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## COMMISSION STAFF WORKING DOCUMENT

# DATA AND SUMMARY OF THE COMMENTS SUBMITTED BY THE MEMBER STATES <br> Accompanying document to the <br> REPORT FROM THE COMMISSION TO THE COUNCIL AND THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT 

Sixth Report on the Statistics on the Number of Animals used for Experimental and other Scientific Purposes in the Member States of the European Union

COM(2010) 511 final

## Important notice

This is a document of the Commission services and cannot be considered binding to this institution in any way.

VOL B - Part II: DATA AND SUMMARY OF THE COMMENTS SUBMITTED BY THE MEMBER STATES

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## FRANCE

## Statistical data submitted

The statistical data have been submitted by the "Ministère de la Recherche et des Nouvelles Technologies" (Ministry for Research and New Technologies).

## Comments of the French authorities

This study was realized by the EFICOM Markétudes Company for the Research and Higher Education Ministry.

The number of animals used in France shows a steady state since 1999 with about 2.5 million. It represents a decrease of $30 \%$ in comparison with the figures of the first statistical study in 1990. In 2007, a slight increasing tendency could be observed which led to values similar to the 1997 figures. Since 1999, the amount of rodents used is stable ( 2.1 million). Even if some animal groups are more often used (the number of birds and rabbits has doubled and the number of fish has increased by $37 \%$ ), there is a reverse tendency for other species (the amount of dogs has decreased by $15 \%$ ). The use of non human primates is steady from 1999, probably because of their incompressible scientific interests.

Concerning the results of the survey, when significant differences were revealed between 2007 and previous years, some verification was done in order to identify the origin of these sudden evolutions. These differences could always be explained by: either new activity, for example the production of therapeutic antibodies giving an explanation to rabbits increase observed since 2004, or the opening or the closure of laboratories. The other variations were not significant and supported the figures provided by experimental centres and laboratories.

This study showed that the public sector used half (47\%) of the total amount of animals, of which $80 \%$ is for basic research and education. On the other hand, the private sector used the remaining $53 \%$, of which $40 \%$ are dedicated to research and development, $37 \%$ to production and control, and $6 \%$ to toxicological evaluations.

Similar to the numbers observed in 2004, the present study shows that there are about 450 centres for animal experimentation (this number can vary depending on juridical conventions that link laboratories to these centres).

It represents a third of the figure established in 1990. This decrease in the number of experimental centres shows that laboratories are merged or clustered in order to share centralized installations and competent staff. The «disappearance » of 900 experimental animal houses shows the pressure brought by the animal protection associations and the concerned authorities for fifteen years. It was supported by very significant investments to come up to the current sanitary, ethic and scientific expectations. Of course, this diminution did not obviously result in a proportional decrease of the number of animals, but it sets practices that warrant respect and well-being to animals.

TABLE 1: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN RELATION TO THEIR PLACE OF ORIGIN
Origin versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.2 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | 1.3 Animals coming from registered breeding or supplying establishments within the reporting country | 1.4 Animals coming from elsewhere in the EC | 1.5 <br> Animals coming from Member Countries of the Council of Europe which are parties to the Convention ETS 123 (excluding EC Member States) | 1.6Animals coming from <br> other origins | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.7 \\ \text { Re-used animals } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.a. | Mice (Mus musculus) | 1.561.809 | 1.423 .488 | 47.564 | 2.534 | 88.223 |  |
| 1.b. | Rats (Rattus norvegicus) | 392.773 | 367.102 | 16.411 | 10 | 9.250 |  |
| 1.c. | Guinea-Pigs (Cavia porcellus) | 46.030 | 41.952 | 3.895 | 0 | 183 |  |
| 1.d. | Hamsters (Mesocricetus ) | 12.063 | 10.271 | 959 | 0 | 833 |  |
| 1.e. | Other Rodents (other Rodentia) | 3.594 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.f. | Rabbits (Oryctolagus cuniculus) | 96.427 | 96.169 | 5 | 0 | 253 | 430 |
| 1.g. | Cats (Felis catus) | 1.848 | 1.391 | 245 | 3 | 209 | 644 |
| 1.h. | Dogs (Canis familiaris) | 4.131 | 2.928 | 262 | 0 | 941 | 805 |
| 1.i. | Ferrets (Mustela putorius furo) | 800 | 591 | 0 | 0 | 209 | 0 |
| 1.j. | Other Carnivores (other Carnivora) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds (Equidae) | 652 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1. | Pigs (Sus) | 8.768 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.m. | Goats (Capra) | 1.159 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.n. | Sheep (Ovis) | 3.573 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cattle (Bos) | 3.206 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.p. | Prosimians (Prosimia) | 718 | 718 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 |
| 1.q. | New World Monkeys (Ceboidea) | 233 | 213 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 135 |
| 1.r. | Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecoidea) | 1.797 | 610 | 262 | 0 | 925 | 244 |
| 1.s. | Apes (Hominoidea) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.t. | Other Mammals (other Mammalia) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.u. | Quail (Coturnix coturnix) | 1.548 | 48 | 1.500 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 1.v. | Other birds (other Aves) | 156.814 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.w. | Reptiles (Reptilia) | 758 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.x. | Amphibians (Amphibia) | 9.451 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.y. | Fish (Pisces) | 20.228 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.z. | TOTAL | 2.328 .380 |  |  |  |  |  |

 of those countries has to be used when filling in this column.

Note 2: Only the white boxes need to be completed.
Note 3: The number of re-used animals in column 1.7 should be excluded from the total in the column 1.2

TABLE 2: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR SELECTED PURPOSES

## Purpose versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 2.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 2.2 <br> Biological studies of a fundamenta 1 nature | Research and development of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine (excluding toxicological and other safety evaluations counted in column 2.6) | 2.4 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry | 2.5 Production and quality control of products and devices for veterinary medicine |  | 2.7Diagnosis of <br> disease | 2.8Education and <br> training | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.9 \\ \text { Other } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.10 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.a. | Mice | 585.129 | 429.558 | 279.987 | 45.522 | 50.866 | 12.308 | 18.947 | 139.492 | 1.561 .809 |
| 2.b. | Rats | 80.421 | 182.333 | 5.161 | 13.121 | 47.447 | 697 | 14.196 | 49.397 | 392.773 |
| 2.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 739 | 3.705 | 30.748 | 2.230 | 7.317 | 2 | 274 | 1.015 | 46.030 |
| 2.d. | Hamsters | 1.590 | 2.618 | 0 | 6.414 | 21 | 10 | 4 | 1.406 | 12.063 |
| 2.e. | Other Rodents | 941 | 1.690 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 918 | 45 | 3.594 |
| 2.f. | Rabbits | 3.348 | 6.202 | 50.152 | 7.147 | 7.737 | 125 | 799 | 20.917 | 96.427 |
| 2.g. | Cats | 138 | 790 | 0 | 544 | 24 | 0 | 3 | 349 | 1.848 |
| 2.h. | Dogs | 354 | 1.072 | 0 | 732 | 1.834 | 0 | 8 | 131 | 4.131 |
| 2.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 162 | 8 | 0 | 237 | 0 | 13 | 380 | 800 |
| 2.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 196 | 139 | 83 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 139 | 652 |
| 2.1. | Pigs | 470 | 2.860 | 0 | 2.545 | 434 | 23 | 241 | 2.195 | 8.768 |
| 2.m. | Goats | 330 | 41 | 3 | 19 | 29 | 0 | 18 | 719 | 1.159 |
| 2.n. | Sheep | 1.331 | 638 | 27 | 655 | 205 | 0 | 56 | 661 | 3.573 |
| 2.0. | Cattle | 310 | 541 | 0 | 298 | 84 | 140 | 30 | 1.803 | 3.206 |
| 2.p. | Prosimians | 568 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 718 |
| 2.q. | New World Monkeys | 63 | 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 93 | 233 |
| 2.r. | Old World Monkeys | 184 | 198 | 139 | 0 | 1.128 | 0 | 0 | 148 | 1.797 |
| 2.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.548 | 0 | 1.548 |
| 2.v. | Other birds | 2.821 | 7.491 | 9.280 | 86.122 | 5.251 | 1.400 | 6.593 | 37.856 | 156.814 |
| 2.w. | Reptiles | 758 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 758 |
| 2.x. | Amphibians | 5.013 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 179 | 0 | 4.207 | 0 | 9.451 |
| 2.y. | Fish | 5.836 | 200 | 0 | 0 | 2.954 | 0 | 7.643 | 3.595 | 20.228 |
| 2.z. | TOTAL | 690.540 | 640.367 | 375.588 | 165.369 | 125.747 | 14.855 | 55.573 | 260.341 | 2.328 .380 |

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TABLE 3: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Products versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 3.2 <br> Products/ substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine | 3.3 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in agriculture | 3.4 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in industry | 3.5 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in the household | 3.6 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly as cosmetics or toiletries | 3.7 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption | 3.8 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for animal consumption | 3.9 <br> Potential or actual contaminents in the general environment which do not appear in other columns | 3.10 Other toxico- logical or safety evaluations | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.11 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.a. | Mice | 23.187 | 3.441 | 2.074 | 0 | 704 | 0 | 0 | 3.776 | 17.684 | 50.866 |
| 3.b. | Rats | 26.440 | 6.006 | 3.375 | 159 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.499 | 9.968 | 47.447 |
| 3.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 4.468 | 608 | 1.755 | 0 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 448 | 7.317 |
| 3.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| 3.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.f. | Rabbits | 5.247 | 563 | 481 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.403 | 7.737 |
| 3.g. | Cats | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 |
| 3.h. | Dogs | 1.160 | 104 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 570 | 1.834 |
| 3.i. | Ferrets | 237 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 237 |
| 3.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.1. | Pigs | 404 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 434 |
| 3.m. | Goats | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 29 |
| 3.n. | Sheep | 205 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 205 |
| 3.0. | Cattle | 84 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 84 |
| 3.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.r. | Old World Monkeys | 930 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 198 | 1.128 |
| 3.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.v. | Other birds | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5.000 | 0 | 226 | 5.251 |
| 3.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.x. | Amphibians | 179 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 179 |
| 3.y. | Fish | 0 | 1.457 | 0 | 0 | 300 | 0 | 0 | 1.047 | 150 | 2.954 |
| 3.z. | TOTAL | 62.611 | 12.179 | 7.706 | 159 | 1.085 | 0 | 5.000 | 6.360 | 30.647 | 125.747 |

TABLE 4: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR STUDIES ON HUMAN AND ANIMAL DISEASES
Main categories versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 4.2 Human cardiovascular diseases | 4.3Human nervous and <br> mental disorders | 4.4 <br> Human cancer (excluding <br> evaluations of carcinogenic <br> hazards or risks) | 4.5 Other human diseases | 4.6 Studies specific to animal diseases | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.7 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.a. | Mice | 60.574 | 232.877 | 180.979 | 333.623 | 218.942 | 1.026.995 |
| 4.b. | Rats | 45.947 | 84.717 | 15.812 | 106.175 | 10.800 | 263.451 |
| 4.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 479 | 312 | 190 | 2.639 | 826 | 4.446 |
| 4.d. | Hamsters | 434 | 708 | 0 | 1.042 | 2.034 | 4.218 |
| 4.e. | Other Rodents | 300 | 1.774 | 60 | 191 | 306 | 2.631 |
| 4.f. | Rabbits | 1.197 | 2 | 123 | 6.710 | 1.643 | 9.675 |
| 4.g. | Cats | 0 | 31 | 0 | 60 | 837 | 928 |
| 4.h. | Dogs | 114 | 133 | 13 | 499 | 667 | 1.426 |
| 4.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 162 | 0 | 162 |
| 4.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 335 | 335 |
| 4.l. | Pigs | 736 | 0 | 0 | 547 | 2.070 | 3.353 |
| 4.m. | Goats | 0 | 10 | 0 | 6 | 355 | 371 |
| 4.n. | Sheep | 140 | 62 | 0 | 97 | 1.670 | 1.969 |
| 4.0. | Cattle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 991 | 991 |
| 4.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 40 | 0 | 308 | 370 | 718 |
| 4.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 4 | 0 | 115 | 21 | 140 |
| 4.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 20 | 0 | 362 | 0 | 382 |
| 4.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.v. | Other birds | 0 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 11.592 | 11.712 |
| 4.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 758 | 758 |
| 4.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 52 | 2.399 | 658 | 1.956 | 5.065 |
| 4.y. | Fish | 900 | 250 | 0 | 930 | 3.956 | 6.036 |
| 4.z. | TOTAL | 110.821 | 321.112 | 199.576 | 454.124 | 260.129 | 1.345.762 |

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TABLE 5: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN PRODUCTION AND QUALITY CONTROL OF PRODUCTS AND DEVICES FOR HUMAN MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY AND FOR VETERINARY MEDICINE

Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 5.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 5.2 National legislation specific to a single EC Member State 1) | 5.3 EC legislation including European Pharmacopoeia (requirements) | 5.4 Member Country of Council of Europe (but not EC) legislation 2) | 5.5 Other legislation | 5.6 Any combination of $5.2 / 5.3 / 5.4 / 5.5$ | 5.7 No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.a. | Mice | 2.709 | 71.121 | 371 | 407 | 244.482 | 6.419 | 325.509 |
| 5.b. | Rats | 4.053 | 194 | 405 | 12.732 | 383 | 515 | 18.282 |
| 5.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 0 | 5.042 | 0 | 32 | 27.904 | 0 | 32.978 |
| 5.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 6.414 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6.414 |
| 5.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.f. | Rabbits | 10 | 37.019 | 0 | 0 | 3.859 | 16.411 | 57.299 |
| 5.g. | Cats | 0 | 536 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 544 |
| 5.h. | Dogs | 0 | 732 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 732 |
| 5.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| 5.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 83 | 0 | 103 |
| 5.l. | Pigs | 0 | 2.454 | 0 | 91 | 0 | 0 | 2.545 |
| 5.m. | Goats | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 22 |
| 5.n. | Sheep | 189 | 466 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 682 |
| 5.0. | Cattle | 0 | 298 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 298 |
| 5.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 139 | 0 | 139 |
| 5.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.v. | Other birds | 0 | 86.034 | 0 | 80 | 9.280 | 8 | 95.402 |
| 5.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.y. | Fish | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.z. | TOTAL | 6.980 | 210.330 | 776 | 13.350 | 286.168 | 23.353 | 540.957 |
| Examples: 5.2 - France is testing due to a UK (or FR) specific requirement <br>  5.3 - UK is testing according to EC legislation <br>  5.4 - Spain is testing due to a Norwegian requirement <br>  5.5 - Poland is testing due to a US specific requirement <br>  5.6 - Germany is testing due to a Swiss requirement (also an EC <br>  requirement) |  |  |  | Note: columns $5.2-5.5$ refer to the legislation imposing that the test be carried out and <br> not to the body which has issued the actual test method, guideline or protocol. <br> Example: <br> a test required by French legislation and carried out in Belgium according to an <br> ISO protocol must be coded as a national (FR) legislative requirement and be <br> entered into column 5.2 in the tables submitted by Belgium. <br>   |  |  |  |  |

 Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom
 Norway, Russia, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Switzerland, 'the former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia', Turkey, Ukraine

TABLE 6: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS

## Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 6.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 6.2 National legislation specific to a single EC Member State 1) | 6.3 <br> EC legislation <br> including European <br> Pharmacopoeia <br> (requirements) | 6.4 Member Country of Council of Europe (but not EC) legislation 2) | 6.5 Other legislation | 6.6 Any combination of $6.2 / 6.3 / 6.4 / 6.5$ | 6.7 No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6.a. | Mice | 6.960 | 13.193 | 658 | 2.783 | 20.930 | 6.342 | 50.866 |
| 6.b. | Rats | 8.250 | 5.748 | 79 | 9.219 | 20.712 | 3.439 | 47.447 |
| 6.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 286 | 2.516 | 0 | 0 | 4.515 | 0 | 7.317 |
| 6.d. | Hamsters | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| 6.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.f. | Rabbits | 260 | 1.314 | 0 | 1.405 | 4.734 | 24 | 7.737 |
| 6.g. | Cats | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 |
| 6.h. | Dogs | 53 | 191 | 0 | 723 | 867 | 0 | 1.834 |
| 6.i. | Ferrets | 211 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 237 |
| 6.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.1. | Pigs | 55 | 18 | 0 | 149 | 212 | 0 | 434 |
| 6.m. | Goats | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 |
| 6.n. | Sheep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 205 | 0 | 205 |
| 6.0. | Cattle | 0 | 84 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 84 |
| 6.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 190 | 0 | 732 | 198 | 8 | 1.128 |
| 6.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.v. | Other birds | 0 | 25 | 0 | 5.000 | 0 | 226 | 5.251 |
| 6.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 179 | 0 | 179 |
| 6.y. | Fish | 82 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.457 | 1.415 | 2.954 |
| 6.z. | TOTAL | 16.207 | 23.303 | 737 | 20.037 | 54.009 | 11.454 | 125.747 |

## Examples: $\quad 6.2$ - France is testing due to a UK (or FR) specific requirement <br> 6.3 - UK is testing according to EC legislation <br> 6.4 - Spain is testing due to a Norwegian requirement

6.5 - Poland is testing due to a US specific requirement
6.6 - Germany is testing due to a Swiss requirement (also an EC requirement)
Footnotes: requirement)

1) EC Mem
2) EC Member States: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Rep., Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom
3) Member Countries of Council of Europe (non-EC): Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Norway, Russia, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Switzerland, 'the former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia', Turkey, Ukraine

TABLE 7: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus species

| $\begin{gathered} 7.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ |  | 7.2Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing methods <br> (including limit test) |  |  |  | 7.4 Skin sensitisatio n | 7.5 Eye irritation | 7.6 Sub- chronic and chronic toxicity | 7.7 Carcinogenicity | 7.8 <br> Develop- <br> mental <br> toxicity | 7.9 Muta- genicit $y$ | 7.10 Reproductive toxicity | 7.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.12 \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 7.13 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7.a. | Mice | 1.455 | 7.107 | 9.877 | 648 | 1.733 | 0 | 12.298 | 2.524 | 730 | 139 | 0 | 0 | 14.355 | 50.866 |
| 7.b. | Rats | 36 | 1.169 | 5.128 | 12 | 1.290 | 78 | 16.839 | 5.287 | 2.075 | 1.547 | 4.489 | 0 | 9.497 | 47.447 |
| 7.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 0 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 6.584 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 0 | 611 | 7.317 |
| 7.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| 7.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.f. | Rabbits | 0 | 0 | 349 | 1.059 | 0 | 377 | 568 | 0 | 669 | 0 | 965 | 0 | 3.750 | 7.737 |
| 7.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 24 |
| 7.h. | Dogs | 0 | 0 | 461 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.106 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 249 | 1.834 |
| 7.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 211 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 237 |
| 7.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.1. | Pigs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 84 | 0 | 294 | 434 |
| 7.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 29 |
| 7.n. | Sheep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 205 | 205 |
| 7.0. | Cattle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 84 | 84 |
| 7.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 864 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 184 | 1.128 |
| 7.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.v. | Other birds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5.251 | 5.251 |
| 7.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 179 | 179 |
| 7.y. | Fish | 1.907 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 890 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 75 | 2.954 |
| 7.z. | TOTAL | 3.398 | 8.276 | 16.142 | 1.719 | 9.607 | 455 | 32.621 | 7.811 | 3.474 | 1.707 | 5.642 | 82 | 34.813 | 125.747 |

TABLE 8: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus products

| 8.1 <br> Products |  | 8.2Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing <br> methods (including limit test) |  |  | 8.3Skinirritation | 8.4Skinsensitisation | $\begin{gathered} \hline 8.5 \\ \text { Eye } \\ \text { irritation } \end{gathered}$ | 8.6Sub-chronicandchronictoxicity | 8.7 <br> Carcino <br> genicity | 8.8 <br> Developmental toxicity | 8.9Muta-genicit$y$ | 8.10 Reproductive toxicity | 8.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8.12 \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8.13 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8.2.1. } \\ & \text { LD50, } \\ & \text { LC50 } \end{aligned}$ | 8.2.2 Other lethal methods | 8.2.3 <br> Non lethal clinical signs methods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8.a. | Products/substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine | 1.965 | 5.233 | 9.654 | 638 | 4.460 | 170 | 14.646 | 3.293 | 1.141 | 1.480 | 5.211 | 0 | 14.720 | 62.611 |
| 8.b. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly in agriculture | 1.430 | 310 | 0 | 100 | 608 | 88 | 5.944 | 2.682 | 867 | 0 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 12.179 |
| 8.c. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly in industry | 0 | 1.378 | 665 | 942 | 1.673 | 182 | 230 | 246 | 626 | 101 | 60 | 0 | 1.603 | 7.706 |
| 8.d. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly in the household | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 159 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 159 |
| 8.e. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly as cosmetics or toiletries | 300 | 0 | 43 | 39 | 699 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.085 |
| 8.f. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8.g. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for animal consumption | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5.000 | 5.000 |
| 8.h. | Potential or actual contaminants in the general environment which do not appear in other columns | 0 | 2.600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.014 | 0 | 0 | 890 | 327 | 82 | 447 | 6.360 |
| 8.i. | Other toxicological or safety evaluations | 221 | 3.397 | 589 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3.792 | 2.604 | 300 | 0 | 1.902 | 0 | 17.836 | 30.647 |
| 8.j. | TOTAL | 3.916 | 12.918 | 10.951 | 1.719 | 7.440 | 450 | 26.785 | 8.825 | 2.934 | 2.471 | 7.650 | 82 | 39.606 | 125.747 |

## ITALY

## Statistical data submitted

The statistical data have been submitted by the Ministry of Health - Department for public veterinary health food and animal safety, Directorate-General for animal health and veterinary medicines, Office X

## Comments of the Italian authorities

None

TABLE 1: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN RELATION TO THEIR PLACE OF ORIGIN

## Origin versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.2 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | 1.3 <br> Animals coming from registered breeding or supplying establishments within the reporting country | 1.4 <br> Animals coming from elsewhere in the EC | 1.5 <br> Animals coming from Member Countries of the Council of Europe which are parties to the Convention ETS 123 (excluding EC Member States) | 1.6Animals coming from <br> other origins | 1.7 Re-used animals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.a. | Mice (Mus musculus) | 553000 | 528861 | 12593 | 223 | 11323 |  |
| 1.b. | Rats (Rattus norvegicus) | 230347 | 224605 | 5077 | 0 | 665 |  |
| 1.c. | Guinea-Pigs (Cavia porcellus) | 13875 | 9924 | 3951 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 1.d. | Hamsters (Mesocricetus ) | 717 | 604 | 36 | 0 | 77 |  |
| 1.e. | Other Rodents (other Rodentia) | 1235 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.f. | Rabbits (Oryctolagus cuniculus) | 9706 | 9061 | 645 | 0 | 0 | 603 |
| 1.g. | Cats (Felis catus) | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 0 |
| 1.h. | Dogs (Canis familiaris) | 943 | 720 | 70 | 0 | 153 | 52 |
| 1.i. | Ferrets (Mustela putorius furo) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.j. | Other Carnivores (other Carnivora) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds (Equidae) | 46 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1. | Pigs (Sus) | 3607 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.m. | Goats (Capra) | 41 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.n. | Sheep (Ovis) | 469 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.0. | Cattle (Bos) | 462 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.p. | Prosimians (Prosimia) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.q. | New World Monkeys (Ceboidea) | 18 | 11 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 53 |
| 1.r. | Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecoidea) | 344 | 182 | 107 | 2 | 53 | 72 |
| 1.s. | Apes (Hominoidea) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.t. | Other Mammals (other Mammalia) | 151 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.u. | Quail (Coturnix coturnix) | 249 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 245 |  |
| 1.v. | Other birds (other Aves) | 32241 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.w. | Reptiles (Reptilia) | 454 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.x. | Amphibians (Amphibia) | 2432 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.y. | Fish (Pisces) | 13955 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.z. | TOTAL | 864318 |  |  |  |  |  |

 updated list of those countries has to be used when filling in this column.

Note 2: Only the white boxes need to be completed.
Note 3: The number of re-used animals in column 1.7 should be excluded from the total in the column 1.2

TABLE 2: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR SELECTED PURPOSES

## Purpose versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 2.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 2.2 <br> Biological studies of a fundamenta 1 nature | 2.3 <br> Research and development of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine (excluding toxicological and other safety evaluations counted in column 2.6) | 2.4 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry | 2.5 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for veterinary medicine | 2.6 Toxicological and other safety evaluations (including safety evaluation of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine) | 2.7 <br> Diagnosis of disease | 2.8 <br> Education and <br> training | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.9 \\ \text { Other } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.10 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.a. | Mice | 311807 | 143156 | 26423 | 2300 | 34150 | 21911 | 10 | 13243 | 553000 |
| 2.b. | Rats | 86363 | 55681 | 67788 | 205 | 17730 | 1340 | 159 | 1081 | 230347 |
| 2.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 2710 | 2170 | 3521 | 397 | 4751 | 30 | 0 | 296 | 13875 |
| 2.d. | Hamsters | 227 | 258 | 0 | 0 | 145 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 717 |
| 2.e. | Other Rodents | 160 | 215 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 860 | 0 | 0 | 1235 |
| 2.f. | Rabbits | 1628 | 1140 | 4538 | 305 | 2009 | 6 | 0 | 80 | 9706 |
| 2.g. | Cats | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 |
| 2.h. | Dogs | 20 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 877 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 943 |
| 2.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 31 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 46 |
| 2.1. | Pigs | 1350 | 1174 | 15 | 84 | 435 | 0 | 344 | 205 | 3607 |
| 2.m. | Goats | 37 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 |
| 2.n. | Sheep | 171 | 190 | 62 | 12 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 469 |
| 2.0. | Cattle | 270 | 134 | 0 | 6 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 41 | 462 |
| 2.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 |
| 2.r. | Old World Monkeys | 12 | 41 | 51 | 0 | 238 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 344 |
| 2.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.t. | Other Mammals | 104 | 0 | 0 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 151 |
| 2.u. | Quail | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 245 | 249 |
| 2.v. | Other birds | 7393 | 3565 | 12 | 12736 | 6621 | 1081 | 0 | 833 | 32241 |
| 2.w. | Reptiles | 454 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 454 |
| 2.x. | Amphibians | 2346 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 66 | 0 | 0 | 2432 |
| 2.y. | Fish | 6049 | 400 | 0 | 2518 | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 2970 | 13955 |
| 2.z. | TOTAL | 421162 | 208211 | 102425 | 18611 | 69006 | 25383 | 513 | 19007 | 864318 |

TABLE 3: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS

## Products versus species

|  | 3.1 Species | 3.2 <br> Products/ substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine | 3.3 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in agriculture | 3.4 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in industry | 3.5 <br> Products/ <br> substances <br> used or <br> intended to <br> be used mainly in the household | 3.6 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly as cosmetics or toiletries | 3.7 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption | 3.8 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for animal consumption | 3.9 <br> Potential or actual contaminants in the general environment which do not appear in other columns | 3.10 <br> Other toxicological or safety evaluations | $3.11$ <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.a. | Mice | 8016 | 80 | 208 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 169 | 4082 | 21541 | 34150 |
| 3.b. | Rats | 14149 | 254 | 1142 | 0 | 0 | 205 | 0 | 0 | 1980 | 17730 |
| 3.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 4408 | 87 | 215 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 | 4751 |
| 3.d. | Hamsters | 145 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 145 |
| 3.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.f. | Rabbits | 1896 | 9 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 63 | 2009 |
| 3.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.h. | Dogs | 877 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 877 |
| 3.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.l. | Pigs | 147 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 288 | 0 | 0 | 435 |
| 3.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.n. | Sheep | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 |
| 3.0. | Cattle | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 3.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.r. | Old World Monkeys | 238 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 238 |
| 3.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.v. | Other birds | 5691 | 450 |  |  |  |  | 480 | 0 | 0 | 6621 |
| 3.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.y. | Fish | 210 | 0 | 158 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1650 | 0 | 2018 |
| 3.z. | TOTAL | 35809 | 880 | 1764 | 0 | 0 | 259 | 937 | 5732 | 23625 | 69006 |

