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Overview of the Monitoring, Reporting and Evaluation Frameworks for the MFF 2014-2020 Programmes

Accompanying the document

REPORT FROM THE COMMISSION TO THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL

on the evaluation of the Union's finances based on the results achieved

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INTRODUCTION

This Staff Working Document ('SWD' 1) is one of the two SWDs accompanying the Commission's fourth Article 318 Evaluation Report. It delivers on one of the actions promised by the Action Plan attached to last year's Art 318 Evaluation Report namely to¹:

"(...) describe the framework for monitoring, evaluation and reporting to the end of the next MFF that results from the legal instruments supporting the next generation of programmes and the additional work of the Commission to complete the framework. For each policy area it will include the general and specific objectives of the programme, where appropriate linked to the main indicators attached to each objective, monitoring arrangements and the timing and content of evaluations and reporting. It will show how annual reporting on progress in the early implementation of the next MFF will be accompanied by continuing work on the ex-post evaluation of the performance of the current programmes. Alongside information on progress in implementation, it will show when the main evaluations of the performance of the current programme will have been completed and when and how progress and performance reporting on the 2014 -2020 programme will be made, including Commission and Member State contributions. It will indicate the timing of actions remaining to be taken to complete the framework".

The purpose of this SWD is to show how the spending programmes under the 2014-2020 Multiannual Financial Framework (MFF) are equipped, through monitoring, reporting and evaluation arrangements, to measure progress in implementation and to evaluate the programmes' performance. It provides an outline of which type of information can be expected at different points in time during and after the current MFF period, including ex-post evaluations of the previous 2007-2013 MFF programmes, which will be consequently reported on in the Article 318 Evaluation Report.

This document is structured as follows:

Part I provides an analysis of the main features and structure of the monitoring, reporting and evaluation frameworks (hereinafter referred to as 'MORE frameworks') for the spending programmes under the MFF 2014-2020². It highlights issues which the European Parliament and the European Council have considered important in recent Discharge Reports and in the European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2014 on the Article 318 Evaluation Report.

The analysis:

- confirms that the general objectives of main spending programmes are linked to the Europe 2020 objectives (in I.1) with a view to measuring and reporting better on the contribution of spending programmes towards the Union's main objectives as requested by the Discharge Authority.
- highlights an increased focus on the performance of the programmes in the MORE frameworks of the European Structural and Investment (ESI) Funds through the so-called

¹ Reference is made to SWD2 for an overview of the actions taken and actions still to be taken on the Action Plan.

² The European Development Fund is an extra-budgetary fund outside the MFF. It is therefore not taken up in this document. The same is true for the emergency aid reserve which is a special instrument and its actions cannot be programmed. The emergency aid reserve is entered into the Union budget as a provision. There are some others that technically are spending programmes, although with a very specific set-up and purpose. For reasons of completeness, these instruments are described in this SWD (e.g. the European Globalisation Adjustment Fund; Compulsory contributions to Regional Fisheries Management Organisations (RFMOs); other International Organisations and Sustainable Fisheries Partnership Agreements (SFPAs); and Macro-Financial Assistance).

'performance reserve' (in I.2). The Article 318 Evaluation Report will include information on its functioning.

- confirms that the implementation of the programmes is regularly monitored, which allows for annual reporting in the Article 318 Evaluation Report on progress in programme implementation and programme management on the basis of the performance information provided in the Annual Activity Reports of the Commission's departments (I.3).
- shows that there are differences between the MORE frameworks of programmes directly managed by the Commission or agencies and programmes under shared management by the Commission and Member States. The MORE frameworks of the latter type of programmes are far more complex, as a consequence data on implementation and performance becomes available later to the Commission, which affects the timing of reporting under Article 318 (1.4).
- gives indications to the Discharge Authority when the Article 318 Evaluation Report can be expected to start reporting on programme performance; addressing performance aspects such as effectiveness, efficiency and EU added value (I.5). It shows that, in the early years of implementation of the programmes, ex-post evaluations of the performance of the previous MFF programmes will become available. From 2017 onwards, so from four years into the current spending programmes, mid-term evaluations will be completed; typically focussing on lessons learned from the early years of implementation as well as providing first indications on progress towards the achievement of programme objectives. The mid-term evaluations provide input for the preparation of proposals for spending programmes for the next MFF. From 2020, when financial resources are spent, the final and ex-post evaluation work will start, later producing conclusions on the longer term impact, sustainability of the financing, the attainment of objectives and on issues as effectiveness, efficiency and EU-added value of the programmes.

Part II gives an overview for all spending programmes of the set-up of the MORE frameworks on which the analysis in Part I has been based. The MORE frameworks are based on the legal acts adopted by the EU legislators. The frameworks include the programmes' general and specific objectives, indicators and milestones, as well as the main monitoring, reporting and evaluation actions, their content and timing. In addition, they include the timing and content of ex-post evaluations of MFF-2007-2013 spending programmes. In particular, the overview in Part II provides for each spending programme:

- A description of the general and specific objectives of the spending programme and an indication of how progress in achieving the objectives will be measured. It gives the baseline values, indicators, intermediate milestones and 2020 targets.
- An explanation of how monitoring and reporting arrangements are set up; the actors involved; the provisions to allow tracking progress on achieving milestones and targets. The frequency of monitoring reports is given as well as the issues covered by these reports and the intended use of the available monitoring data.
- The timing of planned evaluations, their scope and coverage.

PART I: ANALYSIS OF FINDINGS

The MFF covers both spending programmes aimed at contributing to the internal EU policies as well as spending programmes contributing to the Union's external policy objectives. The European Parliament has asked the Article 318 Evaluation Report to deal separately with the internal and external programmes. In addition, the MORE frameworks of the latter spending programmes are rather different from the spending programmes contributing to the Union's internal policies. The analysis therefore deals first with the EU's internal policies (I), then with the EU's external policies (II), before presenting concluding remarks (III).

I) The internal EU policies

I.1 Improved reporting on the contribution of 2014-2020 MFF spending programmes to Europe 2020

The objectives of all the main spending programmes contributing to the internal policies of the Union are linked to Europe 2020 objectives. Indications are therefore given how the spending programmes of the European Union aim to contribute to the Union's core 2020 objectives of smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. This is illustrated below with regard to the Connecting Europe Facility (CEF) programme:

The CEF aims at "contributing to smart, sustainable and inclusive growth, in line with the Europe 2020 Strategy, by developing modern and high-performing trans-European networks which take into account expected future traffic flows, thus benefiting the entire Union in terms of improving competitiveness on the global market and economic, social and territorial cohesion in the internal market (...)". Source: Article 3(a) CEF Regulation

In addition to the main spending programmes aiming to contribute to the Union's core objectives, the MFF also covers a number of smaller spending programmes focussing on problems not specifically related to Europe 2020, such as "Pericles 2020", which aims to prevent and combat counterfeiting and related fraud, or the "Union Civil Protection Mechanism", aiming to help public authorities when faced with natural and man-made disasters.

Linking the general objectives of spending programmes to the EU 2020 goals allows the focus to be maintained on the relevance of these programmes to the EU 2020 targets for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth, which have become an integral part of the intervention logic of major spending programmes and funds. This should facilitate the identification of the contribution of spending programmes to the Union's main objectives. As a result, the Article 318 Evaluation Report should provide a report to the Discharge Authority which focuses more on the contribution of EU spending programmes to the Union's main objectives, as has been requested.

I.2 Increased focus on performance – the example of the European Structural and Investment Funds

Result-orientation has been envisaged as an essential feature of the European Structural and Investment ('ESI') Funds (comprising: the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), the European Social Fund (ESF), the Cohesion Fund (CF), the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD), and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund (EMFF). A special performance reserve of 6% has been put in place for this purpose. In 2019 the Commission will assess on the basis of the Annual Implementation Reports or progress reports submitted by the Member States whether the spending programmes succeeded in achieving the defined mid-term targets (milestones) for the end of 2018. If yes, the performance reserve will be released. If not, the amount for the non-performing activities will not be released and possibly payments will be suspended. The final achievements of targets will be assessed in 2025 and might form the basis of financial corrections.

In addition, ex-ante conditionalities have been introduced to ensure that all institutional and strategic policy arrangements are in place for effective and efficient implementation of the five ESI Funds. The fulfilment of these conditionalities should guarantee that appropriate regulatory framework, effective policies with clear objectives and a sufficient administrative or institutional capacity are available before the start of investments. Non-fulfilment of applicable ex-ante conditionalities may trigger suspension of payments by the Commission.

I.3. Annual reporting under Article 318 on programme implementation

Almost all spending programmes will present at least an annual report covering the implementation of the programme and later also progress on achieving objectives. Less frequent reporting takes place on a bi-annual basis for two spending programmes: the EaSi programme (Programme for Employment and Social Innovation) and European Globalisation Adjustment Fund.

For most spending programmes reporting begins either in 2014 covering implementation results of the same year, or in 2015 covering implementation results of the preceding year (n+1). The last year of reporting for most spending programmes is 2020 or 2021 (n+1), with some exceptions of reporting ending earlier³. However, for some programmes under shared management (such as the ERDF, the Cohesion Fund, the ESF, as well as the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund or the Internal Security Fund) annual reporting starts later in 2016 (n+2) and continues until 2024.

I.4. Management mode - implications for the MORE Frameworks

The MFF spending programmes are managed in various ways: Many spending programmes are managed either directly by the Commission or by its executive agencies (direct management). However, the main part of the MFF budget is spent through programmes which are implemented by bodies designated by Member States (shared management). The complexity of the spending programmes and their management modes are mirrored in the set-up of the MORE frameworks, as illustrated below.

The Horizon 2020 programme is a good example of a directly managed programme with a straightforward MORE framework.

Example 1: Horizon 2020

The monitoring and reporting system contains three main components:

1. The "CORDA Data Warehouse": A comprehensive system to collect all relevant data on the implementation of Horizon 2020 activities

2. The Commission's annual monitoring reports 2015-2020 giving a systematic overview of implementation and, as of 2018, of key achievements

3. Evaluations at EU level: 2015 (ex-post preceding programme); 2017(mid-term evaluation); and 2023 (ex-post evaluation). Key Performance Indicators focussing on results will be the main elements for the evaluations.

³ European Statistical Programme 2013-2017 final report in 2017; Euratom 2014-2018 final report in 2018; Standards in the fields of Financial Reporting and European Globalisation Adjustments Fund last annual reports in 2019.

The MORE frameworks of programmes under shared management are more complicated. Given the higher number of actors involved in disbursing funds, in collecting data and in monitoring, additional steps are needed to aggregate the data at EU-level. As a consequence, EU-wide performance information from spending programmes under shared management becomes available later than for spending programmes that are centrally managed. This is illustrated by the example below.

Example 2: European Structural and Investment Funds

Common monitoring, reporting and evaluation rules are in place for the ESI Funds⁴. They set out the respective responsibilities of the Member States and the Commission in tracking the performance of the ESI Funds. Performance information is collected and aggregated at different levels: at the level of the partnership agreements (setting out per Member State the operational programmes that will be financed by the Funds); at the level of the individual operational programmes; and at the level of the individual projects carried out under the operational programmes.

	Member states	The Commission
Monitoring	Project level: monitor and collect data	As of 2016 holds annual review meetings with Member States
	Operational Programme levelMonitoringCommittees:programmeimplementationperformance;assess AIRs and evaluationsand monitor resulting actions.	
Planning and reporting on	Operational Programme level: Provide an evaluation plan Carry out an ex-ante evaluation	
performance	In 2016-2023 submit to Commission annual implementation reports (AIRs); including as of 2017 (in particular in 2019) progress on achieving objectives. In 2024: final implementation report.	As of 2016 submits each year to other institutions summary reports based on the annual implementation reports of the Member States.
	Conduct retrospective evaluation(s) and provide a report in 2022 summarizing evaluation results.	
	In 2024: Ex-post evaluation	
	Partnership agreement level: Submit to Commission by end August 2017 and end August 2019 a progress report on implementation of Partnership Agreement.	Submits to other institutions by end 2017 and end 2019 a strategic report summarising the progress reports of the Member States on implementation of Partnership Agreements.
Evaluations Commission		In 2015 and 2016: ex-post evaluations of the preceding programmes In 2025: synthesis reports outlining the main conclusions of ex-post evaluations for each of the ESI Funds.
As illustrated	above, the management mode of the spe	ending programmes and the resulting set-up

As illustrated above, the management mode of the spending programmes and the resulting set-up of the MORE frameworks affect the timing of the availability of performance information and therefore performance reporting under Article 318.

⁴ REGULATION (EU) No 1303/2013 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9/12/2013 laying down common provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and laying down general provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund, the Cohesion Fund and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1083/2006.

1.5. Progressive performance reporting during 2014-2020: Which performance information becomes available when?

Period 2014-2016/2017: The early years of implementation of the current spending programmes and final ex-post evaluations of the previous spending programmes

As explained above, in 2014-2016, the first implementation reports on the current MFF spending programmes will become available. In addition, performance information on the previous MFF spending programmes will become available from ex-post evaluations which will be variously produced between one and four years after the end of the programmes. Below, a chart shows the number of ex-post evaluations of the previous MFF spending programmes which will be finalised in the first four years of the MFF 2014-2020 period, namely the years 2014-2017.

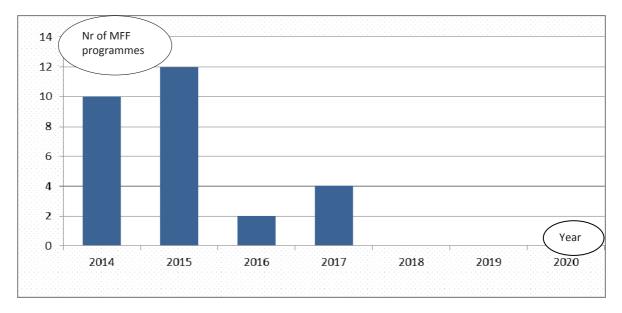


Chart 1: Planning of the ex-post evaluations of 2007-2013 MFF spending programmes⁵

Ex-post evaluations typically focus on issues such as the effectiveness, efficiency, EU added value, results achieved in relation to the objectives, sustainability of results and socio-economic impact. They try to identify factors contributing to the success or failure of programmes and identify good practice. The information from the ex-post evaluations of the previous MFF-spending programmes allows accounting for the resources spent, but also serves to make adjustments where appropriate to the current MFF 2014-2020 spending programmes or to provide input for the design of any future programmes.

Reporting under Article 318 for the years 2014-2016/2017 will therefore combine early signals of progress in implementing the MFF 2014-2020 programmes with feedback on results and impact of projects financed by the earlier programmes under the 2007-2013 MFF.

⁵ Predecessor programmes of the following MFF 2014-2020 programmes: 2014: EaSi (PROGRESS 2007-2013); Customs 2020; Fiscalis 2020; Hercule III; CEF predecessor (TEN-T); EGF; UCPM Justice; REC; Food and Feed. 2015: Horizon 2020; Euratom; Copernicus; ISA; ERDF; Cohesion Fund; ESF; EMFF direct management (CFP and area law of the sea 2007-2013); Third Health Programme; AMIF; Internal Security Fund; Europe for Citizens. 2016: CAP (second pillar: EAFRD); EMFF shared management (EFF 2007-2013). 2017: nuclear decommissioning assistance programmes; Erasmus; Consumer Programme; Creative Europe Programme.

Period 2017-2018: mid-term evaluations of the current spending programmes. First indications on progress in achieving objectives

In the intermediate period of the MFF feedback starts to become available as to whether the programmes are on track in terms of progress being made towards meeting their objectives; for example concluding on whether or to what extent those milestones which have a clear focus on results have been met. As of the financial years 2017-2018, the Article 318 Evaluation Report will be able to include first conclusions on programme performance and whether programmes are on track or whether adjustments need to be, or have been, made to improve performance.

Many MFF-spending programmes include mid-term evaluations in their planning. With one exception⁶ these mid-term evaluations have been planned for 2017 and 2018, as can be seen from chart 2 below. Nineteen spending programmes will undertake a mid-term evaluation in 2017⁷ and ten spending programmes⁸ will undertake their mid-term evaluation in 2018. These include important spending programmes which aim to contribute to the EU's core objectives like the Connecting Europe Facility (CEF) and Horizon 2020. Mid-term evaluations typically focussing on lessons learned from the early years of implementation as well as providing first indications on the achievement of programme objectives. Their results are used to make programme adjustments and to provide input for the design of any future programme.

The mid-term evaluation planned in 2018 by the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund (AMIF) explains well how mid-term evaluations contribute to the mid-term stock-taking to re-examine the continued relevance of the programme:

"In 2018 the Commission and each Member State shall re-examine the situation, in the light of the interim evaluation reports submitted in 2017 by the Member States (...), the developments in Union policies and in the Member State concerned. The interim reports will include information on the implementation of the national programmes by reference to the financial data and the indicators, any significant issues which affect the implementation of the national programmes, the progress towards achieving the objectives in the national programmes, the involvement of relevant partners". Source: annexed fiche on 'AMIF'.

Not all spending programmes foresee a mid-term evaluation. Important spending programmes under shared management (for example the ESI Funds; see example 2 above) do not provide for an EU-wide mid-term evaluation. A different system has been chosen through which the conclusions of national evaluations are included into annual implementation reports. In this way, progressively, the available information on progress in achieving programme objectives becomes available on a yearly basis alongside information on progress in the implementation of the programme.

⁶ The European Statistical Programme runs only until 2017 and will conduct its mid-term evaluation in 2015; two years before a possible renewal.

⁷ 2017: EGNOS and GALILEO; nuclear decommissioning assistance programmes; ITER, Horizon 2020; Euratom; Erasmus +; EaSi; Hercule III; Pericles 2020; CEF; EGF; EMFF (direct management); LIFE; UCPM; Europe for Citizens; Third Health Programme; Consumer Programme, Creative Europe Programme; Copernicus.

⁸ 2018: COSME; Customs 2020; Fiscalis 2020; ISA; FEAD; Food and Feed; AMIF; Internal Security Fund; Justice Programme; REC.

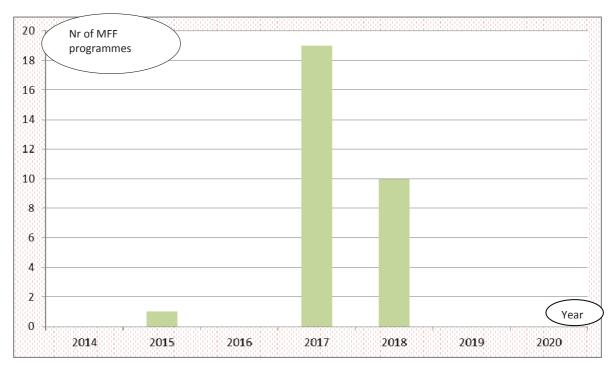


Chart 2: Planning of mid-term evaluations of 2014-2020 MFF spending programmes

Period 2019 and beyond: conclusions on achievement of programme objectives

Only as of 2019 will more conclusive performance information become available from annual reporting and from ex-post evaluations feeding into the Article 318 Evaluation Report. This includes both the data relating to the achieving of the different objectives of individual spending programmes as well as their contribution to reaching the Europe 2020 goals. As regards the learning purpose from ex-post evaluations; as possible successor schemes will be well under way when the ex-post evaluations will be completed, the results will more likely be used for the mid-term adaptation of any successor spending programme post-2020.

As regards the timing of ex-post evaluations, across the MFF spending programmes it can be observed on the basis of the MORE frameworks of all spending programmes that the vast majority of them will take place after 2020 with two exceptions⁹. The exact date of the ex-post evaluation sometimes has not yet been defined¹⁰. For those spending programmes for which information is available, chart 3 below indicates the year of the ex-post evaluation.

⁹ The European Statistical Programme runs until 2017 and an ex-post evaluation is foreseen for 2018. A report on the achievement of programme objectives is foreseen for the Programme Standards in the field of Financial Reporting 12 months before the end of the programme.

¹⁰ Nuclear decommissioning assistance programmes and CEF.

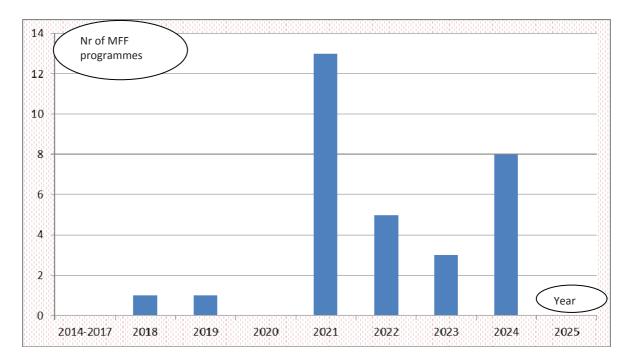


Chart 3: Planning of ex-post evaluations of 2014-2020 MFF spending programmes¹¹

The ex-post evaluations which become available in 2024 concern major spending programmes under shared management like the ESI Funds for which the Commission will produce synthesis reports in 2025.

II) External policies of the Union

The spending programmes financed in the area of external actions, representing around 6.5% of the budget of the MFF spending programmes, are complex and varied. They are used in partner countries via different types of interventions (projects and programmes, pooled funds with other donors, budget support) managed mainly by EU delegations. Partner countries may use funding from several spending programmes to reach the objectives of the EU cooperation. The MORE frameworks of the spending programmes under heading 4 reflect this complex structure and try to capture progress in two dimensions: the contribution to development results and to organisational performance (effectiveness and efficiency of management of operations).

The monitoring is carried out through two different methods and the evaluations have different focusses (see table below). For details and exact planning of the different types of evaluations reference is made to Part II of this SWD (the introduction part of Heading 4 'Global Europe' and the individual programme fiches.

In order to better streamline reporting on the implementation of the Union's external actions, including reporting under Article 318, a new Implementing Regulation has been proposed. It sets

¹¹ 2018: ESP. 2019: standards in the fields of financial reporting and auditing. 2021: COSME; Customs 2020; Fiscalis 2020; Hercule III, Pericles 2020; EGF; EMFF (direct management part); Third Health Programme; Consumer Programme; Justice Programme; REC Programme; Union Civil Protection Mechanism, ISA. 2022: Euratom; Erasmus +; EaSI; Food and Feed; Creative Europe Programme. 2023: Horizon 2020; LIFE; Europe for Citizens. 2024: ERDF; Cohesion Fund; ESF; CAP (second pillar); EMFF (shared management part); FEAD; AMIF; Internal Security Fund.

common rules and a common procedure for six¹² of the 12 spending programmes under Heading 4, representing almost 50% of the budget for external actions. For each of these spending programmes annual reporting starts in 2015 and contains information on the previous year. It will indicate the progress in achieving programme objectives and issues of efficiency and include performance results from monitoring and evaluations. The 2021 annual report will consolidate the information from previous annual reports. A mid-term review report in 2017 and a final evaluation (post 2020) are also foreseen. The table below shows the structure of the MORE frameworks for programmes falling under the Common Implementing Regulation and thereby gives an indication of what type of performance information is available at which point in time to support performance reporting under Article 318.

Monitoring	External Evaluations
Internal by Commission services and EU delegations of project implementation through the collections of analysis of data from progress reports, field visits etc.	At <u>level of projects/ programmes</u> : These evaluations aim to provide an understanding of project performance and results and identifying lessons learned.
External by independent consultants through the Results Oriented Monitoring (ROM) system, which analysis a portion ¹³ of the aided projects and recommends improvements.	At <u>level of strategies</u> : These evaluations relate to geographic areas (co-operation with a country or region) or thematic programmes (e.g. health, conflict prevention) or use of aid channels (e.g. through intermediaries such as NGOs or UN or budget support). In 2016: meta-evaluations reviewing existing strategic evaluations relating to certain themes (e.g. on primary education).
	At the level of the <u>legal instrument</u> : As of 2015: annual implementation reports 2017: Mid-term review report 2021: Final annual report consolidating information from previous reports Post 2020: Final evaluation.

In addition to the monitoring and evaluation arrangements for the six external action spending programmes covered by the Common Implementing Regulation, the Article 318 Evaluation Report will report on the results of three mid-term evaluations that are foreseen in 2017 for respectively Humanitarian Aid (EU Aid Volunteers part); the Cooperation with Greenland programme; and the assistance programme for the Turkish Cypriot community. Also ex-post evaluations will be carried out for these programmes after 2020.

III) Concluding remarks

- The MORE frameworks for the MFF 2014-2020 have been established by the European Parliament and the Council in the legal bases for the programmes. Reporting under Article 318 will be based on the monitoring, reporting and evaluation provisions included in these legal bases.
- The frameworks are better designed than those of the previous spending programmes; increased attention having been paid to this aspect in the adoption of the new programmes. Namely, all programme frameworks have objectives and relevant indicators;

¹² Namely the European Neighbourhood Instrument (ENI), the Development Cooperation Instrument (DCI); the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR); the Partnership Instrument (PI), the Instrument Contributing to Stability and Peace (IcSP); Instrument for Pre-accession assistance) and IPA II.

¹³ In 2013, for all EU contributions above EUR 1 million 30% of the projects and programmes portfolio have been assessed. For contributions below EUR 1 million a sample of 10% was assessed.

where appropriate a link is made between programme objectives and Europe 2020 goals; some frameworks contain a special reserve to be released only when performance objectives have been achieved; appropriate systems are in place to allow for annual tracking of progress; almost all programmes provide for a mid-term, or strong annual performance-focused reporting (ESI Funds), as of 2017 and ex-post evaluations. All these elements are expected to contribute to the success of the 2014-2020 MFF spending programmes and a meaningful performance reporting required in Article 318 of the TFEU.

- The frameworks include monitoring, evaluation and reporting provisions with respect to, on the one hand, the implementation of the programmes by the European Commission, its agencies, the Member States and other bodies, and, on the other hand, the effectiveness of the programmes on the ground, subject to the wide variety of factors that influence their achievements.
- The timing of the different phases in this work under the MORE framework largely reflects the timing of such work under previous MFF. This is because payments continue to be made throughout most of the life of the programmes, the actions financed by the programmes only follow-on from the payments, and the impacts of the actions financed can only be measured over subsequent years, particularly for any lasting effects. Consequently, reporting under the Article 318 Evaluation Report on performance will be bound by the timing set out in the legal frameworks.
- The framework for each spending programme also shows how the evidence gathered through monitoring and evaluation supports evidence-based policy making, potentially feeding programme adjustments and making input to future decisions on subsequent spending programmes.

PART II: OVERVIEW MORE FRAMEWORKS

H1a Competitiveness for growth and jobs

EGNOS and Galileo (European Satellite Navigation Programmes)

Title spending programme:	EGNOS and Galileo (European Satellite Navigation Programmes)
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The overall progress and performance reporting framework of the programmes' implementation is based on the following documents: - An annual work programme, in the form of an implementation plan of the actions required to meet the specific objectives of the Galileo and EGNOS programmes. This annual work programme shall also provide for the funding of those actions; - a quarterly status report on the achievements and development of the programmes in particular in terms of risk management, cost, schedule and performance; at least once a year, those reports should include the performance indicators referred to in the new GNSS Regulation; - an annual implementation report evaluating the fulfilment of the annual work programme to be proposed by the Commission each year when it presents the preliminary draft budget; that report should contain all information pertaining to the programmes, in particular in terms of risk management, overall cost, annual operating cost, revenues, schedule and performance and as regards the functioning of the delegation agreements concluded with ESA and the GSA; - a mid-term evaluation of the implementation of the Galileo and EGNOS programmes focusing on quantitative and qualitative results so far achieved to be published by 30 June 2017.
	Pursuant to Article 33 of the Regulation (EU) no 1285/2013 (GNSS Regulation), the Commission should also inform the European Parliament and the Council of the interim and final results of the evaluation of the procurement tenders and of the contracts with private sector entities established in the framework of the programmes. It should also inform them of any re-allocation of funds.
	Finally, in the day-to-day management, the Commission will implement a risk management mechanism and appropriate management tools to contain programmes' cost based on better cost estimation, taking stock of previous experience and actual system implementation.
	As regards the <u>system in place to collect data</u> , the Commission in exercising its powers of political supervision over the Galileo and EGNOS programmes will strengthen the monitoring and evaluation mechanisms over the programme management entities by requesting detailed annual management plans and implementation reports as well as organising regular programme progress meetings and carrying out financial and technological audits.
	Considering that the European GNSS Agency and the European Space Agency will have important roles in the implementation of the programmes in accordance to the GNSS Regulation, the delegation agreements between the Commission and those entities will provide for regular and ad-hoc reporting on programmatic, technical, contractual and financial aspects of the implementation of the tasks delegated by the Commission.
	This data collection system should support the reporting obligation set out in the GNSS regulation, in particular as regards <u>the key performance indicators</u> referred to in Article 34 thereof, which needs to be included in the Commission's reports on an annual basis.
	Galileo and EGNOS are complex industrial projects, which rely on the development of new technologies. The programmes are therefore <u>adjusted</u> on a regular basis in accordance to the latest developments and contracts' implementation.
	Decisions on the renewal, modification or suspension of the measures taken pursuant to the GNSS Regulation should be taken further to the mid-term evaluation report expected to be published by 30 June 2017.
	General and specific objectives, indicators, milestones and targets
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	Supporting satellite navigation programmes (EGNOS and Galileo)

Impact indicator:	Current	situation			Long term target 2020		
Market share of EU GNSS industry in worldwide GNSS downstream market	SoL declaration				202	20: 33%	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	To develop an by 2019 ¹⁴	nd provide glob	oal satellite-bas	ed radio navig	ation infrast	ructures and se	rvices (Galileo)
Indicator 1	Cumulative nu	mber of opera	tional satellites				
Baseline			Milest	ones			Target
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
2013: 4		14 by 2015					30 satellites by 2020
Indicator 2	Terrestrial infr	astructure dep	loyed version		1		- ,
Baseline			Milest	ones			Target
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Version 1 in June 2011		Version 2					No target yet foreseen after 2015
Indicator 3	Number of ser	vices impleme	nted				•
Baseline			Milest	ones			Target
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
3 initial services by 2015		3 initial services					4 services by 2020
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2 Indicator 1	ECAC (Europe countries ¹⁵	an Civil Aviati	on Conference	region by 20	20 (EGNOS)	to gradually co and Europear s agreed cover	neighbouring
	Source: GSA	or. Frogress (ension versu	s agreed cover	
Baseline	201.4	2015	Milest		2010	2010	Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
No baseline established yet	Establishment of EU coverage extension plan for EU-28 in Sept 2014						Coverage of EU-28 with EGNOS
Indicator 2		ith an operati	ional status ve			with EGNOS-ba airports with I	
Baseline			Milest	ones			Target
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	_ 2020
With operational status: 150 (2014); Total number: 150 (2014) Service availability	Gradually increase the total number of airports with EGNOS-based approach procedures.					Maintain the service availability index constantly at least on	
							99%
index: 100%			oring and repo	-			

¹⁴ According to Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013 the specific objectives of Galileo cover the following 5 services: Open Service (OS), Integrity monitoring Service, Commercial Service (CS), Public Regulated Service (PRS) and the Search and Rescue support Service (SAR). ¹⁵ According to Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013 the specific objectives of EGNOS cover the following 3 services. Open Service (OS), EGNOS Data Access Service (EDAS) and Safety-of-Life Service (SoL).

	dovolonmente :	narticular in 4	orms of rick m	nagomont co	t cchodulo are	horformana	
	developments, in	i particular in t	lerms of risk ma	anagement, cos	st, schedule and	a performance.	
	Building on the information contained in the quarterly reports, the Commission should also inform, on an annual basis, the European Parliament, the Council and the GNSS Programme Committee on the progress made, in particular in terms of risk management, cost, revenues, schedule and performance. Pursuant to the GNSS Regulation, this annual reporting should also include an assessment of intellectual property rights management, an overview of the implementation of new project management systems and techniques implemented as well as an evaluation of the measures taken to maximise the socio- economic benefits of the programmes. The GNSS regulation also provides for this annual reporting to the GNSS Programme Committee to be based on specific indicators (relating to cost, schedule and performance) referred to in Article 34(2) thereof.						
	Finally the GNSS with the support review and valid contribute to th production of each the production of	of experts in t lation of the ne overall ass ch of the repo	the field. These information pr essment of pr rts produced by	experts will su ovided by the rogress. This o y the Commissi	pport the Com other actors contribution is on at first and	mission in the e of the program expected to will become mo	establishment, nmes and will occur for the
Actors involved in monitoring	The main actors Member States. In the validation	Independent e	-				
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	The GNSS Regulation provides for detailed reporting of the implementation of the programmes, in particular in terms of cost, schedule, risk and performance and be based on specific indicators set out in the Regulation. This reporting should also concern the effectiveness of the use of resources and European added value.						
Planned use of information	Information provided through the monitoring and reporting system will be used to perform necessary immediate actions in the programme implementation and steer the adaptation of annual work programmes for actions required in the medium term.						
	The information the mid-term eva						
Frequency of reporting	Programmes' re reports, as well framework of the	as regular p	rogramme pro	gress meeting			
	Additional reporting should be performed following yearly financial audits and ad-hoc technological audits performed in the event of failure, technical incident or delays significantly impacting the programmes' schedule.						
Availability of reports in the timeline Please note: Reporting in years X cover activities in and up to the previous year	2014 X ¹⁶	2015 X	2016 X	2017 X	2018 X	2019 X	2020 X
	L L	Evaluatio	ns of the spend	ling programm	e		
Information per	Mid-term Evalua						
evaluation: 1. Deadline	1. Deadline 30 June 2017 2. Mid-term evaluation						
2. Type	3. The evaluatio		s the scope fo	r simplificatior	n, its internal a	and external co	oherence, the
3. Main issues	relevance of all o	bjectives, as v	well as the con	tribution of the	e measures to t	the Union prior	ities of smart,
addressed and	sustainable and i	-	th. It will take i	nto account ev	aluation result	s on the long-t	erm impact of
coverage	the previous mea		l alco addres-	tochnolo-i	douoloom	rolating to the	auctome the
4. Planned use of evaluation results	The mid-term ev scope for simplifi						
5. Actors involved	contribution of th					-	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-			-	0 -	

¹⁶ The 2014 report will cover the period 2012/13 of the previous MFF 2007-2013.

4. Decision on the renewal, modification or suspension of the measures.
5. Commission, ESA, GSA, independent experts
To perform this mid-term evaluation, the Commission will build on the information provided in its
quarterly and annual reports, as well as on the results of the financial audits and potential technical
audits. The Commission should also rely on experts in the field of programme management to support it
in assessing past results.

ITER (International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor)

Title spending			17		
programme:	ITER (International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor) ¹⁷				
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and	Monitoring and reporting are based on the management and reporting rules applied by the European Joint Undertaking for ITER and the Development of Fusion Energy (F4E) and the ITER Organization (IO), which require the approval of all key documents by their respective governing bodies. Through its representation in these bodies on behalf of Euratom, the Commission monitors and revises the documents defining the implementing activities for ITER.				
performance reporting framework	F4E is currently setting up a project management and reporting process, fully integrating various aspects of the system of reporting to the Governing Board (GB). Every year and in line with the Council conclusions of 12 July 2010, F4E reports to the Council on the progress achieved in implementing the cost containment and savings plan as well as on the performance and management of F4E and the ITER project, including the fulfilment of the schedule activities within its annual budget. In response to these Council conclusions, F4E has appointed an independent expert who assesses the project progress on the basis of existing reports and submits its opinion to the F4E GB and to the Competitiveness Council once a year. F4E and the Commission have signed an Administrative Agreement which defines the modalities and conditions applicable to the transfer of the Community financial contribution to F4E. In addition, the amended Council Decision contains two new articles on the protection of Union's financial interests (Article 5a) and on the mid-term review of the spending programme (Article 5b). This mid-term review report to be provided by the Commission to the Council and the Parliament is in addition to the reporting activity already in place for F4E (Annual Report of activities, Annual Progress report on the implementation of the cost containment and savings plan, independent assessment on project progress). The modalities and conditions applicable to the transfer of the Community financial contribution to F4E are defined in the Administrative Agreement between the Commission and F4E.				
	General and specific objective	es, indicators, m	ilestones and ta	argets	
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	Development of fusion as a po economically competitive sour		ss, safe, sustaina	able, environmentally responsible and	
Impact indicator	Reduction of gr	eenhouse gas e	missions at EU I	evel compared to 1990	
Baseline (2012)	2016			Target 2050	
18%	20%			80 to 95% ¹⁸	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	To provide the Euratom contr	ibution to ITER a	and to the ITER r	elated activities	
Indicator	Percentage of Euratom's obli Undertaking F4E ¹⁹	gations dischar	ged by the ITER	Corganization (IO) through the Joint	
Baseline (2013)	2014	20	15	Target 2020	
6%	17%	26	%	100%	
	Monitoring	and reporting a	rrangements		
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	submitted to the F4E Govern	ning Board, as Council in 2010	well as the anr	Project Plan and Progress Reports nual independent assessment of F4E on closely monitors F4E activities as a	

 ¹⁷ Council Decision amending Decision 2007/198/Euratom establishing the European Joint Undertaking for ITER and the Development of Fusion Energy and conferring advantages upon it (adopted on 13 December 2013).
 ¹⁸ Energy Roadmap 2050 - COM(2011)885 of 15.12.2011.
 ¹⁹ Progress in the Euratom contribution to ITER construction is measured according to credits granted by IO to F4E according to the ITER to th International Agreement.

Actors involved in monitoring	F4E, Commission						
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring	U	Monitoring reports will cover implementation aspects and immediate results (subject to the availability of data).					
Planned use of information		The information will be tracked to adjust the Commission's annual transfers to F4E according to the scheduled activity of F4E and its spending profile.					
Frequency of reporting	Commission	F4E reports: annual Commission report: annual contribution to DG RTD's AAR; mid-term review on the implementation of the Decision					
Indication of availability of	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
reports in the timeline	x x x x x x x						
Evaluations of the spending programme							

1. Deadline: 31 December 2017

2. Type: mid-term review

3. Main issues and coverage: The Commission should submit to the Council and to the European Parliament a progress report on the implementation of Decision 2007/198/Euratom on the basis of information provided by F4E. That report shall set out the results of the use of the Euratom contribution referred to in Article 2 of Decision 2007/198/Euratom as regards commitments and expenditure.

4. Planned use of evaluation results: The results of the evaluation will contribute to the adjustment of the profile of Commission's transfers to F4E according to the overall schedule of the ITER construction and F4E contribution to it for the period until 2020.

5. Actors involved: F4E shall provide the Commission with all the necessary information.

Copernicus (European Earth Observation Programme)

Title spending	Copernicus				
programme: Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	 The Commission services have put the following planning, monitoring and evaluation system place for the Copernicus programme: Monitoring the deliverables of the Copernicus programme via specifically designed performance-driven Key Performance Indicators. The Indicators are specified in Annu Work programmes, and are monitored via the deliverables of the delegated operator They are applicable for all Copernicus services which have reached operational level, a well as for the Space Component. The Commission monitors the progress of the programme via annual and quarter implementation reports received from the delegated bodies throughout the lifetime of the programme. Reporting on the results and achievements of the programme. The followir mechanisms have been established: A 7-year Implementation Plan provides a high-level overview of the multi-annu programme development, and is used as basis for the annual work programmes. contains the general and specific objectives of the programme, and define milestones for their achievement. The Copernicus annual work programmes describe the activities to be undertaken a specific year, and the budget allocated to these. Reporting on periodic basis will inform the European Parliament and the European Member States on the progress and general status of the programme, in particul in terms of risk management, costs, schedule, performance and procurement.¹ 				
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1	General and specific objectives, indicators Monitoring the Earth to support the pro	, milestones and targets tection of the environment and the efforts of civil			
Impact indicator:	protection and civil security Current situation	Long term target 2020			
Specific service components ²⁰ corresponding to users' service-level requirements to realise that Copernicus data and Copernicus information is made available for the environment, civil protection and civil	The number of service components operational in 2015 = 6	To increase the number of service components operational to 14			

²⁰ Service components are defined as follows in the Copernicus Work Programme and multi-annual implementation plan:

Baseline known from GMES Initial Operations Programme 2013: Services ready to be operational in 2015 are Emergency Mapping, Early Warning System of Floods, Pan-EU land service, EU local Land service, Global land service, and provision of access to reference data access = 6 components responding to Copernicus Regulation Art 5(1e) and Art 5(1c)

In 2014 initiate additionally, to be operational in 2016: Services on Global Hot spots, Border Surveillance, Maritime Surveillance,

External Action Service, Early Warning System Forest fires = 5 components operational

In 2017, Marine Environment, and Atmosphere service to be operational

In 2019, Climate change service to be operational

	-	art, sustainab	le and in	supporting of the Europe 2020 strategy and its lusive growth by promoting the use of Earth					
Impact indicator:	Current situ					Long term	target 2020		
Growth in downstream EO-sector directly benefiting from Copernicus, as a result of progression in number of users, available access to volume of data and added-value information, increased number of downstream services, across Member States and the Union	Expected growth in sector directly ben Copernicus, 2012 of representing ~500	efiting from employment = 1		Increase growth from 2012 of 1 to 1.8, representing ~9000 jobs					
and the Union GENERAL OBJECTIVE 3	Fostering the dev	velopment of	a compe	titive	Europear	n space a	nd services	industry and	
	maximising oppor	tunities for Eu	ropean e						
	observation system		S						
Impact indicator:	Current situ	lation				Long term	target 2020		
Market penetration, including expansion of the existing markets and creation of new markets and competitiveness of the European downstream operators	2013 Index=100, fields (agriculture, and gas, water generation from re	non-life insura transport, el	ance, oil ectricity	Increase the market penetration from 100 to 140, representing 7 main fields					
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 4	Ensuring autonon					-			
	observation and g decision-making a		n services	, the	reby enab	ling Europ	e to achieve	independent	
Impact indicator:	Current situ	ation		Long term target 2020					
Use of Copernicus data and Copernicus information by Union	Number of dire directly invoking data in 2013 = 5			Incr 30	ease the n	umber of d	lirectives and	decisions to	
institutions and bodies for autonomous decision-making									
for autonomous	Supporting and c	ontributing to	Europea	n pol	licies and	fostering §	global initiat	ives, such as	
for autonomous decision-making			Europea	n pol			global initiat target 2020	ives, such as	
for autonomous decision-making GENERAL OBJECTIVE 5	GEOSS Current situ Percentage of Cop available through (~10% for 2014)	ernicus global GEOSS in 2016	EO data 5 = 40%	Incr	ease the p	Long term ercentage	target 2020		
for autonomous decision-making GENERAL OBJECTIVE 5 Impact indicator: Provision of Copernicus global Earth Observation data to Global Earth Observation System of	GEOSS Current situ Percentage of Cop available through	ernicus global GEOSS in 2016 e and reliable ble basis enab	EO data 5 = 40% data and ling the so	Incr	ease the p	Long term ercentage	target 2020 to 100%	lied on a long	
for autonomous decision-making GENERAL OBJECTIVE 5 Impact indicator: Provision of Copernicus global Earth Observation data to Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS)	GEOSS Current situ Percentage of Cop available through (~10% for 2014) Delivering accurat term and sustaina	ernicus global GEOSS in 2016 ce and reliable ble basis enab of Copernicus (EO data 5 = 40% data and ling the so Core User	Incr infor ervice s	rease the p mation to es referred	Long term ercentage t Copernicus to in Artic	target 2020 to 100% s users, supp cle 4(1) and r	lied on a long esponding to	
for autonomous decision-making GENERAL OBJECTIVE 5 Impact indicator: Provision of Copernicus global Earth Observation data to Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	GEOSS Current situ Percentage of Cop available through (~10% for 2014) Delivering accurat term and sustaina the requirements Number of engage Milestones	ernicus global GEOSS in 2016 ee and reliable able basis enab of Copernicus (ed users showin	EO data 5 = 40% data and ling the so Core User	Incr infor ervice s	rease the p mation to es referred	Long term ercentage t Copernicus to in Artic	target 2020 to 100% s users, supp cle 4(1) and r	lied on a long esponding to iload Target	
for autonomous decision-making GENERAL OBJECTIVE 5 Impact indicator: Provision of Copernicus global Earth Observation data to Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1 Indicator 1	GEOSS Current situ Percentage of Cop available through (~10% for 2014) Delivering accurat term and sustaina the requirements Number of engage	ernicus global GEOSS in 2016 ee and reliable able basis enab of Copernicus (ed users showin	EO data 5 = 40% data and ling the so Core User	Incr informervice s ed upt	rease the p mation to es referred	Long term ercentage t Copernicus to in Artic	target 2020 to 100% s users, supp cle 4(1) and r	lied on a long responding to	

²¹ Based on EARSC study of 2012. ²² Based on SpaceTec study of 2012.

