been declared

	unfit for the human consumption.
	Administrative measures.
1 amoxycillin – muscle	Suspect sample. At the slaughterhouse, 1 carcass put under temporary seizure and declared unfit for the human consumption. No additional samples in the farm because the investigation showed that the treatment was not recorded. Denial EC aid.
4 sulfadimethoxine - muscle	Target samples. Investigation in the farm: record checks. No additional samples The source has not been established. 3 carcasses has been declared unfit for the human consumption. In one case, the source was a therapeutic treatment. Administrative measures. Denial EC aid in progress.
1 sulfadimidine and 1 sulfamerazine – muscle – young bovines	Other samples. 1 carcass has been put under temporary seizure and declared unfit for human consumption. Investigations in the farm but no additional samples have been taken, intensified checks at the farm. Administrative measures.
3 sulfadiazine, 2	Target and suspect samples. Investigation in
sulfamerazine and 2 sulfadimidine – muscle	the farm: record checks; 3 carcass has been put under temporary seizure and then declared unfit to the human consumption. In one case, the source was the treatment was not recorded. Administrative measure and criminal penalties.
2 sulfathiazole – muscle	Suspect samples. Investigation in the farm: record checks; the source has not been established. 1 carcass has been put under temporary seizure and then declared unfit to the human consumption. Investigations are still in progress
Dioxins - muscle	Other samples. Investigation in the farm: record checks; 3 additional samples have been taken. Intensified checks in 16 farm. Investigation are still in progress. Administrative measure.
	Pigs
7 sulfadimethoxine – muscle	Target and other samples. 23 carcasses have been put under seizure at the slaughterhouse and the declared unfit for the

2 sulfadimidine – muscle	human consumption. Investigation in the farm of origin. No additional sample taken but the checks on the farms have been intensified. In one case, the source was a management error. Administrative measures and criminal penalties. Target sample. Investigation in the farm: record checks; in one case, the source was a management error. Investigations are still in progress. Administrative measure and criminal penalties.
1 sulfadiazine – muscle	Target sample. Investigation in the farm of origin.
2 doxycycline – muscle	Target sample. 148 carcasses put under temporary seizure at the slaughterhouse and declared unfit for the human consumption. Investigation in the farms of the origin: check of the record. No additional samples. Criminal penalties.
1 tetracycline – liver	Other sample. 1 carcass has been put under seizure at the slaughterhouse and declared unfit for the human consumption. The animal came from a collecting centre. Administrative measures.
1 chlortetracycline – liver	Other sample. The value was below MRL. The investigation on the farm has showed the use of this drug on other animals.
	Poultry
1 sulfadimethoxine – drinking water – turkey	Other sample. Investigation in the farm: record checks. Administrative measures.
1 sulfadimethoxine – muscle	Target samples. Investigation in the farms: record checks, but no additional samples, the source has not been established. Investigation are still in progress.
4 doxycycline – muscle – broiler	Target samples and other samples. Investigation in the farms: record checks, but no additional samples, the source has not been established.
1 oxytetracycline – muscle – broiler	Target sample. Investigation on the farm. Administrative measures and criminal penalties.
4 dioxins – muscle – hens	Other samples. 140 animals declared unfit for the human consumption and destroyed.

	Intensified checks in the farm. Further samples have been taken. Administrative measures. The source can be identified with Bad Agricultural Practices, i.e. bad handling of polluting material.
1 flumequine – drinking water – broiler	Other sample. The investigation in the farm, especially the checks of the record have showed one treatment not recorded. Administrative measures.
1 lead (Pb) – muscle	Target samples. Investigation in the farm and 1 additional sample has been taken (drinking water). The source of contamination was not found.
1 lasalocid – muscle – quail	Target sample. Recall of product. Investigation on the farm of origin: record checks and 1 additional sample have been taken. Intensified checks on one farm. The source has been identified in improper use of the drug. Denial EC aids.
Sh	eep and goats
2 lead (Pb) – muscle	Target samples. Investigation in the farm and 2 additional samples have been taken. Intensified checks in the farm. The source of contamination was not found. Investigations are still in progress.
1 HCH-beta – fat	Other samples. At the slaughterhouse, 1 carcass hase been put under seizure and declared unfit to the human consumption. At the farm of origin, 1 additional sample of milk has been taken.
	Horses
3 cadmium (Cd) – muscle 1 aflatoxin B1 – feed	Target sample. Investigation in the farm of origin: checks of the treatment register. 3 additional (for Aflatoxin B1) samples have been taken. No intensified check on the farm. Administrative measures. Milk
17 M1 – bovine	Target, other and suspect samples. 13
17 PII - BOVINE	additional samples of milk and 2 of feed have been taken. Intensified checks on the farms. 6.911,7 l of milk and 79 round have been declared unfit for the human consumption. Verification of the results of

	self-checking system implemented by the FBO. Administrative measures and criminal penalties. In three cases, the source has been the feed. Additional sample after change of animal's diet. The result has been compliant. Checks of the washing cycle of the bin.
1 aflatoxin M1 – sheep	Other samples. No additional information
2 alpha- and 4 beta-HCH – bovine	Target and other samples. 11 additional samples have been taken and have been intensified the checks. The source of contamination was not found. Investigations are still in progress. In one case, 274 animals put under seizure and 400 litres of milk were declared unfit for the human and animal consumption has been destroyed. Intensified checks in 1 farm. In one case, the source has been the feed and drinking water
1 beta-HCH – sheep and goats	Other samples. Investigation and have been intensified the checks. 2 additional samples have been taken The source of contamination was not found. Investigations are still in progress.
1 beta-HCH in sheep	Target sample. Investigation at the farm. Intensified checks in the farms and 2 additional samples of feed have been taken. The source of contamination was not found. Investigations are still in progress.
3 beta-HCH in buffalo	Other and suspect sample. Intensified checks in the farms and 4 additional sample have been taken; 46 animals put under seizure, 1.000 litres of milk and 43 rounds first declared unfit for the human and animal consumption then destroyed. In one case, the source has been the feed. Investigations are still in progress.
1 ampicillin – bovine	Suspect sample. 2,5 q of milk declared unfit for the human and animal consumption. Investigation in the farm: record checks. Administrative measures.
Eggs	
6 dioxins	Other samples. Have been intensified the

	checks on the farms. 11 hens have been put under temporary seizure. No 2 additional samples have been taken. In one case, the waste has been easy to get to. In one case, the source was environmental contamination In another case, the hens can scratch around on the road and ingest pieces of asphalt. Not eating eggs and not access to the road.
A	quaculture
2 malachite green-leuco – eurialine (trout)	Target and suspect samples. An order of the mayor has put the whole farm under temporary seizure. 1 additional sample has been taken and the result has been noncompliant. Another order of the mayor has imposed the culling of the whole farm. Office of the Public Prosecutor c/o Criminal Court in Salerno has been informed. Denial EC aids.
1	Honey
1 sulfamethoxazole	Other samples. Investigation in the farm: record checks. One batch of honey has been put under seizure and the declared unfit to human consumption. The source has not been identified. Investigations are still in progress.
3 tetracycline	Target samples. 800 kg of honey 10 hives put under temporary seizure. Investigation in the farms and intensified checks. 3 additional samples have been taken. 14 hives have been put under seizure. Administrative measures and criminal penalties. Investigations are still in progress.
4 chlortetracycline	Other samples. 2.566 kg of honey put under temporary seizure. Investigation in the farms and intensified checks. 48 additional samples have been taken. Administrative measures. Investigations are still in progress.
3 cypermethrin	Other samples. Investigation on the farm: record checks and no 2 additional samples have been taken. Intensified checks. 1.153 kg of honey have declared unfit to human consumption. The source has not been identified.
1 tylosin	Other samples. Investigation on the farm:

	record checks and 5 additional samples have been taken. Intensified checks. Administrative measures and criminal penalties.
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Modification of national residue plan

