



Brussels, 6 July 2017
(OR. en)

10892/17

Interinstitutional File:
2016/0278 (COD)

CODEC 1186
PI 89
PE 48

INFORMATION NOTE

From: General Secretariat of the Council
To: Permanent Representatives Committee/Council
Subject: Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on certain permitted uses of works and other subject-matter protected by copyright and related rights for the benefit of persons who are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print disabled and amending Directive 2001/29/EC on the harmonisation of certain aspects of copyright and related rights in the information society
- Outcome of the European Parliament's first reading
(Strasbourg, 3 to 6 July 2017)

I. INTRODUCTION

In accordance with the provisions of Article 294 of the TFEU and the joint declaration on practical arrangements for the codecision procedure¹, a number of informal contacts have taken place between the Council, the European Parliament and the Commission with a view to reaching an agreement on this dossier at first reading, thereby avoiding the need for second reading and conciliation.

In this context, the rapporteur, Mr Max ANDERSSON (Greens/EFA, SE) presented one compromise amendment (amendment 33) to the proposal for a Directive, on behalf of the Committee on Legal Affairs. This amendment had been agreed during the informal contacts referred to above.

¹ OJ C 145, 30.6.2007, p.5

II. VOTE

When it voted on 6 July 2017, the plenary adopted the amendment (amendment 33) to the proposal for a Directive.

The Commission proposal as thus amended and the legislative resolution constitute the Parliament's first-reading position², it reflects what had been previously agreed between the institutions. The Council should therefore be in a position to approve the Parliament's position.

The act would then be adopted in the wording which corresponds to the Parliament's position.

² The text of the amendment adopted and the European Parliament's legislative resolution are set out in the Annex. The amendment is presented in the form of a consolidated text, where changes to the Commission's proposal are highlighted in bold and italics. The symbol "■" indicates deleted text.

P8_TA-PROV(2017)0000

**Permitted uses of certain works and other protected subject-matter for the benefit of persons who are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print disabled
***I**

European Parliament legislative resolution of 6 July 2017 on the proposal for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on certain permitted uses of works and other subject-matter protected by copyright and related rights for the benefit of persons who are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print disabled and amending Directive 2001/29/EC on the harmonisation of certain aspects of copyright and related rights in the information society (COM(2016)0596 – C8-0381/2016 – 2016/0278(COD))

(Ordinary legislative procedure: first reading)

The European Parliament,

- having regard to the Commission proposal to Parliament and the Council (COM(2016)0596),
 - having regard to Article 294(2) and Article 114 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, pursuant to which the Commission submitted the proposal to Parliament (C8-0381/2016),
 - having regard to Article 294(3) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,
 - having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee of 25 January 2017³,
 - having regard to the provisional agreement approved by the committee responsible under Rule 69f(4) of its Rules of Procedure and the undertaking given by the Council representative by letter of 19 May 2017 to approve Parliament's position, in accordance with Article 294(4) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,
 - having regard to Rule 59 of its Rules of Procedure,
 - having regard to the report of the Committee on Legal Affairs and the opinions of the Committee on Employment and Social Affairs, the Committee on Culture and Education and the Committee on Petitions (A8-0097/2017),
1. Adopts its position at first reading hereinafter set out;
 2. Calls on the Commission to refer the matter to Parliament again if it replaces, substantially amends or intends to substantially amend its proposal;
 3. Instructs its President to forward its position to the Council, the Commission and the national

³ OJ C 125, 21.4.2017, p. 27.

parliaments.

Position of the European Parliament adopted at first reading on 6 July 2017 with a view to the adoption of Directive (EU) 2017/... of the European Parliament and of the Council on certain permitted uses of certain works and other subject-matter protected by copyright and related rights for the benefit of persons who are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print-disabled and amending Directive 2001/29/EC on the harmonisation of certain aspects of copyright and related rights in the information society

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee⁴,

Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure⁵,

⁴ OJ C 125, 21.4.2017, p. 27.

⁵ Position of the European Parliament of 6 July 2017.