operational phase = 1												
Indicator 2	Progression in number of satisfied users ²³											
Baseline	Milestones 1											
	2014	2015	2016	2017		2018	2019	1				
Percentage of returning & engaged users		65%										
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	Providing sustainable and reliable access to space borne data and information fro autonomous European Earth observation capacity											
Indicator 1	The accomplishment of the space infrastructure in terms of satellites deployed produces for integration into geo-information services											
Baseline			Milest	ones				Target 2020				
	2014	2015	2016	20	017	2018	2019					
EU launched autonomous satellite capacity = 0	1	5		7			9	11				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	Providing a sust capacities opera networks	ited at Europe	an and natio	onal lev	vels, a	ind on g	lobal observa					
Indicator 1	Sustained availal	bility of in-situ	data for sup	porting	Cope	ernicus s	ervices					
Baseline		Target 2020										
	2014	2015	2016	20)17	2018	2019					
Services receiving in- situ data	2	4 ²⁴		6	6	6	6	6				
	Мо	onitoring and re	eporting arra	angeme	ents							
Description of how	The Commission	n services will	report on r	egular	basis	to the	Copernicus C	ommittee on th				
progress on achieving	The Commission services will report on regular basis to the Copernicus Committee on the program status and on the progress made by comparing the indicators with the baseline.											
milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	Feedback from t period (2021) wi additionally will	ll contribute to	the overall	assessn	nent c							
Actors involved in monitoring	Entrusted entitie (ESA, EUMETSAT Member State le	T, ECWMF); in	-					-				
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	The regular reports to the Copernicus Committee will contain information on each of the main areas of activity of the space component and of the six services, and of the service delivery achieved in response to user demands/requests. Each activity will be quantified via reporting on the assigned performance indicators which will be included in the implementation reports.											
	• the dev	will assess the able to the M on of their re	transition f arine, Secur view will be of : d feedback; he main prod	rom re ity, Clin dedica duct po	esearc mate ated t	h-funde Change o provid	d projects to and Atmosp	fully operationation here Services).				
		pment of indic		lee pro								
Planned use of		pment of indic	ator trends.	-			d as input for	the evaluation c				

²³ User satisfaction being expressed as percentage of Copernicus users which integrate the service products regularly into their workflows

²⁴ The in-situ sensors are already deployed, as soon as the remaining 4 Copernicus services become operational, in-situ data will be fed into them.

	the progress of the programme.										
	Assessment of the Copernicus Service implementation will steer the adaptation of annual work programmes submitted by service operators, and adjustments to the multi-annual implementation plans of each service.										
	Furthermore data provided within the monitoring framework will contribute to the wider monitoring and reporting activities within DG ENTR (namely DG ENTR Management Plan and Annual Activity Report).										
Frequency of reporting	Regular Monitoring Reports to the Copernicus Committee										
	The status reports for monitoring the progress of the programme are updated every quarter based on the working-level contact from the Commission with the involved stakeholders, and the quarterly and annual implementation reports received.										
Availability of reports i	n 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020										
the timeline	x x x x x x										
Please note: Reports published in the years marked with X will repo on activities in (and up to) the previous year (e.											
the first report, covering											
activities in 2014, will become available in 2015)											
	Evaluations of the spending programme										
Information per evaluation: 1. Deadline 2. Type 3. Main issues	Ex-post Evaluation in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 911/2010 NB: Regulation (EU) No 911/2010 obligations were replaced by obligations foreseen in Regulation (EU) No 377/2014 thus the relevance of this evaluation will be reassessed.										
addressed and	1. End-2015										
coverage 4. Planned use of	2. Ex-post evaluation of the GMES programme and its initial operations (GIO) in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 911/2010.										
evaluation results 5. Actors involved	 The evaluation would measure the overall achievement of the objectives of the GMES and its Initial Operations (GIO) programme from 2011-2013. It would address the effectiveness of all actions that were implemented in view of achievement of the general and specific programme objectives, and will draw lessons learned. Based on the ex-post report, and the lessons learned therein, decisions may be taken within the routine phase of the programme in the period 2014-2021. Independent experts; stakeholders. 										
	 Interim Evaluation (according to the legal base Regulation (EU) No 377/2014 1. 2017 2. Interim Evaluation 3. The evaluation report shall be established by the Commission on the achievement of the objectives of all the tasks financed by Copernicus at the level of their results and impacts, their European added value and on the efficiency of the use of resources. The evaluation shall address the continued relevance of all objectives, the performance of the organisational structure and the scope of services deployed. The evaluation shall also assess the impacts of the Copernicus data and Copernicus information policy, on stakeholders, downstream users, and the influence on business as well as on national and private investments in Earth observation infrastructures. 4. The evaluation shall include an assessment of a possible involvement of relevant European agencies and if appropriate be accompanied by relevant legislative proposals The Commission communicate the result of the evaluation to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of Regions and, if necessary, propose appropriate measures. 5. Independent experts; stakeholders, Member States. 										
	The above and possible other evaluations will be complementary to the continuous monitoring of										

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Nuclear decommissioning assistance programmes in Bulgaria, Lithuania and Slovakia

Title spending programme:	Nuclear decommissioning ass	istance programmes in Bulgaria, Li	thuania and Slovakia						
Summary, general description of the		per States Bulgaria, Lithuania and S wer plants before the end of their s							
logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting	concerned power plants Koz	ed to assist the 3 Member States loduy units 1-4, Ignalina units 1-2 this commitment, and regulates the afore-mentioned units.	and Bohunice V1 units 1-2. This						
framework	By 01/01/2014 the 3 Member States have to provide the latest version of their decomm plans, setting out main objectives and tasks, milestones etc. These will be listed in an annu- Implementing Act. On the basis of these plans, in the beginning of each year the Commis adopt a joint annual work programme for each power plant specifying objectives, expected target end dates and related performance indicators.								
	will only be eligible for fur Commission will, on proposal	the monitoring and reporting. Projending when they stem from the by the Member States and beneficed funding at a certain moment in t	ese decommissioning plans. The iaries, decide which projects from						
	or EIB). Monitoring will be d	e monitored by the implementing be lone against the baseline of these ured against the indicators that	e original decommissioning plans,						
	Monitoring will be done twice a year, in the monitoring committees presided by the Comm together with the Member States, who bear ultimate responsibility for the safe decommis of these power plants.								
	-	will be analysing the monitoring re sily the problems that require attend delays or cost overruns.							
	Commission. These reports w programmes. In addition, the checks and inspections. An is progress on achievement of decommissioning plans as w evaluation results of predece amend or suspend measures effectiveness and efficiency of	n the implementation of the joint a vill be taken into account when a e framework foresees the possibi nterim evaluation will be carried f programme objectives. It also vell as programme and funds ma essor schemes. The results of the i s, if appropriate. An ex-post evalu f the programme and it includes the municated to the EP and the Europ	dopting subsequent annual work lity to carry out possible audits, out in 2017 addressing issues as addresses the progress of the nagement. It takes into account nterim evaluation will be used to lation will be carried out on the e impact of funding and EU added						
I	Nuclear decommissioning ass	istance programmes in Bulgaria an	nd Slovakia						
	General and specific obje	ctives, indicators, milestones and t	argets						
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1	to assist the Member State and Bohunice VI units 1 an	es towards the decommissioning e d 2	end state of Kozloduy units 1 to 4						
Impact indicator:	Baseline	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020						
Provide funding ir yearly commitments.		Commitments 2014-2017 done	The current completion dates for decommissioning of: - Kozloduy units 1 to 4: 2030; - Bohunice V1 units 1 and 2: 2025.						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.	(Kozloduy) Performing disr	mantling in the turbine halls of unit	ts 1 to 4 and in auxiliary buildings						

Indicator:	Numbe	er and type of sys	tems di	smantled				
Baseline 01/01/2014			Target 2020 Decontamination and dismantling activities in turbine halls and auxiliary buildings of					
Decontamination and dismantling activities in turbine halls 1 and 2 have started.	2014	2015 Continued decontaminat ion and dismantling in auxiliary buildings in 2015 in accordance with the decommissio ning plan	2016	2017	2018	2019	halls and auxiliary buildings of Kozloduy units 1 to 4 according to the decommissioning plans	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2.	1 to 4						ts in the reactor buildings of units	
Indicator:	Numbe	er and type of sys	tems ar	nd equipm	ent disma	ntled		
Baseline			Milest	ones			Target 2020	
Not yet started.	2014	2015 Continued decontaminatio n and dismantling of equipment in 2015 in accordance with the decommissionin g plan	201 6	2017	2018	2019	Decontamination and dismantling activities of large equipment according to decommissioning plans	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3.		duy) Safely mana ement plan	aging th	e decom	nissioning	waste in	accordance with a detailed waste	
Indicator:	Quanti	ty and type of sa	fely con	ditioned v	vaste			
Baseline 1/01/2014 Facilities for the			Milest	ones			Target 2020 Treatment and conditioning of decommissioning waste according to decommissioning	
treatment and conditioning of waste are being constructed	2014	2015 Treatment and conditioning of decommission ing waste starting in 2015	201 6	2017	2018	2019	and waste management plans	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4.				-	e turbine	hall and au	xiliary buildings of reactor V1	
Indicator:	Numbe	er and type of sys	tems di	smantled				
Baseline			Milest	ones			Target 2020	
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Dismantling of V1 turbine hall	

started. Dismontling of	1	of					Dismantling of external					
started; Dismantling of external buildings		decommi					Dismantling of external buildings completed as far as					
(Phase 1) started		ssioning					possible and building to be used as temporary waste storage.					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 5.	(Bohunice) Dismantling of large components and equipments in the V1 reactor buildings											
Indicator:	Number and type of systems and equipments dismantled											
D 1'	Milestones Target 2020											
Baseline			IVIIIE	Target 2020								
1/01/2014 Decontamination of V1 primary circuits has	2014	2015 Start of decontami	2016	201	7 20:	18 20	Decontamination and dismantling works advanced according to the					
started		nation and dismantlin g of large componen					decommissioning plan.					
		ts in the reactor building										
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6.		0		the deco	ommissio	ning waste	e in accordance with a detailed waste					
Indicator:	Quantity	and type of	safely condi	itioned wa	aste							
Baseline			Mile	estones			Target 2020					
1/01/2014	2014	2015	2016	2017	201	8 20	019 Stage 2 decommissioning waste					
Stage 1 decommissioning waste management has started.	2011	Continue d waste managem ent	2010	2017			management: 2013- end 2025.					
		according to decommi ssioning										
		and waste managem										
	Nuc	ent plan lear decom	missioning	g assista	nce progr	ammes in	Lithuania					
General Objective		t the Mem nuclear po			the dec	ommissio	ning end state of units 1 and 2 of the					
Indicator 1 : Number of with the respective deco			and syster	ns disma	antled in	all the cor	ncerned nuclear reactors in accordance					
			Milest	ones			Target 2020					
Baseline												
	2014	2015	206	2017	2018	2019	-					
Information to be submitted by the Member States at the end of 2014 according to the Council							The current completion dates for decommissioning of Ignalina units 1 and 2: 2038					
Regulation												

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.		ina) Defu y spent f				re of unit	2 and the un	it 1 and 2 reactor fuel ponds into					
Indicator:	Numb	Number of unloaded fuel assemblies											
Baseline				Mile	Target 2020								
1/01/2014 Unit 1 reactor core defueled, unit 2 reactor core partially defueled into the spent fuel ponds; In the ponds are used and unloaded fuel assemblies.	2014	201 Insta tion defu	lla of eli	206	2017	2018	2019	Complete defueling and transfer of all spent fuel assemblies to the dry spent fuel storage completed by end 2022					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2.	(Ignali	equi mer in th unit	p nt ie s	aining	the reac	tor units u	Intil						
Indicator:	Numb	er of regi	stered i	nciden	ts								
Baseline Safe maintenance performed without				Target 2020 No incidents until complete defueling of units 1 and 2									
incidents.	201 4 0	2016	2015	20:	17 20	18 2019	half of the fuel assembli es						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3.	(Ignali	na) Perfo	orming	dismar	ntling in	the turbin	e hall and of	ther auxiliary buildings and safely					
								detailed waste management plan					
Indicator:		and num ioned wa		auxili	ary syste	ems disma	antled and	the quantity and type of safely					
Baseline 1/01/2014 Start of dismantling works in turbine hall of unit 1.	2014	201		Mile 2016	stones 2017	2018	2019	Target 2020 -					
In turbine hall of unit 1. Facilities for waste management are being constructed.		Decor minat and disma ng in u 1 ongo accorc to decon ssioni plar	ion I Intli Init Jing Iing Imi ng					Turbine halls main parts dismantled. Produced waste treated and stored safely.					
Description of how				_		ig arrange		() 12(9/2012 C					
progress on R	legulat	tion (1	Eurato	om)	1369/2	2013, c	Corrigendum	tom) 1368/2013, Council to Council Regulation cil Regulation (Euratom)					

milestones and	1369/2013, on Union support for the nuclear decommissioning assistance programme in
targets of each objective is tracked	Bulgaria, Lithuania and Slovakia, the projects and activities, milestones, targets and indicators (which + their values) will be set in an Implementing Act specifying for each power plant objectives, expected results, target end dates and related performance indicators. Day-to-day monitoring is done by the implementing bodies. Monitoring visits on-site will take place at least twice a year.
	Every 6 months there will be a report by the beneficiaries and the Member States on the progress witnessed, based on the pre-defined indicators. 2 times a year a monitoring committee will meet to discuss the progress report, as well as the overall monitoring of the advancement of the objectives and the decommissioning programmes as a whole. In case of problems (delays, cost overruns, critical path, and deviation in indicator values as compared to baseline setting) remedial action will be discussed and follow-up actions agreed.
Actors involved in monitoring Issues covered in	The 3 beneficiaries (JAVYS for Bohunice, INPP for Ignalina and SERAW for Kozloduy nuclear power plants); the Member States; the nuclear regulators; the implementing bodies (national agencies and EBRD or EIB).
subsequent monitoring reports	
Actors involved in monitoring	- Progress witnessed, based on the pre-defined indicators.
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	- In case of problems (delays, cost overruns, critical path, and deviation in indicator values as compared to baseline setting) remedial action will be discussed.
Planned use of information	Main elements of monitoring reports (as per first preliminary draft implement act):
	(1) An updated version of the decommissioning plan, highlighting the offset compared to baseline;
	(2) the progress made in achieving the objectives under the respective decommissioning- related programme as set out in the corresponding annual work programmes;
	(3) the progress made towards meeting the expected results of the different activities and the related performance indicators;
	(4) any problems occurring with regard to the implementation of measures under the respective decommissioning-related programme during the monitoring period;
	(5) the measures and actions to be taken to address the occurring problems;
	(6) the financial implementation of the respective decommissioning-related programme;
	(7) the description of the status of concrete results of projects under the respective decommissioning-related programme as provided in the objectives of the corresponding annual work programmes and specified in the project documentation;
	(8) the description of activities performed during the monitoring period in respect of the implementation of measures under the respective decommissioning-related programme;
	(9) the contractual and financial data on projects implemented in line with the project documentation;
	(10) the visibility measures taken to provide information on and publicize the Union financial assistance under the respective decommissioning-related programme;
	(11) the steps taken by the Implementing Bodies to implement the recommendations made by the respective committee for monitoring;
	(12) the activities planned to implement the measures under the respective decommissioning-related programme during the next planned monitoring period.
Planned use of	- Reporting to the Council and the European Parliament
information	- Adjustments of annual work programmes
	 In case of delays identified in the annual reports, payments may be postponed or financial contributions reduced
	- Mid-term spending programme adjustments
Frequency of	Twice yearly from beneficiaries and Member States to the Commission.
reporting	Yearly from the Commission to Council and the European Parliament.

Availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020					
	2 to COM	2 to COM	2 to COM	2	2 to COM	2 to COM	2 to COM					
	0 to Council											
	and EP	and EP	and EP	1 to Council and EP	and EP	and EP	and EP					
Evaluations of the spending programme												
Information per Ex-post evaluation 2007-2013 period												
evaluation:	1. Not later t	han 2017:										
1. Deadline	2. Ex-post ev	aluation of the	3 decommission	oning program	mes 2007-2013	3						
2. Туре	3. effectivene	ess, efficiency,	EU added valu	e of spending p	programme							
3. Main issues	4. Use: accou	intability to Co	uncil and Euro	pean Parliame	nt ; input for in	terim evaluatio	on 2014-2020					
addressed and	period –											
coverage	5. Commissio	on, Member Sta	ates, implemer	nting bodies, be	eneficiaries							
4. Planned use of												
evaluation results	Mid-term ev	aluation 2014-	2020 period									
5. Actors involved	1. 2017:											
	2. Mid-term	evaluation of t	he new decom	missioning pro	gramme 2014-	2020						
					-	ddresses the pr	rogress of the					
		01 /1	0	unds managen review approp								
	5. Commissio	in, wiember Sta	ates, implemen	nting bodies, be	enenciaries							
	Ex-post evalu	uation 2014-20	20 period									
	1. Beyond 20	20 when all co	mmitments ha	ve been made								
	2. Ex-post ev	aluation of the	new decommi	ssioning progr	amme 2014-20	20						
	3. effectivene	ess, efficiency,	impact of fund	ling and EU add	led value of sp	ending prograr	nme					
	4. Accountab	ility to Council	and European	Parliament								
	5. Commissio	on, Membe <mark>r Sta</mark>	ates, implemer	nting bodies, be	eneficiaries.							

Horizon 2020 (framework programme for research and innovation)

Title of spending		Horizon 2020 (Framework Programme for Research and Innovation)											
programme: Summary, general description of the lo and sequence of the overall progress and performance report framework	-	 The legal basis for Horizon 2020 specifies, for the first time in the history of EU Fran Programmes, explicit intervention logic and the Key Performance Indicators to be used final evaluation of Horizon 2020. Since funding of Horizon 2020 will support research and innovation activities, result-information will only become available with a certain time lag, as findings and resultased on efforts covering several years and might take some extra years to fully material Against this difficulty, which is inherent to research and innovation funding, the more and reporting system for Horizon 2020 is based on three main components: A comprehensive system to collect all relevant data on the implementation of H 2020 activities. Based on input from several IT- Tools, the CORDA Data Warehouse will one and only reference for Horizon 2020 reporting. 											
		 one and only reference for Horizon 2020 reporting. 2. In line with Art. 31 of the Horizon 2020 Regulation the Commission will publish Annu Horizon 2020 Monitoring Reports, which will provide a systematic overview implementation and, later during the lifetime of Horizon 2020, also on the key achievement A particular focus will be on the reporting on cross-cutting issues as mentioned in Art. 14 of the Horizon 2020 Regulation and Annex III of the Specific Programme. 3. The Key Performance Indicators as specified in Annex II of the Specific Programme will be key element for the evaluation of Horizon 2020, notably for the Ex-Post evaluation in 2020 Since these Key Performance Indicators are focused on results, they will only becomavailable in a statistically meaningful way as from 2018 onwards. 											
General and specific													
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	E			y based on kan ainable develo	-	nd innovation a	cross the wh	ole Union, while					
Impact indicator		contrik	-	t situation	pinent.	Long	term target	(2020)					
The Europe 2020 R&D t (3% of GDP)	arget		2.06	% of GDP (2012)			3% of GDP						
The Europe 2020 innov headline indicator (inde with reference 100 in 2	ex		:	104.4 (2011)		Pending decisio	n in the contex Semester	t of the European					
Share of researchers in EU active population	the		1	1.06% (2011)			1.33%						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1			ence – Europe European rese		ouncil (ERC)	– to reinforce t	he excellence	e, dynamism and					
Indicator 1	Shar	e of publ	ications from	ERC-funded pr	ojects which	n are among the	top 1% highly	cited					
Baseline	L			Miles	stones								
	2	014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020					
New approach				1.8									
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2						2018) ies – to foster r tific foundations		technologies by					
Indicator 1	Publi	cations i	n peer-review	ed high impac	t journals								
Baseline				Mi	ilestones			Target 2020					
	2	014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
New approach					22		25	50% of all FET publications are published in high impact peer review					

Indicator 2	Patent applic	ations and pat	ents awarded	in Future and B	Emerging Tech	nologies	journals					
Baseline	Milestones Target 2020											
baseline	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019											
New approach						1	1 patent application per €10 million funding ²⁵					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3		velopment and nsfer new skills										
Indicator							tes (cumulative					
Baseline			М	ilestones			Target 2020					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
50.000 (2007-2013), out of which 20% PhD	7.500, out of which around 40% PhD		x	34.000, out of which around 40% PhD	х	x	60.000 (2014- 2020), out of which around 40% PhD					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	world-class r and fully exp	esearch infras loit their pote	tructures which ntial for scient	ch are accessib tific advance a	le to all reseand innovation	rchers in Euro	ow Europe with ope and beyond					
Indicator	Number of re	searchers who	o have access t	o research infr	astructures th	rough Union s	support					
Baseline (FP7,				tones	I		Target 2020					
2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
22,000					12,000		20,000 additional researchers during H2020 ²⁶					
SPECIFIC	Industrial lea	adership – to	boost Europe	's industrial le	adership thr	ough research	n, technological					
OBJECTIVE 5	technologies	: information	n and comm		chnologies; r	anotechnolog	and industrial gies; advanced					
Indicator 1	Patent applic	ations and pat	ents awarded	in the differen	t enabling and	l industrial tec	hnologies					
Baseline (FP7,			М	ilestones		•	Target 2020					
2014)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
New approach						327	3 patent applications per €10 million funding					
Indicator 2			s introducing i us three years		w to the com	pany or the m	narket (covering					
Baseline				ilestones			Target 2020					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
New approach					To be developed ²⁸		To be developed on the basis of					

²⁵ No sufficient amount of meaningful data are expected for "patents awarded" before 2020, because of the time that is needed for a patent to be awarded.

 $^{^{5}}$ Although the overall budget for research infrastructure has increased in Horizon 2020 compared to FP7, the result for this indicator is expected to slightly decrease since priority in Horizon 2020 will be given to the new emerging infrastructures as well as to targeting new communities (starting communities) whose infrastructures are usually not able to provide as large an access as the advanced ²⁷ The target and the milestone refer to the "Leadership in enabling and industrial technologies" specific objective as a whole (i.e. all six

enabling and industrial technologies). No target has been set for each enabling and industrial technology. ²⁸ Since this is a new indicator and there are currently no comparable data for FP7, the target and the milestone will be established on

the basis of the FP7 ex-post evaluation studies and/or the first project results under H2020.

Baseline	Milestones						Target 202					
	Publication	ns in peer-rev	iewed high	impact id	ournals in the a	area of the dif	ferent societ					
TIVES 8-14	Societal ch	allenges				developed	developed					
						To be	To be					
2014	2015	2015 2016			2018	2019	Target 2020					
	Milestones											
Growth a	nd job creatio	on in participa	ating SMEs									
		209	6				50%					
2014	2015	5 201	6	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020					
	Milestones											
			-	ations nev	w to the comp	any or the ma	rket (coverir					
innovatio	n, thereby c	reating more	fast-growiı	ng, intern	ationally active	SMEs						
				15			€35 bn ³⁰					
			t	arget)								
led:							5,000					
2014	2015	5 201	-	-	2018	2019						
			Milesto	ones			Target 202					
Number o	of organisatio	ons funded an	d amount o	of private	funds leverage	d						
				8			€15 bn ^{30,31}					
2014	2015	5 201	.6	2017	2018	2019						
	Milestones											
TOLATINVE	Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Venture Capital investments											
	and innovation											
Industrial	H2020 result Industrial leadership – to help remedy market deficiencies in accessing risk finance for researce											
					developed ²⁸		the basis of the first					
					To be		developed o					
2014	2015	201	.6	2017	2018	2019	To be					
	Milestones											
- Number e												
Number c	f ioint nublic	-nrivate nubli	cations		I							
	Industrial and innov Total inve 2014 Total inve 2014 2014 2014 Ied: 2014 Ied: Iew TIVE Industrial SMEs, con innovatio Share of p the period 2014 Share of p	2014 2015 Industrial leadership - and innovation Industrial leadership - and innovation Total investments mote 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2014 2015 2015 2014 2015 2015 2015 Industrial leadership or ganisation 2014 2015 Industrial leadership or ganisation 2014 2015 Ied: Industrial leadership or ganisation 2015 2015 Ied: Industrial leadership or ganisation 2015 2015 Ied: Industrial leadership or ganisation 2015 2015 Ied: Ied: Ied: Ied: 2015 Ied: Ied: Ied:	2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 Industrial leadership – to help remand innovation Total investments mobilised via deb 2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 Industrial leadership – to stimulat 2014 Industrial leadership – to stimulat SMEs, covering their different innominnovation, thereby creating more Share of participating SMEs introdu the period of the project plus three 2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 Industrial leadership – to stimulat SMEs, covering their different innominnovation, thereby creating more Share of participating SMEs introdu the period of the project plus three 2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 2014 2015 201 <tr< td=""><td>2014 2015 2016 Industrial leadership – to help remedy marke and innovation Industrial leadership – to help remedy marke and innovation Total investments mobilised via debt financing Mileston 2014 2015 2016 2014 2015 2016 2014 2015 2016 2014 2015 2016 2014 2015 2016 1 1 2016 2014 2015 2016 1 2014 2015 2016 1 1 2016 1 1 1 2016 1 1 1 2016 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2015 2016 1 2014 2015 2016 1 2014 2015 2016 2014 2015 2016 1 2014 2015 2016 1 2014 2015 2016</td><td>Industrial leadership – to help remedy market deficier and innovation Milestones Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Vent Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Vent Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 Industrial leadership – to help remedy market deficier and innovation Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 Image: 2014 2015 2016</td><td>Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 Industrial leadership – to help remedy market deficiencies in accessi and innovation To be developed²⁸ Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Venture Capital invest 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 8 16 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 16 16 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2014 15 16 Ied: 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2,000 (40% of the target) 15 16 Ied: 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 116 115 116 115 116 115 116 115 116 115 116 116 115 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116<!--</td--><td>Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Industrial leadership – to help remedy market deficiencies in accessing risk finance and innovation Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Venture Capital investments Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Venture Capital investments 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Industrial leadership – to stimulate growth of organisations funded and amount of private funds leveraged Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Ied: 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Ied: 15 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Ied: 15 15 15 16 17 2018 2019 16 16 16 17 2018 2019 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16<!--</td--></td></td></tr<>	2014 2015 2016 Industrial leadership – to help remedy marke and innovation Industrial leadership – to help remedy marke and innovation Total investments mobilised via debt financing Mileston 2014 2015 2016 2014 2015 2016 2014 2015 2016 2014 2015 2016 2014 2015 2016 1 1 2016 2014 2015 2016 1 2014 2015 2016 1 1 2016 1 1 1 2016 1 1 1 2016 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2015 2016 1 2014 2015 2016 1 2014 2015 2016 2014 2015 2016 1 2014 2015 2016 1 2014 2015 2016	Industrial leadership – to help remedy market deficier and innovation Milestones Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Vent Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Vent Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 Industrial leadership – to help remedy market deficier and innovation Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 Image: 2014 2015 2016	Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 Industrial leadership – to help remedy market deficiencies in accessi and innovation To be developed ²⁸ Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Venture Capital invest 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 8 16 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 16 16 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2014 15 16 Ied: 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2,000 (40% of the target) 15 16 Ied: 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 116 115 116 115 116 115 116 115 116 115 116 116 115 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 </td <td>Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Industrial leadership – to help remedy market deficiencies in accessing risk finance and innovation Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Venture Capital investments Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Venture Capital investments 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Industrial leadership – to stimulate growth of organisations funded and amount of private funds leveraged Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Ied: 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Ied: 15 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Ied: 15 15 15 16 17 2018 2019 16 16 16 17 2018 2019 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16<!--</td--></td>	Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Industrial leadership – to help remedy market deficiencies in accessing risk finance and innovation Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Venture Capital investments Total investments mobilised via debt financing and Venture Capital investments 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Industrial leadership – to stimulate growth of organisations funded and amount of private funds leveraged Milestones 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Ied: 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Ied: 15 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Ied: 15 15 15 16 17 2018 2019 16 16 16 17 2018 2019 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 </td					

 ²⁹ No sufficient amount of meaningful data is expected for this indicator before 2020.
 ³⁰ Based on the current negotiations the contribution from other financial institutions that will be made to the SME initiative, SET Plan, Equity Facility for R&I, Piloting Co-Investments by Business Angels in Innovative ICT Firms and TTFF is not available. Consequently the figures might be updated as soon as they are available. ³¹ Depending on the demand and the type of operations involved.

³² This figure does not include ICT projects of FP7 and CIP-PSP.

11	2								nor 610	
11	25								per €10 million	
13	9								funding	
14	3									
Indicator 2	0	Paten	t application	ns and patent	ts awar	ded in t	he area of th	e different s	ocietal challenges	
Specific			Milestones							
Objective n°	Baseline		2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019							
Patent application	l 1S							On	On average, 2	
8	2							average	applications	
9	1.3								per €10 million	
10	2								funding	
11	1								Tunung	
12	0									
13	0									
14	New approa	ach								
Patents awarded										
New ap	proach									
Indicator 3		Numb	er of prototyp	es and testing	activitie	es	I			
Baseline				Mil	lestone	5		Target 2020		
		201	4 203	15 20	16	2017	2018	3 2019)	
New approach								To be develop	the basis of	
Indicator 4		Numb	per of joint p	ublic-private	publica	ations				
Baseline			Milestones							
		201	.4 203	15 20	16	2017	2018	3 2019)	
New approach								To be develop	bed the basis of the first H2020 results	
Indicator 5							llocated to tl			
		activi activi		ble energy, e	nd-use	er energ	y-efficiency,	smart grids a	and energy storage	
Baseline		Milestones								
		201	.4 203	15 20 85		2017	2018	3 2019	85%	
SPECIFIC OBJEC	TIVE 15	talent poo	I and to e	nd widening nsure that	partic the be	enefits	of an innov	ation-led e	tential of Europe's conomy are both h the principle of	
Indicator		Evolution o	f the publica	tions in high	impact	t journa	ls in the relev	vant research	n fields	
Baseline			Milestones							
Dasenne	1			1		o 4 -		2010		
New approach		2014	2015	2016	20	017	2018	2019 To be	To be developed	

³³ The common result indicators under the Societal challenges are not relevant for the H2020 funds managed by the Directorate-General for Energy (ENER). The following ENER specific result indicators, agreed with RTD, will be introduced as of 2017 (i.e. once they become relevant due to the availability of data): Investments triggered by close-to-market projects in the area of Secure, clean and efficient energy. Energy savings (GWh/year/million€) triggered by projects funder under the Energy Efficiency focus area of secure, clean and efficient energy. Smart Cities: Demonstration and up scaling of major innovative solutions combining energy, transport and ICT technologies that enable cities where they are demonstrated to outperform EU targets on CO2, use of RES and energy efficiency.

							first H2020 result				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 16	to recruit r responsibil	new talent fo lity	r science and	d to pair scie	ntific excelle	nce with soci	ence and society al awareness and				
Indicator 1		research org nd Innovatior		unded imple	menting act	ions to pror	note Responsible				
Baseline (2013)			Γ	Ailestones			Target 2020				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
New approach						To be developed	To be developed on the basis of the first H2020 results				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 17	scientific a demands	Non-Nuclear Direct Actions of the Joint Research Centre – to provide c scientific and technical support to Union policies, while flexibly responding demands									
Indicator 1		f occurrences nd scientific s	-	• •		· ·	es resulting from				
Baseline (2013)				ilestones			Target 2020				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
248	215 +5			220+10			230 +15				
Indicator 2	Number of	peer-reviewe	ed publication	ns in high imp	act journals						
Baseline (average 2010 –		•	M	ilestones		•	Target 2020				
2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
460	460+10			470+15			480+20				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 18	of higher e capacity ar	education, real	search and in cietal challe	nnovation an nges	d thus to re	inforce the U	nowledge triangle nion's innovation				
Indicator 1	-	ns from uni Communities		siness and ro	esearch inte	grated in the	e Knowledge and				
Baseline (period 2010-			. ,	lilestones			Target 2020				
2012 with 3 KICs)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
200	240			400			540 (2020)				
Indicator 2		on inside th ervices and p	-	e triangle le	ading to th	e developme	ent of innovative				
Baseline (period 2010-				lilestones			Target 2020				
2012)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
33 start-ups and spin-offs	30			220			600 start-ups and spin-offs created by KICs students/research ers/professors;				
210 innovations in existing businesses developed	300			2 200			6 000 innovations in existing businesses developed by KIC students/research ers/professors				
		Monitoring	and reportin	g arrangeme	nts						
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	by the gran continuous	nt applicants sly open repo	at the time orting tool d	of proposal su uring the life	ubmission an time of the	d by grant reo grant. This in	ormation provided cipients through a formation will be on services or the				

³⁴ For this specific objective no performance indicator has been defined in Annex II of the Horizon 2020 Specific Programme. It has been developed by the Commission services and it is subject to possible revision in the future.

	use of surve	ys carried out	up to three ye	ears after the	end of grants	to identify the	eir impacts.		
Actors involved in monitoring			Recipients; C pact factor of		ervices; addit rnals)	ional sources	for specific		
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	Annual Horizon 2020 Monitoring Reports will cover a wide range of implementation aspects, including notably the cross-cutting issues as specified in Annex III to the Specific Programme Decision and the respective mandatory targets related to those issues. Information on these issues will become available from 2015 onwards on a constant basis.								
	start of the	programme. oported, repor	However, due	e to the very	e systematica nature of the per of observa	e research an	d innovation		
Planned use of information	Information provided through the monitoring and reporting system will be used for the preparation of subsequent Work Programmes and might be relevant for a possible revision of Horizon 2020.								
Frequency of reporting			itoring Report		rough the COI	RDA Data Wa	rehouse		
Indicate the availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015 X	2016 X	2017 X	2018 X	2019 X	2020 X		
	olished in the y ort, covering a	ctivities in 201	14, will becom	e available in		to) the previo	ous year (e.g.		
	I	Evaluations of	the spending	g programme					
Information per	FP7 Ex-Post	<u>Evaluation</u>							
evaluation: 1. Deadline	1. Deadline : 2015								
2. Туре	2. Type: Ex-Post Evaluation								
3. Main issues and coverage	3. Main issues: Rationale, Implementation and Impact. Full coverage of all FP7 activities.								
4. Planned use of	 Planned use of evaluation results: Possible use for a mid-term revision of Horizon 2020. 								
evaluation results	5. Actors involved: Independent experts; stakeholders; community at large; Member States.								
5. Actors involved	Horizon 2020 Interim Evaluation								
	1. Deadline: 2017								
	2. Type: Inte	rim Evaluatior	۱						
	impact base programme) measures; th	d, where ap of the obje e efficiency an ements referr	plicable, on t ctives of Hor nd use of reso	the indicator rizon 2020 a ources, with pa	Ilts and progra s outlined in nd continued articular atten Union added	Annex II of relevance c tion to cross-	the specific of all related cutting issues		
					or a mid-term ramme as fror				
	5. Actors inv	olved: Indepe	ndent experts	; stakeholder	s; community	at large; Men	nber States.		
	Horizon 202) Ex-Post Eval	uation						
	1. Deadline:	2023							
					, implementat Il coverage of a				
	4. Planned programme				e for remedia				
	programme	in light of spec	line issues lue	numea aaring	the evaluation	1011101120112	.020.		

Euratom research and training programme

Title of spending	Euratom researc	h and training pro	ogramme						
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	Euratom Progra strategy, with a an appropriate o	mme. It will be strong focus on th lata archive, expe states and Associ	based or roughput, rts, a ded	n a cor output, icated re	nprehensive, wel results and impac esearch activity, a	the indirect actions of the I-timed and harmonised its. It will be supported by nd increased cooperation sed through appropriate			
	General and sp	ecific objectives, i	ndicators,	milesto	nes and targets				
GENERAL OBJECTIVE*	nuclear safety, s	ecurity and radiat	ion proteo	ction, no		ntinuous improvement of ly contribute to the long- ıre way.			
Impact indicator ³⁵	Reduction of gre	enhouse gas emis	sions at El	J level co	ompared to 1990				
Baseline (2012)	Mi	estone 2016			Targe	t 2020			
18%		20%			22	1%			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	Supporting safet	y of nuclear syste	ms						
Indicator					ed actions) likely t imulative indicato	o lead to a demonstrable r)			
Baseline (Euratom 2007-2013)		Milestones Target 2018							
	2014	2015	201	.6	2017				
41		7				14 ³⁶			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	-				-	ultimate nuclear waste			
Indicator		cts contributing to ultimate nuclear v			of safe long-term	solutions for the			
Baseline (Euratom 2007-2013)			tones		,	Target 2018			
	2014	2015	201	.6	2017				
15		5				8			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	Support the deve	elopment and sust	ainability	of nucle	ar competences at	t Union level			
Indicator 1		research - numbe tom fission projec				earchers supported			
Baseline (Euratom 2007-2013)		Miles	tones			Target 2018			
	2014	2015	201	.6	2017				
200		500				1000			
Indicator 2	Number of fellow	vs and trainees in	the Eurato	om fusio	n programme (ave	erage per year)			
Baseline (Euratom FP7, 2007-2013)		Miles	tones			Target 2018			
	2014	2015	201	.6	2017				
27		50				50			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4		n protection and c cure and safe supp				of radiation, including,			
Indicator	Number of proje	cts likely to have a	a demonst	rable im		y practice regarding diation			
Baseline (Euratom FP7,			tones			Target 2018			

The legal base does not specify any indicator for the general objective.
 The target figure is lower compared to the baseline due to the larger average size of the projects expected in Horizon 2020.

2007-2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017							
33		15			25						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 5	Move toward de		cibility of fusion		by exploiting existing and						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 5	future fusion fac		asidility of fusion a	as a power source i	by exploiting existing and						
Indicator			viewed high impa	ct journals (average	e per year)						
Baseline (Euratom FP7,		Miles	tones		T						
2007-2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	Target 2018						
800			800		800 ³⁷						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6	Lay the foundation conceptual design		on power plants b	y developing mate	rials, technologies and						
Indicator		tablished for the p	eriod 2014-2018 reached								
Baseline (Euratom FP7,	by the Euratonni	Miles									
2007-2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	Target 2018						
New approach					90%						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7		ion and industrial									
Indicator 1	Number of spin-	offs from the fusio	n research under	Euratom Program	ne						
Baseline (Euratom FP7,		Miles		Target 2018							
2007-2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	Taiget 2010						
4		5			10						
Indicator 2		ons generated a Euratom Progran			is of research activities						
Baseline (Euratom		Miles	tones		Target 2019						
2007-2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	Target 2018						
3		3			4						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 8	Ensure availabilit	ty and use of resea	arch infrastructure	es of pan-European	relevance						
Indicator	Number of resea	irchers having acce	ess to research inf	frastructures throu	gh Euratom support						
Baseline 2008		Miles	tones		Target 2018						
	2014	2015	2016	2017	0						
Ca. 800		800			1200						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 9		ear safety includin g, and emergency	0	and fuel safety, wa	aste management,						
Indicator 1				ences of tangible s support provided	pecific impacts on Union by the JRC						
		Miles	tones								
Baseline 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Target 2018						
13		12±1			12±2						
Indicator 2	The number of p	eer reviewed publ	lications								
Baseline		Miles	tones								
(average 2010 – 2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	Target 2018						
		72±4			72±8						
72		72±4 72±8 o improve nuclear security including: nuclear safeguards, non-proliferation, combating illicit									
72 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 10	To improve nucle trafficking, and n		ing: nuclear safeg	uards, non-prolifer	ation, combating illicit						

³⁷ with the Euratom fusion programme's emphasis in Horizon 2020, shifting from research to technology development, this target could be lower than expected.

		Miles	tones		
Baseline 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Target 2018
15		14±1			14±2
Indicator 2	The number of p	eer reviewed pub	ications		
Baseline		Miles	tones		T
(average 2010 – 2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	Target 2018
16		16±1			16±2
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 11	To increase exce	llence in the nucle	or standardisation		
Indicator 1				ences of tangible s support provided	pecific impacts on Union by the JRC
Baseline 2013		Miles	tones		Target 2019
Baseline 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Target 2018
15		14±1			14±2
Indicator 2	The number of p	eer reviewed pub	ications		
Baseline		T			
(average 2010 – 2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	Target 2018
58		58±4			58±8
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 12	To foster knowle	dge management	, education and tr	aining	
Indicator 1				ences of tangible s support provided	pecific impacts on Union by the JRC
Baseline 2013		Target 2018			
baseline 2015	2014	2015	2016	2017	Talget 2010
13		12±1			12±2
Indicator 2	JRC scientific pro	ductivity indicato	– The number of	peer reviewed pul	olications
Baseline		Miles	tones		Towest 2010
(average 2010 – 2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	Target 2018
35		34±2			34±4
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 13	To support the p	olicy of the Union	on nuclear safety	and security	
Indicator 1				ences of tangible sp support provided	pecific impacts on Union by the JRC
		Miles			
Baseline 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Target 2018
7		6±1			6±1
Indicator 2	JRC scientific pro	ductivity indicato	– The number of	peer reviewed pul	blications
Baseline		Miles	tones		Target 2018
					Toward 2010

Not applicable						Not ap	plicable			
		Monitoring a	and reporting	arrangement	5					
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	Progress will	be monitored	on the basis o	of reports fron	n projects' con	sortia.				
Actors involved in monitoring	Grant holder	s, Member Sta	ates, Commiss	ion						
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	-	Monitoring reports will cover implementation aspects and immediate results (subject to the availability of data).								
Planned use of information	AARs and to	The information collected through the monitoring and reporting arrangements will be used fo AARs and to provide potential adjustments when preparing the Commission proposal for the next Euratom Research and Training Programme (2019-2020)								
Frequency of reporting		On an annual basis (subject to the availability of data). Reporting on some indicators will delayed (for example on publications, patents, etc.)								
Indication of availability of reports in the	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
timeline	х	х	х	х	х					
		Evaluations	of the spendi	ng programme	2	•				
coverage 4. Planned use of evaluation results 5. Actors involved	Commission 5. Actors inv Member Sta monitoring a	proposal for th volved: Comm tes shall prov nd evaluation	he Euratom Re hission service vide the Com	esearch and Tr s, external ex mission with	aining Program perts. Where data and info	nents when p nme (2019-202 appropriate a rmation neces	20). nd available			
	 Deadline: Type: inte Main issue level of resu relevance of simplification The evaluati Union priorit the predeces programmes Planned u Commission Actors in Commission 	Its and progre all the mean on and the Euro on shall addit ties of smart, s sor measures , including the use of evalua proposal for the toolved: whe with data and	and coverage ess towards in sures, the ef opean added ionally take i sustainable ar and the degr Structural Fu tion results: he Euratom Ro re appropria information r	: the evaluation mpacts, of the ficiency and my value. Into account the ind inclusive grace of synergy nds. to provide po esearch and The esearch and The esearch and The search and availa	on should cove e Programme's use of resource the contribution owth, results of and interaction tential adjustre raining Program ble, Member he monitoring	er the achieven s objectives, th ces, the scope on of the mea on the long-ter n with other U ments when p nme (2019-202 States shall and evaluatior	e continued for furthe sures to the m impact o nion funding reparing the 20). provide the			
	1. Deadline: 2. Type: ex-p 3. Main iss implementat sustainability suspension o 4. Planned u Research and 5. Actors in	ion and achie of the measu of the subsequent ise of evaluat d Training Prog involved: whe	2022 ed and cover vements of the ures, to feed ent measure. cion results: t gramme. re appropriation	erage: the end ne Programme into a decisio o provide pot ne and availa	valuation sho e, as well as th n on a possibl ential adjustm ble, Member	ould cover th e longer-term e renewal, mo ents for the n States shall and evaluatior	impacts and dification o ext Euraton provide the			

COSME (*Programme for the Competitiveness of Enterprises and small and medium-sized enterprises***)**

Title spending programme:	COSME (Programme for the Com enterprises)	petitiveness of Enterprises and small and medium-sized						
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	 The multi-annual planning, monitoring and reporting cycles are based on the following elements: 7-year Strategic Plan which provides a reference point for the establishment of the COSME annual work programmes. This plan facilitates the evaluation and communication on the progress and impact of the Programme over a 7-year period. COSME annual work programme which describes the activities to be undertaken in a specific year and the budget allocated to these. COSME annual monitoring report which describes the activities undertaken and comments on the achievements and the results obtained. Evaluation reports: An interim and Final ex post evaluations will be conducted by external consultants in 2018 and 2021 respectively. It is assured there is a reliable system in place to collect performance reporting data. Annual reports 							
	It is assured there is a reliable system in place to collect performance reporting data. Annual reports on implementation of the Programme, examining efficiency and effectiveness of supported actions covering financial implementation, results, costs and, if possible, impact of the actions, will be prepared and presented to the Member States Committee. By 2018 an interim evaluation report will be prepared assessing level of results and impacts, efficiency of the use of resources and its European added value.							
	General and specific objectives, indicators, milestones and targets An evaluation of results and impact of the measures will be establish following the objectives, indicators, milestones and targets, according to the legal base. The results will be published and submitted to the EP and the ECA,							
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	To strengthen the competitiveness a SMEs.	and sustainability of the Union's enterprises, particularly						
Impact indicator:	Current situation	Long term target 2020						
Performance of SMEs as regards sustainability	2012: 26% (source Eurobarometer)	Increase the share of Union SME producing						
Changes in unnecessary	Number of days to set up a new SME in 2012 = 5.4 days	Marked reduction of number of days ³⁸						
administrative and	Cost of start-up in 2012 = €372	Marked reduction in average start-up costs in the Union ³⁹						
regulatory burden on both new and existing SMEs	Number of Member States where the time needed to get licences and permits (incl. environmental permits) to take up and perform the specific activity of an enterprise is one month = 2	Marked increase in the number of Member States where the time needed to get licences and permits to take up and perform the specific activity of an enterprise is one month						
Changes in share of SMEs exporting within or outside the Union	25% of SMEs export and 13% of SMEs export outside the Union in 2009	Increase in the share of SMEs exporting and increase in the share of SMEs exporting outside the Union						
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	To encourage an entrepreneurial cultu	ire and promote the creation and growth of SMEs						
Impact indicator:	Current situation	Long term target 2020						
Changes in SME growth	In 2010 SMEs provided more than 58% of total EU gross value added Total number of employees in SMEs in 2010 = 87.5 million (67% of private sector jobs in the EU)	Increase of SME output (value added) and employees						
Changes in share of	2012 = 37%	Increase in share of EU citizens that would like to be self-						

³⁸ A 2020 target of 3 days is mentioned in the recent Industrial Policy Communication COM(2014)14 of 22 January 2014.