Number of pigs and honey samples is increased whereas there is increase in the number of slaughtered pigs and honey production in Lithuania. Official laboratories involved in analyses of residues of veterinary medicinal products are accredited in accordance with EN ISO/IEC 17025 on 'General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories' standard and they use validated methods according to Commission Decision 2002/657/EC. Considering the results of residue monitoring in EU and RASFF notifications, testing of nitrofurans is introduced into residue monitoring plan for bovine animals. Testing of dapsone is introduced into residue monitoring plan for sheep/goats, horses, rabbits and farmed game.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions	
	Bovines	
17β-oestradiol – plasma	Investigation was carried out, farm and animal were identified. The probable cause is of natural origin. Farm was classified to higher risk group in order to increase frequency of official control.	
Swine		
2-thiouracil – urine	Investigation was carried out, farm and animal were identified. Non-compliances regarding record of use of veterinary medicinal products were found. Restriction on animal moving was applied; additional samples were taken (negative results). Administrative sanctions have been applied; official control on farm was strengthened. The cause of origin was not identified.	

Group B substances

Modification of national residue plan

Number of pig samples for testing of dioxins and ochratoxin is increased according to EFSA Scientific Opinion on the public health hazards to be covered by inspection of meat (swine). UPLC-MS/MS method was introduced for testing of sulfonamides in muscle samples of bovines, pigs, poultry, sheep/goats, horses, rabbits and farmed game. LC-MS/MS (screening/post screening) broad spectrum method is used for testing of antimicrobials in muscle samples of sheep/goats, horses, rabbits and farmed game. According to EURL recommendations and

RASFF notifications, testing of crystal violet, leuco crystal violet, brilliant green and methylene blue is introduced into the monitoring plan for aquaculture. According to FVO recommendation, testing of tylosin is introduced into the monitoring plan for honey.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Bovines	
1 oxytetracycline – muscle	Investigation was carried out, farm and animal were identified. Carcass was disposed. Restriction measures were applied; additional samples were taken for investigation (negative results).
1 dihydrostreptomycin – muscle	Investigation was carried out, farm and animal were identified. Carcass was sold before the investigation. The cause of origin was not identified.
1 diclofenac – muscle	Investigation was carried out, farm and animal were identified. Carcass was sold before the investigation. Non-compliances regarding record of use of veterinary medicinal products were found. Official control on farm was strengthened.
1 cadmium – kidney	Investigation was carried out, farm and animal were identified. Cow (13 years old) was pastured on the grassland. Carcass was sold before the investigation. Restriction measures were applied for the farm.
	Swine
1 benzylpenicillin – muscle	Investigation was carried out, farm and animal were identified. Non-compliance regarding use of veterinary medicinal product (containing benzylpenicillin) was found. Administrative sanctions have been applied.
1 oxytetracycline – muscle	Investigation was carried out, farm and animal were identified. Non-compliance regarding use of veterinary medicinal products was found. Additional samples were taken (negative results). Administrative sanctions have been applied.
Horses	
1 cadmium – kidney	Investigation was carried out, farm and animal were identified. Horse was pastured near highway. Carcass was sold before the investigation. Subproducts were processed in

	category 1 processing plant.	
	Poultry	
1 diclofenac – muscle	Investigation was carried out, farm was	
	identified. Additional samples were taken	
	(negative results). The cause of origin was not	
	identified.	
	Milk	
1 benzylpenicillin	Investigation was carried out, farm was	
	identified. Non-compliances regarding use of	
	veterinary medicinal products and record of use	
	of veterinary medicinal products were found.	
	Additional samples have been taken (negative	
	results). Administrative sanctions have been	
	applied, official control on farm was	
	strengthened.	
	Honey	
1 sulfathiazole	Investigation was carried out, apiary was	
	identified. Honey was sold before the	
	investigation. Additional samples were taken	
	(negative results). Restriction measures were	
	applied. The cause of origin was not identified.	
1 tetracycline	Investigation was carried out, apiary was	
	identified. Non-compliances regarding use of	
	veterinary medicinal products were found.	
	Restriction measures were applied for the	
	apiary. Remaining stock of contaminated honey	
	was processed in category 1 processing plant.	
	Additional samples of honey from further	
	harvest were taken. Administrative sanctions	
	have been applied	

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Modification of national residue plan	
No changes.	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
None	None

Modification of national residue plan	
No changes.	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Wild game	
1 sample – fat – wild boar – alpha-HCH 0,484 mg/kg - beta-HCH 0,248 mg/kg – HCB 0,442 mg/kg	Increasing sampling for B3c in 2012
1 sample Cd – liver – roe – 0,554 mg/kg	Increasing sampling for B3c in 2012

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Modification of national residue plan	
No changes.	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions

Modification of national resident	Modification of national residue plan	
No changes.		
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions	
	Bovines	
Spiramycin – 1,4 μg/kg –	1 farm (1.025 cows held in the farm) was	
bovine kidney	investigated. Origin of spiramycin was not	
	identified.	
Trimethoprim – 6,2 μg/kg –	1 farm was investigated. The time of drugs	
bovine kidney	separation was not considered. The slaughtered	
	cow was last in this farm. The penalty was	
	imposed.	
	Eggs	
Enrofloxacin – 30 μg/kg.	1 farm (1,5 millions birds held in the farm) was	
	investigated. The infringements were found	
	regarding to cleaning of drinking water tanks.	
	Additional sampling – 4 eggs samples. The	
	testing of all the samples were negative.	
	Wild game	
Cadmium – 16 liver samples		
(0,476 to 7,2 mg/kg) – 13		
kidney samples (1,27 to		
20,8 mg/kg) – 7 muscle		
samples (0,053 to		
0,286 mg/kg).		
Lead – 2 muscle samples		
(0,119 and 0,357 mg/kg) – 1		
liver sample (0,514 mg/kg) –		
1 kidney sample		
(0,671 mg/kg).		
Honey		

AOZ - 7 μg/kg.	The product was withdrawn from the market. 25
	kg were destroyed.
Lead - 3 samples - 0,035,	Origin of lead was not identified.
0,022 and 0,011 mg/kg.	

