



**COUNCIL OF
THE EUROPEAN UNION**

Brussels, 24 september 2013

**16253/1/04
REV 1**

**CIVCOM 317
PESC 1186
RELEX 668
JAI 570
COSDP 830
COWEB 276
EUPM 22
THEMIS 11
COMEM 48
COAFR 203**

DECLASSIFICATION

of document:	ST 16253/04 RESTRIET UE/EU RESTRICTED
dated:	17 December 2004
new status:	Public
Subject:	CIVCOM Report on the progress of the Action Plan on EUPM Lessons Learned

Delegations will find attached the declassified version of the above document.

The text of this document is identical to the previous version.

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NOTE

from : Committee for Civilian Aspects of Crisis Management

to : Political and Security Committee

Subject : CIVCOM Report on the progress of the Action Plan on EUPM Lessons Learned

Delegations will find enclosed a CIVCOM Report on the progress of the Action Plan on EUPM

Lessons Learned, adopted by the Council on 14 June 2004, as finalised by CIVCOM on

17 December 2004.

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REFERENCES

- A. A Review of the first year of operations of the EU Police Mission (EUPM) in Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH) 1 January - 31 December 2003 (Doc 8247/04)
- B. Civcom Advice on 'A Review of the first year of operations of the EU Police Mission (EUPM) in Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH). 1 January - 31 December 2003' (Doc 9167/3/04)
- C. Action Plan on EUPM Lessons Learned from the first year of operations (Doc 10263/04)
- D. Report from the Joint CGS - EC Fact Finding Mission on a possible EU Rule of Law Mission to Georgia in the context of ESDP (Doc 9902/04)
- E. EUJUST THEMIS OPLAN (Doc 11389/1/04 Rev 1)
- F. Lessons from the planning phase of the EU Rule of Law Mission in Georgia in the context of ESDP, EUJUST THEMIS (Doc 12580/1/04 Rev 1)
- G. Report from the Joint CGS - EC Fact Finding Mission on a possible ESDP mission in Kinshasa (Doc 14517/04)
- H. EUPOL Kinshasa CONOPS (Doc 15020/3/04 Rev 3)
- I. Report from the Joint CGS - EC Fact Finding Mission for a possible Integrated Police and Rule of Law Operation for Iraq (Doc 13786/04)

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I. INTRODUCTION

The Action Plan on EUPM Lessons Learned adopted by the Council on 14 June 2004 (Doc 10263/04) identified lessons from the first year of operations of EUPM. Some of these lessons needed to be addressed during the remainder of EUPM's mandate. Other needed to be taken into account for the planning of future missions¹.

CIVCOM has been tasked to provide a report to PSC, on the basis of, inter alia, input from EUPM, on the progress of the Action Plan by the end of December 2004.

For EUPM, most of the lessons identified have been taken into account by the Mission.

On benchmarking, the Mission has enhanced further its programmatic approach (cf. serial number 4).

With regard to programme development, specific internal guidelines for project implementation were developed to direct the implementation of all programmes and Mission personnel has been trained accordingly(cf. serial number 5).

EUPM has also developed plans for a more vigorous implementation of the "inspection" mandate(cf. serial number 6).

On intelligence sharing, as recommended, EUPM has established an Interface Cell for Criminal Intelligence (ICCI), in contact with relevant international counterparts, especially EUFOR Althea(cf. serial number 9).

Concerning rotations, EUPM has developed plans regarding rotations in the last year of operations of EUPM(cf. serial number 14).

Finally, EUPM has developed its co-ordination and liaison with other actors of the International Community in Bosnia and Herzegovina(cf. serial numbers 21, 22, 23).

The planning of EUJUST THEMIS and the ongoing planning for future/potential missions (EUPOL Kinshasa, Iraq) generally benefited from the lessons identified for EUPM.

However, some lessons still need to be further addressed.

The major problem of procurement is still unsolved, and the Council General Secretariat (CGS) and the Commission have been tasked to present a joint paper on the subject to PSC (cf. serial number 18).

The importance of benchmarking(cf. serial number 4) and evaluation mechanisms(cf. serial number 13), in conjunction with the reporting process(cf. serial number 11), has been underlined. Different systems are currently used by/planned for the Missions. CGS should consider this issue, with regard to the concepts and to the coherence of these mechanisms and report to CIVCOM.

