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COVER NOTE

From: The Social Protection Committee
To: Permanent Representatives Committee (Part I) / Council
Subject: Key Social Challenges: Report drawn from the 2017 SPC Annual Review
of the Social Protection Performance Monitor (SPPM)
= SPPM Country Profiles (Part 2)

Delegations will find attached the SPPM Country Profiles (part 2) to the SPC "Report on key social challenges" (doc. 12741/17 ADD 1).

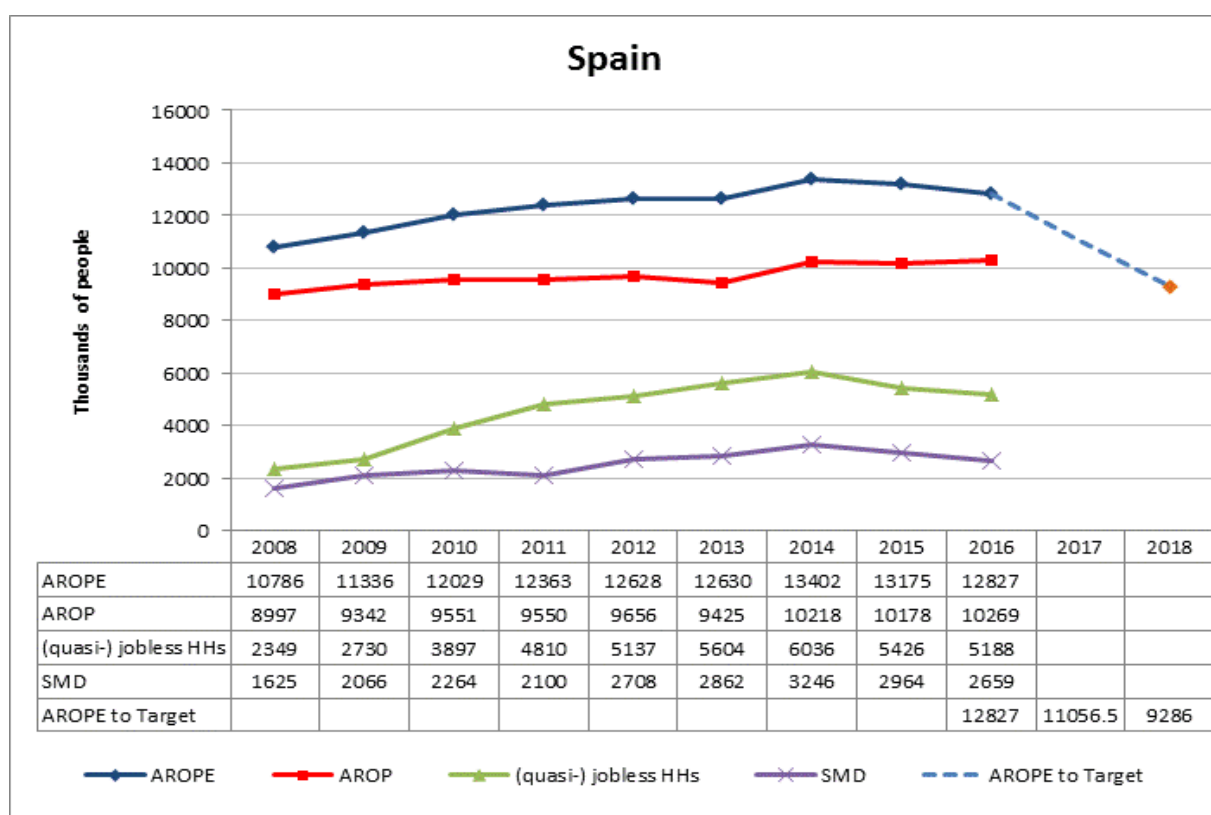
The main messages which are drawn from this report are contained in doc. 12741/17.

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduce the number of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion by 1,400,000-1,500,000.

Source: National Reform Programme (2015)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

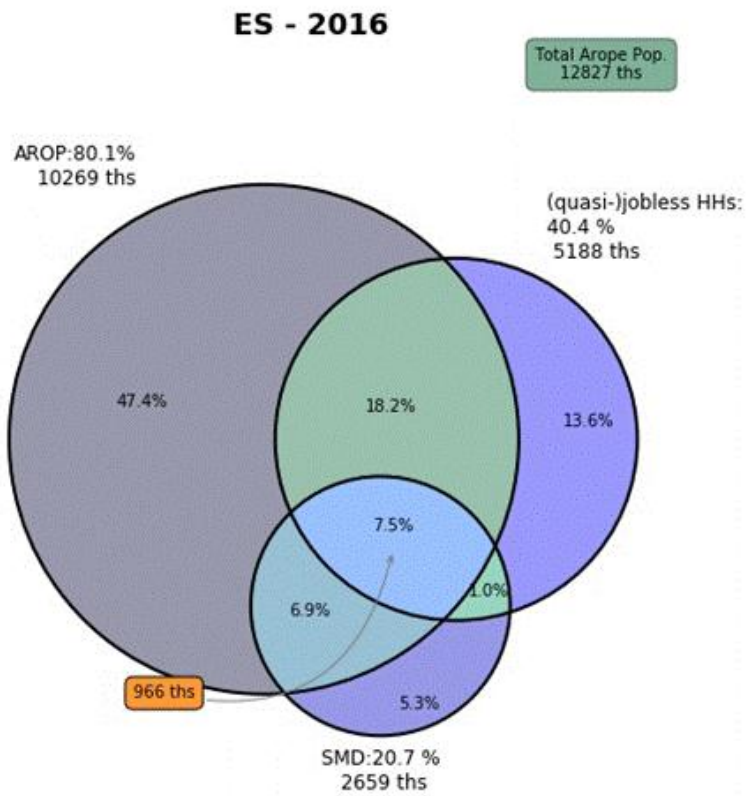


Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; VLWI - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the income reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year.

¹ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around 3 July 2017, unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2016)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

ES													EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015
AROP	% of total AROPE	83.4	82.4	79.4	77.3	76.5	74.6	76.2	77.3	80.1	2.8 pp	-3.3 pp	70.5	72.9
	1000 persons	8997	9342	9551	9550	9656	9425	10218	10178	10269	0.9 %	14.1 %	85926	86592
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	21.8	24.1	32.4	38.9	40.7	44.4	45.0	41.2	40.5	-0.7 pp	18.7 pp	34.4	33.4
	1000 persons	2349	2730	3897	4810	5137	5604	6036	5426	5188	-4.4 %	120.9 %	41945	39624
SMD	% of total AROPE	15.1	18.2	18.8	17.0	21.4	22.7	24.2	22.5	20.7	-1.8 pp	5.7 pp	36.5	33.9
	1000 persons	1625	2066	2264	2100	2708	2862	3246	2964	2659	-10.3 %	63.6 %	44441	40320
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	9.0	9.7	14.9	17.3	17.8	20.4	20.5	17.6	18.2	0.6 pp	9.3 pp	11.9	12.0
	1000 persons	969	1097	1786	2132	2251	2574	2744	2321	2339	0.8 %	141.4 %	14534	14211
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	6.5	7.1	7.1	4.0	5.4	5.9	7.3	6.2	6.9	0.7 pp	0.4 pp	10.5	10.3
	1000 persons	705	804	853	492	681	745	984	819	884	7.9 %	25.4 %	12785	12189
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	2.2	3.6	4.0	5.2	7.0	6.8	7.9	7.7	7.5	-0.2 pp	5.4 pp	8.1	7.7
	1000 persons	234	410	481	640	886	858	1064	1019	966	-5.2 %	312.8 %	9827	9181
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	0.4	0.7	0.7	1.6	1.3	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.0	-0.6 pp	0.7 pp	2.8	2.5
	1000 persons	42	81	82	194	168	223	241	214	134	-37.4 %	219.0 %	3430	2952

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

ES										EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2015	2016
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	1.1	-3.6	0.0	-1.0	-2.9	-1.7	1.4	3.2	3.2	2.2	1.9
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	0.2	-6.3	-1.7	-2.7	-4.0	-2.6	0.9	2.5	2.7	1.1	1.2
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	11.3	17.9	19.9	21.4	24.8	26.1	24.5	22.1	19.6	9.4	8.5
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	2.0	4.3	7.3	8.9	11.0	13.0	12.9	11.4	9.5	4.5	4.0
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	21.0	24.0	24.2	24.9	25.0	25.3	24.9				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS). Data as at 3 July 2017.

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

ES										EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	21.0	24.0	24.2	24.9	25.0	25.3	24.9		27.8	27.6
	Sickness/Health	6.6	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.5		8.0	8.1
	Disability	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8		2.0	2.0
	Old age	6.9	7.7	8.1	8.5	9.1	9.6	9.8		11.1	11.1
	Survivors	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5		1.6	1.6
	Family/Children	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3		2.3	2.4
	Unemployment	2.3	3.5	3.2	3.6	3.4	3.3	2.7		1.5	1.4
	Housing	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1		0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3		0.5	0.5
	Means-tested										
	Total	2.8	3.3	3.6	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.5		3.1	3.1
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.1
	Disability	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4		0.5	0.5
	Old age	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3		0.6	0.5
	Survivors	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3		0.1	0.1
	Family/Children	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3		0.5	0.6
	Unemployment	0.4	0.6	0.7	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7		0.3	0.3
	Housing	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1		0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3		0.4	0.4
	Non-means tested										
	Total	18.2	20.6	20.6	20.8	21.3	21.7	21.4		24.7	24.5
	Sickness/Health	6.6	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.5		8.0	8.0
	Disability	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4		1.6	1.5
	Old age	5.9	6.4	6.8	7.2	7.7	8.2	8.5		10.6	10.5
	Survivors	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1		1.5	1.5
	Family/Children	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.8	1.8
	Unemployment	1.9	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.5	1.9		1.2	1.1
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.1	

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 3 July 2017.

Note: The total figures of social expenditure include all benefits excluding administrative costs.

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

	ES	%										EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015
		23.8	24.7	26.1	26.7	27.2	27.3	29.2	28.6	27.9	-0.7 pp	4.1 pp	24.4	23.7
		19.8	20.4	20.7	20.6	20.8	20.4	22.2	22.1	22.3	0.2 pp	2.5 pp	17.2	17.3
		9026	9338	8967	8655	8582	8550	8517	8678	9105	2.8 %	-9.2 %		
		18954	19610	18830	18175	18023	17955	17886	18224	19120	2.8 %	-9.2 %		
		3.6	4.5	4.9	4.5	5.8	6.2	7.1	6.4	5.8	-0.6 pp	2.2 pp	8.9	8.1
		6.6	7.6	10.8	13.4	14.3	15.7	17.1	15.4	14.9	-0.5 pp	8.3 pp	11.2	10.6
		11.0	12.5	11.6	12.7	13.3	12.1	14.3	15.8	14.8	-1.0 pp	3.8 pp	10.3	10.9
		25.6	25.7	26.8	27.4	30.6	30.9	31.6	33.8	31.4	-2.4 pp	5.8 pp	24.5	24.8
		19.8	19.7	20.6	23.7	25.9	28.1	30.9	29.9	29.2	-0.7 pp	9.4 pp	19.4	18.5
		23.0	24.2	28.1	31.3	28.5	32.0	28.6	26.6	24.4	-2.2 pp	1.5 pp	34.1	33.46
		5.6	5.9	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.3	6.8	6.9	6.6	-4.3 %	17.9 %	5.2	5.2
		5.6	5.2	5.0	6.6	5.6	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.4	-0.1 pp	-0.2 pp	16.7	16.7
		9.4	10.4	9.7	10.0	10.7	10.3	10.9	10.3	10.2	-0.1 pp	0.8 pp	11.5	11.3
		1.8	2.8	-3.4	-1.5	-5.7	-1.9	0.7	2.1				1.1	2.2

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation.

ES	%	EU28												
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year		
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	30.1	32.0	33.3	32.2	32.4	32.6	35.8	34.4	32.9	-1.5 pp	2.8 pp	27.7	26.9
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	27.3	29.0	29.3	27.5	27.9	27.5	30.5	29.6	29.7	0.1 pp	2.4 pp	21.1	21.1
	Severe material deprivation rate	5.5	6.7	7.4	5.2	7.6	8.3	9.5	9.1	7.1	-2.0 pp	1.6 pp	10.4	9.5
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households	4.2	6.2	9.5	11.6	12.3	13.8	14.2	12.0	11.6	-0.4 pp	7.4 pp	9.8	9.3
	At-risk-of-poverty gap	30.9	28.6	31.4	31.8	33.8	35.4	35.1	40.0	35.9	-4.1 pp	5.0 pp	25.9	26.0
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	18.3	18.1	21.9	25.9	23.4	27.6	22.4	21.1	17.5	-3.6 pp	-0.8 pp	39.2	39.0
	Overcrowding rate	9.0	8.2	7.5	9.5	8.5	7.1	7.9	8.2	8.4	0.2 pp	-0.6 pp	22.6	23.0
ES	%	EU28												
Youth (18-24)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	23.9	25.1	28.7	31.0	35.4	36.5	38.6	41.7	39.5	-2.2 pp	15.6 pp	31.9	31.3
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	19.1	19.1	22.0	23.0	28.4	28.2	30.0	32.5	31.3	-1.2 pp	12.2 pp	23.7	23.9
	Severe material deprivation rate	4.4	5.9	6.5	7.0	6.9	7.8	8.9	8.1	8.5	0.4 pp	4.1 pp	11.0	9.9
	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households	7.8	7.4	10.2	13.3	15.5	17.7	20.7	20.7	18.8	-1.9 pp	11.0 pp	11.8	10.8
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate	12.8	13.5	14.9	12.1	12.3	15.5	21.3	24.7	18.3	-6.4 pp	5.5 pp	13.0	12.4
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	11.7	17.0	17.7	18.9	20.6	21.0	19.0	16.8	14.7	-2.1 pp	3.0 pp	9.3	8.4
	NEET rate	16.7	22.3	22.1	22.8	23.6	24.0	22.1	20.1	19.1	-1.0 pp	2.4 pp	16.5	15.8
Housing cost overburden rate	10.0	10.4	12.2	9.7	12.9	12.4	13.3	12.5	9.8	-2.7 pp	-0.2 pp	14.6	14.2	

ES	%	EU28										EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	21.5	22.7	24.9	26.7	28.6	29.2	31.8	31.2	30.4	-0.8 pp	8.9 pp	25.4	24.7
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	16.5	17.2	18.1	19.0	20.4	20.4	22.9	22.8	22.9	0.1 pp	6.4 pp	17.1	17.1
	Severe material deprivation rate	3.5	4.5	4.9	4.8	6.1	6.5	7.6	6.9	6.4	-0.5 pp	2.9 pp	9.2	8.4
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	7.3	8.0	11.2	13.9	14.9	16.3	18.0	16.5	15.9	-0.6 pp	8.6 pp	11.7	11.1
	At risk-of-poverty gap	26.3	27.5	29.7	29.1	32.0	31.4	33.0	35.0	33.2	-1.8 pp	6.9 pp	26.9	27.1
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	11.3	11.7	10.8	10.9	10.8	10.6	12.6	13.2	13.1	-0.1 pp	1.8 pp	9.5	9.5
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	28.3	30.1	33.2	35.8	31.8	34.6	30.8	29.0	27.1	-1.9 pp	-1.2 pp	34.7	34.5
	Overcrowding rate	5.6	5.2	5.1	6.8	5.7	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.6	-0.1 pp	0.0 pp	17.8	17.8
Housing cost overburden rate	9.6	10.7	10.1	10.5	11.6	11.1	12.1	11.2	11.0	-0.2 pp	1.4 pp	12.0	11.7	
ES	%	EU28										EU28		
Elderly (65+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	26.2	24.9	22.9	21.2	16.5	14.5	12.9	13.7	14.4	0.7 pp	-11.8 pp	17.8	17.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	25.5	23.8	21.8	19.8	14.8	12.7	11.4	12.3	13.0	0.7 pp	-12.5 pp	13.8	14.1
	Severe material deprivation rate	1.9	2.3	2.2	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.5	0.3 pp	0.6 pp	6.3	5.5
	Relative median income of elderly	0.83	0.87	0.88	0.91	0.96	1.00	1.03	1.01	1.01	0.0 %	21.7 %	0.94	0.93
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.42	0.45	0.47	0.51	0.55	0.60	0.60	0.66	0.66	0.0 %	57.1 %	0.56	0.57
	Overcrowding rate	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.4	1.9	1.8	1.4	2.0	1.8	-0.2 pp	0.0 pp	6.6	6.5
	Housing cost overburden rate	4.1	3.7	3.8	4.0	3.5	3.9	3.5	3.7	3.5	-0.2 pp	-0.6 pp	10.6	10.4

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

ES	%	EU28											
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)	30.1	32.0	33.3	32.2	32.4	32.6	35.8	34.4	32.9	-1.5 pp	2.8 pp	26.9
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)	27.3	29.0	29.3	27.5	27.9	27.5	30.5	29.6	29.7	0.1 pp	2.4 pp	21.1
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)	5.5	6.7	7.4	5.2	7.6	8.3	9.5	9.1	7.1	-2.0 pp	1.6 pp	9.5
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)	4.2	6.2	9.5	11.6	12.3	13.8	14.2	12.0	11.6	-0.4 pp	7.4 pp	9.8
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)	17.1	18.5	19.1	18.0	19.0	17.6	19.6	21.4	22.2	0.8 pp	5.1 pp	13.3
	in-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children	16.0	16.3	14.7	13.5	14.2	13.6	15.3	16.1	16.2	0.1 pp	0.2 pp	11.1
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households	71.1	76.5	77.1	74.5	81.0	78.6	77.7	78.7	82.2	3.5 pp	11.1 pp	69.9
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work	25.4	25.8	24.1	21.3	20.4	19.3	22.6	22.9	22.8	-0.1 pp	-2.6 pp	16.0
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	21.0	15.0	19.0	19.0	21.0	19.0	20.6	19.1	19.1	-1.5 pp	-1.9 pp	14.0
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	17.0	18.0	18.0	20.0	15.0	16.0	16.3	20.6		4.3 pp	3.6 pp	14.4
Access to adequate resources	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	50.0	50.0	45.0	45.0	52.0	51.0	51.8	46.6		-5.2 pp	-3.4 pp	33.9
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	45.0	43.0	48.0	40.0	40.0	39.0	41.4	45.4		4.0 pp	0.4 pp	49.4
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)	30.9	28.6	31.4	31.8	33.8	35.4	35.1	40.0	35.9	-4.1 pp	5.0 pp	26.0
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	15.3	13.3	13.2	12.8	10.5	11.6	10.2	9.6	10.1	0.5 pp	-5.2 pp	21.7
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)	0.8	1.6	1.3	2.5	1.2	2.2	1.1	0.9	1.9	1.0 pp	1.1 pp	4.2
	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	19.2	16.5	16.5	16.2	13.7	15.1	13.5	12.7	13.1	0.4 pp	-6.1 pp	27.1
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty	18.3	18.1	21.9	25.9	23.4	27.6	22.4	21.1	17.5	-3.6 pp	-0.8 pp	39.0
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)	13.8	15.2	13.5	13.8	14.4	13.7	14.2	14.0	14.0	0.0 pp	0.2 pp	10.8
	NEET rate (15-19)	11.4	12.5	11.6	11.0	10.4	10.1	8.8	8.8	8.0	-0.8 pp	-3.4 pp	6.5
	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	31.7	30.9	28.2	26.3	24.7	23.6	21.9	20.0	19.0	-1.0 pp	-12.7 pp	11.2
Access to quality services	Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.1 pp	0.1 pp	1.5
	Infant mortality rate	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.5	-0.1 pp	-0.6 pp	3.7
	Severe housing deprivation (0-17)	2.5	3.1	2.9	3.3	2.1	2.7	3.2	2.5	2.9	0.4 pp	0.4 pp	7.4
	Overcrowding rate (0-17)	9.0	8.2	7.5	9.5	8.5	7.1	7.9	8.2	8.4	0.2 pp	-0.6 pp	23.0

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data).