Modification of national residue plan	
No changes	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
None	None

Modification of national residue plan	
No changes	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Poultry (Target and Suspects)
1 liver sample non-compliant for salinomycin: liver – 10 μg/kg (target). 1 feed sample (broiler finisher) from a 2011 follow-up sample found non-compliant for salinomycin: >1.400 ug/kg (suspect)	During the investigation carried out on the farm on the targeted poultry liver sample, the farmer stated that during that period, the slaughterhouse had requested animals prior to full withdrawal period. A suspect broiler finisher feed sample was taken on farm which resulted non compliant for salinomycin levels in feed but the liver sample taken from the flock fed the above mentioned feed was found compliant for ionophores. The finisher broiler feed sample taken from the supplying feedmill was compliant to MRL levels. A warning letter was issued to farmer. Suspect liver samples during every flock slaughter have been taken and analysed and have all resulted compliant. Finisher feed samples on farm will still be taken to monitor compliance.
1 liver sample non-compliant for salinomycin: liver – 10 μg/kg (suspect). 1 liver sample non-compliant for salinomycin: liver – 24 μg/kg (suspect)	Two suspect poultry liver samples belonging to the same farmer were once again found non-compliant as in previous years. The food business operator is being targeted at every slaughter and samples are sent immediately for analysis. Three consecutive samples were taken from the three different slaughterings. The first two were found positive but the most recent one was found negative. On farm

	,
1 feed sample from a 2011 follow-up sample found noncompliant for salinomycin: > 2.000 µg/kg (suspect)	investigation was also carried out and the food business operator was warned by an official letter. Feed sample was also taken from the supplying feedmill and found compliant. Farm is still being targeted during every slaughter and all liver samples analysed for ionophores have resulted compliant. This is a follow-up from a 2011 positive sample. In 2011, a poultry target liver sample was found positive and following an investigation, feed used by feed business
> 2.000 μg/kg (suspect)	operator was taken from feedmill. The finished product was sampled and resulted negative to coccidiostats but the concentrate was also sampled and was found to be positive to salinomycin even though the label did not state any salinomycin added. The owner had to contact company (imported product) to lodge complaint.
	Eggs
1 sample non-compliant for	Two positives for maduramycin from different
maduramycin; 6 μg/kg (target).	farms sampled in the same month. Farm
1 sample non-compliant for maduramycin; 5 μg/kg (target).	investigations revealed that both farms use feed from same feedmill. Feed from both farms and from feedmills were sampled during investigation and resulted compliant for ionophores. One farm has closed down in the meantime. The other farm is being targeted for egg samples.
1 sample non-compliant for diclazuril; 8 μg/kg (target)	The sample found non-compliant for diclazuril was received recently. Investigation is still underway. The sample originates from a farm with less than 300 birds of over thirty (30) months. This farm rears birds using natural light and therefore egg production is scarce during certain periods of the year. Eggs were also sampled during 2012 for ionophores and resulted compliant. The farm will be targeted during egg-production season.

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Group A substances

Modification of national residue plan		
No changes		
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions	
9 non-compliant results for testosterone in bovine (calves)	In all cases the gender of the calves was male. Testosterone is endogenous in male calves. Investigation closed.	
1 non-compliant result for clencyclohexerol in bovine (calves)	Investigation was carried out. A probable cause was not observed. The result of a verification test was compliant. Investigation closed.	
3 non-compliant results for alfa- boldenon in bovine (calves)	No investigation was carried out. Alfaboldenon could be endogenous.	
5 non-compliant results for thiouracil in bovine (calves)	Investigation was carried out. Additional sampling carried out but no further noncompliant samples were found. A probable cause was not observed. Perhaps the feed is the source. Investigation closed.	
2 non-compliant results for isoxsuprine in bovine (calves)	Investigation was carried out. In one case the calve had already been slaughtered and there were no others calves at the holding. In the other case the use of Duphaspasmin was observed. Maternal transfer is a possible explanation. Investigation closed.	
2 non-compliant results for beta- nortestosterone in pig.	Investigation was carried out. In both cases the administration records were inspected and additional sampling was carried out which did not reveal further indications of the abuse of beta-nortestosterone. Investigations are closed.	
2 non-compliant results for oestradiol in poultry (spent hens)	No investigation was carried out. Oestradiol is endogenous in spent hens.	
1 non-compliant result for nitrofurazon in broiler chicken	Investigation was carried out. No probable cause found. Investigation closed.	

Modification of national residue plan		
No changes		
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions	

Bovine animals				
1 non-compliant result for Investigation was carried out. Treatment with				
dihydrostreptomycin in bovine (cows)	dihydrostreptomycin was carried out routinely, but not recorded. Official warning issued.			
3 non-compliant results for neomycin in bovine (cows)	Investigation was carried out. In 2 cases, the use of neomycine was not recorded in the food chain information and the withdrawal period was not respected. Penalties applied. In one case no records of the use of neomycine were found. Official warning issued.			
3 non-compliant results for gentamycin in bovine (1 calf, 2 cows)	In 2 cases, investigation was carried out. The use of neomycine was not documented. Investigation closed.			
25 non-compliant results for cadmium in bovine kidney	No investigation was carried out because all the bovine were older than 2 years. In the Netherlands, kidneys from bovines older than 2 years are excluded from human consumption.			
	Pigs			
1 non-compliant result for dihydrostreptomycin in pig	Investigation was carried out. The records of VMP use were improperly kept. Penalty applied.			
4 non-compliant results for oxytetracycline in pig	Investigation was carried out. In 3 cases the records of VMP use were improperly kept. The use of OTC was also not recorded in the food chain information. Withdrawal period was not respected. Penalties applied. In one case, no cause found. Investigation closed.			
2 non-compliant results for doxycycline in pig	Investigation was carried out. In both cases, the withdrawal period was not respected. In one case the records of VMP use were also improperly kept. Penalties applied.			
1 non-compliant result for diclofenac in pig	No investigation was carried out. The person who took the sample, used a unguent that contained diclofenac. The instructions for sampling were modified to avoid similar contamination of samples in future. The modified procedure is in place since 01-04-2012.			
2	Poultry			
2 non-compliant results for	Investigation was carried out. In both cases,			
doxycycline in broiler chicken	the use of doxycycline was confirmed. Records of the VMP use were kept properly and the withdrawal period was respected. Investigation closed.			

salicylic acid in broiler chicken	did not apply salicylic acid. The veterinarian did not deliver a veterinary medicine containing salicylic acid to that poultry farme No cause found and investigation closed.		
S	heep and goat		
2 non-compliant results for dihydrostreptomycin in sheep	Investigation was carried out. In one case the records of VMP use were improperly kept. Warning applied. The holding will be checked again soon. In the other case, no cause found. Investigation closed.		
2 non-compliant results for oxytetracycline in goat.	No investigation carried out.		
2 non-compliant results for cadmium in sheep	Investigation was carried out. No cause found. Investigation closed.		
	Wild game		
2 non-compliant results for lead in rabbit. 6 non-compliant results for lead in roe deer. 4 non-compliant results for lead in deer. 1 non-compliant result for lead in hare. 4 non-compliant results for lead in wild boar. 1 non-compliant result for lead in wild pigeon. 6 non-compliant results for lead in wild duck	Free range animals. No investigation carried out.		

