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ADD 8**

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COVER NOTE

From:	The Social Protection Committee
To:	Permanent Representatives Committee (Part I)
Subject:	Social Protection Performance Monitor (SPPM) - Report on key social challenges and main messages from SPC - SPPM Country Profiles - Annex 5.4

Delegations will find attached ADD 8 to the SPC "Report on key social challenges"
(doc. 12607/16).



SPPM Country Profiles

The attached Country Profiles sheets provide for all Member States a detailed snapshot of the main social indicators for each country, the progress towards the national 2020 poverty and social exclusion target, the most recent evolutions in a selected number of benefit schemes, and the main, priority social challenges and good social outcomes identified for each country.

Notes:

1. Definitions of variables are provided in the “Definitions and data sources” section at the end of the Annex 1 of the report.

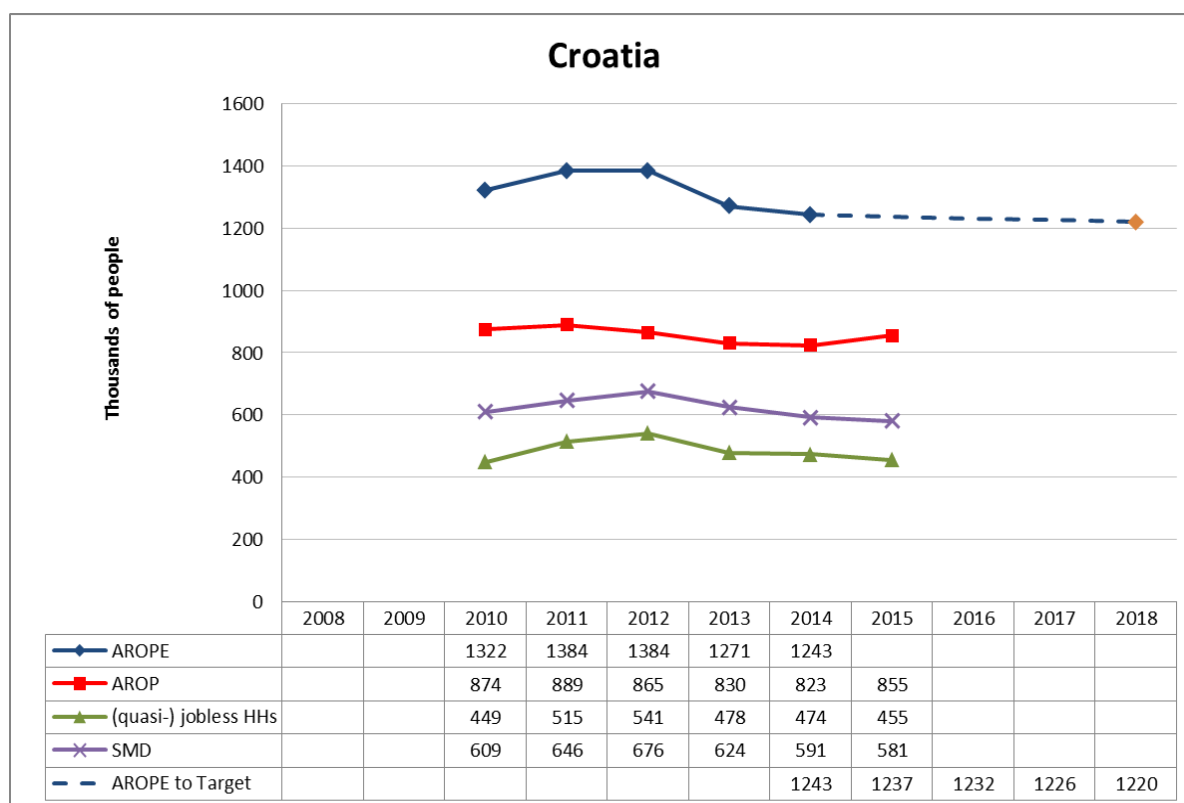
CROATIA	2
ITALY	15
CYPRUS	26

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduction of the number of persons at risk of poverty or social exclusion to 1,220,000 by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2015)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

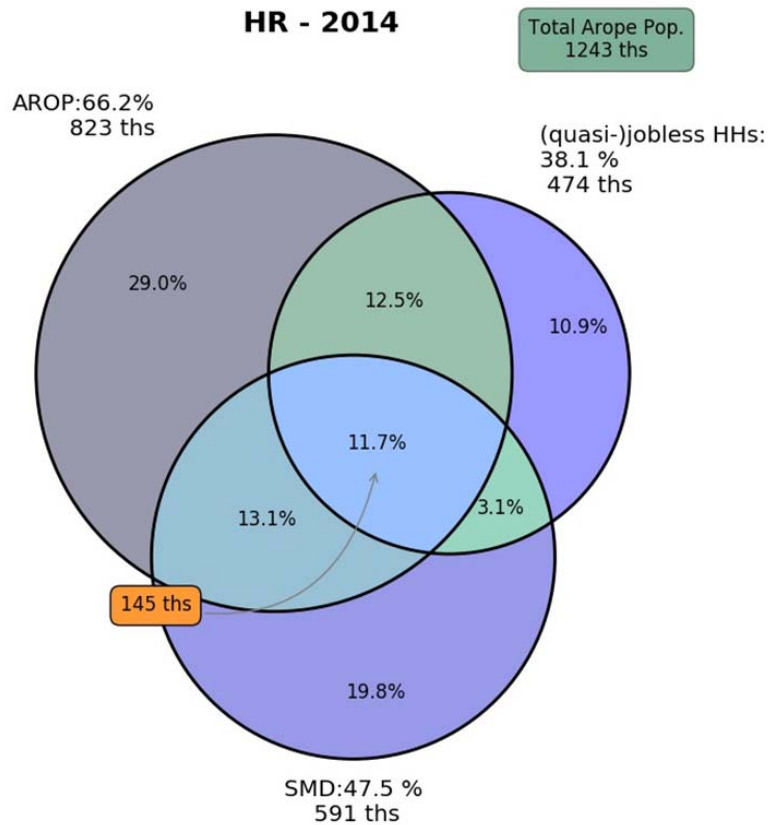


Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of-poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year; iv) 2015 SMD figure is estimate provided by HR authorities.

¹ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around 5 July 2016, unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2014)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

HR												EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
AROP	% of total AROPE			66.1	64.2	62.5	65.3	66.2		0.9 pp		67.9	70.6
	1000 persons			874	889	865	830	823	855	3.9 %		83433	86196
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE			34.0	37.2	39.1	37.6	38.1		0.5 pp		33.3	34.2
	1000 persons			449	515	541	478	474	455	-4.0 %		40910	41810
SMD	% of total AROPE			46.1	46.7	48.8	49.1	47.6		-1.5 pp		39.2	36.4
	1000 persons			609	646	676	624	591	581	-1.7 %		48145	44516
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE			13.0	12.6	11.2	12.3	12.5		0.2 pp		11.2	11.9
	1000 persons			172	175	155	156	155		-0.6 %		13718	14482
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE			10.9	11.5	10.7	14.0	13.1		-0.9 pp		11.0	10.5
	1000 persons			144	159	148	178	163		-8.4 %		13485	12794
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE			10.5	10.6	13.0	11.9	11.7		-0.2 pp		7.6	8.1
	1000 persons			139	147	180	151	145		-4.0 %		9285	9836
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE			1.3	2.7	2.5	1.9	3.1		1.2 pp		3.1	2.8
	1000 persons			17	37	34	24	38		58.3 %		3821	3399

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC). Note: 2015 SMD figure is estimate provided by HR authorities.

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

HR									EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2014	2015
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	2.1	-7.4	-1.7	-0.3	-2.2	-1.1	-0.4	1.6	1.4	2.0
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	3.8	-0.7	-3.8	-3.9	-3.5	-2.7	2.7	1.5	1.0	1.1
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	8.6	9.2	11.7	13.7	16.0	17.3	17.3	16.3	10.2	9.4
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	5.3	5.1	6.6	8.4	10.2	11.0	10.1	10.3	5.0	4.5
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	18.0	20.2	20.3	20.0	21.1	22.0	21.6			

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS and figures from HR national authorities). Data as at July 2016.

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

HR								EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2012	2013
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	18.0	20.2	20.3	20.0	21.1	22.0	27.5	
	Sickness/Health	6.3	7.1	6.9	6.7	7.0	7.5	8.0	
	Disability	3.2	3.6	3.7	3.6	2.7	2.7	2.0	
	Old age	4.9	5.4	5.5	5.6	6.6	6.9	11.0	
	Survivors	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.6	
	Family/Children	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.3	
	Unemployment	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5	
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.5	
	Means-tested								
	Total	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.0	1.1	3.1	
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
	Disability	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.5	
	Old age	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.6	
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
	Family/Children	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	
	Unemployment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.4	
	Non-means tested								
	Total	16.8	18.8	19.0	18.6	19.7	20.5	24.4	
	Sickness/Health	6.3	7.1	6.9	6.7	7.0	7.5	7.9	
	Disability	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.1	2.5	2.5	1.5	
	Old age	4.8	5.3	5.5	5.5	6.6	6.9	10.4	
	Survivors	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.5	
	Family/Children	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.8	
	Unemployment	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.2	
	Housing								
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS and figures from HR national authorities). Data as at July 2016.

Note: The total figures of social expenditure include all benefits excluding administrative costs.

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

HR	%											EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Total population	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate			31.1	32.6	32.6	29.9	29.3		-0.6 pp		24.6	24.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate			20.6	20.9	20.4	19.5	19.4	20.4	1.0 pp		16.7	17.2
	Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS			4567	4454	4417	4448	4644		3.5 %			
	Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS			9591	9353	9276	9341	9752		3.5 %			
	Severe material deprivation rate			14.3	15.2	15.9	14.7	13.9	13.9	0.0 pp		9.6	8.9
	Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households			13.9	15.9	16.8	14.8	14.7	14.6	-0.1 pp		10.9	11.2
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate						13.2					10.1	10.4
	At risk-of-poverty gap			27.6	27.9	31.0	28.1	27.9		-0.2 pp		23.8	24.6
	Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)											19	19.4
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)			31.3	31.9	33.3	34.3	35.1		0.8 pp		35.8	34.1
S80/S20			5.5	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.1		-3.8 %		5	5.2	
Overcrowding rate			43.7	44.6	44.4	42.8	42.1	41.4	-0.7 pp		17.2	16.9	
Housing cost overburden rate			14.1	8.0	6.8	8.4	7.5	7.5	0.0 pp		11	11.4	
Real change in gross household disposable income	2.7	-2.0	-0.7	-0.1	-2.7	-3.7	0.9				0.0	0.6	

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation.