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2013-2053)

TRR case		Net				Gross			
		2013		2053		2013		2053	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	96.2		86.8		88.2		79.5	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	96.2		86.8		88.2		79.5	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	96.2		86.8		88.2		79.5	
	AWG career length case	81.7	89.1	81.3	83.4	74.3	82.0	74.0	76.8
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			90.9				85.9	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			74.7				67.6	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			90.9				85.9	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			74.7				67.6	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			86.7				79.4	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			86.5				79.2	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			85.0				77.7	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year			86.8				79.5	
	Career break due to child care: 1 year			86.7				79.5	
	Career break due to child care: 2 years			86.6				79.3	
	Career break due to child care: 3 years			86.4				79.0	
	Short career (30 year career)			P.n.a.				P.n.a.	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			72.8				65.5	
	Early retirement due to disability			89.7				84.0	
Indexation: 10 years after retirement			76.0				68.3		
Low Earnings (66%)	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	97.4		87.8		88.2		79.5	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	97.4		87.8		88.2		79.5	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	97.4		87.8		88.2		79.5	
	AWG career length case	86.4	91.4	86.0	85.5	74.3	82.0	74.0	76.8
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			90.7				85.9	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			79.7				67.6	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			90.7				85.9	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			79.7				67.6	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			87.8				79.4	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			87.6				79.2	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			86.4				77.8	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year			87.8				79.5	
	Career break due to child care: 1 year			87.8				79.5	
	Career break due to child care: 2 years			87.7				79.3	
	Career break due to child care: 3 years			87.5				79.0	
	Short career (30 year career)	69.5		P.n.a.		59.0		P.n.a.	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			78.1				65.5	
	Early retirement due to disability			89.7				84.0	
Pension rights of surviving spouses			143.0				142.2		
High	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	86.3		75.7		76.8		67.1	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	86.3		75.7		76.8		67.1	

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2015 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2013-2053)

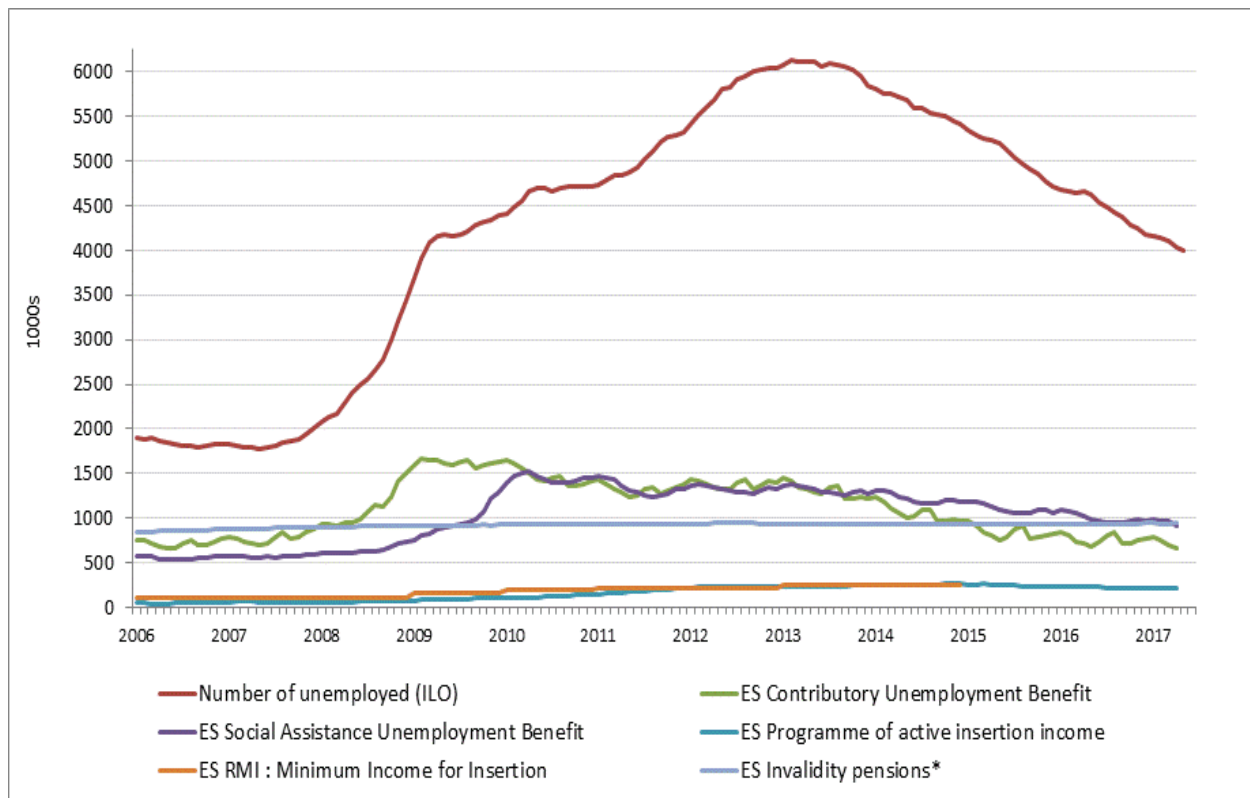
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

ES									EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2014	2015
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	64.0	63.1	64.5	65.4	64.8	64.7	65.0	63.9	61.4	62.6
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	63.7	62.1	63.8	65.6	65.8	63.9	65.0	64.1	61.8	63.3
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	9.9	9.3	9.6	9.8	9.2	9.7	10.1	9.5	8.6	9.4
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	8.8	8.5	9.1	9.2	9.0	9.0	9.4	8.9	8.6	9.4
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	78.3	78.7	79.2	79.5	79.5	80.2	80.4	80.1	78.1	77.9
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	84.6	84.9	85.5	85.6	85.5	86.1	86.2	85.8	83.6	83.3
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	18.1	18.3	18.6	18.8	18.7	19.2	19.3	19.0	18.2	17.9
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	22.1	22.4	22.9	23.0	22.8	23.4	23.5	23.0	21.6	21.2
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.6	3.6	3.2
Self-perceived health (%)	72.4	70.6	71.8	75.4	74.3	71.6	72.7	72.4	67.4	66.9
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)	2239.5	2236.4	2240.4	2186.3	2163.8	2086.7	2176.2	2319.7		
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)	8.9	9.6	9.7	9.4	9.3	9.0	9.1			

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: i) Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health; ii) Total health care expenditure figures are based on SHA 1.0 from 2008-2012, and on SHA 2011 for 2013 onwards, hence there is a break in series in 2013.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS²



² These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition according to the ILO) are given as background.

Unemployment	
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Eurostat
Unemployment benefit	
definition	Number of Unemployment Benefits Total (In Thousands) 1) Contributory Unemployment Benefit 2) Social Assistance Unemployment Benefit 3) Programme of active insertion income
unit	thousands of recipients
source	Ministry of Employment and Social Security
Social assistance benefit/means-tested minimum income	
definition	RMI : Minimum Income for Insertion (holders)
unit	thousands of beneficiaries
source	Ministry of Health, Social Services and Equality
Disability benefit	
definition	Number of invalidity pensions
	The difference between these data and those provided in ESSPROS are due to these data only correspond to Code 1121111 Scheme 1 ESSPROS, without eliminating double counting.
unit	thousands of recipients
source	Ministry of Employment and Social Security

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	ES										EU27			
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	change 2014-2015 (2015-2016 for SMD & LFS-based figures)	change 2008 to latest year	2015	latest year change	change 2008 to latest year
Europe 2020	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	23.8	24.7	26.1	26.7	27.2	27.3	29.2	28.6	27.9	-0.6 pp	4.6 pp	23.7	-0.7 pp	0.9 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	19.8	20.4	20.7	20.6	20.8	20.4	22.2	22.1	22.3	-0.1 pp	2.3 pp	17.3	0.1 pp	0.8 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty threshold for a single person household (levels in pps, changes as real change in national currency in %)	9026	9338	8967	8655	8582	8550	8517	8678	9105	1.3 %	-11.6 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Intensity of poverty risk	Severe material deprivation rate (in %)	3.6	4.5	4.9	4.5	5.8	6.2	7.1	6.4	5.8	-0.6 pp	2.2 pp	8.0	-0.3 pp	-0.8 pp
	Population living in (quasi-) jobless households (in %)	6.6	7.6	10.8	13.4	14.3	15.7	17.1	15.4	14.9	-1.7 pp	8.8 pp	10.6	-0.6 pp	1.4 pp
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (in %)	25.6	25.7	26.8	27.4	30.6	30.9	31.6	33.8	31.4	2.2 pp	8.2 pp	24.8	0.3 pp	2.9 pp
Persistence of poverty risk	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	11.0	12.5	11.6	12.7	13.3	12.1	14.3	15.8	14.8	1.5 pp	4.8 pp	10.9	0.6 pp	2.2 pp
	Income quintile ratio (S80/S20)	5.6	5.9	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.3	6.8	6.9	6.6	1.5 %	23.2 %	5.2	0.0 %	4.0 %
Child poverty and social exclusion	At-risk-of poverty or social exclusion rate of children (% of people aged 0-17)	30.1	32.0	33.3	32.2	32.4	32.6	35.8	34.4	32.9	-1.4 pp	4.3 pp	26.9	-0.8 pp	0.5 pp
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	23.0	24.2	28.1	31.3	28.5	32.0	28.6	26.6	24.4	-2.0 pp	3.6 pp	33.5	-0.6 pp	-1.3 pp
	Impact of social transfers (incl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	47.6	48.1	50.8	53.0	52.5	55.2	53.3	53.0	52.4	-0.3 pp	5.4 pp	61.2	-0.3 pp	0.5 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	At-risk-of-poverty rate for the population living in (quasi-) jobless households	51.4	55.2	58.2	57.6	61.1	61.3	63.1	61.6	63.6	-1.5 pp	10.2 pp	58.9	0.9 pp	3.2 pp
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate (in %)	11.3	11.7	10.8	10.9	10.8	10.6	12.6	13.2	13.1	0.6 pp	1.9 pp	9.5	-0.1 pp	1.0 pp
	Long-term unemployment rate (in %)	2.0	4.3	7.3	8.9	11.0	13.0	12.9	11.4	9.5	-1.9 pp	7.5 pp	4.5	-0.6 pp	1.3 pp
Social consequences of labour market	Early school leavers (in %)	31.7	30.9	28.2	26.3	24.7	23.6	21.9	20.0	19.0	-1.0 pp	-12.7 pp	11.0	-0.2 pp	-4.0 pp
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	11.7	17.0	17.7	18.9	20.6	21.0	19.0	16.8	14.7	-2.1 pp	3.0 pp	8.4	-0.7 pp	0.8 pp
Youth exclusion	NEETs (15-24)	14.3	18.1	17.8	18.2	18.6	18.6	17.1	15.6	14.6	-1.0 pp	0.3 pp	12.0	-0.5 pp	0.6 pp
	Employment rate of older workers (55-64) in %	45.5	44.0	43.5	44.5	43.9	43.2	44.3	46.9	49.1	2.2 pp	3.6 pp	53.4	2.0 pp	9.9 pp
	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) in %	26.2	24.9	22.9	21.2	16.5	14.5	12.9	13.7	14.4	0.8 pp	-12.5 pp	17.3	-0.4 pp	-6.0 pp
Active ageing	Median relative income of elderly people	0.83	0.87	0.88	0.91	0.96	1.00	1.03	1.01	1.01	-1.9 %	21.7 %	0.93	-1.1 %	9.4 %
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.42	0.45	0.47	0.51	0.55	0.60	0.60	0.66	0.66	10.0 %	57.1 %	0.57	1.8 %	16.3 %
Evolution in real household disposable income	Self reported unmet need for medical care	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.6	n.a.	0.0 pp	0.2 pp	3.2	-0.4 pp	0.1 pp
	Healthy life years at 65 - males	9.9	9.3	9.6	9.8	9.2	9.7	10.1	9.5	n.a.	-5.9 %	-4.0 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Healthy life years at 65 - females	8.8	8.5	9.1	9.2	9.0	9.0	9.4	8.9	n.a.	-5.3 %	1.1 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Access to decent housing	Housing cost overburden rate	9.4	10.4	9.7	10.0	10.7	10.3	10.9	10.3	10.2	-0.6 pp	0.9 pp	11.3	-0.3 pp	0.8 pp
	Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	1.8	2.8	-3.4	-1.5	-5.7	-1.9	0.7	2.1	n.a.	2.1 %	-7.1 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2014-2015 for EU-SILC based indicators (except SMD) and 2015-2016 for SMD and LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2015 and 2008-2016 respectively.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, SPAIN

2017

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services	<p>The at-risk-of poverty rate is worse than the EU average.</p> <p>The share of people (aged 0-59) living in jobless households is significantly higher than the EU average, especially for men.</p> <p>The S80/S20 income quintile gap is worse than the EU average.</p> <p>The poverty gap and the persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate are significantly worse than the EU average.</p>	<i>Spain has one of the lowest gaps in the EU between the risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with and without disabilities³⁴.</i>
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty	<p>The number of children at-risk-of poverty or social exclusion is worse than the EU average.</p> <p>The at-risk-of poverty rate of children (aged 0-17) is significantly worse and the at-risk-of poverty rate of children living in household at work is worse than the EU average.</p> <p>Impact of social transfers (including pensions) in reducing child poverty is significantly worse than the EU average.</p>	
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age	<p>In-work poverty (18-64) for both men and women is worse than the EU average.</p> <p>The number of adults (aged 18-59) not students living in jobless households is significantly worse than the EU average.</p>	
4. Elderly poverty/ adequate income and living conditions of the elderly		
5. Health & LTC	<i>There are geographical disparities in provision of long-term care services⁵.</i>	
6. Other key issues		

Note: The assessment of the key social challenges and good social outcomes within EU Member States is based on a full analysis of all the indicators in the social policy area of the Joint Assessment Framework tool, not only those included in the tables in this Country Profile.

³ Source: Eurostat 2015

⁴ Disability measured through a concept of long-standing limitation in performing usual activities: “*Limitation in activities people usually do because of health problems for at least the past six months*” (EU-SILC). Level of activity limitation considered: “*some or severe*”.

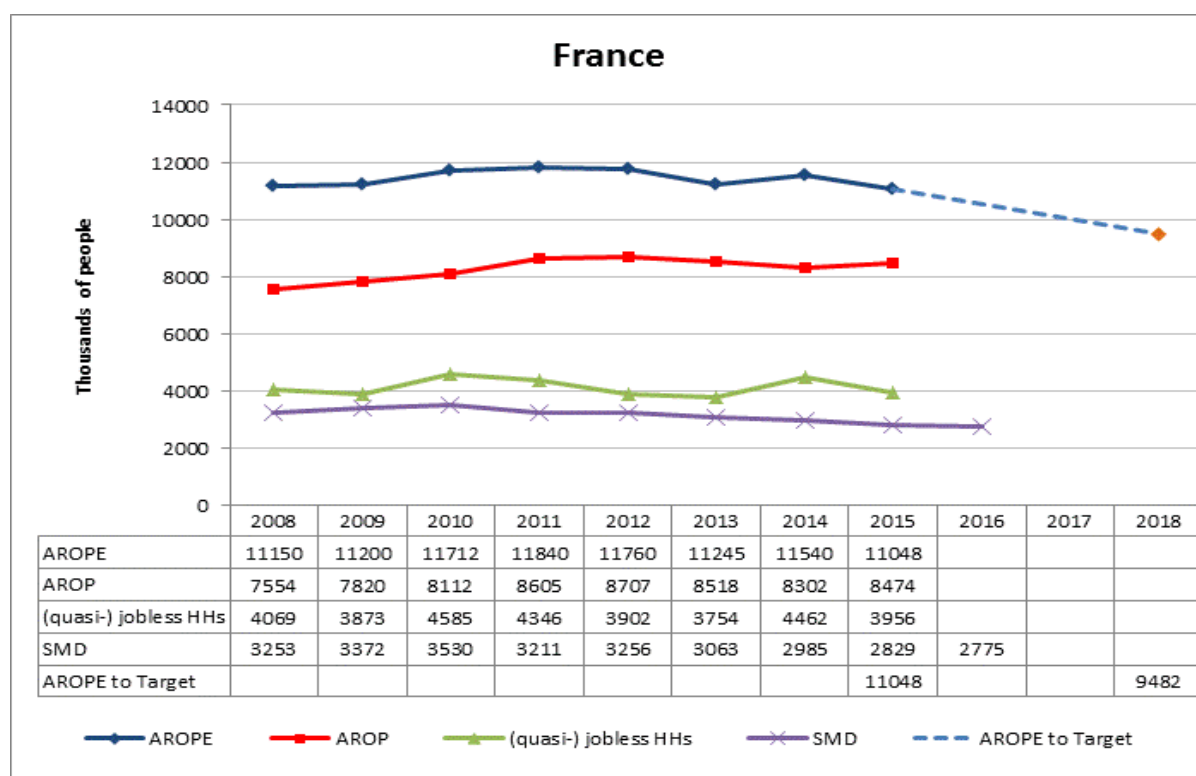
⁵ Sources: Country Report 2017; SAAD statistics (System for Autonomy and Care for Dependency)

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduce the number of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion by 1,900,000 (baseline year: 2007 figure)

Source: National Reform Programme (2015)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION



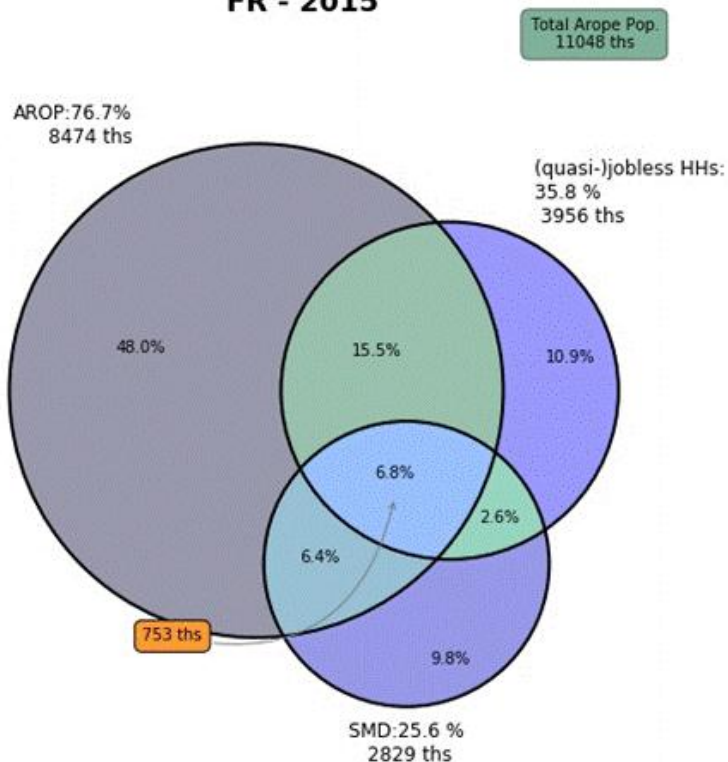
Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2007 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of-poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year.

⁶ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are generally based on data extracted around 3 July 2017, unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2015)

FR - 2015



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

FR													EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015
AROP	% of total AROPE	67.8	69.8	69.3	72.7	74.0	75.8	71.9	76.7		4.8 pp	9.0 pp	70.5	72.9
	1000 persons	7554	7820	8112	8605	8707	8518	8302	8474		2.1 %	12.2 %	85926	86592
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	36.5	34.6	39.2	36.7	33.2	33.4	38.7	35.8		-2.9 pp	-0.7 pp	34.4	33.4
	1000 persons	4069	3873	4585	4346	3902	3754	4462	3956		-11.3 %	-2.8 %	41945	39624
SMD	% of total AROPE	29.2	30.1	30.1	27.1	27.7	27.2	25.9	25.6		-0.3 pp	-3.6 pp	36.5	33.9
	1000 persons	3253	3372	3530	3211	3256	3063	2985	2829	2775	-1.9 %	-14.7 %	44441	40320
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	11.5	10.8	13.3	13.3	12.1	13.8	13.6	15.5		1.9 pp	4.0 pp	11.9	12.0
	1000 persons	1282	1213	1559	1573	1426	1555	1568	1712		9.2 %	33.5 %	14534	14211
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	5.9	8.4	7.7	8.1	6.9	7.6	7.0	6.4		-0.7 pp	0.4 pp	10.5	10.3
	1000 persons	662	944	903	960	816	849	813	702		-13.7 %	6.0 %	12785	12189
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	6.7	6.4	7.9	6.7	6.9	6.4	6.7	6.8		0.2 pp	0.1 pp	8.1	7.7
	1000 persons	745	721	922	789	815	721	767	753		-1.8 %	1.1 %	9827	9181
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	2.6	2.4	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.6	2.6		0.1 pp	0.0 pp	2.8	2.5
	1000 persons	292	265	209	211	232	243	295	291		-1.4 %	-0.3 %	3430	2952

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

FR										EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2015	2016
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	0.2	-2.9	2.0	2.1	0.2	0.6	0.9	1.1	1.2	2.2	1.9
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	0.5	-1.1	0.1	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.6	1.1	1.2
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	7.4	9.1	9.3	9.2	9.8	10.3	10.3	10.4	10.1	9.4	8.5
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	2.6	3.0	3.5	3.6	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.0
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	28.6	30.9	30.9	30.8	31.5	31.9	32.2				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS). Data as at 3 July 2017.