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Modification of national resid	due plan	
Increased number of samples of pigs, poulty (chickens) and bovines for many		
	ples of farm game included to the plan. Updating	
	ional levels) and validation data (CCa and CCβ).	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions	
A2 – thiouracil (target) – pigs – urine – 16,6 ppb	Investigation on the farm of origin, verification of records; additional sampling (urine, feed); all results compliant; origin of thiouracil was not identified; small farm – no medical treatment registration was kept; 1 administrative measure.	
A3 - 4 x nandrolone (target) - pigs - urine (1) 514,7 ppb (2) 6,8 ppb (3) 2,5 ppb (4) 1,3 ppb	Investigation on the farm of origin; modest infringements concerning feed storage on the farm established during the control; no proof of illegal used of nandrolone was found; additional sampling – all results compliant; 4 administrative measures; 2. Investigation on the farm of orgin; no VMPs nor illegal sustance was found on the spot; medical treatment registration kept correct; additional sampling (water, feed, urine) – all complient (animals held until the results); 1 administrative measure; origin of nandrolone was not identified 3. Investigation in the slaughterhouse and on the farm of origin; meat and meat products thereof, was already eaten after result; additional sampling on the farm (urine) – complient; the reason for presence of nandrolone was not established; 1 administrative measure; 4. Investigation in the slaughterhouse and on the farm of origin.verification of records – kept correct; additional sampling (urine and wateranimals held until sampling results) – results complient; 1 administrative measure; origin of nandrolone was not identified;	

Investigation on the farm; verification of

A6 – SEM (semicarbazide)

(target) – bovines – urine –	records; no fndings, no illegal substance found
1,3 ppb	on the spot; additional sampling (water, serum,
	urine) – all complient; 1 administrative
	measure; no reason of presence of SEM was
	found

Modification of national residue plan

Increased number of samples of pigs, poulty (chickens) and bovines for many substances from group B. Samples of farm game included to the plan.

B1 - Antibacterial substances: Sulfonamides (Sulfamethazine, Sulfamerazine,

New compound/matrix included to the plan:

bovines and poultry, eggs and milk.

Sulfadimethoxine, Sulfadiazine, Sulfamethoxazole, Sulfamethoxypyridazine, Sulfathiazole, Sulfaguanidine, Sulfamonomethoxine, Sulfadoxine, Sulfaquinoxaline), Fluoroquinolones (Enrofloxacin, Ciprofloxacin, Marbofloxacin, Norfloxacin, Danofloxacin, Sarafloxacin, Difloxacin, Flumequine, Oxolinic acid, Nalidixic acid), Tetracyclines (Chlortetracycline, Doxycycline, Oxytetracycline, Tetracycline), Aminoglycosides (Spectinomycin, Streptomycin, Dihydrostreptomycin, Kanamycin, Paromomycin, Gentamicin, Neomycin), Penicillins (Amoxycillin, Ampicillin, Penicillin G, Penicillin V, Oxacillin, Cloxacillin, Nafcillin, Dicloxacillin), Cephalosporins (Cefapirin, Ceftiofur, Cefquinom, Cefalonium, Cefazolin, Cefalexin, Cefoperazon), Macrolides (Spiramycin, Tilmicosin, Tylosin, Erythromycin, Josamycin), Lincomycin in muscle of pigs,

B2c – Pyrethroids (Bifenthrin, Cyfluthrin, Cyhalothrin, Cypermethrin, Deltamethrin, Fenvalerate, Permethrin) in milk.

B 2e – NSAIDs (Antipyrin-4-Methylamino, Antipyrin-4-Amino, Antipyrin-4-Formylamino, Antipyrin-4-Acetylamino) in animal muscles.

B 2e - NSAIDs (Firocoxib, Celecoxib, Rofecoxib) in milk.

Updating of action levels (MRLs, MLs, national levels), validation data (CCa and CC β) and methods.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions			
	Bovines			
B1 - 4 penicillin G	6 investigations (6 cases) in the establishments			
B1 – 5 dihydrostreptomycin	and on the farms as well; verification of records,			
B1 – gentamicin	additional sampling – compliant;in one case			
B1 – neomycin –	additional control of the private practicionner			
muscle/kidney (target)	who was in charge of the farm – animals weren't			
	treated; no reason found; in one case carcass			
	was rendered due to cahexia;in case of			
	treatment of animals, withdrawal period kept			

	commentation and appea DACEE procedure initiated
	correct; in one case RASFF procedure initiated –
	meat exported to Turkey; no reason for B1
	presence was established
B2f – dexamethasone – liver	Investigation in the slaughterhouse and on the
(target)	farm of orign, verification of records – meat and
	meat poducts therof already eaten; during the
	control on the farm appeared that it was shut
	down – additional sampling impossible; medical
	treatment documentation has shown, that
	withdrawal periods was kept; no reason for
	presence of dexamethaone was found
	Pigs
B1 - 3 penicillin G	9 investigations in establishments and on the
B1 – chlortetracyclin	farms of origin; verification of records; additional
B1 – 3 dihydrostreptomycin	sampling (feed on the farm and muscle/kidneys
B1 – 4 doxycycline	in slaughterhouses) – all results compliant; in all
B1 – 2 oxytetracycline –	cases meat and products therof were already
muscle/kidney (target)	eaten; infringments established during the
	controls on farms weren't link in many cases
	directly to usage of VMP's – proper marking of
	animals intending for slaughter; proper filling out
	of FCI; in three cases withdrawal period wasn't
	kept (fines were imposed); in all cases farms
	subjected to intensified checks.
B3c – 2 lead – muscle	Investigations in the esablishment and on the
(target)	farms of origin; verification of records; farms
	suspected; feed given to the animals from the
	farm; source of contaminaton wasn't idenfied.
B3d – Ochratoxin A – kidney	Investigation on the farm of orgin; verification of
(target)	records; feed bought from the feeding mill -
	storage of feed correct; additional sampling
	(kidney and feed – all compliant); 1
	adminstrative measure.
	Poultry
B1 – enrofloxacin (target)	4 investigations in the establishment and on the
B1 – 3 doxycycline (target)	farms of origin; verification of records; additional
– muscle/liver (target)	sampling (in the slaughterhouse) – compliant
	results; in all cases farms subjected to intensified
	checks; in one case foodstuff was still in the
	establishment – 5.637 kg of meat rendered; in 2
	cases reason of presence of antibacterials was
	established; it was withdrawal period that wasn't
	kept; 2 infringements – in medical treatment