HR	%	EU28										EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate			29.4	31.1	34.8	29.3	29.0		-0.3 pp		27.7	27.8
	At-risk-of-poverty rate			19.6	21.1	23.3	21.8	21.1	21.5	0.4 pp		20.3	21.1
	Severe material deprivation rate			14.8	14.4	18.1	13.7	13.1	13.6	0.5 pp		11.0	10.4
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households			11.5	13.8	15.7	11.4	12.9	12.9	0.0 pp		9.5	9.7
	At risk-of-poverty gap			28.1	28.0	31.4	27.2	28.0		0.8 pp		25.2	26.2
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)			37.0	37.2	34.4	37.2	40.1		2.9 pp		41.5	39.0
	Overcrowding rate			58.6	59.6	60.0	56.6	55.2	53.6	-1.6 pp		23.1	22.7
HR	%	EU28										EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Youth (18-24)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate			34.5	34.7	31.6	32.9	31.3		-1.6 pp		31.9	31.9
	At-risk-of-poverty rate			23.2	22.2	20.1	21.2	21.1	18.6	-2.5 pp		22.6	23.7
	Severe material deprivation rate			16.7	16.7	16.8	17.2	15.2	13.3	-1.9 pp		12.0	11.0
	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households			14.1	15.0	13.7	13.8	11.9	11.5	-0.4 pp		11.0	11.7
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate			7.6	7.6	5.5	9.1	6.3	5.3	-1.0 pp		11.3	12.7
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	8.7	9.2	11.6	11.9	12.7	14.9	15.3	14.3	-1.0 pp	5.6 pp	9.9	9.2
	NEET rate	15.2	17.5	20.6	21.6	22.3	27.0	25.5	24.3	-1.2 pp	9.1 pp	17.1	16.5
	Housing cost overburden rate			12.6	8.2	6.6	7.3	5.0	5.6	0.6 pp		13.2	14.3

HR	%	EU28										EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate			29.9	32.0	31.8	29.6	29.3		-0.3 pp		25.4	25.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate			18.2	18.6	18.1	17.8	17.9	18.3	0.4 pp		16.4	17.1
	Severe material deprivation rate			13.8	15.2	15.4	14.4	13.9	13.8	-0.1 pp		10.0	9.2
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households			14.7	16.6	17.1	15.9	15.3	15.2	-0.1 pp		11.3	11.6
	At risk-of-poverty gap			28.1	28.3	32.3	30.2	28.0		-2.2 pp		25.8	26.9
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate			6.2	6.5	6.1	6.2	5.7	5.9	0.2 pp		9.0	9.6
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)			32.6	33.8	35.8	34.8	34.9		0.1 pp		36.7	34.5
	Overcrowding rate			44.8	46.3	46.0	44.7	44.2	43.5	-0.7 pp		18.4	18.1
	Housing cost overburden rate			12.6	7.8	6.6	8.2	7.3	7.6	0.3 pp		11.4	11.9
HR	%	EU28										EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Elderly (65+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate			37.5	36.4	33.1	31.9	29.7		-2.2 pp		18.2	17.8
	At-risk-of-poverty rate			30.5	29.4	25.6	23.4	23.1	26.7	3.6 pp		13.8	13.8
	Severe material deprivation rate			15.7	16.3	15.5	16.9	14.7	14.5	-0.2 pp		6.9	6.2
	Relative median income of elderly			0.78	0.82	0.84	0.88	0.88		0.0 %		0.93	0.94
	Aggregate replacement ratio			0.32	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.40		8.1 %		0.56	0.56
	Overcrowding rate			23.5	22.1	21.6	20.8	20.4	22.3	1.9 pp		6.7	6.7
	Housing cost overburden rate			23.5	9.1	9.1	9.4	9.0	8.7	-0.3 pp		10.4	10.6

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

HR	%									EU28			
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)			29.4	31.1	34.8	29.3	29.0		-0.3 pp		27.7	27.8
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)			19.6	21.1	23.3	21.8	21.1	21.5	0.4 pp		20.3	21.1
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)			14.8	14.4	18.1	13.7	13.1	13.6	0.5 pp		11.0	10.4
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)			11.5	13.8	15.7	11.4	12.9	12.9	0.0 pp		9.5	9.7
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)						14.1					12.3	13.3
Access to adequate resources	in-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children			7.7	8.0	7.7	7.8	7.1		-0.7 pp		10.6	11.1
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households			82.5	71.5	73.2	76.3	74.0		-2.3 pp		64.2	67.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work			11.5	13.0	14.0	14.8	13.3		-1.5 pp		15.5	16.0
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)			0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0		0.0 pp		13.0	14.0
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)			10.0	12.0	11.0	10.0	17.0		7.0 pp		14.0	14.0
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)			14.0	8.0	9.0	13.0	6.0		-7.0 pp		35.0	34.0
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)			34.0	43.0	31.0	34.0	34.0		0.0 pp		47.0	49.0
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)			28.1	28.0	31.4	27.2	28.0		0.8 pp		25.2	26.2
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	8.1	7.2	6.9	6.7	3.7	5.2	4.6	4.6	0.0 pp	-3.5 pp	22.3	21.7
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)				2.9							4.0	4.2
Access to quality services	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	13.1	11.1	10.5	9.5	6.2	8.0	6.9	6.8	-0.1 pp	-6.3 pp	27.8	27.1
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty			37.0	37.2	34.4	37.2	40.1		2.9 pp		41.5	39.0
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)			10.6	7.6	5.4	8.3	7.2	6.1	-1.1 pp		10.5	10.7
	NEET rate (15-19)	9.3	9.5	10.7	11.1	10.6	11.9	12.5	12.7	0.2 pp	3.4 pp	6.7	6.5
	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	4.4	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.1	4.5	2.7	2.8	0.1 pp	-1.6 pp	11.9	11.2
	Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)					0.3	0.5	0.1		-0.4 pp		1.5	1.5
	Infant mortality rate	4.5	5.3	4.4	4.7	3.6	4.1	5.0		0.9 pp	0.5 pp		3.7
Severe housing deprivation (0-17)			17.6	13.2	11.8	10.8	9.3	9.0	-0.3 pp		7.5	7.5	
Overcrowding rate (0-17)			58.6	59.6	60.0	56.6	55.2	53.6	-1.6 pp		23.1	22.7	

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data)

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2013-2053)

TRR case		Net				Gross			
		2013		2053		2013		2053	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	55.5	59.7	40.2		38.5	41.5	27.9	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	55.5		41.7		38.5		29.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	55.5	49.6	43.5		38.5	34.4	30.2	
	AWG career length case	52.1	51.9	39.2	35.8	36.2	36.1	27.2	24.8
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			43.5				30.2	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			35.2				24.4	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			47.3				32.9	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			40.2				27.9	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			42.5				29.5	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			41.5				28.8	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			40.4				28.1	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year				43.5				30.2
	Career break due to child care: 1 year				43.5				30.2
	Career break due to child care: 2 years				42.9				29.8
	Career break due to child care: 3 years				41.9				29.1
	Short career (30 year career)			31.2				21.7	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			31.6				21.9	
	Early retirement due to disability			43.1				29.9	
	Indexation: 10 years after retirement			41.4				28.8	
Low Earnings (66%)	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	59.5	64.1	49.1		44.6	48.0	36.8	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	59.5		50.8		44.6		38.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	59.5	53.2	52.9		44.6	39.8	39.6	
	AWG career length case	55.9	55.7	48.0	43.5	41.9	41.7	36.0	32.6
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			52.9				39.6	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			42.9				32.1	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			57.4				43.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			49.1				36.8	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			51.6				38.7	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			50.4				37.8	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			49.2				36.8	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year				52.9				39.6
	Career break due to child care: 1 year				52.9				39.6
	Career break due to child care: 2 years				52.5				39.3
	Career break due to child care: 3 years				51.2				38.4
	Short career (30 year career)	44.6		37.9		33.4		28.4	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			38.3				28.7	
	Early retirement due to disability			46.2				34.6	

	Pension rights of surviving spouses			69.7		48.4	
High	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	45.1	48.3	32.6	28.9	31.1	20.9
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	45.1		33.8	28.9		21.6

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2015 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2013-2053)

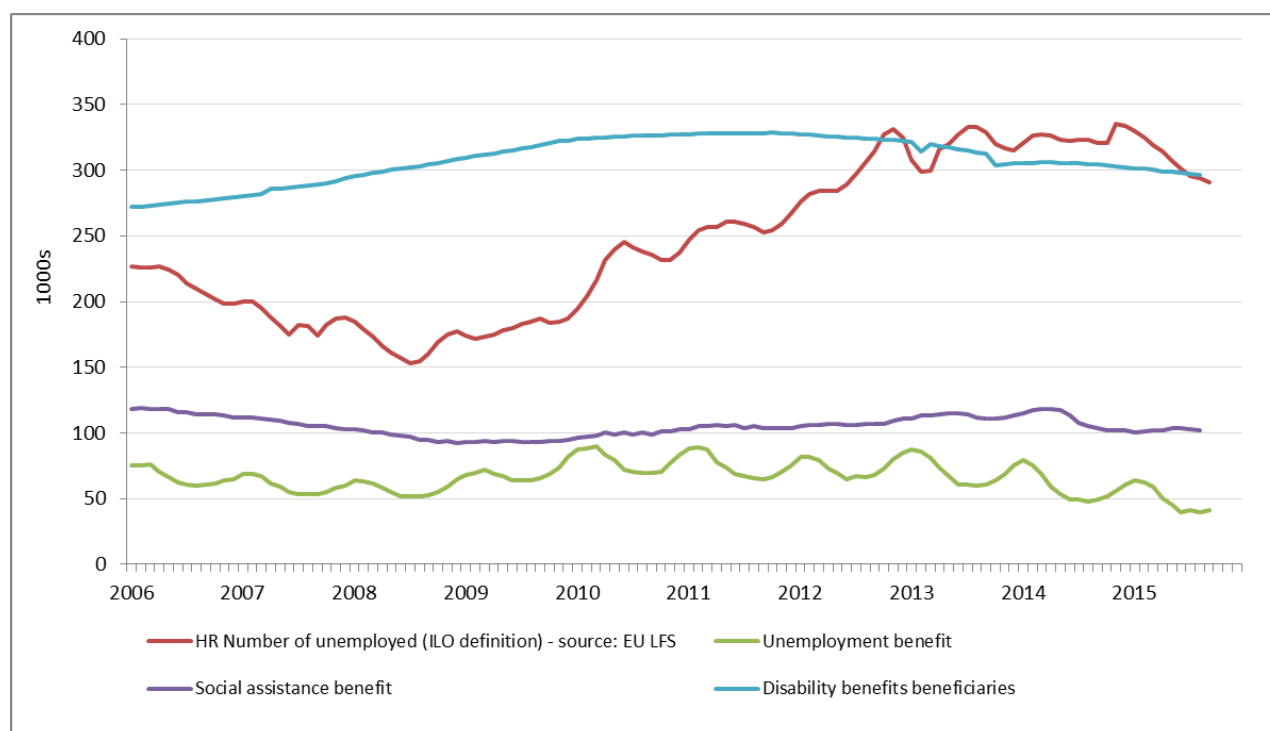
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

HR								EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013	2014
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male			57.4	59.8	61.9	57.6	58.6	61.4	61.4
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female			60.4	61.7	64.2	60.4	60.0	61.5	61.8
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male			6.6	7.4	7.7	5.5	6.0	8.5	8.6
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female			6.5	7.3	7.9	5.9	5.8	8.6	8.6
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	72.3	73.0	73.4	73.8	73.9	74.5	74.7	77.8	78.1
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	79.7	79.7	79.9	80.4	80.6	81.0	81.0	83.3	83.6
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	14.4	14.5	14.7	15.1	15.0	15.3	15.5	17.9	18.2
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	18.0	17.9	18.2	18.6	18.7	19.1	19.1	21.3	21.6
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment			6.3	5.1	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.6	3.6
Self-perceived health (%)			48.1	46.6	46.8	46.5	57.9	67.2	67.4
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)				1085.9	1114.9				
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)				7.3	7.2				