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

FR										EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	28.6	30.9	30.9	30.8	31.5	31.9	32.2		27.8	27.6
	Sickness/Health	8.4	9.0	8.9	8.8	9.0	9.0	9.2		8.0	8.1
	Disability	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1		2.0	2.0
	Old age	11.2	12.0	12.1	12.2	12.5	12.7	12.9		11.1	11.1
	Survivors	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8		1.6	1.6
	Family/Children	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5		2.3	2.4
	Unemployment	1.5	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0		1.5	1.4
	Housing	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8		0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9		0.5	0.5
	Means-tested										
	Total	3.3	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.7		3.1	3.1
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.1
	Disability	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4		0.5	0.5
	Old age	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4		0.6	0.5
	Survivors	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4		0.1	0.1
	Family/Children	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5		0.5	0.6
	Unemployment	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2		0.3	0.3
	Housing	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8		0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9		0.4	0.4
	Non-means tested										
	Total	25.3	27.3	27.3	27.3	27.8	28.2	28.5		24.7	24.5
	Sickness/Health	8.4	9.0	8.9	8.8	9.0	9.0	9.2		8.0	8.0
	Disability	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7		1.6	1.5
	Old age	10.8	11.6	11.7	11.8	12.1	12.3	12.4		10.6	10.5
	Survivors	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4		1.5	1.5
	Family/Children	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0		1.8	1.8
	Unemployment	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8		1.2	1.1
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.1

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 3 July 2017.

Note: The total figures of social expenditure include all benefits excluding administrative costs.

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

FR	%											EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	18.5	18.5	19.2	19.3	19.1	18.1	18.5	17.7			-0.8 pp	24.4	23.7
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	12.5	12.9	13.3	14.0	14.1	13.7	13.3	13.6			0.3 pp	17.2	17.3
	Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS	10496	10644	10669	10897	11271	11516	11584	11931			0.9 %		
	Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS	22041	22353	22406	22883	23668	24184	24327	25055			0.9 %		
	Severe material deprivation rate	5.4	5.6	5.8	5.2	5.3	4.9	4.8	4.5	4.4		-0.1 pp	8.9	8.1
	Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	8.8	8.4	9.9	9.4	8.4	8.1	9.6	8.6			-1.0 pp	11.2	10.6
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate					7.0	8.3	7.9	8.5			0.6 pp	10.3	10.9
Total population	At risk-of-poverty gap	14.5	18.2	19.5	17.1	16.2	16.8	16.6	15.7			-0.9 pp	24.5	24.8
	Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)	12.5	12.5	12.3	13.7	13.8	13.4	12.9	13.0			0.1 pp	19.4	18.5
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	46.8	46.3	46.6	43.3	40.8	43.9	44.6	43.1			-1.5 pp	34.1	33.46
	S80/S20	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.3			0.0 %	5.2	5.2
	Overcrowding rate	9.7	9.6	9.2	8.0	8.1	7.4	7.1	7.4			0.3 pp	16.7	16.7
	Housing cost overburden rate	4.2	4.0	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.7			0.6 pp	11.5	11.3
	Real change in gross household disposable income	0.4	1.7	1.3	0.2	-0.8	-0.3	0.7	1.2				1.1	2.2

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation.

FR	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	EU28				
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change		2014	2015			
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	21.2	21.2	22.9	23.0	23.2	20.8	21.6	21.2				0.0 pp	27.7	26.9		
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	15.6	16.8	18.1	18.8	19.0	17.6	17.7	18.7				1.0 pp	21.1	21.1		
	Severe material deprivation rate	6.6	6.5	7.0	7.0	7.2	5.6	5.7	5.4	5.3			-0.1 pp	10.4	9.5		
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households	7.4	6.6	8.8	8.2	7.2	6.3	8.1	7.4				-0.7 pp	9.8	9.3		
	At risk-of-poverty gap	14.5	18.2	17.2	16.7	15.4	17.5	17.0	15.3				-1.7 pp	25.9	26.0		
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	55.3	51.5	50.0	47.5	44.3	48.1	48.4	45.2				-3.2 pp	39.2	39.0		
	Overcrowding rate	13.6	14.1	13.2	11.6	11.3	10.1	10.3	11.2				0.9 pp	22.6	23.0		
FR	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	EU28				
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change		2014	2015			
		Youth (18-24)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	27.4	26.6	30.3	29.1	27.8	28.2	27.0	24.7				-2.3 pp	31.9	31.3
			At-risk-of-poverty rate	21.0	21.1	24.3	22.4	23.0	22.9	21.2	17.9				-3.3 pp	23.7	23.9
			Severe material deprivation rate	8.4	8.6	8.1	6.9	7.3	6.4	6.4	6.0	6.1			0.1 pp	11.0	9.9
			Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households	9.4	8.3	10.7	11.0	9.4	10.6	10.0	9.4				-0.6 pp	11.8	10.8
			In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	12.2	10.7	12.2	11.2	12.0	12.5	12.8	10.2				-2.6 pp	13.0	12.4
			Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	7.1	9.1	8.8	8.3	8.8	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.1			0.0 pp	9.3	8.4
			NEET rate	13.9	16.8	16.6	16.3	16.6	14.7	15.2	16.3	16.1			-0.2 pp	16.5	15.8
			Housing cost overburden rate	10.0	9.1	11.7	11.3	12.8	11.4	11.3	8.5				-2.8 pp	14.6	14.2

FR	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2016	2015	2014	2015	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015									
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	18.8	18.9	19.9	20.1	19.8	19.3	19.9	19.0	19.0	19.3	19.9	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	25.4	24.7
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	11.6	11.8	12.7	13.5	13.7	13.7	13.2	13.4	13.4	13.7	13.2	13.4	13.4	13.4	17.1	17.1	
	Severe material deprivation rate	5.5	5.9	6.0	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.0	4.6	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.0	9.2	8.4	
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	9.4	9.1	10.3	9.8	8.9	8.8	10.3	9.0	9.0	8.8	10.3	9.0	9.0	11.7	11.1	11.7	11.1
	At risk-of-poverty gap	18.5	19.8	21.7	18.3	17.6	17.9	18.2	17.3	17.3	17.9	18.2	17.3	17.3	26.9	27.1	26.9	27.1
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	6.5	6.6	6.5	7.6	8.0	7.8	8.0	7.5	7.5	7.8	8.0	7.5	7.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	47.3	47.8	48.0	43.8	41.0	43.9	45.2	44.6	44.6	43.9	45.2	44.6	44.6	34.7	34.5	34.7	34.5
	Overcrowding rate	10.1	9.7	9.5	8.2	8.5	7.9	7.4	7.6	7.6	7.9	7.4	7.6	7.6	17.8	17.8	17.8	17.8
	Housing cost overburden rate	4.9	4.3	5.9	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.1	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.1	6.5	6.5	12.0	11.7	12.0	11.7
FR	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2016	2015	2014	2015	
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015											
Elderly (65+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	14.1	13.4	11.8	11.5	11.1	10.8	10.1	9.3	9.3	10.8	10.1	9.3	9.3	17.8	17.4	17.8	17.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	11.9	11.9	9.4	9.7	9.4	9.1	8.6	8.0	8.0	9.1	8.6	8.0	8.0	13.8	14.1	13.8	14.1
	Severe material deprivation rate	3.3	3.2	3.4	2.9	2.4	2.6	2.4	1.9	2.9	2.6	2.4	1.9	2.9	6.3	5.5	6.3	5.5
	Relative median income of elderly	0.95	0.96	0.98	1.01	1.00	1.03	1.02	1.04	1.04	1.03	1.02	1.04	1.04	0.94	0.93	0.94	0.93
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.65	0.66	0.65	0.64	0.65	0.66	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.66	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.56	0.57	0.56	0.57
	Overcrowding rate	3.3	3.0	3.0	2.4	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	6.6	6.5	6.6	6.5
	Housing cost overburden rate	5.2	5.2	4.0	3.2	2.8	2.9	3.7	4.0	4.0	2.9	3.7	4.0	4.0	10.6	10.4	10.6	10.4

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2013-2053)

TRR case		Net				Gross			
		2013		2053		2013		2053	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	80.2		59.8		67.9		50.4	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	80.2		66.0		67.9		55.6	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	80.2		69.0		67.9		58.1	
	AWG career length case	74.1	63.6	65.4	56.4	62.7	53.9	55.1	47.5
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			69.0				58.1	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			51.0				43.0	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			73.3				61.8	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			59.8				50.4	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			68.7				57.9	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			68.5				57.7	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			68.1				57.4	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year			77.6				65.3	
	Career break due to child care: 1 year			77.2				65.0	
	Career break due to child care: 2 years			76.8				64.6	
	Career break due to child care: 3 years			76.4				64.3	
	Short career (30 year career)			46.2				39.0	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			70.6				59.5	
	Early retirement due to disability			70.6				59.5	
Indexation: 10 years after retirement			59.2				49.9		
Low Earnings (66%)	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	80.2		59.8		67.9		50.4	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	80.2		66.0		67.9		55.6	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	80.2		69.0		67.9		58.1	
	AWG career length case	72.9	63.6	65.4	56.4	61.6	53.9	55.1	47.5
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			69.0				58.1	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			51.0				43.0	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			73.3				61.8	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			59.8				50.4	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			68.7				57.9	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			68.5				57.7	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			68.1				57.4	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year			77.6				65.3	
	Career break due to child care: 1 year			77.2				65.0	
	Career break due to child care: 2 years			76.8				64.6	
	Career break due to child care: 3 years			76.4				64.3	
	Short career (30 year career)	56.4		46.2		47.7		39.0	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			70.6				59.5	
	Early retirement due to disability			70.6				59.5	
Pension rights of surviving spouses			87.4				73.7		
High	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	56.2		43.0		48.0		36.6	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	56.2		47.3		48.0		40.3	

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2015 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2013-2053)

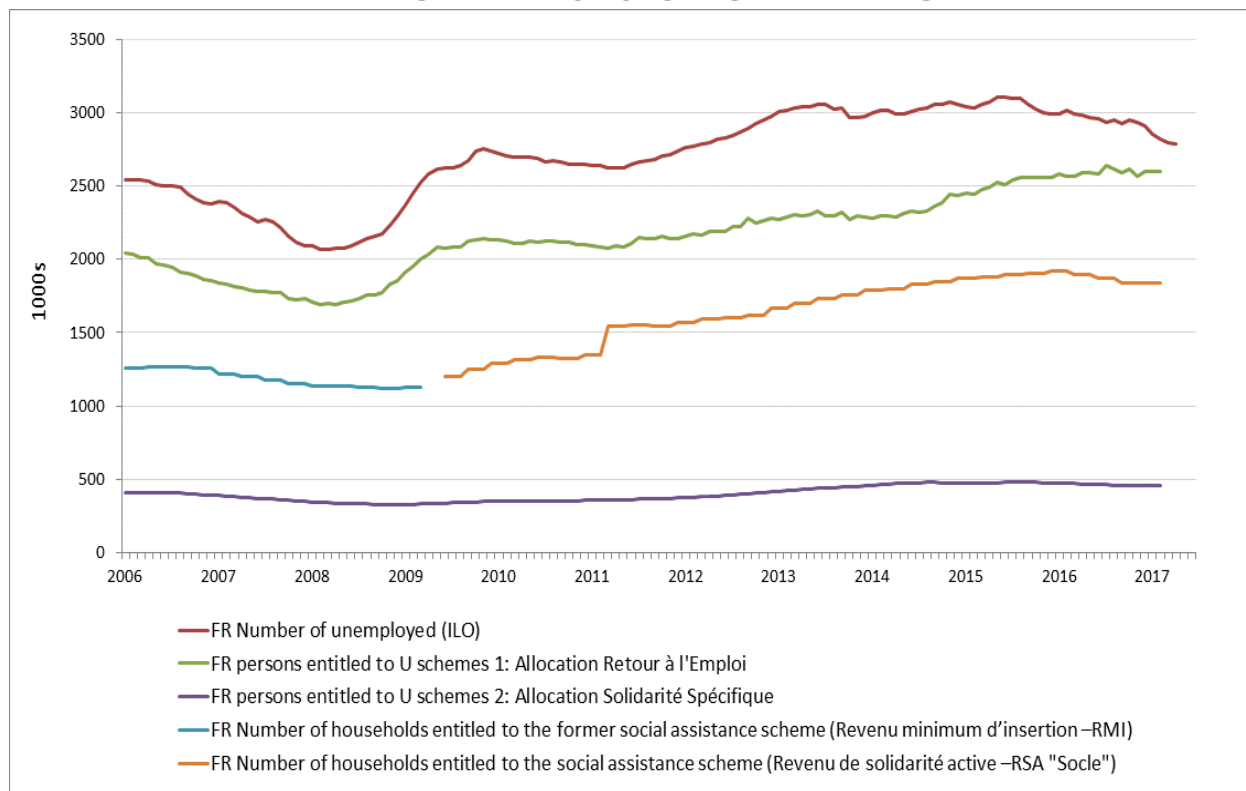
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

FR									EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2014	2015
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	62.8	62.8	61.8	62.7	62.6	63.0	63.4	62.6	61.4	62.6
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	64.5	63.5	63.4	63.6	63.8	64.4	64.2	64.6	61.8	63.3
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	8.7	9.0	9.0	9.7	9.4	9.8	10.4	9.8	8.6	9.4
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	10.1	9.5	9.8	9.9	10.4	10.7	10.7	10.7	8.6	9.4
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	77.8	78.0	78.2	78.7	78.7	79.0	79.5	79.2	78.1	77.9
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	84.8	85.0	85.3	85.7	85.4	85.6	86.0	85.5	83.6	83.3
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	18.5	18.7	18.9	19.3	19.1	19.3	19.7	19.4	18.2	17.9
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	23.0	23.2	23.4	23.8	23.4	23.6	24.0	23.5	21.6	21.2
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.2	2.7	2.8	1.2	3.6	3.2
Self-perceived health (%)	69.1	68.6	67.3	67.6	68.1	67.2	68.1	67.8	67.4	66.9
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)	2958.7	3005.9	3115.0	3205.3	3303.1	3262.0	3338.8			
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)	10.9	11.6	11.6	11.5	11.6	10.9	11.1			

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health; ii) Total health care expenditure figures are based on SHA 1.0 from 2008-2012, and on SHA 2011 for 2013 onwards, hence there is a break in series in 2013.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS⁷



⁷ These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

FR	Unemployment
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Eurostat
link	http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=une_nb_m&lang=fr
Unemployment benefit 1	
definition	persons entitled to U unemployment insurance scheme : ARE (Allocation de Retour à l'Emploi)
unit	thousands of beneficiaries Seasonally adjusted (the whole of France)
source	Fichier National des Assédics (FNA)
link	http://www.pole-emploi.org/statistiques-analyses/series-de-donnees-sur-l-indemnisation-@/524/view-article-106210.html?
Unemployment benefit 2	
definition	persons entitled to U assistance scheme: ASS (Allocation de Solidarité Spécifique)
unit	thousands of beneficiaries - Seasonally adjusted (the whole of France)
source	Fichier National des Assédics (FNA)
link	http://www.pole-emploi.org/statistiques-analyses/series-de-donnees-sur-l-indemnisation-@/524/view-article-106210.html?
Social assistance benefit	
definition	Households entitled to social assistance Benefit (RSA since Q2/2009) RSA Socle
unit	thousands of beneficiaries (the whole of France)
source	CNAF
link	http://www.caf.fr/etudes-et-statistiques/donnees-statistiques/solidarite-et-insertion
	http://data.caf.fr/dataset/foyers-allocataires-percevant-le-revenu-de-solidarite-active-rsa-niveau-national
comment	<p>The revenu de solidarité active (RSA) scheme has been introduced in June 2009. It replaces two former social assistance benefits, the former minimum income scheme (revenu minimum d'insertion, RMI), and the lone parents benefit (allocation de parent isolé, API), and the various in-work benefits which were related to these two social assistance benefits. Notably for these reasons, the data on RMI and the data on RSA are not fully comparable. RSA was introduced in French oversee departments in 2011. Until 2016 the RSA scheme had two components (households could benefit from one or both):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - « RSA socle » is a minimum income - « RSA activité » completes the household income from work in the case of a low income. <p>Only «RSA socle» is a social assistance scheme. Within the attached data, only beneficiaries of «RSA socle» are covered.</p> <p>« RSA activité » was closed on the 1st of January 2016 and replaced by «Prime d'activité».</p>

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	FR										EU27			
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	change 2014-2015 (2015-2016 for SMD & LFS-based figures)	change 2008 to latest year	2015	latest year change	change 2008 to latest year
Europe 2020	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	18.5	18.5	19.2	19.3	19.1	18.1	18.5	17.7	n.a.	-0.8 pp	-0.8 pp	23.7	-0.7 pp	0.0 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	12.5	12.9	13.3	14.0	14.1	13.7	13.3	13.6	n.a.	0.3 pp	1.1 pp	17.3	0.1 pp	0.8 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty threshold for a single person household (levels in pps, changes as real change in national currency in %)	10496	10644	10669	10897	11271	11516	11584	11931	n.a.	0.9 %	4.6 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Severe material deprivation rate (in %)	5.4	5.6	5.8	5.2	5.3	4.9	4.8	4.5	4.4	-0.1 pp	-1.0 pp	8.0	-0.3 pp	-0.8 pp
Intensity of poverty risk	Population living in (quasi-) jobless households (in %)	8.8	8.4	9.9	9.4	8.4	8.1	9.6	8.6	n.a.	-1.0 pp	-0.2 pp	10.6	-0.6 pp	1.4 pp
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (in %)	14.5	18.2	19.5	17.1	16.2	16.8	16.6	15.7	n.a.	-0.9 pp	1.2 pp	24.8	0.3 pp	2.9 pp
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	7.0	8.3	7.9	8.5	n.a.	0.6 pp	n.a.	10.9	0.6 pp	2.2 pp
Persistence of poverty risk	Income quintile ratio (S80/S20)	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.3	n.a.	0.0 %	-2.3 %	5.2	0.0 %	4.0 %
	At-risk-of poverty or social exclusion rate of children (% of people aged 0-17)	21.2	21.2	22.9	23.0	23.2	20.8	21.6	21.2	n.a.	-0.4 pp	0.0 pp	26.9	-0.8 pp	0.5 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	46.8	46.2	46.6	43.3	40.8	43.9	44.6	43.1	n.a.	-1.5 pp	-3.7 pp	33.5	-0.6 pp	-1.3 pp
	Impact of social transfers (incl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	70.7	70.1	70.1	68.3	67.7	69.1	70.0	69.3	n.a.	-0.8 pp	-1.4 pp	61.2	-0.3 pp	0.5 pp
Social consequences of labour market	At-risk-of-poverty rate for the population living in (quasi-) jobless households	49.8	50.0	54.1	54.3	57.5	60.4	52.3	62.4	n.a.	10.1 pp	12.6 pp	58.9	0.9 pp	3.2 pp
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	6.5	6.6	6.5	7.6	8.0	7.8	8.0	7.5	n.a.	-0.5 pp	1.0 pp	9.5	-0.1 pp	1.0 pp
Youth exclusion	Long-term unemployment rate (in %)	2.6	3.0	3.5	3.6	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.3	0.0 pp	1.7 pp	4.5	-0.6 pp	1.3 pp
	Early school leavers (in %)	11.8	12.4	12.7	12.3	11.8	9.7	9.0	9.2	8.8	-0.4 pp	-3.0 pp	11.0	-0.2 pp	-4.0 pp
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	7.1	9.1	8.8	8.3	8.8	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.1	0.0 pp	2.0 pp	8.4	-0.7 pp	0.8 pp
Active ageing	NEETs (15-24)	10.5	12.7	12.7	12.3	12.5	11.2	11.4	12.0	11.9	-0.1 pp	1.4 pp	12.0	-0.5 pp	0.6 pp
	Employment rate of older workers (55-64) in %	38.2	38.9	39.7	41.4	44.5	45.6	46.9	48.7	49.8	1.1 pp	11.6 pp	53.4	2.0 pp	9.9 pp
Pension adequacy	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) in %	14.1	13.4	11.8	11.5	11.1	10.8	10.1	9.3	n.a.	-0.8 pp	-4.8 pp	17.3	-0.4 pp	-6.0 pp
	Median relative income of elderly people	0.95	0.96	0.98	1.01	1.00	1.03	1.02	1.04	n.a.	2.0 %	9.5 %	0.93	-1.1 %	9.4 %
Health	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.65	0.66	0.65	0.64	0.65	0.66	0.69	0.69	n.a.	0.0 %	6.2 %	0.57	1.8 %	16.3 %
	Self reported unmet need for medical care	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.2	2.7	2.8	1.2	n.a.	-1.6 pp	-0.7 pp	3.2	-0.4 pp	0.1 pp
	Healthy life years at 65 - males	8.7	9.0	9.0	9.7	9.4	9.8	10.4	9.8	n.a.	-5.8 %	12.6 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Healthy life years at 65 - females	10.1	9.5	9.8	9.9	10.4	10.7	10.7	10.7	n.a.	0.0 %	5.9 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Access to decent housing	Housing cost overburden rate	4.2	4.0	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.7	n.a.	0.6 pp	1.5 pp	11.3	-0.3 pp	0.8 pp
	Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	0.4	1.6	1.3	0.2	-0.8	-0.3	0.7	1.7	n.a.	1.7 %	4.5 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2014-2015 for EU-SILC based indicators (except SMD) and 2015-2016 for SMD and LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2015 and 2008-2016 respectively. The figures for the poverty risk for people living in (quasi-)jobless households for 2014 and 2015, which show a decrease by the order of 10 percentage points between 2013 and 2014 followed by an increase by 10 points between 2014 and 2015, are currently being verified.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, FRANCE

2017

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services		<i>The risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities⁸ is significantly below the EU average⁹.</i> The poverty gap is significantly better than the EU average.
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty		
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age		Impact of social transfers (including pensions) in reducing working age poverty (18-64) is significantly better than the EU average. The poverty gap (18-64) is significantly better than the EU average.
4. Elderly poverty/adequate income and living conditions of the elderly		
5. Health & LTC	The vaccination coverage rate of children for measles is below the 95% threshold.	Life expectancy at 65 for women is significantly better than the EU average.
6. Other key issues	<i>There is a high amount of unmet demand for social housing, specifically in Ile-de-France¹⁰.</i>	

Note: The assessment of the key social challenges and good social outcomes within EU Member States is based on a full analysis of all the indicators in the social policy area of the Joint Assessment Framework tool, not only those included in the tables in this Country Profile.