TABLE 4: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR STUDIES ON HUMAN AND ANIMAL DISEASES
Main categories versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 4.2Human cardiovascular <br> diseases | 4.3Human nervous and <br> mental disorders | 4.4 <br> Human cancer (excluding <br> evaluations of carcinogenic <br> hazards or risks) | 4.5 Other human diseases | 4.6 Studies specific to animal diseases | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.7 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.a. | Mice | 17719 | 72970 | 123899 | 130189 | 7073 | 351850 |
| 4.b. | Rats | 6348 | 42732 | 4325 | 33482 | 545 | 87432 |
| 4.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 380 | 326 | 0 | 2366 | 182 | 3254 |
| 4.d. | Hamsters | 20 | 21 | 50 | 357 | 0 | 448 |
| 4.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 244 | 0 | 297 | 654 | 1195 |
| 4.f. | Rabbits | 82 | 262 | 54 | 1410 | 13 | 1821 |
| 4.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.h. | Dogs | 12 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 29 |
| 4.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 31 |
| 4.1. | Pigs | 163 | 0 | 8 | 170 | 110 | 451 |
| 4.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 4.n. | Sheep | 31 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 16 | 89 |
| 4.0. | Cattle | 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 11 |
| 4.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 |
| 4.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 2 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 43 |
| 4.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 |
| 4.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 249 | 249 |
| 4.v. | Other birds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1358 | 1358 |
| 4.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 86 |
| 4.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 101 | 0 | 241 | 66 | 408 |
| 4.y. | Fish | 0 | 0 | 1629 | 66 | 3268 | 4963 |
| 4.z. | TOTAL | 24762 | 116676 | 129965 | 168680 | 13662 | 453745 |

TABLE 5: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN PRODUCTION AND QUALITY CONTROL OF PRODUCTS AND DEVICES FOR HUMAN MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY AND FOR VETERINARY MEDICINE

Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 5.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 5.2 <br> National legislation specific to a single EC Member State <br> 1) | 5.3 EC legislation including European Pharmacopoeia (requirements) | 5.4 <br> Member Country of Council of Europe (but not EC) legislation <br> 2) | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5.5 \\ \text { Other legislation } \end{gathered}$ | 5.6 <br> Any combination of 5.2/5.3/5.4/ 5.5 | 5.7 <br> No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.a. | Mice | 6375 | 7376 | 0 | 100 | 13027 | 1845 | 28723 |
| 5.b. | Rats | 241 | 1730 | 0 | 0 | 64208 | 1814 | 67993 |
| 5.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 657 | 627 | 0 | 0 | 2634 | 0 | 3918 |
| 5.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.f. | Rabbits | 344 | 3773 | 0 | 0 | 714 | 12 | 4843 |
| 5.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.h. | Dogs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| 5.1. | Pigs | 99 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 99 |
| 5.m. | Goats | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 5.n. | Sheep | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 74 |
| 5.0. | Cattle | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| 5.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51 | 0 | 51 |
| 5.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.t. | Other Mammals | 13 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47 |
| 5.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.v. | Other birds | 853 | 11895 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12748 |
| 5.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.y. | Fish | 2170 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 348 | 0 | 2518 |
| 5.z. | TOTAL | 10839 | 25435 | 0 | 100 | 80982 | 3680 | 121036 |
| Examples: 5.2 - France is testi <br>  5.3 - UK is testing a <br>  5.4 - Spain is testin <br>  5.5 - Poland is testi <br>  5.6 - Germany is <br>  requirement) |  | a UK (or FR) specifi to EC legislation Norwegian requirem a US specific require ue to a Czech requi | quirement <br> t <br> ment (also an EC | Note: columns $5.2-$ <br> not to the bod <br> Example: <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> a tent prequto prod into | refer to the legis which has issued y French legislat st be coded as a mn 5.2 in the tab | imposing that the tes tual test method, guid d carried out in Belgi al (FR) legislative req bmitted by Belgium. | carried out and or protocol. ccording to an ment and be |  |
| Foo | 1) EC Member <br> Luxembourg <br> 2) Member Co <br> Monaco, Nor | Austria, Belgium, Bu etherlands, Poland, P Council of Europe ia, San Marino, Serb | ria, Cyprus, Czec tugal, Romania, Slo n-EC): Albania, and Montenegro, S | Rep, Denmark, Estonia, kia, Slovenia, Spain, Swe dorra, Armenia, Azerbai tzerland, 'the former Yug | land, France, , United Kingdom Bosnia and He <br> v Rep. of Maced | ny, Greece, Hungary <br> vina, Croatia, Georgi Turkey, Ukraine | land, Italy, La eland, Liechten | Lithuan <br> , Moldo |

TABLE 6: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 6.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 6.2 National legislation specific to a single EC Member State 1) | 6.3 <br> EC legislation <br> including European <br> Pharmacopoeia <br> (requirements) | 6.4 <br> Member Country of Council <br> of Europe (but not EC) <br> legislation <br> 2) | 6.5 Other legislation | 6.6 Any combination of $6.2 / 6.3 / 6.4 / 6.5$ | 6.7 No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6.a. | Mice | 19994 | 4665 | 0 | 0 | 9102 | 389 | 34150 |
| 6.b. | Rats | 2093 | 5724 | 0 | 0 | 9557 | 356 | 17730 |
| 6.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 104 | 3731 | 0 | 0 | 916 | 0 | 4751 |
| 6.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 122 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 145 |
| 6.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.f. | Rabbits | 6 | 1389 | 0 | 0 | 566 | 48 | 2009 |
| 6.9. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.h. | Dogs | 176 | 305 | 0 | 0 | 396 | 0 | 877 |
| 6.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.l. | Pigs | 0 | 435 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 435 |
| 6.m | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.n. | Sheep | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 |
| 6.0. | Cattle | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 6.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.9. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 238 | 0 | 238 |
| 6.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.v. | Other birds | 0 | 6171 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 450 | 6621 |
| 6.w | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.y. | Fish | 1650 | 158 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 210 | 2018 |
| 6.z. | TOTAL | 24023 | 22732 | 0 | 0 | 20798 | 1453 | 69006 |
| Examples: 6.2 - France is testing due to a UK (or FR) specific requirement <br>  6.3 - UK is testing according to EC legislation <br>  6.4 - Spain is testing due to a Norwegian requirement <br>  6.5 - Poland is testing due to a US specific requirement <br>  6.6 - Germany is testing due to a Czech requirement (also an EC <br>  requirement) |  |  |  | Example: a test required by French legislat ISO protocol must be coded as a entered into column 6.2 in the tab |  | imposing that the tes tual test method, guid d carried out in Belgi al (FR) legislative req bmitted by Belgium. | carried out and or protocol. ccording to an nent and be |  |

 Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom
2) Member Countries of Council of Europe (non-EC): Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Norway, Russia, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Switzerland, 'the former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia', Turkey, Ukraine

TABLE 7: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus species

| $\begin{gathered} 7.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ |  | 7.2 <br> Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing methods (including limit test) |  |  | 7.3Skinirritation | 7.4Skinsensitisation | 7.5 <br> Eye irritation | 7.6 <br> Subchronic and chronic toxicity | 7.7 <br> Carcinogenicity | $7.8$ <br> Developmental toxicity | 7.9 <br> Muta- <br> genicit <br> y | 7.10 <br> Repro- <br> ductive <br> toxicity | 7.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.12 \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.13 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 7.2.1. } \\ & \text { LD50, } \\ & \text { LC50 } \end{aligned}$ | 7.2.2 <br> Other lethal methods | 7.2.3 <br> Non lethal clinical signs methods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7.a. | Mice | 590 | 5698 | 7128 | 110 | 0 | 0 | 5666 | 77 | 177 | 344 | 743 | 0 | 13617 | 34150 |
| 7.b. | Rats | 104 | 453 | 3884 | 38 | 2 | 0 | 10261 | 2 | 507 | 363 | 717 | 0 | 1399 | 17730 |
| 7.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 0 | 0 | 23 | 80 | 4630 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 4751 |
| 7.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 145 | 145 |
| 7.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.f. | Rabbits | 0 | 0 | 371 | 250 | 0 | 90 | 130 | 0 | 235 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 933 | 2009 |
| 7.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.h. | Dogs | 0 | 0 | 179 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 681 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 877 |
| 7.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.1. | Pigs | 0 | 0 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 339 | 435 |
| 7.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.n. | Sheep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 23 |
| 7.0. | Cattle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 9 |
| 7.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 57 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 122 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59 | 238 |
| 7.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.v. | Other birds | 0 | 0 | 4595 | 1020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1006 | 6621 |
| 7.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.y. | Fish | 930 | 0 | 368 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 720 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2018 |
| 7.z. | TOTAL | 1624 | 6151 | 16661 | 1498 | 4632 | 90 | 17620 | 79 | 919 | 707 | 1460 | 0 | 17565 | 69006 |

TABLE 8: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus products

| $8.1$ <br> Products |  | 8.2 <br> Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing methods (including limit test) |  |  | 8.3Skinirritation | 8.4Skinsensitisation | 8.5Eyeirritation | 8.6Sub-chronicandchronictoxicity | 8.7 <br> Carcino genicity | 8.8Develop-mentaltoxicity | 8.9Muta-genicit$y$ | 8.10 <br> Reproductive toxicity | 8.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8.12 \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8.13 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 8.2.1. } \\ & \text { LD50, } \\ & \text { LC50 } \end{aligned}$ | 8.2 .2 <br> Other lethal <br> methods | 8.2 .3 Non lethal clinical signs methods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8.a. | Products/substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine | 184 | 350 | 12772 | 1469 | 4330 | 69 | 11879 | 79 | 625 | 513 | 701 | 0 | 2838 | 35809 |
| 8.b. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly in agriculture | 0 | 120 | 65 | 3 | 87 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 499 | 880 |
| 8.c. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly in industry | 0 | 224 | 361 | 26 | 215 | 15 | 200 | 0 | 244 | 194 | 189 | 0 | 96 | 1764 |
| 8.d. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly in the household | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8.e. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly as cosmetics or toiletries | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8.f. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption | 0 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 174 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 259 |
| 8.g. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for animal consumption | 0 | 169 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 768 | 937 |
| 8.h. | Potential or actual contaminants in the general environment which do not appear in other columns | 930 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3099 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 470 | 0 | 1233 | 5732 |
| 8.i. | Other toxicological or safety evaluations | 510 | 5288 | 3428 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2268 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12131 | 23625 |
| 8.j. | TOTAL | 1624 | 6151 | 16661 | 1498 | 4632 | 90 | 17620 | 79 | 919 | 707 | 1460 | 0 | 17565 | 69006 |

## CYPRUS

## Statistical data submitted

The statistical data have been submitted by "Veterinary Services of the Republic of Cyprus".
Remark: Cyprus reported data only in tables 1, 2, 4 and 5. The remaining tables are not applicable.

## Comments of the Cypriot authorities

At present only rodents (mice) are used in animal experimentation in Cyprus. The use of experimental mice concentrates mainly on the generation and use of genetically modified mice to study basic biological processes like:

- Development of the central nervous system and early development of the mouse embryo.
- Generation of mouse models of inherited diseases or diseases with a genetic component and study of disease progression. These include haemoglobinopathies and neurodegenerative diseases.
- Testing of genetically engineered molecules as putative anti-neoplastic agents on genetically immunocompromised animals, challenged with carcinogenic cells.
- Testing of modified forms of natural vitamins as potential antioxidants on induced models of diabetes.
- Use of mice to study the effect of various agents on heart physiology.

The Veterinary Services are satisfied that the animals are kept in a very rigorously monitored, pathogenfree environment (monitored according to FELASA guidelines). No outbreak of all pathogens tested has been observed. We are also satisfied that the principles of the three Rs are duly adhered to.

TABLE 1: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN RELATION TO THEIR PLACE OF ORIGIN
Origin versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.2 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | 1.3 Animals coming from registered breeding or supplying establishments within the reporting country | 1.4 <br> Animals coming from elsewhere in the EC | 1.5 <br> Animals coming from Member Countries of the Council of Europe which are parties to the Convention ETS 123 (excluding EC Member States) | 1.6Animals coming from <br> other origins | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.7 \\ \text { Re-used animals } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.a. | Mice (Mus musculus) | 2114 | 2114 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.b. | Rats (Rattus norvegicus) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.c. | Guinea-Pigs (Cavia porcellus) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.d. | Hamsters (Mesocricetus ) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.e. | Other Rodents (other Rodentia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.f. | Rabbits (Oryctolagus cuniculus) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.g. | Cats (Felis catus) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.h. | Dogs (Canis familiaris) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.i. | Ferrets (Mustela putorius furo) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.j. | Other Carnivores (other Carnivora) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds (Equidae) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1. | Pigs (Sus) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.m. | Goats (Capra) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.n. | Sheep (Ovis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.0. | Cattle (Bos) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.p. | Prosimians (Prosimia) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.q. | New World Monkeys (Ceboidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.r. | Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecoidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.s. | Apes (Hominoidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.t. | Other Mammals (other Mammalia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.u. | Quail (Coturnix coturnix) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.v. | Other birds (other Aves) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.w. | Reptiles (Reptilia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.x. | Amphibians (Amphibia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.y. | Fish (Pisces) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.z. | TOTAL | 2114 |  |  |  |  |  |

 updated list of those countries has to be used when filling in this column.