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS²



	Unemployment
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Eurostat
	Unemployment benefit
definition	Unemployed persons on the CES register are entitled to unemployment benefit in the reporting month based on the stipulations of the Act on Employment Mediation and Unemployment Rights.
unit	number of persons of social assistance beneficiaries, in thousands
source	Croatian Employment Service
link	www.hzz.hr
comment	
	Social assistance benefit/means-tested minimum income

² These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

definition	On the basis of the Social Welfare Act that entered into force on 1 January 2014 ("The Official Gazette" No. 157/13,152/14, 99/15 and 52/16) a new right was introduced – a guaranteed minimum benefit (GMB), encompassing the four social benefit: the maintenance assistance (from Social Welfare system) and extended financial benefit which was defined by the Act on Employment Mediation and Unemployment Rights as well as the right to survivor benefit defined under the Act on the Rights of Croatian Homeland War Veterans and Their Family Members and the Act on the Protection of Military and Civilian War-Disabled Persons. That is a form of social benefit by which the state guarantees that every year, depending on the funds available, it will determine the amount to which every person or household with insufficient income and assets for satisfying the basic living needs is entitled. The right to a social benefit is depending on the family structure and it is means-tested (income and property).
unit	number of persons of social assistance beneficiaries, in thousands
source	Ministry of Social Policy and Youth of the Republic of Croatia
link	www.mspm.hr
comment	Guaranteed minimum benefit may be granted wholly or partially as allowance in kind, when it establishes that it is more favourable for the beneficiary or that beneficiary does not use, or it is very probable that the benefit will not be used for intended purposes. In the column for the 2014, the number of maintenance assistance and GMB beneficiaries' was shown, since the all maintenance assistance beneficiaries have not been yet translated into GMB.
Disability benefit	
definition	disability pension is a pension granted on the grounds of person's total or occupational disability if disability occurred prior to the age of 65
unit	number of disability pension beneficiaries, in thousands
source	Croatian Pension Insurance Institute
link	http://www.mirovinsko.hr/
comment	Number of disability pension beneficiaries from October 2013 does not include beneficiaries whose benefit payment have been suspended because they have not submitted their Personal Identification Number. From February 2015 total disability pensioners are translated into old age pensioners after reaching the statutory retirement age and these pensioners are included in the total number of disability pension beneficiaries.

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	HR										EU27		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	change 2013-2014 (2014-2015 for LFS-based figures)	change 2008-2014 (2014-2008-2015 for LFS-based figures)	2014 (2015 for LFS-based figures)	latest year change	change 2008 to latest year
Europe 2020	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	31.1	32.6	32.6	29.9	29.3		-0.6 pp	n.a.	24.4	-0.1 pp	0.7 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty threshold for a single person household (levels in pps, changes as real change in national currency in %)	n.a.	n.a.	20.6	20.9	20.4	19.5	19.4		-0.1 pp	n.a.	17.2	0.5 pp	0.7 pp
	Severe material deprivation rate (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	4567	4454	4417	4448	4644		3.5 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Population living in (quasi-) jobless households (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	14.3	15.2	15.9	14.7	13.9		-0.8 pp	n.a.	8.9	-0.7 pp	0.4 pp
Intensity of poverty risk	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	13.9	15.9	16.8	14.8	14.7		-0.1 pp	n.a.	11.1	0.3 pp	1.9 pp
Persistence of poverty risk	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	27.6	27.9	31.0	28.1	27.9		-0.2 pp	n.a.	24.6	0.8 pp	2.7 pp
Income inequalities	Income quintile ratio (S80/S20)	n.a.	n.a.	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.1		-3.8 %	n.a.	10.3	0.3 pp	1.7 pp
Child poverty and social exclusion	At-risk-of poverty or social exclusion rate of children (% of people aged 0-17)	n.a.	n.a.	29.4	31.1	34.8	29.3	29.0		-0.3 pp	n.a.	27.7	0.0 pp	1.3 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	n.a.	n.a.	31.3	31.9	33.3	34.3	35.1		0.8 pp	n.a.	34.1	-1.4 pp	-0.7 pp
	Impact of social transfers (incl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	n.a.	n.a.	52.9	54.2	54.9	56.3	57.1		0.8 pp	n.a.	61.44	-1.0 pp	0.8 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for the population living in (quasi-) jobless households	n.a.	n.a.	69.1	62.6	61.9	64.2	63.3		-0.9 pp	n.a.	58.1	2.0 pp	2.4 pp
Social consequences of labour market	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	6.2	6.5	6.1	6.2	5.7		-0.5 pp	n.a.	9.6	0.6 pp	1.1 pp
	Long-term unemployment rate (in %)	5.3	5.1	6.6	8.4	10.2	11.0	10.1	10.3	0.2 pp	5.0 pp	4.5	-0.5 pp	2.0 pp
	Early school leavers (in %)	4.4	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.1	4.5	2.7	2.8	0.1 pp	-1.6 pp	11	-0.3 pp	-3.8 pp
Youth exclusion	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	8.7	9.2	11.6	11.9	12.7	14.9	15.3	14.3	-1.0 pp	5.6 pp	8.4	-0.8 pp	1.5 pp
	NEETs (15-24)	11.6	13.4	15.7	16.2	16.6	19.6	19.3	18.5	-0.8 pp	6.9 pp	12	-0.5 pp	1.1 pp
	Employment rate of older workers (55-64) in %	37.1	39.4	39.1	38.2	37.5	37.8	36.3	39.0	2.7 pp	1.9 pp	53.4	1.5 pp	7.9 pp
Pension adequacy	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) in %	n.a.	n.a.	37.5	36.4	33.1	31.9	29.7		-2.2 pp	n.a.	17.7	-0.4 pp	-5.6 pp
	Median relative income of elderly people	n.a.	n.a.	0.78	0.82	0.84	0.88	0.88		0.0 %	n.a.	0.94	1.1 %	10.6 %
	Aggregate replacement ratio	n.a.	n.a.	0.32	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.40		8.1 %	n.a.	0.56	0.0 %	14.3 %
Health	Self reported unmet need for medical care	n.a.	n.a.	6.3	5.1	3.5	3.3	3.3		0.0 pp	n.a.	3.6	0.0 pp	0.5 pp
	Healthy life years at 65 - males	n.a.	n.a.	6.6	7.4	7.7	5.5	6.0		9.1 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Healthy life years at 65 - females	n.a.	n.a.	6.5	7.3	7.9	5.9	5.8		-1.7 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Housing cost overburden rate	n.a.	n.a.	14.1	8.0	6.8	8.4	7.5		-0.9 pp	n.a.	11.4	0.3 pp	0.9 pp
Access to decent housing	Evolution in real household disposable income	2.7	-2.0	-0.7	-0.1	-2.7	-3.7	0.9	n.a.	0.9 %	-8.0 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2013-2014 for EU-SILC based indicators and 2014-2015 for LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2014 and 2008-2015 respectively.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, CROATIA

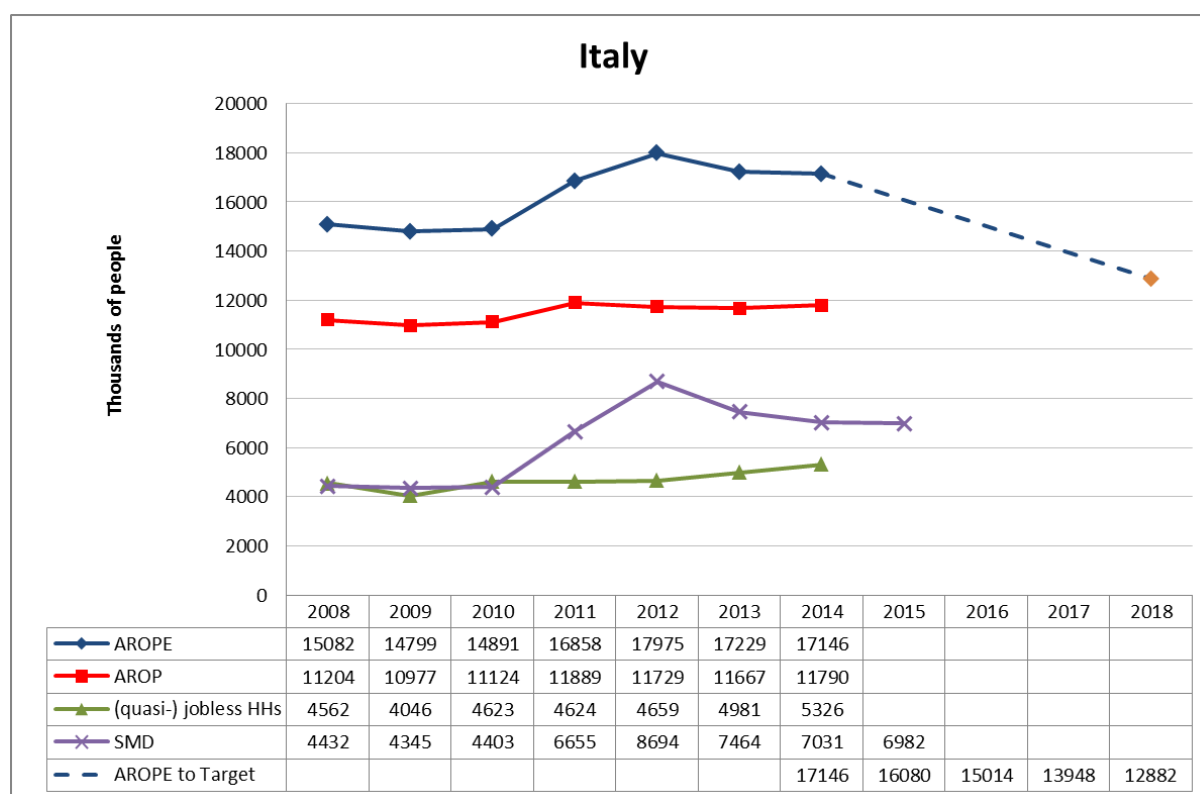
Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services		
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty		
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age	<p><i>There are substantial regional disparities in spending on social protection benefits and there are inconsistencies in eligibility criteria at the central level.</i></p> <p><i>The Guaranteed Minimum Benefit scheme is not adequate to cover basic subsistence needs.</i></p>	In-work poverty is lower than the EU average and shows considerable positive developments.
4. Elderly poverty/adequate income and living conditions of the elderly	<p>Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction and the aggregate replacement ratio of pensions are significantly lower than the EU average.</p> <p>Old-age poverty gap is significantly higher than the EU average.</p> <p><i>Pension adequacy is low and projected to further drop substantially.</i></p>	
5. Health	<p>Life expectancy at birth is worse than the EU average and life expectancy at 65 is significantly worse than the EU average. Healthy life years at 65 are lower than the EU average.</p> <p>Amenable and preventable mortality rates are worse than the EU average.</p>	
6. Other key issues		