³⁹ A 2020 target of €100 is mentioned in the recent Industrial Policy Communication COM(2014)14 of 22 January 2014.

Union citizens who						e	mployed
wish to be self-							
employed SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	(Linked t	o genera	lobiectiv	es 1 and 2)			
1				ce for SMEs in the fo	orm of equ	uity and d	ebt
Indicator 1	Number	of Firms l	penefiting	from debt financing	g		
Baseline	М	ilestones					Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
As of 31 December 2012, €13.4 billion in financing mobilised, reaching 219,000 SMEs (SMEG)				Value of financing mobilised ranging from €7.5 billion to €11.5 billion; number of firms receiving financing which benefit from guarantees from the programme ranging from 115,000 to 178,000			Value of financing mobilised ranging from €14 billion to €21 billion; number of firms receiving financing which benefit from guarantees from the programme ranging from 220,000 to 330,000
Indicator 2	N	umber of	VC invest	ments from the Pro	gramme ai	nd overall	volume invested
Baseline	M	ilestones		Target 2020			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
As of 31 December 2012, €2.3 billion in VC funding mobilised to 289 SMEs (GIF)				Overall value of VC investments ranging from €0.74 billion to €1.1 billion; number of firms receiving VC investments from the Programme ranging from 100 to 150			Overall value of VC investments ranging from €2.6 billion to €4.0 billion; number of firms receiving VC investments from the Programme ranging from 362 to 544
Indicator 3	Le	verage R	atio	10 100			
Baseline	D/	ilestones					Target 2020
Dasenne	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	101501 2020
Leverage ratio for the SMEG facility 1:32 Leverage ratio for GIF 1:6.7				Debt instrument 1:20 – 1:30 Equity instrument 1:4- 1:6			Debt instrument 1:20 – 1:30 Equity instrument 1:4- 1:6
Indicator 4	Ac	dditionali	ty of the E	FG and LGF			
Baseline	М	ilestones					Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Additionality of the SMEG: 64% of final beneficiaries indicated that support was crucial to find the finance they needed. Additionality of the GIF: 62% of GIF final beneficiaries indicated that				Share of final beneficiaries that consider the EFG or the LGF to provide funding that could not have been obtained by other means equal to or higher than 70%			Increase in the share of final beneficiaries that consider the EFG or the LGF to provide funding that could not have been obtained by other means compared to baseline

	,						
support was crucial to							
find the finance they needed							
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	(Linkod to g	onoral obior	ctive 1)				
2		-		for the compo	titivonoss on	d custainah	ility of Union enterprises,
2	-			ourism sector	titiveness an	u sustaillau	inty of offion enterprises,
	particularly	SIVIES, IIICIU	ung in the t	ourisin sector			
Indicator 1	Num	her of simp	lification me	asures adopte	d		
indicator 1	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i				u		
Baseline	Mile	stones					Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	2014	2015	2010	2017	2018	2015	
3 in 2013	5 in 2014						At least 7 simplification
5 11 2015	5 11 2011						measures per year
Indicator 2	Mak	ing the regu	latory frame	work fit for pu	irpose		• · · ·
		0 0					
Baseline	Mile	stones					Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
1 Fitness Check		2 by 2015		1			Up to 5 fitness checks to
delivered in 2013		,					be launched over the
							course of the COSME
							programme
Indicator 3	Num	ber of Mem	iber States ι	ising the comp	etitiveness pr	oofing test	
- "							
Baseline	IVIIIe	stones		1			Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
					-		
	ł			25% of the			Marked increase in the
Number of Member							a construction of Managers
States using the				Member			number of Member
States using the competitiveness				Member States by			States using the
States using the				Member			
States using the competitiveness	Resc	ource efficie	ncy (which	Member States by end 2017	energy, mater	rials or wate	States using the competitiveness
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0		purce efficie n by SMEs	ncy (which	Member States by end 2017	energy, mater	rials or wate	States using the competitiveness proofing test
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4			ncy (which	Member States by end 2017	energy, mater	rials or wate	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0	take		ncy (which	Member States by end 2017	nergy, mater	rials or wate	States using the competitiveness proofing test
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4	take	n by SMEs	ncy (which	Member States by end 2017	energy, mater	rials or wate	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline	take Mile 2014	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are	take Mile 2014 A milestone	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are	take Mile 2014 A milestone	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy,
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water,
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource-	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.)
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource-	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.)
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self-	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement)
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company,	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company,	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy,
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water (both 51%)	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy, materials or water,
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy,
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water (both 51%) Eight out of ten SMEs	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) every two
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water (both 51%) Eight out of ten SMEs are planning	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) every two years compared to
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water (both 51%) Eight out of ten SMEs are planning additional resource efficiency actions in the next two years,	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) every two years compared to baseline (initial
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water (both 51%) Eight out of ten SMEs are planning additional resource efficiency actions in the next two years, particularly saving	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) every two years compared to baseline (initial
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water (both 51%) Eight out of ten SMEs are planning additional resource efficiency actions in the next two years, particularly saving energy (58%) and	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) every two years compared to baseline (initial
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water (both 51%) Eight out of ten SMEs are planning additional resource efficiency actions in the next two years, particularly saving energy (58%) and minimising waste	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) every two years compared to baseline (initial
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water (both 51%) Eight out of ten SMEs are planning additional resource efficiency actions in the next two years, particularly saving energy (58%) and minimising waste (56%). Almost half	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) every two years compared to baseline (initial
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water (both 51%) Eight out of ten SMEs are planning additional resource efficiency actions in the next two years, particularly saving energy (58%) and minimising waste	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) every two years compared to baseline (initial
States using the competitiveness proofing test: 0 Indicator 4 Baseline 93% of SMEs are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient, with the most common actions being to minimise waste, save energy (both 67%) and save materials (59%). At least half are also recycling by reusing material or waste within the company, or by saving water (both 51%) Eight out of ten SMEs are planning additional resource efficiency actions in the next two years, particularly saving energy (58%) and minimising waste (56%). Almost half (49%) plan to save	take Mile 2014 A milestone will be defined following the launch of the European Resource- Efficiency self- assessment tool for SMEs in	n by SMEs stones		Member States by end 2017 may include e		1	States using the competitiveness proofing test er, recycling, etc.) actions Target 2020 Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are taking at least one action to be more resource efficient (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline (initial measurement) Increase in the share of Union SMEs that are planning to implement additional resource efficiency actions (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) every two years compared to baseline (initial

within the company.							
Indicator 5	Numb	ber of Mem	lber States i	using SME test		<u> </u>	
Baseline	Miles	tones					Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Number of Member States using SME test: 15 MS				4 more Member States by 2017			Increase in the number of Member States participating in transnational cooperation projects funded by the Programme
Indicator 6	Partic	ipation in t	ransnationa	al cooperation p	projects in to	ourism	
Baseline	Miles	tones					Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
3 countries covered				5 countries			Partnership agreements
per project in 2011 Indicator 7	Numh	er of desti	nations add	per project	ainable touri	l sm developn	signed: 2500 per year nent models promoted by
				of Excellence			ient models promoted by
Baseline	Miles	tones					Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Number of European Destinations of Excellence awarded in total 98 in 2011				more than 150			More than 200 destinations adopting the sustainable tourism development models promoted by the European Destinations of Excellence (about 20 every year)
Indicator 8	Numb	per of new	products/se	ervices in the m	arket		
Baseline	Miles	tones					Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
As this was restricted to analytical work of limited scale, the baseline will be 5 in 2017					15		Increase in the cumulative number of new products/services (initial measurement)
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	(Linked to ge To promote			l entrepreneur	ial culture		
Indicator 1			iber States gh the progr		entrepreneu	rship solutior	ns based on good practice
Baseline	Miles	tones					Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Number of Member States implementing entrepreneurship solutions: 22 (2010)	Ni li	or of Mar	mbor Ctata	25	g optromotion	ourship set	100%
Indicator 2				epreneurs, as v			tions targeting potential, et groups
Baseline	Miles	tones					Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	1
12 Member States in the European Network of Mentors for Women Entrepreneurs				12 Member States implementi ng new initiatives in			Marked increase in number of Member States

6 Member States and				this area			
2 regions have a							
specific strategy for							
Entrepreneurship							
Education							
10 Member States							
have incorporated							
national objectives							
related to							
entrepreneurship							
education in broader							
lifelong learning							
strategies and in 8							
Member States							
entrepreneurship							
strategies are							
currently under							
discussion							
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	(Linked to g	eneral obj	ectives 1 an	d 2)			
4	To improve	access to r	narkets, pa	rticularly inside	e the Union b	out also at g	lobal level
Indicator 1	Number of	Member 9	States imple	ementing entre	epreneurshin	solutions ta	argeting potential, young,
				well as other s			5 0 p = = = = , p = = = (0)
Baseline	1	tones			Bioup	-	Target 2020
Dasenne				1			Talget 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
It is estimated that in	<u> </u>			3 relevant	+		4 relevant areas of
regulatory				areas			significant alignment of
cooperation with				areas			technical regulations with
main trading partners							main trading partners
(US, Japan, China,							(US, Japan, China, Brazil,
Brazil, Russia, Canada,							Russia, Canada, India)
India) there is an							Russia, Callada, Ilidiaj
average of 2 relevant							
areas of significant							
alignment of							
technical regulations							
Indicator 2	Numk	l or of parts	l orchin agro	ements signed			
	Nume		iersnip agre	ements signed			
Baseline	Miles	tones					Target 2020
Dusenne			2016	2017	2010	2010	
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Partnership				7500 signed			Partnership agreements
	1			7500 Signed			
agreements signed:							signed: 2500 per year
agreements signed: 2475 (2012)	Becos	nition of t	he Network	amongst SMF	nonulations		signed: 2500 per year
agreements signed:	Recog	gnition of t	he Network	amongst SME	populations		signed: 2500 per year
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3		-	he Network	amongst SME	populations		
agreements signed: 2475 (2012)	Miles	tones	1	_			Target 2020
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3		-	he Network 2016	amongst SME	populations	2019	
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline	Miles	tones 2015	1	_		2019	Target 2020
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the	Miles	tones 2015 Milesto	1	_		2019	Target 2020
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst	Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be	1	_		2019	Target 2020
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will	Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi	1	_		2019	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst	Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned	1	_		2019	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will	Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once	1	_		2019	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will	Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline	1	_		2019	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will	Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has	1	_		2019	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will	Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been	1	_		2019	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will	Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been set in	1	_		2019	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will be measured in 2015	Miles 2014	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been set in 2015	2016	2017	2018		Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to baseline
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will	Miles 2014 Clien	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been set in 2015 t satisfacti	2016	2017	2018		Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will be measured in 2015 Indicator 4	Miles 2014 Clien by the	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been set in 2015 t satisfacti e Network)	2016	2017	2018		Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to baseline f specific service provided
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will be measured in 2015	Miles 2014 Clien by the	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been set in 2015 t satisfacti	2016	2017	2018		Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to baseline
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will be measured in 2015 Indicator 4	Miles 2014 Clien by the	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been set in 2015 t satisfacti e Network)	2016	2017	2018		Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to baseline f specific service provided
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will be measured in 2015 Indicator 4 Baseline	Miles 2014 Clien by the Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been set in 2015 t satisfacti e Network) tones	2016 on rate (% S	2017 SMEs stating sa	2018 tisfaction, ac	Ided-value o	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to baseline f specific service provided Target 2020
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will be measured in 2015 Indicator 4 Baseline Client satisfaction	Miles 2014 Clien by the Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been set in 2015 t satisfacti e Network) tones	2016 on rate (% S	2017 SMEs stating sa 2017 80% by end	2018 tisfaction, ac	Ided-value o	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to baseline f specific service provided Target 2020 Client satisfaction rate (%
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will be measured in 2015 Indicator 4 Baseline Client satisfaction rate (% SMEs stating	Miles 2014 Clien by the Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been set in 2015 t satisfacti e Network) tones	2016 on rate (% S	2017 SMEs stating sa	2018 tisfaction, ac	Ided-value o	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to baseline f specific service provided Target 2020 Client satisfaction rate (% SME stating satisfaction,
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will be measured in 2015 Indicator 4 Baseline Client satisfaction rate (% SMEs stating satisfaction, added-	Miles 2014 Clien by the Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been set in 2015 t satisfacti e Network) tones	2016 on rate (% S	2017 SMEs stating sa 2017 80% by end	2018 tisfaction, ac	Ided-value o	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to baseline f specific service provided Target 2020 Client satisfaction rate (% SME stating satisfaction, added-value of specific
agreements signed: 2475 (2012) Indicator 3 Baseline Recognition of the Network amongst SME population will be measured in 2015 Indicator 4 Baseline Client satisfaction rate (% SMEs stating	Miles 2014 Clien by the Miles	tones 2015 Milesto ne to be determi ned once baseline has been set in 2015 t satisfacti e Network) tones	2016 on rate (% S	2017 SMEs stating sa 2017 80% by end	2018 tisfaction, ac	Ided-value o	Target 2020 Increase in the recognition of the Network amongst SME population compared to baseline f specific service provided Target 2020 Client satisfaction rate (% SME stating satisfaction,

Indicator 5	Num	ber of SME	s receiv	ing suppo	rt service	S						
Baseline	Miles	tones						Target	2020			
	2014	2015	201	6	2017	2018	2019	_				
Number of SMEs receiving support services: 435,000 (2011)					00.000 end of 7				r of SMEs receivin services)/year			
Indicator 6		Number of SMEs using digital services (including electronic information services) provided the Network										
Baseline	Miles	tones						Target	2020			
	2014	2015	201	6	2017	2018	2019					
2 million SMEs per year using digital services				2.2 SMI	million Es				ion SMEs per year gital services			
	1	Moni	toring a	nd repor	ting arran	gements						
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	the baseline and themati	e. Feedback ic evaluatio	from th ns will c	ie actors i contribute	nvolved in to the ov	n the monito verall assessm	ring proces nent of prog	s and the gress.	e indicators wit results of survey			
Actors involved in monitoring						e Network, fic informatic		States; G	rant Recipients			
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	report asse beneficiarie and impact (Article 140 An interim the actions objectives,	ssing resul s for each of of support (8) of Regu evaluation will be esta and contril	ts, cost call for r to clima lation (E assessin blished.	is and im proposals ate-chang EU, Eurato ng achieve It shall a	apact. If , informative objective om) No 96 ement of ddress the	possible, the tion on the a ves. An annua 66/2012) will the Program e scope of sir	report w mount of c al report or be included me objectiv nplification	ill include limate-rela each fina l. ves, result , continue	nnual monitorin information o ated expenditur ancial instrumer s and impacts o d relevance of a sustainable an			
	inclusive gro A final eva prepared by	luation on	-	-term im	pact and	sustainability	/ of effects	s of the r	neasures will b			
Planned use of information	of sub-sequ Furthermore	uent Work e data prov and report	Progra /ided w	mmes ar ithin the	nd might COSME m	be relevant nonitoring fra	for a pos amework w	sible revi vill contrib	r the preparatio ision of COSM ute to the wide Plan and Annus			
Frequency of reporting		: Reports p	ublished	in the ye		ed with X wili ties in 2014, v	•		n (and up to) th in 2015)			
Availability of	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	20)19	2020			
reports in the timeline			Х	х	х	х	X		х			
				of the spe	nding pro	gramme						
Information per evaluation: 1. Deadline 2. Type 3. Main issues addressed and	the program	2018 valuation iation will f nme at the	ocus on level of	results a	nd impact	s, on the eff	iciency of t	he use of	supported unde resources and o It shall also tak			

coverage	into account evaluation results on the long term impact of the predecessor measures.
4. Planned use of	4. Decision on the renewal, modification or suspension of the measures.
evaluation results	5. Independent experts; stakeholders; EIF; EEN; beneficiaries; Member States
5. Actors involved	
	COSME Ex-Post Evaluation
	1. Deadline 2021
	2. Ex-Post Evaluation
	3. Evaluation on the long-term impacts and the sustainability of effects of the measures.
	4. Possible use for remedial action in the successor programme.
	5. Independent experts; stakeholders; EIF; EEN; beneficiaries; Member States
	In addition to the annual reports to monitor efficiency and effectiveness of supported actions, to the interim evaluation to report on achievements of the objectives of all the actions and a final evaluation report on the longer-term impact and sustainability of effects of the measures, regarding Financial instruments, feed-back will be provided to Commission/EIF before summer break, and regarding the Enterprise Europe Network an evaluation is planned in 2014.

Erasmus +

Title	Erasmus +						
spending							
programme:							
Summary,			-				reviously separated programmes Il include both the centralised
general description						0	ct centralised via the executive
of the logic							nated national agencies in all
and			es as well as a va		-		-
sequence of	1	0		,		0	
the overall							nalised yet. A comprehensive set
progress					•		ct and specific financial aspects
and			•		•		me. The detailed measurement
performanc					-		re that relevant data is collected
e reporting framework							est in 2015. Where relevant, the programme (i.e. the dedicated
Tranework				0	σ,		cutive Agency).Where that is not
							Survey tool, Mobility tool). The
							ed. Specific statistics serving the
			g the implemer	ntation of th	e programme	will be mad	e available as determined by the
	programm	e cycle.					
	A regular r	eporting w	ill be carried ou	ıt within the	framework of	Annual Act	ivity Reports (AAR).
							nd will be combined with an ex-
			-	•	•		es. It will be a single evaluation
		-	he programme			n and trainii	ng at all levels, youth and sport).
	7 marcva			will be laan			
		General a	and specific obj	ectives, ind	icators, milest	ones and ta	rgets
GENERAL	To contrib	ute to the	objectives of th	e Europe 2	020 strategy a	nd of the Ed	lucation and Training strategic
OBJECTIVE 1					-		blished in those instruments, to
			•	•		•	2018), to the sustainable
	-				-		veloping the European
	Europe.	in sport, v	vitil a view to p	nomoting a	KIIOWIEuge-Da	iseu, iiiiova	tive, sustainable and inclusive
Impact indicat		chool Leav	ring (Europe 202	20 headline	target)		
						ation and a	re not enrolled in education or
training.							
							ve only at most lower secondary
						ort); (2) res	pondents declared not having
		-	the four weeks Survey (annual a			v data)	
Baseline	tat,, The Lab	ourroice.		tones		y uataj	Target 2020
(2012)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(Europe 2020)
12,7%	-		11,5%				Less than 10%
			n attainment (E				
							niversity or university-like
			International St nual average ba			ucation (ISC	CED) level 5 or 6
Baseline		Survey (an		tones			Target 2020
(2012)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(Europe 2020)
35,7%			38%				At least 40%
Impact indica	tor 3: Emplo	yability of	young people	1	L	1	
Definition: Th	e share of er	nployed p	eople aged 20-3				er secondary or tertiary
						nger in edu	cation or training.
Source: The L Baseline	abour Force	Survey (an	nual average ba		rterly data)		Target 2020
			N/iloo	tones			

development Impact indica Definition: % d	of 18-34 year ated study or tat 2014 tor 9: Share of students f	r olds with an r training peri 2015 First pilot results of non-EU stu	initial vocati iod (including Miles 2016	ional educatio g work placen tones 2017 4% EU	2018	2019	tion (ISCED level 3) having had an inimum of two weeks. Target 2020 (ET 2020) 6% 6% tates Target 2020
development Impact indica Definition: % of initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline (2015) The survey data collection needed for the ndicator is under development. Within the development. Within the development. Minci sub- or or of LP, data are only available or IVET nobility.) Impact indica	of 18-34 year ated study or tat 2014 tor 9: Share	r olds with an r training peri 2015 First pilot results of non-EU stu	initial vocati iod (including Miles 2016	ional educatio g work placen tones 2017 4% EU	2018	2019	Target 2020 (ET 2020) 6%
development Impact indica Definition: % of initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline (2015) The survey data collection needed for the ndicator is under levelopment. Within the econardo da /inci sub- programme of LP, data are only available or IVET nobility.)	of 18-34 year ated study or tat 2014	2015 First pilot results	i initial vocati iod (including Miles 2016	ional educatio g work placen tones 2017 4%	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
development Impact indica Definition: % of initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline (2015) The survey data collection needed for the ndicator is inder development. Within the econardo da /inci sub- programme of LP, data are only available or IVET	of 18-34 year ated study or tat	r olds with an r training peri 2015 First pilot	i initial vocati iod (including Miles	ional educatio g work placen itones	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
levelopment Impact indica Definition: % of initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline (2015) The survey data ollection ieeded for the ndicator is inder ievelopment. Within the eonardo da finci sub- rogramme of LP, data are	of 18-34 year ated study or tat	r olds with an r training peri 2015 First pilot	i initial vocati iod (including Miles	ional educatio g work placen itones	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
evelopment Impact indica Definition: % d initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline (2015) he survey data ollection eeded for the adicator is nder evelopment. Within the eonardo da inci sub- rogramme of	of 18-34 year ated study or tat	r olds with an r training peri 2015 First pilot	i initial vocati iod (including Miles	ional educatio g work placen itones	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
evelopment Impact indica Definition: % of initial VET-rela Source: Euross Baseline (2015) he survey data blection eeded for the dicator is nder evelopment. Within the eonardo da inci sub-	of 18-34 year ated study or tat	r olds with an r training peri 2015 First pilot	i initial vocati iod (including Miles	ional educatio g work placen itones	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
evelopment Impact indica Definition: % of initial VET-rela Source: Euross Baseline (2015) ne survey data ollection eeded for the dicator is nder evelopment. Vithin the	of 18-34 year ated study or tat	r olds with an r training peri 2015 First pilot	i initial vocati iod (including Miles	ional educatio g work placen itones	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
evelopment Impact indica Definition: % of initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline (2015) ne survey data ollection eeded for the dicator is nder evelopment.	of 18-34 year ated study or tat	r olds with an r training peri 2015 First pilot	i initial vocati iod (including Miles	ional educatio g work placen itones	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
evelopment Impact indica Definition: % of initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline (2015) ne survey data ollection eeded for the dicator is nder	of 18-34 year ated study or tat	r olds with an r training peri 2015 First pilot	i initial vocati iod (including Miles	ional educatio g work placen itones	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
evelopment Impact indica Definition: % of initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline (2015) ne survey data ollection eeded for the	of 18-34 year ated study or tat	r olds with an r training peri 2015 First pilot	i initial vocati iod (including Miles	ional educatio g work placen itones	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
evelopment Impact indica Definition: % d initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline (2015) ne survey data ollection	of 18-34 year ated study or tat	r olds with an r training peri 2015 First pilot	i initial vocati iod (including Miles	ional educatio g work placen itones	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
evelopment Impact indica Definition: % d initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline (2015) ne survey data	of 18-34 year ated study or tat	r olds with an r training peri 2015	i initial vocati iod (including Miles	ional educatio g work placen itones	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
evelopment Impact indica Definition: % d initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline	of 18-34 year ated study or tat	r olds with an r training peri	i initial vocati iod (including Miles	onal educatio work placen	on and trainin nents) abroad	l lasting a n	ninimum of two weeks.
evelopment Impact indica Definition: % d initial VET-rela Source: Euros Baseline	of 18-34 year ated study or	r olds with an	i initial vocati iod (including	onal educatio work placen	on and trainin		ninimum of two weeks.
evelopment Impact indica Definition: % o initial VET-rela	of 18-34 year ated study or	r olds with an	i initial vocati iod (including	onal educatio work placen	on and trainin		ninimum of two weeks.
evelopment Impact indica					-	ıg qualificat	ion (ISCED level 3) having had a
levelopment		ng mahilitu !-	i vocational e	ducation and	training		
inder							
ndicator is		results		17%			20%
ollection eeded for the		First pilot					
he data							
(2015)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(ET 2020)
Baseline	<u> </u>	· · · · · ·	Miles	1		1	Target 2020
Source: Euros	tat, UOE dat	a collection					1
month		1	,,				
							redits or lasting a minimum thre
Impact indica					6) who have	had a bighe	r education-related study or
63%				70%			75%
(2011)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Baseline	2014	2015	Milest		2010	2010	Target 2020
Source: UOE E	urostat						1
		ower second	ary educatior	in the EU (IS	SCED level 2)	that studied	d at least two foreign languages.
Impact indica	-						
cience 17,7%		16%			14%		
/Jaths 22,2%		19%			17%		Less than 15% for all indicators
9,6%		17%			15%		
eading:	2014	2013	2010	201/	2010	2013	
Baseline (2009)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020 (ET 2020)
	's Programm	e for Interna			t (PISA). Resu	its reported	every 3 years.
the OECD's PI		C I I					
		5-year old Eur	opeans failin	g to reach lev	vel 2 in readir	ng, mathem	atics and science as measured b
Impact indica	tor 5: Low ad	chievement ir	ı basic skills a	it school		1	1
93,2%				94%			95%
(2012)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	(ET 2020)
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020
participating i Source: Euros		noou euucati	on and care (ECEC)			
			-	-	ne compulsor	y primary e	ducation starts which are
impact indica	tor 4: Early c	childhood edu	ication and ca	are		1	-
man and tradies			78%				82%
75,7%	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
-, :		1 2015	2040			1	

	2014	2015	2	2016	2017	2018	2019		
(2010)	2014	2013		7%	-01/	2010	2013		10%
4,0% mpact indicato	r 10: Youth	out-of-sch							10/0
•			•	•	ev have par	ticipated in	anv out-of-	-schoo	ol organisation (youth
organisation, NO					, - F-21		,		U
Source: Eurobar	ometer, eve	ery two ye	ars						
Baseline				Milestone	25				Target 2020
(2013)	2014	2015	2	2016	2017	2018	2019		
55%				5	58%				60%
Indicator 11 :	The number	r of staff su	upporte	ed by the Pro	gramme, b	y country a	nd by sector	r	
				Miles	stones				Target 2020
Baseline (2013	3) 2014	1 20)15	2016	2017	2018	3 201	19	
IE 46			ŀ	HE 50					HE 70
/ET 9			N	/ET 11					VET 15
chools 13				Schools 15					Schools 20
dult 2			A	Adult 3					Adult 5
outh 16				Youth 18					Youth 22
IE: higher educ	ation; VET:	vocational	educat	ion and train	ning				
lumber in 1.00	0								
					<u> </u>				
Indicator 12 :	The number	of partici	oants w			ver opportu	unities		
Baseline (2013	3)				stones				Target 2020
	2012	1 20)15	2016	2017	2018	3 201		
pecial needs	15								40
LLP) 8									
_									
ewer									27
opportunities					24.6				37
(Youth)18.7)	<u> </u>				21.6				
Number in 1.00	J								
Indicator 13 :	The number	and type	of orga	nisations an	d projects.	by country	and by actic	วท	
		und type	ororgu		stones	by country		511	Target 2020
Baseline (2013	3) 2014	1 20)15	2016	2017	2018	3 201	9	Target 2020
		r _ 20	,15	2010	2017	2010	201		
							l l		
September 201									
September 2014 on the basis of									
September 2014 on the basis of the first									
September 2014 on the basis of the first applications									
September 2014 on the basis of the first applications									
September 2014 on the basis of the first applications									
September 2014 on the basis of the first applications									
September 2014 on the basis of the first applications									
September 2014 on the basis of the first applications									
September 2014 on the basis of the first applications									
September 201 on the basis of the first applications received. ⁴⁰	4	prove the	level of	f key compe	tences and	skills, with	particular r	regard	t to their relevance for
September 2014 on the basis of the first applications received. ⁴⁰ Specific Objectin he labour mark	4 ve 1 : to im cet and thei	ir contribu	tion to	a cohesive s	society, in p	particular tl	hrough incre	eased	opportunities for
September 2014 on the basis of he first applications eceived. ⁴⁰	4 ve 1 : to im cet and thei	ir contribu	tion to	a cohesive s	society, in p	particular tl	hrough incre	eased	
September 2014 on the basis of the first applications received. ⁴⁰ Specific Objection the labour market earning mobilition	4 ve 1 : to im cet and thei	ir contribu	tion to	a cohesive s	society, in p	particular tl	hrough incre	eased	opportunities for
September 201- on the basis of the first applications received. ⁴⁰ Specific Objecti the labour mark earning mobility work;	4 ve 1 : to im cet and thei cy and throu	ir contribu ugh streng	tion to thened	a cohesive s cooperation	society, in p n between	barticular the world o	hrough incre of educatior	eased n and	opportunities for training and the world of
September 201 on the basis of the first applications received. ⁴⁰ Specific Objection the labour mark earning mobility work; PRELIMINARY C	4 ve 1 : to im ket and thei ty and throu	ir contribu ugh streng New indica	tion to thened ators or	a cohesive s cooperation	society, in p n between for target g	particular the world of groups eme	hrough incre of education erge for the 2	eased n and 1 st tin	opportunities for training and the world of ne in Erasmus+, therefore
September 201- on the basis of the first applications received. ⁴⁰ Specific Objection the labour mark earning mobilition work; PRELIMINARY Content of the second second second there is no base	4 ve 1 : to imp cet and their cy and throu OMMENT: line and the	ir contribu ugh streng New indica e individua	tion to thened ators or I milest	a cohesive s cooperation breakdown tones and th	society, in p n between for target g e final targe	particular the world of groups emeret 2020 are	hrough incre of education erge for the a under cons	eased n and 1 st tin structi	opportunities for training and the world of
the labour mark earning mobilit work; PRELIMINARY C there is no base determined in 2	4 ve 1 : to imposed and their cet and their cy and through OMMENT: cline and their contained their contained and their contain	ir contribu ugh streng New indica e individua on the inc	tion to thened ators or I milest lividual	a cohesive s cooperation breakdown tones and th measureme	society, in p n between for target g e final targe ents made ir	particular the world of groups emeret 2020 are	hrough incre of education erge for the a under cons	eased n and 1 st tin structi	opportunities for training and the world of ne in Erasmus+, therefore
September 201- on the basis of the first applications received. ⁴⁰ Specific Objection the labour mark earning mobility work; PRELIMINARY C there is no base determined in 2 ndicator 1: Lea	4 ve 1 : to imposed and their cet and their comment: comm	n contribu ugh streng New indica e individua on the inc ity opportu	tion to thened ators or I milest lividual unities t	a cohesive s cooperation breakdown tones and th measureme through Eras	for target g e final targe ents made in smus	articular the world of groups eme et 2020 are n the cours	hrough incre of education erge for the 2 e under cons e of the year	eased n and 1 st tin structi r.	opportunities for training and the world of ne in Erasmus+, therefore on. They will be
September 201- on the basis of the first applications received. ⁴⁰ Specific Objection the labour mark earning mobility work; PRELIMINARY C there is no base determined in 2 ndicator 1: Lea	4 ve 1 : to implement ve 1 : to implement ve and their ve and ve and	n contribu ugh streng New indica e individua on the inc ity opportu	tion to thened ators or I milest lividual unities t	a cohesive s cooperation breakdown tones and th measureme through Eras	for target g e final targe ents made in smus	articular the world of groups eme et 2020 are n the cours	hrough incre of education erge for the 2 e under cons e of the year	eased n and 1 st tin structi r.	opportunities for training and the world of ne in Erasmus+, therefore

⁴⁰ Given the conceptual differences between the past and the present programmes a direct comparison of numbers achieved in the past and numbers to be achieved in the future is not possible. Baseline, milestone(s) and target for this indicator will therefore be established across the present programme as early as September 2014 on the basis of data within applications received in 2014.

Baseline			Milesto	ones			
2013 ⁴¹	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020
HE 260	244	278	304	348	380	402	429
VET 41	70	82	93	104	116	128	142
YOUTH 59	75	76	77	77	78	79	80
	of Erasmus	+ participants	cipation (Erasm who have rece		ate, diploma	or other k	ind of formal recognition of
Baseline		0	Milesto	ones			Target 2020
(2010)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	1 -
otal			<u>+</u> +				
IE 100%		100%	<u>+</u> +	100%			100%
ET 65%		68%		70%			75%
Definition: % relevant for ei	of Erasmu nployabilit	t y	s declaring that			key compe	etences and/or their skills
	dual partic	ipant report to	be submitted		5+		T
Baseline	<u> </u>		Milestones (to		1	1	Target 2020
(2010)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
75%	, T	77%		80%			85%
Baseline (2014)	2014	2015	Milest 2016	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020
(2014) See preliminary	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
education an	d training	•	particular thr				rnationalisation at the level ration between education an
Indicator 1: In	novation f	rom participati	a a supervise the star	c (Eracmuc I)			
Definition: % o outreach met	hodologies	tions that have , etc.	e developed/ad	opted innovat			aterials, improved capacity;
Definition: % o outreach met	hodologies	tions that have , etc.	e developed/ad	opted innovat			1
Definition: % o outreach met Source: Final	hodologies	tions that have b, etc. be submitted by	e developed/ad y the beneficiar Milest	opted innovat ry organisation ones	s under Era	smus+	aterials, improved capacity; Target 2020
Definition: % o outreach met Source: Final Baseline	hodologies report to b	tions that have , etc.	e developed/ad	opted innovat			1
Definition: % of outreach metil Source: Final Baseline (2012) 0% to be revised)	2014	tions that have , etc. be submitted by 2015	e developed/ad y the beneficiar Milesto 2016	opted innovat ry organisation ones 2017	s under Era	smus+	– Target 2020
Definition: % of outreach meti Source: Final Baseline (2012) 0% to be revised) Indicator 2: Th	2014	tions that have be submitted by 2015 55%	e developed/ad y the beneficiar Milest 2016	opted innovat ry organisation ones 2017 65%	s under Era	smus+	- Target 2020
Definition: % of outreach metil Source: Final Baseline (2012) 0% to be revised)	2014 2014	tions that have be submitted by 2015 55% of users of Eur	e developed/ad y the beneficiar Mileste 2016 roguidance Mileste	opted innovat ry organisation ones 2017 65% ones	s under Era:	2019	– Target 2020
Definition: % d outreach met Source: Final Baseline (2012) 0% to be revised) Indicator 2: Th Baseline	2014	tions that have be submitted by 2015 55%	e developed/ad y the beneficiar Milest 2016	opted innovat ry organisation ones 2017 65%	s under Era	smus+	- Target 2020
Definition: % d outreach meti Source: Final Baseline (2012) 0% to be revised) Indicator 2: Th	2014 2014	tions that have be submitted by 2015 55% of users of Eur	e developed/ad y the beneficiar Mileste 2016 roguidance Mileste	opted innovat ry organisation ones 2017 65% ones	s under Era:	2019	- Target 2020

⁴¹ Reporting on the performance of the programme in a specific year (n) including detailed reports (breakdown) on the indicators annexed to the basic act will be produced by Q2 of the following year (n+1) and published on the Erasmus+ website.

Deceline							
Baseline			Milest	ones			Target 2020
(2012)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020
trategic artnerships nowledge/se	1739	1780	2138	3026	3545	3916	4515
tor skills lliances	13	20	36	48	60	72	88
Veb platforms	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
complement particular the dissemination Indicator 1: In	policy ref rough enl n of good	forms at natior hanced policy practices; U coordination	on national po	b support the better use of licy developm	modernisat Union tran ent (Educatio	ion of educat sparency and on and training	ng learning area designed t ion and training systems, i I recognition tools and th g) policy developments
	recommen nd informa	ndation on the I					oarency tools in education ndation on the validation of
Baseline			Milest	ones			-
(2012)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020
ggregate rogression ate: 24%					80%		100%
Source: Cedef	op monito		Milest	ones			Target 2020
(2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
ECVET: 10	12	15	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	All MS
FOAL CT AS	24	25	28	28	28	28	All MS
EQAVET: 23							7.11 1010
Indicator 3: %			e received a cer	tificate, diplo	ma or other l	ind of formal	recognition of their
Indicator 3: % participation i Baseline	in the Prog	gramme	Milest	ones			
Indicator 3: % participation i Baseline (2012)		gramme 2015			2018	kind of formal	recognition of their
Indicator 3: % participation i Baseline (2012) IE 100%	in the Prog	gramme	Milest	ones			recognition of their
Indicator 3: % participation i Baseline (2012) IE 100% /ET 65% Specific Objection the attractive development higher education Indicator 1: In	2014 2014 ective 4: between I eness of E t objective tion instit	2015 100% 68% to enhance t Union and part European highe es, through the utions and targ at of non-EU hig	Milest 2016 he internation mer-country in r education in promotion of geted capacity- ther education	2017 100% 70% al dimension stitutions in t stitutions and mobility and building in pa institutions (E	2018 n of educat he field of V I supporting cooperation rtner countri rasmus+)	2019 ion and trai ET and in hig the Union's o between the ies	recognition of their Target 2020 100% 75% ning, in particular throug her education, by increasin external action, including in e Union and partner-countr
Indicator 3: % participation i Baseline (2012) E 100% ET 65% Specific Obje cooperation I the attractive development higher educar Indicator 1: In - The number	2014 2014 ective 4: between I eness of E t objective tion instit	2015 100% 68% to enhance t Union and part European highe es, through the utions and targ	Milest 2016 he internation mer-country in promotion of geted capacity- her education in r education inst	2017 2017 100% 70% al dimension stitutions in t stitutions and mobility and building in pa institutions (E titutions invol	2018 n of educat he field of V I supporting cooperation rtner countri rasmus+)	2019 ion and trai ET and in hig the Union's o between the ies	recognition of their Target 2020 100% 75% ning, in particular throug her education, by increasir external action, including i e Union and partner-count
Indicator 3: % participation i Baseline (2012) E 100% ET 65% Specific Obje cooperation I the attractive development higher educa Indicator 1: In - The number Baseline	2014 2014 ective 4: between U eness of E t objective tion institu volvemen of partner	2015 100% 68% to enhance t Union and part European highe es, through the utions and targ to of non-EU highe	Milest 2016 he internation mer-country in promotion of geted capacity- ther education inst r education inst Milesto	2017 2017 100% 70% al dimension stitutions in t stitutions and mobility and building in pa institutions (E titutions invol ones ⁴²	2018 n of educat he field of V I supporting cooperation rtner countri rasmus+) ved in mobili	2019 ion and trai ET and in hig the Union's of between the ies	recognition of their Target 2020 100% 75% ning, in particular throug her education, by increasir external action, including i e Union and partner-count
Indicator 3: % participation i Baseline (2012) E 100% ET 65% Specific Obje cooperation I the attractive development higher educat Indicator 1: In - The number Baseline (2013)	2014 2014 ective 4: between teness of E tobjective tion institution of partner 2014	2015 100% 68% to enhance t Union and part European highe es, through the utions and targ at of non-EU hig	Milest 2016 he internation mer-country in r education in promotion of geted capacity- ther education r education ins Milesto 2016	2017 2017 100% 70% al dimension stitutions in t stitutions and mobility and building in pa institutions (E titutions invol	2018 a of educat he field of V supporting cooperation rtner countri rasmus+) ved in mobili 2018	2019 ion and trai ET and in hig the Union's o between the ies	recognition of their Target 2020 100% 75% ning, in particular throug her education, by increasir external action, including ir e Union and partner-countu- ration actions Target 2020
Indicator 3: % participation i Baseline (2012) IE 100% /ET 65% Specific Obje cooperation I the attractive development higher educa Indicator 1: In - The number Baseline (2013) 1 000	2014 2014 ective 4: between l eness of E tobjective tion institution of partner 2014 1 000	2015 100% 68% to enhance t Union and part European highe es, through the utions and targ to of non-EU highe	Milest 2016 he internation iner-country in r education in promotion of geted capacity- ther education inst r education inst Milesto 2016 1 100	2017 100% 70% hal dimension stitutions in t stitutions and mobility and building in pa institutions (E titutions invol pones ⁴² 2017	2018 a of educat the field of V supporting cooperation rtner countri rasmus+) ved in mobili 2018 1 200	2019 ion and trai ET and in hig the Union's of between the ies	recognition of their Target 2020 100% 75% ning, in particular throug her education, by increasir external action, including i e Union and partner-count ration actions