⁸ Disability measured through a concept of long-standing limitation in performing usual activities: “*Limitation in activities people usually do because of health problems for at least the past six months*” (EU-SILC). Level of activity limitation considered: “*some or severe*”.

⁹ Source: Eurostat.

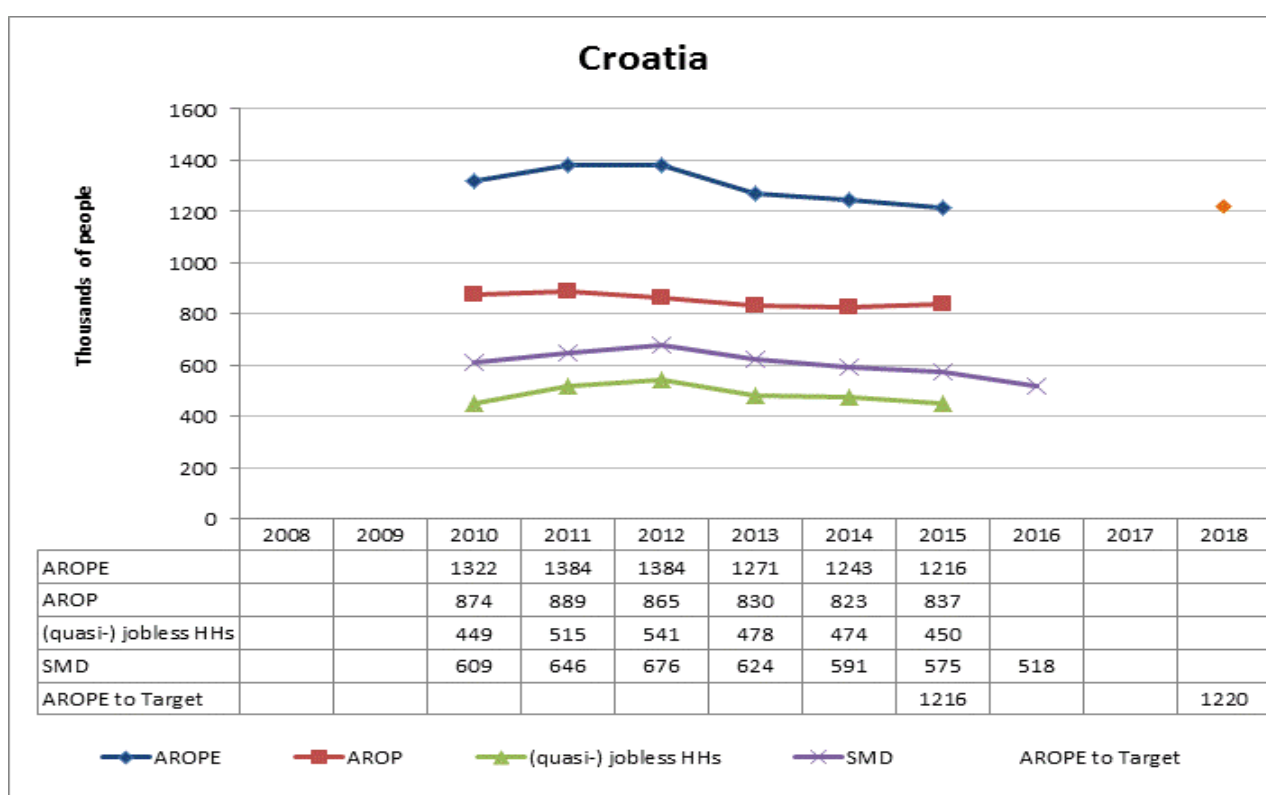
¹⁰ Source: Fondation Abbé Pierre Rapport sur le mal-logement en France en 2017; Country Report 2017

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduction of the number of persons at risk of poverty or social exclusion to 1,220,000 by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2015)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

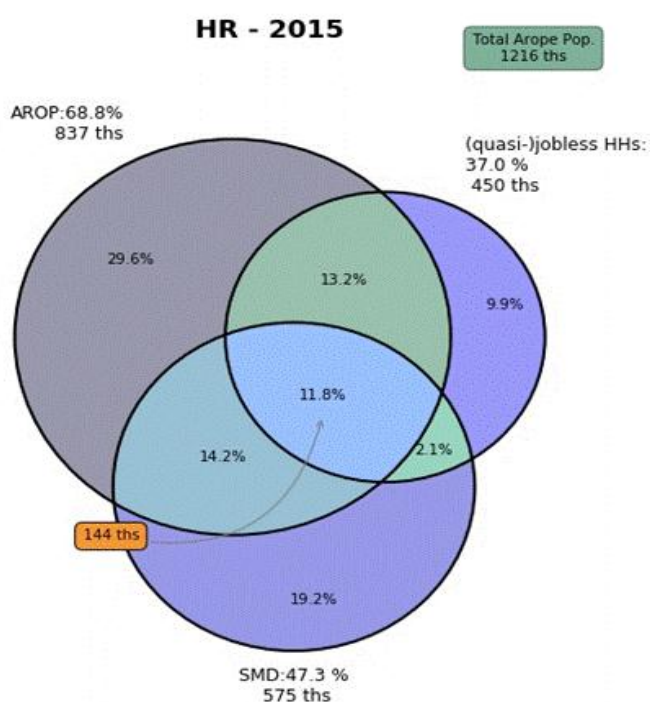


Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of-poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year; iv) 2016 SMD figure is estimate provided by HR authorities.

¹¹ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around 3 July 2017, unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2015)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

HR													EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015	
AROP	% of total AROPE			66.1	64.2	62.5	65.3	66.2	68.8			2.6 pp		70.5	72.9
	1000 persons			874	889	865	830	823	837			1.7 %		85926	86592
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE			34.0	37.2	39.1	37.6	38.1	37.0			-1.1 pp		34.4	33.4
	1000 persons			449	515	541	478	474	450			-5.1 %		41945	39624
SMD	% of total AROPE			46.1	46.7	48.8	49.1	47.6	47.3			-0.3 pp		36.5	33.9
	1000 persons			609	646	676	624	591	575	518		-9.9 %		44441	40320
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE			13.0	12.6	11.2	12.3	12.5	13.2			0.7 pp		11.9	12.0
	1000 persons			172	175	155	156	155	160			3.2 %		14534	14211
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE			10.9	11.5	10.7	14.0	13.1	14.2			1.1 pp		10.5	10.3
	1000 persons			144	159	148	178	163	173			6.1 %		12785	12189
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE			10.5	10.6	13.0	11.9	11.7	11.8			0.2 pp		8.1	7.7
	1000 persons			139	147	180	151	145	144			-0.7 %		9827	9181
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE			1.3	2.7	2.5	1.9	3.1	2.1			-0.9 pp		2.8	2.5
	1000 persons			17	37	34	24	38	26			-31.6 %		3430	2952

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC). Note: 2016 SMD figure is estimate provided by HR authorities.

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

HR										EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2015	2016
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	2.1	-7.4	-1.7	-0.3	-2.2	-1.1	-0.5	2.2	3.0	2.2	1.9
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	2.1	-0.7	-3.8	-3.9	-3.6	-2.6	2.7	1.2	0.3	1.1	1.2
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	8.6	9.3	11.8	13.7	15.8	17.4	17.2	16.1	13.3	9.4	8.5
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	5.3	5.1	6.6	8.4	10.2	11.0	10.1	10.2	6.6	4.5	4.0
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	18.0	20.2	20.3	20.0	20.7	21.5	21.2				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS). Data as at 3 July 2017.

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

HR											EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	18.0	20.2	20.3	20.0	20.7	21.5	21.2		27.8	27.6	
	Sickness/Health	6.3	7.1	6.9	6.7	7.0	7.5	7.1		8.0	8.1	
	Disability	3.2	3.6	3.7	3.6	2.7	2.7	2.6		2.0	2.0	
	Old age	4.9	5.4	5.5	5.6	6.6	6.9	7.2		11.1	11.1	
	Survivors	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1		1.6	1.6	
	Family/Children	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5		2.3	2.4	
	Unemployment	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5		1.5	1.4	
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.6	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2		0.5	0.5	
	Means-tested											
	Total	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.0		3.1	3.1	
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.1	
	Disability	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2		0.5	0.5	
	Old age	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.6	0.5	
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.1	
	Family/Children	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5		0.5	0.6	
	Unemployment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.3	0.3	
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.6	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2		0.4	0.4	
	Non-means tested											
	Total	16.8	18.8	19.0	18.6	19.7	20.5	20.2		24.7	24.5	
	Sickness/Health	6.3	7.1	6.9	6.7	7.0	7.5	7.1		8.0	8.0	
	Disability	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.1	2.5	2.5	2.3		1.6	1.5	
	Old age	4.8	5.3	5.5	5.5	6.6	6.9	7.1		10.6	10.5	
	Survivors	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1		1.5	1.5	
	Family/Children	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.8	1.8	
	Unemployment	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5		1.2	1.1	
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.1	

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 3 July 2017.

Note: The total figures of social expenditure include all benefits excluding administrative costs.

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

HR	%	EU28															
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015			
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate			31.1	32.6	32.6	29.9	29.3	29.1							24.4	23.7
	At-risk-of-poverty rate			20.6	20.9	20.4	19.5	19.4	20.0							17.2	17.3
	Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS			4567	4454	4417	4448	4644	4952								
	Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS			9591	9353	9276	9341	9752	10398								
	Severe material deprivation rate			14.3	15.2	15.9	14.7	13.9	13.7	12.5						8.9	8.1
	Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households			13.9	15.9	16.8	14.8	14.7	14.4							11.2	10.6
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate						13.2		14.7							10.3	10.9
	At risk-of-poverty gap			27.6	27.9	31.0	28.1	27.9	26.4							24.5	24.8
	Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)															19.4	18.5
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)			31.3	31.9	33.3	34.3	35.1	35.5							34.1	33.46
	S80/S20			5.5	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.2							5.2	5.2
	Overcrowding rate			43.7	44.6	44.4	42.8	42.1	41.7							16.7	16.7
	Housing cost overburden rate			14.1	8.0	6.8	8.4	7.5	7.2							11.5	11.3
	Real change in gross household disposable income			2.7	-2.0	-0.7	-2.7									1.1	2.2

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation.

	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2016	2015	2014	2015		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016									
HR	%																	
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate			29.4	31.1	34.8	29.3	29.0	28.2			-0.8 pp	27.7	26.9				
	At-risk-of-poverty rate			19.6	21.1	23.3	21.8	21.1	20.9			-0.2 pp	21.1	21.1				
	Severe material deprivation rate			14.8	14.4	18.1	13.7	13.1	13.4	11.6		-1.8 pp	10.4	9.5				
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households			11.5	13.8	15.7	11.4	12.9	12.7			-0.2 pp	9.8	9.3				
	At risk-of-poverty gap			28.1	28.0	31.4	27.2	28.0	26.8			-1.2 pp	25.9	26.0				
Youth (18-24)	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)			37.0	37.2	34.4	37.2	40.1	41.9			1.9 pp	39.2	39.0				
	Overcrowding rate			58.6	59.6	60.0	56.6	55.2	53.8			-1.4 pp	22.6	23.0				
HR	%																	
Youth (18-24)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate			34.5	34.7	31.6	32.9	31.3	27.9			-3.4 pp	31.9	31.3				
	At-risk-of-poverty rate			23.2	22.2	20.1	21.2	21.1	18.4			-2.7 pp	23.7	23.9				
	Severe material deprivation rate			16.7	16.7	16.8	17.2	15.2	13.2	12.2		-1.0 pp	11.0	9.9				
	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households			14.1	15.0	13.7	13.8	11.9	11.3			-0.6 pp	11.8	10.8				
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate			7.6	7.6	5.5	9.1	6.3	5.8			-0.5 pp	13.0	12.4				
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	8.7	9.2	11.6	11.9	12.7	14.9	15.3	14.0	11.6		-2.4 pp	9.3	8.4				
	NEET rate	15.2	17.5	20.6	21.6	22.3	27.0	25.5	23.8	21.7		-2.1 pp	16.5	15.8				
Housing cost overburden rate			12.6	8.2	6.6	7.3	5.0	5.5			0.5 pp	14.6	14.2					

HR	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change		2014	2015	
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate			29.9	32.0	31.8	29.6	29.3	28.5				-0.8 pp	25.4	24.7
	At-risk-of-poverty rate			18.2	18.6	18.1	17.8	17.9	17.9				0.0 pp	17.1	17.1
	Severe material deprivation rate			13.8	15.2	15.4	14.4	13.9	13.6	12.2			-1.4 pp	9.2	8.4
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households			14.7	16.6	17.1	15.9	15.3	15.0				-0.3 pp	11.7	11.1
	At risk-of-poverty gap			28.1	28.3	32.3	30.2	28.0	28.2				0.2 pp	26.9	27.1
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate			6.2	6.5	6.1	6.2	5.7	5.8				0.1 pp	9.5	9.5
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)			32.6	33.8	35.8	34.8	34.9	35.8				0.9 pp	34.7	34.5
	Overcrowding rate			44.8	46.3	46.0	44.7	44.2	43.8				-0.4 pp	17.8	17.8
Housing cost overburden rate			12.6	7.8	6.6	8.2	7.3	7.3				0.0 pp	12.0	11.7	
HR	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change		2014	2015	
Elderly (65+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate			37.5	36.4	33.1	31.9	29.7	31.8				2.1 pp	17.8	17.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate			30.5	29.4	25.6	23.4	23.1	26.3				3.2 pp	13.8	14.1
	Severe material deprivation rate			15.7	16.3	15.5	16.9	14.7	14.5	14.5			0.0 pp	6.3	5.5
	Relative median income of elderly			0.78	0.82	0.84	0.88	0.88	0.85				-3.4 %	0.94	0.93
	Aggregate replacement ratio			0.32	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.40	0.40				0.0 %	0.56	0.57
	Overcrowding rate			23.5	22.1	21.6	20.8	20.4	22.5				2.1 pp	6.6	6.5
	Housing cost overburden rate			23.5	9.1	9.1	9.4	9.0	8.4				-0.6 pp	10.6	10.4

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

HR	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year			
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)			29.4	31.1	34.8	29.3	29.0	28.2				-0.8 pp	27.7	26.9
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)			19.6	21.1	23.3	21.8	21.1	20.9				-0.2 pp	21.1	21.1
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)			14.8	14.4	18.1	13.7	13.1	13.4	11.6			-1.8 pp	10.4	9.5
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)			11.5	13.8	15.7	11.4	12.9	12.7				-0.2 pp	9.8	9.3
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)						14.1		14.6					13.2	13.3
	in-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children			7.7	8.0	7.7	7.8	7.1	7.3				0.2 pp	11.1	11.1
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households			82.5	71.5	73.2	76.3	74.0	80.4				6.4 pp	67.1	69.9
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work			11.5	13.0	14.0	14.8	13.3	12.3				-1.0 pp	16.0	16.0
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)			0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.5	2.3				1.8 pp	14.0	14.7
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)			10.0	12.0	11.0	10.0	16.6	9.5				-7.1 pp	14.4	15.6
Access to adequate resources	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)			14.0	8.0	9.0	13.0	6.4	6.5				0.1 pp	33.9	33.9
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)			34.0	43.0	31.0	34.0	33.8	46.4				12.6 pp	49.2	49.4
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)			28.1	28.0	31.4	27.2	28.0	26.8				-1.2 pp	25.9	26.0
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	8.1	7.2	6.9	6.7	3.7	5.2	4.6	4.7	7.5			2.8 pp	21.7	21.7
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)				2.9					2.8				4.2	4.4
	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	13.1	11.1	10.5	9.5	6.2	8.0	6.9	7.0	11.0			4.0 pp	27.1	27.2
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty			37.0	37.2	34.4	37.2	40.1	41.9				1.9 pp	39.2	39.0
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)			10.6	7.6	5.4	8.3	7.2	5.4				-1.8 pp	10.8	10.7
	NEET rate (15-19)	9.3	9.5	10.7	11.1	10.6	11.9	12.5	12.3	14.1			1.8 pp	6.5	6.3
	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	4.4	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.1	4.5	2.7	2.7	2.8			0.1 pp	11.2	11.0
Access to quality services	Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)					0.3	0.5	0.1	0.2				0.1 pp	1.5	1.3
	Infant mortality rate	4.5	5.3	4.4	4.7	3.6	4.1	5.0	4.1				-0.9 pp	3.7	3.6
	Severe housing deprivation (0-17)			17.6	13.2	11.8	10.8	9.3	8.8				-0.5 pp	7.4	7.4
	Overcrowding rate (0-17)			58.6	59.6	60.0	56.6	55.2	53.8				-1.4 pp	22.6	23.0

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data)

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2013-2053)

TRR case		Net				Gross			
		2013		2053		2013		2053	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	55.5	59.7	40.2		38.5	41.5	27.9	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	55.5		41.7		38.5		29.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	55.5	49.6	43.5		38.5	34.4	30.2	
	AWG career length case	52.1	51.9	39.2	35.8	36.2	36.1	27.2	24.8
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			43.5				30.2	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			35.2				24.4	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			47.3				32.9	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			40.2				27.9	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			42.5				29.5	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			41.5				28.8	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			40.4				28.1	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year				43.5				30.2
	Career break due to child care: 1 year				43.5				30.2
	Career break due to child care: 2 years				42.9				29.8
	Career break due to child care: 3 years				41.9				29.1
	Short career (30 year career)			31.2				21.7	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			31.6				21.9	
	Early retirement due to disability			43.1				29.9	
Indexation: 10 years after retirement			41.4				28.8		
Low Earnings (66%)	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	59.5	64.1	49.1		44.6	48.0	36.8	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	59.5		50.8		44.6		38.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	59.5	53.2	52.9		44.6	39.8	39.6	
	AWG career length case	55.9	55.7	48.0	43.5	41.9	41.7	36.0	32.6
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			52.9				39.6	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			42.9				32.1	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			57.4				43.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			49.1				36.8	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			51.6				38.7	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			50.4				37.8	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			49.2				36.8	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year				52.9				39.6
	Career break due to child care: 1 year				52.9				39.6
	Career break due to child care: 2 years				52.5				39.3
	Career break due to child care: 3 years				51.2				38.4
	Short career (30 year career)	44.6		37.9		33.4		28.4	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			38.3				28.7	
	Early retirement due to disability			46.2				34.6	
Pension rights of surviving spouses				69.7				48.4	
High	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	45.1	48.3	32.6		28.9	31.1	20.9	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	45.1		33.8		28.9		21.6	