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduce the number of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion by 2,200,000 by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2015)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

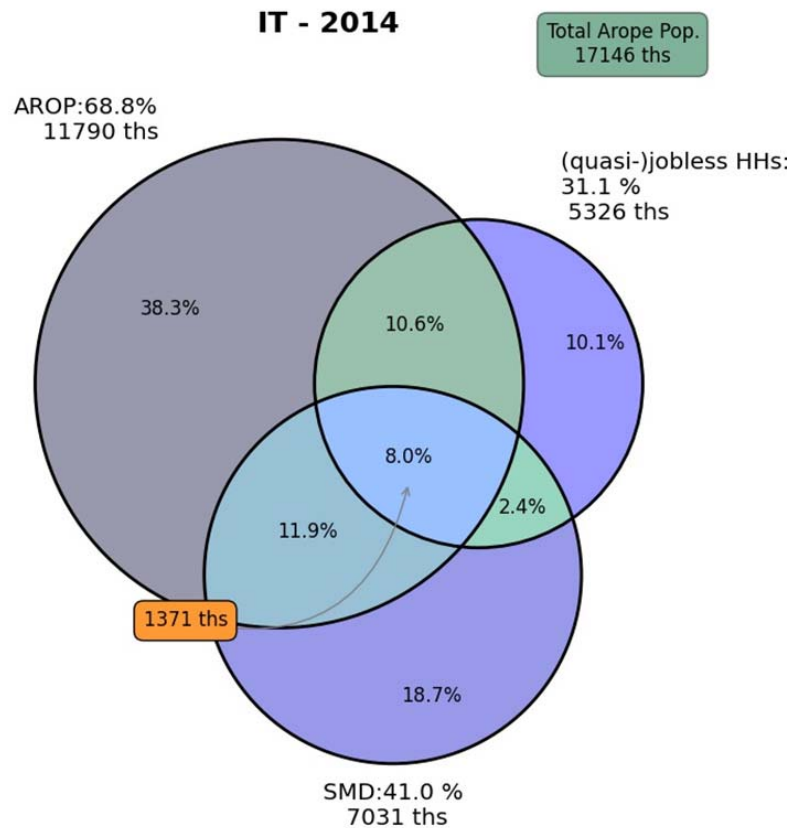


Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year.

³ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around 5 July 2016, unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2014)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

IT												EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
AROP	% of total AROPE	74.3	74.2	74.7	70.5	65.3	67.7	68.8		1.0 pp	-5.5 pp	67.9	70.6
	1000 persons	11204	10977	11124	11889	11729	11667	11790		1.1 %	5.2 %	83433	86196
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	30.3	27.3	31.1	27.4	25.9	28.9	31.1		2.2 pp	0.8 pp	33.3	34.2
	1000 persons	4562	4046	4623	4624	4659	4981	5326		6.9 %	16.7 %	40910	41810
SMD	% of total AROPE	29.4	29.4	29.6	39.5	48.4	43.3	41.0		-2.3 pp	11.6 pp	39.2	36.4
	1000 persons	4432	4345	4403	6655	8694	7464	7031	6982	-0.7 %	57.5 %	48145	44516
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	11.0	8.7	11.4	9.9	7.5	9.0	10.6		1.5 pp	-0.4 pp	11.2	11.9
	1000 persons	1657	1293	1703	1662	1340	1558	1811		16.2 %	9.3 %	13718	14482
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	10.3	10.6	10.0	13.4	15.8	13.6	11.9		-1.7 pp	1.6 pp	11.0	10.5
	1000 persons	1549	1565	1485	2261	2845	2341	2042		-12.8 %	31.8 %	13485	12794
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	5.6	4.9	6.3	6.1	7.0	7.5	8.0		0.5 pp	2.4 pp	7.6	8.1
	1000 persons	848	719	933	1025	1254	1293	1371		6.0 %	61.7 %	9285	9836
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	1.4	1.9	1.4	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.4		0.0 pp	0.9 pp	3.1	2.8
	1000 persons	214	274	203	337	414	398	405		1.8 %	89.3 %	3821	3399

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

IT									EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2014	2015
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	-1.1	-5.5	1.7	0.6	-2.8	-1.7	-0.3	0.8	1.4	2.0
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	0.2	-1.7	-0.6	0.3	-0.3	-1.8	0.1	0.6	1.0	1.1
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	6.7	7.7	8.4	8.4	10.7	12.1	12.7	11.9	10.2	9.4
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.3	5.6	6.9	7.7	6.9	5.0	4.5
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	25.5	27.5	27.6	27.3	28.0	28.6				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS). Data as at 5 July 2016.

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

IT								EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2012	2013
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	25.5	27.5	27.6	27.3	28.0	28.6	27.5	
	Sickness/Health	6.7	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.8	6.8	8.0	
	Disability	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.0	
	Old age	12.6	13.4	13.7	13.7	14.2	14.5	11.0	
	Survivors	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	1.6	
	Family/Children	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.3	
	Unemployment	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5	
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	
	Means-tested								
	Total	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	3.1	
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
	Disability	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.5	
	Old age	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
	Family/Children	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	
	Unemployment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	
	Non-means tested								
	Total	23.9	25.7	26.0	25.8	26.4	27.0	24.4	
	Sickness/Health	6.7	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.8	6.8	7.9	
	Disability	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.5	
	Old age	12.2	13.0	13.3	13.3	13.8	14.1	10.4	
	Survivors	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	1.5	
	Family/Children	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.8	
	Unemployment	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.2	
	Housing								
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 5 July 2016.

Note: The total figures of social expenditure include all benefits excluding administrative costs.

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

IT	%											EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Total population	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	25.5	24.9	25.0	28.1	29.9	28.5	28.3		-0.2 pp	2.8 pp	24.6	24.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	18.9	18.4	18.7	19.8	19.5	19.3	19.4		0.1 pp	0.5 pp	16.7	17.2
	Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS	9158	9140	9135	9466	9299	9134	9165		0.0 %	-8.8 %		
	Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS	19232	19194	19184	19878	19528	19181	19246		0.0 %	-8.8 %		
	Severe material deprivation rate	7.5	7.3	7.4	11.1	14.5	12.3	11.6	11.5	-0.1 pp	4.0 pp	9.6	8.9
	Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	10.4	9.2	10.6	10.5	10.6	11.3	12.1		0.8 pp	1.7 pp	10.9	11.2
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate	12.7	13.0	11.6	11.8	13.1	13.2	12.9		-0.3 pp	0.2 pp	10.1	10.4
	At risk-of-poverty gap	23.2	23.1	24.8	26.6	26.0	28.2	28.2		0.0 pp	5.0 pp	23.8	24.6
	Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)	18.9	20.1	19.7	21.7	23.0	25.1	25.0		-0.1 pp	6.1 pp	19	19.4
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	19.6	21.0	21.1	19.5	20.4	21.6	21.5		-0.1 pp	1.9 pp	35.8	34.1
	S80/S20	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.8		0.0 %	11.5 %	5	5.2
	Overcrowding rate	24.3	23.3	24.3	24.5	26.1	27.1	27.2		0.1 pp	2.9 pp	17.2	16.9
	Housing cost overburden rate	8.3	7.8	7.7	8.7	8.1	8.9	8.5		-0.4 pp	0.2 pp	11	11.4
	Real change in gross household disposable income	-1.2	-2.0	-1.5	-0.3	-5.3	-0.8	-0.1	0.7			0.0	0.6

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation.

IT	%											EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014	
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	28.4	28.7	29.5	31.5	34.1	32.0	32.1		0.1 pp	3.7 pp	27.7	27.8	
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	24.2	24.1	25.2	25.9	26.2	25.2	25.1		-0.1 pp	0.9 pp	20.3	21.1	
	Severe material deprivation rate	8.6	8.5	8.6	12.1	16.8	13.5	13.7	12.8	-0.9 pp	4.2 pp	11.0	10.4	
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households	7.0	6.1	7.5	7.5	7.1	8.0	9.3		1.3 pp	2.3 pp	9.5	9.7	
	At risk-of-poverty gap	24.6	24.6	28.9	32.3	29.7	33.4	34.8		1.4 pp	10.2 pp	25.2	26.2	
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	21.9	24.2	23.2	21.0	22.0	25.4	23.9		-1.5 pp	2.0 pp	41.5	39.0	
	Overcrowding rate	34.3	34.3	35.8	35.9	38.9	39.3	39.4		0.1 pp	5.1 pp	23.1	22.7	
IT	%											EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014	
Youth (18-24)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	31.6	29.8	31.7	34.0	37.1	36.4	37.4		1.0 pp	5.8 pp	31.9	31.9	
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	22.9	21.5	24.2	25.1	25.4	25.0	26.9		1.9 pp	4.0 pp	22.6	23.7	
	Severe material deprivation rate	11.1	10.5	8.8	12.7	16.1	15.5	13.9	14.4	0.5 pp	3.3 pp	12.0	11.0	
	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households	11.9	10.7	11.6	11.9	12.5	12.1	14.0		1.9 pp	2.1 pp	11.0	11.7	
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	9.1	13.2	12.8	15.1	13.2	13.7	16.4		2.7 pp	7.3 pp	11.3	12.7	
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	6.5	7.3	7.8	7.9	10.1	10.9	11.6	10.6	-1.0 pp	4.1 pp	9.9	9.2	
	NEET rate	20.6	22.3	24.1	25.0	26.9	29.1	29.0	27.9	-1.1 pp	7.3 pp	17.1	16.5	
	Housing cost overburden rate	8.8	8.2	8.1	9.6	8.8	9.2	8.6		-0.6 pp	-0.2 pp	13.2	14.3	

IT	%									EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	25.0	24.4	25.3	28.5	30.4	29.7	30.0		0.3 pp	5.0 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	16.8	16.5	17.5	19.0	18.7	19.1	19.7		0.6 pp	2.9 pp
	Severe material deprivation rate	7.4	7.4	7.4	10.9	14.4	12.7	12.0	12.2	0.2 pp	4.8 pp
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	11.5	10.2	11.5	11.5	11.7	12.4	13.0		0.6 pp	1.5 pp
	At risk-of-poverty gap	26.1	26.7	28.6	30.9	29.3	31.6	32.0		0.4 pp	5.9 pp
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	9.1	10.2	9.7	11.1	11.1	11.2	11.1		-0.1 pp	2.0 pp
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	21.9	23.3	22.6	21.2	22.4	22.7	22.4		-0.2 pp	0.6 pp
	Overcrowding rate	26.4	25.1	26.3	26.5	28.3	29.7	29.8		0.1 pp	3.4 pp
	Housing cost overburden rate	8.1	7.7	7.6	9.0	8.5	9.2	9.1		-0.1 pp	1.0 pp
IT	%									EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year
Elderly (65+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	24.4	22.9	20.4	24.0	24.7	22.0	20.2		-1.8 pp	-4.2 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	20.9	19.6	16.7	17.0	16.1	15.0	14.2		-0.8 pp	-6.7 pp
	Severe material deprivation rate	6.7	5.9	6.3	10.8	12.7	10.3	8.8	8.3	-0.5 pp	1.6 pp
	Relative median income of elderly	0.88	0.89	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.97	0.99		2.1 %	12.5 %
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.51	0.51	0.53	0.55	0.59	0.62	0.64		3.2 %	25.5 %
	Overcrowding rate	8.8	8.3	8.3	8.6	8.9	9.3	10.0		0.7 pp	1.2 pp
	Housing cost overburden rate	8.1	6.8	5.8	5.7	5.0	6.2	5.3		-0.9 pp	-2.8 pp