The question of media strategy has also been identified as one of the lessons that still need further consideration by CGS and CIVCOM(cf. serial number 24, 25).

Finally, as some Missions are entering into their last year, the question of i.a. the future of national staff and liquidation of equipment should be carefully addressed. CIVCOM will also need to consider the final evaluation of Missions and the related lessons learned, based on a lessons learned paper by CGS.

¹ The following missions have been considered as in the framework of " planning of future/potential missions" : EUJUST THEMIS, EUPOL Kinshasa, Iraq.

EUPOL PROXIMA has been considered as an ongoing mission and is therefore not addressed in this report. However, a distinct lessons learned report on EUPOL PROXIMA (One year review) is foreseen.

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II. TABLE : ACTION PLAN, STATE OF PLAY, NEXT STEPS / TIMETABLE

Serial number	Action Plan on EUPM : CIVCOM recommendations for actions	State of play	Next steps / Timetable
1	MANDATE, OPERATIONS, PROGRAMMES		
1	Implication, association and consultation of local authorities :		
1 a	BiH political interference and lack of local political will (politicians and ministers)	<p>- PSC could have been requested to provide strategic guidance and political direction. PSC's relationship to EUPM in this regard should be examined and that of CIVCOM, GSC and EUPM in bringing vital political and strategic issues to the attention of the PSC for possible action (e.g. mobilising EU HOMs in Sarajevo to assist) [CIVCOM]</p> <p>- Taken into account for the last missions/planning of missions :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EUJUST THEMIS : PSC provided the necessary strategic guidance and political direction. Different political context (invitation by the Georgian authorities). EUSR and SG/HR influences were very useful, as well as direct contacts between HoM and Georgian Prime Minister and President and members of the Government, including with regard to overcoming the initial lack of information on EUJUST THEMIS. PSC, EUSR and SG/HR still need to remain engaged to ensure adequate buy-in. • EUPOL Kinshasa : PSC provided the necessary strategic guidance and political direction. EUSR and SG/HR influences were very useful. PSC, EUSR and SG/HR still need to remain engaged to ensure adequate buy-in. • Iraq : PSC provided the necessary strategic guidance and political direction. PSC still need to remain engaged to ensure adequate buy-in. 	
1b	Local ownership	<p>- Local politicians and ministers should be encouraged to officially support mission aims and gauge with the mission the progress of the local police [PSC, EUSR]</p> <p>- Taken into account for the last missions/planning of missions ; care has been taken that commitment results in implementation on the ground :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EUJUST THEMIS : The FFM, the Planning Team, the Mission and the EUSR have organized numerous meetings with Georgian authorities in order 	

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	<p>to explain the concept of the Mission to the partner institutions and relevant authorities. One of the results was the signature by the Georgian authorities (President and Prime Minister) of two decrees instructing key Georgian institutions to provide support to the Mission, thus setting up the necessary Georgian legal framework and demonstrating Georgian involvement.</p> <p>In addition, HoM regularly emphasized the importance of local ownership.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EUPOL Kinshasa : <p>The FFM and the EUSR have organized numerous meetings with DRC authorities in order to explain the concept of the Mission. EUSR Ajello tasked with securing commitment of the local authorities at the highest level. Head of EC Delegation has written to the Interior Minister.</p> <p>EUSR and Head of EC Delegation stressed the need for political and financial commitment by DRC authorities.</p> <p>According to the CONOPS, "an adequate mechanism for co-ordination and co-operation with the DRC authorities will be established from the planning phase to ensure their involvement in facilitating the development of the Mission, and in doing so to promote local ownership".</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Iraq : <p>The FFM and the Expert Team have organized numerous meetings with Iraqi authorities for explaining the concept of a potential Mission.</p>	
1c	<u>Regular consultation with local authorities by Fact Finding Missions and Planning Team</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Regular consultation should always occur where possible [GSC/CION]. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Taken into account for the last FFM/planning of missions : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EUJUST THEMIS : cf. FFM report, Mission report (list of Georgian authorities consulted) and GSC briefings to CIVCOM and PSC. • EUPOL Kinshasa : cf. FFM report (list of Congolese authorities consulted) and GSC briefings to CIVCOM and PSC. • Iraq : cf. FFM report (list of Iraqi authorities consulted) and GSC briefings to CIVCOM and PSC.