Note 2: Only the white boxes need to be completed.
Note 3: The number of re-used animals in column 1.7 should be excluded from the total in the column 1.2

TABLE 2: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR SELECTED PURPOSES

## Purpose versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 2.2 <br> Biological studies of a fundamenta l nature | 2.3 <br> Research and development of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine (excluding toxicological and other safety evaluations counted in column 2.6) | 2.4 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry | 2.5 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for veterinary medicine | 2.6 <br> Toxicological and other safety evaluations <br> (including safety evaluation of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine) | 2.7 <br> Diagnosis of disease |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.9 \\ \text { Other } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.10 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.a. | Mice | 1701 |  | 320 |  |  |  | 93 |  | 2114 |
| 2.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.z. | TOTAL | 1701 | 0 | 320 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 93 | 0 | 2114 |

TABLE 4: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR STUDIES ON HUMAN AND ANIMAL DISEASES
Main categories versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 4.2Human cardiovascular <br> diseases | 4.3Human nervous and <br> mental disorders | 4.4 <br> Human cancer (excluding <br> evaluations of carcinogenic <br> hazards or risks) | 4.5 Other human diseases | 4.6 <br> Studies specific to animal diseases | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.7 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.a. | Mice |  | 205 | 70 | 165 |  | 440 |
| 4.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.z. | TOTAL | 0 | 205 | 70 | 165 | 0 | 440 |

TABLE 5: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN PRODUCTION AND QUALITY CONTROL OF PRODUCTS AND DEVICES FOR HUMAN MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY AND FOR VETERINARY MEDICINE
Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 5.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 5.2 National legislation specific to a single EC Member State 1) | 5.3 EC legislation including European Pharmacopoeia (requirements) | 5.4 Member Country of Council of Europe (but not EC) legislation 2) | 5.5 Other legislation | 5.6 Any combination of $5.2 / 5.3 / 5.4 / 5.5$ | 5.7 No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.a. | Mice |  |  |  |  |  | 320 | 320 |
| 5.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
|  | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.z. | TOTAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 320 | 320 |

Examples:
5.2 - France is testing due to a UK (or FR) specific requirement 5.3- UK is testing according to EC legislation
5.4 - Spain is testing due to a Norwegian requirement
5.5 - Poland is testing due to a US specific requirement
5.6 - Germany is testing due to a Swiss requirement (also an EC requirement)
Footnotes:

1) EC Member States: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Rep., Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom
2) Member Countries of Council of Europe (non-EC): Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Norway, Russia, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Switzerland, 'the former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia', Turkey, Ukraine

## LATVIA

## Statistical data submitted

The statistical data have been submitted by the Ministry of Agriculture - State Food and veterinary service

## Comments of Latvian authorities

None

TABLE 1: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN RELATION TO THEIR PLACE OF ORIGIN

## Origin versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.2 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | 1.3 <br> Animals coming from registered breeding or supplying establishments within the reporting country | 1.4 Animals coming from elsewhere in the EC | 1.5 <br> Animals coming from Member Countries of the Council of Europe which are parties to the Convention ETS 123 (excluding EC Member States) | 1.6Animals coming from <br> other origins | 1.7 Re-used animals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.a. | Mice (Mus musculus) | 6912 | 6912 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.b. | Rats (Rattus norvegicus) | 2407 | 2407 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.c. | Guinea-Pigs (Cavia porcellus) | 32 | 32 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.d. | Hamsters (Mesocricetus ) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.e. | Other Rodents (other Rodentia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.f. | Rabbits (Oryctolagus cuniculus) | 48 | 48 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.g. | Cats (Felis catus) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.h. | Dogs (Canis familiaris) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.i. | Ferrets (Mustela putorius furo) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.j. | Other Carnivores (other Carnivora) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds (Equidae) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1. | Pigs (Sus) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.m. | Goats (Capra) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.n. | Sheep (Ovis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.0. | Cattle (Bos) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.p. | Prosimians (Prosimia) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.q. | New World Monkeys (Ceboidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.r. | Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecoidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.s. | Apes (Hominoidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.t. | Other Mammals (other Mammalia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.u. | Quail (Coturnix coturnix) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.v. | Other birds (other Aves) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.w. | Reptiles (Reptilia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.x. | Amphibians (Amphibia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.y. | Fish (Pisces) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.z. | TOTAL | 9399 |  |  |  |  |  |

 updated list of those countries has to be used when filling in this column.

Note 2: Only the white boxes need to be completed.
Note 3: The number of re-used animals in column 1.7 should be excluded from the total in the column 1.2

TABLE 2: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR SELECTED PURPOSES

## Purpose versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 2.2 <br> Biological studies of a fundamenta 1 nature | 2.3 <br> Research and development of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine (excluding toxicological and other safety evaluations counted in column 2.6) | 2.4 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry | 2.5 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for veterinary medicine | 2.6 <br> Toxicological and other safety evaluations (including safety evaluation of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine) | 2.7 <br> Diagnosis of disease | 2.8 <br> Education and training | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.9 \\ \text { Other } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.10 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.a. | Mice | 1032 | 1952 | 2710 |  |  | 668 | 550 |  | 6912 |
| 2.b. | Rats | 325 | 460 | 1037 |  |  | 280 | 305 |  | 2407 |
| 2.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  | 32 |  |  |  | 32 |
| 2.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.f. | Rabbits |  |  | 48 |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 2.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.z. | TOTAL | 1357 | 2412 | 3795 | 0 | 32 | 948 | 855 | 0 | 9399 |

TABLE 3: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS

## Products versus species

|  | 3.1 Species | 3.2 <br> Products/ substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine | 3.3 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in agriculture | 3.4 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in industry | 3.5 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in the household | 3.6 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly as cosmetics or toiletries | 3.7 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption | 3.8 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for animal consumption | 3.9 <br> Potential or actual contaminants in the general environment which do not appear in other columns | 3.10 <br> Other toxicological or safety evaluations | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.11 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.a. | Mice |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32 |
| 3.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.z. | TOTAL | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 |

TABLE 4: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR STUDIES ON HUMAN AND ANIMAL DISEASES
Main categories versus species

|  | 4.1 Species | 4.2 Human cardiovascular diseases | 4.3Human nervous and <br> mental disorders | 4.4 <br> Human cancer (excluding <br> evaluations of carcinogenic <br> hazards or risks) | 4.5 Other human diseases | 4.6 <br> Studies specific to animal diseases | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.7 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.a. | Mice | 995 | 634 | 1353 | 548 | 122 | 3652 |
| 4.b. | Rats | 394 | 195 | 360 | 116 |  | 1065 |
| 4.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.z. | TOTAL | 1389 | 829 | 1713 | 664 | 122 | 4717 |

TABLE 5: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN PRODUCTION AND QUALITY CONTROL OF PRODUCTS AND DEVICES FOR HUMAN MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY AND FOR VETERINARY MEDICINE

Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 5.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 5.2 National legislation specific to a single EC Member State 1) | 5.3 <br> EC legislation <br> including European <br> Pharmacopoeia <br> (requirements) | 5.4 <br> Member Country of Council <br> of Europe (but not EC) <br> legislation <br> 2) | 5.5 Other legislation | 5.6 Any combination of $5.2 / 5.3 / 5.4 / 5.5$ | 5.7 No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.a. | Mice |  |  |  |  | 2710 |  | 2710 |
| 5.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  | 1037 |  | 1037 |
| 5.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  | 48 |  | 48 |
| 5.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.z. | TOTAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3795 | 0 | 3795 |

Examples:
5.2 - France is testing due to a UK (or FR) specific requirement 5.3 - UK is testing according to EC legislation 5.4 - Spain is testing due to a Norwegian requirement 5.5 - Poland is testing due to a US specific requirement 5.6 - Germany is testing due to a Czech requirement (also an EC

Note:

Example:
columns 5.2-5.5 refer to the legislation imposing that the test be carried out and not to the body which has issued the actual test method, guideline or protocol. a test required by French legislation and carried out in Belgium according to an ISO protocol must be coded as a national (FR) legislative requirement and be entered into column 5.2 in the tables submitted by Belgium.
 Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom
2) Member Countries of Council of Europe (non-EC): Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Norway, Russia, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Switzerland, 'the former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia', Turkey, Ukraine

TABLE 6: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 6.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 6.2 National legislation specific to a single EC Member State 1) | 6.3 EC legislation including European Pharmacopoeia (requirements) | 6.4 <br> Member Country of Council <br> of Europe (but not EC) <br> legislation <br> 2) | 6.5 Other legislation | 6.6 Any combination of 6.2/6.3/6.4/6.5 | 6.7 No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6.a. | Mice |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  | 32 |  | 32 |
| 6.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
|  | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.m | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
|  | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.W | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.z. | TOTAL | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 32 | 0 | 32 |
| Examples: $\quad 6.2$ - France is testing due to a UK (or FR) specific requirement <br> 6.3-UK is testing according to EC legislation <br> 6.4 - Spain is testing due to a Norwegian requirement <br> 6.5 - Poland is testing due to a US specific requirement <br> 6.6 - Germany is testing due to a Czech requirement (also an requirement) |  |  |  | Example: a test required by French legisla ISO protocol must be coded as entered into column 6.2 in the |  | imposing that the test tual test method, guide nd carried out in Belgit nal (FR) legislative requ bmitted by Belgium. | carried out and or protocol. ccording to an nent and be |  |

 Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom
2) Member Countries of Council of Europe (non-EC): Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Norway, Russia, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Switzerland, 'the former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia', Turkey, Ukraine

TABLE 7: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus species

| $\begin{gathered} 7.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ |  | 7.2Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing methods <br> (including limit test) |  |  |  | 7.4Skinsensitisation | 7.5Eyeirritation | 7.6Sub-chronic andchronictoxicity | 7.7Carcinogenicity | 7.8 <br> Developmental toxicity | $\begin{gathered} 7.9 \\ \text { Muta- } \\ \text { genicit } \\ \mathrm{y} \end{gathered}$ | 7.10 Reproductive toxicity | 7.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.12 \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.13 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 7.2.1. } \\ & \text { LD50, } \\ & \text { LC50 } \end{aligned}$ | 7.2.2 <br> Other lethal <br> methods | 7.2.3 <br> Non lethal clinical signs methods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7.a. | Mice |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  | 32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32 |
| 7.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.z. | TOTAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 |

TABLE 8: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus products

| 8.1 <br> Products | 8.2 <br> Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing methods (including limit test) |  |  | $8.3$ <br> Skin irritation | 8.4 Skin sensitisatio n | 8.5 Eye irritation |  | 8.7 Carcino genicity | 8.8 <br> Developmental toxicity | 8.9 <br> Mutagenicit y | 8.10 <br> Reproductive toxicity | 8.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8.12 \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8.13 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8.a. Products/substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine |  |  |  | 32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32 |
| 8.b. Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly in agriculture |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.c. $\begin{array}{l}\text { Products/substances used or intended to } \\ \text { be used mainly in industry }\end{array}$ <br> 8. Proder |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.d. $\begin{array}{l}\text { Products/substances used or intended to } \\ \text { be used mainly in the household }\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.e. Products/substances used or intended to <br> be used mainly as cosmetics or <br> toiletries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.f. Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.g. Products/substances used or intended to <br> be used mainly as additives in food for <br> animal consumption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.h. Potential or actual contaminants in the general environment which do not appear in other columns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.i. Other toxicological or safety evaluations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.j. TOTAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 |

## LITHUANIA

## Statistical data submitted

The statistical data have been submitted by the Animal Health and Welfare Department of the State Food and Veterinary Service of the Republic of Lithuania.

## Comments of Lithuanian authorities

The legal basis for the collection of statistics on the number and use of vertebrate animals for experimental and other scientific purposes in Lithuania is provided by the State Food and Veterinary Service Director Decree No B1-639 (Government Gazette 2009-01-22, No 8-287) on the protection of animals used for experimental and other scientific purposes, in accordance with Council Directive 86/609/EEC and European Convention on the protection of animals used for experimental and other scientific purposes

The total number of animals used in experiments in Lithuania in 2008 was 5,582 of which $100 \%$ animals came from registered breeding or supplying establishments within the reporting country.

Rodents accounted for $91,61 \%$ of all animals used - 5,114 animals (3,827 mice accounting for $68,56 \%, 1,194$ rats - accounting for 21,39\%, 93 guinea pigs accounting for $1,67 \%$ )

A further 3,56\% (199 animals) were rabbits.
Cold-blooded animals (fish and amphibians) represented 2,67\% of the animals used, 149 animals, of which $28,86 \%$ were used for research and development of medical, dental and veterinary products and appliances, $71,14 \%$ for education and training purposes.

Pigs accounted for $1,43 \%$ of the animals used ( 80 animals), of which $37,5 \%$ were used for research and development of medical, dental and veterinary products and appliances, $62,5 \%$ for education and training purposes.

Birds accounted for $0,71 \%$ (40 animals), of which $100 \%$ were used for research and development of medical, dental and veterinary products and appliances.

No animals were re-used.
No primates were used.
No animals were used in the testing of cosmetic products.

## TABLE 1: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN RELATION TO THEIR PLACE OF ORIGIN

Origin versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.2 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | 1.3 Animals coming from registered breeding or supplying establishments within the reporting country | 1.4 Animals coming from elsewhere in the EC | 1.5 <br> Animals coming from Member Countries of the Council of Europe which are parties to the Convention ETS 123 (excluding EC Member States) | 1.6Animals coming from <br> other origins | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.7 \\ \text { Re-used animals } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.a. | Mice (Mus musculus) | 3827 | 3827 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.b. | Rats (Rattus norvegicus) | 1194 | 1194 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.c. | Guinea-Pigs (Cavia porcellus) | 93 | 93 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.d. | Hamsters (Mesocricetus ) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.e. | Other Rodents (other Rodentia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.f. | Rabbits (Oryctolagus cuniculus) | 199 | 199 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.g. | Cats (Felis catus) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.h. | Dogs (Canis familiaris) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.i. | Ferrets (Mustela putorius furo) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.j. | Other Carnivores (other Carnivora) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds (Equidae) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.l. | Pigs (Sus) | 80 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.m. | Goats (Capra) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.n. | Sheep (Ovis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.0. | Cattle (Bos) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.p. | Prosimians (Prosimia) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.q. | New World Monkeys (Ceboidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.r. | Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecoidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.s. | Apes (Hominoidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Other Mammals (other Mammalia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.u. | Quail (Coturnix coturnix) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.v. | Other birds (other Aves) | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.w. | Reptiles (Reptilia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.x. | Amphibians (Amphibia) | 149 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.y. | Fish (Pisces) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.z. | TOTAL | 5582 |  |  |  |  |  |

 list of those countries has to be used when filling in this column.