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

IT	%									EU28			
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)	28.4	28.7	29.5	31.5	34.1	32.0	32.1		0.1 pp	3.7 pp	27.7	27.8
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)	24.2	24.1	25.2	25.9	26.2	25.2	25.1		-0.1 pp	0.9 pp	20.3	21.1
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)	8.6	8.5	8.6	12.1	16.8	13.5	13.7	12.8	-0.9 pp	4.2 pp	11.0	10.4
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)	7.0	6.1	7.5	7.5	7.1	8.0	9.3		1.3 pp	2.3 pp	9.5	9.7
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)	17.7	16.4	14.9	18.0	18.8	19.7	17.4		-2.3 pp	-0.3 pp	12.3	13.3
Access to adequate resources	In-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children	12.1	13.1	13.3	14.6	14.5	13.2	13.2		0.0 pp	1.1 pp	10.6	11.1
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households	79.2	74.1	81.7	79.7	79.7	78.0	79.9		1.9 pp	0.7 pp	64.2	67.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work	20.0	20.9	20.6	21.6	22.1	20.6	19.5		-1.1 pp	-0.5 pp	15.5	16.0
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	12.0	9.0	6.0	9.0	10.0	8.0	9.0		1.0 pp	-3.0 pp	13.0	14.0
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	11.0	14.0	14.0		0.0 pp	-2.0 pp	14.0	14.0
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	19.0	20.0	17.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	21.0		0.0 pp	2.0 pp	35.0	34.0
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	72.0	73.0	70.0	75.0	70.0	69.0	70.0		1.0 pp	-2.0 pp	47.0	49.0
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)	24.6	24.6	28.9	32.3	29.7	33.4	34.8		1.4 pp	10.2 pp	25.2	26.2
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	26.2	24.1	22.6	20.4	18.6	16.9	15.9	15.3	-0.6 pp	-10.9 pp	22.3	21.7
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	-0.1 pp	-0.6 pp	4.0	4.2
	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	32.5	29.7	27.9	25.4	23.8	21.9	20.8	20.1	-0.7 pp	-12.4 pp	27.8	27.1
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty	21.9	24.2	23.2	21.0	22.0	25.4	23.9		-1.5 pp	2.0 pp	41.5	39.0
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)	9.2	9.3	10.2	10.8	10.5	11.2	10.2		-1.0 pp	1.0 pp	10.5	10.7
	NEET rate (15-19)	11.4	10.8	11.8	11.7	12.0	11.6	11.4	11.0	-0.4 pp	-0.4 pp	6.7	6.5
Access to quality services	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	19.6	19.1	18.6	17.8	17.3	16.8	15.0	14.7	-0.3 pp	-4.9 pp	11.9	11.2
	Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)	2.7	3.5	2.5	2.5	1.8	2.1	2.5		0.4 pp	-0.2 pp	1.5	1.5
	Infant mortality rate	3.1	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8		-0.1 pp	-0.3 pp		3.7
	Severe housing deprivation (0-17)	9.7	11.4	10.7	12.2	13.3	12.6	14.0		1.4 pp	4.3 pp	7.5	7.5
	Overcrowding rate (0-17)	34.3	34.3	35.8	35.9	38.9	39.3	39.4		0.1 pp	5.1 pp	23.1	22.7

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data)

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2013-2053)

TRR case		Net				Gross			
		2013		2053		2013		2053	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	80.2		70.2		70.8		60.7	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	80.3	80.0	82.3		70.9	70.6	73.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	83.9	75.7	89.3		74.5	66.2	80.1	
	AWG career length case	72.1	68.9	78.7	76.8	63.1	59.8	69.4	67.4
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			76.4				67.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			66.1				56.1	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			91.7				82.1	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			81.3				72.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			89.1				79.9	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			87.4				78.2	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			85.7				76.5	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year				89.3				80.1
	Career break due to child care: 1 year				89.0				79.8
	Career break due to child care: 2 years				88.5				79.4
	Career break due to child care: 3 years				85.5				76.3
	Short career (30 year career)			65.0				55.5	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			75.2				66.6	
	Early retirement due to disability			82.3				73.0	
	Indexation: 10 years after retirement			76.0				68.2	
Low Earnings (66%)	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	80.8		70.8		70.8		60.7	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	80.9	80.6	82.9		70.9	70.6	73.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	84.5	76.3	89.6		74.5	66.2	80.1	
	AWG career length case	72.6	69.4	81.6	77.4	63.1	59.8	69.4	67.4
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			77.1				67.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			66.6				56.1	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			91.7				82.1	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			81.3				72.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			89.5				79.9	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			87.9				78.2	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			86.4				76.5	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year				91.4				80.1
	Career break due to child care: 1 year				91.2				79.8
	Career break due to child care: 2 years				90.7				79.4
	Career break due to child care: 3 years				87.8				76.3
	Short career (30 year career)	84.7		65.7		51.9	53.1	55.5	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			75.8				66.6	
	Early retirement due to disability			82.9				73.0	
	Pension rights of surviving spouses				93.3				86.1
High	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	63.9		79.2		52.8		69.1	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	64.0	63.7	99.2		52.9	52.6	90.2	

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2015 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2013-2053)

HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

IT								EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013	2014
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	62.9	63.4		63.5	62.1	61.8	62.5	61.4	61.4
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	61.8	62.6		62.7	61.5	60.9	62.3	61.5	61.8
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	7.6	8.0		8.1	7.7	7.7	7.8	8.5	8.6
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	7.1	7.2		7.0	7.1	7.1	7.3	8.6	8.6
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	78.9	79.4		80.1	79.8	80.3	80.7	77.8	78.1
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	84.2	84.6		85.3	84.8	85.2	85.6	83.3	83.6
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	17.9	18.3		18.8	18.5	18.9	19.2	17.9	18.2
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	21.7	22.1		22.6	22.1	22.6	22.8	21.3	21.6
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	5.2	5.3	5.0	5.9	5.6	7.1	7.0	3.6	3.6
Self-perceived health (%)	63.5	63.8	66.8	64.7	68.4	66.1	67.9	67.2	67.4
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)									
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)									

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health.

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	IT										EU27		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	change 2013-2014 (2014-2015 for LFS-based figures)	change 2008-2014 (2008-2015 for LFS-based figures)	2014 (2015 for LFS-based figures)	latest change	change 2008 to latest year
Europe 2020	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	25.5	24.9	25.0	28.1	29.9	28.5	28.3		-0.2 pp	2.8 pp	24.4	-0.1 pp	0.7 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	18.9	18.4	18.7	19.8	19.5	19.3	19.4		0.1 pp	0.5 pp	17.2	0.5 pp	0.7 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty threshold for a single person household (levels in pps, changes as real change in national currency in %)	9158	9140	9135	9466	9299	9134	9165		-0.0 %	-8.8 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Severe material deprivation rate (in %)	7.5	7.3	7.4	11.1	14.5	12.3	11.6		-0.7 pp	4.1 pp	8.9	-0.7 pp	0.4 pp
Intensity of poverty risk	Population living in (quasi-) jobless households (in %)	10.4	9.2	10.6	10.5	10.6	11.3	12.1		0.8 pp	1.7 pp	11.1	0.3 pp	1.9 pp
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (in %)	23.2	23.1	24.8	26.6	26.0	28.2	28.2		0.0 pp	5.0 pp	24.6	0.8 pp	2.7 pp
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	12.7	13.0	11.6	11.8	13.1	13.2	12.9		-0.3 pp	0.2 pp	10.3	0.3 pp	1.7 pp
Income inequalities	Income quintile ratio (S80/S20)	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.8		0.0 %	11.5 %	5.2	4.0 %	4.0 %
	At-risk-of poverty or social exclusion rate of children (% of people aged 0-17)	28.4	28.7	29.5	31.5	34.1	32.0	32.1		0.1 pp	3.7 pp	27.7	0.0 pp	1.3 pp
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	19.6	21.0	21.1	19.5	20.4	21.6	21.5		-0.1 pp	1.9 pp	34.1	-1.4 pp	-0.7 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	Impact of social transfers (incl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	56.0	57.1	57.5	56.3	56.8	57.6	57.6		0.1 pp	1.6 pp	61.44	-1.0 pp	0.8 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for the population living in (quasi-) jobless households	54.9	49.8	57.0	58.1	55.7	57.2	59.7		2.5 pp	4.8 pp	58.1	2.0 pp	2.4 pp
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate (in %)	9.1	10.2	9.7	11.1	11.1	11.2	11.1		-0.1 pp	2.0 pp	9.6	0.6 pp	1.1 pp
Social consequences of labour market	Long-term unemployment rate (in %)	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.3	5.6	6.9	7.7	6.9	-0.8 pp	3.9 pp	4.5	-0.5 pp	2.0 pp
	Early school leavers (in %)	19.6	19.1	18.6	17.8	17.3	16.8	15.0	14.7	-0.3 pp	-4.9 pp	11	-0.3 pp	-3.9 pp
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	6.5	7.3	7.8	7.9	10.1	10.9	11.6	10.6	-1.0 pp	4.1 pp	8.4	-0.8 pp	1.5 pp
Active ageing	NEETs (15-24)	16.6	17.6	19.0	19.7	21.0	22.2	22.1	21.4	-0.7 pp	4.8 pp	12	-0.5 pp	1.1 pp
	Employment rate of older workers (55-64) in %	34.3	35.6	36.5	37.8	40.3	42.7	46.2	48.2	2.0 pp	13.9 pp	53.4	1.5 pp	7.9 pp
	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) in %	24.4	22.9	20.4	24.0	24.7	22.0	20.2		-1.8 pp	-4.2 pp	17.7	-0.4 pp	-5.6 pp
Pension adequacy	Median relative income of elderly people	0.88	0.89	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.97	0.99		2.1 %	12.5 %	0.94	1.1 %	10.6 %
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.51	0.51	0.53	0.55	0.59	0.62	0.64		3.2 %	25.5 %	0.56	0.0 %	14.3 %
	Self reported unmet need for medical care	5.2	5.3	5.0	5.9	5.6	7.1	7.0		-0.1 pp	1.8 pp	3.6	0.0 pp	0.5 pp
Health	Healthy life years at 65 - males	7.6	8.0	n.a.	8.1	7.7	7.7	7.8		1.3 %	2.6 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Healthy life years at 65 - females	7.1	7.2	n.a.	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.3		2.8 %	2.8 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Housing cost overburden rate	8.3	7.8	7.7	8.7	8.1	8.9	8.5		-0.4 pp	0.2 pp	11.4	0.3 pp	0.9 pp
Access to decent housing	Housing cost overburden rate	8.3	7.8	7.7	8.7	8.1	8.9	8.5		-0.4 pp	0.2 pp	11.4	0.3 pp	0.9 pp
Evolution in real household disposable income	Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	-1.2	-2.0	-1.5	-0.3	-5.3	-0.8	-0.1	n.a.	-0.1 %	-9.6 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2013-2014 for EU-SILC based indicators and 2014-2015 for LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2014 and 2008-2015 respectively.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, ITALY