Whereas:

- (1) Union *legal acts* in the area of copyright and related rights provide legal certainty and a high level of protection for rightholders and constitute a harmonised legal framework. That framework contributes to the proper functioning of the internal market and stimulates innovation, creation, investment and the production of new content, including in the digital environment. It also aims to promote access to knowledge and culture by protecting works and other subject-matter and by permitting exceptions or limitations that are in the public interest. A fair balance of rights and interests between rightholders and users should be safeguarded.
- (2) *Directives* 96/9/EC⁶ , 2001/29/EC⁷ , 2006/115/EC⁸ **and** 2009/24/EC⁹ of the European Parliament and of the Council harmonise the rights of rightholders in the area of copyright and related rights. Those Directives, **together with Directive 2012/28/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council**¹⁰ , provide for an exhaustive list of exceptions and limitations to those rights, which allow the use of content without the rightholders' authorisation under certain conditions in order to achieve certain policy objectives.

⁶ Directive 96/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 1996 on the legal protection of databases (OJ L 77, 27.3.1996, p. 20).

⁷ Directive 2001/29/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 on the harmonisation of certain aspects of copyright and related rights in the information society (OJ L 167, 22.6.2001, p. 10).

⁸ Directive 2006/115/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on rental right and lending right and on certain rights related to copyright in the field of intellectual property (OJ L 376, 27.12.2006, p. 28).

⁹ Directive 2009/24/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the legal protection of computer programs (OJ L 111, 5.5.2009, p. 16).

¹⁰ Directive 2012/28/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on certain permitted uses of orphan works (OJ L 299, 27.10.2012, p. 5).

- (3) Persons who are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print-disabled continue to face many barriers to accessing books and other printed material which are protected by copyright and related rights. *Taking into consideration the rights of blind, visually impaired or otherwise print-disabled persons as recognised in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (the ‘Charter’) and the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (the ‘UNCRPD’)*, measures *should* be taken to increase the availability of books and other printed material in accessible formats, and to improve their circulation in the internal market.

- (4) The Marrakesh Treaty to Facilitate Access to Published Works for Persons Who Are Blind, Visually Impaired, or Otherwise Print Disabled (the ‘Marrakesh Treaty’) was signed on behalf of the Union on 30 April 2014¹¹. Its aim is to improve the availability **and cross-border exchange** of certain works and other protected subject-matter in accessible formats for persons who are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print-disabled. The Marrakesh Treaty requires contracting parties to provide exceptions or limitations to copyright and related rights for the making and dissemination of copies, in accessible formats, of certain works and other protected subject-matter, and for the cross-border exchange of those copies. The conclusion of the Marrakesh Treaty by the Union requires the adaptation of Union law by establishing a mandatory **and harmonised** exception for uses, works and beneficiary persons covered by that treaty. ■
- (5) *According to Opinion 3/15¹² of the Court of Justice of the European Union, the exceptions or limitations to copyright and related rights for the making and dissemination of copies in accessible formats of certain works and other subject-matter provided for by the Marrakesh Treaty have to be implemented within the field harmonised by Directive 2001/29/EC.*

¹¹ Council Decision 2014/221/EU of 14 April 2014 on the signing, on behalf of the European Union, of the Marrakesh Treaty to Facilitate Access to Published Works for Persons who are Blind, Visually Impaired, or otherwise Print Disabled (OJ L115, 17.4.2014, p. 1).

¹² *Opinion of the Court of Justice of 14 February 2017, 3/15, ECLI:EU:C:2017:114, paragraph 112.*

- (6) *This Directive implements the obligations that the Union has to meet under the Marrakesh Treaty in a harmonised manner, with a view to ensuring that the corresponding measures are applied consistently throughout the internal market. This Directive should therefore provide for a mandatory exception to the rights that are harmonised by Union law and are relevant for the uses and works covered by the Marrakesh Treaty. Such rights include, in particular, the rights of reproduction, communication to the public, making available to the public, distribution and lending, as provided for in Directives 2001/29/EC, 2006/115/EC and 2009/24/EC, as well as the corresponding rights provided for in Directive 96/9/EC. As the scope of the exceptions or limitations required by the Marrakesh Treaty also includes works in audio form, like audiobooks, the mandatory exception provided for under this Directive should also apply to related rights.*
- (7) This Directive *concerns* persons who are blind, persons *who* have a visual impairment which cannot be improved so as to give *them* visual function substantially equivalent to that of a person who has no such impairment, persons *who* have a perceptual or reading disability, including dyslexia *or any other learning disability* preventing them from reading printed works to substantially the same degree as persons without such disability, and persons who are unable, *due to a physical disability*, to hold or manipulate a book or to focus or move the eyes to the extent that would be normally acceptable for reading, *insofar as, as a result of such impairments or disabilities, those persons are unable to read printed works to substantially the same degree as persons without such impairments or disabilities.* This Directive *therefore aims* to improve the availability of books, *including e-books*, journals, newspapers, magazines and other writings, *notation including* sheet music, and other printed material, including in audio form, whether digital or analogue, *online or offline*, in formats that make those works and other subject-matter accessible to those persons to substantially the same degree as to persons without such impairment or disability. Accessible formats include, *for example*, Braille, large print, adapted e-books, audio books and radio broadcasts.