	desumentation as well (2 fines about 15 000
	documentation as well (2 fines about 15.000
	PLN).
B2b – 2 lasalocid – liver	3 investigations on the farms; verification of
(target)	records; additional sampling of feed – compliant;
B2b - Monensin - liver	no reason for presence of coccidiostats was
(target)	found; farms subjected to intensified checks; 3
	administrative measures.
	Sheep and goat
B3c – 7 Cadmium – liver	7 investigations on the farm of origin; 6 cases
(target)	from the same region; feed from the farm; no
, ,	industry in the area; in one case animals were
	grazing near the main road; farms suspected;7
	administrative measures.
	Horses
B3c – 1 Cadmium – muscle	Investigation on the farm of origin; additional
(target)	sampling of feed – results compliant; no reason
	was found; meat intended to Italian market –
	RASFF procedure initiated; farm subjected to
	intensified checks.
	Milk
B1 – 2 tetracycline (target)	2 investigations on the farms; in both cases cows
	were treated for mastitis with VMP's including
	tetracycline; according to medical treatment
	documentation withdrawal period (5 days) was
	kept; in second case some neglects during
	rinsing milking equipment could be the
	reason;farms suspected.
	Eggs
P1 oproflovacin (target)	
B1 – enrofloxacin (target)	2 investigations on the farm performed;
B1 – doxycycline (target)	verification of records; additional sampling
	(water, feed, eggs) – all compliant; eggs were
	held (35.000) till obtaining the results; additional
	pharmaceutical control – no infringements
	concerning private vets who were in charge of
	the farm; farm subjected to intensified checks;
	origin of antimicrobials was not identified.
B2b – decoquinate (target)	Investigation on the farm; verification of records;
B2b – decoquinate – feed	hens weren't treated; additional sampling (water,
(suspect)	feed, eggs) – eggs held till the results – all
	compliant. Suspect sample taken during
	intensified check after the non-compliant result
	in eggs.
B2b – diclazuril (target)	Investigation on the farm; additional sampling;
4.0.424.11 (64.900)	

	at the end it turned out, that it had been mistake	
	in sampling; samples were taking from the	
	young hens during grow period.	
B2b – 4 maduramicin (2	Investigation on the farm; verification of records,	
target + 2 suspect)	additional sampling (8 samples of water, eggs,	
	feed). 2 egg samples non-compliant	
	(maduramicin); cross contamination in feed mill	
	was excluded as a reason of NC in eggs. Eggs	
	held and withdraw from the market – 91.033	
	were rendered; origin of antimicrobials was not identified; farm suspected.	
B2b – salinomycin (target)	Investigation on the farm; additional sampling	
	(feed for lying hens) – compliant results; it was	
	established that feed for broilers (with	
	salinomycin) was given to hens; 1 administrative	
	measure; ban on putting meat and eggs on the	
	market – 240 hens and 700 eggs were rendered;	
	owner suspended activity.	
	Aquaculture	
B1 – doxycycline	Investigation on the farm (trout); additional	
B1 – sufadiazine – muscle	sampling; fish were held until results –	
(target)	compliant; origin of antimicrobials was not	
D2 10	identified.	
B3e – 10 malachite green (6	6 investigations on the farm were performed	
target + 4 suspect) - muscle (fish)	(5 carps, 1 trout); verification of records; additional sampling where possible (1 NC result);	
(IISII)	fish held on the farm until compliant results	
	received; farms suspected.	
B3c – 1 Arsenic (import) –	3 non-compliant suspect samples taken during	
muscle (fish)	intensified checks.	
	Wild game	
B3c – 7 Lead – muscle	7 investigation performed (5 boars, 2 deer);	
(target)	verification of records; carcasses or/and offals	
	declared unfit for human consumption;	
	7 administrative measures.	
Honey		
B1 - 8 sulfonamides (4	4 investigations on the farms; additional	
target + 4 suspect)	sampling (product held till obtaining results);	
	98 kg of honey in total was rendered (according	
	to data given) using of VMP's was not established in any case; farms subjected to intensified	
	checks.	
	CHCCK3.	

Modification of national residue plan

Bovine, ovine, goat, horses, pigs: Subgroup A5 reinforced, due to positive cases in bovine and pig. Subgroup A2 has recently (2010-2011) presented some positive cases, so there has been a reinforcement (using the balance) of samples to analyze. Poultry: The application of the balance was focused on substances of subgroup A6. The positive results in the European Union and the need for Portugal to be vigilant especially with nitrofurans.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Thiouracil – 1 non-compliant result in thyroid – 16 μg/kg.	Investigation in the farm origin. There were no animals in the farm. Inquiry in the farm especially concerning data about the feed. The operator was notified in order to communicate to the competent authorities when the farm will have animals again. The inquiry was not conclusive. The bovines were feed with soya but not with cruciferous plants.
Clenbuterol – 1 non- compliant results in bovine liver.	Investigation in the farm origin. Inquiry of possible reasons for the presence of the substance. Additional sampling of urine. All animals held in the farm origin until results were available. Additional urine samples in the related farms. The animals: all results were negative. Sanctions will be applied accordingly with the results of the investigation.
Clenbuterol – 2 non- compliant results in water for bovines.	Investigation in the farm origin. Inquiry of possible reasons for the presence of the substance. Additional sampling of urine. All animals held in the farm origin until results were available. Additional urine samples in the related farms. The animals: all results were negative. Sanctions will be applied accordingly with the results of the investigation.

Group B substances

Modification of national residue plan

Bovine, ovine, goat, horses, pigs: Group B: Continues strengthening in subgroup B1 (antimicrobial) that still has the largest number of non-compliant in all species