 42 These figures come from the numbers of non EU HEIs having participated in EM and Tempus from 2009 to 2013.

Baseline			Milest	ones			Target 2020
(2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
HE students going to partner country	3.8	3.8	4	4.3	3.6	3	3.9
HE students coming from a partner country	15	15	16	17	14	15	15
Number in 1000	-						
		o improve the iral awareness	e teaching and	l learning of la	anguages a	nd promote	the Union's broad linguistic
Indicator 1: La Definition: %	nguage sk of Erasmu	kills of participa Js+ participants	ints (Erasmus+) s in long-term n b be submitted i	nobility declari		have increa	sed their language skills
Baseline		1	Milest	1	T	1	Target 2020
(2010)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	_
HE: 94% VET: 81%		95%		96% 87%			98% 90%
	ctive 6: To	o promote exc	ellence in teac		arch activiti	es in Euron	ean integration through Jean
Monnet activ		-		-			
Monnet Progr	amme Ie Reportii	ng Tool for the		Programme (w			issues co-funded by the Jean
(2007)	2014	2015	1	1	2010	2010	Target 2020
120 000	2014 215 000	2015 235 000	2016 260 000	2017 285 000	2018 310 000	2019 335 000	360 000
			Monnet activitie				
Definition: Nu partner count	mber of co ries	ountries where	Jean Monnet a	activities have b be connected		med success	fully, increasing knowledge in
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline	mber of co ries e Reportin	ountries where g Tool for the J	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest	be connected	to Pegasus		fully, increasing knowledge in Target 2020
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online	mber of co ries	ountries where	Jean Monnet a	activities have b be connected		ned success	
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline (2013) 78 countries	mber of co ries Reportin 2014 78	g Tool for the J 2015 80	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest 2016 81	ectivities have b be connected cones 2017 82	2018 83	2019 84	Target 2020 85
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline (2013) 78 countries Specific Obje opportunities citizenship, in opportunities strengthened Indicator 1: % c	mber of co ries 2014 78 ctive 7: to 5, as well ntercultur 5 for your 1 links betw	g Tool for the J 2015 80 o improve the as to promo al dialogue, so g people, tho ween the yout	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest 2016 81 level of key co ote participatio ocial inclusion se active in yo h field and the hat they have i	2017 82 mpetences an on in democra and solidarity uth work or y labour market; ncreased their	2018 2018 83 d skills of y atic life in y, in particu outh organ	2019 84 oung peopl Europe an ilar through isations and	Target 2020
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline (2013) 78 countries Specific Obje opportunities citizenship, in opportunities strengthened ndicator 1: % c Baseline	mber of co ries Reportin 2014 78 ctive 7: to 5, as well ntercultur 5 for youn l links betwo of participa	2015 80 b improve the as to promo al dialogue, so g people, tho ween the youth ants declaring t	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest 2016 81 level of key co ote participatio ocial inclusion se active in yo h field and the hat they have i Milesto	be connected cones 2017 82 mpetences an on in democra and solidarity outh work or y labour market; ncreased their ones	2018 2018 83 d skills of y atic life in y, in particu outh organ key compet	2019 84 oung peopl Europe an ilar through isations and ences	Target 2020 85 e, including those with fewer d the labour market, active n increased learning mobility
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline (2013) 78 countries Specific Obje opportunities citizenship, in opportunities strengthened ndicator 1: % c	mber of co ries 2014 78 ctive 7: to 5, as well ntercultur 5 for your 1 links betw	g Tool for the J 2015 80 o improve the as to promo al dialogue, so g people, tho ween the yout	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest 2016 81 level of key co ote participatio ocial inclusion se active in yo h field and the hat they have i	2017 82 mpetences an on in democra and solidarity uth work or y labour market; ncreased their	2018 2018 83 d skills of y atic life in y, in particu outh organ	2019 84 oung peopl Europe an ilar through isations and	Target 2020 85 e, including those with fewer d the labour market, active n increased learning mobility d youth leaders, and through
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline (2013) 78 countries Specific Obje opportunities citizenship, in opportunities strengthened ndicator 1: % c Baseline (2012) 75%	mber of co ries 2014 78 ctive 7: to 5, as well ntercultur 5 for your 1 links betw of participa 2014	g Tool for the J 2015 80 b improve the as to promo al dialogue, so g people, tho ween the youth ants declaring t 2015	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest 2016 81 level of key co ote participatio ocial inclusion se active in you h field and the hat they have i Milesto 2016 77%	be connected cones 2017 82 mpetences an on in democra and solidarity outh work or y labour market; ncreased their ones 2017	2018 2018 83 d skills of y atic life in y, in partice outh organ key compet 2018	2019 84 oung peopl Europe an ilar through isations and ences 2019	Target 2020 85 e, including those with fewer d the labour market, active n increased learning mobility d youth leaders, and through Target 2020 80%
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline (2013) 78 countries Specific Obje opportunities citizenship, in opportunities strengthened ndicator 1: % c Baseline (2012) 75% ndicator 2: % c	mber of co ries 2014 78 ctive 7: to 5, as well ntercultur 5 for your 1 links betw of participa 2014	g Tool for the J 2015 80 b improve the as to promo al dialogue, so g people, tho ween the youth ants declaring t 2015	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest 2016 81 level of key co ote participatio ote participatio ote participatio ote participatio ote field and the hat they have i Milesto 2016 77%	activities have a be connected 2017 82 mpetences an on in democra and solidarity outh work or y labour market; ncreased their ones 2017	2018 2018 83 d skills of y atic life in y, in partice outh organ key compet 2018	2019 84 oung peopl Europe an ilar through isations and ences 2019	Target 2020 85 e, including those with fewer d the labour market, active n increased learning mobility d youth leaders, and through Target 2020 80% nguage skills
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline (2013) 78 countries Specific Obje opportunities citizenship, in opportunities strengthened ndicator 1: % c Baseline (2012) 75%	mber of co ries 2014 78 ctive 7: to 5, as well ntercultur 5 for your 1 links betw of participa 2014	g Tool for the J 2015 80 b improve the as to promo al dialogue, so g people, tho ween the youth ants declaring t 2015	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest 2016 81 level of key co ote participatio ocial inclusion se active in you h field and the hat they have i Milesto 2016 77%	activities have a be connected 2017 82 mpetences an on in democra and solidarity outh work or y labour market; ncreased their ones 2017	2018 2018 83 d skills of y atic life in y, in partice outh organ key compet 2018	2019 84 oung peopl Europe an ilar through isations and ences 2019	Target 2020 85 e, including those with fewer d the labour market, active n increased learning mobility d youth leaders, and through Target 2020 80%
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline (2013) 78 countries Specific Obje opportunities citizenship, in opportunities strengthened ndicator 1: % c Baseline (2012) 75% ndicator 2: % c Baseline	mber of co ries 2014 78 ctive 7: to 5, as well ntercultur 5 for youn 1 links betw of participa	g Tool for the J 2015 80 b improve the as to promo al dialogue, so ween the youth ants declaring t 2015	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest 2016 81 level of key co ote participatio ocial inclusion se active in yo h field and the hat they have i Milesto 2016 77% ry activities dec	activities have a be connected cones 2017 82 mpetences an on in democra and solidarity puth work or y labour market; ncreased their ones 2017	to Pegasus 2018 83 d skills of y atic life in r, in particu outh organ key compet 2018 2018	2019 84 oung peopl Europe an ilar through isations and ences 2019 ased their la	Target 2020 85 e, including those with fewer d the labour market, active n increased learning mobility d youth leaders, and through Target 2020 80% nguage skills
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline (2013) 78 countries Specific Obje opportunities citizenship, in opportunities strengthened ndicator 1: % c Baseline (2012) 75% ndicator 2: % c Baseline (2012) 87% ndicator 3: Soc Definition: % c Source: Individ	mber of co ries 2014 78 ctive 7: to 5, as well ntercultur 5 for your 1 links betw of participa 2014 2014 iial and po of Erasmus	puntries where g Tool for the J 2015 80 b improve the as to promo al dialogue, so g people, tho ween the yout ants declaring t 2015 2015 2015 90%	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest 2016 81 level of key co ote participatio ote participation se active in young h field and the hat they have i Milesto 2016 77% ry activities deco Milesto 2016 tion of young points declarin be submitted u	activities have a be connected cones 2017 82 mpetences an on in democra and solidarity labour market; ncreased their ones 2017 laring that they ones 2017 92% ecople (Erasmus g being better nder Erasmus+	2018 2018 83 d skills of y atic life in y, in particu outh organ key compet 2018 y have incre 2018 (have incre 2018 (s +) prepared to	2019 84 oung peopl Europe an ilar through isations and ences 2019 ased their la 2019	Target 2020 85 e, including those with fewer d the labour market, active n increased learning mobility d youth leaders, and through Target 2020 80% nguage skills Target 2020
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline (2013) 78 countries opportunities citizenship, in opportunities strengthened ndicator 1: % c Baseline (2012) 75% ndicator 2: % c Baseline (2012) 87% ndicator 3: Soc Definition: % c Source: Individ Baseline	mber of co ries e Reportin 2014 78 ctive 7: to 5, as well ntercultur s for youn links betw of participa 2014 2014 cial and po of Erasmus ual partici	ants in voluntai 2015 80 b improve the as to promo al dialogue, so ween the youth ants declaring t 2015 90% ditical participa s + young participant report to	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest 2016 81 level of key co ote participation ote participation se active in young h field and the hat they have i Milesto 2016 77% ry activities deco Milesto 2016 tion of young points declarin be submitted u Milesto	activities have a be connected cones 2017 82 mpetences an on in democra and solidarity puth work or y labour market; ncreased their ones 2017 laring that they ones 2017 92% ecople (Erasmus g being better nder Erasmus+ ones	to Pegasus 2018 83 d skills of y atic life in r, in particu outh organ key compet 2018 2018 2018 2018 s +) prepared to	2019 84 oung peopl Europe an ilar through isations and ences 2019 2019 ased their la 2019 participate	Target 2020 85 e, including those with fewer d the labour market, active in increased learning mobility d youth leaders, and through Target 2020 80% nguage skills Target 2020 95%
Definition: Nu partner count Source: Online Baseline (2013) 78 countries citizenship, in opportunities citizenship, in opportunities strengthened indicator 1: % c Baseline (2012) 75% Indicator 2: % c Baseline (2012) 87%	mber of co ries 2014 78 ctive 7: to 5, as well ntercultur 5 for your 1 links betw of participa 2014 2014 iial and po of Erasmus	puntries where g Tool for the J 2015 80 b improve the as to promo al dialogue, so g people, tho ween the yout ants declaring t 2015 2015 2015 90%	Jean Monnet a ean Monnet to Milest 2016 81 level of key co ote participatio ote participation se active in young h field and the hat they have i Milesto 2016 77% ry activities deco Milesto 2016 tion of young points declarin be submitted u	activities have a be connected cones 2017 82 mpetences an on in democra and solidarity labour market; ncreased their ones 2017 laring that they ones 2017 92% ecople (Erasmus g being better nder Erasmus+	2018 2018 83 d skills of y atic life in y, in particu outh organ key compet 2018 y have incre 2018 (have incre 2018 (s +) prepared to	2019 84 oung peopl Europe an ilar through isations and ences 2019 ased their la 2019	Target 2020 85 e, including those with fewer d the labour market, active increased learning mobility d youth leaders, and through Target 2020 80% nguage skills Target 2020 95% in social and political life

Indicator 4: The number of young people engaged in mobility actions supported by the Programme, by country, action and gender

gender Baseline			Milesto				
(2012) ⁴³⁴⁴	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020
59.400	69.500	69.900	69.900	77.400	92.200	107.500	124.000
Specific Obje	ctive 8: to	o foster quali	ity improveme	ents in youth	work, in p	articular th	rough enhanced cooperation
• •		•	eld and/or oth	•			· ·
ndicator 1: the	e number o	of users of Euro	odesk network				
Baseline (2013)		Miles	tones			Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
40.000 info							
enquiries answered	140.00						
	140.00	140.000	140.000	140.000	140.000	140.000	140.000
hrough	0						
urodesk							
etwork	ativo 0. 1	to compleme	nt nolicy rofe	rme at local	rogional	nd nation	l I level and to support the
							n of non-formal and informa
-		-				-	parency and recognition tool
		of good practic	• •	peration, set			
				tificate – e.g.Yo	outhpass, dig	oloma or oth	ner kind of formal recognition
heir participati				U	. , ,		0
Baseline			Milest	ones			Torget 2020
(2010)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020
(2010)							
	_			45%			65%
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international	ctive 10: t as suppor promotio organisati	35% o enhance the t structures fo n of mobility ons and throu	or young people and coopera gh targeted ca	e in compleme tion between pacity-building	ntarity with the Union in partner	the Union and partr	s external action, in particula
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati rolvement	35% o enhance th t structures fo n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non	or young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga	dimension of e in compleme tion between pacity-building nisations (Eras	ntarity with the Union in partner mus+)	the Union' and partr countries.	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Nun nobility and co	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement ober of you operation	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras	or young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come	ntarity with the Union in partner mus+) untries and	a the Union' and partre countries. partner cou	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Nun mobility and co Source: The mo	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement ober of you operation	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras	or young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised	dimension of e in complement tion between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come me l actions and th	ntarity with the Union in partner mus+) untries and	a the Union' and partre countries. partner cou	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Nun nobility and co Source: The mo Baseline	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement ober of you operation bility tool	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for	or young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised Milest	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come actions and the cones	ntarity with the Union g in partner mus+) untries and he EACEA Pe	a the Union and partr countries. partner cou gasus datab	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Nun nobility and co Source: The mo Baseline (2011)	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati rolvement aber of you operation bility tool 2014	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras	and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised Milest 2016	dimension of e in complement tion between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come me l actions and th	ntarity with the Union (in partner mus+) untries and he EACEA Pe 2018	a the Union' and partre countries. partner cou	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Nun nobility and co Gource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati rolvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015	and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised Milest 2016 5 600	dimension of e in complement tion between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come actions and the cones 2017	ntarity with the Union (in partner mus+) untries and ne EACEA Pe 2018 5 800	a the Union and partre countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Num nobility and co Source: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Obje	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati rolvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500 ctive 11: T	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross	or young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised Milest 2016 5 600 -border threats	dimension of e in complement tion between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come actions and the cones 2017	ntarity with the Union (in partner mus+) untries and ne EACEA Pe 2018 5 800	a the Union and partre countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Nun nobility and co Gource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Object as all kind of	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500 ctive 11: To ntolerance	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin	and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised Milest 2016 5 600 -border threats nation	dimension of e in complement tion between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come actions and the cones 2017	ntarity with the Union (in partner mus+) untries and he EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such	a the Union and partre countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping,	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000 match fixing, violence as wel
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Nun nobility and co Gource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Object as all kind of	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500 ctive 11: To ntolerance	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin	and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised Milest 2016 5 600 -border threats nation	dimension of e in complement tion between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come actions and the cones 2017	ntarity with the Union (in partner mus+) untries and he EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such	a the Union and partre countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping,	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Nun nobility and co iource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Object as all kind of Indicator 1: % sport	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500 ctive 11: To ntolerance	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin	and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised Milest 2016 5 600 -border threats nation	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come d actions and the cones 2017 s to integrity of use the results	ntarity with the Union (in partner mus+) untries and he EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such	a the Union and partre countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping,	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000 match fixing, violence as well as to fight against threats to
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Nun nobility and co iource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Object as all kind of Indicator 1: % sport	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500 ctive 11: To ntolerance	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin us+ sport organ	r young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised 2016 5 600 -border threats nation nisations ⁴⁵ that	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come diactions and the cones 2017 s to integrity of use the results	ntarity with the Union (in partner) mus+) untries and he EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such s of cross-bo	a the Union and partricountries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping, rder project	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000 match fixing, violence as wel
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Num nobility and co Source: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Object as all kind of Indicator 1: % sport Baseline (year)	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati rolvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500 ctive 11: To intolerance o of Erasmu	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin	r young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised <u>Milest</u> 2016 5 600 -border threats nation	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come d actions and the cones 2017 s to integrity of use the results	ntarity with the Union (in partner mus+) untries and he EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such	a the Union and partre countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping,	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000 match fixing, violence as well as to fight against threats to
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26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Num nobility and co ource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Object as all kind of Indicator 1: % sport Baseline (year) new EU action,	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati rolvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500 ctive 11: To intolerance o of Erasmu	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin us+ sport organ	r young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised 2016 5 600 -border threats nation nisations ⁴⁵ that	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come diactions and the cones 2017 s to integrity of use the results	ntarity with the Union (in partner) mus+) untries and he EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such s of cross-bo	a the Union and partricountries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping, rder project	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particula er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000 match fixing, violence as well as to fight against threats to
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Num nobility and co ource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Object as all kind of Indicator 1: % sport Baseline (year) new EU action, no baseline available	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500 ctive 11: To ntolerance 5 of Erasmu	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin us+ sport organ 2015	er young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised <u>Milest</u> 2016 5 600 -border threats nation hisations ⁴⁵ that 2016	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come actions and the cones 2017 use the results cones 2017	Antarity with the Union in partner mus+) untries and ne EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such s of cross-boo 2018	a the Union and partre countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping, rder project 2019	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particula er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000 match fixing, violence as well as to fight against threats to
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Num nobility and co ource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Object as all kind of Indicator 1: % sport Baseline (year) new EU action, no baseline available New EU Action	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500 ctive 11: To ntolerance of Erasmu 2014 - Baseline,	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin us+ sport organ 2015 milestone(s) a	or young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised Milest 2016 5 600 -border threats nation misations ⁴⁵ that 2016 and target for th	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come d actions and the cones 2017 use the results cones 2017	antarity with the Union in partner mus+) untries and ne EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such s of cross-boo 2018 1 2018 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	athe Union and partre countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping, rder project 2019 be establish	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particula er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000 match fixing, violence as well is to fight against threats to Target 2020
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Num nobility and co ource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Object as all kind of Indicator 1: % sport Baseline (year) new EU action, no baseline available New EU Action	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500 ctive 11: To ntolerance of Erasmu 2014 - Baseline,	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin us+ sport organ 2015 milestone(s) a	or young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised Milest 2016 5 600 -border threats nation misations ⁴⁵ that 2016 and target for th	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come d actions and the cones 2017 use the results cones 2017	antarity with the Union in partner mus+) untries and ne EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such s of cross-boo 2018 1 2018 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	athe Union and partre countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping, rder project 2019 be establish	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particula er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000 match fixing, violence as well is to fight against threats to Target 2020 ed across the present
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Num nobility and co ource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Objet as all kind of Indicator 1: % sport Baseline (year) new EU action, no baseline available New EU Action programme as o projects	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement ber of you operation bility tool 2014 5 500 ctive 11: T ntolerance of Erasmu 2014 - Baseline, early as Se	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin us+ sport organ 2015 milestone(s) a ptember 2014	or young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised Milest 2016 5 600 -border threats nation misations ⁴⁵ that 2016 and target for th	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come d actions and the cones 2017 use the results cones 2017 use the results cones	antarity with the Union in partner mus+) untries and ne EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such s of cross-boo 2018 ll therefore plications re	athe Union and partner countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping, rder project 2019 be established be established	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000 match fixing, violence as well is to fight against threats to Target 2020 ed across the present 014 and within past pilot
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Num nobility and co ource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Object as all kind of Indicator 1: % Sport Baseline (year) new EU action, no baseline available lew EU Action orogramme as o orojects Specific Object Indicator 1: %	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement aber of you operation bility tool of 2014 5 500 ctive 11: To intolerance of Erasmu 2014 - Baseline, early as Se ctive 12: To of Erasmu	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin us+ sport organ 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin us+ sport organ 2015	r young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised 2016 5 600 -border threats nation misations ⁴⁵ that 2016 - 2016 - 2016 - 2016 - 2016	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come d actions and the cones 2017 s to integrity of use the results cones 2017 data within ap governance in	antarity with the Union in partner mus+) untries and ne EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such s of cross-boo 2018 ll therefore plications resport and c	athe Union and partre countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping, rder project 2019 be establish ceived in 20 lual careers	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particular er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000 match fixing, violence as well is to fight against threats to Target 2020 ed across the present 014 and within past pilot
26% Specific Obje organisations through the international ndicator 1: Inv Definition: Num nobility and co ource: The mo Baseline (2011) 5 300 Specific Object as all kind of Indicator 1: % sport Baseline (year) new EU action, no baseline available New EU Action programme as our orojects Specific Object	ctive 10: t as suppor promotion organisati olvement aber of you operation bility tool of 2014 5 500 ctive 11: To intolerance of Erasmu 2014 - Baseline, early as Se ctive 12: To of Erasmu	35% o enhance the t structures for n of mobility ons and throu of EU and non uth organisatio under the Eras used by NAs for 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin us+ sport organ 2015 o tackle cross- e and discrimin us+ sport organ 2015	r young people and coopera gh targeted ca -EU youth orga ons from both smus+ program or decentralised 2016 5 600 -border threats nation misations ⁴⁵ that 2016 - 2016 - 2016 - 2016 - 2016	dimension of e in complemention between pacity-building nisations (Eras Programme come actions and the cones 2017 use the results cones 2017 use the results cones 2017 use the results	antarity with the Union in partner mus+) untries and ne EACEA Pe 2018 5 800 f sport such s of cross-boo 2018 ll therefore plications resport and c	athe Union and partre countries. partner cou gasus datab 2019 as doping, rder project 2019 be establish ceived in 20 lual careers	he role of youth workers and s external action, in particula er-country stakeholders and untries involved in internation ase Target 2020 6 000 match fixing, violence as well ts to fight against threats to Target 2020 ed across the present 014 and within past pilot of athlete

⁴³ Total of outputs for two actions: Youth exchanges and European Voluntary Service

⁴⁴ Reporting on the performance of the programme in a specific year (n) including detailed reports (breakdown) on the indicators

annexed to the basic act will be produced by Q2 of the following year (n+1) and published on the Erasmus+ website.

⁴⁵ The size of membership of sport organisations applying for, and taking part in the Programme, by country is monitored in EU funded projects.

r								
	2014	20	15 20	16 201	.7 2018	2019		
new EU								
action, no								
baseline available								
New EU Action -	Baseline	milesto	ne(s) and targe	t for this indica	tor will therefo	re he establishe	d across the pro	sent
programme as e								
projects	,							
Specific Objec	tive 13: To	o prom	ote voluntary a	activities in spo	rt, together w	ith social inclus	ion, equal opp	ortunities and
health-enhand	ing physic	cal activ	vity through ind	reased particip	ation in, and e	qual access to s	port	
				d the results o	of cross-border	projects to en	hance social in	clusion, equal
opportunities a	and partici	pation I	rates					
Baseline (year)	2011	20	45 000	Milestones	- 0010	2010	Target	2020
n avv Ell a ation	2014	20	15 20	16 201	.7 2018	2019		
new EU action, no baseline								
available								
New EU Action -	Baseline.	milesto	ne(s) and targe	t for this indica	tor will therefo	re be establishe	d across the pre	esent
programme as e								
projects								
Indicator 2 : Siz	ze of mem	bership	of sport organ	isations applyin	g for, and takin	g part in, the Pr	ogramme, by co	ountry
				Milestones			T	2020
Baseline (year)-	2014	20	15 20	16 201	.7 2018	2019	Target	2020
New EU Action -	Baseline	milasto	ne(s) and targe	t for this indica	tor will therefo	re he establishe	d across the pro	sont
programme as e								
projects	,				approduction			asephoe
. ,								
			Monit	oring and repo	rting arrangem	ents		
Description of							is envisaged the	-
how progress	progra	imme al	llowing for deta	ailed data collec	tion at all stage	s of programme	e implementatio	on.
on achieving								
milestones and							orting the impl	
targets is tracked		-			•	-	ool Business Obj omprehensive r	
tracked							mplexity and c	
							ocesses (i.e. th	
				on process) will				
	Annua	l stand	ard reports v	vill be drafted	in view of e	ensuring a ger	neralised monit	oring of key
	perfor	mance i	indicators with	n the framewo	rk of AAR.			
Actors	Progra	imme e	nd users: Appli	cant organisatio	ns, beneficiary	organisations, i	ndividual partic	ipants
involved in								
monitoring				-	-		n services, exe	cutive agency
	EACEA	, nation	al authorities,	national agencie	es, Higher Educ	ation institution	15,	
Planned use of	Allind	licators	cat in the new	gramma will b	a reported on	in the Commi	sionla correcto	nding Annual
information		y Repor		gramme will b	e reported on	in the commis	ssion's correspo	nuing Annuai
intornation	ACTIVIT	у кероі	ι.					
	When	availat	ole, monitoring	and evaluati	on findings w	ill feed in the	adjustments	made to the
					-		t generation of	
	1° -						0	
Frequency of	Annua							
reporting								
Availability of	20	14	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
reports in the	Q	2	Q2	Q2	Q2	Q2	Q2	Q2
timeline								

	Evaluations of the spending programme
Deadline	2017
Туре	External, Retrospective and Prospective; Interim evaluation incl. ex-post evaluations of previous MFF period
Main issues addressed and coverage	 - continued relevance and effectiveness of objectives; efficiency, sustainability, utility, European added value, internal and external coherence - scope for simplification of the programme - contribution to the realisation of Europe 2020
Planned use of evaluation results	-Improvement of design and execution of the programme - Preparation of a successor programme
Actors involved	External Contractors, Commission services, EACEA, selected National authorities and national agencies, selected final beneficiary organisations; other stakeholders
Deadline	2022
Туре	External, Retrospective and Prospective; Final evaluation
Main issues addressed and coverage	 - continued relevance and effectiveness of objectives; efficiency, sustainability, utility, European added value, internal and external coherence - scope for simplification of the programme - contribution to the realisation of Europe 2020
Planned use of evaluation results	-Improvement of design and execution of the next generation programme
Actors involved	External Contractors, Commission services, EACEA, selected National authorities and national agencies, selected final beneficiary organisations; other stakeholders

EaSI (programme for employment and social innovation)

Title spending	EaSI (programme for employment and so	ocial innovation)			
programme:	(p8,	,			
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	the first year, followed by three reports shall cover the Programme's results ar between women and men and gender	litative and quantitative monitoring report covering covering consecutive two-year periods. The reports and the extent to which the principles of equality mainstreaming have been applied, as well as how uding accessibility issues, have been addressed			
	responsible Commission service conclude	erformance has not yet been completed. The ed a contract with an external organisation that will uting the monitoring of the performance of EaSI.			
	It will: a) define the intervention logic, related performance indicators and baseline (by mid-2014) b) provide the support to collect the relevant information. This will be done through desk research in primary and secondary sources and complemented by an annual survey of the event s participants and biennial performance surveys of key stakeholders. c) establish the initial qualitative and quantitative monitoring report covering the first year (by mid-2015)				
	In addition, reports on good practices wil of the good practice cases and key finding	II be produced twice a year and will contain analysis gs.			
	Specific objectives, indicators, miles	stones and targets			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	instruments, policies (promoting a hig guaranteeing adequate and decent so poverty and improving working condition	ation, monitoring and evaluation of the Union's sh level of quality and sustainable employment, ocial protection, combating social exclusion and ons) and relevant law and promote evidence-based social progress, in partnership with the social public and private bodies.			
Indicator:	Declared gain of better understanding of	EU policies and legislation			
Baseline	Milestones	Target			
2012	2017	2020			
92% of respondents	Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%)	Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%)			
Indicator:		Maintain 2012 High results (Over 05%)			
Baseline	Active collaboration and partnership b Member States	between government institutions of the EU and			
2012		petween government institutions of the EU and			
87% of respondents	Member States				
Indicator:	Member States Milestones 2017	Detween government institutions of the EU and Target 2020			
	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%)	Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%)			
mulcator.	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) Declared use of social policy innovation	Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) in the implementation of social CSRs and the results			
Baseline	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%)	Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) in the implementation of social CSRs and the results			
	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) Declared use of social policy innovation of social policy experimentation for policy	Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) in the implementation of social CSRs and the results y making Target			
Baseline	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) Declared use of social policy innovation of social policy experimentation for policy Milestones	Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) in the implementation of social CSRs and the results y making			
Baseline 2012 None as new area of intervention. Will be defined in the frame of the new EaSI	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) Declared use of social policy innovation of social policy experimentation for policy Milestones 2017 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey Promote workers' voluntary geographic opportunities by developing high-quality	Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) in the implementation of social CSRs and the results making Target 2020 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first			
Baseline 2012 None as new area of intervention. Will be defined in the frame of the new EaSI survey.	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) Declared use of social policy innovation of social policy experimentation for policy Milestones 2017 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey Promote workers' voluntary geographic opportunities by developing high-quality and accessible to all, while respecting	Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) in the implementation of social CSRs and the results making Target 2020 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey cal mobility on a fair basis and boost employment y and inclusive Union labour markets that are open workers' rights throughout the Union, including			
Baseline 2012 None as new area of intervention. Will be defined in the frame of the new EaSI survey. SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) Declared use of social policy innovation of social policy experimentation for policy Milestones 2017 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey Promote workers' voluntary geographic opportunities by developing high-quality and accessible to all, while respecting freedom of movement.	Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) in the implementation of social CSRs and the results making Target 2020 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey cal mobility on a fair basis and boost employment y and inclusive Union labour markets that are open workers' rights throughout the Union, including			
Baseline 2012 None as new area of intervention. Will be defined in the frame of the new EaSI survey. SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2 Indicator:	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) Declared use of social policy innovation of social policy experimentation for policy Milestones 2017 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey Promote workers' voluntary geographic opportunities by developing high-quality and accessible to all, while respecting freedom of movement. Number of visits of the EURES platform (r	Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) in the implementation of social CSRs and the results making Target 2020 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey cal mobility on a fair basis and boost employment y and inclusive Union labour markets that are open workers' rights throughout the Union, including monthly average in million)			
Baseline 2012 None as new area of intervention. Will be defined in the frame of the new EaSI survey. SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2 Indicator: Baseline	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) Declared use of social policy innovation of social policy experimentation for policy Milestones 2017 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey Promote workers' voluntary geographic opportunities by developing high-quality and accessible to all, while respecting freedom of movement. Number of visits of the EURES platform (r Milestones	Detween government institutions of the EU and Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) in the implementation of social CSRs and the results of making Target 2020 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey cal mobility on a fair basis and boost employment y and inclusive Union labour markets that are open workers' rights throughout the Union, including monthly average in million) Target			
Baseline 2012 None as new area of intervention. Will be defined in the frame of the new EaSI survey. SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2 Indicator: Baseline 2012	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) Declared use of social policy innovation of social policy experimentation for policy Milestones 2017 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey Promote workers' voluntary geographic opportunities by developing high-quality and accessible to all, while respecting freedom of movement. Number of visits of the EURES platform (r Milestones 2016	Detween government institutions of the EU and Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) in the implementation of social CSRs and the results y making Target 2020 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey cal mobility on a fair basis and boost employment y and inclusive Union labour markets that are open workers' rights throughout the Union, including monthly average in million) Target 2020			
Baseline 2012 None as new area of intervention. Will be defined in the frame of the new EaSI survey. SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2 Indicator: Baseline 2012 3.3	Member States Milestones 2017 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) Declared use of social policy innovation of social policy experimentation for policy Milestones 2017 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey Promote workers' voluntary geographic opportunities by developing high-quality and accessible to all, while respecting freedom of movement. Number of visits of the EURES platform (r Milestones 2016 4	Detween government institutions of the EU and Target 2020 Maintain 2012 high results (over 85%) in the implementation of social CSRs and the results y making Target 2020 Will be defined on the basis of the results of the first survey cal mobility on a fair basis and boost employment y and inclusive Union labour markets that are open workers' rights throughout the Union, including monthly average in million) Target 2020			

100.000 placements / year	120.000 pla	acements / ye	ar	150.000 p	lacements / ye	ear		
Indicator:	Number of employers	individual pe	rsonal contact	s of EURES ac	lvisers with jol	bseekers, job o	hangers and	
Baseline	1	stones		Target				
2012	-	2017			2	2020		
1.019.852	1.200.000			1.400.000)			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	Promote employment and social inclusion by increasing the availability and accessibility of microfinance for vulnerable people who wish to start up a micro-enterprise as well as for existing micro-enterprises, and by increasing access to finance for social enterprises							
Indicator:	Number of	business crea	ted or consoli	dated that ha	ve benefitted f	rom EU suppo	rt	
Baseline	Mile	stones		Target				
2012		2017			2	2020		
Microfinance: 6.089 46	21.000			41.000 47				
Social Enterprises: 048	500 social e	enterprises		1350 soci	al enterprises ⁴	9		
Indicator:		Proportion of beneficiaries that have created or further developed a business with EU microfinance that are unemployed or belonging to disadvantaged groups						
Baseline	Mile	stones		Target				
2011		2017			2	2020		
In September 2011, 40% of beneficiaries were disadvantage (27% of them were unemployed or inactive and 13% were over the age of 54).	45%				neficiaries are ged groups	unemployed pe	cople or from	
		Monitoring a	nd reporting a	arrangements	5			
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	the participar	nts to events a	and biennial pe	erformance su	irveys of key s			
Actors involved in monitoring					n. The monito of the funding.	ring will involv	e the	
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring	The mid-terr quantitative	m evaluation basis, progres	(2017) shall s made in mee	be carried	out to measu	rogramme resure, on a qua	alitative and	
reports		hether the re		/ major chan	ges introduce	d by Union le ed efficiently a	gislation, to	
	determine wi its Union add The reports s Council, the E If the evaluat submit a prop	hether the re <u>ed value.</u> hould be tran European Ecor ion reveals th posal for ame	sources of the smitted for inf nomic and Soc at the Progran ndments to the	y major chan Programme ormation pur ial Committee nme has majo e Programme	ges introduce have been use poses to the E e and the Common r shortcoming		egislation, to and to assess ment the degions. sion may	
reports Planned use of	determine wi its Union add The reports s Council, the E If the evaluat submit a prop	hether the re ed value. hould be tran European Ecor ion reveals th posal for amen vill also be use	sources of the smitted for inf nomic and Soc at the Progran ndments to the ed to provide t	y major chan Programme ormation pur ial Committee nme has majo e Programme the relevant in	ges introduce have been use poses to the E and the Com r shortcoming formation for	ed efficiently a uropean Parlia mittee of the R s, the Commis	egislation, to and to assess ment the degions. sion may AR.	
reports Planned use of information	determine wi its Union add The reports s Council, the E If the evaluat submit a prop	hether the re ed value. hould be tran European Ecor ion reveals th posal for amen vill also be use	sources of the smitted for inf nomic and Soc at the Progran ndments to the ed to provide t	y major chan Programme ormation pur ial Committee nme has majo e Programme the relevant in	ges introduce have been use poses to the E and the Com r shortcoming formation for	ed efficiently a uropean Parlia mittee of the R s, the Commis the MP and A	egislation, to and to assess ment the degions. sion may AR.	

 ⁴⁶ Number of final beneficiaries who received a microloan under the Progress Microfinance
 ⁴⁷ The target has been based on the past experience with the Progress Microfinance. The target is subject to change, as the final ⁴⁸ There was no such support offered by the European Commission to social enterprises in the past. ⁴⁹ This calculation is based on the total volume of the guarantees and funded instruments funds, multiplied by the expected leverage

and divided by an average investment size of 200.000 euros per social enterprise. For the funded instruments, an expected coinvestment of 20 million euros was taken into account. The target is subject to change, as the final budget, the required leverage and potential co-investments are unknown at this stage.

Information per evaluation:	Ex-post evaluation PROGRESS 2007-2013
1. Deadline	1) 2014
2. Type	2) Ex-post
3. Main issues addressed and	3) impact and Union added value of the Programme
coverage	4) Implementation of EaSI activities
4. Planned use of evaluation results	5) Beneficiaries, independent experts, stakeholders, Member States.
5. Actors involved	benenetaries, independent experts, statenorders, member states.
	Mid-term evaluation
	1) By July 2017
	2) mid-term
	3)
	- measure on a qualitative and quantitative basis progress made in meeting the
	Programme's objectives
	- determine whether the resources of the Programme have been used efficiently
	and to assess its Union added value. 4) The results of that mid-term evaluation
	shall be presented to the European Parliament and to the Council. It is foreseen
	that if the evaluation reveals that the Programme has major shortcomings, the
	Commission should, if appropriate, submit a proposal to the European Parliament
	and to the Council, including appropriate amendments to the Programme to take
	account of the results of the evaluation
	5) Beneficiaries, independent experts, stakeholders, Member States.
	Before submitting any proposal for a prolongation of the Programme beyond
	2020,
	1) end of 2017 (tbc)
	2) Programme review to perform the ex-ante evaluation of the new programme
	3)
	- evaluation of the conceptual strengths and weaknesses of the Programme in the
	period 2014 to 2020
	- the Commission will present the report to the European Parliament, the Council,
	the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions
	4) In the ex-ante evaluation and in the new proposal.
	5) Beneficiaries, independent experts, stakeholders, Member States.
	Ex-post evaluation
	1) By 31 December 2022,
	2) Ex-post evaluation
	3) Impact and Union added value of the Programme
	4) Accountability purposes on the achievements of the intervention. Transmitted
	to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social
	Committee and the Committee of the Regions
	5) Beneficiaries, independent experts, stakeholders, Member States.

Fiscalis 2020

Title spending programme:	Fiscalis 2020								
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The performance framework of the programme follows an integrated approach . The monitoring mechanism is applied to the different actions from their start up to their finalisation. As such each action regardless of its type (Joint Action, European Information Systems and training activities) will start from a proposal which includes information like the background (why the activity takes place), the expected results, and possibly reporting to other bodies or more details on how the activity will be organised. For each action there will be a monitoring of the budget execution both from a tool based (type of eligible actions) and business (programme objectives) perspective. Subsequently, the (outputs) implementation and results (impacts) of actions are equally monitored through the action follow up forms addressed to action managers. Dependent on the duration of an action, these forms are completed at certain period in time. For the joint actions , follow up at the level of the participant is also foreseen at the end of an activity (immediate effect) and after a certain period of time (lasting impact)								
	-	amework will be finalised in the seco i							
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 etc.*	The overall objective taxation systems in	ic objectives, indicators, milestones a ve of the programme shall be to impr n the internal market by enhancing co a authorities and their officials.	ove the proper functioning of the						
Impact indicator:	Baseline	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020						
perception of Programmenetworking impact of	•	Programme	e Programme inter alia in terms of:						
	Established during the final evaluation of the present programme	Established in view of the baseline reached	Established in view of the baseline reached						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1 etc.	evasion and aggre taxation by ensurin where necessary a <i>countries</i> with a vi	ssive tax planning and the implement of exchange of information, by suppo nd appropriate, by enhancing the ad	<i>pport</i> the fight against tax fraud, tax entation of Union law in the field of orting administrative cooperation and, lministrative capacity of <i>participating</i> inistrative burden on <i>tax authorities</i>						
Indicator:		Communication Network for the Eur asure the availability of the common n	opean Information Systems Indicator, etwork;						
		Information System Availability Indica omponents of IT applications	tor, which will measure the availability						
	progress in th		ntation Index, which will measure the Union law and policy in the field of						
	a. the r	number of actions under the Program	me organised in this area;						
	b. the r	number of recommendations issued fo	ollowing those actions;						
	identification,		will measure the evolution in the tion of best working practices and						
	a.	the number of actions under the Prog	gramme organised in this area;						

		b. the nu	mber of guid	delines and	best practices	s shared;				
		nme aiming to				_	om actions under th officials, inter alia o			
		a. the nu Union;	mber of off	icials traine	ed by using c	ommon tra	aining material of th			
		b. the nu	mber of tim	es Program	me eLearning	modules v	were downloaded;			
Baseline	Milest	ones					Target 2020			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
These will be established 2014.	during the fina	l evaluation o	f the 2013 p	rogramme	and will be av	ailable in t	the 2 nd semester of			
		Monitoring a	and reportin	ıg arrangen	nents					
Description of how progress on achieving	-	d structured co data collection		monitoring	data will be e	stablished	. It will include severa			
milestones and targets of each objective is tracked		onitoring data ol (ART)	of the activ	ties collect	ed predomina	intly with t	he Activity Reporting			
	Statistics of the European Information Systems and training modules									
	 Surveys of participants in programme activities (Joint Actions) gathered at different intervals in time throughout the lifetime of the programme (see scheme below). The frequency of the event follow up forms is still under discussion 									
	 Surveys of Member States which will happen in the framework of the midterm and final evaluations (twice in the lifetime of the programme) 									
	The Commiss process is au		ne informati	on at the d	fferent time i	ntervals. V	Vhere possible the			
Actors involved in monitoring	from the dif		ems. The p	rogramme	stakeholders		orms and the statistic ion officials, Membe			
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	Initially the operation of the second	data in the re reports will a	ports will h gradually st or 24 mont	ave mainly art includir hs before d	a monitoring ng informatio	g and outp n on the	programme activitie out character. As tim available results as f the programme als			
Planned use of information	plans and wl	henever appli	cable in an	y other TAX	(UD reporting	g. The avai	orts and Managemen ilable information w all orientation of th			
Frequency of reporting	Annual	he Committee or bi-annual re m and final ev	eports (<i>the</i> j	frequency is	still to be dec	cided)	once a year December 2021			
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 Annual Report (TBC)	2015 Annual Report	2016 Annual Report (TBC)	2017 Annual Report	2018 MT Evaluation / Annual Report (TBC)	2019 Annual Report (TBC)				
Information	nor 1 Deadl:	Evaluations ne: 31/7/2014		ding progra	mme					
evaluation:					012 / МЕГ 200	7 2012)				
1. Deadline	2. Type: 0	external, final	evaluation	or Fiscalis 2	013 (IVIFF 200	7-2013)				

3. Main issues and coverage: The final evaluation will look at the entire duration of the

programme (years 2008-2013). The final evaluation will cover all types of activities run

1. Deadline

3. Main issues addressed

2. Type

and coverage	under the Fiscalis 2013, assessing their strengths and weaknesses (EU added value,
 Planned use c evaluation results Actors involved 	f effectiveness). It will cross-check the results achieved with the resources put forward, including the extent to which the results have been integrated in the day-to-day business amongst the tax administrations (efficiency and impacts/utility). The evaluation will pay particular attention to the IT systems offered by the programme, which constitute about 75% of the programme's overall budget. It will also re-examine relevant aspects identified in the Impact Assessment of the Fiscalis 2013 programme, look into the recommendations and follow-up processes based on the mid-term evaluation of the Fiscalis 2013 programme.
	4. Planned use: The final evaluation will be used to demonstrate whether the activities conducted under the programme (a) have added (sustainable) value to the cooperation between the EU tax authorities by offering them a broad EU-wide cooperation platform, most importantly the communication and information-exchange systems; (b) have delivered value for money by running the right activities (thus generating revenue/benefits/impacts) at an optimal cost; (c) achieved the objectives they were set for and contributed to broader policy objectives not only in terms of the direct results but, most importantly, in terms of further-going impacts (short-term), or changes (long-term), they managed to trigger. Even though this evaluation will assess the programme from the EU perspective, in taking account of the national experience, it should also provide feedback for consideration at the national level. The final evaluation will also be used to assess and/or contribute to the revision of the to-date implementation and follow-up of the recommendations of past evaluations. Furthermore, the evaluation will inform the other European Institutions of the programme's performance. 5. Actors involved: European Commission, Programme beneficiaries (i.e. tax administrations of participating countries)
	1. Deadline : 30 June 2018
	2. Type: External, Midterm evaluation of Fiscalis 2020 (MFF 2013-2020)
	3. Main issues and coverage: specific terms of reference for this evaluation will be drafted around the time of the exercise. According to the programme's Regulation, midterm evaluation will look at the achievement of the objectives of Fiscalis 2020, its efficiency and its added value at the European level. Additionally, it is expected to address the simplification and the continued relevance of the objectives, as well as the contribution of the programme to the Union priorities of smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.
	Based on the first half of the programme duration, the evaluation is also expected to identify potential for improvement in the efficiency and effectiveness of the Programme, present concrete and actionable recommendations for the remainder of the Programme lifetime.
	Coverage: Whole spending programme, all participating countries.
	4. Planned use: Preparation of a successor programme, feed into the respective impact assessments. Furthermore, the evaluation will inform the other European Institutions.
	5. Actors involved: European Commission, Programme beneficiaries (i.e. tax administrations of the participating countries.)
	1. Deadline: 31 December 2021
	2. Type: External, final evaluation of Fiscalis 2020 (MFF 2013-2020)
	3. Main issues and coverage: specific terms of reference for this evaluation will be drafted around the time of the exercise. According to the programme's Regulation, in addition to the criteria as specified for the midterm evaluation, the final evaluation will deal the long-term impact and sustainability of effects of the programme, in particular compared to the baseline established by the Performance Measurement project.
	Coverage: Whole spending programme, all participating countries.
	4. Planned use: The evaluation will inform the other European Institutions.
	5. Actors involved: European Commission, Programme beneficiaries (i.e. tax administrations of participating countries)

Customs 2020

Title spending programme:		Customs 2020							
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The performance framework of the programme follows an integrated approach . The monitoring mechanism is applied to the different actions from their start up to their finalisation. As such each action regardless of its type (Joint Action, European Information Systems and training activities) will start from a proposal which includes information like the background (why the activity takes place), the expected results, and possibly reporting to other bodies or more details on how the activity will be organised. For each action there will be a monitoring of the budget execution both from a tool based (type of eligible actions) and business (programme objectives) perspective. Subsequently, the (outputs) implementation and results (impacts) of actions are equally monitored through the action follow up forms addressed to action managers. Dependent on the duration of an action these forms are completed at certain period in time. For the joint actions , follow up at the level of the participant is foreseen at the end of an activity (immediate effect) and after a certain period of time (lasting impact)								
	General and speci	fic objectives, indicators, milestones a	and targets						
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 etc.*	modernisation of t	ive of the Programme shall be to sup he customs union in order to strengtl een participating countries, their cust	nen the internal market by means of						
Impact indicator:	Baseline	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020						
perception of Programmenetworking imp	e stakeholders regard act of the actions un	der the Programme and users of the P ling the impact of the actions under the der the Programme; a under the Programme Established in view of the baseline reached	-						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1 etc.	The specific object economic interests and the protection citizens and the	s of the Union and of the Member St of intellectual property rights, to in	norities in protecting the financial and ates, including the fight against fraud crease safety and security, to protect inistrative capacity of the customs propean businesses.						
Indicator:	Programme re b) The Common	lating to modern and harmonised app	opean Information Systems Indicator,						
	c) The Union Lav progress in th	v and Policy Application and Impleme	entation Index, which will measure the mentation of Union law and policy in						
	a.	particular relating to the protection	Programme organised in this area, in n of intellectual property rights, the it against fraud and the security in the						
	b.	the number of recommendations issu	ed following those actions;						
		Information System Availability Indica omponents of IT customs applications	tor, which will measure the availability						

	 e) the Best Practices and Guideline Index, which will measure t identification, development, sharing and application of best we administrative procedures inter alia on the basis of: 									
	a. the number of actions under the Programme organised in this area;									
	b. the number of guidelines and best practices shared;									
	 f) the Learning Index, which will measure the progress resulting fro Programme aiming to reinforce skills and competences of customs the basis of: 									
	 a. the number of officials trained by using common tra Union; 	aining material of the								
	b. the number of times Programme eLearning modules w	vere downloaded;								
	g) the Cooperation with third parties Indicator, which will establish supports authorities other than Member States' customs authoriti number of actions under the Programme supporting that objective.	-								
Baseline	Milestones	Target 2020								
	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019									
These will be established 2014.	during the final evaluation of the 2013 programme and will be available in th	he 2 nd semester of								
	Monitoring and reporting arrangements									
progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	 sources and data collection tools: Monitoring data of the activities collected predominantly with the Tool (ART) Statistics of the European Information Systems and training mode Surveys of participants in programme activities (Joint Actions) gathered intervals in time throughout the lifetime of the programme (see frequency of the event follow up forms is still under discussion. Surveys of Member States which will take place in the framewor and final evaluations (twice in the lifetime of the programme) The Commission collects the information at the different time intervals. We process is automated. 	dules athered at different scheme below). The rk of the mid-term								
Actors involved in monitoring	The Commission triggers the collection of the different data collection fo from the different IT systems. The programme stakeholders (Commissi States and their taxation officials) will provide the data.									
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	activities. Initially the data in the reports will have mainly a monitoring a As time evolves the reports will gradually start including information on the	The monitoring will cover several implementation aspects and results of the programme activities. Initially the data in the reports will have mainly a monitoring and output character. As time evolves the reports will gradually start including information on the available results as a typical action might last for 24 months before delivering. By the end of the programme also impact and long term results will be covered.								
Planned use of information	The monitoring information will also be used in the Annual Activity Reportion and whenever applicable in any other TAXUD reporting. The avail annually feed into the Annual Work Programme, steering the overa programme.	lable information will								
Frequency of reporting	During the Committee meetings which will be organised in prince	iple once a year								
	 Annual or bi-annual reports (<i>the frequency is still to be decided</i>) Mid-term and final evaluations by 30 June 2018 and 31 December 	er 2021 respectively.								
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Annual Annual Annual Annual MT Annual	2020 Annual Report								