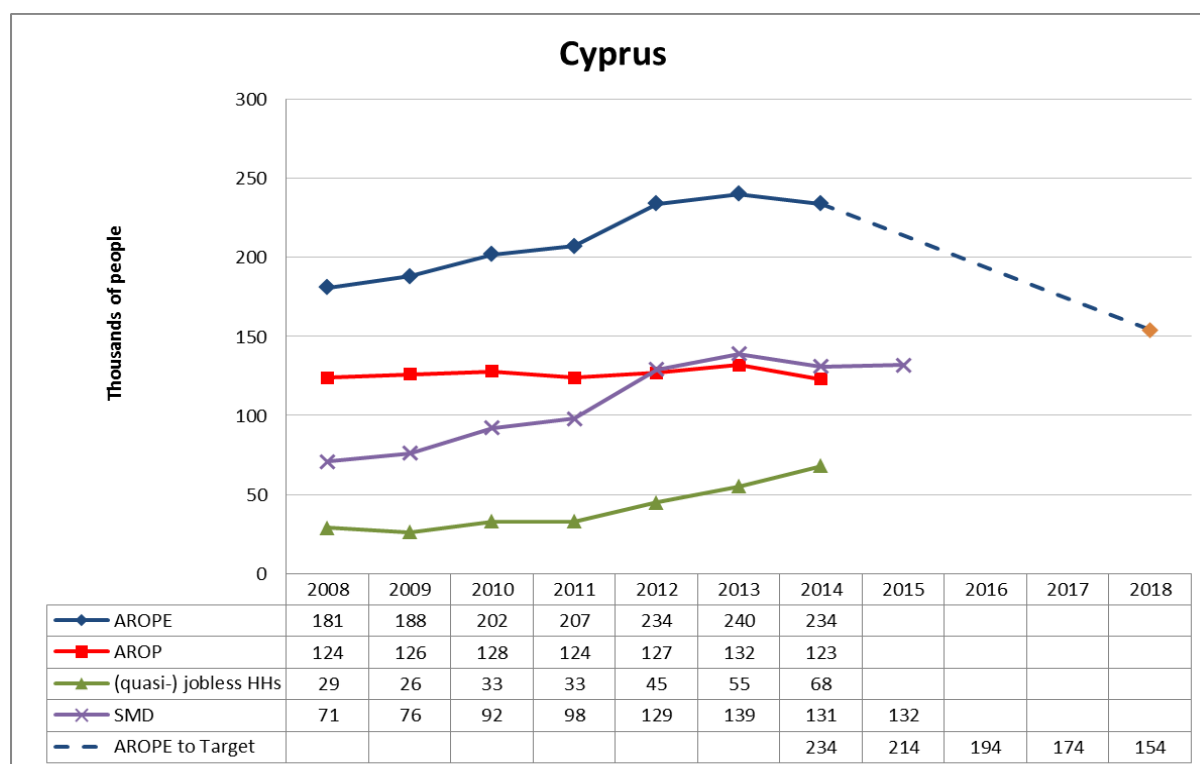
Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services		
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty	Poverty gap for children is higher than the EU average.	
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age	<p>At-risk of poverty rate for working age people, especially for women, is higher than the EU average.</p> <p>In-work poverty is lagging behind but shows some positive development.</p> <p>Impact of social transfers (excluding pensions) in reducing working age poverty is below the EU average.</p> <p><i>The coverage of social assistance is insufficient and fragmented, which has an impact on regional disparities in the risk of poverty and social exclusion.</i></p>	
4. Elderly poverty/adequate income and living conditions of the elderly	Housing deprivation (65+) is higher than the EU average.	Severe material deprivation of older people, especially women, has been improving towards an average value.
5. Health	Unmet need for medical care is worse than the EU average due to the subcomponent cost, while the subcomponents waiting time and distance are around average. The gap in unmet need for different socio-economic groups is also worse than the EU average.	
6. Other key issues	<i>Long-term care provision is skewed towards cash benefits to the detriment of services.</i>	

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduce the number of people-at-risk-of-poverty and social exclusion by 27,000 people or decrease the percentage from 23.3% in 2008 to 19.3% by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2016)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

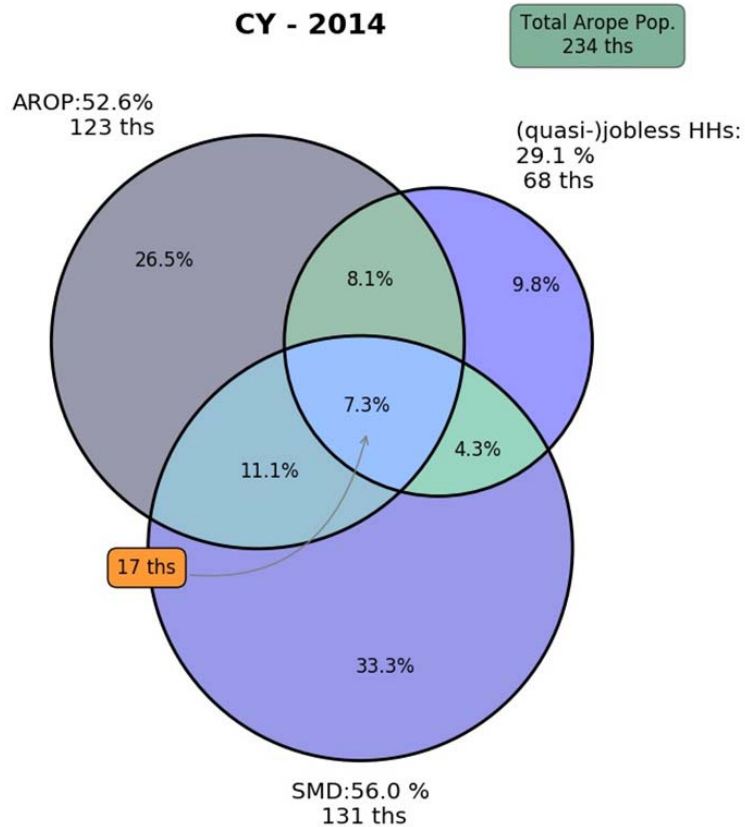


Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year; iv) The figure for SMD in 2015 is provisional.

⁴ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around 5 July 2016, unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2014)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

CY												EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
AROP	% of total AROPE	68.5	67.0	63.4	59.9	54.3	55.0	52.6		-2.4 pp	-16.0 pp	67.9	70.6
	1000 persons	124	126	128	124	127	132	123		-6.8 %	-0.8 %	83433	86196
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	16.0	13.8	16.3	15.9	19.2	22.9	29.1		6.1 pp	13.0 pp	33.3	34.2
	1000 persons	29	26	33	33	45	55	68		23.6 %	134.5 %	40910	41810
SMD	% of total AROPE	39.2	40.4	45.6	47.3	55.1	57.9	56.0		-1.9 pp	16.8 pp	39.2	36.4
	1000 persons	71	76	92	98	129	139	131	132	0.8 %	85.9 %	48145	44516
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	5.0	3.7	5.9	5.3	5.6	5.0	8.1		3.1 pp	3.2 pp	11.2	11.9
	1000 persons	9	7	12	11	13	12	19		58.3 %	111.1 %	13718	14482
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	11.1	9.6	13.4	13.0	14.1	14.2	11.1		-3.1 pp	0.1 pp	11.0	10.5
	1000 persons	20	18	27	27	33	34	26		-23.5 %	30.0 %	13485	12794
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	2.8	3.2	2.0	1.9	3.4	7.1	7.3		0.2 pp	4.5 pp	7.6	8.1
	1000 persons	5	6	4	4	8	17	17		0.0 %	240.0 %	9285	9836
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	2.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.9	4.3		1.4 pp	2.1 pp	3.1	2.8
	1000 persons	4	3	3	3	7	7	10		42.9 %	150.0 %	3821	3399

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: The figure for SMD in 2015 is provisional.

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

CY									EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2014	2015
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	3.7	-2.0	1.4	0.4	-2.5	-5.9	-2.5	1.6	1.4	2.0
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	2.5	-0.2	1.0	0.5	-3.2	-6.0	-2.4	0.8	1.0	1.1
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	3.7	5.4	6.3	7.9	11.9	15.9	16.1	15.0	10.2	9.4
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	0.5	0.6	1.3	1.6	3.6	6.1	7.7	6.8	5.0	4.5
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	16.9	19.0	19.8	20.5	20.6	21.8				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS). Data as at 5 July 2016.

Note: The social protection expenditure indicator refers exclusively to benefits.

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

CY								EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2012	2013
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	16.9	19.0	19.8	20.5	20.6	21.8	27.5	
	Sickness/Health	4.1	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	8.0	
	Disability	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	2.0	
	Old age	6.7	7.4	8.1	8.7	9.5	10.5	11.0	
	Survivors	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.6	
	Family/Children	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.4	2.3	
	Unemployment	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.8	1.5	
	Housing	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.5	
	Means-tested								
	Total	2.0	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.7	3.1	
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
	Disability	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	
	Old age	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.6	
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
	Family/Children	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	1.0	0.5	
	Unemployment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	
	Housing	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.4	
	Non-means tested								
	Total	14.9	16.4	17.1	17.8	17.6	19.0	24.4	
	Sickness/Health	4.1	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	7.9	
	Disability	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.5	
	Old age	6.1	6.8	7.4	7.9	8.8	10.1	10.4	
	Survivors	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	
	Family/Children	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.8	0.6	0.4	1.8	
	Unemployment	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.8	1.2	
	Housing								
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 5 July 2016.

Note: 1) The table presents the social protection benefits. 2) For the case of Cyprus, as regards the function "Housing", the benefits are all means tested (i.e. 'Housing' under Non-means tested is 'not applicable' for Cyprus).

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

CY	%											EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Total population	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	23.3	23.5	24.6	24.6	27.1	27.8	27.4		-0.4 pp	4.1 pp	24.6	24.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	15.9	15.8	15.6	14.8	14.7	15.3	14.4		-0.9 pp	-1.5 pp	16.7	17.2
	Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS	10945	11256	10816	11497	11444	10299	9457		-9.0 %	-18.1 %		
	Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS	22984	23639	22713	24144	24033	21628	19860		-9.0 %	-18.1 %		
	Severe material deprivation rate	9.1	9.5	11.2	11.7	15.0	16.1	15.3	15.7	0.4 pp	6.6 pp	9.6	8.9
	Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	4.5	4.0	4.9	4.9	6.5	7.9	9.7		1.8 pp	5.2 pp	10.9	11.2
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate	9.9	10.1	9.2	8.6	8.3	10.0	7.3		-2.7 pp	-2.6 pp	10.1	10.4
	At risk-of-poverty gap	15.3	17.2	18.0	19.0	19.0	17.7	18.5		0.8 pp	3.2 pp	23.8	24.6
	Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)	15.9	16.3	17.4	15.3	17.6	23.3	31.3		8.0 pp	15.4 pp	19	19.4
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	30.6	33.1	33.6	37.0	37.4	37.0	41.5		4.4 pp	10.9 pp	35.8	34.1
	S80/S20	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.9	5.4		10.2 %	25.6 %	5	5.2
	Overcrowding rate	3.3	2.6	3.5	2.9	2.8	2.4	2.2		-0.2 pp	-1.1 pp	17.2	16.9
	Housing cost overburden rate	1.8	2.4	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.3	4.0		0.7 pp	2.2 pp	11	11.4
	Real change in gross household disposable income	7.2	-3.3	0.4	-1.4	-5.3	-0.2	-12.7				0.0	0.6

Notes: 1). For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation; 2). The 2015 figures for SMD for all categories in the tables are provisional.