in the European Union. Similar to the previous year, B2f (quinoxalines) will be surveyed in piglets besides poultry and rabbit, which had positive cases, recently. In horses the total number of samples was maintained. The number of slaughtered horses is reducing each year, 907 (2009) and 774 (2010), and the fact that there isn't a minimum required samples for this species, together with the non-compliant results that have emerged only in heavy metals in liver that are systematically rejected in animals older than two years ensures the effectiveness of the checks. Poultry: Group B: Despite of non-compliant results for subgroup B2b (anticoccidials) has been reduced, the highest number of noncompliant in poultry, is still reported in this subgroup in Portugal and in the European Union. So there will be reinforcement in the number of samples to be collected for this subgroup using the balance samples. Other species and products: Rabbits: Allocation of balance samples in the reinforcement of B2f quinoxalines due to a positive result in Portugal. Milk: Allocation of balance samples in the reinforcement of B2a - anthelmintics due to the raise of noncompliant results in the European Union. Eggs: Distribution of balance samples in the reinforcement of B3a, especially in dioxins due to a non-compliant result in chicken. Honey: Due to positive results in the European Union and despite that it is not a requisite for searching, there are some planned samples for nitrofurans and chloramphenicol.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
	Pigs
Sulfametazine - 2 non- compliant results in muscle - > 5 mg/kg; 0,190 mg/kg.	Investigations in the farm of origin: inquiry of possible reasons for the presence of the substance. Verification of records. Sanctions will be applied accordingly with the results of the investigation.
Sulfadimetoxine – 1 non- compliant result in muscle – 0,71 mg/kg.	Investigations in the farm of origin: inquiry of possible reasons for the presence of the substance. Verification of records. Sanctions will be applied accordingly with the results of the investigation.
	Poultry
Maduramicin – 1 non- compliant result in broiler liver – 887,4 μg/kg.	Investigations in the farm of origin: inquiry of possible reasons for the presence of the substance. Verification of records. Sanctions in order to pay a fine.
Robenidine – 1 non- compliant result in broiler liver – 916,1 µg/kg.	Investigations in the farm of origin: inquiry of possible reasons for the presence of the substance. Verification of records. Sanctions will be applied accordingly with the results of the investigation.
	Sheep and goat

Sulfadiazine – 1 non- compliant result in sheep muscle: > 5 mg/kg. Sulfadimethoxine /	Investigations in the farm of origin: inquiry of possible reasons for the presence of the substance. Verification of records. Sanctions will be applied accordingly with the results of the investigation. Investigations in the farm of origin: inquiry of
Sulfadoxine - 0,32 mg/kg; 1,40 mg/kg - 1 non- compliant result in sheep muscle.	possible reasons for the presence of the substance. Verification of records. Sanctions will be applied accordingly with the results of the investigation.
Lead – 1 non-compliant result in goat liver – 1,9 mg/kg.	Investigations in the farm of origin: inquiry of possible reasons for the presence of the substance but it was no conclusive. Data information was sent to the feed department. Horses
Cadmium - 5 non-compliant result in liver - 2,9 mg/kg; 1,0 mg/kg; 4,2 mg/kg; 12,2 mg/kg; 0,9 mg/kg.	Horses with more than two years old have their livers rejected for human consumption.
	Rabbit
Olaquindox - 1 non- compliant result in rabbit liver - 0,008 mg/kg.	Investigations in the farm of origin, animals held in the farm, new samples in liver 7 (all positive), water 7 (1 positive) and 8 feed (all negative). We slaughtered 1.937 rabbits, which were destroyed as category 1 by-products in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009. Inquiry of possible reasons for the presence of the substance. Sanctions will be applied accordingly with the results of the investigation.
	Farmed game
Diclazuril – 1 non-compliant result in liver in quail - 594,5 μg/kg.	Investigations in the farm of origin: inquiry of possible reasons for the presence of the substance. Verification of records. Sanctions will be applied accordingly with the results of the investigation.
Wild game	
Lead - 1 non-compliant result in veal liver - 0,6 mg/kg. 6 non-compliant results in wild boar liver - 0,8 mg/kg; 5,8 mg/kg; 1,5 mg/kg; 1,4 mg/kg; 0,7 mg/kg; 0,8 mg/kg.	Inquiries of possible reasons for the presence of the substance were not conclusive. Contamination by bullet could be a possibility.

Modification of national residue plan

A.1. No changes. A.2. Was added 6-Propyl-2-thyouracil. A.3. Were added Stanozolol, stanozolol 16-beta-hydroxi, CLAD, boldenon. A.4. Was added alfa and beta-zearalenol and zearalenone on LC-MS/MS. A. 5. Were added Salbutamol and Zilpaterol. A.6. No changes.

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Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
1 sample from farm (bovine	Interdiction of movement of animal (RO
urine) reported non-compliant	013000120313) from farm for 60 days. There
for alfa-estradiol (3,46 ng/mL)	was found no evidence of illegal treatment in
- BA 23314/17.10.2011	the investigation performed on site. Follow the
	investigation was established an increased
	number of controls for the next 12 months.
1 sample from slaughter	Animal number (RO 264000002906). There was
house (bovine urine) reported	found no evidence of illegal treatment in the
non-compliant for alfa-nor	investigation performed on site. Follow the
testosterone (0,50 ng/mL) -	investigation was established an increased
BA 20589/24.03.2011	number of controls for the next 12 months.
1 sample from farm (bovine	Interdiction of movement of animal (RO
urine) reported non-compliant	294001036788)) from farm for 60 days. There
for alfa-estradiol (2,16 ng/mL)	was found no evidence of illegal treatment in
- BA 23314/17.10.2011	the investigation performed on site. Follow the
	investigation was established an increased
	number of controls for the next 12 months.

Group B substances

Modification of national residue plan

B.1. – No changes. B.2.a – inclusion of new compounds: eprinomectin and emamectin. For benzimidazoles were added triclabendazol, levamisol, clorsulon, flubendazole, oxibendazol and new matrices – egg and poultry. B.2.b. - were added diclazuril, robenidin, maduramicin and a new matrix was added – egg. B.2.c. – No changes. B.2.d. – Screening method is LC-MS/MS. Haloperidol, azaperol, azaperone, chlorpromazine were included. B.2.e. – Vedaprofen was excluded. New compounds were added: 5-hydroxi flunixin, diclofenac, flunixin, carprofen and tolfenamic acid. B.2.f. – For corticosteroids was included muscle as new matrix. For amitraz was included new matrices: kidney and liver. B.3.a. – PCB 118 was excluded. Were added quintozene, tecnazene. B.3.b. – No changes. B.3.c. – No changes. B.3.d. – No changes. B.3.e. – No changes.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Bovines, Pigs, Sheep and Goats, Horses, Poultry, Aquaculture Animals,	
Farmed Game, Milk, Eggs and Honey	
None	None

SE	SWEDEN

Modification of national residue plan

A new multi method for group A1, A3 and A4 is introduced for bovine, pigs and sheep. The method will be validated for other matrix such as horse, farmed game etc during the year. Honey will be controlled for nitrofurans and the number of samples for control of CAP is increased. The sampling of CAP and antibiotics will be focused on calves and cows. One more beta-agonist is introduced in the multi method for beta-agonists.

Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Chloramphenicol – Honey	Verification of records, investigation at the farm.
	Follow-up sampling was done at a tap station
	and positive samples were found. 256 kg from
	the primary farm was condemned. Case left to
	the police.

Modification of national residue plan	
No changes.	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Bovines	
Cadmium	Investigation at the farm, follow up sampling at the slaughterhouse from the same farm at two occasions. Sampling of feed. Investigation still ongoing.