	Report (TBC)	Report	Report (TBC)	Report	Evaluation / Annual Report	Report (TBC)	(TBC) Final Evaluation
					(TBC)		(2021)
Information per evaluation: 1. Deadline 2. Type 3. Main issues addressed and coverage 4. Planned use of evaluation results 5. Actors involved	3. Main issue the programm 2013, assess purpose/obje results achiev been integrat impacts/utilit programme. I Customs 200 recommendar spending prog 4. Planned of conducted un cooperation b platform, mo delivered v revenue/bene	August 2014 rnal, final evalues addressed a me (years 200 ing the stree ctive-related red with the r ed in the day- y). The evalue the will also re- 13 programme tions and follo gramme, all pa use: The final nder the Cus between the E st important alue for r efits/impacts)	uation of Cust and coverage 08-2013). It v engths and context (EU a esources put -to-day busine ation will pay examine relev he and will pw-up process articipating co at customs au y the commu- noney by at an optima	coms 2013 (: The final vill cover a weaknesses added value forward, in ess amongs particular vant aspect look into ses based o puntries will be us rogramme uthorities by unication a running l cost; (c) a	MFF 2007-201 evaluation will ll types of act s of the act e, effectivenes cluding the ex t the customs attention to s identified in the final e n the mid-tern (a) have add y offering ther nd informatic the right chieved the o	I look at the tivities ran tivities, be ss). It will a ktent to wh administrat the IT syste the Impact valuation we revaluation mevaluation metrate whe led (sustair m a broad E on-exchange activities bjectives th	e entire duration of under the Customs it in general or lso cross-check the ich the results have cions (efficiency and ems offered by the c Assessment of the will look into the n. Coverage: Whole ether the activities hable) value to the U-wide cooperation c systems; (b) have (thus generating ey were set for and
	importantly, managed to perspective, i consideration contribute to of past evalua 1. Deadline: 3	in terms of trigger. Even n taking acco at the natio the revision o ations. Further 30 June 2018.	further-going though this bunt of the n onal level. Th of the to-date rmore, the eva	g impacts evaluatior ational exp e final eva implement	(short-term), n will assess erience, it sho luation will a ation and follo	or changes the progra ould also pu ilso be use ow-up of the	results but, most (long-term), they mme from the EU rovide feedback for d to assess and/or e recommendations an Institutions.
	2. Type: Exter	,				6	
	drafted aroun evaluation wi added value a the continued Union priorit programme d and effective	nd the time of II look at the at the Europe d relevance of ies of smart, luration, it is ness of the Pr	of the exercis achievement an level. Addi the objective sustainable also expected ogramme, pro	e. Accordin of the obje tionally, it es, as well a and inclus I to identify esent concr	g to the prog ctives of Cust is expected to as the contrib ive growth. E r potential for ete and action	gramme's R oms 2020, i o address th ution of the Based on th improvemen nable recom	s evaluation will be egulation, midterm ts efficiency and its e simplification and e programme to the ne first half of the ent in the efficiency mendations for the me, all participating
					ogramme,fee m the other Eu		respective impact itutions.
	5. Actors administratio		•		Programme	beneficiar	ies (i.e. customs
		nal, final eval	uation Custon		F 2013-2020)		
	drafted aroun the criteria as impact and s established b under the pro Coverage: Wh	nd the time of a specified for ustainability of y the Perforr ogramme, effi- nole spending	the exercise. the midterm of effects of t nance Measu ciency of the programme, a	According t evaluation he progran rement pro use of reso all participa	to the program , the final evantme, in partic pject. Achieve	nme's Regul aluation will ular compa ement of th added valu	s evaluation will be ation, in addition to deal the long-term red to the baseline e action objectives e at European level.
	5. Actors administratio		•		Programme	beneficiar	ies (i.e. customs

HERCULE III

Title spending programme:	Hercule	III: progra	-	ote activitie Union's fina		-	ection of the European			
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The Programme shall contribute to developing the activities at EU and Member State level to counter fraud and any other illegal activities affecting the EU's financial interests, including the fight against cigarette smuggling and counterfeiting. It shall contribute to an increased transnational cooperation and coordination at Union level, between Member States' authorities, the Commission and OLAF. It shall also contribute to an effective prevention of fraud, corruption and other illegal activities against the EU's financial interests. This shall be achieved by providing technical assistance to MS' authorities in order to strengthen their operational and investigative capacity and by funding training, conferences and seminars for law enforcement professionals to improve their skills and to allow for the exchange of knowledge and best practices. The support consists of grants as well as procured services made available to Member States. At the end of the action, the beneficiaries of grants will submit a final technical report and, in the case of technical assistance grants, a final implementation report (the templates for these documents are included in the grant agreement) in which they present its impact and results. Based on the final reports received the Commission will present an annual report to the EP and the Council on the 2014 implementation of the programme, as stipulated by Art. 11(1) of the draft Hercule III Regulation. The report will describe how each of the Programme's operational objectives was achieved for 2014 and the results and impact of the actions co-financed.									
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 etc.*	Union's ec	onomy a of inform	nd ensuring th nation for impa	e protectior	n of the taxp	ayers' mon	mpetitiveness of the ey. The definition and mate to the modest size			
Impact indicator:	Bas	eline	Milest	one 2017		Long term t	arget 2020			
n.a.	n.a.		n.a.			n.a.				
Indicator 1:	activities a achieveme (Article 4 of of specific the Regula The numb	affecting ent of thi of the dra objective ation. er of ciga	the Union's fin s objective sha aft Hercule III R es have been e rettes in the EL	ancial intere Il be monito egulation). laborated b	ests. The Re pred through Two indicat elow in the seized with e	gulation pro n four key pe ors for moni light of the o equipment p	aud and any other illegal wides that the erformance indicators itoring the achievement operational objectives in urchased under the igarettes seized within			
							cule III Regulation.			
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
0%	1%	1.5%	2%	3%	3.5%	4%	5%			
Indicator 2:		nt of spec	-				III programme, including nt of the draft Hercule III			
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25			
	ı	Moni	toring and repo	orting arran	gements	ı	۱ <u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>			
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked Actors involved in monitoring Issues covered in	(one year achieved trainings, overall sat Grant ber seminars,	Monitoring and reporting arrangements Beneficiaries of grants have to submit a final technical report and a final implementation report (one year after the final payment) in which information shall be provided on tangible results achieved with the equipment purchased with funding from the programme. Participants to trainings, conferences and seminars will be requested to fill in a questionnaire to measure the overall satisfaction and relevance of the event for their professional activities. Grant beneficiaries (national and regional administrations); participants in Conferences, seminars, trainings, etc.								
i issues covered in	informatic									

	and the Council on the implementation of the Programme (Art. 11(1)) of the draft Hercule III Regulation.									
Planned use of information	Input for the impact indicators for the operational objectives; input for the annual implementation reports; input for the mid-term evaluation.									
Frequency of reporting	Annual									
Availability of reports	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
in the timeline	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes			
		Evaluations	of the spendin	g programme						
Information per evaluation	on:		1. Decem	ber 2014						
1. Deadline			2. Ex-post	Evaluation He	ercules II					
2. Туре			3. Achieve	ement of the o	objectives of tl	ne programme	2			
3. Main issues addressed	and coverage	е	4. Possible	e modification	s of actions					
4. Planned use of evaluat	tion results		5. Commi	ssion						
5. Actors involved			 Mid-ter Achieve impacts, t and its a simplificat continuect of the act inclusive evaluation The ev renewal, I Benefic administra 	ement of the he effectivend added value. tion, the in I relevance of ions to the Ur growth. More n of the Hercu valuation shal modification o ciaries in the	objectives of ess and efficie It shall also ternal and all objectives nion's prioritie eover, it shall le II report. I be used in o r suspension o Member Star hnical Assistar	ncy of the use o address th external coh as well as the s of smart, su take account view of a dec of the actions. tes: national	of resources e scope for erence, the contribution stainable and c of the final cision on the and regional			

Pericles 2020

Title coording	Doriclos 202	0. Evch	-	cictono	and tr	aining	program	nma for the	nrotaction	f the ouro	
Title spending		Pericles 2020: Exchange, assistance and training programme for the protection of the euro against counterfeiting									
programme: Summary, general	-			ly onco	11200 21	nd ont	ail an ing	roaco in tra	nenational c	operation for	
	-	The Programme shall actively encourage and entail an increase in transnational cooperation for the protection of the euro inside and outside the Union and with the Union's trading partners.									
description of the logic		the protection of the euro inside and outside the Union and with the Union's trading partners, and with attention also being paid to those Member States or third countries that have the									
and sequence of the											
overall progress and										he competent	
performance reporting							-			se operations	
framework									ecialised trai	ning.	
	General and								• ••		
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1					-				-	npetitiveness	
etc.*	of the Unior				-		hability				
Impact indicator:	Basel	ine	-	villesto	ne 2017			Long term	1 target 2020		
n.a.	n.a.		r	n.a.				n.a.			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	To protect t	he eurc	bankno	otes and	l coins a	gainst	t counte	rfeiting and	l related frau	d, by	
etc.	supporting	and sup	plement	t the m	easures	under	rtaken b	y the Meml	ber States th	rough a	
	regular coo	peratio	n, also in	cluding	; third co	ountri	es and i	nternationa	I organisatio	ns	
Indicator:	Number of c	ounter	feits dete	ected							
Baseline	Miles	tones							Target 2	2020	
(2011)	2014	2015	202	16	2017		2018	2019	Кеер соц	interfeits under	
606 000 notes	n.a.	n.a.	n.a	ı.			n.a.	n.a.		n an average	
157 000 coins					+/- 5%					ompared to	
					compa				2011		
					to 2013						
D 111 (1			toring ar								
Description of how			i report	s from	Nembe	er Stat	es Com	petent Nati	ional Author	ties, ECB and	
progress on achieving		Europol. All relevant stakeholders are invited to provide timely information on the number of									
milestones and targets of											
each objective is tracked		counterfeits detected. The implementation of Pericles 2020 is regularly discussed at the									
	-	meetings of the Euro Counterfeiting Expert Group (ECEG). The ECEG meets 3 times per									
	year.	<u>.</u>									
Actors involved in	Iviembei	States	Compe	tent Na	tional A	utnori	ties, ECE	3, Europol.			
monitoring	Devente										
Issues covered in	Reports	Reports on counterfeit euro banknotes and coins seized before and after circulation.									
subsequent monitoring											
reports	Dura a series										
Planned use of informatio									s training pri		
Frequency of reporting			CEG me			Contin	iuous up	dates to ivie	ember States	, ECB and	
Availability of reports in	2014		2015	1	016	20	017	2018	2019	2020	
the timeline	yes		yes)	/es	у	'es	yes	yes	yes	
		Evalu	ations of	f the sp	ending	progra	mme				
Information per											
evaluation:	1. 2017/	2021									
1. Deadline	2. Mid-t		al								
2. Туре				icy/EU v	alue-ad	ded/r	elevance	e sustainabil	lity/coherenc	e	
3. Main issues addressed			implem			-					
and coverage		-	•			ew of	a decis	sion on the	renewal, m	odification or	
4. Planned use of			he meas						-		
evaluation results					eholder	s (Me	mber St	ates' Comp	etent Nation	al Authorities,	
5. Actors involved	ECB and										
			· /								

CEF (Connecting Europe Facility)

Transport envelope

Title spending programme:	CEF Transport envelope											
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	 create TEN-T decisions per projects) will gather Member States' information on progress implementing TEN-T projects and the investments made for this purpose (including CEF, Cohesion Fund, ERDF, Horizon 2020 and EIB loans and financing instrume Commission will issue a global annual and a bi-annual progress report on implement TEN-T, including technical and financial data on the implementation progress made. It to the TEN-T regulation, a review of the implementation of the core network in 2023 will as well. The Commission will also establish an evaluation report on the CEF by end a below: Evaluation of the spending programme) and carry out an ex-post evaluation programme. Individual European Coordinators reports will be published annually as wee General and specific objectives, indicators, milestones and targets 					nformation system of DG MOVE to store and collect technical, financial reporti- hical data, to manage the submission and evaluation of project proposals and decisions per projects) will gather Member States' information on progress made I TEN-T projects and the investments made for this purpose (including under to n Fund, ERDF, Horizon 2020 and EIB loans and financing instruments). T will issue a global annual and a bi-annual progress report on implementation ing technical and financial data on the implementation progress made. Accordi regulation, a review of the implementation of the core network in 2023 will be do Commission will also establish an evaluation report on the CEF by end 2017 (s ation of the spending programme) and carry out an ex-post evaluation of to ndividual European Coordinators reports will be published annually as well.						
2*	performing tr				-		0 0 0					
Impact indicator:	Baselin		Milest		,	Long term	target					
Volume of private, public or public-private partnership investment in projects of common interest (Source: TENtec) (B1/B4)	0 in 2013		By 2017, EUR 280 billion of investments realised on the entire TEN-T network, of which EUR 140 billion on the core network			By 2022, EUR 500 billion of investments realised on the entire TEN-T network, of which EUR 250 billion on the core network (target date set to 2022 due to n+2 rule)						
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 3	reduction of efficiency, and	greenho d raising	ouse gas en the share of	nissions con renewable	npared to	1990 levels 20% by 2020	including a minimum 20% and a 20% increase in (linked to CEF)					
Impact indicator:	Baselin	e	Milesto	one		Long term target						
KPI: GHG emissions from transport (excluding maritime international bunkers but including international aviation) (source: EEA) (A3)	848.586 million tonnes CO2 eq. (1990) 1.109.629 millio tonnes CO2 eq. (2008) (EU28)	(2 2	84 Mt of CO2 (20% reduction 008)				2 eq (level in 2050) on by 2050 compared to					
Increase in energy efficiency in transport (MOVE.B and A3) ⁵⁰												
Share of renewable energy in transport ⁵¹ (Measurement unit: %; Source: Eurostat) (A3)	4.8 % (2010, EU27) 10% by 2020											
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 5							ottlenecks, enhancing rail cross border sections					
Indicator: 1	Setting up of Corridor Foru					esignation of	Coordinators, creation of					
Baseline	Milest	ones					Target 2014					
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
no corridor existing	9 core		1	1	ł	1	See column for 2014					

⁵⁰ Data not yet available as methodology still has to be developed. Figures will not be ready within the first two years of implementation of CEF ⁵¹ This indicator is defined according to the Renewable Energy Directive 2009/28/EC.

	by end of												
Indicator: 2	2014 Number o	f new or im	proved cross	-border con	nections* (N	/IOVE B)							
Baseline	Mil	estones	Target 2020										
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019							
0 in 2013				6			14 (rising to 36 by 2030)						
Indicator: 3	Number o	f removed k	ottlenecks a	nd sections	of increased	l capacity fo	or all modes on core						
	network c	network corridors which have received funding from the CEF (source: TENTec) (B1)											
Baseline	Mil	estones					Target 2020						
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019							
0 in 2013				5			13						
Indicator: 4	Length of i	nland wate	rway netwo	rk by class *	(MOVE B)	1							
Baseline	Mil	estones					Target 2030						
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019							
							Whole TEN-T inland waterways reaching class IV standards or higher by 2030, except where allowed by Regulation						
Indicator: 5	-			he EU-28 up on* (MOVE E	-	wing the re	quirements set out in						
Baseline	Mil	estones					Target 2030						
Buschille	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019							
							Whole core network complying with the requirements						
Indicator: 6			equipped wi N-T (MOVE		ean Railway	Traffic Ma	nagement System						
Baseline	Mil	estones					Target 2020						
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019							
2013 in service: 4199 km 2013 in service + under construction: 9411 km		12 000 km					30 000 km						
Note: indicators marked	blished by th	e end of 20	014. At that		able baseline	e scenario a	pre network corridors. The and precise targets can be n						
Indicator: 1				native fuels f	for vehicles u	using the TE	N-T core network for road						
Baseline 2014		n the EU-28 estones	5° (CI)				Target 2020						
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020-2025						
CNG public fuelling stations (EU-wide): 2482 LNG: public fuelling stations: 77 Hydrogen public fuelling stations: 101							CNG: 3136 EU-wide LNG road transport: 221 Hydrogen: 178 By 2020 (maritime ports) and 2025 (inland ports).						
Indicator: 2			d maritime p the EU-28*		TEN-T core	network eq	uipped with supply points						
Baseline 2014		estones		<u>, ; ,</u>			Target 2020						
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020-2025						
Maritime LNG supply points: 1 Inland Waterway							All 85 maritime ports in core network and the 54 inland ports in core						

LNG supply points: 1							network to be equipped					
							by LNG refuelling points by 2020 (maritime ports) and 2025 (inland ports)					
Indicator: 3	Number of	fatalities in	road trans	port accidents	s (Source: C	ARE) (MOVE						
Baseline 2010	Mile	stones					Target 2020					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020					
31500 (EU28)							Max 15750 (EU 28)					
work plans will be estal	blished by the	e end of 20	14. At that	time, a reliat	ole baseline	scenario a	re network corridors. The nd precise targets can be Commission proposals of					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7	-	To optimise the integration and interconnection of transport modes and enhancing the interoperability of transport services										
Indicator: 1	Multimoda the railway			cluding inland	l and marit	ime ports a	and airports connected to					
Baseline	Mile	stones					Target 2020					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020-2050					
- 27 maritime ports connected - 12 airports connected				- 41 (improved) connection s of maritime ports by 2017 - 18 (improved) connection s of airports by 2017			 - 54 (improved) connections of maritime ports by 2020 - 24 (improved) connections of airports by 2020 - All core maritime ports connected by 2030 - 38 core airports connected by 2050 					
Indicator: 2	Improved r	ail-road ter	minals* (M	-								
Baseline		stones	Towned 2020									
Daseine	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020					
Indicator: 3	(MOVE B)	rimproved	or new co	onnections be	etween por	ts through	Motorways of the Sea*					
Baseline	-	stones	I		[I	Target 2020					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
Indicator: 4	Synchronis	ation of the	deploymer	nt process of S	SESAR relate	ed technolo	gy (MOVE E2)					
Baseline 2013	Mile	stones					Target 2025					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2025					
0	Identificat ion of the first common project Nominat ion of the ATM deploym ent Manager by the Commis sion						Development and deployment of a new generation ATM system					
Indicator: 5		of roads co	vered by (re	eal-time) Traf	fic Informat	ion Services	s or equipped for					
							ariable Message Signs or					

		Target 2020					
Baseline 2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
30/11/2012 :- 15.500 km							Yearly increases of 10%
equipped with VMS (lane							really increases of 10%
control & info/warning/							
erouting)							
200.000 km covered by							
raffic Info Services, of							
vhich 25.500 km							
equipped with Travel Time Forecast systems							
Overall 250.000 km of							
oads equipped with ITS							
Services							
ndicator: 6			ion of RIS (R	iver Informa	tion Service	s) (source :	PLATINA 7RFP research
	project) (N						
Baseline 2012		estones					Target 2015
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
2/2012: 8900 km of class		2015 full			1		See under column for
/a+ waterways		coverage					2015
equipped with ENC's		with ENC					
Electronic navigation harts		for Class Va+					
2/2012: 4300 km of class		waterwa					
/a+ waterways		ys					
equipped with shore		(10500k					
based inland AIS		m)					
nfrastructure		2020: full					
2/2012: 11500 vessels equipped with AIS		coverage of class					
ransponders		Va+					
2/2012: Electronic		waterwa					
Reporting operational on		ys					
he		equipped					
Rhine; in other regions		with shore					
till in the starting phase		based					
		inland					
		AIS					
		infrastru					
		cture					
		(10500k m)					
		2015: all					
		commerc					
		ial					
		vessels					
		equipped					
		with inland					
		AIS (app.					
		12000ves					
		sels)					
		Electronic					
		reporting					
		fully operationa					
		l in 2015					
		for BtA and					
		AtA					
		communic					1
		ation					

work plans will be established by the end of 2014. At that time, a reliable baseline scenario and precise targets can be defined. The figures presented above correspond to the financial statement accompanying the Commission proposals of 2011.

	Monitoring	g and reportin	g arrangemen	ts - Specific ol	ojectives 5-7						
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	technical, fin of project pr Action Statu technical pr consumptior projects, the should be a which identi dependencie with all relev reported thr from Membe annual imple progress ma the impleme presented t Committee Coordinators	Through TENtec Information System (the information system of DG MOVE to store and collect technical, financial reporting and geographical data, to manage the submission and evaluation of project proposals and to create TEN-T decisions per projects) on project basis through the Action Status Report (ASR) (Annual report submitted by the implementing body on the technical progress of the project against the initial plan, and the associated budget consumption. It is the main document used by the Agency to assess progress. For multi-annual projects, the ASR serves as the basis for deciding whether funding for the next phase of work should be allocated) and the SAP (Stategic Action Plans) (a project management document which identifies the activities to be carried out and the associated resources, timeline and dependencies. It is used to: monitor project progress against the plan provide decision-makers with all relevant information concerning deviation from plan, and their impact) through INEA, reported through project promoters. On a political level information will be collected directly from Member States using the Open Method of Coordination (OMC) and iReport Modules for annual implementation reports (including technical and financial data on the implementation progress made) on the implementation of priority projects and bi-annual progress reports on the implementation of the core and comprehensive networks in each Member State., to be presented to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions. On top annual reports of European Coordinators will be published.									
Actors involved in monitoring	European Co	mmission, INE	A, Member St	ates, Project P	romoters, Eur	opean Coordi	nators				
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	-	Progress of the implementation of the Core Network (about the progress made in implementing projects and the investments made for that purpose).									
Planned use of information	implementat	AAR, Work plans for the Core Network Corridors of European Coordinators, readjusting implementation and reporting to other EU Institutions/Bodies and stakeholders, not on an annual basis but can be adjusted according to the legal basis.									
Frequency of reporting		Biannual repor o 1316/2013)	ts (See Art. 49	of TEN-T Regu	llation No 131	15/2013 and A	rt. 22 of CEF-				
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 X	2015 X	2016 X	2017 X	2018 X	2019 X	2020 X				
		Fuelwetiene.	af the area well.								
Information per	Planned eval	Lations on TEN		ng programme							
evaluation:	i lannea evan										
 Deadline Type Main issues addressed and coverage Planned use of evaluation results Actors involved 	1.1 2014 1.2 Ex-Post er 13 The ex p impact on ec priorities of s with a view to 1.4 Preparat	1 Ex-Post evaluation on TEN-T									
	2.1 end of 20 2.2 mid-term 2.3 The achie and the Euro 2.4. With a v evaluation sh the measure priorities of s	 European Commission, TENtec, INEA, Mid-term evaluation of the CEF end of 2017 mid-term evaluation, article 27.1 of the CEF The achievement of the objectives of all the measures, the efficiency of the use of resources and the European added value of the CEF. With a view to deciding on the renewal, modification or suspension of the measures. The evaluation shall also address the scope for simplification, the internal and external coherence of the measures, the continued relevance of all objectives and their contribution to the Union priorities of smart, sustainable and inclusive growth, including their impact on economic, social and territorial cohesion. 									

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
	2.5 Europea	in Commiss	ion and INE	A, TENtec, Ele	3					
	3.1 2015, th 3.2 ex-post 3.3. relevan volume of in 3.4 continue bond instru	e final projection of the final projection of the Envestments ation of the ment.	ect bond op of the PBI p urope 2020 in priority p e Project Bo	perations ilot phase, for Project Bonc projects and e ond instrumer	reseen in EC I Initiative a nhancing th	c/680/2007 and its effective contractions of the contraction of the co	I Initiative (PBI) , article 8 ctiveness in increasing the y of Union spending adaptation of the project			
	 3.5. European Commission and EIB 4. Ex-post evaluation of the CEF 4.1 at the end of the MFF period 4.2 Ex-post evaluation foreseen by article 27.3 4.3 The ex post evaluation shall examine the effectiveness and efficiency of the CEF and its impact on economic, social and territorial cohesion, as well as its contribution to the Unior priorities of smart, sustainable and inclusive growth and the scale and results of support used 									
	4.4 prepara	tion of a su	ccessor	ange objectiv EIB, beneficia						
	5. Review o 5.1 2023									
	5.2 Revision 5.3 The Eur	opean Com	mission, ha	aving consulte			s as appropriate and with ew of the implementation			
		nce with the	e provisions	laid down in of this Regul	-	ion;				
	(d) develop	ments in na	tional trans	ht transport f port infrastru nis Regulation	cture invest	ment;				
	States, sho projects list	uld assess ted in Dec	whether r ision No 6	new sections, 61/2010/EU,	such as c are to be	ertain form included in	eration with the Member mer cross-border priority n the core network. The			
	5.4 When c as provided	arrying out for in this	that review Regulation	will comply v	ssion should with the pro	d evaluate v ovisions of	whether the core network Chapter III by 2030 while			
	Member Sta whether the	ates. The Co e core netw	ommission s vork should	should also ev be modified	valuate, in c to take into	onsultatior account c	Union and in individual with the Member States, levelopments in transport on may submit a proposal			
	for amendm 5.5 Europea			, Member Sta	tes					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 8 ⁵²	To create a	n environn	nent more o	conducive to		public inve	estments notably through			
Indicator: 1	the financia				nmon inter	ast achieve	d through the financial			
indicator. 1	instrument				innon intere		u through the hildhciai			
Baseline 2013	Mile	stones					Target 2022			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2022			
0				EUR 8 bn of private investmen t in			EUR 23 bn of private investment in projects of common interest (target date set to 2022 due to			
	1		1			l				

⁵² This specific objective is derived from one of the indicators of the wide general objective of the Connecting Europe Facility (CEF) Regulation as regards the contribution to smart, sustainable and inclusive growth, which is reflected in the 2nd General Objective of the CEF Programme Statement. It was deemed appropriate for the purpose of monitoring the activity of DG MOVE to include in the Management Plan a specific objective concerning the improvement of the environment for investing in infrastructure since it is an important policy objective. The Legislators have insisted on the importance of the reporting for the use of CEF financial instruments; therefore, a corresponding indicator has been included herewith. The other indicators mentioned under specific objective 8 in the management plan (p.25), though important politically, are not directly linked to the budgetary activity of the DG and therefore do not need to be used for the purpose of this Annex. It must be noted that the policy focus for DG MOVE is on attracting private investments into transport infrastructure, as reflected in the indicator chosen. However, the indicator chosen in the CEF Programme Statement, refers to the volume of public and private investment in projects of common interest realised through the Financial Instruments under the CEF, to measure the total leverage effect of the CEF financial instruments.

			proje	etc of		n+2 rule)				
			comn			II+2 Tule)				
			intere							
	Monitori	ng and reporti	ing arrangeme	nts – Specific	objective 8	•				
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	Through TENtec Information System (the information system of DG MOVE to store and collect technical, financial reporting and geographical data, to manage the submission and evaluation of project proposals and to create TEN-T decisions per project) on project basis through the Action Status Report (ASR) (Annual report submitted by the implementing body on the technical progress of the project against the initial plan, and the associated budget consumption. It is the main document used by the Agency to assess progress. For multi-annual projects, the ASR serves as the basis for deciding whether funding for the next phase of work should be allocated) and the SAP (Strategic Action Plans) (a project management document which identifies the activities to be carried out and the associated resources, timeline and dependencies. It is used to: monitor project progress against the plan provide decision-makers with all relevant information concerning deviation from plan, and their impact) through INEA, reported through project promoters. On a political level information will be collected directly from Member States using the Open Method of Coordination (OMC) and iReport Modules for annual implementation reports (including technical and financial data on the implementation progress made) on the implementation of priority projects and bi-annual progress reports on the implementation of the core and comprehensive networks in each Member State., to be presented to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions. On top annual reports of European Coordinators will be published.									
Actors involved in	European C	ommission. IN	EA, Member s	tates, FIB (and	other financia	al institutions)	DG ECEIN			
monitoring				(4.14			, 20 20			
Issues covered in	Assessment	of general ma	arket developr	nents/econom	ic situation a	nd volume of	investments,			
subsequent monitoring		-	jective and the				,			
reports	_									
Planned use of	AAR, Work	plans for the	e Core Netwo	ork Corridors	of European	Coordinators	, readjusting			
information	implementat	tion and repo	rting to other	EU Institutio	ns/Bodies and	d stakeholder	s, not on an			
	annual basis	but can be ad	justed accordi	ng to the legal	basis.					
Frequency of reporting			rts (See Art. 49	of TEN-T Regu	ulation No 131	.5/2013 and A	rt. 22 of CEF-			
	regulation N	o 1316/2013)								
Availability of reports	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
in the timeline	Х	X	X	Х	Х	Х	Х			
			of the spendir			· · · · · · · ·				
Information per	•		luation of the	•	•					
evaluation:		made to the	information of	on this item ir	n the evaluati	on heading b	elow specific			
1. Deadline	objective 7.									
2. Type										
3. Main issues	Mid-term evaluation of the CEF									
addressed and	Reference is made to the information on this item in the evaluation heading below specific chiesting 7									
coverage 4. Planned use of	objective 7.	untion of the								
4. Planned use of evaluation results		uation of the C		on this itom it	a tha avaluati	on hooding h	olow specific			
		made to the	information of	on this item if	i the evaluati	on neading D	erow specific			
5. Actors involved	objective 7.									

Energy envelope

Title spending programme:	CEF -energy envelo	ре						
Summary, general description of the logic		he CEF implementation the Commiss t benefiting from the CEF (through gr	sion will collect and maintain a set of ants and financial instruments).					
and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	grant application/g data regarding pro- intermediaries who correspond to the r the basis for subsec sectoral objectives CEF (Art 3). Moreor relevance for climat	rant execution monitoring IT system operations benefiting from financial instru- partner the Commission. The nature result indicators specified in Art 3(4) of quent evaluation of the performance (Art 4) and contribute to the report over, data will be collected for each te-related objectives. A general overv	cutive agency through their standard as (adapted TENTEC application). The uments will be reported by financial e of data which will be collected will of the CEF regulation. It will constitute of the programme against the specific ring against the general objectives for h of the CEF assisted projects on its iew of the progress in implementation ble (updated annually) through an on-					
	implementation in financial institution addition, the Comm to the European Pa prevailing market project pipeline. Th	troduced in the agreements which s partnering the Commission in launce hission will, with the support of those arliament and the Council until 2023 conditions for the use of the instru	pecific reporting modalities on their the Commission will sign with the shing and offering such instruments. In e financial institutions, report annually in particular on implementation, the iment, the updated projects and the o this end (in cooperation with those rogramme.					
	Last but not least the Commission will be reporting annually (in the AARs) on the execution of the budget and of the yearly progress in performance (e.g. number of actions receiving grants or accessing financial instruments) which will be made available each year for the CEF energy programme.							
	In line with Art 27 of the CEF regulation, the programme will be evaluated by the Co (in cooperation with the Member States and beneficiaries concerned) by 31 Decem (mid-term). In particular the Commission will report on the achievement of the obj all the measures (at the level of results and impacts), the efficiency of the use of reso the European added value of the programme. After the budgetary period 2014-202 the end, the Commission will also carry out ex-post evaluation of the programme cooperation with the Member States and beneficiaries). The ex-post evaluation will the effectiveness and efficiency of the CEF and its impact on economic, social and cohesion, as well as its contribution to the Union priorities of smart, sustainable and growth and the scale and results of support used with a view to attaining climat objectives.							
	General and specif	ic objectives, indicators, milestones a	and targets					
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1		ern and high-performing trans- more conducive to private, publi	European networks and creating c or public-private investment					
Impact indicator:	Baseline	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2022					
Volume of public and private investment in projects of common interest	0 in 2013	(*)	Energy: By 2022 EUR 200 billion(**)					
Volume of public and private investment in projects of common interest realised through the Financial Instruments under this Regulation (***)	0 in 2013 (*) Energy: By 2022 EUR 30-60 billion							
GENERAL		-	ment targets, including a minimum 20					
OBJECTIVE 2		enhouse gas emissions compared to ng the share of renewable energy to 2	1990 levels, a 20 % increase in energy 20 % by 2020					
Impact indicator:	Baseline	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020					
F								

gas emissions Increase in energy efficiency Share of renewable energy	(2012) Energy: Saving of energy of around 14.6 % (2012) compared to baseline (2007) ⁵³ Energy: Share of PES in final	emissions in 2012 decreased by 18% relative to emissions in 1990 and are expected to reduce further by 24% and 32% in 2020 and 2030 respectively on the basis of current policies (****) Energy: Mid-2014: Review of the progress towards the 2020 energy efficiency target (****) Energy: RES in final energy concumption Trajectory with	(****) Energy: savings of energy by 20% (Europe 2020 target) (****) Energy: Share of RES in final energy
	RES in final energy consumption ⁵⁴ at 14,1% (2012)	consumption Trajectory with interim targets contained in Annex 1b of Dir. 2009/28/EC: 2011/2012: 10.8%; 2013/2014: 12%; 2015/2016: 13.7%; 2017/2018: 16% End-2014: Commission's 2014 Renewable energy progress report (****)	consumption at 20% (Europe 2020 target) (****)
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1		tiveness by promoting the further in eroperability of electricity and gas ne	
Indicator: SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	 (i) the number of printernal constraints (ii) the reduction or (iii) the percentage electricity generation (iv) price converger and (v) the percentage flow in the values (and tar explicitly refers to cumulative impact 	elimination of Member States' energ of electricity cross-border transmissic on capacity in the relevant Member St nee in the gas and/or electricity marke of the highest peak demand of the two nterconnections for gas. gets) cannot be determined ex ante (mber States' networks and removing y isolation; on power in relation to installed sates; its of the Member States concerned; o Member States concerned covered (and for this reason Art 3(3) of the CEF will gradually become available as the
Indicator:	Result indicators (a (i) the number of p and routes; (ii) the number of p (iii) system resiliend (iv) the amount of a (v) the connection of (vi) the optimal use The values (and tar explicitly refers to e	s provided for in the CEF regulation An rojects allowing diversification of supp projects increasing storage capacity; ce, taking into account the number of avoided curtailment of renewable ene of isolated markets to more diversified of energy infrastructure assets; gets) cannot be determined ex ante (a ex-post measurement). The results wil	bly sources, supplying counterparts supply disruptions and their duration; rgy; d supply sources; and for this reason Art 3(3) of the CEF I gradually become available as the
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	Contributing to sus integration of ener	of the PCI projects benefiting from the stainable development and protection gy from renewable sources into the t nart energy networks and carbon diop	n of the environment, inter alia by the ransmission network, and by the

⁵³ Baseline is PRIMES 2007 in 2020, which includes policies to be implemented up to 2006 with an oil price of \$61 per barrel and reference year 2005. Calculated as Gross Inland Consumption minus Final Non-Energy Use Consumption. Source: Eurostat, Commission studies. ⁵⁴ Source: Annex 1b of Dir. 2009/28/EC

Indicator:		nt of ren	ewab		CEF regulation ansmitted from		to major cons	sumption					
	(ii) the amou	nt of avo	oided	curtailment of	f renewable er	nergy;							
		(iii) the number of deployed smart grid projects which benefited from the CEF and the demand response enabled by them;											
	(iv) the amount of CO2 emissions prevented by the projects which benefited from the CE The values (and targets) cannot be determined ex ante (and for this reason Art 3(3) of the explicitly refers to ex-post measurement). The results will gradually become available as t cumulative impact of the PCI projects benefiting from the CEF.												
		Monito	oring a	and reporting	arrangements	i							
Description of how progress on achieving	-			-	applications of CEF supported		technical rep	oorts on grant					
milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	Collecting th projects ben			titutions (inte	utions (intermediaries) involved, from								
	(The collecter programme)	The collected data will subsequently also contribute to quantifying the performance of the programme).											
Actors involved in monitoring	an executive	Project Promoters (provide data for actions receiving CEF), Commission (with the assistance of an executive agency – collect and analyse the data), financial institutions providing financial instruments under the CEF (provide data for actions receiving CEF)											
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	-	impleme	entatio	on made year	and reported by year by e								
Planned use of information	measures to	address	s poss	ible issues on	ogrammes (m programme in red by the pro	mplementatio	n. Possible re	-allocation of					
Frequency of reporting	Budget exec	ution rep	oortin	g: annually									
	Reporting or financial reg		ss in ii	mplementatio	n of financial i	nstruments: a	nnually (as re	quired by the					
	Reporting or	progre	ss ma	de annually by	each action r	eceiving CEF s	upport						
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 X	201 X		2016 X	2017 X	2018 X	2019 X	2020 and beyond X					
		Evaluat	tions	of the spendir	ig programme		1						
Information per evaluati	on:				f evaluation of								
1. Deadline								. Reference is					
2. Type 3. Main issues addressed	and coverage		iaue t	o the evaluation	on heading in t	vode enun enu	e of CEF Iran	sport.					
4. Planned use of evalua	-		urthe	more, in line	with the lega	l base for the	nilot nhase (of the Project					
5. Actors involved		B	ond lo 680	initiative (E /2007), a full-	Decision No a scale, indepen	1639/2006/EC dent evaluatio	and Reg	ulation (EC) phase of this he evaluation					
		h	eadin	g in the fiche a	bove of CEF tr	ansport.							

(*) For this indicator the information currently available does not allow for defining the CEF Energy milestone for 2017.

(**) It is important to note that the 200 billion target for 2022 will be achieved through the combination of measures under the TEN-E guidelines (permitting, regulatory) and not only CEF (financing).

(***) This indicator is not applicable to Energy as the uptake of financial instruments will depend on the market (not on what the responsible Commission service develops as actions under the CEF programme). There is no possibility to put any meaningful target. (****) The CEF will be contributing to but CEF will not be the key driver.

ICT envelope

Title spending programme:	CEF – ICT e	envelope											
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	results and efficiency (economic, to the Unid shall feed i scope for s objectives. General ar Acceleratin including broadband subscribed household	The monitoring and evaluation framework for CEF will assess the achievements (at the level of results and progress towards impacts), effectiveness (at the level of results and impacts), and efficiency (use of resources) of the Connecting Europe Facility. It will assess its impact on economic, social and territorial cohesion, its European added value, as well as its contribution to the Union priorities of smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. The results of the evaluation shall feed into the design of a possible successor programme. In addition, it will address the scope for simplification, its internal and external coherence and the continued relevance of all objectives. General and specific objectives, indicators, milestones and targets Accelerating the deployment of fast and ultra-fast broadband networks and their uptake, including by small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs), to be measured by the level of broadband and ultrafast broadband coverage and the number of households having subscribed for broadband per year through the measure is expected to grow from 1 million in 2014 to 12,8 million and reach a total of 45,6 million by 2020.											
Indicator:	Level of co	evel of coverage of fast broadband coverage (30 Mbps)											
Baseline	Mile	estones					Target 2020						
2010: 28.7% of households	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	100%						
				60%									
Indicator:	Level of su	bscriptions	to broadbai	nd connectio	ons above 10	0 Mbps							
Baseline	Milestone	S					Target 2020						
2010: <1%	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	50%						
				20%			-						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	access to s	uch networ	ks. This obje	ective will be	e articulated		services online as well as ne future.						
Indicator:	Citizens an	d businesse	es using pub	lic services o	on-line ⁵⁵								
Baseline	Milestone	S					Target 2020						
2010: 41,2% of citizens, 75,7% of businesses	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	60% of citizens; 100% of businesses						
				50% of citizens 85% of business es									
Indicator:	Availability	of cross-bo	order public										
Baseline	Milestone	S					Target 2020						
n/a	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019							
							100%						

 ⁵⁵ As measured: citizens and businesses using e-Government services.
 ⁵⁶ Cross-border public services: this cannot yet be measured, as the list of services is still under definition by Member States.