-
- (8) The mandatory exception provided for in this Directive should limit the right of reproduction so as to allow for any act that is necessary in order to make changes to or convert or adapt a work or other subject-matter in such a way as to produce an accessible format copy ***that makes it possible for beneficiary persons to access that work or other subject-matter***. This includes providing the necessary means to navigate information in an accessible format copy. ***It also includes changes that might be required in cases in which the format of a work or of other subject-matter is already accessible to certain beneficiary persons while it might not be accessible for other beneficiary persons, due to different impairments or disabilities, or the different degree of such impairments or disabilities.***
- (9) The permitted uses laid down in this Directive should include the making of accessible format copies by either beneficiary persons or authorised entities serving their needs, whether those authorised entities be public or private organisations, in particular libraries, educational establishments and other non-profit organisations, that serve persons with a print disability as one of their ***primary*** activities, ***institutional obligations*** or ***as part of their*** public interest missions. The uses laid down in this Directive should also include the making of accessible format copies, for the exclusive use of beneficiary persons, by a natural person who does so on behalf of a beneficiary person or who assists the beneficiary person making such copies. ***Accessible format copies should only be made of works or other subject-matter to which beneficiary persons or authorised entities have lawful access. Member states should ensure that any contractual provision which seeks to prevent or limit the application of the exception in any way is void of legal effect.***

- (10) The exception *provided for in this Directive* should allow authorised entities to make and disseminate, online and offline within the Union, accessible format copies of works or other subject-matter covered by this Directive. *This Directive should not impose an obligation on authorised entities to make and disseminate such copies.*
- (11) It should be possible for accessible format copies made in one Member State to be available in all Member States, in order to ensure their greater availability across the internal market. This would reduce the demand for *duplication of* work in producing accessible format copies of one and the same work or other subject-matter across the Union, thus generating savings and efficiency gains. This Directive should therefore ensure that accessible format copies made *by authorised entities* in *any* Member State can be circulated and accessed *by beneficiary persons and authorised entities throughout the Union.* **■** *In order to foster such cross-border exchange and to facilitate authorised entities' mutual identification and cooperation, the voluntary sharing of information regarding the names and contact details of authorised entities established in the Union, including web sites if available, should be encouraged. Member States should therefore provide the information received from authorised entities to the Commission. This should not imply an obligation for Member States to check the completeness and accuracy of such information or its compliance with their national law transposing this Directive. Such information should be made available online by the Commission on a central information access point at Union level. This would also assist authorised entities, as well as beneficiary persons and rightholders in contacting authorised entities to receive further information, in line with the provisions set out in this Directive and in Regulation (EU) 2017/... of the European Parliament and of the Council¹³⁺.*

¹³ *Regulation (EU) 2017/... of the European Parliament and of the Council of ... on the cross-border exchange between the Union and third countries of accessible format copies of certain works and other subject-matter protected by copyright and related rights for the benefit of persons who are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print-disabled (OJ L ...).*

⁺ *OJ please insert the reference to the Regulation contained in document 2016/0279(COD).*

The aforementioned central information access point should be complementary to the information access point to be established by the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO), as provided for in the Marrakesh Treaty, aiming to facilitate the identification of, and cooperation among, authorised entities at international level.

- (12) *In order to improve the availability of accessible format copies and to prevent the unauthorised dissemination of works or other subject-matter, authorised entities which engage in the distribution, communication to the public or making available to the public of accessible format copies should comply with certain obligations.*
- (13) *Authorisation or recognition requirements that Member States may apply to authorised entities, such as those related to the provision of services of a general nature to beneficiary persons, should not have the effect of preventing entities that are covered by the definition of authorised entity under this Directive from undertaking the uses allowed under this Directive.*

- (14) In view of the specific nature of the exception provided for under this Directive, its specific scope and the need for legal certainty for its beneficiaries, Member States should not be allowed to impose additional requirements *for* the application of the exception, such as **■** the prior verification of the commercial availability of works in accessible formats, *other than those laid down in this Directive. Member States should only be allowed to provide for compensation schemes regarding the permitted uses of works or other subject-matter by authorised entities. In order to avoid burdens for beneficiary persons, prevent barriers to the cross-border dissemination of accessible format copies and excessive requirements on authorised entities, it is important that the possibility for Member States to provide for such compensation schemes be limited.*