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Modification of national residue plan in 2012 No changes	
None	None

Modification of national residue plan in 2012	
None	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
	Eggs
1x lasalocid – eggs – hen	Inquiry on the farm of origin including official
> 250 μg/kg	sampling of the eggs. Prohibition of placing eggs
	on the market till the results of analyses showed compliance with the relevant legislation.
3x maduramicin – eggs – hen	Inquiry on the farms of origin including official
– 3,1 – 3,1 and 4,7 μg/kg	sampling of the eggs. Prohibition of placing eggs
	on the market till the results of analyses showed
	compliance with the relevant legislation. Official
	samples of feed on respective farms were taken
	and official controls in respective feed mills were conducted
	Horses
2 (C1) (1)	1
2x cadmium (Cd) – kidney –	Both of the kidneys were sampled. Data on
horse – twice >1,5 mg/kg	heavy metals are collected separately and they will be processed with specialised web
	application (GIS - geographical information
	system), which will provide us with an exact
	geographical overview of the situation regarding
	contamination with heavy metals in our country.
Bovines	
1x cadmium (Cd) – kidney –	Official check has been carried out in respective
cow – 1,23 mg/kg	slaughterhouses. Result of those check revealed
	that the remaining kidney of respective animal
	was not destined for human consumption. Data
	on heavy metals are collected separately and
	they will be processed with specialised web

application (GIS – geographical information
system), which will provide us with an exact
geographical overview of the situation regarding
contamination with heavy metals in our country.

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SLOVAK REPUBLIC

Group A substances

Modification of national residue plan	
No changes	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
17-alfa-19-nortestosterone - urine - young bovine 25 months - 12 ppb	The action on the ban of the movement and removal of the animal in question was issued by the competent veterinary inspector from the DVFA. Subsequently, the repeated urine collection was performed from the same animal for analysis of nortestosterone with a negative result and imposed measures were lifted. By an official control carried out by the competent veterinary inspector also drug handling, administration and drug storage were checked without identified shortcomings and the possibility of parenteral administration of prohibited substance – steroids was excluded.

Modification of national residue plan	
No changes	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
	Pigs
Residues of inhibitory substances (b.1.) - liver - pig	The pig liver sample was taken at the slaughterhouse under the NRCP (National Residue Control Plan). By the screening method, the positive finding of residues of inhibitory substances was detected. The DVFA under competence of which the controlled slaughterhouse belongs, immediately reported the positive finding to the DVFA, under competence of which is the pig farm, from which the pig in question originated. The veterinary inspector carried out the official control in the pig holding and imposed immediate measures in respect of the ban on movement of pigs intended for breeding,
	immediate measures in respect of the ban on

	recalled. The confirmatory analysis did not confirm the occurrence of residues of antibiotics. The veterinary inspector drew the attention of the breeder to the fact that each delivery of pigs to the slaughterhouse /also outside the Slovak Republic / shall be accompanied by the accompanying document for slaughter and a copy of this document shall be submitted by the breeder to the DVFA. The evidence of applied drugs together with indicated withdrawal period and signature of the responsible person shall be submitted to every so issued document.
	Sheep and goat
Cadmium – sheep – kidney	The taking of suspect samples of drinking water and feeedingstuffs in the holding was ordered by the competent veterinary inspector. The analyses results of these samples were negative. On the farm, the investigation of stable premises, water supply, feedingstuffs was carried by which the source of contamination was not detected and subsequently a positive finding of Cd in kidney was not detected.
	Aquaculture
Leucomalachite green – fish –	Under the NRCP, the sample in fish breeder was
1x common carp – farm fish	taken, in which the positive finding of leucomalachite green was detected. The official control by the competent DVFA was subsequently performed in fish breeder. The DVFA immediately ordered ban on movement, transport and placing on the market of fish in question on the said farm. The DVFA orded to the breeder the killing and safe disposal of carps in the number of 27 pieces weighing 26,7 kg in compliance with the valid legislation and also consistent observance of working practices of cleaning and disinfection to avoid fish contamination. The suspect sample was taken by the veterinary inspector on the farm in question with a negative result for malachite and leucomalachite green.
Feedingstuff	
Deoxynivalenol	In the sample of complete feeding stuff for

laying hens, taken under the NRCP the presence of positive finding of deoxynivalenol was detected. The veterinary inspector of the competent DVFA detected, that the said compound feeding stuff was already not on the farm. The case was conveyed to the competent authority in the field of feeedingstuff production, to the Central Control and Testing Institute of Agriculture (CCTIA) in Bratislava. The competent inspector of CCTIA detected, based on the tracing back of individual raw materials entering the production of the said complete feeding stuff and sample analysis that the maize contains the positive finding of deoxynivalenol. The maize in question was ceased for incorporation into compound feeedingstuffs and at the same time an order for removal of the whole harmful amount to the biogas station was issued. The attention of the producer was drawn to perform an increased entry control in incorporated feed materials into compound feedingstuffs.

UNITED KINGDOM

Group A substances

Modification of national residue plan		
No changes		
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions	
	Bovines	
Six cases of zeranol found in	The follow up investigations established that all	
cattle urine samples at (1,1 -	residues found were due to the cattle ingesting	
1,3 - 1,7 - 2,6 - 3,0 - 5,2 -	feed contaminated with Zeranol due to mould	
11,1 and 13,7)	caused by damp storage conditions.	
31 cases of thiouracil found in	In some samples the source of non-compliance	
cattle urine samples at (4,2 -	could not be established but it is considered	
5,2 - 5,3 - 5,8 - 6,5 - 7,0 -	that the animals were fed on a diet rich in	
7,2 - 7,3 - 7,5 - 8,2 - 8,3 -	brassica. The farmers have been informed.	
8,6 - 9,2 - 10 - 11 - 11 - 11		
- 11 - 12 - 12 - 18 - 18 - 20		
- 20 - 23 - 28 - 31 - 31 and		
77)		
Pigs		
Three cases of thiouracil were	It is considered that the animals were fed on a	
found in pig urine samples at	diet rich in brassica. The farmers have been	
(5,2 – 9,9 and 17)	informed.	
Sheep/Goats		
Eight cases of thiouracil were	It is considered that the animals were fed on a	
found in sheep urine samples	diet rich in brassica. The farmers have been	
at (5,1 - 5,3 - 5,6 - 5,8 - 8 -	informed	
10 – 17 and 27)		