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Consideration should be given to extending length of Fact Finding Missions [GSC] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Taken into account for the last Fact-finding Missions : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FFM EUJUST THEMIS : 12 days (10 - 21 May 2004). However, this duration was considered too short by the FFM Team. A Technical Team was sent to Georgia later on. • FFM EUPOL Kinshasa : 11 days (18 - 28 October 2004). • Iraq : Due to security constraints, the duration of the FFM has been limited to the extend possible. The FFM was split in two parts, one part going inside Iraq, the other visiting relevant neighboring countries (Jordan and UAE). An Expert Team has been deployed to continue the dialogue with the Iraqi authorities, to start initial planning for a possible integrated police, rule of law and civilian administration mission [...] and in particular assess the urgent security needs for such a mission. - For future FFMs, extension of length should also be considered by CGS in connection with a more thorough preparation of the FFM at Brussels level (consultation with CION and MS) prior to deployment. 	
2	<u>Certification process</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Continued EU intervention with UN is required [EUSR] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EUPM : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HR/EUSR Lord Ashdown has continued his intensive contacts with the United Nations (in particular the Department for Peacekeeping Operations), but with very limited response. One of the results was a Statement by the President of the UN Security Council dated 25 June 2004 (Doc.PRST/2004/22) that was distributed to all relevant BiH authorities. As a follow up to this, EUPM and OHR are decisively striving for adopting revised legislation which could more effectively ward off any further attempts to undermine the IPTF certification process. No substantial progress, however, could be achieved regarding the question of a review process under the UN auspices. Most recently, Lord Ashdown sent a letter to the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights in that regard. With the HR/EUSR in the lead, EUPM is contributing to the process by providing documents and contributing to their analysis. - Not relevant for the last missions/planning of missions. Will be taken into account for potential future missions if need be.

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<p>3 Double-hatting and take over process</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Possible consequences of double-hatting should be thoroughly examined before appointment [GSC] - Thorough consideration of mission 'left-overs' is required before take-over. This will require intensified coordination with the UN and other international bodies [GSC] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Not relevant for the last missions/planning of missions. Will be taken into account for potential future missions if need be. - Not relevant for the last missions/planning of missions. Will be taken into account for potential future missions if need be. 	
<p>4 Benchmarking development</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Benchmarking should be addressed in the planning phase of a mission in order to be ready for mission start [GSC] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Taken into account, but should be continually refined and verified : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EUPM : EUPM enhanced further its programmatic approach by introducing newly developed software created by the Mission • EUJUST THEMIS : According to the OPLAN, EUJUST THEMIS is implementing an evaluation system of the progress of the Mission. However, a benchmarking system has not been developed yet. • EUPOL Kinshasa : Head of Mission to define the need for a benchmarking system. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Further thought to be given by CGS on benchmarking, with regard to concept, coherence within the Missions, etc (June 2005)
<p>5 Programme development</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - More programme experts required on Planning Teams and in Mission from the outset [MS] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Taken into account for the last missions/planning of missions : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EUJUST THEMIS : All requested experts were present for the FFM. However, some delayed arrivals of experts in the Mission created difficulties for 	