Consequently, compensation schemes should not require payments by beneficiary persons. They should only apply to uses by authorised entities established in the territory of the Member State providing for such a scheme and they should not require payments by authorised entities established in other Member States or third countries that are parties to the Marrakesh Treaty. Member States should ensure that there are not more burdensome requirements for the cross-border exchange of accessible format copies under such compensation schemes than for non-cross border situations, including with regard to the form and possible level of compensation. When determining the level of compensation, due account should be taken of the non-profit nature of the activities of authorised entities, of the public interest objectives pursued by this Directive, of the interests of beneficiaries of the exception, of the possible harm to rightholders and of the need to ensure cross-border dissemination of accessible format copies. Account should also be taken of the particular circumstances of each case, resulting from the making of a particular accessible format copy. Where the harm to a rightholder is minimal, no obligation for payment of compensation should arise.

- (15) It is essential that any processing of personal data under this Directive respect fundamental rights, including the right to respect for private and family life and the right to protection of personal data under Articles 7 and 8 of the Charter, and it is imperative that any such processing also be in compliance with **Directives 95/46/EC¹⁴ and 2002/58/EC¹⁵** of the European Parliament and the Council, which govern the processing of personal data, as may be carried out by authorised entities within the framework of this Directive and under the supervision of the Member States' competent authorities, in particular the public independent authorities designated by the Member States .
- (16) The UNCRPD, to which the Union is a party, guarantees persons with disabilities the right of access to information and **education and** the right to participate in cultural, economic and social life, on an equal basis with others. The UNCRPD requires parties to the Convention to take all appropriate steps, in accordance with international law, to ensure that laws protecting intellectual property rights do not constitute an unreasonable or discriminatory barrier to access by persons with disabilities to cultural materials.

¹⁴ **Directive 95/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 October 1995 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (OJ L 281, 23.11.1995, p. 31). That Directive will be repealed and replaced, with effect from 25 May 2018, by Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).**

¹⁵ **Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2002 concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (Directive on privacy and electronic communications) (OJ L 201, 31.7.2002, p.37).**

- (17) Under the Charter, **all forms of discrimination, including on grounds of disability, are prohibited and** the right of persons with disabilities to benefit from measures designed to ensure their independence, social and occupational integration and participation in the life of the community is recognised and respected by the Union.
- (18) With the adoption of this Directive, the Union aims to ensure that beneficiary persons have access to books and other printed material in accessible formats **across the internal market**. Accordingly, this Directive is an essential first step in improving access to works for persons with disabilities.
- (19) The Commission **should assess** the situation regarding the availability in accessible formats of works and other subject-matter other than those covered by this Directive, as well as the availability of works and other subject-matter in accessible formats for persons with other disabilities. It is important that the Commission review the situation in that regard closely. Changes to the scope of this Directive **could** be considered, if necessary, **on the basis of a report presented by the Commission**.
- (20) **Member States should be allowed to** continue to provide for an exception or limitation for the benefit of persons with a disability in cases which are not covered by this Directive, **in particular as regards works and other subject-matter and disabilities other than those covered by this Directive, pursuant to point (b) of Article 5(3) of Directive 2001/29/EC. This Directive does not prevent Member States from providing for exceptions or limitations to rights that are not harmonised in the copyright framework of the Union.**

- (21) This Directive respects the fundamental rights and observes the principles recognised in particular by the Charter **and the UNCRPD**. This Directive should be interpreted and applied in accordance with those rights and principles.
- (22) The Marrakesh Treaty imposes certain obligations regarding the exchange of accessible format copies between the Union and third countries that are parties to that Treaty. The measures taken by the Union to fulfil those obligations are contained in Regulation (EU) 2017... ⁺ which should be read in conjunction with this Directive.
- (23) *Since* the objective of this Directive **namely** to improve access in the Union to works and other subject-matter protected by copyright and related rights for persons who are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print-disabled cannot be *sufficiently* achieved by the Member States *but can rather*, by reason of its scale and effects, **be better** achieved **at** Union level, *the* Union may **adopt** measures in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in *that* Article, this Directive does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.

