

## COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

Brussels, 15 May 2012

9954/12

DENLEG 46 AGRI 311

## "I/A" ITEM NOTE

from:	General Secretariat
to:	Permanent Representatives Committee/Council
No. Cion prop.:	8478/12 DENLEG 35 AGRI 207
Subject:	COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No/ of XXX amending Regulation (EC) 1881/2006 as regards the maximum levels of the contaminants ochratoxin A, non dioxin-like PCBs and melamine in foodstuffs
	– Decision not to oppose adoption

- 1. Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 315/93 of 8 February 1993 laying down Community procedures for contaminants in food <sup>1</sup> provides for the Commission to establish, where necessary, maximum tolerance levels for specific contaminants, in accordance with the regulatory procedure with scrutiny.
- 2. The regulatory procedure with scrutiny was regulated by Article 5a of the Council Decision 1999/468/EC of 28 June 1999 laying down the procedures for the exercise of implementing powers conferred on the Commission<sup>2</sup>.

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OJ L 37, 13.2.1993, p. 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> OJ L 184, 17.7.1999, p. 23.

- According to the second subparagraph of Article 12 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the 3. European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers<sup>3</sup>, the effects of Article 5a of Decision 1999/468/EC are maintained for the purposes of existing basic acts making reference thereto.
- 4. Before adopting the above mentioned measures and in accordance with Article 5a(2) of Council Decision 1999/468/EC, the Commission consulted the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health on 27 February 2012, which voted by qualified majority in favour of the above draft Regulation.
- 5. Consequently, the Commission submitted the above draft Regulation to the Council on 22 March 2012, in accordance with Article 5a(3)(a) of Council Decision 1999/468/EC.
- 6. Under the regulatory procedure with scrutiny, the Council, acting by qualified majority, may oppose the Commission's adoption of the draft Commission Regulation on the grounds that the draft measures presented by the Commission:
  - exceed the implementing powers provided for in the basic instrument, or
  - are not compatible with the aim or the content of the basic instrument, or
  - do not respect the principles of subsidiarity or proportionality.
- 7. The delegations were asked on 12 April 2012 to indicate until 25 April 2012 their possible opposition to the draft Regulation. The delegations did not raise any of the above-mentioned grounds for opposition.
- 8. The Permanent Representatives Committee is therefore invited to recommend to the Council to confirm, as an "A" item of its agenda, that it is not opposed to the draft Regulation in subject. Unless the European Parliament opposes the Regulation within 3 months from its submission, the Commission may adopt it in accordance with the procedure under Article 5a(3)(d) of Council Decision 1999/468/EC.

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<sup>3</sup> OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13.