Note 2: Only the white boxes need to be completed.
Note 3: The number of re-used animals in column 1.7 should be excluded from the total in the column 1.2

TABLE 2: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR SELECTED PURPOSES

|  | $\begin{gathered} 2.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 2.2 <br> Biological studies of a fundamenta I nature | 2.3 <br> Research and development of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine (excluding toxicological and other safety evaluations counted in column 2.6) | 2.4 Production and quality control of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry | 2.5 Production and quality control of products and devices for veterinary medicine | 2.6 Toxicological and other safety evaluations (including safety evaluation of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine) | 2.7Diagnosis of <br> disease | 2.8 <br> Education and <br> training | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.9 \\ \text { Other } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.10 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.a. | Mice | 718 | 1367 | 525 |  | 1213 |  | 4 |  | 3827 |
| 2.b. | Rats | 44 | 1070 | 33 |  | 26 |  | 21 |  | 1194 |
| 2.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 41 | 40 |  | 5 | 7 |  |  |  | 93 |
| 2.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.f. | Rabbits | 8 | 148 |  | 5 | 7 |  | 31 |  | 199 |
| 2.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.k. | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Horses, donkeys and cross } \\ \text { breds }\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.1. | Pigs |  | 30 |  |  |  |  | 50 |  | 80 |
| 2.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.v. | Other birds |  | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| 2.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.x. | Amphibians |  | 43 |  |  |  |  | 106 |  | 149 |
| 2.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.z. | TOTAL | 811 | 2738 | 558 | 10 | 1253 | 0 | 212 | 0 | 5582 |

TABLE 3: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Products versus species

|  | 3.1 Species | 3.2 <br> Products/ substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine | 3.3 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in agriculture | 3.4 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in industry | 3.5 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in the household | 3.6 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly as cosmetics or toiletries | 3.7 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption | 3.8 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for animal consumption | 3.9 <br> Potential or actual contaminants in the general environment which do not appear in other columns | 3.10 <br> Other toxicological or safety evaluations | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.11 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.a. | Mice | 239 |  |  |  |  |  | 200 |  | 774 | 1213 |
| 3.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 |  |  | 26 |
| 3.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |  | 7 |
| 3.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |  | 7 |
| 3.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.z. | TOTAL | 239 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 240 | 0 | 774 | 1253 |

TABLE 4: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR STUDIES ON HUMAN AND ANIMAL DISEASES
Main categories versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 4.2 Human cardiovascular diseases | 4.3 $\begin{gathered}\text { Human nervous and } \\ \text { mental disorders }\end{gathered}$ mental disorders | 4.4 <br> Human cancer (excluding evaluations of carcinogenic hazards or risks) | $\stackrel{4.5}{\text { Other human diseases }}$ | 4.6 <br> Studies specific to animal diseases | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.7 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.a. | Mice | 189 |  | 300 | 1496 | 100 | 2085 |
| 4.b. | Rats | 22 |  | 33 | 959 | 100 | 1114 |
| 4.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 39 |  |  | 22 | 20 | 81 |
| 4.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.f. | Rabbits | 30 | 24 |  | 82 | 20 | 156 |
| 4.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.1. | Pigs | 30 |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 4.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.v. | Other birds |  |  |  | 20 | 20 | 40 |
| 4.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.x. | Amphibians |  | 43 |  |  |  | 43 |
| 4.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.z. | TOTAL | 310 | 67 | 333 | 2579 | 260 | 3549 |

TABLE 5: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN PRODUCTION AND QUALITY CONTROL OF PRODUCTS AND DEVICES FOR HUMAN MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY AND FOR VETERINARY MEDICINE

Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $5.1$ <br> Species | 5.2 National legislation specific to a single EC Member State 1) | 5.3 EC legislation including European Pharmacopoeia (requirements) | 5.4 Member Country of Council of Europe (but not EC) legislation 2) | 5.5 Other legislation | 5.6 Any combination of $5.2 / 5.3 / 5.4 / 5.5$ | 5.7 <br> No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.a. | Mice | 525 |  |  |  |  |  | 525 |
| 5.b. | Rats | 33 |  |  |  |  |  | 33 |
| 5.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 5 |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 5.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.f. | Rabbits | 5 |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 5.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.m | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.z. | TOTAL | 568 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 568 |
| Examples: 5.2 - France is test <br>  5.3 - UK is testing <br>  5.4 - Spain is testi <br>  5.5 - Poland is test <br>  5.6 - Germany is |  | a UK (or FR) specifi to EC legislation a Norwegian requiren a US specific requir due to a Czech requ | quirement <br> nt <br> ment (also an | Note: columns $5.2-$ <br>  <br> not to the bod <br> Example: <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> ISO tent protored into | refer to the leg which has issued y French legisla st be coded as a mn 5.2 in the ta | imposing that the test tual test method, guide d carried out in Belgit al (FR) legislative requ bmitted by Belgium. | carried out and or protocol. ccording to an nent and be |  |
| Footnotes: <br> 1) EC Membe <br> Luxembourg <br> 2) Member Co <br> Monaco, No |  | Austria, Belgium, B Netherlands, Poland, Council of Europe sia, San Marino, Serb | aria, Cyprus, Cze tugal, Romania, S on-EC): Albania, and Montenegro, | Rep, Denmark, Estonia, akia, Slovenia, Spain, Swe dorra, Armenia, Azerbai tzerland, 'the former Yug | Iland, France, <br> United Kingdo <br> Bosnia and H <br> vep. of Mace | ny, Greece, Hungary <br> vina, Croatia, Georgi Turkey, Ukraine | eland, Italy, La eland, Liechten | Lithua <br> Mold |

TABLE 6: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 6.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 6.2 National legislation specific to a single EC Member State 1) | 6.3 <br> EC legislation <br> including European <br> Pharmacopoeia <br> (requirements) | 6.4 <br> Member Country of Council <br> of Europe (but not EC) <br> legislation <br> 2) | 6.5 Other legislation | 6.6 Any combination of $6.2 / 6.3 / 6.4 / 6.5$ | 6.7 No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6.a. |  | 1013 | 200 |  |  |  |  | 1213 |
| 6.b. |  |  | 26 |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| 6.c. |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| 6.d. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.e. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.f. |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| 6.g. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.h. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.i. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.j. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.k. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.l. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.m. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.n. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.0. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.p. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.q. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.r. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.s. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.t. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.u. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.v. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.w. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.x. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.y. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.z. |  | 1013 | 240 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1253 |
| Examples: | 6.2 - France is testing due to a UK (or FR) specific requirement <br> 6.3 - UK is testing according to EC legislation <br> 6.4 - Spain is testing due to a Norwegian requirement <br> 6.5 - Poland is testing due to a US specific requirement <br> 6.6 - Germany is testing due to a Czech requirement (also an EC requirement) |  |  | Note: columns 6.2-6.5 refer to the legislation imposing that the test be carried out and not to the body which has issued the actual test method, guideline or protocol. <br> Example: a test required by French legislation and carried out in Belgium according to an ISO protocol must be coded as a national (FR) legislative requirement and be entered into column 6.2 in the tables submitted by Belgium. |  |  |  |  |

Footnotes:

1) EC Member States: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Rep, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom
2) Member Countries of Council of Europe (non-EC): Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Norway, Russia, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Switzerland, 'the former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia', Turkey, Ukraine

TABLE 7: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus species

| $\begin{gathered} \hline 7.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ |  | 7.2Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing methods(including limit test) |  |  | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 7.3 \\ \text { Skin } \\ \text { irritation } \end{array}$ | 7.4Skinsensitisation | 7.5Eyeirritation | 7.6 Subchronic and chronic toxicity | $7.7$ <br> Carcinogenicity | 7.8 <br> Developmental toxicity | Mutagenicit y | $7.10$ <br> Reproductive toxicity | 7.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.12 \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.13 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 7.2.1. } \\ & \text { LD50, } \\ & \text { LC50 } \end{aligned}$ | 7.2.2 <br> Other lethal <br> methods | 7.2.3 <br> Non lethal clinical signs methods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7.a. | Mice | 172 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 246 |  | 200 | 595 | 1213 |
| 7.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 |  | 26 |
| 7.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  | 7 |
| 7.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  | 7 |
| 7.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.z. | TOTAL | 172 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 246 | 0 | 240 | 595 | 1253 |

TABLE 8: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus products


## LUXEMBOURG

## Statistical data submitted

The statistical data have been submitted by the "Ministère de l'Agriculture, de la viticulture et du developpement rural. Administration des Services Vétérinaires" (Ministry of Agriculture, viticulture and rural development. Administration of Veterinary Services)

Remark: Luxembourg reported data only in tables 1,2 and 4 with the remaining tables not applicable.

## Comments of Luxembourg authorities

None

TABLE 1: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN RELATION TO THEIR PLACE OF ORIGIN
Origin versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.2 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | 1.3 <br> Animals coming from registered breeding or supplying establishments within the reporting country | 1.4 <br> Animals coming from elsewhere in the EC | 1.5 <br> Animals coming from Member Countries of the Council of Europe which are parties to the Convention ETS 123 (excluding EC Member States) | 1.6Animals coming from <br> other origins | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.7 \\ \text { Re-used animals } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.a. | Mice (Mus musculus) | 3280 | 3280 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.b. | Rats (Rattus norvegicus) | 430 | 430 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Guinea-Pigs (Cavia porcellus) | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.d. | Hamsters (Mesocricetus ) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.e. | Other Rodents (other Rodentia) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.f. | Rabbits (Oryctolagus cuniculus) | 20 | 20 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.g. | Cats (Felis catus) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.h. | Dogs (Canis familiaris) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.i. | Ferrets (Mustela putorius furo) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.j. | Other Carnivores (other Carnivora) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds (Equidae) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1. | Pigs (Sus) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.m. | Goats (Capra) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.n. | Sheep (Ovis) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.0. | Cattle (Bos) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.p. | Prosimians (Prosimia) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.q. | New World Monkeys (Ceboidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.r. | Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecoidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.s. | Apes (Hominoidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.t. | Other Mammals (other Mammalia) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.u. | Quail (Coturnix coturnix) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.v. | Other birds (other Aves) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.w. | Reptiles (Reptilia) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.x. | Amphibians (Amphibia) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.y. | Fish (Pisces) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.z. | TOTAL | 3830 |  |  |  |  |  |

 of those countries has to be used when filling in this column.

Note 2: Only the white boxes need to be completed.
Note 3: The number of re-used animals in column 1.7 should be excluded from the total in the column 1.2

TABLE 2: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR SELECTED PURPOSES
Purpose versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 2.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 2.2 <br> Biological studies of a fundamenta 1 nature | 2.3 <br> Research and development of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine (excluding toxicological and other safety evaluations counted in column 2.6) | 2.4 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry | 2.5 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for veterinary medicine | 2.6 <br> Toxicological and other safety evaluations (including safety evaluation of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine) | 2.7 <br> Diagnosis of disease | 2.8Education and <br> training | $2.9$ <br> Other | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.10 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.a. | Mice |  | 3280 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3280 |
| 2.b. | Rats |  | 430 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 430 |
| 2.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 100 |
| 2.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.f. | Rabbits |  | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20 |
| 2.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.z. | TOTAL | 0 | 3830 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3830 |

TABLE 4: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR STUDIES ON HUMAN AND ANIMAL DISEASES
Main categories versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 4.2 Human cardiovascular diseases | 4.3Human nervous and <br> mental disorders | 4.4 <br> Human cancer (excluding <br> evaluations of carcinogenic <br> hazards or risks) | 4.5 Other human diseases | 4.6 <br> Studies specific to animal diseases | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.7 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.a. | Mice |  |  |  |  | 3280 | 3280 |
| 4.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  | 430 | 430 |
| 4.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  | 100 | 100 |
| 4.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  | 20 | 20 |
| 4.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.z. | TOTAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3830 | 3830 |

## HUNGARY

## Statistical data submitted

The statistical data have been submitted by the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development.

## Comments of the Hungarian authorities

None

TABLE 1: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN RELATION TO THEIR PLACE OF ORIGIN

## Origin versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.2 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | 1.3 <br> Animals coming from registered breeding or supplying establishments within the reporting country | 1.4 <br> Animals coming from elsewhere in the EC | 1.5 <br> Animals coming from Member Countries of the Council of Europe which are parties to the Convention ETS 123 (excluding EC Member States) | 1.6Animals coming from <br> other origins | 1.7 Re-used animals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.a. | Mice (Mus musculus) | 158799 | 129817 | 26099 | 1131 | 1752 |  |
| 1.b. | Rats (Rattus norvegicus) | 89375 | 73336 | 15248 | 340 | 451 |  |
| 1.c. | Guinea-Pigs (Cavia porcellus) | 9743 | 6064 | 3669 | 10 | 0 |  |
| 1.d. | Hamsters (Mesocricetus ) | 215 | 215 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 1.e. | Other Rodents (other Rodentia) | 356 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.f. | Rabbits (Oryctolagus cuniculus) | 8134 | 7560 | 14 | 360 | 200 | 598 |
| 1.g. | Cats (Felis catus) | 40 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 1.h. | Dogs (Canis familiaris) | 686 | 412 | 12 | 262 | 0 | 65 |
| 1.i. | Ferrets (Mustela putorius furo) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.j. | Other Carnivores (other Carnivora) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds (Equidae) | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1. | Pigs (Sus) | 1193 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.m. | Goats (Capra) | 92 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.n. | Sheep (Ovis) | 200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.0. | Cattle (Bos) | 93 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.p. | Prosimians (Prosimia) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.q. | New World Monkeys (Ceboidea) | 5 | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.r. | Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecoidea) | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.s. | Apes (Hominoidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.t. | Other Mammals (other Mammalia) | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.u. | Quail (Coturnix coturnix) | 13 | 13 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.v. | Other birds (other Aves) | 32554 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.w. | Reptiles (Reptilia) | 108 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.x. | Amphibians (Amphibia) | 1182 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.y. | Fish (Pisces) | 2077 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.z. | TOTAL | 304922 |  |  |  |  |  |

 updated list of those countries has to be used when filling in this column.