Modification of national residue plan	
No changes	
Non-compliant results	Follow-up actions
Bovines	
Four Dihydrostreptomycin in calves kidney (1.400 - 4.000 -	In three of these cases concerning concentrations of 1.400 µg/kg, 4.000 µg/kg
19.000 and 21.000)	and 19.000 µg/kg, the product Pen & Strep was found to have been used and treated
	animals were submitted for slaughter within the withdrawal period, either due to using an

	in compact with drawal married are bassing of
	incorrect withdrawal period or because of incomplete medicines records. The owner of the animal in the other case, concerning a concentration of 21.000 µg/kg, rented a few buildings where he kept poor quality calves, raised them for sometimes only a few days, then sells them again at market. A part-used bottle of Pen & Strep was found and further
	investigation was attempted, but the owner and his animals were evicted from the farm by the land owner and subsequently Investigating
	Officers were unable to locate him.
One penicillin G in cattle kidney (1.100)	Penicillin G was found in this heifer at a concentration of 1.100 µg/kg. The investigation established that the animal was treated by the vet with depocillin, however, no
	records of treatments were being kept and it was likely that the heifer sent to slaughter within the withdrawal period.
One neomycin in cattle kidney (8.600)	The investigation discovered that the medicines records were incomplete. The cow had suffered from E.coli mastitis and was withdrawn from the herd and treated by the vet with fluids. The cow was given framomycin, engemycin and metacam, which were not recorded, and sent toslaughter within the withdrawal period of 135 days. The prescribing vet has been informed of the deficiencies of record keeping and the failure to comply with the withdrawal period.
One oxytetracycline in cattle kidney (21.000)	This heifer was suffering from Johne's Disease. The medicines records recorded four cattle as being treated with Engemycin LA. On veterinary advice, the owner decided to have the heifer destroyed and passed it to a dealer assuming that the animal would not be submitted for human consumption. The investigation established that the dealer submittedthis animal for slaughter, which was within the withdrawal period. The carcass was subsequently destroyed and did not enter the food chain.
One ivermectin in cattle liver (240)	A follow up investigation was carried out and it was established that the animal was within the

	withdrawal period at the time of slaughter.	
	This case has been referred to the Rural	
	Payments Agency.	
One florfenicol in calf kidney	The on farm investigation found that the	
-	medicines record for the treatment of calves	
(14.000)		
	was incomplete. The animal had been treated	
	with Resflor and it was determined that the	
	animal had been treated by mistake. The calf	
	was sent to slaughter within the withdrawal	
	period.	
One cadmium (Cd) in cattle	The originating farm has a series of footpaths	
kidney (1.300)	through it which are well used and in the past	
	the farmer has found mobile phones on several	
	occasions, one of which was found melted in	
	what had been a camp fire. It was therefore	
	determined that the most likely cause of this	
	residue concentration of 1.300 µg/kg is from	
	environmental contamination from batteries.	
One phenylbutazone in cattle	The on farm investigation reported that the	
kidney (3,6)	medicines storage and records were	
	satisfactory and that there was no record of	
	phenylbutazone use. The animal had been sold	
	at market, and remained under the control of	
	the market until it was slaughtered 10 days	
	later. It was not possible to determine the	
	cause of this residue.	
One ibuprofen in cattle kidney	There was no evidence of any medicines	
(11)	containing this substance on farm.	
	Pigs	
One sulphadiazine at 937	Sulphadiazine detected above the MRL in one	
μg/kg	pig kidney. Three batches of follow-up samples	
	were collected. All were found to be compliant	
Poultry		
One oxfendazole sulfone in hen	No medication was administered this birdhouse	
liver (71)	on the farm. The feed mill does produce feed	
	medicated with Panacur, although has a	
	protocol to prevent carryover of medication.	
	Therefore, this investigation could not	
	definitively establish the cause of the residue.	
	Sheep and goat	
One oxfendazole, fenbendazole	The investigation established that this animal	
and oxfendazole sulfone in	was treated with Panacur, 20 days prior to	
sheep liver (6.800 - 2.100 -	slaughter which complies with the withdrawal	
640)	period of 15 days. The most likely cause of this	

Panacur. One oxfendazole and fenbendazole in sheep liver (2.000 – 390) One cypermethrin in sheep kidney (630 and 1.500) Two lead in sheep kidney (630 and 1.500) Two lead in sheep kidney (630 and 1.500) Panacur. The investigation established that the likely cause of this residue was due to the animal being treated with a product containing cypermethrin and subsequently sent to slaughter whilst still within the withdrawal period. The investigation established the most likely cause of the residue of 630 μg/kgwas due to environmental pollution. For the residues of 1.500 μg/kg, no evidence of any lead source was noted in the environment; therefore, the source of this residue could not be established One cadmium in sheep kidney The sheep on this farm are grazed on grass
fenbendazole in sheep liver (2.000 – 390) One cypermethrin in sheep kidney fat (850) The investigation established that the likely cause of this residue was due to the animal being treated with a product containing cypermethrin and subsequently sent to slaughter whilst still within the withdrawal period. Two lead in sheep kidney (630 and 1.500) The investigation established the most likely cause of the residue of 630 μg/kgwas due to environmental pollution. For the residues of 1.500 μg/kg, no evidence of any lead source was noted in the environment; therefore, the source of this residue could not be established
(2.000 – 390)accidental overdosing of Panacur.One cypermethrin in sheep kidney fat (850)The investigation established that the likely cause of this residue was due to the animal being treated with a product containing cypermethrin and subsequently sent to slaughter whilst still within the withdrawal period.Two lead in sheep kidney (630 and 1.500)The investigation established the most likely cause of the residue of 630 μg/kgwas due to environmental pollution. For the residues of 1.500 μg/kg, no evidence of any lead source was noted in the environment; therefore, the source of this residue could not be established
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One cadmium in sheen kidney The sheen on this farm are grazed on grass
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(2.400) and there were no obvious signs of
environmental pollution or otherwise, therefore
the source of this residue concentration of
2.400 µg/kg could not be established.
Horses
One phenylbutazone in cattle
kidney (6,5) previous owner could not be traced, however,
the most likely cause of the residue was that
phenylbutazone had been administered prior to
sale.
Milk One increase this is come with. The formers had been rejetal, only using
One ivermectin in cows milk The farmer had been mistakenly using
(5,2) Bimectin plus. A follow-up milk sample was
collected which was found to be compliant.
Four nitroxynil in cows milk The investigation established that the cause of $(3.8 - 12 - 13 \text{ and } 144)$ this residue concentration of $3.8 - 12 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13$
(3,8-12-13) and (144) this residue concentration of 3,8-12-13-144 µg/l was due to the owners, who routinely
used Trodax to treat fluke, mistakenly thinking
that it is permissible to use it on dry cows
resulting in the treated animals being milked
during the withdrawal period. The farmers
have received notices to stop using this
medication. No further action was deemed
necessary
Aquaculture
One oxytetracycline in trout

muscle (230)	230 µg/kg was sampled in error whilst within a withdrawal period due to a miscommunication between the site manager and the collection officer.
Honey	
One naphthalene in honey (15)	The mostly likely cause of this residue concentration of $15 \mu g/kg$ was due to contamination due to the incorrect storage of honeycombs over winter. The Bee Inspector has advised the owner of better working practises to avoid this type of residue in the future.
One 1-4-dichlorobenzene in honey (7,8)	The mostly likely cause of this residue concentration of 7,8 µg/kg was contamination due to the incorrect storage of honeycombs over winter. The Bee Inspector has advised the owner of better working practises to avoid this type of residue in the future.