CY	%	EU28										EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	21.5	20.2	21.8	23.4	27.5	27.7	24.7		-3.0 pp	3.2 pp	27.7	27.8
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	14.0	12.3	12.6	12.8	13.9	15.5	12.8		-2.7 pp	-1.2 pp	20.3	21.1
	Severe material deprivation rate	9.7	9.3	12.5	14.8	18.1	18.7	15.6	17.6	2.0 pp	7.9 pp	11.0	10.4
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households	3.4	3.1	3.6	3.2	5.0	6.4	7.3		0.9 pp	3.9 pp	9.5	9.7
	At risk-of-poverty gap	13.6	14.6	14.8	18.1	19.3	20.6	20.4		-0.2 pp	6.8 pp	25.2	26.2
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	44.0	51.4	49.6	47.1	45.5	43.6	52.9		9.3 pp	8.9 pp	41.5	39.0
	Overcrowding rate	5.1	3.5	4.5	3.9	3.7	2.9	2.9		0.0 pp	-2.2 pp	23.1	22.7
CY	%	EU28										EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Youth (18-24)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	20.8	23.0	24.4	25.0	29.6	32.7	33.9		1.2 pp	13.1 pp	31.9	31.9
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	12.9	10.3	12.2	11.6	11.2	15.7	12.6		-3.1 pp	-0.3 pp	22.6	23.7
	Severe material deprivation rate	9.2	13.6	17.0	15.0	21.1	21.3	23.9	22.7	-1.2 pp	13.5 pp	12.0	11.0
	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households	3.9	3.1	5.0	4.6	7.1	8.6	11.7		3.1 pp	7.8 pp	11.0	11.7
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	6.3	6.8	8.5	10.1	9.0	10.7	6.4		-4.3 pp	0.1 pp	11.3	12.7
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	3.8	5.6	6.7	8.7	10.8	14.9	14.5	12.4	-2.1 pp	8.6 pp	9.9	9.2
	NEET rate	13.4	14.5	16.7	20.7	22.3	27.1	25.1	22.2	-2.9 pp	8.8 pp	17.1	16.5
	Housing cost overburden rate	2.2	2.9	3.9	2.7	2.2	1.4	2.3		0.9 pp	0.1 pp	13.2	14.3

CY	%	EU28										EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	18.9	19.9	22.1	22.1	25.8	28.2	28.3		0.1 pp	9.4 pp	25.4	25.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	10.8	11.2	11.9	11.5	12.2	14.4	13.4		-1.0 pp	2.6 pp	16.4	17.1
	Severe material deprivation rate	8.6	9.5	11.5	11.6	15.5	16.7	16.7	17.1	0.4 pp	8.5 pp	10.0	9.2
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	5.0	4.4	5.3	5.5	6.9	8.4	10.6		2.2 pp	5.6 pp	11.3	11.6
	At risk-of-poverty gap	14.0	18.6	20.1	20.4	20.5	18.3	19.3		1.0 pp	5.3 pp	25.8	26.9
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	6.3	6.8	7.4	7.3	8.0	9.0	7.8		-1.2 pp	1.5 pp	9.0	9.6
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	36.5	38.1	37.4	42.5	41.9	38.2	43.7		5.5 pp	7.2 pp	36.7	34.5
	Overcrowding rate	3.1	2.6	3.6	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.3		-0.2 pp	-0.8 pp	18.4	18.1
	Housing cost overburden rate	1.8	2.6	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.3	4.1		0.8 pp	2.3 pp	11.4	11.9
CY	%	EU28										EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2013	2014
		49.3	48.6	42.6	39.8	33.4	26.1	27.2		1.1 pp	-22.1 pp	18.2	17.8
		46.3	46.4	39.9	35.5	29.3	20.1	22.4		2.3 pp	-23.9 pp	13.8	13.8
		10.9	9.5	7.3	7.1	7.5	9.0	7.4	5.1	-2.3 pp	-5.8 pp	6.9	6.2
		0.59	0.61	0.65	0.67	0.70	0.77	0.75		-2.6 %	27.1 %	0.93	0.94
		0.33	0.37	0.37	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.39		-2.5 %	18.2 %	0.56	0.56
		1.4	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.8		-0.1 pp	-0.6 pp	6.7	6.7
	Housing cost overburden rate	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.1	1.6	2.8		1.2 pp	0.8 pp	10.4	10.6

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

CY	%									EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)	21.5	20.2	21.8	23.4	27.5	27.7	24.7		-3.0 pp	3.2 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)	14.0	12.3	12.6	12.8	13.9	15.5	12.8		-2.7 pp	-1.2 pp
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)	9.7	9.3	12.5	14.8	18.1	18.7	15.6	17.6	2.0 pp	7.9 pp
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)	3.4	3.1	3.6	3.2	5.0	6.4	7.3		0.9 pp	3.9 pp
Access to adequate resources	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)	5.5	6.5	3.8	5.5	4.1	9.8	6.7		-3.1 pp	1.2 pp
	In-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children	6.0	5.7	6.0	6.5	6.8	8.0	5.8		-2.2 pp	-0.2 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households	57.2	63.3	67.1	61.6	55.7	69.0	59.1		-9.9 pp	1.9 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work	12.5	10.6	10.6	11.2	11.6	11.8	9.1		-2.7 pp	-3.4 pp
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	10.0	8.0	10.0	8.0	7.0	3.0	6.0		3.0 pp	-4.0 pp
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	20.0	12.0	16.0	17.0	19.0	22.0	20.0		-2.0 pp	0.0 pp
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	39.0	39.0	34.0	34.0	32.0	34.0	31.0		-3.0 pp	-8.0 pp
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	37.0	45.0	45.0	39.0	42.0	46.0	48.0		2.0 pp	11.0 pp
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)	13.6	14.6	14.8	18.1	19.3	20.6	20.4		-0.2 pp	6.8 pp
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	14.3	15.4	16.8	11.0	13.9	11.1	7.6	6.6	-1.0 pp	-7.7 pp
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)										
	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	19.5	21.3	24.6	16.7	20.9	17.1	12.2	11.0	-1.2 pp	-8.5 pp
Access to quality services	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty	44.0	51.4	49.6	47.1	45.5	43.6	52.9		9.3 pp	8.9 pp
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)	1.5	2.4	2.8	2.9	3.1	4.5	4.2		-0.3 pp	2.7 pp
	NEET rate (15-19)	5.6	5.1	6.8	7.1	8.7	7.4	7.6	7.4	-0.2 pp	1.8 pp
	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	13.7	11.7	12.7	11.3	11.4	9.1	6.8	5.3	-1.5 pp	-8.4 pp
	Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)	0.7	1.0	1.9	1.2	1.8	1.3	1.4		0.1 pp	0.7 pp
	Infant mortality rate	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.5	1.6	1.4		-0.2 pp	-2.1 pp
	Severe housing deprivation (0-17)	2.0	1.7	2.1	2.4	1.9	1.6	2.3		0.7 pp	0.3 pp
	Overcrowding rate (0-17)	5.1	3.5	4.5	3.9	3.7	2.9	2.9		0.0 pp	-2.2 pp

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data). Note: The figure for SMD in 2015 is provisional.

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2013-2053)

TRR case		Net				Gross			
		2013		2053		2013		2053	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	58.0		n.a.		52.0		n.a.	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	58.0		70.0		52.0		61.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	58.0		75.0		52.0		66.0	
	AWG career length case	58.0	55.0	71.0	68.0	52.0	51.0	62.0	61.0
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			65.0				57.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			n.a.				n.a.	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			78.0				69.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			67.0				58.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			75.0				65.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			73.0				64.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			72.0				63.0	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year			72.0				64.0	
	Career break due to child care: 1 year			71.0				64.0	
	Career break due to child care: 2 years			70.0				63.0	
	Career break due to child care: 3 years			69.0				62.0	
	Short career (30 year career)			57.0				50.0	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			68.0				59.0	
	Early retirement due to disability			69.0				60.0	
	Indexation: 10 years after retirement			69.0				60.0	
Low Earnings (66%)	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	64.0		n.a.		60.0		n.a.	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	64.0		70.0		60.0		63.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	64.0		73.0		60.0		66.0	
	AWG career length case *	64.0	67.0	69.0	68.0	60.0	62.0	62.0	61.0
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			65.0				59.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			n.a.				n.a.	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			76.0				68.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			66.0				59.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			73.0				65.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			71.0				64.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			71.0				64.0	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year			73.0				65.0	
	Career break due to child care: 1 year			72.0				65.0	
	Career break due to child care: 2 years			72.0				65.0	
	Career break due to child care: 3 years			72.0				64.0	
	Short career (30 year career) *	56.0		58.0		52.0		52.0	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			68.0				61.0	
	Early retirement due to disability			69.0				62.0	

	Pension rights of surviving spouses		129.0		152.0
High	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	50.0	n.a.	40.0	n.a.
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	50.0	59.0	40.0	47.0

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2015 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2013-2053)

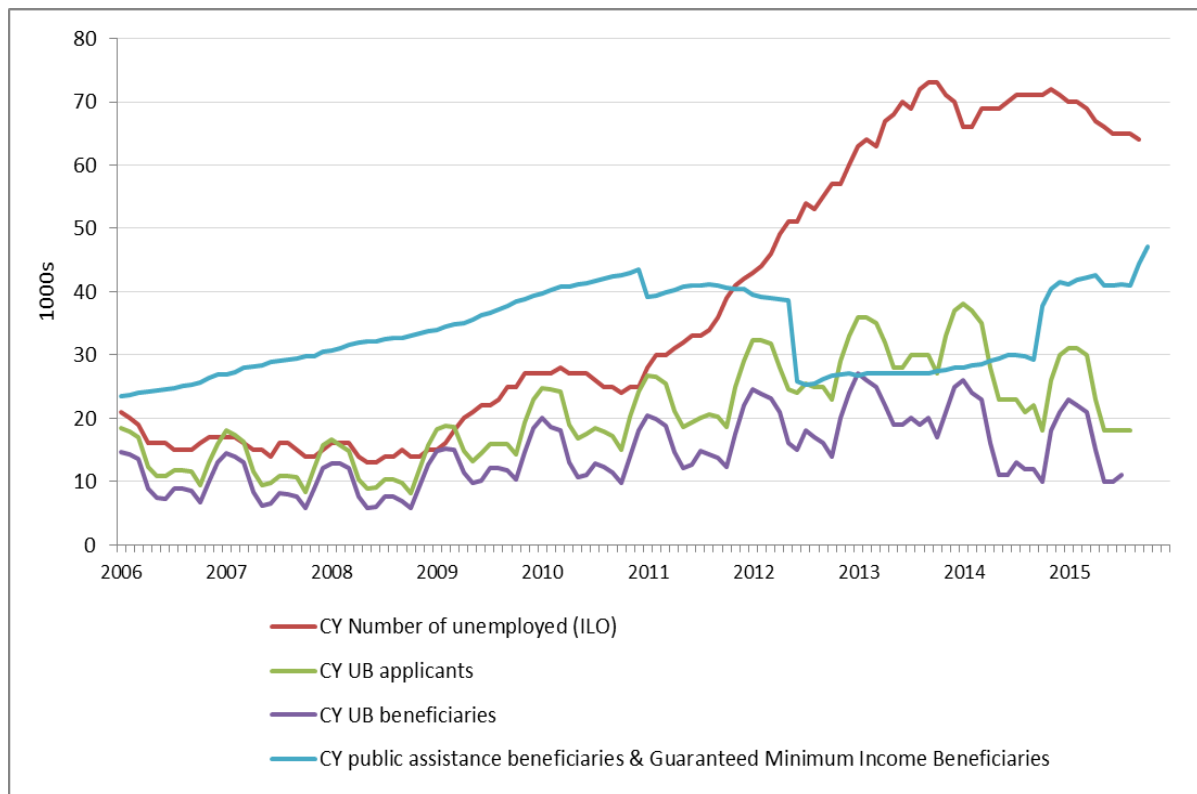
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