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the Mission. EUPOL Kinshasa : All requested experts were present for the FFM. Iraq : All requested experts were present for the FFM. <p>- Taken into account for EUPM :</p> <p>According to the decisions taken at the Senior Management Conference in June 2004 :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project Implementation Plans (PIPs) have also been elaborated for SIPA and SBS programmes, allowing a common approach on all EUPM programmes. Specific internal guidelines for project implementation were developed to direct the implementation of all programmes, explaining the project development, implementation and evaluation process. All new personnel in EUPM are familiarized with the Mission's programmes and their implementation mechanisms through a more focused induction course and further specialization courses have been given to personnel already in EUPM. The same training is delivered to approximately 300 local Police counterparts holding functions as Project Co-ordinators or Managers. The development of guidelines goes in conjunction with the development of the Benchmarking and Project Implementation Reporting System. Training has been delivered to Programme Co-ordinators on its application and was first applied for the October reporting period. In order to support the training, the PDCD and the Quality Control are currently undertaking joint visits to all EUPM locations in order to enhance and consolidate the application of the programmatic approach. <p>- Taken into account for the last missions/planning of missions :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> EUJUST THEMIS : <p>Due to time constraints, limited induction training for experts of the FFM organized by GSC. Induction training for experts of the Planning Team organized by GSC. Comprehensive induction</p>
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		<p>training for experts in the Mission itself organized by the Mission.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> EUPOL Kinshasa : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Due to time constraints, limited induction training for experts of the FFM organized by GSC. Induction training for experts of the Planning Team organized by GSC. Iraq : limited induction training for experts of the FFM organized by GSC. Induction training for experts in the Expert Team organized by GSC. 	
6	<u>Inspection of Local Police</u>	<p>- Such plans should be developed [EUPM]</p> <p>- EUPM has developed plans for a more vigorous implementation of the "inspection" mandate (cf. the respective EUPM report in that regard distributed to Delegations on 21 September 2004), with a two-fold approach : inspections within the programmatic approach of the Mission (Field Control Teams personnel reassigned as project officers in charge of inspection and assessment of the implementation of the projects, creation of the Benchmarking and Project Implementation reporting System, Quality Control establishment) and inspection of local police activities which are not specifically covered within EUPM's seven programmes (high risk football matches, high profile international visits, sensitive incidents with possible public order implications, cases relating to major and organised crime).</p>	<p>- To be taken into account for future missions. Common position of the assignment should, as appropriate, be established in the description of the tasks within the mission, on the ground.</p>
7	<u>Different national approaches in mentoring and advising</u>	<p>- In order to achieve as much standardization as possible, more collective training is required prior to deployment. More general European training, including on human rights, is required, e.g. CEPOL [CIVCOM]</p>	<p>- Cf above 5.</p> <p>- GSC to present a paper to CIVCOM (July 2005).</p>
8	<u>"Mentor, monitor, inspect" formula</u>	<p>- Further thought needs to be given to the operational application of 'mentor, monitor, inspect', including whether a separate inspecting capability is required. Further development of the concept would be useful [GSC]</p>	<p>- Work ongoing in the GSC.</p>

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9	<u>Intelligence sharing</u>	<p>- EUPM should establish an interface, possibly in the form of a coordination cell. It is noted that this is addressed in the Police Strategic Option for post-SFOR [EUPM].</p>	<p>- As described in the Strategy Plan on Major and Organized Crime/SIPA, EUPM has established an Interface Cell for Criminal Intelligence (ICCI) in July 2004 which has already established contacts with relevant international counterparts (among others EUFOR Althea and its IPU component). Furthermore, SIPA is currently involved in the recruitment procedure and the full benefits of ICCI will naturalized once all SIPA departments will be up and running.</p>
10	<u>Security</u>	<p>- A security officer is required on mission planning teams and security throughout the mission locations should be initially, regularly and systematically reviewed [GSC]</p>	<p>- Taken into account for the last missions/planning of missions :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EUJUST THEMIS : during the FFM, presence of one analyst from the Joint SITCEN, but no field security officer (CGS Security Office) ; two field security officers (CGS Security Office) during the Technical Mission ; in the Mission, presence of one field security officer. Follow up by GSC on security aspects in close co-ordination with the Mission. • EUPOL Kinshasa : during the FFM, presence of one analyst from the Joint SITCEN and one field security officer (CGS Security Office) ; presence of one field security officer in the Mission planned. • Iraq : during the FFM and in the Expert Team, presence of one field security officer (CGS Security Office).
11	<u>CHAIN OF COMMAND : COORDINATION REPORTING OVERSIGHT</u>		
	<u>Reporting</u>	<p>- PSC, on the basis of CIVCOM advice, is invited to evaluate current EUPM reporting. PSC requested to replace weekly reports to the Secretariat with bi-weekly</p>	<p>- PSC agreed on bi-weekly reports for EUPM (implemented as of August 2004).</p> <p>- Last missions/planning of missions :</p> <p>- CGS should consider the issue of coherence of reporting mechanisms for Missions and report to CIVCOM</p>