				80%							
		Monitorir	ng and report	ing arrai	ngements						
Description of how							ports and an i				
progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is			egulation inclu work program				addition, mid-	term			
tracked	the effective	Mid-term and ex-post evaluations should be carried out by the Commission in order to assess the effectiveness and efficiency of the funding and its impact on the overall goals of the Facility and the Europe 2020 Strategy's priorities.									
Actors involved in monitoring	The Regulation draws on extensive consultation with stakeholders, EU institutions and bodies, Member States, regional or local authorities, social and economic partners, academic experts and international institutions. The results of mid-term evaluations carried out on the 2007-13 programmes as well as a broad range of studies and expert advice were used as input.										
	On the level of the actions, beneficiaries will provide on a regular basis and on the terms of the agreements/decisions reports on the actions to be implemented. The CEF regulation provides furthermore for the possibility to request Member States specific evaluations of actions and linked projects										
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports											
Planned use of information	AARs, spending programme adjustments, DG CNECT evaluation and monitoring feeding into leading DG's evaluations										
Frequency of reporting	Budget execution reporting: annually										
	Reporting on progress in implementation of financial instruments: annually (as required by the financial regulation).										
	Reporting on progress made annually by each action receiving CEF support										
	Evaluation: Interim evaluation by the end of 2017, Final (ex post) at the end of the programme period.										
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015	2016		2017	2018 x	2019	2020			
	1	Evaluatio	ns of the sper	nding pro	ogramme		•				
Information per	Mid-term ev										
evaluation:	Reference is	made to th	e evaluation	heading	of the fich	ne of CEF trans	sport.				
1. Deadline	Ex-post eval										
2. Type	Reference is	made to th	e evaluation	heading	in the fich	e on CEF Trar	isport.				
3. Main issues											
addressed and											
coverage											
4. Planned use of											
evaluation results											
5. Actors involved											

Standards in the fields of financial reporting and auditing

Title spending programme:			s of financia f financial re			g - Prograr	nme to support specific					
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and	accounts th	nroughout tl	0	bally, there			arency of company mooth functioning of					
performance reporting framework	make inter the EU rep	national acc resentation	ounting stan	dards (IFRS) oversight o	the global ac f the IFRS For	ccounting la	It is in our interest to anguage and to ensure where membership in					
	0	Also significant, credible and independent technical upstream European input is essential at the development of those standards. EFRAG is responsible for those activities.										
	therefore a	The EU may adopt International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) based on Directive 2006/43. It has therefore a direct interest in ensuring that those standards are of high quality and the due process of their adoption is subject to independent public oversight by the PIOB.										
	General an	d specific o	bjectives, ind	dicators, mi	lestones and	targets						
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1	-	-	adoption	of IFRS whi	le ensuring	the EU's w	eight in influencing the					
etc.	developme		orldwide ap	olving IEBC								
Impact indicator:	Number of	countries w	onuwide ap	DIVING IFKS								
Baseline	Mile	stones					Target 2020					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
At the end of 2012 125 countries were applying IFRS and 128 countries at the end of 2013.	n.a.	Application of IFRS in most countries including major jurisdictions.										
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1		t and indep					by supporting reporting and auditing					
Indicator:	Percentage the IASB by		ls endorsed i	n the EU co	mpared to th	e number o	of standards issued by					
Baseline	Mile	stones					Target 2020					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
On 29 October 2012, 89% of IFRSs was endorsed in the EU (124 standards out of 139).	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	100%					
Indicator:	Number of	EU countrie	s using ISAs	1	1	I						
Baseline	Mile	stones					Target 2020					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
end-2012: 20 Member States had fully endorsed the clarified ISAs	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Adoption and implementation of high quality ISAs in all Member States					
		Monitori	ng and repo	rting arrang	ements							
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets			ssion should the PIOB and			on the activ	ity of IFRS as regards the					

of each objective is tracked	12 months b programme.		of the program	mme – a repor	t of achievem	ents of the obj	ective of the			
Actors involved in monitoring	Commission									
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	in particular report shall models, are	the general palso cover where the general part of the second seco	orinciples aga nether the IFI e actual cons	inst which new RS standards t	w standards h ake due acco economic tra	vity of IFRS Foundary bave been dev bunts of differ ansactions, are	eloped. This ent business			
	should addr	ess any chang	es that have I		ed in the Con	report of the ceptual Frame				
	the diversified given year r	With regard to the PIOB (or its successor organization), the report shall cover developments in the diversification of funding. If funding by the International Federation of Accountants in a given year reaches more than two-thirds of the total annual PIOB funding, the Commission should propose to limit its annual contribution for that year to a maximum of EUR 300 000.								
	With regard	With regard to the EFRAG, the report shall cover the following:								
	i) Whether EFRAG in its technical work on IAS takes appropriate account of the requirement of Article 3(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002, in particular, in assessing whether new or amended IFRS are consistent with the "true and fair view" principle and conducive to the European public good; and									
	ii) Whether EFRAG in its technical work on IFRS provides adequate assessment of whether draft, new or amended international accounting standards developed by IASB are evidence-based, respond to Union's needs taking into account the diversity of accounting and economic models and views in the Union; and									
	iii) EFRAG's progress in the implementation of its governance reforms, taking into account developments following the recommendations of the special advisor to the Commissioner for Internal Market and Services of October 2013.									
Planned use of information	Reporting to	the European	Parliament ar	nd the Council.						
Frequency of reporting	Annual as of	2015.								
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015 June	2016 June	2017 June	2018 June	2019 June/ December	2020			
		Evaluations		ng programme						
Information per evaluation: 1. Deadline 2. Type 3. Main issues addressed and coverage 4. Planned use of evaluation results			Commissi Achievem Reporting	31 December 2019 Commission report Achievement of programme objectives Reporting to the European Parliament and the Council The European Parliament and the Council						
5. Actors involved			inc Luiop							

ISA (Interoperability Solutions for European Public Administrations)

Title spending		<u>31.12.2015</u> : "Interoperability Sol reinafter referred to as ISA)	utions for European Public Administrations –				
programme:	ISA Programme (nei	lemarter referred to as ISA)					
	For the period 01.	.01.2016 – 31.12.2020: "Inter	operability Solutions for European Public				
	administrations, businesses and citizens ISA ² Programme (hereinafter referred to as "ISA ² . (COM)						
	XX of xx.05.2014.	C C					
Summary, general	. –	_	cted actions (through a call for proposal				
description of the	procedure) on intero	. ,					
logic and sequence of	-	erformance monitoring:	an action dedicated to "Newitaving and				
the overall progress and performance			ng action dedicated to "Monitoring and ased on the measuring of certain indications				
reporting framework			s of achieving targets at reasonable cost,				
		quality, relevance to programme					
	<u>At program</u>	nme level, though the applicat	ion of an interim evaluation that was held				
	already in (Oct 2012 and a final evaluation b	oy end 2015.				
	programme level. Fo respectively are fore. In ISA ^{2 t} he general of the present requirer cross-sector interact administrations and services supporting public sector informa- role in contributing t In relation to the ge will allow the continu- provide more and implementation of	r the latter case, "interim" and " seen, to be communicated to the ojective, derives directly from it ments, is to facilitate the efficient ion of European public administ with citizens and businesses, so the implementation of Union ation and, at the same time, he o the economic recovery of the uneral objective, the proposed p uity of the ISA developments, br concrete solutions to EU Union policies in a consistent ed in the below reflect the a	nitoring mechanism, both at action and at final" evaluations by Dec 2018 and Dec 2021 e European Parliament and to the Council. s predecessor programme and is adjusted to ent and effective electronic cross-border or strations. This interaction should be among as to enable the delivery of electronic public policies and activities and the exchange of lp public administrations fulfil their essential EU Member States.				
		objectives, indicators, milestor	-				
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1*	administrations" for	the ISA programme – scope e	vernment services to European public extension to cover "businesses and citizens histrations within them and across Europe"				
Impact indicator:	Baseline	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020				
	Support and	The European Federated	A complete package of interoperability				
	development of	Interoperability Repository	solutions can be offered to the				
	interoperability	(EFIR) contains a satisfactory	stakeholders along with their strategic				
	solutions supporting the	number of qualitative assets covering all interoperability	models, frameworks, implementation guidelines and supportive technical				
	European public	levels which are widely	platforms				
	administrations	reused, including the	plationns				
	under the ISA	relevant trans-European					
	programme	systems supporting EU					
		policies in scope of the					
		Commission's ICT					
		rationalisation initiative					
		The supervised of the second second	[the exact milestone is still to be defined in				
		[the exact milestone is still	relation to the objectives and roadmap of ISA^2 r currently under propagation				
		to be defined in relation to the objectives and roadmap	ISA ² r currently under preparation]				
		of ISA ² currently under					
		preparation]					

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	collaboratio	n betwee tion of Cor	n them nmunity	by facili policies a	tating ele nd activitie	ctronic intera s - Assess, de	nd improve e action in sup velop, support	oport of the
Indicator:	European pu at all levels i		strations	are provid	ed with a "	toolset" to app	oly and boost in	nteroperability
Baseline	Miles	tones					Target 202	D
At strategic level, interoperability development is guided by the European Interoperability Strategy (EIS) and the European Interoperability Framework (EIF). A medley of solutions is already funded as programme's actions, sTesta, IMI, ECI, MT@EC, e-prior, work on semantics, just to	2014 Intensify work for the delivery of the first version of the European Interopera bility Reference Architectur e (EIRA)	2015 The EFIR contains samples of assets at all interoper ability levels mapped to the EIRA	2016 [to be defined under th ISA ²	[to be d defined	[to b define	e [to be ed defined the under the	A complete ' support instr ensure effici interoperabi implementat governance	'toolset" of uments to ent lity, ion and namely, the EIS, I with available delines and
name some. The scope is foreseen to be expected over time, always subject to budget availability.								
·		Monito	ring and	reporting	rrangemer	nts		
progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked Actors involved in monitoring	representa submitted	separate programme action Commission staff is responsible for the management of actions. Members States representations are reviewing and give opinion. The interim and final evaluation reports are submitted to the European Parliament and the Council for review						
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	effectivene Interim an	ess, efficien	cy, perce orts inclue	eived qualit	y, relevance	e to programm	ormance to cr ne' objectives a supplementar	nd availability.
Planned use of information	of the wor		ne actio	ns and sele	ct new pro	-	ed to better ac Il better server	• •
Frequency of reporting	The Comm work prog interim ev successor	iission is re ramme (art aluation (D	porting a icles 9 a ecember mme wi	annually to nd 13 of th r 2012) an Il follow th	the ISA Cor e ISA Decis d will unde e same fre	ion). The ISA ergo a final ev	ester basis. ne implementa programme we valuation (end an interim eva	ent through an of 2015). The
Availability of reports in the timeline	201 4 x	201 x Decemb Final evaluat report the ISA	oer: ion for	2016 (to be confirme d under ISA ²)	2017 (to be confirme d under ISA ²)	2018 Decembe r: Interim evaluatio n report for ISA ² (provision	2019 (to be confirmed under ISA ²)	2021 December: Final evaluation report for ISA ² (provisional planning)

						al			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	Promote	modernisatio	n of Euror	pean publi	c admi	planning) nistrations a	nd improve (efficiency and	
	collaborati implement	collaboration between them by facilitating electronic interaction in support of the implementation of Community policies and activities - ICT implications are properly assessed at the time the legislation is produced							
Indicator:		erage of Impac	-						
Baseline	Mile	estones					Target 2	020	
DIGIT is asked to take a seat in selected Impact Assessment Steering Committees. A basic method for assessing ICT impact is available but only tested in one single case.	2014 Participati on in minimum 5 Impact Assessme nt procedure s. The assessme nt method is revised and	2015 Participati on in all ICT related Impact Assessme nts in the Commissi on	2016 [to be defined under ISA ²]	2017 [to be defined under ISA ²]	20 [to defii unc ISA	be [to b ned defin der unde	integrate within all ed Assessme er supporte appropria with resu	ent procedures, d by the ate method and lts linked to the rnance of the	
	and finalised.								
		Monitorin	g and repo	rting arran	gement	ts			
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked		horizontal act rogramme act		"Monitorii	ng and E	Evaluation" th	nat assesses pr	ogress of each	
Actors involved in monitoring	representa		iewing and	give opini	on. The	interim and		mbers States on reports are	
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	effectivene Interim and	ess, efficiency,	, perceived include th	quality, rel	evance	to programm	e' objectives a	iteria such as nd availability. y ones such as	
Planned use of information	of the wor		actions an	id select ne	ew prop			ljust the scope r programme's	
Frequency of reporting	Reporting	at actions leve	el is done o	n a monthl	y, trime	ster and seme	ester basis.		
	The Commission is reporting annually to the ISA Committee on the implementation of the ISA work programme (articles 9 and 13 of the ISA Decision). The ISA programme went through an interim evaluation (December 2012) and will undergo a final evaluation (end of 2015). The successor ISA ² Programme will follow the same frequency with an interim evaluation by the end of 2018 and a final by the end of 2021.								
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 x	2015 x December: Final evaluation report for the ISA	2016 [to be defined under ISA ²]	e [to d defii Unc ISA	be ned ler ²]	2018 December: Interim evaluation report for ISA ² (provisional planning)	2019 [to be defined under ISA2]	2021 December: Final evaluation report for ISA ² (provisional planning)	
		Evaluatior	ns of the sp	ending pro	gramm	e			

Information per evaluation:	
1. Deadline	By Dec 2015: Final evaluation of the ISA programme assessing effectiveness,
2. Type (e.g. mid-term or ex-post,	efficiency, perceived quality, relevance, coherence and coordination, to be
incl. ex-post evaluations of previous	submitted to the European Parliament and the Council. It also examines the extent
MFF period)	to which the programme has achieved its objectives.
3. Main issues addressed and	
coverage	By Dec 2018: Interim evaluation of ISA ² (provisional planning)
4. Planned use of evaluation results	By Dec 2021: Final evaluation of ISA ² (provisional planning)
5. Actors involved	

ESP (European Statistical Programme)

Title spending	ESP (E	ESP (European Statistical Programme)						
programme: Summary, general description of the I and sequence of th overall progress an performance repor framework	e are rel d Mid-te	oring twice a year of the achievement of the Outputs of the Management Plan which ated to general and specific objectives (which are broken down into detailed						
	General	nd specific objectives, indicators, milestones and targets						
GENERAL OBJECTIVE *	To be the leading	g provider of high quality statistics on Europe						
Impact indicator:	Baseline 2012	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020					
Percentage of users that rate as "Very good" or "Good" the overall quality of the data and services provided by Eurostat	70.6 % (this will be the baseline for the whole period of the ESP 2013- 2017)	2014: 72.4% 2015: 73.2% 2016: 74.1%	extension up to					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES 1 and 4	and evaluation balance betwee of users of Euro European citize Ensure that del	statistical information in a timely manner, to support the de of the policies of the European Union properly reflecting pri in economic, social and environmental fields and serve the r pean statistics, including other decision-makers, researcher ns in general, in a cost-effective manner without unnecessar very of such statistics is kept consistent throughout the who ovided that this does not interfere with the priority-setting r tical System.	orities while keeping a needs of the wide range s, businesses and ry duplication of effort. ole duration of the					
Indicator:		sers that rate as "Very good" or "Good" the overall quality of	European statistics					
Baseline 2012		Milestone 2017	Target 2020					
62.9 % (this will be the baseline for the whole period of the ESP 2013-2017)	It is assumed th	70 % at that there will be an approximately linear progression between th value of 2012 and the target for 2017:	Not available - the procedure for extension up to 2020 of the					
	2014: 65.	7% 2015: 67.2% 2016: 68.6%						
	These annual targ opinion survey an	ets are only indicative because the indicator is based on an internet d the level of representativeness of the sample of respondents cannon hay vary from one year to the other.	ot 🛛					
Indicator:	Number of data	extractions made by external users from Eurostat reference the Eurostat website	databases (EuroBase					
Baseline 2012	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Milestone 2017	Target 2020					
7.87 Mio (this will be the baseline for the whole period of the ESP 2013-2017)	It is assumed th	+ 10 % = 8.7 Mio assumed that there will be an approximately linear progression between the value of 2012 and the target for 2017: Programme 2013 2017 is not yet launched.						
<u> </u>	2014: 8.1	Mio 2015: 8.3 Mio 2016: 8.5 Mio						
Indicator:	Degree of achie related to it.	vement of the objective measured as percentage of the ach Twice a year, Eurostat units give a mark to each of the The marks are the following: "Completed", "On target",	MP outputs under their					

Baseline 2012	Target of each year							
87.8 % completed			100 % completed					
Indicator:	Length of the time series of a sample of statistics: Euro Indicators (active series)							
Baseline 2012		Milestone 2017		Target 2020				
		Not available - the procedure for						
≥ 15 years: 41.3 %	2014	≥ 15 years: 60 % 2015	2016	extension up to 2020 of the European Statistical Programme 2013 - 2017 is not yet launched.				
	≥ 15 years: 48.8%	≥ 15 years: 52.5%	≥ 15 years: 56.3%					
≥ 15 years: 41.3 % ≥ 10 years: 93.4 %	This target is not 1 throughout the who improving/adapting time series.	00% because a balar ole duration of the pro the statistics (e.g. v	ogramme" (see Specif vith a new methodol	between the time series' "consistency ic Objective n. 4 above) and the goal of logy), which may create breaks in the				
SPECIFIC	Implement new me	thods of production		s aiming at efficiency gains and quality				
OBJECTIVE 2			improvements.					
Indicator:	Percentage of users	s that rate as "Very go	ood" or "Good" the tin purposes	neliness of European statistics for their				
Baseline 2012		Milestone 2017		Target 2020				
56.3 % (this will be the		60 % that there will be an ap n the value of 2012 and 2015: 58.5%		Not available - the procedure for extension up to 2020 of the European				
baseline for the whole period of the ESP 2013-2017)	These annual target based on an ir representativenes assessed and	Statistical Programme 2013 - 2017 is not yet launched.						
Indicator:	Timeliness of a sample of statistics: average number of days in advance (positive) or delay (negative in comparison to the legal target: 1) PEEIs: Euro Area – monthly series 2) PEEIs: Euro Area – quarterly series 3) Comext-Extra: data sent by MS to Eurostat							
Baseline 2012		•	Target of each year					
1) -0.10 2) -1.09 3) +3			≥ 0 ≥ 0 ≥ 0					
Indicator:	related to it. T	wice a year, Eurostat he marks are the follo	units give a mark to e	age of the achievement of the outputs each of the MP outputs under their "On target", "Emerging difficulties",				
Baseline 2012			Target of each year					
87.8 % completed			100 % completed					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3		•	•	ystem and beyond in order to further ficial statistics worldwide.				
Indicator:	Percentage of us		good" or "Good" the ng regions and countr	comparability of European statistics ies				
Baseline 2012		Milestone 2017		Target 2020				
56.2 % (this will be the baseline for the whole period of the ESP 2013-2017)	progression betwee 2014: 57.8% These annual target based on an ir	60 % that there will be an ap n the value of 2012 and 2015: 58.5% s are only indicative bec aternet opinion survey a as of the sample of respo	the target for 2017: 2016: 59.3% ause the indicator is nd the level of	Not available - the procedure for extension up to 2020 of the European Statistical Programme 2013 - 2017 is not yet launched.				
Indicator:	Degree of achievement of the objective measured as percentage of the achievement of the outputs related to it. Twice a year, Eurostat units give a mark to each of the MP outputs under their responsibility. The marks are the following: "Completed", "On target", "Emerging difficulties" "Serious difficulties"							
Baseline 2012			Target of each year					
87.8 % completed			100 % completed					
		Monitoring and reno	rting arrangements					

					r —						
Description of	User satisfactio	-		nber of		Degree of		Length of time		Timeliness:	
how progress on	perception: Anr			ons: ESTAT	50	achievement:		series: ESTAT		Eurostat annual	
	user satisfaction			hly users	ES	ESTAT twice-a-year					itus Report on
achieving	survey and rela	τεα	monitor	ing reports		monitoring					nformation
milestones and	report					procedure and					quirements in
targets of each					re	elated reports to					EMU to the
objective is						the top				E	conomic and
tracked					m	nanagement and					Financial
	Constant of the second	((FOTAT	5.03	the Cssr		FCTA	-	_	Committee
Actors involved	Sample of users	s ot		of ESTAT	ES	TAT managemen	π	ESTA	.1		ESTAT
in monitoring	ESTAT data			ebsite							
Issues covered in	1. General			bility and		mber of Outputs		Percentage			eliness,
monitoring	information (use	er		ance of the		nieved, on target		time serie			ability,
reports	profile, how		service.			facing		sample of s			nodological
	important are		2. Numb	er of visits,		ficulties.		– Euro Ind			lopments, data
	European statist	tics.	requests	,		or those facing	((active serie		by co	ountry.
	2. Quality aspect	ts	downloa			difficulties and		are longer		Impl	ementation
	(timeliness,		(datasets	s, tables,	ех	planation has to		years or lon	-		, progress
	completeness,		publicati	ons,		be done.		0 yea	rs		e since
	comparability,		methodo	ologies),							ious report,
	trust).		news fee	ds							urces needed.
	3. Disseminati		consulta								
	aspects (websi	te,	3. Use	of visual							
	media suppor	t,	tools (e.g. atlas,							
	release calenda	ar).	dash	boards,							
				/ profiles).							
Planned use of	AAR, report to	senic	or manag	ement and (Com	missioner, pre	para	ntion of nex	kt MP and	d AWF	P, Mid-term
information	evaluation and	d if ne	cessary r	evision of ES	SP 2	013-2017.					
Frequency of					_						
reporting	Annual		Monthl	/	IW	vice a year		Annual			Annual
Availability of	2014	2	015	2016		2017		2018	201	9	2020
reports in the	x	-	x	2010 X		x		2010	201	0	2020
timeline	^		^	~		^					
timeline			Fuelueti								
					-	ding programn	ne				
Information per ev	aluation:			luation of E		<u>013 - 2017</u> :					
1. Deadline		1. De	eadline 3	0 June 2015							
2. Туре			id-term								
3. Main issues addr	ressed and	3. N	lain issue	es addresse	d: e	ffectiveness, e	fficie	ency and r	elevance	. Cov	erage: overall
coverage		spen	ding pro	gramme.							
4. Planned use of e	valuation				o su	ggest correctio	ons t	to make in	the ESP	2013	-2017 and for
results				on of the ne							
						n team with i	nput	t from all	Eurostat'	s unit	s. Input from
5. Actors involved						surveys. Opir					
				SSC) on the					aropean	Juan	Sticul System
		COIN	millee (E	une on the	ieh	011.					
		- :			112	2017.					
Final evaluation of ESP 2013 - 2017:											
	1. Deadline 31 December 2018										
2. Final											
3. Main issues addressed: effectiveness, efficiency and relevance. Coverage: ov						erage: overall					
spending programme.											
		•		-	suge	gest correction	s to	make in th	ne next ES	SP.	
						team, with th					ion experts
								SELS MID IIC	or cariers		SHRVAVS NILIC
						data producer					surveys plus

EGF (European Globalisation Adjustment Fund)

Title spending	EGF (Europea	n Globalisation Adj	ustment Fund)				
programme:							
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and	Expenditure at Union level should be result-oriented, thus ensuring that the output and impact of the expenditure push forward the implementation of the Europe 2020 strategy and the achievement of its targets.						
performance reporting framework	workers assisted through the EGF s within the six-month period before t to monitor whether Member States States will present a final report for	For expenditure related to the EGF the MFF sets the target that the largest possible number of workers assisted through the EGF should find sustainable employment as soon as possible within the six-month period before the final report is due. In order to enable the Commission to monitor whether Member States are successfully striving towards this target, Member States will present a final report for each EGF case (active labour market policy measures in response to Member State applications) which will cover the following elements:					
	* information ⁵⁷ on the type of actions and main outcomes, the names of the bodies delivering the package of measures in the Member State; the characteristics of the targeted workers and their employment status, whether the undertaking, with the exception of SMEs and micro enterprises, has been a beneficiary of State aid or previous funding from Union cohesion or structural funds in the preceding five years; together with a statement justifying the expenditure and indicating whenever possible the complementarity of actions with those funded by the ESF. Whenever possible data related to beneficiaries shall be broken down by sex.						
		red by Member	e results achieved by the EGF and are States in direct contacts with the visits during the year.				
	These reports are the basis of the biennial reports (first one in 2015) from the Commission to the European Parliament and the Council on the activities of the EGF. The report shall focus mainly on the results achieved by the EGF and shall in particular contain information relating to applications submitted, decisions adopted, actions funded, including their complementarity with actions funded by other Union Funds.						
		an ex-post evalua	of the effectiveness and sustainability ntion with the assistance of external value (2021).				
	Specific objective, indicator,	milestone and tar	zet				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	Contribute to smart, inclusive and so employment in the Union by enabli support workers made redundant an result of major structural changes in	ustainable economi ng the Union to de nd self-employed p world trade patter al and economic c	c growth and to promote sustainable emonstrate solidarity towards and to ersons whose activity has ceased as a rns due to globalisation, as a result of risis addressed in Regulation (EC) No				
Indicator:	Baseline	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020				
Proportion of redundant workers reintegrated into employment following EGF supported measures Source: EGF Biannual Report	47% (*) % of workers targeted that were re-employed at final reporting time. This is an average figure based on the five annual reports available (2008 to 2012)	49%	50 % of the targeted workers are employed at final report stage or soon afterwards.				
	Monitoring and reporti	ng arrangements					
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is	application time and final reporting s	tage are recorded.	nformation from the Member States at Commission staff also makes site visits, I of each EGF case, the Member State				

 $^{^{\}rm 57}$ No later than six months after the expiry of the period specified in Article 16(4).

tracked	submits a final report (as detail	ed above) to the Commission.				
Actors involved in monitoring	Commission staff including auditors, as well as the EGF implementing bodies in the Member States, led by the Contact Persons (EGF representatives in the Member States) in each country. Other stakeholders (e.g. social partners, regional bodies, universities) may also become involved at application, implementation and / or reporting stage.					
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	the EGF Regulation (application rates of beneficiaries, complement	nial reports on the implementati ns submitted, decisions adopted nentarity with other Union fund duced). These reports are based EGF case.	, actions funded, reintegration s, winding up of contributions,			
Planned use of information	The information will be used for the following purposes: * to extract success stories and good practices which can be recommended to other Member States * to highlight the Fund and improve its visibility among the citizens of the Union. * to improve the quality of the intervention as Member States could adjust the planned active labour market policy measures if other measures become more relevant and promising to reach a higher reintegration rate (subject to approval by the Commission) The recommendations of the evaluation will be taken into account for the design of new programmes in the area of employment and social affairs.					
Frequency of reporting	The Regulation requires the	Commission to send to the Eurative and qualitative report on t				
Availability of reports	2015	2017	2019			
in the timeline	х	x	х			
		e spending programme				
Information per	Ex-post evaluation EGF 2007-2	013				
evaluation:	1. 2014					
1. Deadline	2. ex-post evaluation					
2. Type 3. Main issues	3. Impact and added value	he achievements of the financial	contributions			
addressed and coverage	5. Stakeholders, beneficiaries, N	he achievements of the financial Member States	contributions.			
4. Planned use of	Mid-term evaluation EGF 2014	-2020				
evaluation results	1. June 2017					
5. Actors involved	2. Mid-term evaluation					
	-	of the results (reintegration into				
		f a possible successor programm				
	5. Stakeholders, beneficiaries, N	rent Regulation and / or its imple Member States	ementation.			
	Ex-post evaluation EGF 2014-20	020				
	2. ex-post evaluation					
	3. Impact of the EGF and its add	ded value.				
	 Accountability purposes on t Stakeholders, beneficiaries, N 	he achievements of the financial Member States	contribution			
	Court of Auditors, the European Regions and the social partners	for information, to the European n Economic and Social Committee . The recommendations of the e programmes in the area of emplor	e, the Committee of the valuations will be taken into			

H1b Cohesion policy

ERDF (European Regional Development Fund)

Title spending programme:	ERDF (European Regional Development Fund) *
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The intervention logic of the programmes The thematic objectives for the ERDF and CF are set out in the Fund-specific regulations. The ERDF can contribute to 11 thematic objectives, while the CF can contribute to 5 of these. The 11 thematic objectives are broken down into 39 investment priorities, which are also common across all Member States. Member States select the thematic objectives and investment priorities which correspond most closely to the needs and challenges facing the region or sector concerned.
	The strengthened results orientation of operational programmes co-financed by the ERDF requires specific objectives which articulate the change sought by the policy. The specific objectives articulate what the common investment priorities are expected to achieve in their specific context. These specific objectives must have a corresponding result indicator and a baseline and a target. The Commission will in 2014 and 2015 analyse the result indicators for each investment priority and thematic objective, but because they are specific to each programme (and member State and region) they cannot be aggregated. They capture what the policy achieves plus the contribution of other factors. Only evaluation can disentangle the effects due to the policy from those of other factors.
	Common output indicators must be used when relevant (supplemented by programme specific output indicators when necessary). Output indicators must have cumulative quantitative targets for 2023; baselines are zero. Outputs are the products of operational programmes. The common output indicators – their targets and achievements can be aggregated to the EU level per thematic objective. The common output indicators related to the different thematic objectives are presented in the tables below. Target values for 2023 can only be inserted when the programmes are approved. Currently (June 2014), no operational programmes are yet agreed.
	Each priority of each programme will have a performance framework which involves milestones and targets for expenditure and a subset of the output indicators (representing more than half of the expenditure), supplemented by key implementation steps where necessary. Milestones are fixed for 2018, while targets are for 2023. The performance framework triggers the allocation of the performance reserve in 2019, while serious failure can lead to financial suspensions or corrections. Milestones will only be available for the subset of output indicators related to the majority of expenditure which are in the performance frameworks.
	Reporting by Member States In 2014 and 2015 annual implementation reports by the managing authorities will relate to the 2007-2013 programming period. From 2016 annual implementation reports will relate to the 2014-2020 programming period.
	In the annual implementation reports (per operational programme), Member States (managing authorities at national or regional level) report yearly against result and output indicators (including common indicators) and categories of expenditure from 2016. From 2017, they also report progress under the performance framework. In 2017 and 2019, annual implementation reports, in addition to reporting key information on implementation of the programme and findings of any evaluations becoming available, will also assess progress made towards achieving the objectives of the programme. In these years also (2017 and 2019), Member States will produce progress reports on the implementation of the ESI Funds and contribution towards achievement of the Union strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth as well as the missions of the Funds.
	Each operational programme must have an evaluation plan which is adopted within one year of the approval of the programme. There must be at least one evaluation during the programming period which assesses the contribution of each priority to the achievement of its objectives, i.e., which evaluates the contribution of the outputs delivered to change in the

	result indicator. In 2022, evaluations and the monitori					sise the evidence from			
	Reporting by the Commissio	Reporting by the Commission Each year from 2016, the European Commission will produce a report to Council a Parliament on the achievements of the 5 ESI Funds. This report will be produced in operation between DGs REGIO, EMPL, AGRI and MARE.							
	Parliament on the achieven								
	Evaluations carried out by the 2007-2013 programming 2007-2013 will be undertaked longer to materialise. The CC adopted in 2014 and 2015. 2020-2027 financial framework the 2016-2020 period will reevaluations, with specific evaluations of the Commission of the Comm	period. Som in later yea ommission pla These evalua ork. The mair elate to the a aluations laun	e furthe ars to exp ations to ev ations win evaluat ccumulat ached to	r evaluati olore the aluate the ill feed ir cion work tion of ev fill gaps c	ons of inte effects of e interven nto the im undertake idence fro or meet pa	erventions co-financed in interventions which take tion logic of programmes pact assessment for the en by the Commission in om Member State impact irticular needs arising. In			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.1	Strengthening research, tech	nnological dev	velopme	nt and in	novation				
Indicator:	Number of new researchers i	in supported e	entities						
Latest known results		Milestone	S		•	Target 2020			
(2012) 12.073	2007-2015 (cumulative) 26.442	2016	2017	2018	2019				
Indicator:	Number of enterprises coope	erating with re	esearch i	nstitution	S				
Latest known results		Milestone	S			Target 2020			
(2012)	2007-2015 (cumulative)	2016	2017	2018	2019				
17.647	26.419								
Indicators for which data concerning	Number of researchers work								
baseline, milestones	Private investment matching	public suppo	rt in innc	ovation or	R&D proje	ects			
and target values are not yet available:	Number of enterprises suppo	orted to introd	duce new	to the m	arket prod	ducts			
not yet available.	Number of enterprises suppo	orted to introd	duce new	to the fi	rm produc	ts			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.2	Enhancing access to, and use	e and quality	of, inforı	mation ar	nd commu	nication technologies			
Indicator:	Additional households with b	proadband acc	cess of at	least 30	Mbps				
Latest known results		Milestone	c			Target 2020			
(2012)	2007-2015 (cumulative)	2016	2017	2018	2019	1019012020			
4.980.459	7.097.599				<u>.</u> .				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.3	Enhancing the competitiven	ess of small a	nd medi	um-sized	enterprise	25			
Indicator:	Number of enterprises receiv	/ing support							
Latest known results		Milestone	s			Target 2020			
(2012)	2007-2015 (cumulative)	2016	2017	2018	2019				
171.450	214.978	unnortod							
Indicator:	Number of new enterprises s	Milestone							
Latest known results		Target 2020							
(2012) 75.123	2007-2015 (cumulative) 81.619	2016	2017	2018	2019				
Indicator:	Employment increase in supp	ported enterp	rises	I	1	l			
Latest known results	Milestones Target 2020								
(2012)	2007-2015 (cumulative)	2016	2017	2018	2019				
381.208	873.429								

Indicators for which	Number of enterprises receiving grants								
data concerning									
baseline, milestones	Number of enterprises receiving financial support other than grants								
and target values are	Number of enterprises receiving non-financial support								
not yet available:	Private investment matching public support to enterprises (grants)								
	Private investment matching public support to enterprises (non-grants)								
	Employment increase in supported enterprises								
	Increase in expected number of visits to supported sites of cultural	and natural heritage and							
	attractions (sustainable tourism)								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.4	Supporting the shift towards a low-carbon economy in all sectors								
la dianta w									
Indicator:	Additional capacity of renewable energy production								
Latest known results	Milestones	Target 2020							
(2012) 1.874	2007-2015 (cumulative) 2016 2017 2018 2019 5.143)							
Indicators for which	Number of households with improved energy consumption classific.	ation							
data concerning	Decrease of annual primary energy consumption of public buildings								
baseline, milestones and target values are									
not yet available:	Number of additional energy users connected to smart grids								
•	Estimated annual decrease of GHG								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.5	Promoting climate change adaptation, risk prevention and manage	ement							
Indicator:	Population benefiting from flood protection measures								
indicator.									
Latest known results	Milestones	Target 2020							
(2012) 3.866.132	2007-2015 (cumulative) 2016 2017 2018 2019 9.801.862								
Indicator:	Population benefiting from forest fire protection measures								
Latest known results	Milestones	Target 2020							
(2012)	2007-2015 (cumulative) 2016 2017 2018 2019	-							
16.814.896 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.6	21.624.546	- officional							
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.6	Preserving and protecting the environment and promoting resource	ce efficiency							
Indicator:	Additional population served by improved water supply								
Latest known results	Milestones	Target 2020							
(2012) 3.221.629	2007-2015 (cumulative) 2016 2017 2018 2019 15.047.893)							
Indicator:	Additional population served by improved wastewater treatment								
Latest known results	Milestones	Target 2020							
(2012)	2007-2015 (cumulative) 2016 2017 2018 2019	-							
5.001.958	19.696.696								
Indicators for which	Additional waste recycling capacity								
data concerning baseline, milestones	Total surface area of rehabilitated land								
and target values are	Surface area of habitats supported to attain a better conservation s	tatus							
not yet available: SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.7	Promoting sustainable transport and removing bottlenecks in key	notwork infrastructures							
SFECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1./									
Indicator:	Total length of new railway line								
Latest known results	Milestones	Target 2020							
(2012)	2007-2015 (cumulative) 2016 2017 2018 2019	-							
301	354								
Indicator:	Total length of reconstructed or upgraded railway line								
	•								

Milest	ones			Target 2020	
ve) 2016	2017	2018	2019		
Total length of newly built roads					
Milest	ones			Target 2020	
ve) 2016	2017	2018	2019		
ructed or upgrad	ded roads				
Milest	ones			Target 2020	
2007-2015 (cumulative) 2016 2017 2018 2019 24.485					
way line of whic	ch: TEN-T	1	II		
Milest	ones			Target 2020	
ve) 2016	2017	2018	2019		
uilt roads of whi	ich: TEN-T				
Milest	ones			Target 2020	
ve) 2016		2018	2019	.	
ructed or upgrad	ded railway l	ine of wh	ich: TEN-T		
ructed or upgrad	ded roads of	which: TI	EN-T		
improved tram a					
ed or created inl					
		-		1.02.	
and quality em	iployment a	nd suppo	rting labou	ir mobility	
ed after approva	al and based	on the co	ntent of 20	014-2020 OPs	
sion, combating	g poverty and	d any disc	rimination	1	
improved health	h services				
rehabilitated in	urban areas				
Public or commercial buildings built or renovated in urban areas					
Rehabilitated housing in urban areas					
training and vo	ocational tra	ining for	skills and l	ifelong learning	
childcare or edu	ication infras	tructure			
Milest	ones			Target 2020	
ve) 2016	2017	2018	2019		
 capacity of pu	blic authorit	ies and s	takeholder	rs and an efficient public	
-			-	s (indicator to be	
al and based on	i the content	L UI ZUI4-	2020 OPS)		
-		-			
-			-		
-	-				
in cross-border	r mobility ini	tiatives			
Number of participants in joint local employment initiatives and joint training					
Developing regional and local potential through encouraging integrated development approach, capacity building, cross border and transnational cooperation and supporting networking, exchange of experience and cooperation between regions, towns and relevant social, economic and environmental actors					
; i	n cross-borde	n cross-border mobility ini	n cross-border mobility initiatives	n cross-border mobility initiatives	

and target values are not yet available:	Number of participants in projects promoting gender quality, equal opportunities and social inclusion across borders
	Number of participants in joint education and training schemes to support youth employment, educational opportunities and higher and vocational education across borders
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.13	Supporting cross-border, transnational and interregional cooperation (European territoria cooperation) including cross-border cooperation between Member States and candidate or potential candidate countries
Indicators for which data concerning baseline, milestones	Number of enterprises participating in cross-border, transnational or interregional research projects
and target values are not yet available:	Number of research institutions participating in cross-border, transnational or interregional research projects
	Monitoring and reporting arrangements
Description of how	Progress in milestones and targets is monitored through:
progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	 the annual implementation reports (yearly from 2016) from 2017 the annual implementation report also on progress towards the milestones and targets of the performance framework
	National audit authorities will check the reliability of indicator reporting from the level of the operations, while systems audits may also be launched. In 2016, the Commission plans to carry out audit work on the reliability of data reported.
Actors involved in monitoring	Member States' Managing Authorities monitor progress against the indicators of the operational programmes and report on achievements in the relevant annual implementation reports. The annual implementation reports will be required to contain much more structured data which will be easier to analyse and compare than in past programming periods. REGIC geographic units monitor overall performance. They analyse the annual implementation reports and provide observations to the Managing Authorities concerned. Where there are issues which might significantly affect the implementation of the programme, the Managing Authority must provide information in response. Where there is information concerning a serious deficiency in the quality and reliability of the monitoring system or of the data or common and specific indicators, the Commission may proceed to the suspension of interim payments to all or part of priorities or programmes.
	REGIO evaluation unit analyses common indicator data and produces the aggregate figures which are used by the Commission for monitoring progress and communicating the achievements of the policy. From the second half of 2014 it will launch a process of analysis of result indicators and their targets by thematic objective and the different intervention logics contributing to the EU priorities of smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. The performance frameworks will also be analysed.
	Annual implementation reports are considered by the Monitoring committees. The role of the Monitoring Committee has been strengthened to include a stronger focus on the performance of programmes. The monitoring committee also reviews the evaluation plans and the findings of evaluations and their follow-up.
	Monitoring Committees are composed of representatives of the relevant Member States authorities, intermediate bodies and the social and economic partners involved in the design and delivery of programmes. The European Commission participates in the work of the monitoring committee in an advisory capacity.
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	First two Annual Management Plans in the 2014-2020 MFF will report on achievements related to funding from the 2007-2013 MFF (n+2 rule). As of 2016, Member States will report on first achievements using funding from the 2014-2020 MFF
Planned use of information	Information will be used for accountability purposes and to establish benchmarks and make comparisons.
Frequency of reporting	Annual implementation reports are delivered on an annual basis from mid-2016 onwards related to the previous year. The Performance Framework will also be reported on annually in the annual implementation reports from 2017 onwards.

Availability of reports	201	4 2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
in the timeline	×							
AIRs on 2007-2013 AIRs on 2014-2020**	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	
		Evaluations of the spending programme						
Information per evaluation: 1. Deadline		Evaluations carried out by European Commission						
2. Туре		007-2013 ex post						
3. Main issues addressed and		eadline: by end 20 vpe: ex post of pr						
coverage 4. Planned use of evaluation				omes of t	he 2007-2013	generation	of cohesion policy	
results		-					were used, the	
5. Actors involved		ffectiveness and access or failure or					contributing to the	
							, Innovation, ICT,	
		ransport/Environn	-					
				•			ination to Member olicy debate on the	
		equirements for Co				,) p	ency accure en tre	
				-	-		other DGs on the	
							cial and economic cademics all being	
		valuated or contri			-		0	
	E	к-post 2014-2020						
		Deadline: end 2						
		. Type: Ex-post 20 Main issues and		Effective	ness and effic	iency of th	e ERDE and CE and	
		3. Main issues and coverage: Effectiveness and efficiency of the ERDF and CF and their contribution to the Union strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth						
		and to the mission of the individual funds. It will also assess the extent to which						
	-	programmes achieved their specific objectives and identify factors of success or failure						
		4. Planned use of evaluation results: To be accountable for the resources spent, to						
		contribute to policy learning and most immediately to feed into a synthesis report by the Commission by end 2023.						
		5. Actors involved: DG REGIO (managing the evaluations) and other DGs on the						
		Steering Group, Member States and Managing Authorities, social and economic partners, intermediary bodies, international organisations, academics all being						
		evaluated or contributing to the analysis or using the findings.						
	Т	Thematic evaluations (to be determined)						
	0	Deadline: during the current MFF						
		ype: ad hoc (to be		d)				
		Main issues: Effectiveness Coverage: specific themes and using specific evaluation methods						
		Use of results: SPP documents, dissemination to Member States, adaptation of						
		2014-2020 programmes where necessary, policy debate on the requirements for Cohesion Policy post 2020						
		Actors involved: to be decided on a case by case basis, but always Commission						
		managing the evaluations and selected Member State authorities' policies being evaluated.						
	_							
		European Semester Deadline: 2015						
		ype: ad hoc						
		lain issues: Insigh			•			
		tervention logics obustness of perfo				similar spec	ific objectives,	
	C	overage: selection	n of the mos	st importa	ant thematic o		ilots in 2014/early	
		015 to determine						
		se of results: Diss mong similar inter						
		rovisions on progr	amming and	d any nee	d for change i	n the future		
		ctors involved:		Commis	sion, Membe	er State au	uthorities, relevant	
		cademics/experts.						

* there is no differentiation in monitoring ERDF / CF. Only data on achievements will differentiate between funds.
 ** reports in 2014 and 2015 will cover achievements of the 2007-2013 MFF

CF (Cohesion fund)

Title spending	CF (Cohesion Fund)*
programme:	
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The intervention logic of the programmes The thematic objectives for the ERDF and CF are set out in the Fund-specific regulations. The ERDF can contribute to 11 thematic objectives, while the CF can contribute to 5 of these. The 11 thematic objectives are broken down into 39 investment priorities, which are also common across all Member States. Member States select the thematic objectives and investment priorities which correspond most closely to the needs and challenges facing the region or sector concerned.
	The strengthened results orientation of operational programmes co-financed by the CF requires specific objectives which articulate the change sought by the policy. The specific objectives articulate what the common investment priorities are expected to achieve in their specific context. These specific objectives must have a corresponding result indicator and a baseline and a target. The Commission will in 2014 and 2015 analyse the result indicators for each investment priority and thematic objective, but because they are specific to each programme (and member State and region) they cannot be aggregated. They capture what the policy achieves plus the contribution of other factors. Only evaluation can disentangle the effects due to the policy from those of other factors.
	Common output indicators must be used when relevant (supplemented by programme specific output indicators when necessary). Output indicators must have cumulative quantitative targets for 2023; baselines are zero. Outputs are the products of operational programmes. The common output indicators – their targets and achievements can be aggregated to the EU level per thematic objective. The common output indicators related to the different thematic objectives are presented in the tables below. Target values for 2023 can only be inserted when the programmes are approved. Currently (June 2014), no operational programmes are yet agreed.
	Each priority of each programme will have a performance framework which involves milestones and targets for expenditure and a subset of the output indicators (representing more than half of the expenditure), supplemented by key implementation steps where necessary. Milestones are fixed for 2018, while targets are for 2023. The performance framework triggers the allocation of the performance reserve in 2019, while serious failure can lead to financial suspensions or corrections. Milestones will only be available for the subset of output indicators related to the majority of expenditure which are in the performance frameworks.
	Reporting by Member States In 2014 and 2015 annual implementation reports by the managing authorities will relate to the 2007-2013 programming period. From 2016 annual implementation reports will relate to the 2014-2020 programming period.
	In the annual implementation reports (per operational programme), Member States (managing authorities at national or regional level) report yearly against result and output indicators (including common indicators) and categories of expenditure from 2016. From 2017, they also report progress under the performance framework. In 2017 and 2019, annual implementation reports, in addition to reporting key information on implementation of the programme and findings of any evaluations becoming available, will also assess progress made towards achieving the objectives of the programme. In these years also (2017 and 2019), Member States will produce progress reports on the implementation of the ESI Funds and contribution towards achievement of the Union strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth as well as the missions of the Funds.
	Each operational programme must have an evaluation plan which is adopted within one year of the approval of the programme. There must be at least one evaluation during the programming period which assesses the contribution of each priority to the achievement of its objectives, i.e., which evaluates the contribution of the outputs delivered to change in the result indicator. In 2022, each managing authority will synthesise the evidence from evaluations and the monitoring system on the performance of the policy.

	Reporting by the Commission					
	 Each year from 2016, the European Commission will produce a report to Council and Parliament on the achievements of the 5 ESI Funds. This report will be produced in cooperation between DGs REGIO, EMPL, AGRI and MARE. Evaluations carried out by the Commission in 2014 to 2016 will focus on the achievements of the 2007-2013 programming period. Some further evaluations of interventions co-financed in 2007-2013 will be undertaken in later years to explore the effects of interventions which take longer to materialise. The Commission plans to evaluate the intervention logic of programmes adopted in 2014 and 2015. These evaluations will feed into the impact assessment for the 2020-2027 financial framework. The main evaluation work undertaken by the Commission in the 2016-2020 period will relate to the accumulation of evidence from Member State impact evaluations, with specific evaluations launched to fill gaps or meet particular needs arising. In 2020 – 2023, the Commission will launch the ex post evaluation of the 2014-2020 period. Supporting the shift towards a low-carbon economy in all sectors 					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1 Indicator:						
Latest known results	Milestones	Target 2020				
(2012)		119				
851	1.988					
Indicators for which data concerning baseline, milestones and target values are not yet available:	Number of households with improved energy consumption classi Decrease of annual primary energy consumption of public buildin Number of additional energy users connected to smart grids Estimated annual decrease of GHG					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	Promoting climate change adaptation, risk prevention and management					
Indicator:	Population benefiting from flood protection measures					
Latest known results	Milestones	Target 2020				
(2012) 2.071.208	6.906.162	119				
Indicator:	Population benefiting from forest fire protection measures					
Latest known results	Milestones	Target 2020				
(2012) 16.775.034 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	21.510.746	119				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	Preserving and protecting the environment and promoting reso	urce enciency				
Indicator:	Additional population served by improved water supply					
Latest known results	Milestones	Target 2020				
(2012) 2.769.585	2007-2015 (cumulative) 2016 2017 2018 20 14.439.893	19				
Indicator:	Additional population served by improved wastewater treatment					
Latest known results	Milestones Target 2020					
(2012) 3.784.595	16.773.060	19				
Indicators for which data concerning baseline, milestones and target values are not yet available:	Additional waste recycling capacity Total surface area of rehabilitated land Surface area of habitats supported to attain a better conservation status					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	Promoting sustainable transport and removing bottlenecks in ke	ey network infrastructures				
Indicator:	Total length of new railway line					

Latest known results		Milestone	S			Target 2020	
(2012)	2007-2015 (cumulative)	2016	2017	2018	2019		
59 Indicator:	253 Total length of reconstructed						
Latest known results		Milestone	-			Target 2020	
(2012) 1.032	2007-2015 (cumulative) 2.372	2016	2017	2018	2019		
Indicator:	Total length of newly built ro	ads					
Latest known results (2012)	2007-2015 (cumulative)	Milestone	s 2017	2018	2019	Target 2020	
1.839	6.368	2010	2017	2018	2019		
Indicator:	Total length of reconstructed	d or upgraded	roads	•	•		
Latest known results		Milestone	S			Target 2020	
(2012)	2007-2015 (cumulative)	2016	2017	2018	2019		
21.088	23.873						
Indicator:	Total length of new railway li	ine of which:	TEN-T				
Latest known results		Milestone	S			Target 2020	
(2012)	2007-2015 (cumulative)	2016	2017	2018	2019		
429 Indicator:	1.440 Total length of newly built ro	adc of which:					
indicator.			I EIN-I				
Latest known results		Milestone	S		_	Target 2020	
(2012) 1.202	2007-2015 (cumulative) 4.177	2016	2017	2018	2019		
Indicators for which	4.177 Total length of reconstructed	l d or upgraded	railwav l	l line of wh	ich: TEN-T		
data concerning	Total length of reconstructed						
baseline, milestones	-						
and target values are not yet available:	Total length of improved or created inland waterway						
	Total length of new or improved tram and metro lines						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 5	Enhancing institutional capa administration	Enhancing institutional capacity of public authorities and stakeholders and an efficient public administration					
Indicators for which	Indicator to be proposed after	er approval ar	id based	on the co	ontent of 202	L4-2020 OPs	
data concerning baseline, milestones							
and target values are							
not yet available:							
	Monitoring and	d reporting a	rangeme	ents			
Description of how	Progress in milestones and ta	argets is moni	tored th	rough:			
progress on achieving		0		0			
milestones and targets of each objective is	- the annual implementation	reports (year	ly from 2	2016)			
tracked	- from 2017 the annual imp	lementation	report al	so on pro	ogress towa	rds the milestones and	
	targets of the performance f		oport a	oo on pro	8.000 10114		
				6 • • •			
	National audit authorities will check the reliability of indicator reporting from the level of the operations, while systems audits may also be launched. In 2016, the Commission plans to carry						
	out some audit work on the				.010, the 00		
Actors involved in monitoring	Member States' Managing operational programmes and						
	reports. The annual impleme						
	data which is will be easier t	o analyse and	l compar	e than in	past progra	mming periods. REGIO	
	geographic units monitor of reports and provide observation						
	issues which might significat						
	Authority must provide info	prmation in r	esponse.	Where	there is inf	ormation concerning a	
	serious deficiency in the qu	ality and reli	ability o	t the mo	nitoring sys	tem or of the data on	

	common and specific indicators, the Commission may proceed to the suspension of interim payments to all or part of priorities or programmes. REGIO evaluation unit analyses common indicator data and produces the aggregate figures which are used by the Commission for monitoring progress and communicating the achievements of the policy. From the second half of 2014 it will launch a process of analysis of result indicators and their targets by thematic objective and the different intervention logics contributing to the EU priorities of smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. The performance frameworks will also be analysed. Annual implementation reports are considered by the Monitoring committees. The role of the Monitoring Committee has been strengthened to include a stronger focus on the performance of programmes. The monitoring committee also reviews the evaluation plans and the findings of evaluations and their follow-up. Monitoring Committees are composed of representatives of the relevant Member States authorities, intermediate bodies and the social and economic partners involved in the design and delivery of programmes. The European Commission participates in the work of the monitoring committee in an advisory capacity.						
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	to funding fr	First two Annual Management Plans in the 2014-2020 MFF will report on achievements related to funding from the 2007-2013 MFF (n+2 rule). As of 2016, Member States will report on first achievements using funding from the 2014-2020 MFF					
Planned use of information	Information comparisons	will be used f	for accountab	ility purposes	and to establ	ish benchmarl	ks and make
Frequency of reporting		Annual implementation reports are delivered on an annual basis. The Performance Framework will also be reported on annually in the annual implementation reports from 2016 onwards.					
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
** AIRs on 2007-2013 AIRs on 2014-2020	х	x	x	x	x	х	х
				l ng programme r European Cor			
Information per evaluation 1. Deadline 2. Type 3. Main issues addressed coverage 4. Planned use of evaluate 5. Actors involved	 2007-2013 ex post evaluation Deadline: by end 2015 Type: ex post of previous MFF Main issues: Report on outcomes of the 2007-2013 generation of cohesion policy programmes. Examine the extent to which the resources were used, the effectiveness and the socio-economic impact. Identify factors contributing to the success or failure of programmes and identify good practice Coverage: selected themes, including Enterprise support, Innovation, ICT, Transport/Environment, Energy, Culture, Tourism, Urban development, ETC Use of results: Regulatory requirement, SPP documents, dissemination to Member States, adaptation of 2014-2020 programmes where necessary, policy debate on the requirements for Cohesion Policy post 2020 Actors involved: DG REGIO (managing the evaluations) and other DGs on the Steering Group, Member States and Managing Authorities, social and economic partners, intermediary bodies, international organisations, academics all being evaluated or contributing to the analysis or using the findings. 				ere used, the buting to the bottion, ICT, nt, ETC emination to essary, policy TDGs on the nd economic		
	and CF and inclusive gro	nd 2024 it 2014-2020 addressed a their contribu wth and to the	tion to the U e mission of th	Effectiveness nion strategy ne individual fu d their specif	for smart, sus inds. It will als	tainable and so assess the	

factors of success or failure
Planned use of evaluation results: To be accountable for the resources spent, to
contribute to policy learning and most immediately to feed into a synthesis
report by the Commission by end 2023.
Actors involved: DG REGIO (managing the evaluations) and other DGs on the
Steering Group, Member States and Managing Authorities, social and economic
partners, intermediary bodies, international organisations, academics all being
evaluated or contributing to the analysis or using the findings.
Thematic evaluations (to be determined)
Deadline: during the current MFF
Type: ad hoc (to be determined)
Main issues: Effectiveness
Coverage: specific themes and using specific evaluation methods
Use of results: SPP documents, dissemination to Member States, adaptation of
2014-2020 programmes where necessary, policy debate on the requirements for
Cohesion Policy post 2020
Actors involved: to be decided on a case by case basis, but always the
Commission managing the evaluations and selected Member State authorities'
policies being evaluated.
policies being evaluated.
European Semester
Deadline: 2015
Type: ad hoc
Main issues: Insight into plausibility of output and result indicators used;
intervention logics across different types of region for similar specific objectives,
robustness of performance frameworks
Coverage: selection of the most important thematic objectives. Pilots in
2014/early 2015 to determine the extent to which such analysis will be useful.
Use of results: Dissemination to Member States, policy debate as to coherence
among similar interventions, reflection on the robustness of the 2014-2020
provisions on programming and any need for change in the future.
Actors involved: European Commission, Member State authorities, relevant
academics/experts.