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2015 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2013-2053)

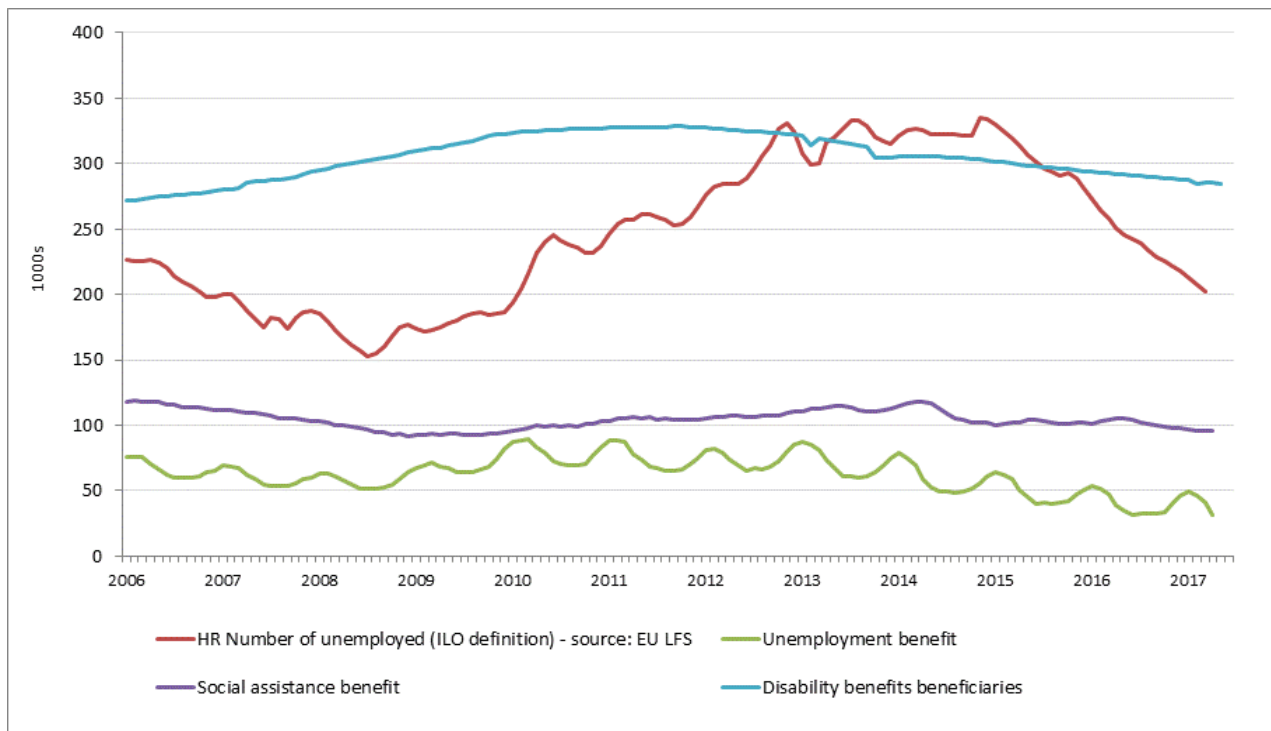
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

HR									EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2014	2015
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male			57.4	59.8	61.9	57.6	58.6	55.3	61.4	62.6
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female			60.4	61.7	64.2	60.4	60.0	56.8	61.8	63.3
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male			6.6	7.4	7.7	5.5	6.0	4.7	8.6	9.4
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female			6.5	7.3	7.9	5.9	5.8	4.5	8.6	9.4
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	72.3	73.0	73.4	73.8	73.9	74.5	74.7	74.4	78.1	77.9
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	79.7	79.7	79.9	80.4	80.6	81.0	81.0	80.5	83.6	83.3
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	14.4	14.5	14.7	15.1	15.0	15.3	15.5	15.2	18.2	17.9
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	18.0	17.9	18.2	18.6	18.7	19.1	19.1	18.7	21.6	21.2
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment			6.3	5.1	3.5	3.3	3.3	1.9	3.6	3.2
Self-perceived health (%)			48.1	46.6	46.8	46.5	57.9	58.2	67.4	66.9
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)				1085.9	1114.9	1149.2	1088.8			
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)				7.3	7.2	7.3	6.7			

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: i) Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health; ii) Total health care expenditure figures are based on SHA 1.0 from 2008-2012, and on SHA 2011 for 2013 onwards, hence there is a break in series in 2013.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS¹²



¹² These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

Unemployment	
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Eurostat
Unemployment benefit	
definition	Unemployed persons on the CES register are entitled to unemployment benefit in the reporting month based on the stipulations of the Act on Employment, Mediation and Unemployment Rights, Official Gazette No. 16/2017.
unit	number of persons of social assistance beneficiaries, in thousands
source	Croatian Employment Service
link	www.hzz.hr
comment	
Social assistance benefit/means-tested minimum income	
definition	On the basis of the Social Welfare Act that entered into force on 1 January 2014 ("The Official Gazette" No. 157/13, 152/14, 99/15, 52/16, 16/17) a new right was introduced – a guaranteed minimum benefit (GMB), encompassing the four social benefit: the maintenance assistance (from Social Welfare system) and extended financial benefit which was defined by the Act on Employment Mediation and Unemployment Rights as well as the right to survivor benefit defined under the Act on the Rights of Croatian Homeland War Veterans and Their Family Members and the Act on the Protection of Military and Civilian War-Disabled Persons. That is a form of social benefit by which the state guarantees that every year, depending on the funds available, it will determine the amount to which every person or household with insufficient income and assets for satisfying the basic living needs is entitled. The right to a social benefit is depending on the family structure and it is means-tested (income and property).
unit	number of persons of social assistance beneficiaries, in thousands
source	Ministry for Demography, Family, Youth and Social Policy of the Republic of Croatia
link	www.mdomsp.hr
comment	In the column for the 2014, the number of maintenance assistance and GMB beneficiaries' was shown, since the all maintenance assistance beneficiaries have not been yet translated into GMB.
Disability benefit	
definition	disability pension is a pension granted on the grounds of person's total or occupational disability if disability occurred prior to the age of 65
unit	number of disability pension beneficiaries, in thousands
source	Croatian Pension Insurance Institute
link	http://www.mirovinsko.hr/
comment	Number of disability pension beneficiaries from October 2013 does not include beneficiaries whose benefit payment have been suspended because they have not submitted their Personal Identification Number. From February 2015 disability pensioners are translated into old age pensioners after reaching the statutory retirement age and these pensioners are included in the total number of disability pension beneficiaries.

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	HR										EU27			
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	change 2014-2015 (2015-2016 for SMD & LFS-based figures)	change 2008 to latest year	latest change	2015	change 2008 to latest year
Europe 2020	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	31.1	32.6	32.6	29.9	29.3	29.1	n.a.	-0.2 pp	-2.0 pp	23.7	-0.7 pp	0.0 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	20.6	20.9	20.4	19.5	19.4	20.0	n.a.	0.6 pp	-0.6 pp	17.3	0.1 pp	0.8 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty threshold for a single person household (levels in pps, changes as real change in national currency in %)	n.a.	n.a.	4567	4454	4417	4448	4644	4952	n.a.	5.4 %	-9.6 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Severe material deprivation rate (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	14.3	15.2	15.9	14.7	13.9	13.7	12.5	-1.2 pp	-1.8 pp	8.0	-0.3 pp	-0.8 pp
Intensity of poverty risk	Population living in (quasi-) jobless households (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	13.9	15.9	16.8	14.8	14.7	14.4	n.a.	-0.3 pp	0.5 pp	10.6	-0.6 pp	1.4 pp
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	27.6	27.9	31.0	28.1	27.9	26.4	n.a.	-1.5 pp	-1.2 pp	24.8	0.3 pp	2.9 pp
Persistence of poverty risk	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	13.2	n.a.	14.7	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	10.9	0.6 pp	2.2 pp
	Income quintile ratio (S80/S20)	n.a.	n.a.	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.2	n.a.	2.0 %	-5.5 %	5.2	0.0 %	4.0 %
Child poverty and social exclusion	At-risk of poverty or social exclusion rate of children (% of people aged 0-17)	n.a.	n.a.	29.4	31.1	34.8	29.3	29.0	28.2	n.a.	-0.8 pp	-1.2 pp	26.9	-0.8 pp	0.5 pp
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	n.a.	n.a.	31.3	31.9	33.3	34.3	35.1	35.5	n.a.	0.4 pp	4.1 pp	33.5	-0.6 pp	-1.3 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	Impact of social transfers (incl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	n.a.	n.a.	52.9	54.2	54.9	56.3	57.1	55.8	n.a.	-1.3 pp	2.9 pp	61.2	-0.3 pp	0.5 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for the population living in (quasi-) jobless households	n.a.	n.a.	69.1	62.6	61.9	64.2	63.3	67.5	n.a.	4.2 pp	-1.6 pp	58.9	0.9 pp	3.2 pp
Social consequences of labour market	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	6.2	6.5	6.1	6.2	5.7	5.8	n.a.	0.1 pp	-0.4 pp	9.5	-0.1 pp	1.0 pp
	Long-term unemployment rate (in %)	5.3	5.1	6.6	8.4	10.2	11.0	10.1	10.2	6.6	-3.6 pp	1.3 pp	4.5	-0.6 pp	1.3 pp
Youth exclusion	Early school leavers (in %)	4.4	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.1	4.5	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.1 pp	-1.6 pp	11.0	-0.2 pp	-4.0 pp
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	8.7	9.2	11.6	11.9	12.7	14.9	15.3	14.0	11.6	-2.4 pp	2.9 pp	8.4	-0.7 pp	0.8 pp
Active ageing	NEETs (15-24)	11.6	13.4	15.7	16.2	16.6	19.6	19.3	18.1	16.9	-1.2 pp	5.3 pp	12.0	-0.5 pp	0.6 pp
	Employment rate of older workers (55-64) in %	37.1	39.4	39.1	38.2	37.5	37.8	36.2	39.2	38.1	-1.1 pp	1.0 pp	53.4	2.0 pp	9.9 pp
Pension adequacy	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) in %	n.a.	n.a.	37.5	36.4	33.1	31.9	29.7	31.8	n.a.	2.1 pp	-5.7 pp	17.3	-0.4 pp	-6.0 pp
	Median relative income of elderly people	n.a.	n.a.	0.78	0.82	0.84	0.88	0.88	0.85	n.a.	-3.4 %	9.0 %	0.93	-1.1 %	9.4 %
Health	Aggregate replacement ratio	n.a.	n.a.	0.32	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.40	0.40	n.a.	0.0 %	25.0 %	0.57	1.8 %	16.3 %
	Self reported unmet need for medical care	n.a.	n.a.	6.3	5.1	3.5	3.3	3.3	1.9	n.a.	-1.4 pp	n.a.	3.2	-0.4 pp	0.1 pp
	Healthy life years at 65 - males	n.a.	n.a.	6.6	7.4	7.7	5.5	6.0	4.7	n.a.	-21.7 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Healthy life years at 65 - females	n.a.	n.a.	6.5	7.3	7.9	5.9	5.8	4.5	n.a.	-22.4 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Access to decent housing	Housing cost overburden rate	n.a.	n.a.	14.1	8.0	6.8	8.4	7.5	7.2	n.a.	-0.3 pp	-6.9 pp	11.3	-0.3 pp	0.8 pp
	Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	2.4	-1.8	-1.1	-0.5	-2.6	-2.7	0.7	2.4	3.0	2.5 %	-5.5 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2014-2015 for EU-SILC based indicators (except SMD) and 2015-2016 for SMD and LFS-based indicators, while changes "since 2008" refer to 2010-2015 and 2008-2016 respectively. (For HR, the long-term comparison for EU-SILC-based indicators is relative to 2010 as no EU-SILC data is published by Eurostat before then.)

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, CROATIA

2017

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services	The at-risk of poverty rate for population living in (quasi-)jobless households is worse than the EU average. <i>There is a high risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities¹³. The gap between the risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with and without disabilities is higher than the EU average¹⁴.</i>	
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty	The share of children living in jobless households is worse than the EU average but shows a significantly positive trend compared to 2012.	
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age		In-work poverty is lower than the EU average.
4. Elderly poverty/adequate income and living conditions of the elderly	Elderly poverty risk and the aggregate replacement ratio of pensions remain significantly worse than the EU average. <i>The short working lives and benefits for specific categories hamper the adequacy of pensions¹⁵.</i>	
5. Health & LTC	Life expectancy at birth is worse than the EU average and life expectancy at 65 is significantly worse than the EU average. Amenable and preventable mortality rates are worse than the EU average.	
6. Other key issues		

Note: The assessment of the key social challenges and good social outcomes within EU Member States is based on a full analysis of all the indicators in the social policy area of the Joint Assessment Framework tool, not only those included in the tables in this Country Profile.

¹³ Disability measured through a concept of long-standing limitation in performing usual activities: “Limitation in activities people usually do because of health problems for at least the past six months” (EU-SILC). Level of activity limitation considered: “some or severe”.

¹⁴ Source: Eurostat 2015.

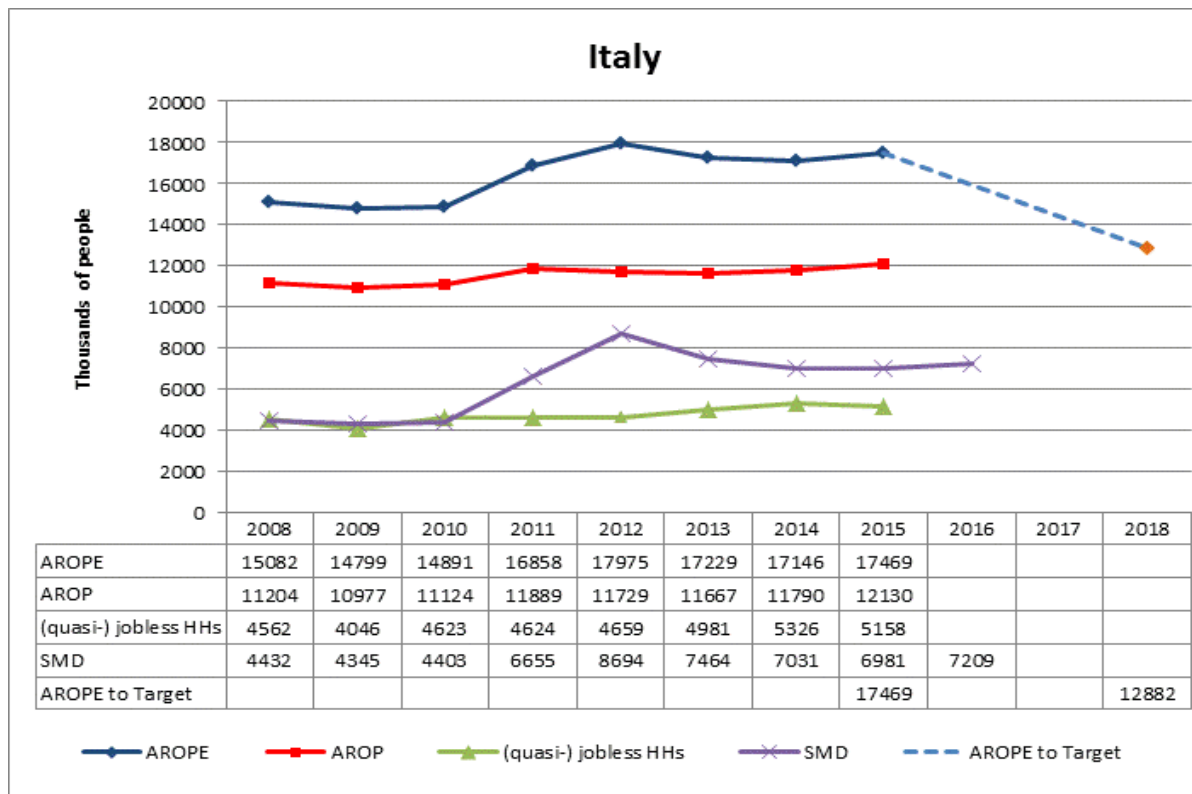
¹⁵ Source: Eurostat 2016, Country report 2017

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduce the number of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion by 2,200,000 by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2015)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

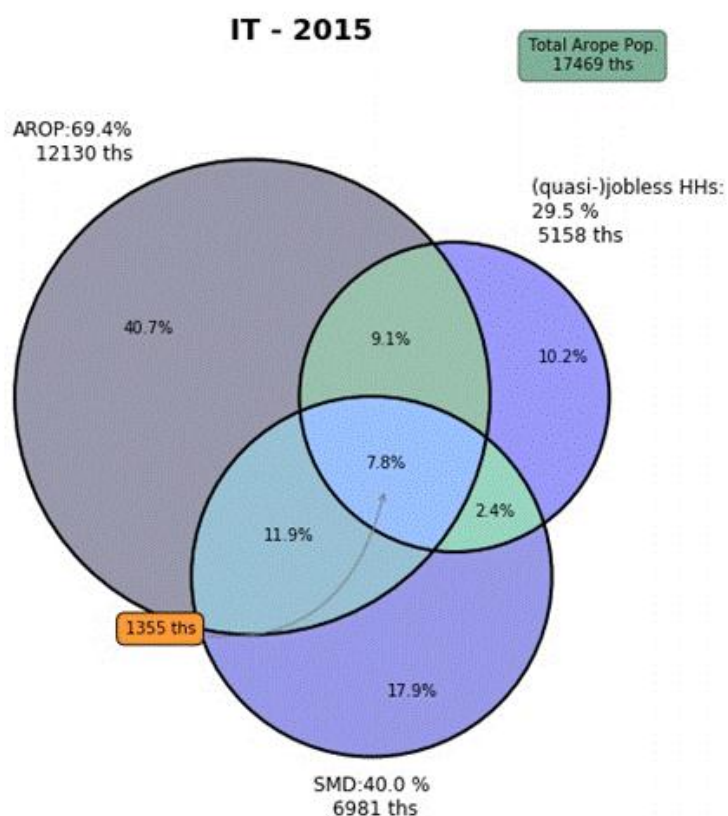


Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of-poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year.

¹⁶ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around 3 July 2017, unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2015)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

IT													EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015
AROP	% of total AROPE	74.3	74.2	74.7	70.5	65.3	67.7	68.8	69.4		0.7 pp	-4.9 pp	70.5	72.9
	1000 persons	11204	10977	11124	11889	11729	11667	11790	12130		2.9 %	8.3 %	85926	86592
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	30.3	27.3	31.1	27.4	25.9	28.9	31.1	29.5		-1.5 pp	-0.7 pp	34.4	33.4
	1000 persons	4562	4046	4623	4624	4659	4981	5326	5158		-3.2 %	13.1 %	41945	39624
SMD	% of total AROPE	29.4	29.4	29.6	39.5	48.4	43.3	41.0	40.0		-1.1 pp	10.6 pp	36.5	33.9
	1000 persons	4432	4345	4403	6655	8694	7464	7031	6981	7209	3.3 %	62.7 %	44441	40320
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	11.0	8.7	11.4	9.9	7.5	9.0	10.6	9.1		-1.4 pp	-1.9 pp	11.9	12.0
	1000 persons	1657	1293	1703	1662	1340	1558	1811	1595		-11.9 %	-3.7 %	14534	14211
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	10.3	10.6	10.0	13.4	15.8	13.6	11.9	11.9		0.0 pp	1.6 pp	10.5	10.3
	1000 persons	1549	1565	1485	2261	2845	2341	2042	2077		1.7 %	34.1 %	12785	12189
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	5.6	4.9	6.3	6.1	7.0	7.5	8.0	7.8		-0.2 pp	2.1 pp	8.1	7.7
	1000 persons	848	719	933	1025	1254	1293	1371	1355		-1.2 %	59.8 %	9827	9181
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	1.4	1.9	1.4	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4		0.0 pp	1.0 pp	2.8	2.5
	1000 persons	214	274	203	337	414	398	405	418		3.2 %	95.3 %	3430	2952

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

IT										EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2015	2016
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	-1.1	-5.5	1.7	0.6	-2.8	-1.7	0.1	0.8	0.9	2.2	1.9
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	0.2	-1.7	-0.6	0.3	-0.3	-1.8	0.1	0.7	1.3	1.1	1.2
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	6.7	7.7	8.4	8.4	10.7	12.1	12.7	11.9	11.7	9.4	8.5
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.3	5.6	6.9	7.7	6.9	6.7	4.5	4.0
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	25.5	27.5	27.6	27.4	28.0	28.7	28.8				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS). Data as at 3 July 2017.