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	reports [CIVCOM]	Different reporting systems are used/planned for new/planned missions.	(May 2005)
12	Need for further secure communications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Agrees and notes that work is ongoing [GSC] <p>- Taken into account for the last missions/planning of missions :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EUJUST THEMIS : • Mission equipped with secure communications : e-mail (Chiasmus) and cell phone. • EUPOL Kinshasa : • FFM equipped with secure communications. Secure communications foreseen for the Mission. • Iraq : • FFM and Experts Team equipped with secure communications. 	
13	Evaluation of the mission (other than financial control)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EUPM needs evaluation of its work. A paper on how this should be done should be developed [CIVCOM] - GSC should conduct staff-to-staff contacts with other IOs (UN) on their experience in this domain [GSC] - Better communication of EUPM's internal evaluation should be considered, including use of the MAR [EUPM] <p>- Following the EUPM Neum Management Conference, the revision of the reporting procedures and the creation of the Benchmarking and Project Implementation Reporting System allowed for a more effective evaluation of the work of the Mission.</p> <p>- To be developed.</p> <p>- Cf. above. Furthermore, the new format and more sophisticated contents of the MAR should improve the communication.</p>	<p>- Further thought to be given by CGS on the evaluation mechanisms.</p> <p>(June 2005, in conjunction with benchmarking)</p>
14	PERSONNEL AND ROTATION ISSUES		
	Quantitative and qualitative decline in personnel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Contributing States should send more experts and more qualified personnel and ensure that they match the job profiles [MS] - Police Unit and EUPM should refuse to accept unqualified candidates or incomplete proforma [GSC] - CIVCOM should examine this issue in the context of 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Taken into account, as regard to EUJUST THEMIS and EUPOL Kinshasa. More difficult to assess for EUPM. - Taken into account. - In the context of the Civilian Capabilities Commitment Conference,

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	<p>Conference on Capabilities (foreseen November 2004)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Rotations should be better planned and more staggered (EUPM) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EUPM has developed plans regarding rotations in the last year of operations of EUPM (cf. briefing by GSC in CIVCOM on 15 September and 6 October 2004, and the related EUPM report transmitted by GSC to Delegations). - No action. - Taken into account. However, timelines still very short. - Consideration should be given to a mechanism for a more developed appraisal system of mission personnel [CIVCOM, GSC] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EUPM must ensure that all personnel receive the correct placement [EUPM] - Personnel must have effective command of English language [Contributing States] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CIVCOM and GSC should reflect on how to improve the force generation process [CIVCOM] 	<p>GSC distributed to CIVCOM an analysis of replies given by EU Member States to the questionnaires on the development of capabilities and on human resources, national training, recruitment databases, human resources, national training, recruitment (doc. 14375/04), as well as a Report on best practices on national databases, human resources, national training, recruitment (doc. 14542/04). CIVCOM has been tasked by PSC to follow up on this Report.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - To be considered by GSC and CIVCOM (September 2005). - CGS to improve the release of job profiles. - To be addressed by Contributing States - To be considered by CGS and CIVCOM in the context of the follow up to the Civilian Capabilities Commitment Conference and the ongoing work on the Civilian Headline Goal (June 2005)
15	Pre-mission training to be improved	