* there is no differentiation in monitoring ERDF / CF. Only data on achievements will differentiate between funds. ** reports in 2014 and 2015 will cover achievements of the 2007-2013 MFF

ESF (European Social Fund)

Title spending	ESF (European Social Fund)
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The ESF shall promote high levels of employment and job quality, improve access to the labour market, support the geographical and occupational mobility of workers and facilitate their adaptation to industrial change and to changes in production systems needed for sustainable developments, encourage a high level of education and training for all and support the transition between education and employment for young people, combat poverty, enhance social inclusion, and promote gender equality, non-discrimination and equal opportunities, thereby contributing to the priorities of the Union as regards strengthening economic, social and territorial cohesion.
	Implementation of operational programmes will be monitored through the monitoring committees (CSF, art. 47). They will meet at least once a year and review implementation of the programmes towards achieving its objectives by having regard to the financial data and to common output and result indicators as well as programme-specific indicators. The monitoring committees may make observations on programme performance to the managing authority and shall monitor the resulting actions taken.
	Member States will submit annual implementation reports (AIR) as from 2016 and a final report by end 2024. The AIRs shall set out key information on implementation of the programme and its priorities by reference to the financial data, programme-specific and common indicators and quantified target values. Milestones and targets for the indicators can be provided after the adoption of Partnership Agreements and individual operational programmes. The AIRs shall also cover a synthesis of the findings of evaluations of the programme that have become available during the financial year, any issue which affect the performance and the measures taken. The Commission will analyse these reports and may make observations to the Member States and to managing authorities if some issues significantly affect the programme implementation.
	As from 2016, the performance of the programmes will be discussed in annual review meetings between the Commission and each Member State. The Member States will ensure proper follow-up and inform the Commission within three months of the measures taken (CPR, art. 51).
	As regards evaluations, Member States will carry out ex-ante evaluations to improve the quality of each programme (CPR, art. 55). They will also draw up67 evaluation plans and submit them to monitoring committees no later than a year after the adoption of the programme. At least once during the programming period, an evaluation shall assess how support from the ESI Funds has contributed to the objectives for each priority. All evaluations shall be examined by the monitoring committee and sent to the Commission. A report summarising the findings of evaluations, the main outputs and results of the OP as well as providing comments on the reported information will be submitted by the managing authorities to the Commission by the end of 2022 (CPR, art. 114). The Commission may carry out evaluation of programmes (CPR, art. 56) and will perform ex-post evaluations by end 2024 in close cooperation with the Member States and managing authorities (CPR, art. 57 and 114).
	For the Youth Employment Initiative at least twice during the programming period, an evaluation shall assess the effectiveness, efficiency and impact of joint support from the ESF and the specific allocation for YEI including for the implementation of the Youth Guarantee (ESF Reg., art. 19).
Specific objectives ⁵⁸ and	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	Promoting sustainable and quality employment and supporting labour mobility
Indicator:1	Number of participants benefiting from ESF under this thematic objective ⁶⁰

⁵⁸ For the purpose of this document, specific objectives are considered as the "thematic objectives" of the ESF and not the specific objectives in the sense of the regulation (In the CPR specific objective means the result to which an investment priority or Union priority contributes in a specific national or regional context through actions or measures undertaken within such a priority). The specific objective 5 however doesn't correspond to a thematic objective but to the Youth Employment Initiative. ⁵⁹ the output indicator 1 "Number of participants" cover participants benefitting from ESF under this thematic objective only whilst the

second indicator covers all operations under all thematic objectives.

Latest known results			Milestones	Target 2020			
3.1 million per year			14.6 million cumulative (2014-2018)	21.7 million cumulative			
Indicator:2			Participants (unemployed or inactive) in employment, including self-employment, upon leaving				
SPECIFIC OBJECT	TIVE 2		Promoting social inclusion, combating poverty and any discrimination ⁶¹				
Indicator:1			Participants considered as part of disadvantaged groups that are	e reached by the ESF ⁶²			
Latest known re	sults		Target 2020				
2009 202	10 20	011	20% ⁶³				
19%	18%	19%					
Indicator:2			Inactive participants engaged in job searching upon leaving				
Indicator:3			Participants above 54 years of age who are unemploy unemployed, or inactive not in education or training	ed, including long-term			
SPECIFIC OBJECT	TIVE 3		Investing in education, training and vocational training for skill	s and life-long learning			
Indicator:1			Number of participants benefiting from ESF under this thematic	objective ⁶⁴			
Latest known re	sults		Milestones	Target 2020			
3.4 million per y	rear		15.9 million cumulative (2014-2018)	23.8 million cumulative			
Indicator:2			Participants gaining a qualification upon leaving				
Indicator:3			Participants in education/training upon leaving				
SPECIFIC OBJECT	TIVE 4		Enhancing institutional capacity of public authorities and stakeholders and efficie public administration				
Indicator:1			Number of projects targeting public administrations or public services at national or local level ⁶⁵				
Latest known results			Milestones	Target 2020			
185 projects per year			550 projects (2014-2018)	1300 projects			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 5			Promoting specific support to young NEETS (15-24) ⁶⁶	I			
Indicator:1			Number of participants aged 15-24 benefiting from ESF ⁶⁷				
Latest known re	sults		Milestones	Target 2020			
3 million per yea	ar		15.5 million cumulative (2014-2018)	23.1 million cumulative			
Indicator:2			Unemployed participants who complete the YEI supported interv	rention			
Indicator:3			Unemployed participants in education/training, gaining a qualification or in employment, including self-employment, upon leaving the YEI supported intervention				
Indicator:4 Inactive participants not in education or training who complete the YEI sup intervention							
Indicator:5 Inactive participants not in education or training, gaining a qualification or in emplo including self-employment, upon leaving the YEI supported intervention							
			Monitoring and reporting arrangements				
Description of h	low	At th	he same time as the annual implementation reports (starting in N	May 2016, for YEI starting			
progress on achi		in A	pril 2015), the managing authority shall transmit electronically	structured data for each			
milestones and targets							

⁶⁰ These estimates are based on the current ESF performance 2007-2013. These figures are indicative and will be revised to take into account the targets set in the Operational Programmes. ⁶¹ These indicators cover all operations under all thematic objectives

⁶² Migrants, participants with a foreign background, minorities (including marginalised communities such as the Roma); Participants with disabilities; Participants who live in a single adult household with dependent children; Participants who live in jobless households; Other disadvantaged. These will be broken down by the different categories. Persons may cumulate several disadvantages. ⁶³ The target figure is indicative and will be revised to take into account the targets set in the Operational programmes

⁶⁴ These estimates are based on the current ESF performance 2007-2013. The figures are indicative and will be revised to take into

account the targets set in the Operational Programmes. ⁶⁵ The baseline provided is an estimate based on some Programmes of the 2007-2013 programming period. These figures are indicative and will be revised to take into account the targets set in the Operational Programmes. ⁶⁶ The output indicator 1 "Number of young participants" cover participants benefitting from ESF under all thematic objective whilst the

other indicators (2 to 7) refer exclusively to the YEI supported operations.

⁶⁷ These estimates are based on the current ESF performance 2007-2013. The figures are indicative and will be revised to take into account the targets set in the Operational Programmes.

of each objective is	investment priority. (ESF, art.5.2)
tracked	To this end the managing authority shall establish a system to record and store in computerised form data on each operation necessary for monitoring, evaluation, including data on individual participants in operations, where applicable (CPR art. 125(2)(d).
	These data aggregated at the level of Investment Priority, and category of region (except YEI support), are the basis for reporting achievements of milestones and targets.
	The performance framework requires setting milestones which are to be achieved by 31 December 2018 and to be assessed in 2019. The targets themselves are set to be achieved by 31 December 2023 and their accomplishment will be assessed at the closure of the programme period in 2025. Starting with the annual implementation report submitted in 2017, Member States shall set out information on the achievement of milestones defined in the performance framework (Art. 50(2) CPR).
	The Commission shall transmit each year from 2016 to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions, a summary report in relation to ESI Fund programmes based on the annual implementation reports of the Member States as well as a synthesis of the findings of the available evaluations of programmes (art. 53 (1) CPR).
	In 2017 and 2019 the Member State shall submit to the Commission a progress report on implementation of the Partnership Agreement (art. 52 (1) CPR). The progress reports shall include additional information, and assess the implementation of, the YEI (art. 19 (5) ESF). By 31 December 2017 and 31 December 2019 the Commission shall submit to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions a strategic report summarising the progress reports of the Member States. Those institutions shall be invited to hold a debate on it (art. 53 (2) CPR).
Actors involved in monitoring	Managing authorities are responsible for the submission of structured data on indicators to the Commission.
	In accordance with the partnership principle and the multi-level governance approach,
	(a) competent urban and other public authorities;
	(b) economic and social partners; and
	(c) relevant bodies representing civil society, including environmental partners, non- governmental organisations, and bodies responsible for promoting social inclusion, gender equality and non-discrimination.
	shall be involved by Member States through participation in the monitoring committees (CPR, art. 5).
	The monitoring committee shall review implementation of the programme and progress made towards achieving its objectives. In doing so, it shall have regard to the financial data, common and programme-specific indicators, including changes in the value of result indicators and progress towards quantified target values, and the milestones defined in the performance framework and, where relevant, the results of evaluations. The monitoring committee shall examine all issues that affect the performance of the programme, including the conclusions of the performance reviews. (CPR, art. 49).
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	Annual Implementation Reports submitted by Member States (By 31 May 2016 and by the same date of each subsequent year until and including 2023) will cover the implementation aspects of the operational programme and the progress in preparation and implementation of major projects and joint action plans.
	The annual implementation report to be submitted in 2017 shall in addition set out and assess progress made towards achieving the objectives of the programme, including the contribution of the ESI Funds to changes in the value of result indicators, when evidence is available from relevant evaluations.
	Analysis of achievement of objectives of the programme and its contribution to achieving the Union strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth will be in the AIR in 2019 and in the final implementation report in 2024 (CPR, art. 50).
Planned use of information	This will be used for internal monitoring as well as for internal and external communication (such as AAR etc.).

Availability of reports in the timeline 201 Information per evaluation: Evaluation: 1. Deadline The ex- first the 2. Type first the 3. Main issues addressed and coverage Over 0 valuation results 5. Actors involved - im In-or N 0. - im In-or N	ions carried	will be a 2016 AIR Evaluati	2017	as from 2	2016 (fo	r YEI firs				
in the timeline Information per evaluation: 1. Deadline 2. Type 3. Main issues addressed and coverage 4. Planned use of evaluation results 5. Actors involved The Co program At leas	ions carried	AIR		2010			t repor	t is expect	ed in Ap	ril 2015).
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evaluation: 1. Deadline 2. Type 3. Main issues addressed and coverage 4. Planned use of evaluation results 5. Actors involved 0 ve - ho - ou 5. Actors involved 0 ve - ho - ou - im- N - ou - im- N - ou - im- - ou - ho - ho	ions carriec post evalua	Lialaat	ions of t	he spen	ding pro	ogramm	e			•
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the imp The Cor and ma 2024 (a <u>Evaluati</u> Art. 57("During out, inc basis of Fund-sp support evaluati Art. 114 "1. An o more o commit 2. By 3 program period reporte	will be avai if the ex po- erview cove ow ESF prog- utputs achie oplementat depth asses Aain issues Examine economi Aim to du Identify g Identify g mmission nming period t twice du cy and imp lementatio mmission s naging aut rt. 57(2) CP ions carriec 3) CPR the progra luding evalua the evalua opecific rules from the l ions shall b I CPR evaluation perational tee no late 31 Deceml nme, a rep	ation of ies). In a ilable too st thema ering all gramme eved and ion appr senent of address use of ic cimpact raw cond factors c good pra may ca od 2014- uring th act of jo n of the hall carr horities R) <u>I out by</u> amming uations fa tion pla s. At lea Funds con e examin plan sha program r than a ber 202 ort sum	the ESF addition wards the atic eval MS on s support budge roaches of effecti ed: resource t clusions ontribut actices rry out -2020 (a e progr youth C y out e (art. 11 <u>Membe</u> period, to asses n and the st once by ere but all be dr mmes year aft 2, mar marising output	2007-2 : a synthine end o uations rt policy t spent iveness a es, effect for the ting to si evalua rt. 56 (4 ramming port froi Guarante x post e 4 CPR). <u>r States</u> the mai s effecti- nat they during b y the C he moni	013 is un esis report f 2015. on Social fields and result tiveness policy of uccess of tions of) CPR). g period m the Est ee (art. 1 evaluation Ex post the prop PR has of itoring c by the luation doption authoriti dings of results of	ort and al Inclusi alts for a s and ef n econo or failure f progra d, an ev SF and t L9 (6) ES ons in cl evaluat authority efficient ject to a grammin contribu ommitte managi plan sh of the p es shal f evalua of the p	y shall e cy and i poproprint y shall e cy and i pproprint g period ted to f e and s cy and i pproprint ted to f e and s cy and i pproprint to f cy and s cy	y country man Capit e of MS y of Fund d social co implement at its ow on shall a cific alloca operation all be cor ensure that mpact, for iate follow od, an eva the object sent to the arried out me, prov	reports v al, Emplo program hesion tation o wn initia assess th ation for with the npleted at evalua r each pr v up in a aluation tives for e Commi during t	tions are carried rogramme on the cordance to the shall assess how each priority. All

1. completed by end 2015
2. completed by end 2018
Scope: assess effectiveness, efficiency and impact

FEAD (Fund for European Aid for the most deprived)

Title spending	FEAD (Fund for European Aid to the Most Deprived)						
programme:	read (rund for European Aid to the Most Deprived)						
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	Implementation of operational programmes for social inclusion of the most deprived persons (OP IIK) will be monitored through the monitoring committees (FEAD, art. 10a). They will meet at least once a year and review implementation of the programmes towards achieving its objectives by having regard to the financial data and to common output and result indicators as well as programme-specific indicators. The monitoring committees may make observations on programme performance to the managing authority and shall monitor the resulting actions taken.						
	Member States will submit annual implementation reports (AIR) as from 2015 and a final report by September 2024 (FEAD, art 11). The content of the AIRs will be defined in a delegated act to be adopted by 17 July 2014. The Commission will analyse these reports and may make observations to the Member States and to managing authorities if some issues significantly affect the programme implementation.						
	As from 2016, the performance of the programmes will be discussed in annual review meetings between the Commission and each Member State. The Member States will ensure proper follow-up and inform the Commission within three months of the measures taken (FEAD, art. 12). In the case of operational programmes for food and/or basic material assistance (OP I), as there is no monitoring committee foreseen, the relevant stakeholders will be consulted on the AIRs and will be invited to participate in the annual review meetings.						
	As regards evaluations, Member States will carry out ex-ante evaluations to improve the quality of each programme (FEAD, art. 14). At least once during the programming period, an evaluation shall assess the effectiveness, efficiency and impact of the operations supported by OP II. The Commission will carry out a mid-term evaluation of the FEAD by end 2018, may carry out evaluation of programmes (FEAD, art. 15) and will perform ex-post evaluations by end 2024 in close cooperation with Member States and managing authorities (FEAD, art. 16).						
	Specific objective, indicator, milestone and target ⁶⁸						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	Alleviating the worst forms of poverty, by providing non-financial assistance to the most deprived persons by food and/or basic material assistance, and social inclusion activities aiming at the social integration of the most deprived persons						
Indicator:1	Number of persons receiving assistance from the Fund						
Baseline 2012	Milestone 2017 Long term target 2020						
0 ⁶⁹	8 million 14 million						
	Monitoring and reporting arrangements						
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	The content of the annual implementation reports will be defined in a delegated act. However, in accordance with the basic act, the managing authority shall establish a system to record and store in computerised form data on each operation necessary for monitoring, evaluation, including data on individual participants in operations, where applicable (FEAD art. 29(2)(c).						
Actors involved in monitoring	Managing authorities are responsible for the submission of annual implementation reports to the Commission.						
	In addition, all relevant stakeholders shall be consulted on the annual implementation reports and shall be invited to participate in the annual review meetings or shall participate in the monitoring committee depending on the type of operational programme						

 $^{^{68}}$ The basic act foresees that the common indicators will be defined in an implementing act to be adopted by July 2014.

⁶⁹ Note 1: The FEAD is a new Fund, hence with a baseline at 0. The figures used in the framework of the existing Food assistance programme are established through a methodology which does not yield figures that could be comparable to the one of the new FEAD, thus they cannot be used as a baseline.

Note 2: The Commission Proposal foresees the definition of common indicators to be adopted by the Commission through Implementing Acts. The specific objective's indicator will be complemented and possibly revised at the later stage, in light of the Implementing Act.

Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	same	Annual Implementation Reports submitted by Member States (By 30 June 2015 and by the same date of each subsequent year until and including 2023) will cover the implementation aspects of the operational programme.									
Planned use of information	(such a	This will be used for internal monitoring as well as for internal and external communication (such as AAR etc.). The information received will also feed the management of the operational programmes.									
Frequency of reporting	The re	porting	g will be a	annual a	is from 2	2015					
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
		AIR	AIR	AIR	AIR	AIR	AIR	AIR	AIR	AIR	Final report
Information per evaluation			Evaluati By the C			iding pr	ogramn	ne			
 Deadline Type Main issues addressed coverage Planned use of evaluat Actors involved 	ılts	Europea 2. The C Ex post of By the N Member During t the effe authorit and 202 The mar	Commis n Parlia ommiss evaluati nember r States he prog ctivene y of an 2, in acc naging a mber 2	ment ar ion may on: by 3 States: shall car rammin ss and o OP I sha cordance uthority 022. The	nd to the , at its c 1 Decer rry out a g period efficience all carry e with th y of an (e evalue	e Counc own initi mber 20 an ex-an d, the m cy of th out a si ne temp DP II sha ation sh	il by 31 i ative, ev 23 te evalu anaging e opera tructure late ado all carry all asses	December valuate op uation of e g authority d survey opted by t out at lea	r 2018. perationa each OP (y of an C ogramm on end r he Comr ast one e	the Fund to the al programmes. (FEAD, art. 16). OP I may evaluate e. The managing ecipients in 2017 mission. evaluation before ss, efficiency and	

H2 Sustainable growth

CAP (Common Agricultural Policy)

The general objectives are common to the 2 funds (EAGF and EAFRD).

Overall, the CAP aims at achieving **three general objectives**, which together feed into the **Europe 2020** objectives of smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.

Both CAP pillars contribute to the general objectives. The general objectives are broken down into specific objectives, some of which are common to Pillar I (broadly, agricultural income and market support) and II (rural development), whereas others are linked either to Pillar I or to Pillar II.

and the difference of the second	0			Long term target					
mpact indicator	indicator Current situation In current prices: 14 376.7 EUR/AWU								
Agricultural factor income	In real prices: 12 767	To increase							
	Indicator A: 131.0 (in								
	(2012 – EU28)								
Agricultural productivity	Not available – index to be calculated								
	Coefficient of								
	variation	World	EU						
	Commodity	Jan 2010-Dec 2012	Jan 2010-Dec 2012						
	Beef	10.1%	8.2%	7					
	Poultry	4.7%	6.5%						
	Pig	10.7%	9.9%						
EU commodity price variability	Soft wheat	17.9%	21.2%	To decrease					
	Maize	23.1%	17.8%	TO decrease					
	Barley	22.7%	22.0%						
	Butter	Butter 14.9% 12.0%							
	Cheese (Cheddar)	6.6%	9.1%						
	Skimmed milk	10.0%	8.0%						
	powder (SMP)	11.0%	7.2%						
	Whole milk powder								
	(WMP)								
General Objective 2 : To	promote a sustainable	management of natu	ral resources and clim	ate action					
mpact indicator	Current situation			Long term target					
Emissions from agriculture	Greenhouse gas: 510) 324 (2010) ⁷⁰		To reduce					
Nater abstraction in agriculture:									
volume of water applied to soils for	39 724 586 (2010) ⁷¹								
rrigation purposes	55727 500 (2010)			To decrease					
ingation pulposes									
General	Objective 3 : To promo	te a balanced territor	ial development						
mpact indicator	Current situation			Long term target					
-	63,4%								
Rural employment rate				To increase					
	(2012- EU28)								

 $^{^{70}}$ Total net emissions from agriculture including soil in 1000 t of CO_2 equivalent (Source: EEA).

⁷¹ Data available for EU27 excluding BE, CY, LU and AT in 1000 m³ (Source: Eurostat – SAPM).

EAGF (European Agricultural Guarantee Fund)

Title spending								
programme:	EAGF (European Agricultural Guarantee Fund)							
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The EAGF finances both agricultural market measures and direct payments to farmers, on an annual basis. The framework for the monitoring and evaluation of the EAGF (as part of the CAP) is described in Article 110 of the Regulation n° 1306/2013°, the "CAP horizontal regulation", and its implementing act (still to be adopted). As part of this framework, a set of output, result and impact indicators have been defined to support the assessment of the performance of the fund. For each of the instruments, a mapping has been made to which of the specific objectives it contributes. Specific objectives in turn contribute to the overall CAP general objectives. The direct payments support contributes to stabilise the farmers' income, improve competitiveness and support the provision of environmental public goods and climate change mitigation and adaptation. Market measures allow for a safety net in times of market disturbance or crisis, hence help maintain market stability and meet consumer expectations. A number of horizontal instruments support these objectives. Overall, these measures help to maintain a diverse agriculture in the EU. The indicators correspond to a three level hierarchy: impact indicators describe the progress towards the general objectives, result indicators link to the specific objectives and output indicators for the individual instruments. The information used for these indicators is (to the maximum possible) collected through existing channels, to avoid creating additional administrative burden for beneficiaries and Member States. This entails that there is a wide range of data sources used for the worall CAP monitoring and Evaluation framework, e.g. communications and notifications from Member States, official Eurostat statistics, data collected by the European Environmental Agency, World Bank data etc. For each of the individual inside information shee thas been produced explaining the exact data definition, data source, level of geographical detail, reporting frequency and delay etc. These sheet							

⁷² Regulation (EU) No 1306/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 on the financing, management and monitoring of the common agricultural policy and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 352/78, (EC) No 165/94, (EC) No 2799/98, (EC) No 814/2000, (EC) No 1290/2005 and (EC) No 485/2008, OJ L 347 of 20.12.2013

SPECIFIC OBJECT	TIVE 1	To improve food chain	-	etitiveness o	f the agricu	ltural secto	or and enha	nce its value share in the		
Indicator 1:		Share of El	J agricultur							
Baseline	Iseline Milestones									
16.7% (201	.1)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Share in world market maintained		
Indicator 2:		Value adde	d for prima							
		1		Baseli	ne					
			(2010 –	EU-27)				Value added (in EUR million)		
Crop and anima Food and bever			nd related s	services				154,4 203,9		
Agents involved		4,8								
Wholesale of for Retail sale in no			h food/bev	erages				79,255 127,480		
Retail sale of fo	od/beverag	es in special	ised stores					29,900		
Retail sale via s	talls and ma	irkets of foo	d/beverage	S				2,398		
Food and bever	rage service	activities						131,699		
			Milest	Target 2020						
2014	2015	2	2016	Share in world market maintained						
SPECIFIC OBJECT	TIVE 2	Export refu		port refunds and the total						
			tion per giv	en period						
Baseline	(2012)	Willes	tones	1 1		1	T	Target 2020 Used only in case of		
Beef: 3.3% (2011 Pigmeat: 0.2% (2 Poultry: 2.0% (20	2011/2012)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018				
Indicator 2:				atio of volume f those respe		-	ht in the int	ervention storage and the		
Baseline		Miles	tones					Target 2020		
0% (2012))	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Used only in case of need (seen against market developments)		
Indicator 3:			-	of volume of uction of thos	•	•	•	cly aided private storage		
Baseline			tones					Target 2020		
Butter: 5.6% (20 Olive oil: 8.2% (2		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Used only in case of need (seen against market developments)		
SPECIFIC OBJECT	TIVE 3	To better r	eflect cons	umer expect	ations					
Indicator:		EU commo	dity prices	compared to	world price	S				
Baseline		Miles	tones					Target 2020		
(see table	in ABB 02)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Prices brought closer to world prices		
SPECIFIC OBJECT [from 2015]	TIVE 4	To contribu manner	te to farm i	incomes and	limit farm i	ncome var	iability in a	minimally trade distorting		

Indicator:	Share of direct support in agricultural income									
Baseline	Miles	tones	Target 2020							
TO BE COMPLETED	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Decrease is desired but is not dependent on CAF intervention only (agricultural income may vary from many other factors)			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 5 [from 2015]		the provisi and adapta		goods (mo	stly environ	mental) an	d pursue climate change			
Indicator:	E.g. Share	of eligible la								
Baseline	Miles	tones					Target 2020			
0	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	70% (to be adjusted)			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6 [from 2015]	To promot	e the maint	enance of a	diverse agr	iculture acro	oss the EU				
Indicator:	Farm Struc	tural divers	ity							
Baseline (FSS 2010 – EU 28)	Miles	tones					Target 2020			
 From 2 t From 5 t From 10 From 20 From 30 From 50 100 ha a their economic size 0 EUR = Less tha From 20 From 40 From 80 From 50 <l< td=""><td>AA = 172 920 3 BA = 172 920 3 B5 212 340 LSU <math>B945 790 AWG Dut = EUR 307 1% n 2 ha = 47.09 co 4.9 ha = 20 co 9.9 ha = 10 to 19.9 ha = 10 to 29.9 ha = 3 to 29.9 ha = 3 to 99.9 ha = 3 to 90.9 ha = 3 to 90.9 ha = 3 to 90.9 ha = 3 to 90.9 ha = 3 to 90.0 to 3 999 E 2000 to 7 999 E 2000 to 7 999 E 000 to 14 999 000 to 24 999 000 to 24 999 000 to 249 999 0000 to 499 999 0000 to 499 999 0000 to 499 999 0000 to 499 999 0000 to 799 E 0000 to 799 E</math></td><td>J J 887.9 millior to their size 2% 9% 7.5% 8.1% 8.3% 8.2% % 42.6% UR = 15.8% UR = 12.5% EUR = 8.0% 9 EUR = 1.25% EUR = 3.4% 9 EUR = 3.4% 999 EUR = 1.2 60.7% m type : 5</td><td>: 1%</td><td></td><td>5 2016 201</td><td></td><td>Maintenance</td></l<>	AA = 172 920 3 BA = 172 920 3 B5 212 340 LSU $B945 790 AWGDut = EUR 3071%n 2 ha = 47.09co 4.9 ha = 20co 9.9 ha = 10to 19.9 ha = 10to 29.9 ha = 3to 29.9 ha = 3to 99.9 ha = 3to 90.9 ha = 3to 90.9 ha = 3to 90.9 ha = 3to 90.9 ha = 3to 90.0 to 3 999 E2000 to 7 999 E2000 to 7 999 E000 to 14 999000 to 24 999000 to 24 999000 to 249 9990000 to 499 9990000 to 499 9990000 to 499 9990000 to 499 9990000 to 799 E0000 to 799 E$	J J 887.9 millior to their size 2% 9% 7.5% 8.1% 8.3% 8.2% % 42.6% UR = 15.8% UR = 12.5% EUR = 8.0% 9 EUR = 1.25% EUR = 3.4% 9 EUR = 3.4% 999 EUR = 1.2 60.7% m type : 5	: 1%		5 2016 201		Maintenance			

		Monitoring a	and reporting	arrangements	5							
Description of how	Most of the i					existing datab	ases (Eurostat)					
progress on achieving					ors mentioned							
milestones and targets of					npact and resu	•						
each objective is tracked			l to each instru			,						
Actors involved in					orresponding (diversity in ind	dicators.					
monitoring					ary from indic							
		EAGF is in shared management, data collection is mostly done by the Member States (depend										
	on the indicator sometimes based on claims or information submitted by beneficiaries to the											
		aying Agencies) and/or transmitted for further processing to Eurostat, the EAA or directly to th										
	European Co			·	0	,	,					
Issues covered in		An implementing act for Article 110 will set out the information to be transmitted as part of the										
subsequent monitoring	Monitoring and Evaluation framework. It will cover information on policy output (per measure),											
reports	policy results (per specific objective) and impacts of the policy (per general objective).											
Planned use of	The Monitoring and Evaluation framework, including the set of indicators, will be used for all											
information		legally binding requirements on reporting and evaluation, but beyond that, they can be used for										
					udies and publ							
					and economic							
					ires (e.g. crisis							
			-		ments of the p	-	,,					
Frequency of reporting					V database and		ularly. From					
	-		al extractions of									
Availability of reports in	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020					
the timeline	2011	2013	2010	2017	2010	2015	2020					
	Statistical	Statistical	Statistical	Statistical	Statistical	Statistical	Statistical					
	reports	reports	reports	reports	reports	reports	reports					
					First report		2021: Second					
					to the		report to the					
					Parliament		Parliament					
					and the		and the					
					Council with		Council with					
					first results		assessment					
					on the		of the					
					performance		performance					
					of the CAP		of the CAP					
		Evaluations	of the spendin	g programme	e e	I						
Information non			tions of the s			* - · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	hunn newsyal					
Information per				-	cultural policy		-					
evaluation:	-				the Financial R	-						
1. Deadline			-		ations. This im							
2. Type					GRI aims to a							
3. Main issues					J value added							
addressed and			•		nched by the C							
coverage				by a steering	g group of offic	cials of DG AG	BRI and other					
4. Planned use of		nmission servi			000		- f					
evaluation results					020, a call fo							
5. Actors involved			-		that separate							
	2017-2018 will look at impacts on viable food production, sustainable management of natural											
	resources and climate action and balanced territorial growth. These will be underpinned by an analysis of the implementation by the Member States of the CAP. This analysis is scheduled for											
	-											
					s of the CAP ir	the current	programming					
	perioa, such	as Article 68 v	vill be evaluate	eu in 2014-20	15.							
	Mana data di	af the surf	ation struct	f-			an alay Th					
				-	nd in the DG							
					for the repor	-						
			and where i	iecessary, ad	aptations to t	ne policy im	plementation					
	and/or desig	n.										

EAFRD (European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development)

Title spending	
programme:	EAFRD (European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development)
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The EAFRD co-finances Rural Development Programmes (RDPs) on a multi-annual basis (2014-2020). There are six priorities (specific objectives) for Rural Development, each broken down into a number of focus areas (with target indicators). Five of the priorities directly feed into the CAP general objectives: Two aim at improving competitiveness and farm viability, improving the position of the primary producers in the food chain and management of risks. In this way they contribute to the general objective of viable food production. Other two priorities (one focussing on restoring, preserving and enhancing ecosystems and one focussing on resource efficiency and a shift towards a low carbon and climate resilient economy; contribute to the general objective of sustainable management of natural resources and climate action. One priority focusses on social inclusion, poverty reduction and economic development in rural areas, thereby contributing to the general objective of a balanced territorial development. These five priorities are supported by one overall priority, i.e. knowledge transfer and innovation, which contributes to the general CAP objectives via the five other priorities. The system for the monitoring and evaluation of the RDPs is described mainly in the Title VII of Regulation n° 1305/2013 ⁷³ and its implementing act (still to be adopted). As part of this system, a set of output, result and impact indicators have been defined to support the assessment of the performance of the RDPs. The indicators correspond to a three level hierarchy: impact indicators describe the progress towards the general objectives, result indicators link to the specific objectives (focus areas) and output indicators used a detailed information sheet was produced explaining the exact data definition, data source, level of geographical detail, reporting frequency and delay etc. These sheets will be published once the implementing acts have been adopted. Most of the information sis available at least annually, yet a few data items (
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	Fostering knowledge transfer and innovation in agriculture, forestry, and rural areas
Indicators	TD1 % of expenditure for the 2 measures: Knowledge transfer 8 information
Indicators:	 TR1 % of expenditure for the 3 measures: 'Knowlegde transfer & information action' + 'advisory services' + 'cooperation' in relation to the total expenditure for the RDP (1A) TR2 Total number of co-operation operations supported under the cooperation measure (groups, networks/clusters, pilot project) (1B)

 ⁷³ Regulation (EU) No 1305/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 on support for rural development by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD) and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1698/2005, OJ L 347 of 20.12.2013

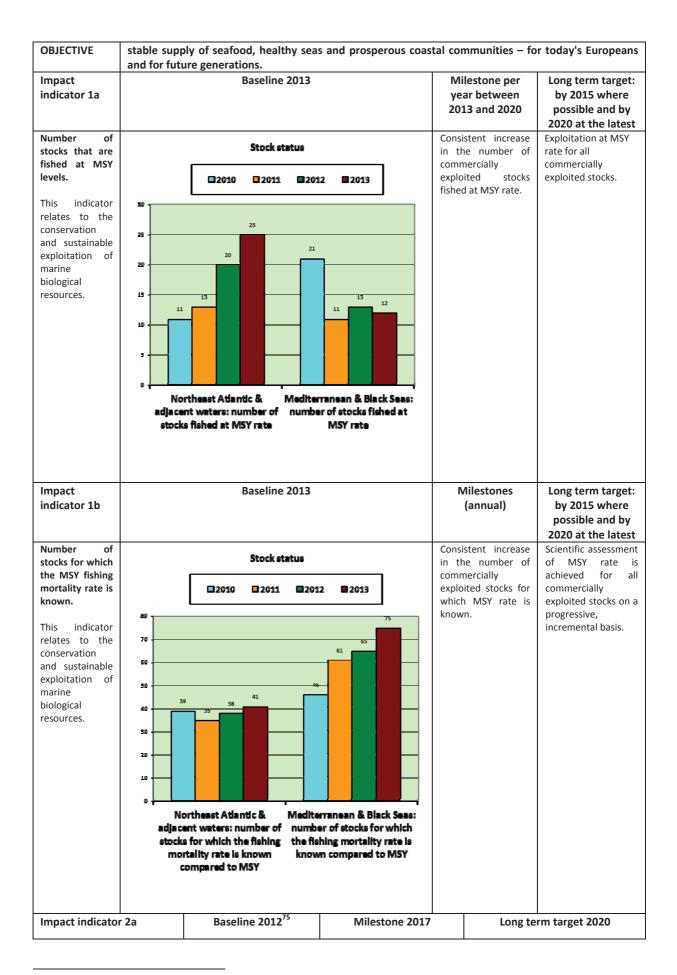
	TR3 Total number of participants trained (1C)								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	Enhancing farm viability and competitiveness of all types of agriculture in all regions and promoting innovative farm technologies and the sustainable management of forests								
Indicators:	 TR4 % of agriculture holdings with RDP support for investments in restructuring (P2A) TR5 % of agriculture holdings with RDP supported business development plan/investments for young farmers (P2B) 								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	Promoting food chain organisation, including processing and marketing of agricultural products, animal welfare and risk management in agriculture								
Indicators: SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	 TR6 % of agricultural holdings supported under quality schemes, local markets and short supply circuits, and producer groups/organisations (P3A) TR7 % of farms participating under risk management schemes (P3B) Restoring, preserving and enhancing ecosystems related to agriculture and forestry 								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	Restoring, preserving and enhancing ecosystems related to agriculture and forestry								
Indicators:	 TR8 % Forest or other wooded area under management contracts supporting biodiversity (P4A) TR9 % Agricultural land under management contracts supporting biodiversity and/or landscapes (P4A) TR10 % of Agricultural land under management contracts improving water management (P4B) TR11 % of forestry land under management contracts to improve water 								
	 management (P4B) TR12 % of Agricultural land under management contracts improving soil management and or preventing soil erosion (P4C) TR13 % of forestry land under management contracts to improve soil management and or preventing soil erosion (P4C) 								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 5	Promoting resource efficiency and supporting the shift towards a low carbon and climate resilient economy in agriculture, food and forestry sectors								
Indicators:	 TR14 % of irrigated land switching to more efficient irrigation system (P5A) TR15 LU concerned by investments in live-stock management in view of reducing GHG and/or ammonia emissions (P5D) TR16 % of agricultural land under management contracts targeting reduction of GHG and/or ammonia emissions (P5D) TR17 % of agricultural and forest land under management contracts contributing to carbon sequestration (P5E) 								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6	Promoting social inclusion, poverty reduction and economic development in rural areas								
Indicators:	 TR18 Jobs created in supported projects (P6A) TR19 % of rural Population covered by local development strategies (P6B) TR20 Rural population benefiting from improved services / infrastructures (P6B) TR21 Jobs created in supported projects (Leader) (P6B) TR22 Rural Population benefiting from new or improved services / infrastructures (ICT) (P6C) 								
Baseline	Milestones Target 2020 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 To be compiled from RDP								
0	/ / / / To be compiled / from RDP ⁷⁴								
	Monitoring and reporting arrangements								
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	Milestones and targets are part of the common monitoring and evaluation system (CMES). They are set at the level of the RDP and monitored by the Member states/Regions on an on- going basis. Each operation is recorded in the operation database(s). In the AIR, Member states submit the aggregates from the database(s) showing the evolution for these indicators. The Commission aggregates the indicators at EU level.								
Actors involved in monitoring	Managing authorities (MA) submit the AIR. Together with the Paying Agency, the MAs collect required data from beneficiaries. Stakeholders are also involved through the monitoring committee.								
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring	An implementing act for Regulation n° 1305/2013 will stipulate the information to be transmitted as part of the Monitoring and Evaluation framework. It will cover information on								

⁷⁴ Milestones are only set for some of the indicators. The common indicators are part of the Performance Framework.

reports	policy output (per measure) and policy results/targets (per Focus areas). The implementing act should be ready in the first half of 2014.										
Planned use of information	legally bindir for Manager studies and p – Statistical a of the measu future impro	The Monitoring and Evaluation framework, including the set of indicators, will be used for all egally binding requirements on reporting and evaluation, but beyond that, they can be used for Management Plan, Annual Activity Report, further assessment of policy performance, studies and publications such as the yearly report: "Rural Development in the European Union – Statistical and economic information". Monitoring information will be used for management of the measures (e.g. crisis management), while the evaluation information can be used for future improvements of the policy.									
Frequency of reporting	Annual (AIR)	Annual (AIR)									
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020				
	Statistical reports	Statistical reports	Statistical reports	Statistical reports	Statistical reports	Statistical reports	Statistical reports				
			2014 and 2015 AIR	2016 AIR	2017 AIR	2018 AIR	2019 AIR				
		Evaluations	of the spendin	aprogrammo							
		Evaluations	or the spendin	g programme							
 Deadline Type (e.g. mid-term or incl. ex-post evaluations of MFF period) Main issues addressed coverage Planned use of evaluat Actors involved 	of previous and	carried out k the main imp period and a 2014-2020 e At EU level, t general obje Regulation, evaluations. where releva added of th evaluations followed up To facilitate framework c evaluations f 2019 and e contractors k carried out k and Ex-post the DG AGRI	the contributic ectives will be Article 18 of This implies th ant - efficience ne most impe- launched by by a steering g the evaluatio contract will b (ex-ante evalua ined by the m by external co evaluations. M evaluation pl e reporting on	r States will b sations of the essons for the essons for the evaluated in the Rules of the Rules of the Rules	e conducted i RDPs during future. mon agricultu n line with A of Application ation planned ss, relevance, neasures at I rried out by Is of DG AGRI P towards 200 uring 2014. For elements of the ade for each ority. The Com nthetize at EU the evaluation s of these eva	ral policy towa ral policy towa rticle 30 of to and the gu in AGRI aims coherence a east every si external com and other rele 20, a call for or the Rural D ee enhanced A programme mission will la J-28 level the n planning car aluations will b	It will show programming ands its three he Financial idelines for to address – nd EU value x years. All tractors and vant DGs. tender for a evelopment, JR 2017 and by external unch a study RDP Ex-ante be found in pe serving as				

EMFF (European Maritime and Fisheries Fund)

Title spending programme:	EMFF (European Maritime and Fisheries Fund)
Summary,	A. Monitoring and reporting rules under shared management
general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and	EMFF measures under shared management are monitored by the Monitoring Committee, with the participation of all relevant stakeholders. Annual Implementation Reports provide information on the state of progress whilst Annual Review meetings aim at solving any issues arising in the course of implementation.
performance reporting framework	These basic tools have been complemented by a new "Common Monitoring and Evaluation System" in order to foster the result orientation that has been given to all the European Structural and Investment (ESI) Funds.
	The result-orientation of the ESI Funds is based on five complementary elements:
	 Ex-ante conditionalities to improve effectiveness of the implementation. Better programmes constructed around stronger intervention logic, defining targets to achieve to address the needs identified. Common context, output and result indicators adopted via a Delegated Act and that will be used consistently at all stages of the implementation: construction of the programme,
	 monitoring, reporting and evaluation. Better performance of the delivery, to be achieved by the use of robust monitoring and reporting mechanisms but also by the inclusion of the Performance framework (and the related Performance Reserve representing 6% of the Funds) in the Operational Programmes. Better evaluations through the use of the Evaluation Plan.
	The Common Monitoring and Evaluation System (CMES) has been designed to support this orientation; its specific objectives are the following:
	a) to demonstrate progress and achievements of the policy and assess the operations;b) to contribute to better targeted support for the policy;
	c) to support a common learning process related to monitoring and evaluation;d) to provide robust, evidence based evaluations of the EMFF operations that feeds into the decision making process.
	The development of the CMES and the Common Indicators has been undertaken in dialogue with the MS in the framework of Expert group meetings held since 2012. The Commission intends to carry on this dialogue in the framework of further meetings involving MAs, evaluators and desk officers.
	Progress reports to be submitted by MS in 2017 and 2019 will cover the implementation of the partnership agreements for the five ESI Funds, requiring further reporting on the EMFF. They will be summarised in the Commission's strategic reports and submitted to the EU institutions. The ex-post evaluation will be the responsibility of the Commission, to be finalised by 31 December 2024.
	B. monitoring and reporting rules under direct management
	A. The EMFF legislation sets out the information the annual work programmes should contain in respect of grants and public procurement under direct management . Regular monitoring and periodic reporting are also planned. The Commission is expected to submit the following to the European Parliament and the Council:
	 No later than 31 March 2017: an interim evaluation report on the results obtained and the qualitative and quantitative aspects of the implementation of the actions financed under the EMFF Regulation;
	 No later than 30 August 2018: a Communication on the continuation of the actions financed under this Regulation; No later than 31 December 2021: an ex-post evaluation report.
	The main evaluation questions, in particular on efficiency, will be considered and carefully answered in
	evaluations on legislation and policy that will be carried out during this programming period. General and specific objectives, indicators, milestones and targets
GENERAL	To develop the potential of the European maritime economy and to secure sustainable fisheries, a



⁷⁵ Based on data from the Blue Growth Study 'Scenarios and drivers for sustainable growth from the oceans, seas and coasts', ECORYS, 2012: <u>https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/maritimeforum/content/2946</u>

Economic growth (in terms of gross value added per year) and jobs (in FTE) in the blue economy ⁷⁶ of the EU.	per year in the blue economy of the EU:		olue	13 billion €		● 600 billion €	5
This indicator relates to the Blue Growth initiative.	economy of the EU: 5.4 million.		olue	.2 million FTE	Ξ	• 7 million FT	E
Impact indicator 2b	Baseline 2011 ⁷⁷			Milestone	2017	Long term target 2020	
Labour productivity (in terms of gross value added per employee) in the EU fisheries sector. This indicator relates to the economic sustainability of the EU fisheries sector.	 EU aquaculture: 44,000 €/employee. EU fish processing: 53,500 €/employee. Employment is measured in full time 		ee. sec equ ure: the ee. ing: ee.	ease in fisher cor's producti als or exceec EU economy	ivity: (%) Is that of	Increase in fisheries sector's productivity: (%) equals or exceeds that of the EU economy (%).	
Impact indicator 3	equivalents. Baseline 2013			Milestones		Long term target 2023	
Degree to which the market policies of the Union contribute to ensure its price stability and thus contribute to the profitability of fishery and aquaculture producers, while ensuring that supply reaches consumers at reasonable prices.	of the ensure id thus the erry and ducers, supply		calc from Obs	evolution will ulated on a yea n 2014 (once th ervatory – EUN r operational).	arly basis ne	The evolution of first sale prices reflects stability, increased matching with market demand and reasonable level of prices for EU consumers. Thi offers predictability to operators, in particular those members of product organisations.	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	Promote	sustainable	and comp	etitive fishe	ries and aqu	aculture.	
Indicator 1:	Volume o	f discards o	f commer	cially exploit	ed species ⁷⁸	•	
Baseline 2010			М	ilestones			Target 2023
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
> 1 million tonnes (t)	> 1 million t	900 000 t	600 000 t	450 000 t	300 000 t	Discarding eliminated, and unwanted catches reduced ⁷⁹	Discarding eliminated, and unwanted catches reduced (cf. previous footnote)
Indicator 2:	Value of a	quaculture	productio	on in the EU.	1	1	I
Baseline 2011			Mileston	es		Target 2023	
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		
€3,5 billion	+ 1%	+ 1%	+ 1%	+ 1%	+ 1%	At least + 5% baseline 2012	compared to the 1.
Indicator 3:				products pla ciations of P		market by Proc	

⁷⁶ Defined in COM(2012) 494 final.