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

IT										EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	25.5	27.5	27.6	27.4	28.0	28.7	28.8		27.8	27.6
	Sickness/Health	6.7	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8		8.0	8.1
	Disability	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7		2.0	2.0
	Old age	12.6	13.4	13.7	13.7	14.0	14.4	14.2		11.1	11.1
	Survivors	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.7		1.6	1.6
	Family/Children	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.6		2.3	2.4
	Unemployment	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7		1.5	1.4
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2		0.5	0.5
	Means-tested										
	Total	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.0		3.1	3.1
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.1
	Disability	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4		0.5	0.5
	Old age	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4		0.6	0.5
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.1
	Family/Children	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.0		0.5	0.6
	Unemployment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.3	0.3
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2		0.4	0.4
	Non-means tested										
	Total	24.0	25.7	26.0	25.8	26.5	27.0	26.8		24.7	24.5
	Sickness/Health	6.7	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8		8.0	8.0
	Disability	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3		1.6	1.5
	Old age	12.2	13.0	13.3	13.3	13.7	14.0	13.8		10.6	10.5
	Survivors	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.7		1.5	1.5
	Family/Children	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5		1.8	1.8
	Unemployment	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7		1.2	1.1
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.1

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 3 July 2017.

Note: The total figures of social expenditure include all benefits excluding administrative costs.

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

IT	%											EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015
At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate		25.5	24.9	25.0	28.1	29.9	28.5	28.3	28.7		0.4 pp	3.2 pp	24.4	23.7
At-risk-of-poverty rate		18.9	18.4	18.7	19.8	19.5	19.3	19.4	19.9		0.5 pp	1.0 pp	17.2	17.3
Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS		9158	9140	9135	9466	9297	9189	9152	9237		0.5 %	-8.4 %		
Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS		19232	19194	19184	19878	19524	19296	19220	19397		0.5 %	-8.4 %		
Severe material deprivation rate		7.5	7.3	7.4	11.1	14.5	12.3	11.6	11.5	11.9	0.4 pp	4.4 pp	8.9	8.1
Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households		10.4	9.2	10.6	10.5	10.6	11.3	12.1	11.7		-0.4 pp	1.3 pp	11.2	10.6
Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate		12.7	13.0	11.6	11.8	13.1	13.2	12.9	14.3		1.4 pp	1.6 pp	10.3	10.9
At risk-of-poverty gap		23.2	23.1	24.8	26.6	26.0	28.2	28.2	29.3		1.1 pp	6.1 pp	24.5	24.8
Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)		18.9	20.1	19.7	21.7	23.0	25.1	25.0	25.6		0.6 pp	6.7 pp	19.4	18.5
Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)		19.6	21.0	21.1	19.5	20.4	21.6	21.5	21.7		0.2 pp	2.1 pp	34.1	33.46
S80/S20		5.2	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.8	5.8		0.0 %	11.5 %	5.2	5.2
Overcrowding rate		24.3	23.3	24.3	24.5	26.1	27.1	27.2	27.8		0.6 pp	3.5 pp	16.7	16.7
Housing cost overburden rate		8.3	7.8	7.7	8.7	8.1	8.9	8.5	8.6		0.1 pp	0.3 pp	11.5	11.3
Real change in gross household disposable income		-1.2	-2.0	-1.5	-0.3	-5.3	-0.8	0.3	0.8	1.5			1.1	2.2

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation.

	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change		2014	2015	
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	28.4	28.7	29.5	31.5	34.1	32.0	32.1	33.5		1.4 pp	5.1 pp	27.7	26.9	
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	24.2	24.1	25.2	25.9	26.2	25.2	25.1	26.8		1.7 pp	2.6 pp	21.1	21.1	
	Severe material deprivation rate	8.6	8.5	8.6	12.1	16.8	13.5	13.7	13.0	12.3	-0.7 pp	3.7 pp	10.4	9.5	
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households	7.0	6.1	7.5	7.5	7.1	8.0	9.3	8.6		-0.7 pp	1.6 pp	9.8	9.3	
	At risk-of-poverty gap	24.6	24.6	28.9	32.3	29.7	33.4	34.8	33.2		-1.6 pp	8.6 pp	25.9	26.0	
Youth (18-24)	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	21.9	24.2	23.2	21.0	22.0	25.4	23.9	22.1		-1.9 pp	0.2 pp	39.2	39.0	
	Overcrowding rate	34.3	34.3	35.8	35.9	38.9	39.3	39.4	41.2		1.8 pp	6.9 pp	22.6	23.0	
IT	%	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015	
		At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	31.6	29.8	31.7	34.0	37.1	36.4	37.4	37.1		-0.3 pp	5.5 pp	31.9	31.3
		At-risk-of-poverty rate	22.9	21.5	24.2	25.1	25.4	25.0	26.9	26.1		-0.8 pp	3.2 pp	23.7	23.9
		Severe material deprivation rate	11.1	10.5	8.8	12.7	16.1	15.5	13.9	14.6	12.2	-2.4 pp	1.1 pp	11.0	9.9
		Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households	11.9	10.7	11.6	11.9	12.5	12.1	14.0	13.6		-0.4 pp	1.7 pp	11.8	10.8
		In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	9.1	13.2	12.8	15.1	13.2	13.7	16.4	12.8		-3.6 pp	3.7 pp	13.0	12.4
		Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	6.5	7.3	7.8	7.9	10.1	10.9	11.6	10.6	10.0	-0.6 pp	3.5 pp	9.3	8.4
		NEET rate	20.6	22.3	24.1	25.0	26.9	29.1	29.0	27.9	26.0	-1.9 pp	5.4 pp	16.5	15.8
Housing cost overburden rate	8.8	8.2	8.1	9.6	8.8	9.2	8.6	8.3		-0.3 pp	-0.5 pp	14.6	14.2		

IT	%	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	25.0	24.4	25.3	28.5	30.4	29.7	30.0	30.4		0.4 pp	5.4 pp	25.4	24.7
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	16.8	16.5	17.5	19.0	18.7	19.1	19.7	19.8		0.1 pp	3.0 pp	17.1	17.1
	Severe material deprivation rate	7.4	7.4	7.4	10.9	14.4	12.7	12.0	12.2	12.2	0.0 pp	4.8 pp	9.2	8.4
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	11.5	10.2	11.5	11.5	11.7	12.4	13.0	12.7		-0.3 pp	1.2 pp	11.7	11.1
	At risk-of-poverty gap	26.1	26.7	28.6	30.9	29.3	31.6	32.0	32.8		0.8 pp	6.7 pp	26.9	27.1
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	9.1	10.2	9.7	11.1	11.1	11.2	11.1	11.6		0.5 pp	2.5 pp	9.5	9.5
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	21.9	23.3	22.6	21.2	22.4	22.7	22.4	23.9		1.4 pp	2.0 pp	34.7	34.5
	Overcrowding rate	26.4	25.1	26.3	26.5	28.3	29.7	29.8	30.5		0.7 pp	4.1 pp	17.8	17.8
	Housing cost overburden rate	8.1	7.7	7.6	9.0	8.5	9.2	9.1	9.1		0.0 pp	1.0 pp	12.0	11.7
IT	%	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	EU28	
Elderly (65+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	24.4	22.9	20.4	24.0	24.7	22.0	20.2	19.9		-0.3 pp	-4.5 pp	17.8	17.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	20.9	19.6	16.7	17.0	16.1	15.0	14.2	14.7		0.5 pp	-6.2 pp	13.8	14.1
	Severe material deprivation rate	6.7	5.9	6.3	10.8	12.7	10.3	8.8	8.2	10.9	2.7 pp	4.2 pp	6.3	5.5
	Relative median income of elderly	0.88	0.89	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.97	0.99	0.99		0.0 %	12.5 %	0.94	0.93
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.51	0.51	0.53	0.55	0.59	0.62	0.64	0.66		3.1 %	29.4 %	0.56	0.57
	Overcrowding rate	8.8	8.3	8.3	8.6	8.9	9.3	10.0	9.6		-0.4 pp	0.8 pp	6.6	6.5
	Housing cost overburden rate	8.1	6.8	5.8	5.7	5.0	6.2	5.3	5.4		0.1 pp	-2.7 pp	10.6	10.4

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

IT	%	EU28												
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year		
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)	28.4	28.7	29.5	31.5	34.1	32.0	32.1	33.5		1.4 pp	5.1 pp	27.7	26.9
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)	24.2	24.1	25.2	25.9	26.2	25.2	25.1	26.8		1.7 pp	2.6 pp	21.1	21.1
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)	8.6	8.5	8.6	12.1	16.8	13.5	13.7	13.0	12.3	-0.7 pp	3.7 pp	10.4	9.5
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)	7.0	6.1	7.5	7.5	7.1	8.0	9.3	8.6		-0.7 pp	1.6 pp	9.8	9.3
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)	17.7	16.4	14.9	18.0	18.8	19.7	17.4	20.0		2.6 pp	2.3 pp	13.2	13.3
	in-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children	12.1	13.1	13.3	14.6	14.5	13.2	13.2	13.6		0.4 pp	1.5 pp	11.1	11.1
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households	79.2	74.1	81.7	79.7	79.7	78.0	79.9	81.4		1.5 pp	2.2 pp	67.1	69.9
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work	20.0	20.9	20.6	21.6	22.1	20.6	19.5	21.6		2.1 pp	1.6 pp	16.0	16.0
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	12.0	9.0	6.0	9.0	10.0	8.0	9.3	10.4		1.1 pp	-1.6 pp	14.0	14.7
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	11.0	14.0	13.6	16.9		3.3 pp	0.9 pp	14.4	15.6
Access to adequate resources	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	19.0	20.0	17.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	20.9	23.3		2.4 pp	4.3 pp	33.9	33.9
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	72.0	73.0	70.0	75.0	70.0	69.0	69.7	62.6		-7.1 pp	-9.4 pp	49.2	49.4
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)	24.6	24.6	28.9	32.3	29.7	33.4	34.8	33.2		-1.6 pp	8.6 pp	25.9	26.0
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	26.2	24.1	22.6	20.4	18.6	16.9	15.9	15.3	15.2	-0.1 pp	-11.0 pp	21.7	21.7
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.8	-0.2 pp	-0.8 pp	4.2	4.4
	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	32.5	29.7	27.9	25.4	23.8	21.9	20.8	20.1	20.1	0.0 pp	-12.4 pp	27.1	27.2
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty	21.9	24.2	23.2	21.0	22.0	25.4	23.9	22.1		-1.9 pp	0.2 pp	39.2	39.0
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)	9.2	9.3	10.2	10.8	10.5	11.2	10.2	10.9		0.7 pp	1.7 pp	10.8	10.7
	NEET rate (15-19)	11.4	10.8	11.8	11.7	12.0	11.6	11.4	11.0	10.2	-0.8 pp	-1.2 pp	6.5	6.3
	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	19.6	19.1	18.6	17.8	17.3	16.8	15.0	14.7	13.8	-0.9 pp	-5.8 pp	11.2	11.0
Access to quality services	Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)	2.7	3.5	2.5	2.5	1.8	2.1	2.5	2.4		-0.1 pp	-0.3 pp	1.5	1.3
	Infant mortality rate	3.1	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.9		0.1 pp	-0.2 pp	3.7	3.6
	Severe housing deprivation (0-17)	9.7	11.4	10.7	12.2	13.3	12.6	14.0	14.5		0.5 pp	4.8 pp	7.4	7.4
	Overcrowding rate (0-17)	34.3	34.3	35.8	35.9	38.9	39.3	39.4	41.2		1.8 pp	6.9 pp	22.6	23.0

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data)

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2013-2053)

TRR case		Net				Gross			
		2013		2053		2013		2053	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	80.2		70.2		70.8		60.7	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	80.3	80.0	82.3		70.9	70.6	73.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	83.9	75.7	89.3		74.5	66.2	80.1	
	AWG career length case	72.1	68.9	78.7	76.8	63.1	59.8	69.4	67.4
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			76.4				67.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			66.1				56.1	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			91.7				82.1	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			81.3				72.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			89.1				79.9	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			87.4				78.2	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			85.7				76.5	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year				89.3				80.1
	Career break due to child care: 1 year				89.0				79.8
	Career break due to child care: 2 years				88.5				79.4
	Career break due to child care: 3 years				85.5				76.3
	Short career (30 year career)			65.0				55.5	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			75.2				66.6	
	Early retirement due to disability			82.3				73.0	
Indexation: 10 years after retirement			76.0				68.2		
Low Earnings (66%)	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	80.8		70.8		70.8		60.7	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	80.9	80.6	82.9		70.9	70.6	73.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	84.5	76.3	89.6		74.5	66.2	80.1	
	AWG career length case	72.6	69.4	81.6	77.4	63.1	59.8	69.4	67.4
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			77.1				67.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			66.6				56.1	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			91.7				82.1	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			81.3				72.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			89.5				79.9	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			87.9				78.2	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			86.4				76.5	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year				91.4				80.1
	Career break due to child care: 1 year				91.2				79.8
	Career break due to child care: 2 years				90.7				79.4
	Career break due to child care: 3 years				87.8				76.3
	Short career (30 year career)	84.7		65.7		51.9	53.1	55.5	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			75.8				66.6	
	Early retirement due to disability			82.9				73.0	
Pension rights of surviving spouses				93.3				86.1	
High	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	63.9		79.2		52.8		69.1	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	64.0	63.7	99.2		52.9	52.6	90.2	

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2015 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2013-2053)

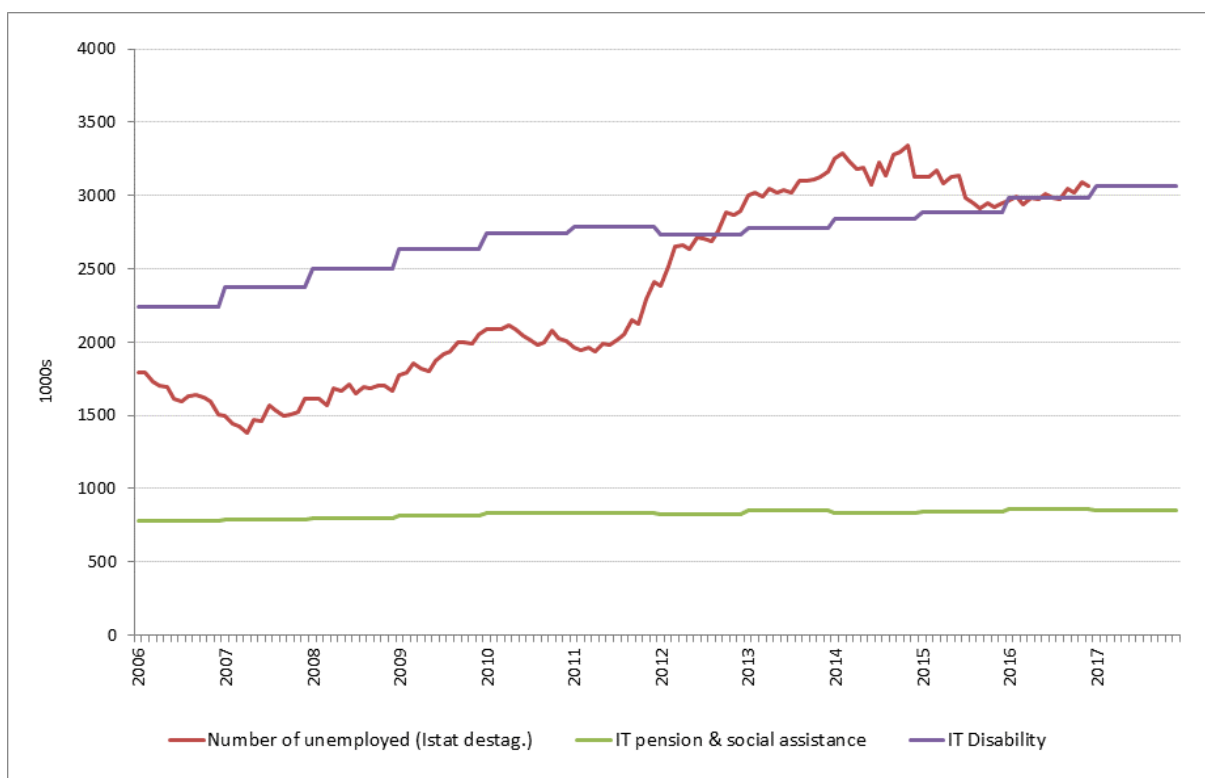
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

IT									EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2014	2015
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	62.9	63.4		63.5	62.1	61.8	62.5	62.6	61.4	62.6
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	61.8	62.6		62.7	61.5	60.9	62.3	62.7	61.8	63.3
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	7.6	8.0		8.1	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	8.6	9.4
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	7.1	7.2		7.0	7.1	7.1	7.3	7.5	8.6	9.4
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	78.9	79.4		80.1	79.8	80.3	80.7	80.3	78.1	77.9
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	84.2	84.6		85.3	84.8	85.2	85.6	84.9	83.6	83.3
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	17.9	18.3		18.8	18.5	18.9	19.2	18.9	18.2	17.9
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	21.7	22.1		22.6	22.1	22.6	22.8	22.2	21.6	21.2
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	5.2	5.3	5.0	5.9	5.6	7.1	7.0	7.2	3.6	3.2
Self-perceived health (%)	63.5	63.8	66.8	64.7	68.4	66.1	67.9	65.6	67.4	66.9
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)						2331.9	2356.5	2459.4		
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)						9.0	9.0	9.0		

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: i) Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health;
ii) Total health care expenditure figures are based SHA 2011 for 2013 onwards.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS¹⁷



¹⁷ These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

	Unemployment
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Source: Istat
link	
comment	
	Unemployment benefit
definition	Unemployment Benefit recipients ; Unemployment assistance recipients
unit	Thousands of recipients
source	Source: Inps
link	http://inps.it
comment	
	Social assistance benefit
definition	Social pension and allowance
unit	thousands of pensions
source	Source: Inps
link	http://inps.it
comment	
	Disability
definition	
unit	thousands of pensions
source	Source: Inps
link	http://inps.it
comment	
	Assegno di natalità
definition	
unit	thousands of allowances
source	Source: Inps
link	http://inps.it
comment	