Note 2: Only the white boxes need to be completed.
Note 3: The number of re-used animals in column 1.7 should be excluded from the total in the column 1.2

TABLE 2: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR SELECTED PURPOSES

## Purpose versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 2.2 <br> Biological studies of a fundamenta 1 nature | 2.3 <br> Research and development of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine (excluding toxicological and other safety evaluations counted in column 2.6) | 2.4 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry | 2.5 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for veterinary medicine | 2.6 <br> Toxicological and other safety evaluations (including safety evaluation of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine) | 2.7 <br> Diagnosis of disease | 2.8 <br> Education and training | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.9 \\ \text { Other } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.10 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.a. | Mice | 50186 | 57384 | 23136 | 0 | 13495 | 3935 | 5706 | 4957 | 158799 |
| 2.b. | Rats | 24239 | 60144 | 0 | 0 | 2809 | 15 | 2143 | 25 | 89375 |
| 2.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 2304 | 629 | 3699 | 774 | 2006 | 0 | 235 | 96 | 9743 |
| 2.d. | Hamsters | 214 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 215 |
| 2.e. | Other Rodents | 356 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 356 |
| 2.f. | Rabbits | 1360 | 2183 | 0 | 618 | 3620 | 66 | 287 | 0 | 8134 |
| 2.g. | Cats | 6 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 |
| 2.h. | Dogs | 352 | 59 | 7 | 0 | 240 | 0 | 23 | 5 | 686 |
| 2.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 0 | 40 |
| 2.1. | Pigs | 399 | 292 | 0 | 159 | 156 | 130 | 57 | 0 | 1193 |
| 2.m. | Goats | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 40 | 0 | 92 |
| 2.n. | Sheep | 10 | 26 | 0 | 82 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 0 | 200 |
| 2.0. | Cattle | 6 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 30 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 93 |
| 2.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.q. | New World Monkeys | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| 2.r. | Old World Monkeys | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| 2.u. | Quail | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| 2.v. | Other birds | 7558 | 8158 | 0 | 13390 | 462 | 10 | 576 | 2400 | 32554 |
| 2.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 0 | 108 |
| 2.x. | Amphibians | 120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1062 | 0 | 1182 |
| 2.y. | Fish | 345 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1126 | 100 | 506 | 0 | 2077 |
| 2.z. | TOTAL | 87476 | 128979 | 26842 | 15025 | 23944 | 4357 | 10816 | 7483 | 304922 |

TABLE 3: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS

## Products versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 3.2 <br> Products/ substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine | 3.3 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in agriculture | 3.4 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in industry | 3.5 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in the household | 3.6 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly as cosmetics or toiletries | 3.7 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption | 3.8 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for animal consumption | 3.9 <br> Potential or actual contaminents in the general environment which do not appear in other columns | 3.10 <br> Other toxicological or safety evaluations | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.11 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.a. | Mice | 11093 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 288 | 0 | 2114 | 13495 |
| 3.b. | Rats | 1129 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78 | 0 | 0 | 1602 | 2809 |
| 3.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 1236 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 770 | 2006 |
| 3.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.f. | Rabbits | 3428 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 192 | 3620 |
| 3.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.h. | Dogs | 240 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 240 |
| 3.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.1. | Pigs | 122 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 | 0 | 156 |
| 3.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.n. | Sheep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.0. | Cattle | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 3.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.v. | Other birds | 462 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 462 |
| 3.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.y. | Fish | 0 | 126 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1000 | 0 | 1126 |
| 3.z. | TOTAL | 17740 | 126 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78 | 288 | 1034 | 4678 | 23944 |

TABLE 4: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR STUDIES ON HUMAN AND ANIMAL DISEASES
Main categories versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 4.2 <br> Human cardiovascular diseases | 4.3 Human nervous and mental disorders | 4.4 <br> Human cancer (excluding evaluations of carcinogenic hazards or risks) | $\stackrel{4.5}{\text { Other human diseases }}$ | 4.6 <br> Studies specific to animal diseases | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.7 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.a. | Mice | 886 | 69114 | 8615 | 27448 | 5442 | 111505 |
| 4.b. | Rats | 2564 | 72436 | 1777 | 7621 | 0 | 84398 |
| 4.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 72 | 314 | 0 | 2482 | 65 | 2933 |
| 4.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 109 | 0 | 83 | 22 | 214 |
| 4.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 290 | 0 | 66 | 0 | 356 |
| 4.f. | Rabbits | 447 | 613 | 0 | 1782 | 767 | 3609 |
| 4.g. | Cats | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 40 |
| 4.h. | Dogs | 390 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 411 |
| 4.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.1. | Pigs | 194 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 627 | 821 |
| 4.m. | Goats | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 52 |
| 4.n. | Sheep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 36 |
| 4.0. | Cattle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 61 | 61 |
| 4.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.q. | New World Monkeys | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| 4.r. | Old World Monkeys | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 4.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.t. | Other Mammals | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| 4.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 13 |
| 4.v. | Other birds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15726 | 15726 |
| 4.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 |
| 4.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 |
| 4.y. | Fish | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 445 | 445 |
| 4.z. | TOTAL | 4577 | 143097 | 10392 | 39482 | 23264 | 220812 |

TABLE 5: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN PRODUCTION AND QUALITY CONTROL OF PRODUCTS AND DEVICES FOR HUMAN MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY AND FOR VETERINARY MEDICINE

Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 5.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 5.2 <br> National legislation specific to a single EC Member State <br> 1) | 5.3 <br> EC legislation including European Pharmacopoeia (requirements) | 5.4 <br> Member Country of Council of Europe (but not EC) legislation <br> 2) | 5.5 Other legislation | 5.6 <br> Any combination of 5.2/5.3/ 5.4/ 5.5 | 5.7 <br> No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.a. | Mice | 9363 | 13523 | 0 | 0 | 250 | 0 | 23136 |
| 5.b. | Rats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 586 | 3887 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4473 |
| 5.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.f. | Rabbits | 40 | 578 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 618 |
| 5.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.h. | Dogs | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| 5.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.l. | Pigs | 0 | 159 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 159 |
| 5.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.n. | Sheep | 6 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 82 |
| 5.0. | Cattle | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 5.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.v. | Other birds | 11 | 13379 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13390 |
| 5.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.y. | Fish | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.z. | TOTAL | 10013 | 31604 | 0 | 0 | 250 | 0 | 41867 |
| Examples: 5.2 - France is testi <br>  5.3 - UK is testing a <br>  5.4 - Spain is testing <br>  5.5 - Poland is testi <br>  5.6 - Germany is <br>  requirement) |  | a UK (or FR) specifi to EC legislation Norwegian requirem a US specific require due to a Swiss requi | quirement <br> ment (also an EC | Note: columns $5.2-$ <br> not to the bod <br> Example: <br> a test require <br>  ISO protocol <br> entered into c <br>   | refer to the legis which has issued y French legislat st be coded as a mn 5.2 in the tab | imposing that the tes tual test method, guid d carried out in Belgi al (FR) legislative req bmitted by Belgium. | carried out and or protocol. ccording to an ment and be |  |
| Foo | 2) Member Co <br> Monaco, No | Austria, Belgium, Bu etherlands, Poland, P Council of Europe ia, San Marino, Serb | ria, Cyprus, Czec tugal, Romania, Slo n-EC): Albania, and Montenegro, S | Rep., Denmark, Estonia, kia, Slovenia, Spain, Swed dorra, Armenia, Azerbaij zerland, 'the former Yugo | nland, France, , United Kingdom Bosnia and He <br> v Rep. of Maced | any, Greece, Hungar <br> vina, Croatia, Georg Turkey, Ukraine | eland, Italy, La eland, Liechten | Lithuan <br> Moldo |

TABLE 6: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 6.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 6.2 National legislation specific to a single EC Member State 1) | 6.3 EC legislation including European Pharmacopoeia (requirements) | 6.4 Member Country of Council of Europe (but not EC) legislation 2) | 6.5 Other legislation | 6.6 Any combination of $6.2 / 6.3 / 6.4 / 6.5$ | 6.7 No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6.a. | Mice | 60 | 12533 | 0 | 0 | 460 | 442 | 13495 |
| 6.b. | Rats | 152 | 1657 | 0 | 0 | 910 | 90 | 2809 |
| 6.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 0 | 1236 | 0 | 0 | 770 | 0 | 2006 |
| 6.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.f. | Rabbits | 550 | 2878 | 0 | 0 | 192 | 0 | 3620 |
| 6.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.h. | Dogs | 110 | 66 | 58 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 240 |
| 6.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.l. | Pigs | 81 | 67 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 156 |
| 6.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.n. | Sheep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.0. | Cattle | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 6.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.v. | Other birds | 0 | 462 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 462 |
| 6.w | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $6 . y$. | Fish | 1000 | 126 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1126 |
| 6.z. | TOTAL | 6.2 - France is testing due to a UK (or FR) specific requirement <br> 6.3 - UK is testing according to EC legislation <br> 6.4 - Spain is testing due to a Norwegian requirement <br> 6.5 - Poland is testing due to a US specific requirement <br> 6.6 - Germany is testing due to a Swiss requirement (also an EC requirement) |  | 66 | 6 | 2332 | 532 | 23944 |
| Examples: 6.2 - France is testing due to a UK (or FR) specific requirement <br>  6.3 - UK is testing according to EC legislation <br>  6.4 - Spain is testing due to a Norwegian requirement <br>  6.5 - Poland is testing due to a US specific requirement <br>  6.6 - Germany is testing due to a Swiss requirement (also an EC <br>  requirement) |  |  |  | Note: columns 6.2-6.5 refer to the legislation imposing that the test be carried out and <br> not to the body which has issued the actual test method, guideline or protocol. <br> Example: a test required by French legislation and carried out in Belgium according to an <br> ISO protocol must be coded as a national (FR) legislative requirement and be <br> entered into column 6.2 in the tables submitted by Belgium. |  |  |  |  |

 Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom
2) Member Countries of Council of Europe (non-EC): Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Norway, Russia, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Switzerland, 'the former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia', Turkey, Ukraine

TABLE 7: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus species

| $\begin{gathered} 7.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ |  | 7.2 <br> Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing methods (including limit test) |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 7.3 \\ \text { Skin } \\ \text { irritation } \end{gathered}$ | 7.4Skinsensitisation | 7.5Eyeirritation | 7.6Sub-chronic andchronictoxicity | 7.7 <br> Carcinogenicity | $7.8$ <br> Developmental toxicity | 7.9 <br> Muta- <br> genicit <br> y | 7.10 <br> Repro- <br> ductive <br> toxicity | 7.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.12 \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.13 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 7.2.1. } \\ & \text { LD50, } \\ & \text { LC50 } \end{aligned}$ | 7.2.2 <br> Other lethal methods | 7.2.3 <br> Non lethal clinical signs methods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7.a. | Mice | 3307 | 4492 | 3194 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 160 | 0 | 0 | 323 | 0 | 0 | 2019 | 13495 |
| 7.b. | Rats | 30 | 26 | 1200 | 0 | 85 | 0 | 400 | 24 | 190 | 30 | 218 | 0 | 606 | 2809 |
| 7.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 0 | 0 | 976 | 0 | 420 | 0 | 490 | 0 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2006 |
| 7.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.f. | Rabbits | 0 | 0 | 3420 | 41 | 4 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 127 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3620 |
| 7.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.h. | Dogs | 0 | 0 | 108 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 132 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 240 |
| 7.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.1. | Pigs | 0 | 0 | 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59 | 156 |
| 7.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.n. | Sheep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.0. | Cattle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 30 |
| 7.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.v. | Other birds | 72 | 0 | 390 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 462 |
| 7.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.y. | Fish | 626 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 500 | 0 | 1126 |
| 7.z. | TOTAL | 4035 | 4518 | 9365 | 41 | 509 | 28 | 1202 | 24 | 437 | 353 | 218 | 500 | 2714 | 23944 |

TABLE 8: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus products

| 8.1 <br> Products |  | 8.2 <br> Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing methods (including limit test) |  |  | 8.3Skinirritation | 8.4Skinsensitisation | 8.5Eyeirritation | 8.6 <br> Sub- <br> chronic and chronic toxicity |  | 8.8 Developmental toxicity | 8.9Muta-genicit$y$ | 8.10 <br> Reproductive toxicity | 8.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8.12 \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 8.13 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 8.2.1. } \\ & \text { LD50, } \\ & \text { LC50 } \end{aligned}$ | 8.2 .2 <br> Other lethal <br> methods | 8.2.3 <br> Non lethal clinical signs methods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8.a. | Products/substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine | 3374 | 4492 | 6997 | 41 | 509 | 28 | 1202 | 0 | 437 | 353 | 218 | 0 | 89 | 17740 |
| 8.b. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly in agriculture | 126 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 126 |
| 8.c. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly in industry | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8.d. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly in the household | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8.e. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly as cosmetics or toiletries | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8.f. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption | 0 | 26 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78 |
| 8.g. | Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for animal consumption | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 288 | 288 |
| 8.h. | Potential or actual contaminants in the general environment which do not appear in other columns | 500 | 0 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 500 | 0 | 1034 |
| 8.i. | Other toxicological or safety evaluations | 35 | 0 | 2306 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2337 | 4678 |
| 8.j. | TOTAL | 4035 | 4518 | 9365 | 41 | 509 | 28 | 1202 | 24 | 437 | 353 | 218 | 500 | 2714 | 23944 |

## MALTA

## Statistical data submitted

The data were submitted by the Ministry of Resources and Rural Affairs
Comments of Malta authorities
None

TABLE 1: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN RELATION TO THEIR PLACE OF ORIGIN

## Origin versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.2 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | 1.3 <br> Animals coming from registered breeding or supplying establishments within the reporting country | 1.4 <br> Animals coming from elsewhere in the EC | 1.5 <br> Animals coming from Member Countries of the Council of Europe which are parties to the Convention ETS 123 (excluding EC Member States) | 1.6Animals coming from <br> other origins | 1.7 Re-used animals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.a. | Mice (Mus musculus) | 50 |  | 50 |  |  |  |
| 1.b. | Rats (Rattus norvegicus) | 44 |  | 44 |  |  |  |
| 1.c. | Guinea-Pigs (Cavia porcellus) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.d. | Hamsters (Mesocricetus ) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.e. | Other Rodents (other Rodentia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.f. | Rabbits (Oryctolagus cuniculus) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.g. | Cats (Felis catus) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.h. | Dogs (Canis familiaris) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.i. | Ferrets (Mustela putorius furo) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.j. | Other Carnivores (other Carnivora) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds (Equidae) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1. | Pigs (Sus) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.m. | Goats (Capra) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.n. | Sheep (Ovis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.0. | Cattle (Bos) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.p. | Prosimians (Prosimia) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.q. | New World Monkeys (Ceboidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.r. | Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecoidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.s. | Apes (Hominoidea) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.t. | Other Mammals (other Mammalia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.u. | Quail (Coturnix coturnix) | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.v. | Other birds (other Aves) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.w. | Reptiles (Reptilia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.x. | Amphibians (Amphibia) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.y. | Fish (Pisces) | 600 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.z. | TOTAL | 694 |  |  |  |  |  |

 updated list of those countries has to be used when filling in this column.