CY								EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013	2014
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	63.9	64.8	65.1	61.6	63.4	64.3	66.1	61.4	61.4
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	64.5	65.3	64.2	61.0	64.0	65.0	66.3	61.5	61.8
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	9.1	9.9	9.7	8.0	8.8	9.5	10.4	8.5	8.6
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	7.6	8.2	7.9	5.9	7.7	8.7	8.8	8.6	8.6
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	78.2	78.6	79.2	79.3	78.9	80.1	80.9	77.8	78.1
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	82.9	83.6	83.9	83.1	83.4	85.0	84.7	83.3	83.6
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	17.8	18.1	18.3	18.2	17.9	18.6	18.9	17.9	18.2
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	20.3	20.9	21.0	20.3	20.4	21.6	21.4	21.3	21.6
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	2.8	3.4	4.1	4.4	3.5	4.4	4.7	3.6	3.6
Self-perceived health (%)	76.5	75.6	74.5	75.6	77.1	76.4	77.5	67.2	67.4
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)	1716.8	1720.6	1711.6	1779.6	1711.7				
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)	6.9	7.4	7.3	7.6	7.4				

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA) and Statistical Service of Cyprus (Health and Hospital Statistics 2012)

Note: Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS⁵



CY	Unemployment
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Eurostat
	Unemployment benefit (1)
definition	Number of applicants for unemployment benefit
unit	thousands of applicants
source	Social Insurance Services, Ministry of Labour, Welfare and Social Insurance, Cyprus
comment	CY UB applicants refer to the number of applicants for unemployment benefit from Social Insurance Services. Some of those applicants can be rejected due to the qualifying contribution conditions of the unemployment benefit. The unsmoothness of the number of applicants is due to the seasonality effect of the hospitality industry.
	Unemployment benefit (2)

⁵ These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

definition	Number of beneficiaries for unemployment benefit
unit	thousands of applicants
source	Social Insurance Services, Ministry of Labour, Welfare and Social Insurance, Cyprus
comment	CY UB beneficiaries refer to the number of beneficiaries for unemployment benefit from Social Insurance Services at the corresponding period. The unsmoothness of the number of beneficiaries is due to the seasonality effect of the hospitality industry.
Social assistance benefit / Guaranteed Minimum Income	
definition	Number of public assistance beneficiaries & guaranteed minimum income beneficiaries
unit	thousands of beneficiaries
source	Social Welfare Services, Ministry of Labour, Welfare and Social Insurance, Cyprus
comment	<p>The decrease shown in the number of public assistance beneficiaries in June 2012 is due to a change of the relevant legislation. More specifically, until May 2012 financial assistance to lone parents was provided in the context of the Public Assistance Legislation and from June 2012 a single parent benefit has been introduced in the Child Benefit Law. In addition, the cases of public assistance with the nature of distress “unemployment” were 3.099 in October 2015. The data in the table from 10/2014 and onwards includes figures for public assistance beneficiaries and guaranteed minimum income beneficiaries.</p> <p>The Guaranteed Minimum Income (GMI) was established in July 2014 with the aim to ensure a socially acceptable minimum standard of living for persons (and families) legally residing in the Republic of Cyprus whose income and other economic resources are insufficient to meet their basic and special needs. The new GMI will gradually replace the existing public assistance and the low income pensioners scheme. The nature of the benefit is differential in that it varies according to the applicant’s income and family structure.</p>

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	CY								EU27				
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	change 2013-2014 (2014-2015 for LFS-based figures)	change 2008-2014 (2008-2015 for LFS-based figures)	2014 (2015 for LFS-based figures)	latest year change	change 2008 to latest year
Europe 2020	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	23.3	23.5	24.6	24.6	27.1	27.8	27.4		-0.4 pp	4.1 pp	24.4	-0.1 pp	0.7 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	15.9	15.8	15.6	14.8	14.7	15.3	14.4		-0.9 pp	-1.5 pp	17.2	0.5 pp	0.7 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty threshold for a single person household (levels in pps, changes as real change in national currency in %)	10945	11256	10816	11497	11444	10299	9457		-9.0 %	-18.1 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Severe material deprivation rate (in %)	9.1	9.5	11.2	11.7	15.0	16.1	15.3		-0.8 pp	6.2 pp	8.9	-0.7 pp	0.4 pp
	Population living in (quasi-) jobless households (in %)	4.5	4.0	4.9	4.9	6.5	7.9	9.7		1.8 pp	5.2 pp	11.1	0.3 pp	1.9 pp
Intensity of poverty risk	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (in %)	15.3	17.2	18.0	19.0	19.0	17.7	18.5		0.8 pp	3.2 pp	24.6	0.8 pp	2.7 pp
Persistence of poverty risk	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	9.9	10.1	9.2	8.6	8.3	10.0	7.3		-2.7 pp	-2.6 pp	10.3	0.3 pp	1.7 pp
Income inequalities	Income quintile ratio (S80/S20)	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.9	5.4		10.2 %	25.6 %	5.2	4.0 %	4.0 %
Child poverty and social exclusion	At-risk-of poverty or social exclusion rate of children (% of people aged 0-17)	21.5	20.2	21.8	23.4	27.5	27.7	24.7		-3.0 pp	3.2 pp	27.7	0.0 pp	1.3 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	30.6	33.1	33.6	37.0	37.4	37.0	41.5		4.4 pp	10.9 pp	34.1	-1.4 pp	-0.7 pp
	Impact of social transfers (incl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	48.2	49.8	52.4	55.6	57.0	58.1	60.5		2.5 pp	12.3 pp	61.44	-1.0 pp	0.8 pp
Social consequences of labour market	At-risk-of-poverty rate for the population living in (quasi-) jobless households	50.4	50.6	48.6	46.6	45.4	52.4	51.7		-0.7 pp	1.3 pp	58.1	2.0 pp	2.4 pp
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate (in %)	6.3	6.8	7.4	7.3	8.0	9.0	7.8		-1.2 pp	1.5 pp	9.6	0.6 pp	1.1 pp
	Long-term unemployment rate (in %)	0.5	0.6	1.3	1.6	3.6	6.1	7.7	6.8	-0.9 pp	6.3 pp	4.5	-0.5 pp	2.0 pp
Youth exclusion	Early school leavers (in %)	13.7	11.7	12.7	11.3	11.4	9.1	6.8	5.3	-1.5 pp	-8.4 pp	11	-0.3 pp	-3.8 pp
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	3.8	5.6	6.7	8.7	10.8	14.9	14.5	12.3	-2.2 pp	8.5 pp	8.4	-0.8 pp	1.5 pp
	NEETs (15-24)	9.7	9.9	11.7	14.6	16.0	18.7	17.0	15.2	-1.8 pp	5.5 pp	12	-0.5 pp	1.1 pp
Active ageing	Employment rate of older workers (55-64) in %	54.8	55.7	56.3	54.8	50.7	49.6	46.9	48.2	1.3 pp	-6.6 pp	53.4	1.5 pp	7.9 pp
Pension adequacy	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) in %	49.3	48.6	42.6	39.8	33.4	26.1	27.2		1.1 pp	-22.1 pp	17.7	-0.4 pp	-5.6 pp
	Median relative income of elderly people	0.59	0.61	0.65	0.67	0.70	0.77	0.75		-2.6 %	27.1 %	0.94	1.1 %	10.6 %
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.33	0.37	0.37	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.39		-2.5 %	18.2 %	0.56	0.0 %	14.3 %
Health	Self reported unmet need for medical care	2.8	3.4	4.1	4.4	3.5	4.4	4.7		0.3 pp	1.9 pp	3.6	0.0 pp	0.5 pp
	Healthy life years at 65 - males	9.1	9.9	9.7	8.0	8.8	9.5	10.4		9.5 %	14.3 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Healthy life years at 65 - females	7.6	8.2	7.9	5.9	7.7	8.7	8.8		1.1 %	15.8 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Access to decent housing	Housing cost overburden rate	1.8	2.4	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.3	4.0		0.7 pp	2.2 pp	11.4	0.3 pp	0.9 pp
Evolution in real household disposable income	Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	7.2	-3.3	0.4	-1.4	-5.3	-0.2	-12.7	n.a.	-12.7 %	-21.0 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPMI dashboard latest changes refer to 2013-2014 for EU-SILC based indicators and 2014-2015 for LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2014 and 2008-2015 respectively.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, CYPRUS

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services	<p>Severe material deprivation rate is above the EU average and shows negative development.</p> <p>Rate of people (0-59) living in (quasi-)jobless households⁶ is around the EU average but shows a significantly negative development.</p> <p>Inequalities (S80/S20) are around the EU average, but show a significantly negative development.</p>	
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty	Share of children living in (quasi-)jobless households is around the EU average but shows a significantly negative development.	
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age	<i>The coverage of short-term unemployed (less than 12 months) by unemployment benefits is relatively low.</i>	Impact of social transfers (excluding pensions) in reducing poverty is above the EU average, showing a significantly positive development.
4. Elderly poverty/adequate income and living conditions of the elderly	Older people suffer from low replacement rates and low median relative income.	Poverty gap is average but decreasing.
5. Health	<p>Unmet need for medical care is below the EU average, but worse than the EU average for cost reasons.</p> <p><i>There is significant need for improving the cost-effectiveness and accessibility of the health system.</i></p>	<p>Potential years of life lost are better than the EU average.</p> <p>Amenable and preventable mortality are among the best performing countries in the EU.</p>
6. Other key issues	<i>Cyprus has one of the highest risks of poverty or social exclusion for people with activity limitation (aged 16 or over) in the EU and there is a higher than average gap between the risk of poverty and social exclusion for people with and without activity limitation.</i>	

⁶ This is equivalent to the 'very low work intensity' (VLWI) indicator published by Eurostat.