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	IT										EU27			
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	change 2014-2015 (2015-2016 for SMD & LFS-based figures)	change 2008 to latest year	2015	latest year change	change 2008 to latest year
Europe 2020	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	25.5	24.9	25.0	28.1	29.9	28.5	28.3	28.7	n.a.	0.4 pp	3.2 pp	23.7	-0.7 pp	0.0 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	18.9	18.4	18.7	19.8	19.5	19.3	19.4	19.9	n.a.	0.5 pp	1.0 pp	17.3	0.1 pp	0.8 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty threshold for a single person household (levels in pps, changes as real change in national currency, in %)	9158	9140	9135	9466	9297	9189	9152	9237	n.a.	0.5 %	-8.4 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Intensity of poverty risk	Severe material deprivation rate (in %)	7.5	7.3	7.4	11.1	14.5	12.3	11.6	11.5	11.9	0.4 pp	4.4 pp	8.0	-0.3 pp	-0.8 pp
	Population living in (quasi-) jobless households (in %)	10.4	9.2	10.6	10.5	10.6	11.3	12.1	11.7	n.a.	-0.4 pp	1.3 pp	10.6	-0.6 pp	1.4 pp
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (in %)	23.2	23.1	24.8	26.6	26.0	28.2	28.2	29.3	n.a.	1.1 pp	6.1 pp	24.8	0.3 pp	2.9 pp
Persistence of poverty risk	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	12.7	13.0	11.6	11.8	13.1	13.2	12.9	14.3	n.a.	1.4 pp	1.6 pp	10.9	0.6 pp	2.2 pp
	Income quintile ratio (S80/S20)	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.8	5.8	n.a.	0.0 %	11.5 %	5.2	0.0 %	4.0 %
Child poverty and social exclusion	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate of children (% of people aged 0-17)	28.4	28.7	29.5	31.5	34.1	32.0	32.1	33.5	n.a.	1.4 pp	5.1 pp	26.9	-0.8 pp	0.5 pp
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	19.6	21.0	21.1	19.5	20.4	21.6	21.5	21.6	n.a.	0.2 pp	2.1 pp	33.5	-0.6 pp	-1.3 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	Impact of social transfers (incl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	56.0	57.1	57.5	56.3	56.8	57.6	57.6	56.7	n.a.	-0.9 pp	0.7 pp	61.2	-0.3 pp	0.5 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for the population living in (quasi-) jobless households	54.9	49.8	57.0	58.1	55.7	57.2	59.7	57.2	n.a.	-2.5 pp	2.3 pp	58.9	0.9 pp	3.2 pp
Social consequences of labour market	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	9.1	10.2	9.7	11.1	11.1	11.2	11.1	11.6	n.a.	0.5 pp	2.5 pp	9.5	-0.1 pp	1.0 pp
	Long-term unemployment rate (in %)	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.3	5.6	6.9	7.7	6.9	6.7	-0.2 pp	3.7 pp	4.5	-0.6 pp	1.3 pp
Youth exclusion	Early school leavers (in %)	19.6	19.1	18.6	17.8	17.3	16.8	15.0	14.7	13.8	-0.9 pp	-5.8 pp	11.0	-0.2 pp	-4.0 pp
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	6.5	7.3	7.8	7.9	10.1	10.9	11.6	10.6	10.0	-0.6 pp	3.5 pp	8.4	-0.7 pp	0.8 pp
Active ageing	NEETs (15-24)	16.6	17.6	19.0	19.7	21.0	22.2	22.1	21.4	19.9	-1.5 pp	3.3 pp	12.0	-0.5 pp	0.6 pp
	Employment rate of older workers (55-64) in %	34.3	35.6	36.5	37.8	40.3	42.7	46.2	48.2	50.3	2.1 pp	16.0 pp	53.4	2.0 pp	9.9 pp
Pension adequacy	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) in %	24.4	22.9	20.4	24.0	24.7	22.0	20.2	19.9	n.a.	-0.3 pp	-4.5 pp	17.3	-0.4 pp	-6.0 pp
	Median relative income of elderly people	0.88	0.89	0.92	0.92	0.96	0.97	0.99	0.99	n.a.	0.0 %	12.5 %	0.93	-1.1 %	9.4 %
Health	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.51	0.51	0.53	0.55	0.59	0.62	0.64	0.66	n.a.	3.1 %	29.4 %	0.57	1.8 %	16.3 %
	Self reported unmet need for medical care	5.2	5.3	5.0	5.9	5.6	7.1	7.0	7.2	n.a.	0.2 pp	2.0 pp	3.2	-0.4 pp	0.1 pp
Access to decent housing	Healthy life years at 65 - males	7.6	8.0	n.a.	8.1	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	n.a.	0.0 %	2.6 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Healthy life years at 65 - females	7.1	7.2	n.a.	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.3	7.5	n.a.	2.7 %	5.6 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Evolution in real household disposable income	Housing cost overburden rate	8.3	7.8	7.7	8.7	8.1	8.9	8.5	8.6	n.a.	0.1 pp	0.3 pp	11.3	-0.3 pp	0.8 pp
	Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	-1.2	-2.0	-1.5	-0.3	-5.3	-0.8	0.3	0.8	1.4	0.8 %	-8.6 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2014-2015 for EU-SILC based indicators (except SMD) and 2015-2016 for SMD and LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2015 and 2008-2016 respectively

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, ITALY

2017

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services	<p>Risk of poverty or social exclusion is higher than the EU average.</p> <p><i>The risk of poverty or social exclusion is higher for people from a migrant background¹⁸.</i></p> <p>The persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate is worse than the EU average.</p>	<p><i>There is a significantly lower gap than EU average between the risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with and without disabilities^{19,20}.</i></p>
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty	<p>Impact of social transfers on reducing child poverty is significantly below the EU average.</p> <p>Housing deprivation for children is higher than the EU average.</p>	
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age	<p>Impact of social transfers (excluding pensions) in reducing working age poverty is below the EU average.</p>	
4. Elderly poverty/adequate income and living conditions of the elderly		
5. Health & LTC	<p>Self-reported unmet need for medical care is worse than the EU average. In particular, unmet need for medical care due to costs and the gap between the bottom and the top income quintile are significantly worse than the EU average.</p> <p>The vaccination coverage rate of children against measles is significantly below the 95% threshold.</p> <p><i>The overall volume of antibiotics prescribed is still fairly high²¹.</i></p> <p><i>Long-term care provision is skewed towards cash benefits to the detriment of services²².</i></p>	
6. Other key issues		

Note: The assessment of the key social challenges and good social outcomes within EU Member States is based on a full analysis of all the indicators in the social policy area of the Joint Assessment Framework tool, not only those included in the tables in this Country Profile.

¹⁸ Source: Country Report 2017

¹⁹ Source: Eurostat 2015

²⁰ Disability measured through a concept of long-standing limitation in performing usual activities: “*Limitation in activities people usually do because of health problems for at least the past six months*” (EU-SILC). Level of activity limitation considered: “*some or severe*”.

²¹ Source: OECD Health at a Glance 2016

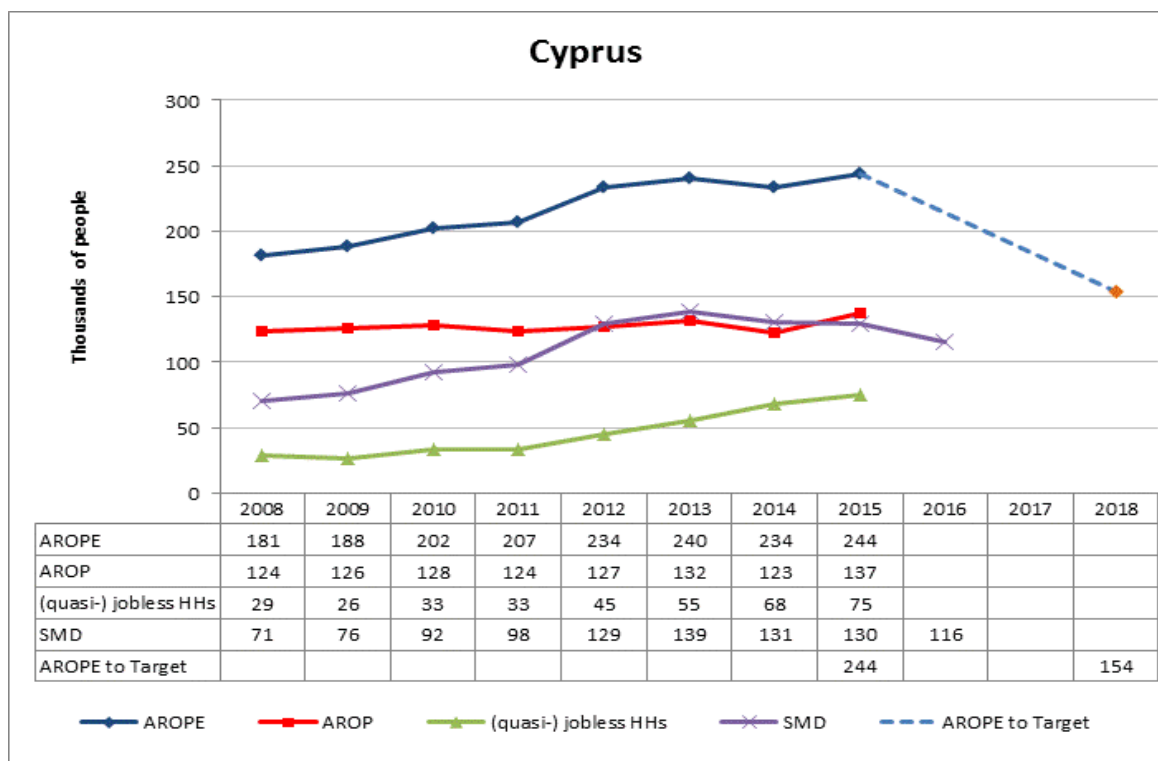
²² Sources: EUROSTAT Labour Force Survey 2016; Country Report 2016; European Social Policy Network Thematic Report on Work-life Balance Measures for Persons of Working Age with Dependent Relatives.

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduce the number of people-at-risk-of-poverty and social exclusion by 27,000 people or decrease the percentage from 23.3% in 2008 to 19.3% by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2017)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

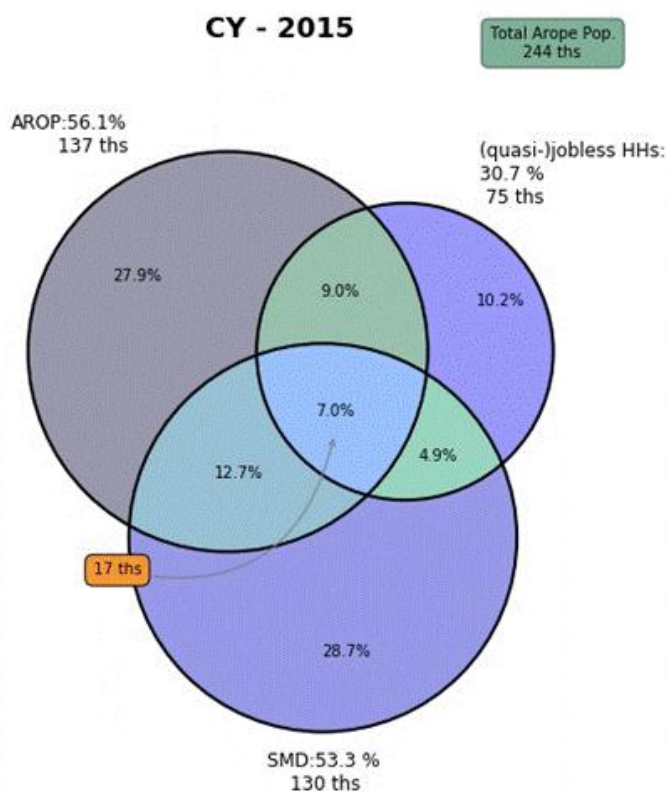


Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of-poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year; iv) The figure for SMD in 2016 is provisional.

²³ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around 3 July 2017, unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2015)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

CY													EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015
AROP	% of total AROPE	68.5	67.0	63.4	59.9	54.3	55.0	52.6	56.2		3.6 pp	-12.4 pp	70.5	72.9
	1000 persons	124	126	128	124	127	132	123	137		11.4 %	10.5 %	85926	86592
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	16.0	13.8	16.3	15.9	19.2	22.9	29.1	30.7		1.7 pp	14.7 pp	34.4	33.4
	1000 persons	29	26	33	33	45	55	68	75		10.3 %	158.6 %	41945	39624
SMD	% of total AROPE	39.2	40.4	45.6	47.3	55.1	57.9	56.0	53.3		-2.7 pp	14.1 pp	36.5	33.9
	1000 persons	71	76	92	98	129	139	131	130	116	-10.8 %	63.4 %	44441	40320
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	5.0	3.7	5.9	5.3	5.6	5.0	8.1	9.0		0.9 pp	4.1 pp	11.9	12.0
	1000 persons	9	7	12	11	13	12	19	22		15.8 %	144.4 %	14534	14211
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	11.1	9.6	13.4	13.0	14.1	14.2	11.1	12.7		1.6 pp	1.7 pp	10.5	10.3
	1000 persons	20	18	27	27	33	34	26	31		19.2 %	55.0 %	12785	12189
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	2.8	3.2	2.0	1.9	3.4	7.1	7.3	7.0		-0.3 pp	4.2 pp	8.1	7.7
	1000 persons	5	6	4	4	8	17	17	17		0.0 %	240.0 %	9827	9181
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	2.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.9	4.3	4.9		0.7 pp	2.7 pp	2.8	2.5
	1000 persons	4	3	3	3	7	7	10	12		20.0 %	200.0 %	3430	2952

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: The figure for SMD in 2016 is provisional.

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

CY										EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2015	2016
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	3.9	-1.8	1.3	0.3	-3.2	-6.0	-1.5	1.7	2.8	2.2	1.9
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	3.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	-3.2	-5.9	-1.8	1.9	2.7	1.1	1.2
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	3.7	5.4	6.3	7.9	11.9	15.9	16.1	15.0	13.1	9.4	8.5
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	0.5	0.6	1.3	1.6	3.6	6.1	7.7	6.8	5.8	4.5	4.0
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	16.8	18.8	19.6	20.6	21.2	22.1	22.2				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS). Data as at 3 July 2017.

Note: The social protection expenditure indicator refers exclusively to benefits.

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

CY											EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	16.8	18.8	19.6	20.6	21.2	22.1	22.2			27.8	27.6
	Sickness/Health	4.0	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5			8.0	8.1
	Disability	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7			2.0	2.0
	Old age	6.6	7.3	8.1	8.8	9.9	10.7	10.9			11.1	11.1
	Survivors	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4			1.6	1.6
	Family/Children	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.4			2.3	2.4
	Unemployment	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.7	2.0	1.9			1.5	1.4
	Housing	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3			0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.1			0.5	0.5
	Means-tested											
	Total	2.0	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.9	2.7	2.6			3.1	3.1
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.1	0.1
	Disability	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.5	0.5
	Old age	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.4			0.6	0.5
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.1	0.1
	Family/Children	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	1.0	1.0			0.5	0.6
	Unemployment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.3	0.3
	Housing	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3			0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.0			0.4	0.4
	Non-means tested											
	Total	14.8	16.3	16.9	17.9	18.3	19.4	19.5			24.7	24.5
	Sickness/Health	4.0	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5			8.0	8.0
	Disability	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7			1.6	1.5
	Old age	6.0	6.7	7.3	8.0	9.2	10.2	10.4			10.6	10.5
	Survivors	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4			1.5	1.5
	Family/Children	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.8	0.6	0.4	0.4			1.8	1.8
	Unemployment	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.7	2.0	1.9			1.2	1.1
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.2			0.1	0.1	

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 3 July 2017.

Note: 1) The table presents the social protection benefits. 2) For the case of Cyprus, as regards the function "Housing", the benefits are all means tested (i.e. 'Housing' under Non-means tested is 'not applicable' for Cyprus).

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

CY	%											EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2014	2015
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	23.3	23.5	24.6	24.6	27.1	27.8	27.4	28.9		1.5 pp	5.6 pp	24.4	23.7
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	15.9	15.8	15.6	14.8	14.7	15.3	14.4	16.2		1.8 pp	0.3 pp	17.2	17.3
	Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS	10945	11256	10816	11497	11444	10299	9457	9188		-2.7 %	-20.3 %		
	Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS	22984	23639	22713	24144	24033	21628	19860	19295		-2.7 %	-20.3 %		
	Severe material deprivation rate	9.1	9.5	11.2	11.7	15.0	16.1	15.3	15.4	13.7	-1.7 pp	4.6 pp	8.9	8.1
	Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	4.5	4.0	4.9	4.9	6.5	7.9	9.7	10.9		1.2 pp	6.4 pp	11.2	10.6
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate	9.9	10.1	9.2	8.6	8.3	10.0	7.3	7.3		0.0 pp	-2.6 pp	10.3	10.9
	At risk-of-poverty gap	15.3	17.2	18.0	19.0	19.0	17.7	18.5	19.8		1.3 pp	4.5 pp	24.5	24.8
	Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)	15.9	16.3	17.4	15.3	17.6	23.3	31.3	35.1		3.8 pp	19.2 pp	19.4	18.5
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	30.6	33.1	33.6	37.0	37.5	37.0	41.5	36.2		-5.2 pp	5.7 pp	34.1	33.46
	S80/S20	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.9	5.4	5.2		-3.7 %	20.9 %	5.2	5.2
	Overcrowding rate	3.3	2.6	3.5	2.9	2.8	2.4	2.2	1.4		-0.8 pp	-1.9 pp	16.7	16.7
	Housing cost overburden rate	1.8	2.4	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.3	4.0	3.9		-0.1 pp	2.1 pp	11.5	11.3
	Real change in gross household disposable income	6.5	-2.8	1.1	-0.8	-4.0	-5.4	-5.8	-0.8				1.1	2.2

Notes: 1). For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation; 2). The 2016 figures for SMD for all categories in the tables are provisional.

CY	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2016	2015	2014	2015
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2014						
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	21.5	20.2	21.8	23.4	27.5	27.7	24.7	28.9			4.2 pp	7.4 pp	27.7	26.9		
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	14.0	12.3	12.6	12.8	13.9	15.5	12.8	16.7			3.9 pp	2.7 pp	21.1	21.1		
	Severe material deprivation rate	9.7	9.3	12.5	14.8	18.1	18.7	15.6	17.2	17.9		0.7 pp	8.2 pp	10.4	9.5		
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households	3.4	3.1	3.6	3.2	5.0	6.4	7.3	9.4			2.1 pp	6.0 pp	9.8	9.3		
	At risk-of-poverty gap	13.6	14.6	14.8	18.1	19.3	20.6	20.4	22.2			1.8 pp	8.6 pp	25.9	26.0		
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	44.0	51.4	49.6	47.1	45.5	43.6	52.9	44.7			-8.2 pp	0.7 pp	39.2	39.0		
	Overcrowding rate	5.1	3.5	4.5	3.9	3.7	2.9	2.9	1.4			-1.5 pp	-3.7 pp	22.6	23.0		
CY	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2016	2015	2014	2015
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2014						
Youth (18-24)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	20.8	23.0	24.4	25.0	29.6	32.7	33.9	36.1			2.2 pp	15.3 pp	31.9	31.3		
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	12.9	10.3	12.2	11.6	11.2	15.7	12.6	17.2			4.6 pp	4.3 pp	23.7	23.9		
	Severe material deprivation rate	9.2	13.6	17.0	15.0	21.1	21.3	23.9	22.6	18.6		-4.0 pp	9.4 pp	11.0	9.9		
	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households	3.9	3.1	5.0	4.6	7.1	8.6	11.7	12.0			0.3 pp	8.1 pp	11.8	10.8		
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	6.3	6.8	8.5	10.1	9.0	10.7	6.4	15.0			8.6 pp	8.7 pp	13.0	12.4		
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	3.8	5.6	6.7	8.7	10.8	14.9	14.5	12.4	10.7		-1.7 pp	6.9 pp	9.3	8.4		
	NEET rate	13.4	14.5	16.7	20.7	22.3	27.1	25.1	22.2	22.4		0.2 pp	9.0 pp	16.5	15.8		
Housing cost overburden rate	2.2	2.9	3.9	2.7	2.2	1.4	2.3	3.2			0.9 pp	1.0 pp	14.6	14.2			

CY	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2016	2015	2014	2015
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016							
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	18.9	19.9	22.1	22.1	25.8	28.2	28.3	30.5			2.2 pp	11.6 pp	25.4	24.7		
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	10.8	11.2	11.9	11.5	12.2	14.4	13.4	15.9			2.5 pp	5.1 pp	17.1	17.1		
	Severe material deprivation rate	8.6	9.5	11.5	11.6	15.5	16.7	16.7	16.8	14.2		-2.6 pp	5.6 pp	9.2	8.4		
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	5.0	4.4	5.3	5.5	6.9	8.4	10.6	11.4			0.8 pp	6.4 pp	11.7	11.1		
	At risk-of-poverty gap	14.0	18.6	20.1	20.4	20.5	18.3	19.3	21.8			2.5 pp	7.8 pp	26.9	27.1		
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	6.3	6.8	7.4	7.3	8.0	9.0	7.8	9.2			1.4 pp	2.9 pp	9.5	9.5		
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	36.5	38.1	37.4	42.5	41.9	38.2	43.7	36.7			-7.1 pp	0.2 pp	34.7	34.5		
	Overcrowding rate	3.1	2.6	3.6	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.3	1.6			-0.7 pp	-1.5 pp	17.8	17.8		
	Housing cost overburden rate	1.8	2.6	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.3	4.1	4.2			0.1 pp	2.4 pp	12.0	11.7		