⁺ *OJ please insert the reference to the Regulation contained in document 2016/0279(COD).*

- (24) In accordance with the Joint Political Declaration of 28 September 2011 of Member States and the Commission on explanatory documents¹⁶, Member States have undertaken to accompany, in justified cases, the notification of their transposition measures with one or more documents explaining the relationship between the components of a directive and the corresponding parts of national transposition instruments. With regard to this Directive, the legislator considers the transmission of such documents to be justified,

HAVE ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

¹⁶ OJ C 369, 17.12.2011, p. 14.

Article 1

Subject matter and scope

This Directive *aims to further harmonise the Union law applicable to copyright and related rights in the framework of the internal market, by establishing rules* on the use of certain works and other subject-matter without the authorisation of the rightholder, for the benefit of persons who are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print-disabled.

Article 2

Definitions

For the purposes of this Directive the following definitions apply:

- (1) ‘work *or* other subject-matter’ means a work in the form of a book, journal, newspaper, magazine or other kind of writing, *notation* including sheet music, and related illustrations, in any media, including in audio form such as audiobooks *and in digital format*, which is protected by copyright or related rights and which is published or otherwise lawfully made publicly available;
- (2) ‘beneficiary person’ means, *regardless of any other disabilities, a person who:*
 - (a) is blind;
 - (b) has a visual impairment which cannot be improved so as to give the person visual function substantially equivalent to that of a person who has no such impairment, *and who is, as a result, unable to read printed works to substantially the same degree as a person without such an impairment;*

- (c) has a perceptual or reading disability ■ and is, as a result, unable to read printed works to substantially the same degree as a person without *such* disability; or
 - (d) is otherwise unable, due to a physical disability, to hold or manipulate a book or to focus or move their eyes to the extent that would be normally acceptable for reading.
- (3) ‘accessible format copy’ means a copy of a work or other subject-matter in an alternative manner or form that gives a beneficiary person access to the work or other subject-matter, including allowing such person to have access as feasibly and comfortably as a person without ■ any of the *impairments or* disabilities referred to in point 2;
- (4) ‘authorised entity’ means an *entity that is authorised or recognised by a Member State to provide* education, instructional training, adaptive reading or information access to beneficiary persons on a non-profit basis ■ . *It also includes a public institution or non-profit organisation that provides the same services to beneficiary persons* as one of its *primary* activities, *institutional obligations* or *as part of its* public-interest missions.

Article 3
Permitted uses

1. Member States shall provide *for an exception to the effect that no authorisation of the rightholder of any copyright or related right in a work or other subject-matter is required pursuant to Articles 5 and 7 of Directive 96/9/EC, Articles 2, 3 and 4 of Directive 2001/29/EC, Article 1(1), Article 8(2) and (3) and Article 9 of Directive 2006/115/EC and Article 4 of Directive 2009/24/EC* for any act necessary for:
 - (a) a beneficiary person, or a person acting on their behalf, to make an accessible format copy of a work or other subject-matter *to which the beneficiary person has lawful access* for the exclusive use of the beneficiary person; and
 - (b) an authorised entity to make an accessible format copy *of a work or other subject-matter to which it has lawful access* or to communicate, make available, distribute or lend an accessible format copy to a beneficiary person or another authorised entity *on a non-profit basis* for the purpose of exclusive use by a beneficiary person.

2. Member States shall ensure that each accessible format copy respects the integrity of the work or other subject-matter, with due consideration given to the changes required to make the work accessible in the alternative format.
3. ***The exception provided for in paragraph 1 shall only be applied in certain special cases which do not conflict with a normal exploitation of the work or other subject-matter and do not unreasonably prejudice the legitimate interests of the rightholder.***
4. ■ The first, third and fifth subparagraphs of Article 6(4) of Directive 2001/29/EC shall apply to the exception provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article.
5. ***Member States shall ensure that the exception provided for in paragraph 1 cannot be overridden by contract.***
6. ***Member States may provide that uses permitted under this Directive, if undertaken by authorised entities established in their territory, be subject to compensation schemes within the limits provided for in this Directive.***

Article 4

Accessible format copies in the internal market

Member States shall ensure that an authorised entity established in their territory may carry out the acts referred to in point (b) of Article 3(1) for a beneficiary person or another authorised entity established in any Member State. Member States shall also ensure that a beneficiary person or an authorised entity established in their territory may obtain or *may* have access to an accessible format copy from an authorised entity established in any Member State.