Note 2: Only the white boxes need to be completed.
Note 3: The number of re-used animals in column 1.7 should be excluded from the total in the column 1.2

TABLE 2: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR SELECTED PURPOSES

|  | $\begin{gathered} 2.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | Biological studies of a fundamenta 1 nature | 2.3 <br> Research and development of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine (excluding toxicological and other safety evaluations counted in column 2.6) | 2.4 Production and quality control of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry | 2.5 Production and quality control of products and devices for veterinary medicine | 2.6 Toxicological and other safety evaluations (including safety evaluation of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine) | 2.7 <br> Diagnosis of disease | 2.8 <br> Education and <br> training | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.9 \\ \text { Other } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.10 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.a. | Mice |  | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| 2.b. | Rats |  |  | 44 |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 2.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  | 600 |  |  |  | 600 |
| 2.z. | TOTAL | 0 | 50 | 44 | 0 | 600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 694 |

TABLE 3: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS

## Products versus species

|  | 3.1 Species | 3.2 <br> Products/ substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine | 3.3 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in agriculture | 3.4 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in industry | 3.5 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in the household | 3.6 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly as cosmetics or toiletries | 3.7 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption | 3.8 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for animal consumption | 3.9 <br> Potential or actual contaminants in the general environment which do not appear in other columns | 3.10 <br> Other toxicological or safety evaluations | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.11 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.a. | Mice |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.l. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3.y. | Fish | 600 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 600 |
| 3.z. | TOTAL | 600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 600 |

TABLE 4: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR STUDIES ON HUMAN AND ANIMAL DISEASES
Main categories versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 4.2Human cardiovascular <br> diseases | 4.3Human nervous and <br> mental disorders | 4.4 <br> Human cancer (excluding <br> evaluations of carcinogenic <br> hazards or risks) | $\stackrel{4.5}{\text { Other human diseases }}$ | 4.6 <br> Studies specific to animal diseases | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.7 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.a. | Mice |  | 50 |  |  |  | 50 |
| 4.b. | Rats |  |  | 44 |  |  | 44 |
| 4.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 4.z. | TOTAL | 0 | 50 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 94 |

TABLE 5: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN PRODUCTION AND QUALITY CONTROL OF PRODUCTS AND DEVICES FOR HUMAN MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY AND FOR VETERINARY MEDICINE

Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 5.2 <br> National legislation specific to a single EC Member State <br> 1) | 5.3 EC legislation including European Pharmacopoeia (requirements) | 5.4 <br> Member Country of Council of Europe (but not EC) legislation <br> 2) | 5.5 Other legislation | 5.6 Any combination of $5.2 / 5.3 / 5.4 / 5.5$ | 5.7 No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.a. | Mice |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.b. | Rats | 44 |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 5.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.y. | Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 5.z. | TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Examples: 5.2 - France is tes <br>  5.3 - UK is testing <br>  5.4 - Spain is testi <br>  5.5 - Poland is tes <br>  5.6 - Germany is <br>  requirement) |  | a UK (or FR) specifi to EC legislation a Norwegian requiren a US specific require due to a Czech requ | quirement <br> t <br> ment (also an | Note: columns 5.2 <br> not to the bo <br> Example: <br> a test requir <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> entered into | refer to the leg which has issue y French legisl st be coded as umn 5.2 in the $\mathbf{t}$ | imposing that the tual test method, g d carried out in B al (FR) legislative bmitted by Belgiu | carried out an or protocol. ccording to a nent and be |  |
| Foo | 2) Member Co | Austria, Belgium, Bu Netherlands, Poland, Council of Europe sia, San Marino, Serb | ria, Cyprus, Cze tugal, Romania, Sl n-EC): Albania, and Montenegro, | Rep, Denmark, Estonia akia, Slovenia, Spain, Swe dorra, Armenia, Azerba tzerland, 'the former Yug | nland, France, <br> , United Kingd <br> , Bosnia and <br> av Rep. of Mac | y, Greece, Hun <br> ina, Croatia, Ge Turkey, Ukraine | land, Italy, <br> land, Liech | Lithua <br> Mold |

TABLE 6: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 6.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 6.2 National legislation specific to a single EC Member State 1) | 6.3 <br> EC legislation <br> including European <br> Pharmacopoeia <br> (requirements) | 6.4 Member Country of Council of Europe (but not EC) legislation 2) | 6.5 Other legislation | 6.6 Any combination of 6.2/ 6.3/6.4/ 6.5 | 6.7 No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6.a. | Mice |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
|  | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.9. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.m | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
|  | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.W | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 6.y. | Fish | 600 |  |  |  |  |  | 600 |
| 6.z. | TOTAL | 600 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 600 |
| Examples: 6.2 - France is testing due to a UK (or FR) specific requirement <br>  6.3 - UK is testing according to EC legislation <br>  6.4 - Spain is testing due to a Norwegian requirement <br>  6.5 - Poland is testing due to a US specific requirement <br>  6.6 - Germany is testing due to a Czech requirement (also an EC |  |  |  | Note: columns $6.2-6.5$ refer to the legislation imposing that the test be carried out and <br>  <br> not to the body which has issued the actual test method, guideline or protocol. <br> Example: <br> a test required by French legislation and carried out in Belgium according to an <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> ISO protocol must be coded as a national (FR) legislative requirement and be |  |  |  |  |

 Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom
2) Member Countries of Council of Europe (non-EC): Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Norway, Russia, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Switzerland, 'the former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia', Turkey, Ukraine

TABLE 7: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus species

| $\begin{gathered} 7.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ |  | 7.2Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing methods <br> (including limit test) |  |  |  | 7.4Skinsensitisation | 7.5Eyeirritation | 7.6Sub-chronic andchronictoxicity | 7.7 <br> Carcinogenicity | 7.8 <br> Developmental toxicity | $\begin{gathered} \hline 7.9 \\ \text { Muta- } \\ \text { genicit } \\ y \end{gathered}$ | 7.10 <br> Reproductive toxicity | 7.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.12 \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.13 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 7.2.1. } \\ & \text { LD50, } \\ & \text { LC50 } \end{aligned}$ | 7.2.2Other lethal <br> methods | 7.2.3 <br> Non lethal clinical signs methods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7.a. | Mice |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.b. | Rats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.c. | Guinea-Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.d. | Hamsters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.e. | Other Rodents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.f. | Rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.g. | Cats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.h. | Dogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.i. | Ferrets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.j. | Other Carnivores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.1. | Pigs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.m. | Goats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.n. | Sheep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.0. | Cattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.p. | Prosimians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.q. | New World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.r. | Old World Monkeys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.s. | Apes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.t. | Other Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.u. | Quail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.v. | Other birds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.w. | Reptiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.x. | Amphibians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 7.y. | Fish | 600 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 600 |
| 7.z. | TOTAL | 600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 600 |

TABLE 8: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus products

| 8.1 <br> Products | 8.2 <br> Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing methods (including limit test) |  |  | 8.3Skinirritation | 8.4Skinsensitisation | 8.5Eyeirritation | 8.6Sub-chronicandchronictoxicity |  | 8.8Develop-mentaltoxicity | 8.9 <br> Muta- <br> genicit <br> y | 8.10 Reproductive toxicity | 8.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8.12 \\ & \text { Other } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8.13 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8.2.1. } \\ & \text { LD50, } \\ & \text { LC50 } \end{aligned}$ | 8.2.2 Other lethal methods | 8.2.3 <br> Non lethal clinical signs methods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8.a. Products/substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine | 600 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 600 |
| 8.b. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Products/substances used or intended to } \\ & \text { be used mainly in agriculture }\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.c. $\begin{array}{l}\text { Products/substances used or intended to } \\ \text { be used mainly in industry }\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.d. Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly in the household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.e.Products/substances used or intended to <br> be used mainly as cosmetics or <br> toiletries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.f. Products/substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.g.Products/substances used or intended to <br> be used mainly as additives in food for <br> animal consumption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.h. Potential or actual contaminants in the general environment which do not appear in other columns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.i. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other toxicological or safety } \\ & \text { evaluations }\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 8.j. TOTAL | 600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 600 |

## THE NETHERLANDS

## Statistical data submitted

The statistical data have been submitted by the "Keuringsdienst van Waren, Ministerie voor Volksgezondheid, Welzijn en Sport" (Inspectorate for Goods, Ministry for Public Health, Welfare and Sports

The statistical data were prepared, quality assured and submitted by the Voedsel en Waren Autoriteit, (Dutch Food and Consumer Product Safety Authority

## Comments of the Dutch authorities

On 5 February 1997, the revised version of the Experiments on Animals Act (1977) entered into force.

The provisions of the European Directive on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States regarding the protection of animals used for experimental and other scientific purposes (86/609/EEC) have been implemented.

In addition, among others the following provisions have been issued:

- Animal experiments using $\mathrm{LD}_{50} / \mathrm{LC}_{50}$ methods are prohibited. However, for acute dermal and acute respiratory toxicity tests a general exemption is granted, due to the lack of validated alternative methods.
- Animal experiments for new or existing cosmetics are prohibited.
- Since 2003 animal experiments on great apes are prohibited.
- Every animal experiment to be performed has to be recommended by a recognised ethical review committee. Such a committee comprises at least seven members, one of whom is the chairperson. In addition, such a committee comprises in equal numbers experts in the fields of animal experiments, experts in the field of alternative methods, experts in the field of animal welfare and protection and experts in the field of ethical assessment. At least two of these experts are not involved in the conduct of experiments on animals. The chairperson and at least two members are not in the employment of any licence holder applying to the committee. The animal welfare officer is involved already at an early stage in the review of experiments and acts as a permanent advisor for the ethical review committee. At this moment 23 ethical review committees are recognized.

Licenses to perform animal experiments are issued by the Minister of Public Health, Welfare and Sport to a natural or legal person who is a mandated representative of an establishment for animal use. So licensed, those people are responsible for assuring that the legal requirements are complied with. The welfare of the experimental animals is supervised by a qualified veterinarian or another competent person in charge of the licensee.

A Standing Committee advises the Minister on the administration of the Act and other related issues. The Committee consists of experts in the field of animal experimentation, laboratory animal science and animal welfare.

The enforcement of the Act has been commissioned to the Food and Consumer Product Safety Authority.

## The creation of transgenic animals

Within the framework of the Animal Health and Welfare Act (1992) a system of licensing has entered into force with respect to experiments aiming at a genetic modification of animals. A national committee on ethical evaluation of genetic modification of animals, called the Committee on Animal Biotechnology will advise the Minister of Agriculture, Nature Management and Fisheries on the ethical aspects of the creation and the use of transgenic animals in general and on the admissibility of proposed projects.

In addition, such projects have to be evaluated within the framework of the Experiments of Animals Act and the Environmental Conservation Act.

The Inspectorate of the Food and Consumer Product Safety Authority is in charge of the supervision of these licences to create genetically modified animals.

In 2008 12,186 animals ( 12,052 mice, 72 rats and 62 fish) were used for the creation of transgenic animals.

## Collection of data

87 establishments completed the 2008 registration form.
These establishments can be categorized as follows:
a) Universities and university hospitals 15
b) Other hospitals, regional public health laboratories 1
c) Public health research institutes 8
d) Agricultural and veterinary research institutes 8
e) Other research institutes 4
f) Industries and companies 40
g) Schools for vocational training 8
h) Breeders 3

## The killing of an animal without any previous intervention \& re-use of animals

In the Netherlands, the killing of an animal without any previous intervention in the framework of research or testing, e.g. for organ/blood collection, is considered to be an experiment. The rationale of this is that the Inspectorate must have the power to supervise the killing of laboratory animals.

This is in contrast to the Council of Europe Convention ETS 123 and Directive 86/609/EEC, where the use of an animal for an experimental or other scientific purpose is not considered an experiment if the least painful method of killing accepted in modern practice ('humane' methods') is used.

In 2008, 60,391 animals were killed without previous intervention.
Re-use of the animals (in 2008 17,220 animals) is included as well in the Dutch statistics.

## Total number of animals used

In 2008, according to the EU Tables, the total number of animals used was 501,056.
This is $1,6 \%(10,060)$ less than the number of animals used in $2007(513,423)$.
The total number of genetically modified animals that was used was 83,097 . When split up into species, the numbers of genetically modified animals used are: 81,089 mice, 284 rats, 81 rabbits, 225 amphibians and 1,418 fish.

In 2008 the number of animals used for toxicological and other safety evaluation was decreased with $24,7 \%(13,431)$ compared to the number used in 2007.

## Discomfort

General
Data has to be registered after an experiment has been performed. This includes data on the degree of discomfort; i.e. experienced discomfort.

As a consequence of the animal experiments performed in 2008:

- $33,66 \%$ of the animals experienced minor discomfort;
- $28,52 \%$ of the animals experienced minor/moderate discomfort;
- $25,05 \%$ of the animals experienced moderate discomfort;
- $9,11 \%$ of the animals experienced moderate/severe discomfort;
- 3,63\% of the animals experienced severe discomfort and
- $0,03 \%$ of the animals experienced very severe discomfort.

TABLE 1: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN RELATION TO THEIR PLACE OF ORIGIN
Origin versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.2 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | 1.3 <br> Animals coming from registered breeding or supplying establishments within the reporting country | 1.4 <br> Animals coming from elsewhere in the EC | 1.5 <br> Animals coming from Member Countries of the Council of Europe which are parties to the Convention ETS 123 (excluding EC Member States) | 1.6Animals coming from <br> other origins | 1.7 Re-used animals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.a. | Mice (Mus musculus) | 237681 | 228113 | 8160 | 0 | 1408 | 2164 |
| 1.b. | Rats (Rattus norvegicus) | 105780 | 105300 | 231 | 0 | 249 | 2716 |
| 1.c. | Guinea-Pigs (Cavia porcellus) | 6062 | 2939 | 3123 | 0 | 0 | 130 |
| 1.d. | Hamsters (Mesocricetus ) | 3358 | 3077 | 281 | 0 | 0 | 54 |
| 1.e. | Other Rodents (other Rodentia) | 2439 | 1642 | 73 | 0 | 724 | 0 |
| 1.f. | Rabbits (Oryctolagus cuniculus) | 7418 | 6755 | 646 | 0 | 17 | 109 |
| 1.g. | Cats (Felis catus) | 253 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 153 | 23 |
| 1.h. | Dogs (Canis familiaris) | 1244 | 464 | 208 | 0 | 572 | 268 |
| 1.i. | Ferrets (Mustela putorius furo) | 472 | 0 | 193 | 0 | 279 | 20 |
| 1.j. | Other Carnivores (other Carnivora) | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| 1.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds (Equidae) | 2562 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2559 | 164 |
| 1.1. | Pigs (Sus) | 11729 | 4192 | 216 | 0 | 7321 | 125 |
| 1.m. | Goats (Capra) | 229 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 177 | 80 |
| 1.n. | Sheep (Ovis) | 3486 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 3419 | 470 |
| 1.0. | Cattle (Bos) | 2236 | 232 | 35 | 0 | 1969 | 187 |
| 1.p. | Prosimians (Prosimia) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.q. | New World Monkeys (Ceboidea) | 73 | 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| 1.r. | Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecoidea) | 82 | 62 | 16 | 0 | 4 | 202 |
| 1.s. | Apes (Hominoidea) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.t. | Other Mammals (other Mammalia) | 202 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 202 | 7 |
| 1.u. | Quail (Coturnix coturnix) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.v. | Other birds (other Aves) | 90890 | 12995 | 472 | 0 | 77423 | 4119 |
| 1.w. | Reptiles (Reptilia) | 121 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 28 |
| 1.x. | Amphibians (Amphibia) | 870 | 785 | 0 | 0 | 85 | 482 |
| 1.y. | Fish (Pisces) | 23859 | 8518 | 126 | 0 | 15215 | 270 |
| 1.z. | TOTAL | 501056 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

 updated list of those countries has to be used when filling in this column.