CY	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2016	2015	2014	2015
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016							
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	49.3	48.6	42.6	39.8	33.4	26.1	27.2	20.8			-6.4 pp	-28.5 pp	17.8	17.4		
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	46.3	46.4	39.9	35.5	29.3	20.1	22.4	17.3			-5.1 pp	-29.0 pp	13.8	14.1		
	Severe material deprivation rate	10.9	9.5	7.3	7.1	7.5	9.0	7.4	5.1	5.4		0.3 pp	-5.5 pp	6.3	5.5		
	Relative median income of elderly	0.59	0.61	0.65	0.67	0.70	0.77	0.75	0.80			6.7%	35.6%	0.94	0.93		
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.33	0.37	0.37	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.39	0.43			10.3%	30.3%	0.56	0.57		
	Overcrowding rate	1.4	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5			-0.3 pp	-0.9 pp	6.6	6.5		
	Housing cost overburden rate	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.1	1.6	2.8	2.0			-0.8 pp	0.0 pp	10.6	10.4		

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

CY	%	EU28												
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year		
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)	21.5	20.2	21.8	23.4	27.5	27.7	24.7	28.9		4.2 pp	7.4 pp	27.7	26.9
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)	14.0	12.3	12.6	12.8	13.9	15.5	12.8	16.7		3.9 pp	2.7 pp	21.1	21.1
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)	9.7	9.3	12.5	14.8	18.1	18.7	15.6	17.2		0.7 pp	8.2 pp	10.4	9.5
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)	3.4	3.1	3.6	3.2	5.0	6.4	7.3	9.4		2.1 pp	6.0 pp	9.8	9.3
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)	5.5	6.5	3.8	5.5	4.1	9.8	6.7	6.8		0.1 pp	1.3 pp	13.2	13.3
	in-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children	6.0	5.7	6.0	6.5	6.8	8.0	5.8	7.4		1.6 pp	1.4 pp	11.1	11.1
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households	57.2	63.3	67.1	61.6	55.7	69.0	59.1	65.4		6.3 pp	8.2 pp	67.1	69.9
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work	12.5	10.6	10.6	11.2	11.6	11.8	9.1	11.8		2.7 pp	-0.7 pp	16.0	16.0
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	10.0	8.0	10.0	8.0	7.0	3.0	5.7	9.4		3.7 pp	-0.6 pp	14.0	14.7
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	20.0	12.0	16.0	17.0	19.0	22.0	19.8	11.4		-8.4 pp	-8.6 pp	14.4	15.6
Access to adequate resources	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	39.0	39.0	34.0	34.0	32.0	34.0	31.4	49.4		18.0 pp	10.4 pp	33.9	33.9
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	37.0	45.0	45.0	39.0	42.0	46.0	48.2	32.0		-16.2 pp	-5.0 pp	49.2	49.4
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)	13.6	14.6	14.8	18.1	19.3	20.6	20.4	22.2		1.8 pp	8.6 pp	25.9	26.0
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	14.3	15.4	16.8	11.0	13.9	11.1	7.6	6.6	7.1	0.5 pp	-7.2 pp	21.7	21.7
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)												4.2	4.4
	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	19.5	21.3	24.6	16.7	20.9	17.1	12.2	11.0	12.3	1.3 pp	-7.2 pp	27.1	27.2
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty	44.0	51.4	49.6	47.1	45.5	43.6	52.9	44.7		-8.2 pp	0.7 pp	39.2	39.0
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)	1.5	2.4	2.8	2.9	3.1	4.5	4.2	3.8		-0.4 pp	2.3 pp	10.8	10.7
	NEET rate (15-19)	5.6	5.1	6.8	7.1	8.7	7.4	7.6	7.5	8.2	0.7 pp	2.6 pp	6.5	6.3
	Access to quality services	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	13.7	11.7	12.7	11.3	11.4	9.1	6.8	5.2	7.7	2.5 pp	-6.0 pp	11.2
Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)		0.7	1.0	1.9	1.2	1.8	1.3	1.4	0.7		-0.7 pp	0.0 pp	1.5	1.3
Infant mortality rate		3.5	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.5	1.6	1.4	2.7		1.3 pp	-0.8 pp	3.7	3.6
Severe housing deprivation (0-17)		2.0	1.7	2.1	2.4	1.9	1.6	2.3	0.8		-1.5 pp	-1.2 pp	7.4	7.4
Overcrowding rate (0-17)		5.1	3.5	4.5	3.9	3.7	2.9	2.9	1.4		-1.5 pp	-3.7 pp	22.6	23.0

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data). Note: The figure for SMD in 2016 is provisional.

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2013-2053)

TRR case		Net				Gross			
		2013		2053		2013		2053	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	58.0		n.a.		52.0		n.a.	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	58.0		70.0		52.0		61.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	58.0		75.0		52.0		66.0	
	AWG career length case	58.0	55.0	71.0	68.0	52.0	51.0	62.0	61.0
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			65.0				57.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			n.a.				n.a.	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			78.0				69.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			67.0				58.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			75.0				65.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			73.0				64.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			72.0				63.0	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year			72.0				64.0	
	Career break due to child care: 1 year			71.0				64.0	
	Career break due to child care: 2 years			70.0				63.0	
	Career break due to child care: 3 years			69.0				62.0	
	Short career (30 year career)			57.0				50.0	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			68.0				59.0	
	Early retirement due to disability			69.0				60.0	
Indexation: 10 years after retirement			69.0				60.0		
Low Earnings (66%)	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	64.0		n.a.		60.0		n.a.	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	64.0		70.0		60.0		63.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	64.0		73.0		60.0		66.0	
	AWG career length case *	64.0	67.0	69.0	68.0	60.0	62.0	62.0	61.0
	Longer career I: from age 25 to 67			65.0				59.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to 63			n.a.				n.a.	
	Longer career I: from age 25 to SPA+2			76.0				68.0	
	Shorter career I: from age 25 to SPA-2			66.0				59.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 1 year			73.0				65.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 2 years			71.0				64.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			71.0				64.0	
	Career break due to child care: 0 year			73.0				65.0	
	Career break due to child care: 1 year			72.0				65.0	
	Career break due to child care: 2 years			72.0				65.0	
	Career break due to child care: 3 years			72.0				64.0	
	Short career (30 year career) *	56.0		58.0		52.0		52.0	
	Early retirement due to unemployment			68.0				61.0	
	Early retirement due to disability			69.0				62.0	
Pension rights of surviving spouses			129.0				152.0		
High	Base case I: 40 years up to age 65	50.0		n.a.		40.0		n.a.	
	Base case II: 40 years up to the SPA	50.0		59.0		40.0		47.0	

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2015 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2013-2053)

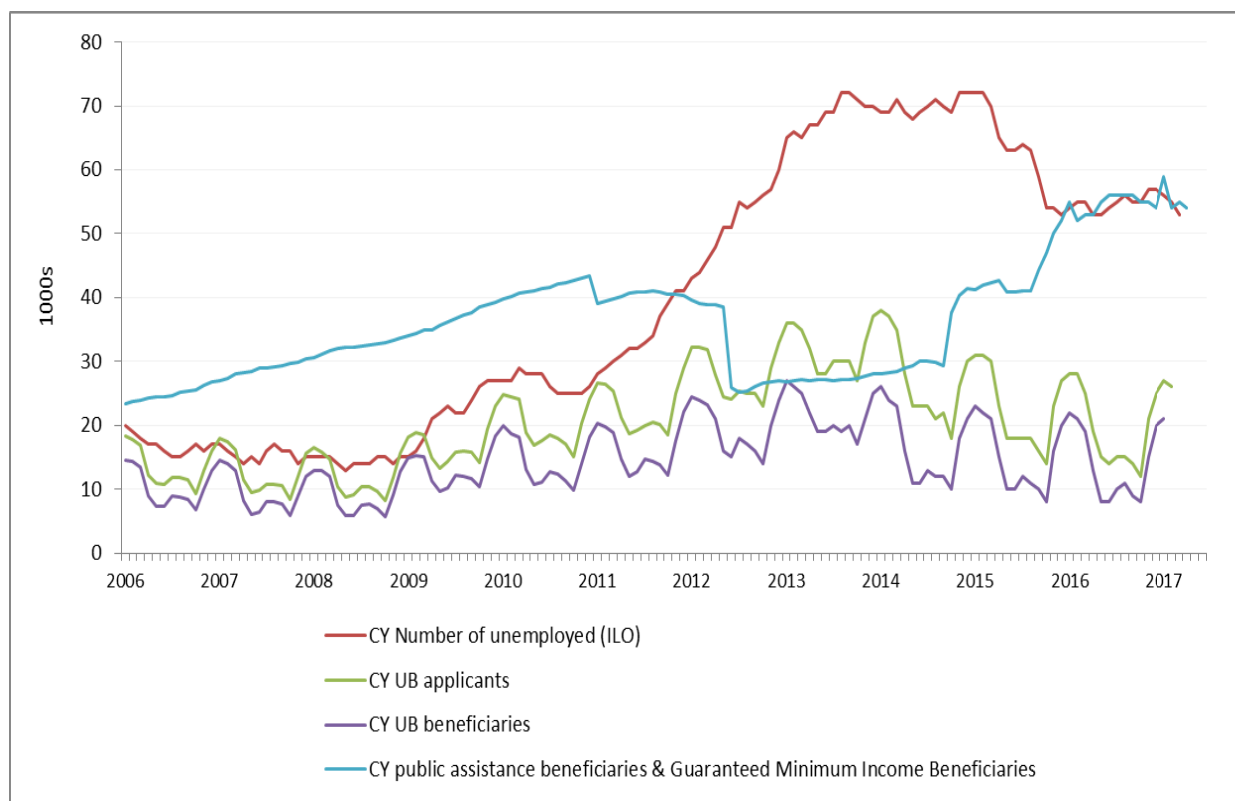
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

CY									EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2014	2015
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	63.9	64.8	65.1	61.6	63.4	64.3	66.1	63.1	61.4	62.6
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	64.5	65.3	64.2	61.0	64.0	65.0	66.3	63.4	61.8	63.3
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	9.1	9.9	9.7	8.0	8.8	9.5	10.4	8.4	8.6	9.4
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	7.6	8.2	7.9	5.9	7.7	8.7	8.8	7.3	8.6	9.4
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	78.2	78.6	79.2	79.3	78.9	80.1	80.9	79.9	78.1	77.9
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	82.9	83.6	83.9	83.1	83.4	85.0	84.7	83.7	83.6	83.3
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	17.8	18.1	18.3	18.2	17.9	18.6	18.9	18.4	18.2	17.9
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	20.3	20.9	21.0	20.3	20.4	21.6	21.4	20.8	21.6	21.2
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	2.8	3.4	4.1	4.4	3.5	4.4	4.7	1.5	3.6	3.2
Self-perceived health (%)	76.5	75.6	74.4	75.6	77.1	76.4	77.5	80.2	67.4	66.9
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)	1716.8	1720.6	1711.6	1779.6	1711.7	1525.5	1519.2	1590.1		
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)	6.9	7.4	7.3	7.6	7.4	6.9	6.8			

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: i) Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health; ii) Total health care expenditure figures are based on SHA 1.0 from 2008-2012, and on SHA 2011 for 2013 onwards, hence there is a break in series in 2013.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS²⁴



²⁴ These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

CY	Unemployment
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Eurostat
	Unemployment benefit (1)
definition	Number of applicants for unemployment benefit
unit	thousands of applicants
source	Social Insurance Services, Ministry of Labour, Welfare and Social Insurance, Cyprus
comment	CY UB applicants refer to the number of applicants for unemployment benefit from Social Insurance Services. Some of those applicants can be rejected due to the qualifying contribution conditions of the unemployment benefit. The unsmoothness of the number of applicants is due to the seasonality effect of the hospitality industry.
	Unemployment benefit (2)
definition	Number of beneficiaries for unemployment benefit
unit	thousands of applicants
source	Social Insurance Services, Ministry of Labour, Welfare and Social Insurance, Cyprus
comment	CY UB beneficiaries refer to the number of beneficiaries for unemployment benefit from Social Insurance Services at the corresponding period. The unsmoothness of the number of beneficiaries is due to the seasonality effect of the hospitality industry.
	Social assistance benefit / Guaranteed Minimum Income
definition	Number of public assistance beneficiaries & guaranteed minimum income beneficiaries
unit	thousands of beneficiaries
source	1. Welfare Benefits Administration Service, Ministry of Labour, Welfare and Social Insurance, Cyprus 2. Social Welfare Services, Ministry of Labour, Welfare and Social Insurance, Cyprus
comment	CY public assistance beneficiaries & Guaranteed Minimum Income Beneficiaries refer to the number of applicants plus their dependants. The decrease shown in the number of public assistance beneficiaries in June 2012 is due to a change of the relevant legislation. More specifically, until May 2012 financial assistance to lone parents was provided in the context of the Public Assistance Legislation and from June 2012 a single parent benefit has been introduced in the Child Benefit Law. In addition, the cases of public assistance with the nature of distress "unemployment" in April 2017 were 642. The data in the table from 10/2014 and onwards includes figures for public assistance beneficiaries and guaranteed minimum income beneficiaries. The Guaranteed Minimum Income (GMI) was established in July 2014 with the aim to ensure a socially acceptable minimum standard of living for persons (and families) legally residing in the Republic of Cyprus whose income and other economic resources are insufficient to meet their basic and special needs. The new GMI will gradually replace the existing public assistance and the low income pensioners scheme. The nature of the benefit is differential in that it varies according to the applicant's income and family structure.

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	CY										EU27		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	change 2014-2015 (2015-2016 for SMD & LFS-based figures)	change 2008 to latest year	latest year change	change 2008 to latest year
Europe 2020	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	23.3	23.5	24.6	27.1	27.8	27.4	28.9	n.a.	1.5 pp	5.6 pp	23.7	-0.7 pp	0.0 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for a single person household (levels in pps, changes as real change in national currency in %)	15.9	15.8	14.8	14.7	15.3	14.4	16.2	n.a.	1.8 pp	0.3 pp	17.3	0.1 pp	0.8 pp
	Severe material deprivation rate (in %)	10.945	11.256	10.816	11.444	10.259	9.457	9.188	n.a.	-2.7 %	-20.3 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Population living in (quasi-) jobless households (in %)	9.1	9.5	11.2	11.7	15.0	15.3	15.4	13.7	-1.7 pp	4.6 pp	8.0	-0.3 pp	-0.8 pp
Intensity of poverty risk	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (in %)	4.5	4.0	4.9	4.9	6.5	7.9	10.9	n.a.	1.2 pp	6.4 pp	10.6	-0.6 pp	1.4 pp
Persistence of poverty risk	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	15.3	17.2	18.0	19.0	19.0	18.5	19.8	n.a.	1.3 pp	4.5 pp	24.8	0.3 pp	2.9 pp
Income inequalities	Income quintile ratio (S80/S20)	9.9	10.1	9.2	8.6	8.3	10.0	7.3	n.a.	0.0 pp	-2.6 pp	10.9	0.6 pp	2.2 pp
	At-risk-of poverty or social exclusion rate of children (% of people aged 0-17)	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.7	5.4	5.2	n.a.	-3.7 %	20.9 %	5.2	0.0 %	4.0 %
Child poverty and social exclusion	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	21.5	20.2	21.8	23.4	27.5	24.7	28.9	n.a.	4.2 pp	7.4 pp	26.9	-0.8 pp	0.5 pp
	Impact of social transfers (incl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	30.6	33.0	33.6	37.0	37.5	41.5	36.2	n.a.	-5.2 pp	5.6 pp	33.5	-0.6 pp	-1.3 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	At-risk-of-poverty rate for the population living in (quasi-) jobless households	48.2	49.8	52.4	55.6	57.0	60.5	58.2	n.a.	-2.3 pp	10.0 pp	61.2	-0.3 pp	0.5 pp
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate (in %)	50.4	50.6	48.6	46.6	45.4	51.7	50.9	n.a.	-0.8 pp	0.5 pp	58.9	0.9 pp	3.2 pp
Social consequences of labour market	Long-term unemployment rate (in %)	6.3	6.8	7.4	7.3	8.0	9.0	7.8	9.2	n.a.	1.4 pp	9.5	-0.1 pp	1.0 pp
	Early school leavers (in %)	0.5	0.6	1.3	1.6	3.6	6.1	7.7	6.8	5.8	-1.0 pp	4.5	-0.6 pp	1.3 pp
Youth exclusion	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	13.7	11.7	12.7	11.3	11.4	9.1	6.8	5.2	7.7	2.5 pp	11.0	-0.2 pp	-4.0 pp
	NEETs (15-24)	3.8	5.6	6.7	8.7	10.8	14.9	14.5	10.7	-1.7 pp	6.9 pp	8.4	-0.7 pp	0.8 pp
Active ageing	Employment rate of older workers (55-64) in %	9.7	9.9	11.7	14.6	16.0	18.7	17.0	15.3	15.9	0.6 pp	12.0	-0.5 pp	0.6 pp
	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) in %	54.8	55.7	56.3	54.8	50.7	49.6	48.5	52.0	3.5 pp	-2.8 pp	53.4	2.0 pp	9.9 pp
Pension adequacy	Median relative income of elderly people	49.3	48.6	42.6	39.8	33.4	26.1	27.2	20.8	n.a.	-6.4 pp	17.3	-0.4 pp	-6.0 pp
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.59	0.61	0.65	0.67	0.70	0.77	0.80	n.a.	6.7 %	35.6 %	0.93	-1.1 %	9.4 %
Health	Self reported unmet need for medical care	0.33	0.37	0.37	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.39	0.43	n.a.	10.3 %	0.57	1.8 %	16.3 %
	Healthy life years at 65 - males	2.8	3.4	4.1	4.4	3.5	4.4	4.7	1.5	n.a.	-3.2 pp	3.2	-0.4 pp	0.1 pp
Access to decent housing	Healthy life years at 65 - females	9.1	9.9	9.7	8.0	8.8	9.5	10.4	8.4	n.a.	-19.2 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Housing cost overburden rate	7.6	8.2	7.9	5.9	7.7	8.8	7.3	n.a.	-17.0 %	-3.5 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Evolution in real household disposable income	Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	1.8	2.4	3.1	3.1	3.3	4.0	3.9	n.a.	-0.1 pp	2.1 pp	11.3	-0.3 pp	0.8 pp
		6.5	-2.8	1.0	-0.8	-4.0	-5.4	-0.8	n.a.	-0.8 %	-17.3 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2014-2015 for EU-SILC based indicators (except SMD) and 2015-2016 for SMD and LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2015 and 2008-2016 respectively.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, CYPRUS

2017

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services	<p>The indicator for people at-risk-of poverty or social exclusion is worse than the EU average. The indicator shows negative development for children.</p> <p>The share of people (aged 0-59) living in jobless households is around the EU average but shows a significantly negative development (in particular for children).</p> <p><i>There is a high risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities^{25 26}.</i></p>	The persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate is around the EU average and shows a positive development.
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty	The share of children living in a household suffering from severe material deprivation is worse than the EU average. (in line with working age and general population)	The at-risk-of poverty rate of children living in household at work ($0.55 < WI \leq 1$) is significantly better than the EU average.
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age	<p>In-work poverty for men is around the EU average but shows some negative development.</p> <p>The at-risk-of poverty rate for people of working age is around the EU average but shows a significantly negative development.</p> <p>Housing deprivation for people of working age (18-64) is worse than the EU average.</p>	
4. Elderly poverty/ adequate income and living conditions of the elderly	The aggregate replacement ratio (excluding other social benefits) is significantly worse than the EU average.	
5. Health & LTC	<p><i>While reforms for the implementation of universal health insurance for all citizens are under way, the Cypriot health care system remains characterised by a lack of universal coverage. Levels of antibiotic consumption are above the EU average²⁷.</i></p> <p><i>Long-term care system is fragmented and characterised by a relatively low coverage and limited financing²⁸.</i></p>	Healthy life years at birth are above the EU average and shows significantly positive development.
6. Other key issues		

Note: The assessment of the key social challenges and good social outcomes within EU Member States is based on a full analysis of all the indicators in the social policy area of the Joint Assessment Framework tool, not only those included in the tables in this Country Profile.

²⁵ Disability measured through a concept of long-standing limitation in performing usual activities: “*Limitation in activities people usually do because of health problems for at least the past six months*” (EU-SILC). Level of activity limitation considered: “*some or severe*”.

²⁶ Source: Eurostat 2015.

²⁷ Source: Health at a Glance Europe 2016; State of Health in the EU Cycle; Country report 2017; Joint Report on HealthCare and Long-term care Systems and Fiscal Sustainability 2016

²⁸ Source: Country Report 2017, Eurostat Labour Force Survey 2016