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Induction training, and pre-joining training packages should be expanded [EUPM, GSC] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cf. above. Induction training and pre-joining training delivered to members of FFM, PT and Missions by CGS. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ways for improvement to be addressed by CGS and CIVCOM, and in the framework of the follow up to the Civilian Capabilities Commitment Conference and the ongoing work on the Civilian Headline Goal (May 2005)
16	<u>Lack of international civilians</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Issue should be addressed [CIVCOM] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Real EU policy for international contracted staff to be developed . <p>- Taken into account.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EUJUST THEMIS : <p>Limited choice of international civilians, but high quality.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - To be addressed by CGS and CIVCOM.
17	<u>Wider advertising for contracted staff should be considered, including through MS [GSC]</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Future of dedicated national staff 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Taken into account. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - To be addressed. by CGS, CIVCOM and PSC (April 2005).
18	<u>LOGISTICS AND PROCUREMENT</u> <p><u>Procurement</u></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This issue should be addressed [CIVCOM, PSC] <p>- No action.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Joint GSC/Commission paper on procurement under development.
19	<p><u>FFM estimation on needs</u></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This needs to be urgently addressed, not only in terms of the rules but also the methods (e.g pre-stocking in order to allow for rapid deployment) [GSC, Commission] <p>- CIVCOM notes that there is a PSC tasking of 30 March 2004 to the Commission and the GSC concerning procurement [GSC, Commission]</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - GSC and CIION to present a Joint Paper on procurement to PSC (early 2005)
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Considerations should be given to logistics and procurement experts taking part in Fact Finding Missions [GSC]. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Taken into account for the last FFMs : <p>The presence of a procurement expert during the FFM has not been considered needed, as the procurement process only starts at a later stage. Nevertheless, the assessment on the needs made by experts of the FFM must be procurement - oriented and the early nomination of</p>

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	<p>a qualified procurement expert for the Mission is essential, in order to address procurement needs, planning and preparation from an early stage.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> EUJUST THEMIS : no logistics/mission support expert in the FFM ; logistics/mission support experts in the Technical Mission. EUPOL Kinshasa : one logistics/mission support expert in the FFM and the Planning Team. Iraq : one logistics/mission support expert in the FFM and Expert Team. <p>- Under consideration.</p>	
	<p>- Consideration should be given as to whether a process should be established for evaluating the needs (GSC).</p>	
20	<p>COORDINATION WITH THE EC, RELATIONS WITH THE EUMM AND IC</p> <p>Co-ordination with the Commission and the CARDS programmes</p> <p>- Close mutual cooperation should be assured from the start [GSC, Commission]</p>	<p>CGS and CION to improve co-ordination of crisis response strategy from the earliest stage.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Taken into account for the last missions/planning of missions : co-ordination of crisis response strategy from the earliest stage (before FFM) could be improved. joint FFMs and joint FFM reports, organization of CRCTs, regular contacts between GSC and CION desk officers, local co-operation, co-location when possible. definition of the co-operation requirements in the CONOPS/OPLAN of the missions. co-ordination for the exit strategy.
21	<p>Co-ordination with EUMM</p> <p>- As above [GSC]</p>	<p>- Taken into account by EUPM through regular exchanges of reports and regular contacts, in particular through the EU/International Community Co-ordination Cell. Facilitated by co-location of HQs in Sarajevo.</p>
22	Liaison officers	

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	- As above [GSC]	- Taken into account by EUPM : At HQ level, an EU/IC Coordination Cell, established in July 2004, specifically deals with the coordination with the EU family (in particular EUSR, EUFOR, EC, EUMM) and the wider International Community (OSCE, NATO, OHR, UN, UNHCR, etc). At field level, Chief Co-locators ensure the necessary liaison with EUFOR contingents.
23	<u>Co-ordination with other policing elements in BiH</u>	- In particular through the EU/International Community Co-ordination Cell, EUPM, right from the arrival of the EUFOR Planning Team, has been looking for the best possible co-operation with EUFOR, including with the IPU part. Practically, EUPM was invited by EUFOR Planning Team to contribute to the development of the OPLAN and will seek to establish, following the model with SFOR, a Technical Arrangement, taking into account the need of a coherent EU approach in BiH.
	MEDIA STRATEGY	
24	<u>Lack of available media expertise, personnel</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EUJUST THEMIS : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of personnel. • EUPOL Kinshasa : • Iraq : • Lack of personnel.
25	<u>Lack of media budget</u> It must be ensured that an adequate media budget has been allocated [GSC]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EUPM : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Significant increase for Media budget foreseen in the EUPM budget for 2005. - EUJUST THEMIS : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No specific media budget, only for the website. • EUPOL Kinshasa : • No specific media budget.

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PSC: Political and Security Committee/ CIVCOM: Committee for Civilian Crisis Management/ MS : Member States (individually, or acting within the Council working parties) /
GSC : General Secretariat of the Council / CION : Commission / EUPM: Mission Headquarters/ CS: Contributing States



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