Note 2: Only the white boxes need to be completed.
Note 3: The number of re-used animals in column 1.7 should be excluded from the total in the column 1.2

TABLE 2: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR SELECTED PURPOSES

## Purpose versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 2.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 2.2 <br> Biological studies of a fundamenta 1 nature | 2.3 Research and development of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine (excluding toxicological and other safety evaluations counted in column 2.6 ) | 2.4 <br> Production and quality control of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry | 2.5 Production and quality control of products and devices for veterinary medicine | 2.6 Toxicological and other safety evaluations (including safety evaluation of products and devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine) | 2.7Diagnosis of <br> disease | 2.8Education and <br> training | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.9 \\ \text { Other } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2.10 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.a. | Mice | 152304 | 40617 | 5624 | 15653 | 7522 | 8859 | 7102 | 0 | 237681 |
| 2.b. | Rats | 31930 | 15348 | 28320 | 2700 | 23284 | 0 | 4198 | 0 | 105780 |
| 2.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 488 | 373 | 767 | 4181 | 183 | 0 | 70 | 0 | 6062 |
| 2.d. | Hamsters | 444 | 330 | 0 | 2539 | 30 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 3358 |
| 2.e. | Other Rodents | 2222 | 217 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2439 |
| 2.f. | Rabbits | 727 | 393 | 16 | 1653 | 4543 | 5 | 81 | 0 | 7418 |
| 2.g. | Cats | 0 | 45 | 0 | 85 | 44 | 0 | 79 | 0 | 253 |
| 2.h. | Dogs | 157 | 285 | 11 | 187 | 519 | 0 | 85 | 0 | 1244 |
| 2.i. | Ferrets | 28 | 414 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 472 |
| 2.j. | Other Carnivores | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 2.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 65 | 377 | 110 | 2007 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2562 |
| 2.1. | Pigs | 5138 | 3693 | 3 | 2283 | 188 | 0 | 424 | 0 | 11729 |
| 2.m. | Goats | 135 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 0 | 229 |
| 2.n. | Sheep | 133 | 639 | 2576 | 85 | 0 | 0 | 53 | 0 | 3486 |
| 2.0. | Cattle | 248 | 1012 | 129 | 598 | 0 | 0 | 249 | 0 | 2236 |
| 2.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.q. | New World Monkeys | 28 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 73 |
| 2.r. | Old World Monkeys | 21 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 82 |
| 2.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.t. | Other Mammals | 202 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 202 |
| 2.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.v. | Other birds | 51806 | 17171 | 4 | 20684 | 0 | 395 | 830 | 0 | 90890 |
| 2.w. | Reptiles | 108 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 121 |
| 2.x. | Amphibians | 788 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 0 | 870 |
| 2.y. | Fish | 19503 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3383 | 0 | 973 | 0 | 23859 |
| 2.z. | TOTAL | 266485 | 81070 | 37560 | 52655 | 39696 | 9259 | 14331 | 0 | 501056 |

TABLE 3: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS

## Products versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 3.2 <br> Products/ substances or devices for human medicine and dentistry and for veterinary medicine | 3.3 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in agriculture | 3.4 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly in industry | 3.5 <br> Products/ <br> substances <br> used or <br> intended to <br> be used mainly in the household | 3.6 <br> Products/ substances used or intended to be used mainly as cosmetics or toiletries | 3.7 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for human consumption | 3.8 <br> Products/ <br> substances used or intended to be used mainly as additives in food for animal consumption | 3.9 <br> Potential or actual contaminants in the general environment which do not appear in other columns | 3.10 <br> Other toxicological or safety evaluations | $3.11$ <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.a. | Mice | 3224 | 201 | 1499 | 0 | 0 | 2598 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7522 |
| 3.b. | Rats | 5838 | 4193 | 11700 | 48 | 0 | 1286 | 177 | 0 | 42 | 23284 |
| 3.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 134 | 0 | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 183 |
| 3.d. | Hamsters | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 3.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.f. | Rabbits | 2222 | 634 | 1681 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4543 |
| 3.g. | Cats | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 |
| 3.h. | Dogs | 471 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 519 |
| 3.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.l. | Pigs | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 162 | 0 | 0 | 188 |
| 3.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.n. | Sheep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.0. | Cattle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.v. | Other birds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.y. | Fish | 353 | 0 | 365 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2665 | 0 | 3383 |
| 3.z. | TOTAL | 12342 | 5076 | 15294 | 48 | 0 | 3890 | 339 | 2665 | 42 | 39696 |

TABLE 4: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN EXPERIMENTS FOR STUDIES ON HUMAN AND ANIMAL DISEASES
Main categories versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 4.2Human cardiovascular <br> diseases | 4.3Human nervous and <br> mental disorders | 4.4 <br> Human cancer (excluding <br> evaluations of carcinogenic <br> hazards or risks) | $\stackrel{4.5}{\text { Other human diseases }}$ | 4.6 <br> Studies specific to animal diseases | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.7 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.a. | Mice | 16595 | 13267 | 47276 | 84369 | 11454 | 172961 |
| 4.b. | Rats | 4070 | 11472 | 1554 | 20855 | 46 | 37997 |
| 4.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 0 | 98 | 0 | 463 | 40 | 601 |
| 4.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 9 | 0 | 263 | 240 | 512 |
| 4.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 27 | 0 | 619 | 0 | 646 |
| 4.f. | Rabbits | 369 | 5 | 56 | 476 | 38 | 944 |
| 4.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 39 | 45 |
| 4.h. | Dogs | 61 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 269 | 358 |
| 4.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 355 | 87 | 442 |
| 4.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 350 | 387 |
| 4.l. | Pigs | 293 | 0 | 36 | 263 | 3784 | 4376 |
| 4.m. | Goats | 106 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 4 | 185 |
| 4.n. | Sheep | 32 | 0 | 0 | 271 | 467 | 770 |
| 4.0. | Cattle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 129 | 997 | 1126 |
| 4.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 9 | 0 | 64 | 0 | 73 |
| 4.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 72 | 0 | 72 |
| 4.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.v. | Other birds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1160 | 39694 | 40854 |
| 4.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.y. | Fish | 0 | 148 | 210 | 1003 | 95 | 1456 |
| 4.z. | TOTAL | 21526 | 25035 | 49132 | 110508 | 57604 | 263805 |

TABLE 5: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN PRODUCTION AND QUALITY CONTROL OF PRODUCTS AND DEVICES FOR HUMAN MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY AND FOR VETERINARY MEDICINE

Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 5.2 <br> National legislation specific to a single EC Member State <br> 1) | 5.3 EC legislation including European Pharmacopoeia (requirements) | 5.4 <br> Member Country of Council of Europe (but not EC) legislation <br> 2) | 5.5 Other legislation | 5.6 Any combination of $5.2 / 5.3 / 5.4 / 5.5$ | 5.7 <br> No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.a. | Mice | 0 | 2725 | 0 | 1978 | 15087 | 1487 | 21277 |
| 5.b. | Rats | 0 | 4000 | 0 | 758 | 26194 | 68 | 31020 |
| 5.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 0 | 543 | 0 | 160 | 2400 | 1845 | 4948 |
| 5.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2539 | 0 | 2539 |
| 5.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.f. | Rabbits | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1582 | 86 | 1669 |
| 5.g. | Cats | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 0 | 85 |
| 5.h. | Dogs | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 165 | 11 | 198 |
| 5.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 2057 | 2117 |
| 5.l. | Pigs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1610 | 676 | 2286 |
| 5.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.n. | Sheep | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 2649 | 2661 |
| 5.0. | Cattle | 16 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 359 | 346 | 727 |
| 5.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.v. | Other birds | 75 | 0 | 60 | 0 | 15474 | 5079 | 20688 |
|  | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.y. | Fish | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.z. | TOTAL | 142 | 7269 | 60 | 2902 | 65538 | 14304 | 90215 |
| Examples: $5.2-$ France is test <br>  $5.3-$ UK is testing <br>  $5.4-$ Spain is testin <br>  $5.5-$ Poland is test <br>  5.6 - Germany is <br>  requirement) |  | a UK (or FR) specifi to EC legislation Norwegian requirem a US specific requir ue to a Czech requi | equirement <br> t <br> ment (also an EC | Note: columns 5.2- <br>  not to the bod <br> Example: a test require <br>  ISO protocol <br>   <br>   | refer to the legis which has issued y French legislat st be coded as a mn 5.2 in the tab | imposing that the tes tual test method, guid d carried out in Belgi al (FR) legislative req bmitted by Belgium. | carried out and or protocol. ccording to an nent and be |  |
| Footnotes: <br> 1) EC Member Luxembour <br> 2) Member Co Monaco, No |  | Austria, Belgium, B Netherlands, Poland, Council of Europe ia, San Marino, Serb | aria, Cyprus, Cze tugal, Romania, S on-EC): Albania, and Montenegro, | Rep, Denmark, Estonia, akia, Slovenia, Spain, Swed dorra, Armenia, Azerbaij itzerland, 'the former Yugo | land, France, , United Kingdon Bosnia and He <br> vep. of Maced | ny, Greece, Hungary <br> vina, Croatia, Georg Turkey, Ukraine | land, Italy, La eland, Liechten | Lithuan <br> , Moldo |

TABLE 6: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Regulatory requirements versus species

|  | $\begin{gathered} 6.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ | 6.2 National legislation specific to a single EC Member State 1) | 6.3 <br> EC legislation <br> including European <br> Pharmacopoeia <br> (requirements) | 6.4 Member Country of Council of Europe (but not EC) legislation 2) | 6.5 Other legislation | 6.6 Any combination of $6.2 / 6.3 / 6.4 / 6.5$ | 6.7 No regulatory requirements | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6.8 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6.a. | Mice | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6870 | 648 | 7522 |
| 6.b. | Rats | 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22654 | 553 | 23284 |
| 6.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 57 | 122 | 183 |
| 6.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 30 |
| 6.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.f. | Rabbits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4540 | 3 | 4543 |
| 6.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 0 | 44 |
| 6.h. | Dogs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 519 | 0 | 519 |
| 6.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.l. | Pigs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 175 | 188 |
| 6.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.n. | Sheep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.0. | Cattle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.v. | Other birds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.w | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $6 . y$. | Fish | 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2898 | 408 | 3383 |
| 6.z. | TOTAL | 162 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37625 | 1909 | 39696 |
| Examples: 6.2 - France is testing due to a UK (or FR) specific requirement <br> 6.3- UK is testing according to EC legislation <br> 6.4 - Spain is testing due to a Norwegian requirement <br> 6.5 - Poland is testing due to a US specific requirement <br> 6.6 - Germany is testing due to a Czech requirement (also an EC requirement) |  |  |  | Example: a test required by French legislati ISO protocol must be coded as a entered into column 6.2 in the tab |  | imposing that the tes tual test method, guid d carried out in Belgi al (FR) legislative req bmitted by Belgium. | carried out and or protocol. ccording to an nent and be |  |

 Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom
2) Member Countries of Council of Europe (non-EC): Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Norway, Russia, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Switzerland, 'the former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia', Turkey, Ukraine

TABLE 7: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus species

| $\begin{gathered} 7.1 \\ \text { Species } \end{gathered}$ |  | 7.2Acute and sub-acute toxicity testing methods <br> (including limit test) |  |  | 7.3Skinirritation | 7.4Skinsensitisation | 7.5Eyeirritation | 7.6Sub-chronic andchronictoxicity | $7.7$ <br> Carcinogenicity | 7.8 <br> Developmental toxicity | 7.9Muta-genicity | 7.10 Reproductive toxicity | 7.11 <br> Toxicity to aquatic vertebrates not included in other columns | $\begin{gathered} \hline 7.12 \\ \text { Other } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.13 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 7.2.1. } \\ & \text { LD50, } \\ & \text { LC50 } \end{aligned}$ | 7.2.2 <br> Other lethal methods | 7.2.3 <br> Non lethal clinical signs methods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7.a. | Mice | 0 | 251 | 396 | 0 | 2020 | 0 | 40 | 106 | 2293 | 1026 | 360 | 0 | 1030 | 7522 |
| 7.b. | Rats | 0 | 960 | 4486 | 391 | 0 | 0 | 3231 | 0 | 7844 | 553 | 4512 | 0 | 1307 | 23284 |
| 7.c. | Guinea-Pigs | 0 | 0 | 114 | 18 | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 183 |
| 7.d. | Hamsters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 30 |
| 7.e. | Other Rodents | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.f. | Rabbits | 0 | 0 | 508 | 249 | 0 | 186 | 428 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2084 | 0 | 1088 | 4543 |
| 7.g. | Cats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 44 |
| 7.h. | Dogs | 0 | 0 | 227 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 250 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 519 |
| 7.i. | Ferrets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.j. | Other Carnivores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.k. | Horses, donkeys and cross breds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.1. | Pigs | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 175 | 188 |
| 7.m. | Goats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.n. | Sheep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.0. | Cattle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.p. | Prosimians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.q. | New World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.r. | Old World Monkeys | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.s. | Apes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.t. | Other Mammals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.u. | Quail | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.v. | Other birds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.w. | Reptiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.x. | Amphibians | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7.y. | Fish | 1198 | 421 | 1344 | 119 | 0 | 0 | 301 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3383 |
| 7.z. | TOTAL | 1198 | 1632 | 7088 | 799 | 2069 | 186 | 4250 | 106 | 10137 | 1579 | 6956 | 0 | 3696 | 39696 |

TABLE 8: NUMBER OF ANIMALS USED IN TOXICOLOGICAL AND OTHER SAFETY EVALUATIONS
Types of tests versus products