Article 5

Obligations of authorised entities

- 1. *Member States shall provide that an authorised entity established in their territory carrying out the acts referred to in Article 4 establishes and follows its own practices to ensure that it:***
 - (a) distributes, communicates and makes available accessible format copies only to beneficiary persons or other authorised entities;***
 - (b) takes appropriate steps to discourage the unauthorised reproduction, distribution, communication to the public or making available to the public of accessible format copies;***

- (c) *demonstrates due care in, and maintains records of, its handling of works or other subject-matter and of accessible format copies thereof; and*
- (d) *publishes and updates, on its website if appropriate, or through other online or offline channels, information on how it complies with the obligations laid down in points (a) to (c).*

Member States shall ensure that the practices referred to in the first subparagraph are established and followed in full respect of the rules applicable to the processing of personal data of beneficiary persons referred to in Article 7.

2. *Member States shall ensure that an authorised entity established in their territory carrying out the acts referred to in Article 4 provides the following information in an accessible way, on request, to beneficiary persons, other authorised entities or rightholders:*

- (a) *the list of works or other subject-matter for which it has accessible format copies and the available formats; and*
- (b) *the name and contact details of the authorised entities with which it has engaged in the exchange of accessible format copies pursuant to Article 4.*

Article 6

Transparency and exchange of information

1. Member States shall encourage authorised entities established in their territory carrying out the acts referred to in Article 4 of this Directive and Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EU) 2017/...⁺ to communicate to them, on a voluntary basis, their names and contact details.

2. Member States shall provide the information they have received pursuant to paragraph 1 to the Commission. The Commission shall make such information publicly available online on a central information access point and keep it up to date.

Article 7

Protection of personal data

The processing of personal data carried out within the framework of this Directive shall be carried out in compliance with Directives [95/46/EC](#) and [2002/58/EC](#).

⁺ *OJ please insert the reference to the Regulation contained in document [2016/0279\(COD\)](#).*

Article 8

Amendment to Directive 2001/29/EC

In Article 5(3) of Directive 2001/29/EC, point (b) is replaced by the following:

‘(b) uses, for the benefit of people with a disability, which are directly related to the disability and of a non-commercial nature, to the extent required by the specific disability, without prejudice to the obligations of Member States under Directive (EU) 2017/...^{*++}];

^{*++} Directive (EU) 2017/... of the European Parliament and of the Council of ... on certain permitted uses of certain works and other subject-matter protected by copyright and related rights for the benefit of persons who are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print-disabled and amending Directive 2001/29/EC on the harmonisation of certain aspects of copyright and related rights in the information society (OJ L ...).’

⁺⁺ OJ please insert the reference to this Directive (document 2016/0278(COD)).

Article 9

Report

By ... [three years after the date of entry into force], the Commission shall present a report to the European Parliament, the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee on the availability, in accessible formats, of works and other subject-matter other than those defined in point 1 of Article 2 for beneficiary persons, and of works and other subject-matter for persons with disabilities other than those referred to in point 2 of Article 2, in the internal market. The report shall ***take into account developments concerning relevant technology and shall contain an assessment of the appropriateness of broadening the scope of this Directive in order to improve access to other types of works and other subject-matter and to improve access for persons with disabilities other than those covered by this Directive.***

Article 10

Review

1. **By ...** [six years after the date of entry into force], the Commission shall carry out an evaluation of this Directive and present the main findings in a report to the European Parliament, the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee, accompanied, where appropriate, by proposals for amending this Directive. ***Such evaluation shall include an assessment of the impact of compensation schemes provided for by Member States pursuant to Article 3(6) on the availability of accessible format copies for beneficiary persons and on their cross-border exchange. The Commission's report shall take into account the views of relevant civil society actors and of non-governmental organisations, including organisations representing persons with disabilities and those representing older persons.***

2. Member States shall provide the Commission with the necessary information for the preparation of the report referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article and the preparation of the report referred to in Article 9.

3. ***A Member State that has valid reasons to consider that the implementation of this Directive has had a significant negative impact on the commercial availability of works or other subject-matter in accessible formats for beneficiary persons may bring the matter to the attention of the Commission providing all relevant evidence. The Commission shall take that evidence into account when drawing up the report referred to in paragraph 1.***

Article 11

Transposition

1. Member States shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive by ... [12 months after the date of entry into force of this Directive]. They shall immediately communicate the text of those measures to the Commission.

When Member States adopt those measures, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication.

Member States shall determine how such reference is to be made.

2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.

Article 12
Entry into force

This Directive shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Article 13
Addressees

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at

For the European Parliament

For the Council

The President The President