⁷⁷ Based on data from the Blue Growth Study 'Scenarios and drivers for sustainable growth from the oceans, seas and coasts', ECORYS, 2012: <u>https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/maritimeforum/content/2946</u>

⁷⁸ The landing obligation is defined in Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 on the Common Fisheries Policy, amending Council Regulations (EC) No 1954/2003 and (EC) No 1224/2009 and repealing Council Regulations (EC) No 2371/2002 and (EC) No 639/2004 and Council Decision 2004/585/EC.

 $^{^{79}}$ Regulation (EU) N° 1380/2013: Article 15 (1) for the years 2014-2018, and Article 15 (4) for the years 2019-2023.

Baseline 2013	Milestones 2017 and 2019	Target 2023
Lack of comparable data across Member States. The baseline will be drawn from the Member States' ex-ante evaluation on their EMFF operational programmes for 2014-2020.	The evolution will be calculated on an annual basis from 2014 on, once EUMOFA is fully operational ⁸⁰ . Milestones for 2017 and 2019 will be defined on the basis of the data available in 2014.	Continuous upward trend up to 2023 and increasing share of products from members of POs.
Indicator 4:	Number of local strategies implemented by Fisheries Lo	ocal Action Groups (FLAGs).
Baseline 2012	Milestone 2017	Target 2023
EFF ⁸¹ : number of local strategies implemented by FLAGs: 0	EFF: number of local strategies implemented by FLAGs: 307	/ (see footnote under baseline 2012)
EMFF⁸²: number of local strategies implemented by the new FLAGs: 0	EMFF : number of local strategies implemented by the new FLAGs: 0	EMFF: number of local strategies implemented by the new FLAGs: 300. The target is to keep approximately the status quo compared to the baseline situation since there will be some evolutions and merging with Leader in some Member States.
contained in the operational pr	ine, milestones and target: these provisional data will be urogrammes (that are to be provided by Member States one be available only at the end of 2015. Profitability of the EU fishing fleet by fleet segment.	
Baseline 2011	Milestone 2017	Target 2023
Net profit margin of the EU fishing fleet: average 6% By main segment category: - small scale fleet 8.0% - large scale fleet 5.3% - long distant water fleet 5.6%	Net profit margin of the EU fishing fleet: average 12%.	Net profit margin of the EU fishing fleet: average 15%.
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	Foster the development and implementation of the Un in a complementary manner to Cohesion policy and to	
Indicator 1 related to 'Marine Knowledge 2020 initiative':	Degree of use of the European Marine Observation measured by the number of users downloading data.	and Data Network (EMODnet)
Baseline 2013	Milestone 2017	Target 2020
1105 users of low resolution seabed mapping of European seas.	5000 users per year of low resolution seabed mapping of European seas.	17000 users per year of multi- resolution digital seabed map of European seas.
Indicator 2 related to	Percentage of available cross-sectorial and/or cross-bo total information gap ⁸³ .	
'Maritime surveillance'	This indicator relates to the European Maritime Security Common Information Sharing Environment (CISE) for the domain.	
'Maritime surveillance' Baseline 2013 0% of the CISE baseline	Common Information Sharing Environment (CISE) for the	

⁸⁰ Probably from the second half of 2014 on.

⁸¹ Please note that the current 303 FLAGs that are supported under the European Fisheries Fund (EFF) will close their activity at the end of 2015 at the latest. ⁸² The new FLAGs supported under the EMFF must be selected before the end of 2017 (Article 33.4. CPR) and will not have

implemented their strategies before 2023.

⁸³ The information gap analysis was carried out by the expert group in charge of the CISE project. It identified the unsatisfied crosssectoral demand (gap) for ~500 generic maritime surveillance data elements. Depending on the sectors, the gap revealed to range between 40% and 90% of total information necessary for relevant sectors.

		which corresponds to 60%
		realisation of the CISE full potential.
Indicator 3 measuring the increase in installed capacity in ocean renewable energy	(0.5 x growth rate of installed capacity in offshore wind capacity in other offshore energy) ⁸⁶ .	l) + (0.5 x growth rate of installed
Baseline 2013	Milestone 2017	Target 2020
5,000MW installed wind energy growing at 40% a year and 260MW installed capacity ocean energy at almost zero growth rate.	Composite growth rate of 30%.	30,000MW installed capacity wind and 1MW installed ocean energy.
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	Fostering the implementation of the Common Fisheric against IUU fishing, an effective Union fisheries contr collection framework.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Indicator 1:	Control of imports of fisheries products in the EU.	
Baseline 2013	Milestone 2017	Target 2020
Number of refusal of imports into the EU ⁸⁷ : 65	30	Decrease the number of refusals to a level close to zero.
Number of non-cooperating	6%	
countries ⁸⁸ divided by the number of countries allowed to export to the EU under the IUU regulation: 12 %		Decrease the number of countries that are non-cooperating to a level close to zero.
countries ⁸⁸ divided by the number of countries allowed to export to the EU under the IUU	Number of apparent infringements of CFP rules by ope specific control and inspection programmes (SCIP inspections conducted.	that are non-cooperating to a level close to zero.

 ⁸⁴ <u>http://ec.europa.eu/governance/impact/ia_carried_out/cia_2013_en.htm</u>
 ⁸⁵ Established by the Technical Advisory Group (TAG).

⁸⁶ A composite indicator is used based on growth rate in installed capacity of (a) offshore wind which is an established industry but still vulnerable to switches in energy policies of EU and Member States and (b) ocean energy which is emerging. Between 2010 and 2013 the growth rate in ocean wind has been 40% on average. Because of the large size of one particular plant (the French Rance tidal barrage) and the small size of the newer demonstrators it will only be towards 2020 that double figure growth can be achieved for the ocean energy.

⁸⁷ This number is outside the influence of the European Commission as it concerns Member States' implementation as well as actual attempts to import illegal products into the EU by operators.

⁸⁸ Countries which fail to adhere to their responsibility as a flag, coastal, port or market State and refuse to cooperate in the fight against IUU fishing.

and a set of upp	oarent infringen	nents/number of inspections (ratio): 18%		15 %	10 %
3000 -					
2500 -					
2000 -					
1500 -					
1000 -					
500 -					
0 -	ections 2012	nspections 2011 Infringements 2012 Infrin	gements 201		
			_		
		stagics in Western Waters (new JDP since 2011) ulti-species in areas of NAFO & NEAFC			
	_	uefin tuna in Med & Eastern Atlantic			
JDP for cod and salmon in Baltic Sea					
		A and sample in party sea			
		d in North Sea & Western Waters			
Indicator 3:			fective cont	rol system.	
Indicator 3: Baseline Deco	JDP for co	d in North Sea & Western Waters	fective cont	-	arget 2020
Baseline Deco Number of Mem having been subj an action plan to shortcomings in t	ember 2013 ber States ject to or under overcome their fisheries	d In North Sea & Western Waters Number of Member States with an ef		Ta No Member Sta plan meaning th	arget 2020 tes are under an action hat all Member States e control system.
Baseline Deco Number of Mem having been subj an action plan to	ember 2013 ber States ject to or under overcome their fisheries	d In North Sea & Western Waters Number of Member States with an ef Milestone 2017	olan.	Ta No Member Sta plan meaning th have an effectiv	tes are under an action at all Member States e control system.
Baseline Deco Number of Mem having been subj an action plan to shortcomings in 1 control system: 7	ember 2013 ber States fect to or under overcome their fisheries	d In North Sea & Western Waters Number of Member States with an ef Milestone 2017 Max. 6 Member States are under an action p Degree of adequate ⁸⁹ responses to d	olan.	Ta No Member Sta plan meaning th have an effectiv der the data co	tes are under an action at all Member States e control system.

⁸⁹ Complete and of required quality.

⁹⁰ 100% minus failures to deliver the full data set required within a module within a specific data call relative to the overall number of data calls in %.

Monitoring and reporting arrangements (shared management only)			
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	 The monitoring system is composed of the following elements: A database at MS level, INFOSYS, in which information on each operation is stored, following a common structure and using common indicators; Every year, at the end of May a report is sent by the Managing Authorities to 		
	 the Commission presenting all information contained in the Infosys database The main sources of information are the application forms filled in by applicants, in which some specific information is requested. Information on results is provided by applicants, but needs to be validated after the completion of the operation. This can be undertaken via monitoring surveys addressed to beneficiaries or in the framework of evaluation activities. These are included in the evaluation plan. Whilst the INFOSYS database is maintained by the MS at the level of individual operations, reporting tables are communicated through SFC2014 to the Commission when reports are due. This is compiled in a central database in order to allow 		
Actors involved in monitoring	consolidation of the data at EU level. The system provides the aggregated information needed for the reporting required by the Regulations The main actors are the MS via their Managing Authorities as well as the European Commission services.		
	The Managing Authorities are responsible for the submission to the Commission of structured data on indicators through the INFOSYS database. They are also responsible for reporting and evaluation as explained beforehand. Under shared management, a Monitoring Committee is set up for each OP with the Commission and MS represented. The Monitoring Committee is the decision-making body in which the stakeholders in the implementation of the programme are represented. A "European code of conduct on partnership in the framework of the European Structural and Investment Funds" is being adopted as a Delegated Act. It defines in detail the way stakeholders should be involved in the management of the ESI Funds.		
	EMFF Operational Programmes are established at national level. Regionalisation should be managed directly by the Member State, with no impact on the OP. Under direct management the Commission is primarily responsible for monitoring the implementation.		
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	 Under shared management: Ex-ante evaluation by MS including a SWOT analysis, identification of the needs to be addressed in the geographical area covered by the programme, the programme's intervention logic and targets. MS ensure that the evaluator is engaged from an early stage in the development of the EMFF programme. Commission synthesis at Union level of the ex-ante evaluations. Member States' Evaluation plan that is drawn up by the Managing Authority responsible for the preparation of the programme. Evaluations assess effectiveness, efficiency and impact, for each programme on the basis of this evaluation plan. Annual Implementation Report (AIR) as explained below and annual monitoring reports (Infosys). The progress reports to be submitted by MS in 2017 and 2019 cover the 		

	consiste Provision Investme to the Co the prog The AIR of the of resource out in A The AIR - - - The MIR impleme identical The las impleme	the implement financed and the plate of the Am nt, comparable and ns Regulation (Cl ent (ESI) Funds in commission an Al gramming period R should include of draft EMFF regulates. Technical asp wricle 37 of the E R is divided into the Part A: informan Part B: addition in reports subm Part C: addition provided only i edel for the Al entation of finance to that of the St the AIR for EMF entation, i.e. 2022 irect manageme Annual work pr An interim eva quantitative as EMFF regulatio A Communicat regulation (by St An ex-post eval	ne Union stramul Implement nual Implement nd, where ne PR) outlines to no 2014-2020 R covering the in 2023. The information ation. MS for vects of data of asic Regulation net e parts: tion required nal information nitted in 2017 nal information nitted in 2017 nitted i	tegy for smart entation Rep recessary, to be he common in as to the con e previous fir on as set out cus in the AIF collection sho on. I in all years on referred to and 2019; ion referred to and 2019; ion referred to complemente its as require ls. formation ar e procuremen rt on the res implementat ch 2017) intinuation of L8);	t, sustainable ort (AIR) allo e aggregated rules for all 5 tent and timi iancial year fr in Article 44 to in mpleme uld be left fo in the CPR art 2019. d by a mod d in Article 40 ad data only t and grants ults obtained ion of the actions for the actions for	and inclusive ws for the re at EU level. T European St ng of the AIR rom 2016 unt of CPR and in entation and of r the annual of r the annual of ticle 50.5 that odel for the D(1) and (3) of y for the lat tions finance	egrowth. eports to be he Common ructural and . MS submit il the end of a Article 115 use of EMFF report as set be provided it has to be report on f CPR that is ast year of
Planned use of information Frequency of reporting	commur	II be used for nication.					
	outlined						
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Ex-post evaluation of Europea		Evaluations of th		rogramme			
1. Deadline		31 December 2					
2. Туре		Ex-post evaluat					
2. Type 3. Main issues addressed and o	coverage	The evaluatio effectiveness a objectives, nan • support th resources economic, • promote a of the EU f • promote a • strengther developme • foster the natural res	n examines nd efficiency nely: e CFP so as and support environment sustainable l ishing fleet; sustainable c the compe ent of econon protection ources where	the degree of the OP and to ensure sus aquaculture al and social to balance betw development etitiveness of hically viable and the enl e related to th	e of utilisat I the results a stainable exp in order to cerms; een resource of inland fishi f the operat enterprises in nancement c in fisheries se	tion of resu achieved in re loitation of li provide sust s and the fish ing; ting structur the fisheries of the enviro	lation to the ving aquatic ainability in ing capacity es and the sector; onment and

	 life in areas with activities in the fisheries sector; promote equality between men and women in the development of the fisheries sector and fisheries areas.
	It also plans to identify the factors which contributed to the success or failure of the implementation of the OP, including from the point of view of sustainability, and best practice.
4. Planned use of evaluation results	Use for the mid-term reflection of the EMFF (2013-2020) and in the preparation of a successor financial instrument.
5. Actors involved	 Member States and their relevant authorities; Stakeholders, primarily industry representatives and FLAGs.

Ex-post evaluation on establishing Com	munity financial measures for the implementation of the CFP and in the area of		
the Law of the Sea 2007-2013.			
1. Deadline	Although the evaluation should be finished by 31 December 2014, due to the		
	delay in the adoption of the EMFF regulation that will serve as basis for		
	financing the project, it will likely only be finished in the first half of 2015.		
2. Туре	Ex post evaluation of previous MFF period (2007-2013).		
3. Main issues addressed and coverage	The main purpose of this evaluation is to assess the results obtained by the different measures that were financed and to verify that they were consistent with the objectives set. The financial instrument provides the legal basis for a series of EU financial		
	measures for the implementation of the CFP and in the area of the Law of the Sea for the period from 2007 to 2013, covering the following four themat areas:		
	 Control and enforcement; Conservation, data collection and scientific advice; Fisheries governance; International fisheries relations, including Law of the Sea matters. 		
4. Planned use of evaluation results	Facilitate better informed decision making in fisheries resource management and utilisation.		
5. Actors involved	Member states and their relevant authorities; Relevant stakeholder incl. industry, NGOs, thirds countries, international organisations.		

Ex post evaluation of the transitional financial programme of IMP			
1. Deadline	31 December 2014 (may be delayed with some months due to the delay in the		
	adoption of the EMFF regulation).		
2. Туре	Ex post evaluation		
3. Main issues addressed and coverage	It assesses to what extent the financial programme has met the needs it aimed		
	to satisfy and actually achieved its expected effects. It is also aims to examine		
	the financial programme's impact on other Union policies.		
4. Planned use of evaluation results	Use in the implementation of the EMFF.		
5. Actors involved	Relevant maritime stakeholders.		

Interim evaluation of the EMFF measures financed under direct management		
1. Deadline	31 March 2017	
2. Туре	Interim evaluation of current MFF period (2014-2020)	
3. Main issues addressed and coverage	The results obtained and the qualitative and quantitative aspects of the	
	implementation of the operations financed under this financial instrument.	
4. Planned use of evaluation results	Facilitate better informed decision making in fisheries resource management	
	and utilisation as well as use in the preparation of a successor financial	
	instrument post 2020.	
5. Actors involved	Member states and their relevant authorities;	
	Stakeholder, primarily industry representatives.	

Ex-post evaluation of the EMFF measures financed under shared management		
1. Deadline	31 December 2024	
2. Туре	Ex-post evaluation of current MFF period (2014-2020)	
3. Main issues addressed and coverage	The evaluation examines the degree of utilisation of resources, the effectiveness and efficiency of the OP and its impact in relation to the objectives.	
4. Planned use of evaluation results	Use for the mid-term reflection of a successor financial instrument post 2020.	
5. Actors involved	Member states and their relevant authorities;	

Relevant stakeholder primarily industry representatives

Ex-post evaluation of the EMFF measures financed under direct management				
1. Deadline	31 December 2021			
2. Туре	Ex-post evaluation of current MFF period (2014-2020)			
3. Main issues addressed and coverage	The evaluation examines the degree of utilisation of resources, the			
	effectiveness and efficiency of the operations financed under this financial			
	instrument and its impact in relation to the objectives.			
4. Planned use of evaluation results	Facilitate better informed decision making in fisheries resource management			
	and utilisation as well as use in the preparation of the implementation of a			
	successor financial instrument post 2020.			
5. Actors involved	Member states and their relevant authorities;			
	Relevant stakeholder incl. industry, NGOs, thirds countries, international			
	organisations.			

In addition, as to the EMFF measures financed under shared management, the Member States have the primarily responsibility to evaluate the financed measures at OP level. Accordingly:

- An ex ante evaluation is carried out for each OP that includes a SWOT analysis, identification of the needs to be addressed in the geographical area covered by the OP as well as the OP's intervention logic and targets.
- A synthesis of these ex ante evaluations is undertaken by the Commission.
- Member States annex an evaluation plan to their OP (draft EMFF art. 116.1) that lists the evaluations to be carried out by managing authorities to assess effectiveness, efficiency and impact for each OP. At least once during the programming period an evaluation assesses how support has contributed to the objectives of each EMFF priority.

RFMOs and SFPAs

To promote sustainable fisheries and healthy seas globally (RFMOs and SFPAs)

General introduction:

Sustainable fisheries partnership agreements (SPFAs) with non-EU countries are negotiated and concluded by the European Commission on behalf of the EU. They are intended to allow EU vessels to fish for surplus stocks in that country's exclusive economic zone (EEZ), in a legally regulated environment. Two forms of SPFAs:

- Tuna agreements allow EU vessels to pursue migrating tuna stocks as they move along the shores of Africa and through the Indian Ocean.
- Mixed agreements provide access to a wide range of fish stocks in the partner country's exclusive economic zone.

These agreements also focus on resource conservation and environmental sustainability, ensuring that all EU vessels are subject to the same rules of control and transparency.

In return, the EU pays the partner countries a financial contribution composed of 2 distinct parts:

- access rights to the EEZ
- "sectoral" financial support. The sectorial support aims to promote sustainable fisheries development in the partner countries, by strengthening their administrative and scientific capacity through a focus on sustainable fisheries management, monitoring, control and surveillance.

Country	Expiry date	Type EC contribution per year		Earmarked for fisheries policy development
Cape Verde	31.08.2014	Tuna	435 000 €	110 000 €
Comoros	31.12.2016	Tuna	600 000 €	300 000 €
Côte d'Ivoire	30.06.2018	Tuna	680 000 €	257 500 €
Gabon	23.07.2016	Tuna	1 350 000 €	450 000 €
Gambia			No protocol in force	
Greenland	31.12.2015	Mixed	15 104 203 €	2 743 041 €
Guinea	Agreement and Proto	col provision	ally applied during 2009 but	subsequently withdrawn.
Guinea- Bissau			No protocol in force	
Equatorial Guinea			No protocol in force	
<u>Kiribati</u>	15.09.2015	Tuna	1 325 000 €	350 000 €
Madagascar	31.12.2014	Tuna	1 525 000 €	550 000 €
Mauritania	15.12.2014	Mixed	70 000 000 €	3 000 000€
<u>Mauritius</u>	27.01.2017	Tuna	660 000 €	302 500 €
Micronesia		No prot	ocol in force since 25.2.2010	
Morocco	New Protocol	initialled – a	waiting signature and provis	ional application.
Mozambique	31.01.2015	Tuna	980 000 €	460 000 €
São Tomé and Principe	New protocol	initialled – a	waiting signature and provis	ional application.
<u>Senegal</u>	New protocol initialled – awaiting signature and provisional application.			
<u>Seychelles</u>	17.1.2020	Tuna	Tuna 5 530 000 € (year 1-2) 2.600. 5 000 000 (year 3-6) 2.500.	
Solomon Islands		No prot	ocol in force since 9.10.2012	

Regional fisheries management organisations (RFMOs) are international organisations formed by countries with fishing interests in an area. Some of them manage all the fish stocks found in a specific area, while others focus on particular highly-migratory species, notably tuna, throughout vast geographical areas.

These organisations are open both to countries in the region ("coastal states") and countries with interests in the fisheries concerned. Most RFMOs have management powers to set catch and fishing effort limits, technical measures, and control obligations. Nevertheless, some organisations have only a purely advisory role. The EU, represented by the Commission, plays an active role in six tuna organisations and 11 non-tuna organisations.

RFMOs which manage fish stocks by geographical area:

- North-East Atlantic Fisheries Commission (NEAFC)
- Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization (NAFO)
- North Atlantic Salmon Conservation Organisation (NASCO)
- South-East Atlantic Fisheries Organisation (SEAFO)
- South Indian Ocean Fisheries Agreement (SIOFA)
- South Pacific Regional Fisheries Management Organisation (SPRFMO)
- Convention on Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (CCAMLR)
- General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean (GFCM)
- Convention on the Conservation and Management of Pollock Resources in the Central Bering Sea (CCBSP)

RFMOs which manage highly-migratory species, mainly tuna:

- International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT)
- Indian Ocean Tuna Commission (IOTC)
- Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC)
- Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC)
- Agreement on the International Dolphin Conservation Programme (AIDCP) (sister organisation to IATTC)
- Commission for the Conservation of Southern Bluefin Tuna (CCSBT)

RFMOs which have a purely advisory status:

- Western Central Atlantic Fisheries Commission (WECAFC)
- Fisheries Committee for the Eastern Central Atlantic (CECAF)

Title spending programme:			ies Management Organisations) and le Fisheries Partnership Agreements)			
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	 on 19 March 2012⁹¹ request Commission before the signal Financial Regulation and A Commission Services have to These evaluations are propor programme and activity concertime timeframe of these SFPAs. As to the compulsory contre Convention on the Law of the been set up⁹² because: the yearly financial resond the last years, and it relates to compulsory 	t that an ex-post and ex-a ature of a new SFPA. This rticle 18 of its Applicati o undertake both ex-ante a ortionate to the resources erned. These evaluations a ributions to RFMOs and b e Sea no specific evaluation urces mobilised remained y contributions to ensure	the Common Fisheries Policy adopted nte evaluation be undertaken by the is also confirmed by Article 30 of the on Rules, which stipulate that the nd ex-post evaluations for each SFPA. mobilised for and the impact of the re carried out in line with the 2-4-year podies set up by the United Nations on and monitoring arrangements have below the ceiling of €5 million during a the Union's active participation in for the long-term conservation and			
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	General and specific objective		e economy and to secure sustainable			
GENERAL ODJECTIVE		-	and prosperous coastal communities			
		and for future generations				
Impact indicator	Baseline 2013	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020			
impact maleator						
Contribution to long-term sustainability of fisheries worldwide, measured by th number of emblematic tun stocks fished with a fishing mortality rate being at or below Fmsy levels as per relevant scientific advice. Representative tuna specie (Bigeye tuna, Bluefin tuna, Skipjack tuna, Yellowfin tur Pacific Bluefin tuna) fished sustainable levels (Fcurr/Fmsy ≤ 1) in relevan geographical areas (Atlanti Ocean, Indian Ocean and Pacific Ocean). SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	a s na, at t c	15 stocks term sustainability of fisl	17 stocks			
Indicator 1:	involvement in interna partnership agreements	involvement in international organisations and by concluding sustainable fisheries partnership agreements with third countries.				
	purview of RFMOs to w	Conservation measures based on scientific advice adopted, for all species under the purview of RFMOs to which the EU is a member.				
Baseline 2012	Mile	estone 2017	Target 2020			
49 out of 53 conservation measures adopted by RFMOs i their annual meeting are in lin with the best available scientif advice.	n in their annual meetings are available scientific advice.	95% of the conservation measures adopted by RFMOs All conservation measures adopted by RFMOs in their annual meetings are in line with the best RFMOs in their annual meetings are in				
			Source: RFMO reports.			
Indicator 2:	Number of SFPAs in force	re with an agreed				

⁹¹ Council conclusions on the external dimension of the CFP, 19.03.2012, 7086/12 (<u>http://www.consilium.europa.eu/uedocs/cms_data/docs/pressdata/en/agricult/129052.pdf</u>) ⁹² Voluntary contributions are included into the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund (EMFF) under direct management.

		region	al level.						
Base	line 2013			Milestones			Target 2020)	
			2015		2017	-	-		
	10		13 14			15			
Indicator 3:				cences under s	SFPAs for				
Baseli	ne end 20		fishing vessel	s. Milestone 20	16	Target 20	20		
Dasen	ne enu zo	13		Whestone 20	10	Taiget 20	20		
Number of fis	shing licenc	availa	Increase by 5% to 10% the number of fishing licences available to the EU fleet in the framework of the SFPAs in relation to the 2013 baseline.			Maintain or s situation of e	slightly increase and 2013 ⁹³ .	e the baseline	
Tuna vessels	210								
Fishing vessels for mixed SFPAs	160	,							
			Monitoring	and reporting	arrangements				
Descriptions of h		F					1		
Description of h progress on ach milestones and	ieving	set up to me	onitor the app	lication of the	e carried out f se Agreements n of each agr	. Meetings of	the joint com	mittees take	
of each objectiv tracked	-		es and catches		0	,			
Actors involved monitoring	in	that fish und	der SFPAs;		particular those Os, third countr		-		
Issues covered subsequent mor reports		Each evaluation of an SFPA covers an overall assessment of on-going activities carried framework of the concerned protocol with special interest on the effectiveness, e economy, coherence and acceptability of the intervention. The utilisation of the support is also examined. In case of a possible new protocol an ex ante evaluation w carried out.					s, efficiency, the sectorial		
Planned use of information		DG MARE A	nnual Activity	Report and spe	ending program	nme adjustmer	nts.		
Frequency of re	porting	According to their 2-4-year timeframe of the SFPAs.							
Availability of re		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
in the timeline* *as explained al evaluation repo the different SF become availab	bove rts for PAs	*	* * * *			*	*	*	
depending on th									
individual timef	rames		Fuelwetter	of the second the					
Ex-post evaluat	ion of the	e current Dr			i <mark>g programme</mark>	ershin Agreen	ent (CEDA) 1	netween the	
European Unior future Protocol	n (EU) and	[name of the	third country] ⁹⁴ , and ex-ant	e evaluation in	icluding an and	alysis of the i	mpact of the	
				to finish a neg					

⁹³ In the medium/long-term perspective and on the basis of the principles of the CFP reform on sustainability, this target aims at stabilising the level of fishing possibilities by aligning the fishing possibilities granted through SFPAs with the needs of the EU fleet. The level of the fishing possibilities should be in accordance with the status of the targeted stocks. To ensure value for money, when negotiating fishing possibilities, the EU seeks the best match between the requests of the EU fishing fleet and the real utilisation of the fishing possibilities made available by the third country, taking into account the best available scientific advice.

⁹⁴ See the list of the current SFPAs/Protocols above.

2. Туре	Ex-post and ex-ante evaluations				
3. Main issues addressed	Effectiveness, efficiency, economy coherence, acceptability and added value of				
	Union involvement.				
4. Planned use of evaluation results	Commission (DG MARE) will be the primary user of the evaluations to assess the				
	possibility of negotiating new FPAs and Protocols.				
	The evaluations will be forwarded to the European Parliament and the Council				
	and they will also be made available on the Internet for stakeholders'				
	information.				
5. Actors involved	Commission services; EEAS; Member States and their authorities, in particular				
	the directly concerned ones;				
	relevant stakeholders incl. industry, NGOs, third countries, international				
	organisations.				

LIFE (Environment and climate action)

Sub-programme for environment

Title spending	Programm	e for the Environment and Cl	imate Action (LIFE) ⁹⁵			
programme:		Sub-programme for Enviro				
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the		is a specific funding instrum latter component see fiche b	nent dedicated to the environment elow).			
overall progress and performance reporting framework	The LIFE sub-programme for Environment addresses environmental problems and solutions, facilitates knowledge-sharing and acts as a catalyst and leverage to actions crucial for implementing EU environmental policy and for addressing environmental problems. The new LIFE programme enables better alignment with policy priorities in a more strategic, cost-effective way. It also promotes the integration of different policy areas and different funding mechanisms in the resolution of environmental problems. The new Integrated Projects will make a clear link between the actions funded through LIFE and those funded through other spending instruments.					
	executive agency ⁹⁶ , with to for Environment, Technica being, be managed directl	the exception of Integrated particular and Preparator	E programme is delegated to an projects under the sub-programme y Projects, which will, for the time r to ensure that these new types of policy priorities.			
	Each project will be subject to regular monitoring (progress reports and final re Beneficiaries will have to indicate in their reports the contribution of their projects or more impact indicators, which will be linked to the outcome and performance ind as defined in the LIFE Regulation and the LIFE multiannual work programme for 2014 and thus ultimately to the performance of the LIFE Programme.					
	Immediate results of these reports will be analysed technically and financially to steer the Programme implementation. Thematic reports and publications (e.g. regarding nature conservation, biodiversity, air, water, and waste) will be produced. Platform meetings will be organised in order to promote the exchange of information and knowledge as well as to increase the link with environmental policies.					
	environmental solutions p	provided by the LIFE Program	e made to assess to which extent nme are taken into account in the ols for Integrated Projects will be			
	Information will be used for adapting the Programme to environmental policies as well as to assess the role of this Programme in the implementation of environmental concerns in other policies.					
	General and specific object	ctives, indicators, milestones	and targets ⁹⁷			
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 (LIFE, Article 3.1(a))	to contribute to the shift towards a resource-efficient economy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, including the support of the Natura 2000 network and tackling the degradation of ecosystems					
Impact indicator:	Baseline	Milestone	Long term target			
attributable environmental improvements	0	60% of ongoing/ finalised projects progress towards environmental improvements	≥60% of ongoing projects progress towards/ of finalised projects achieved environmental improvements			
Impact indicator:	Baseline	Milestone	Long term target 2020			

⁹⁵ Regulation (EU) No 1293/2013 on the establishment of a Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE), OJ L 347, p.185. The qualitative and quantitative indicators, outcomes and targets related to the general and specific objectives for the LIFE subprogramme for environment defined in Articles 3, 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Regulation (EU) No 1293/2013 are set out in the LIFE multiannual work programme 2014-2017 (MAWP), which is expected to be adopted in March 2014. ⁹⁶ Executive Agency for Small and Medium Sized Enterprises (EASME). ⁹⁷ Where the targets refer to on-going projects, they are actually rather milestones. These milestones consist in having set up the

projects in such a way that they can reach the targets by 2020. The few projects that would be finalised by 2017, should naturally reach the target they were set up to meet.

Percentage of the Natura		10% of the Natura 2000	12% of the Natura 2000 network
2000 network targeted by		network targeted by	targeted by ongoing projects are
LIFE projects restored or	0	ongoing/finalised projects	progressing towards/ of finalised
brought to adequate		are progressing towards	projects achieved restoration/
management		restoration/ adequate	adequate management
Impact indicator:	Baseline	management Milestone	Long torm torget 2020
impact mulcator.	Baseline Milestone		Long term target 2020
Percentage of surface and		10% of ecosystem	≥10% of ecosystem surfaces and
type of ecosystems		surfaces and type	type targeted by ongoing projects
targeted by LIFE projects	0	targeted by ongoing/	are progressing towards/ o
restored	0	finalised projects are	finalised projects achieved an
		progressing towards an	improvement/ restoration
		improvement/ restoration	
Impact indicator:	Baseline	Milestone	Long term target 2020
Percentage of types of		10% of habitats and 10%	≥10% of habitats and ≥10% o
habitats and of species		of species targeted by	species targeted by LIFE project
targeted with improving	0	ongoing/finalised projects	progress towards / of finalised
conservation status	0	which progress towards	projects achieved an improved
		an improved conservation	conservation status
		status	
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 2	to improve the develop	nent, implementation and er	forcement of Union environmenta
GENTER & OBJECTIVE E			
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b))	policy and legislation, a	nd to act as a catalyst for,	
	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into ot	and promote, the integration and her Union policies and public and
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b))	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into ot	
	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into ot	her Union policies and public and
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into ot including by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised	her Union policies and public and olic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects,	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into ot ncluding by increasing the pub Milestone	her Union policies and public and blic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into ot including by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised	her Union policies and public and olic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline	nd to act as a catalyst for, commental objectives into ot including by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement	her Union policies and public and blic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into ot including by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable	her Union policies and public and blic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into ot including by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable	her Union policies and public and blic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into ot including by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable	her Union policies and public and blic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans,	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe cluding by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions	her Union policies and public and blic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe cluding by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects	her Union policies and public and blic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe cluding by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions	her Union policies and public and plic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental policy and	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe cluding by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects	her Union policies and public and plic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental policy and legislation	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe cluding by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects	her Union policies and public and plic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental policy and legislation Number of interventions	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe cluding by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects	her Union policies and public and plic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental policy and legislation Number of interventions achieving synergies with or	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe cluding by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects	her Union policies and public and plic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental policy and legislation Number of interventions achieving synergies with or mainstreamed into other	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe cluding by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects (IPs) ⁹⁹	her Union policies and public and plic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 40 IPs
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental policy and legislation Number of interventions achieving synergies with or mainstreamed into other Union funding	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into oth coluding by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects (IPs) ⁹⁹ 20 Integrated Projects	her Union policies and public and plic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental policy and legislation Number of interventions achieving synergies with or mainstreamed into other Union funding programmes, or integrated	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe cluding by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects (IPs) ⁹⁹	her Union policies and public and plic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 40 IPs
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental policy and legislation Number of interventions achieving synergies with or mainstreamed into other Union funding programmes, or integrated into public or private	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into oth coluding by increasing the pub Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects (IPs) ⁹⁹ 20 Integrated Projects	her Union policies and public and plic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 40 IPs
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental policy and legislation Number of interventions achieving synergies with or mainstreamed into other Union funding programmes, or integrated into public or private sector practice	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects (IPs) ⁹⁹ 20 Integrated Projects (IPs) ¹⁰⁰	her Union policies and public and Dic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 40 IPs 40 IPs
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental policy and legislation Number of interventions achieving synergies with or mainstreamed into other Union funding programmes, or integrated into public or private sector practice GENERAL OBJECTIVE 3	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0 0 0 0 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects (IPs) ⁹⁹ 20 Integrated Projects (IPs) ¹⁰⁰	her Union policies and public and plic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 40 IPs
(LIFE, Art.3.1(b)) Impact indicator: Number of LIFE interventions (projects, measures, approaches) suitable for being replicated or transferred ⁹⁸ Number of interventions developed or undertaken that implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental policy and legislation Number of interventions achieving synergies with or mainstreamed into other Union funding programmes, or integrated into public or private sector practice	policy and legislation, a mainstreaming of envir private sector practice, in Baseline 0 0	nd to act as a catalyst for, onmental objectives into othe Milestone 270of ongoing/ finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 20 Integrated Projects (IPs) ⁹⁹ 20 Integrated Projects (IPs) ¹⁰⁰	her Union policies and public and Dic and private sector's capacity Long term target 2020 650 of ongoing projects / of finalised projects implement replicable/ transferable actions 40 IPs 40 IPs

⁹⁸ Projects within the meaning of Articles 2 and 18 (a), (b), (c) and (h) Regulation No 1293/2013 will be specifically assessed for their potential replicability/transferability and are therefore used as the reference indicator. It is expected that 80% of these projects implement replicable/transferable actions.

⁹⁹ Although many LIFE interventions will implement plans, programmes or strategies pursuant to Union environmental or climate policy or legislation, integrated projects (IPs), which are new under the LIFE programme, are specifically designed for this and are therefore used as the reference *de minimis* indicator. ¹⁰⁰ Although all projects should to a certain degree promote synergies and integration into practice, integrated projects (IPs), which are

new under the LIFE programme, are specifically designed for this and are therefore used as the reference indicator.

Number of interventions to ensure better governance,						
dissemination of information and awareness	0	4	00 interventions ¹⁰	01	600 interventions	
of environmental aspects						
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 4 (LIFE, Art 3.1(d))	to support the implementation of the 7th Environment Action Programme					
Impact indicator:	Baseline Milestone			Long term target 2020		
Number of interventions to support the implementation of the 7 th EAP	0	1200 interventions		2200 interventions		
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	-	J envi	ronmental policy		conomy and to the development egislation (Environment and	
Indicator (WASTE):		Percentage of regions covered by waste IPs and thus progressing towards or reached adequate waste management				
Baseline			Target / Mile	estone	2017	
0	2% of regions Union wide Management.	are co	overed by waste IP	's and	progress towards adequate waste	
Indicator (WATER):	No. of water bodies cove an improved ecological st		y projects and thu	is pro	gressing towards or having reached	
Baseline			Target / Milesto	one 20	17	
	100 water bodies are cove improved ecological status	ered by s ¹⁰³	y ongoing or finali	sed pr	ojects and progress towards an	
Indicator (WATER):	Percentage of River Basin having reached adequate	Distri mana	gement	-	s and thus progressing towards or	
	Scale of complementary f budgets of these lps	undin	g mobilised throu	gh IPs	s compared to the total value of the	
Baseline			Target / Milesto	one 20	17	
	3% of river basin districts are covered by IPs and progress towards adequate management					
Indicator (ENVIRONMENT):	Number of interventions to improve the knowledge base for Union environmental policy and legislation, and for assessing and monitoring factors, pressures and responses having an impact on the environment					
Baseline	Target / Milestone 2017					
0	300 interventions ¹⁰⁴					
Indicator (AIR QUALITY):						
Baseline			Target / Milesto	one 20	017	
0	1 million persons are co improved air quality.	overed	l by ongoing/ fir	nalised	projects which progress towards	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	Halting and reversing the network and tackling the		-	-	ne support of the Natura 2000 Biodiversity priority area)	

¹⁰¹ Although all interventions contain an information, dissemination and awareness raising element, governance and information interventions, whether funded through grants or procurement, are specifically designed to address this objective and are therefore used as the reference indicator.
¹⁰² All LIFE interventions, whether funded through grants, procurement or financial instruments, support the implementation of at least

 ¹⁰² All LIFE interventions, whether funded through grants, procurement or financial instruments, support the implementation of at least one of the priority objectives of the 7th Environment Action Programme.
 ¹⁰³ LIFE contribution is calculated taking into account an estimated total of 138.000 water bodies and the fact that 43% of water bodies

¹⁰⁵ LIFE contribution is calculated taking into account an estimated total of 138.000 water bodies and the fact that 43% of water bodies already achieved good ecological status according to the Commission Communication, A Blueprint to Safeguard Europe's Water Resources COM(2012) 673 final.

¹⁰⁴ Estimated to be 100% of the interventions financed by the 07 02 01.

Indicator (NATURE):	Percentage of habitats targeted progressing towards or improving conservation status as				
Baseline	a consequence of LIFE interventions Target / Milestone 2017				
	10% of habitats targeted by ongoing/finalised LIFE projects progress towards improved conservation status				
Indicator (NATURE):	Percentage of species targeted progressing towards or improving conservation status as a consequence of LIFE interventions				
Baseline	Target / Milestone 2017				
	10% of species targeted by ongoing/finalised LIFE projects progress towards improved conservation status				
Indicator (NATURE):	Percentage of the Natura 2000 sites covered by nature IPs and thus progressing towards the implementation of prioritised actions frameworks				
Baseline	Target / Milestone 2017				
	4% of the Natura 2000 sites are targeted by nature IPs and progress towards the implementation of prioritised actions frameworks				
Indicator (BIODIVERSITY):	Percentage of surface and type of ecosystems targeted by LIFE projects restored				
Baseline	Target / Milestone 2017				
	10% of ecosystem surfaces and types are targeted by ongoing/finalised projects which progress towards improvement/restoration				
Indicator (BIODIVERSITY):	Number of interventions to improve the knowledge base for Union nature and biodiversity policy and legislation and for assessing and monitoring factors, pressures and responses having an impact on nature and biodiversity				
	Target / Milestone 2017				
	300 interventions ¹⁰⁵				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	Support better environmental governance and information at all levels (Environmental Governance and Information priority area)				
Indicator (INFORMATION AND AWARENESS):	Number of stakeholders and citizens participating in awareness raising activities in the framework of LIFE interventions				
Baseline	Target / Milestone 2017				
	500,000 stakeholders or citizens				
Indicator (NGOs):	Percentage of increase in the participation of NGOs in consultations on EU environmental policy				
Baseline	Target / Milestone 2017				
	12% increase ¹⁰⁶				
Indicator (ENFORCEMENT):	Percentage of projects promoting and contributing to a more effective compliance with and enforcement of Union environmental law				
Baseline	Target / Milestone 2017				
	5% of governance and information projects progress towards improved compliance and enforcement of Union environmental law				
	Monitoring and reporting arrangements				
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	On project level, each beneficiary will have to establish at the beginning of the project the baselines regarding the indicators that are relevant for the priority area/thematic priority under which the project falls. At the end of the project, the results and impact of the project actions regarding these indicators will be established. The data thus obtained will be collected and analysed in thematic and impact reports. On the basis of regular thematic reports covering the thematic priorities, an analysis will be made on the extent to which environmental solutions provided by the LIFE Programme are taken into account for the implementation or development of Union environmental policy. The impact reports will take the form of Mid-term report regarding the uptake, since probably no projects will have ended by 2017, and Final/Ex-post report regarding the environmental impact per prioriti				

 $^{^{105}}$ Estimated to be 100% of the interventions financed by the 07 02 02 plus the number of "Nature" projects and 1/3 of the operating grants financed under 07 02 03. 106 All NGO's funded by operating grants are expected to increase their participation in consultations on EU environmental policy.

	area and the	area and thematic priority.					
Actors involved in monitoring	as well as b		hich will have	regular meetin e to indicate in	-		
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	term report reports are Thematic re	, and final rep analysed tec eports and p eetings in or	oort). This is re hnically and f ublications (a	monitoring (i ported in an F inancially to s ir, water and a careful mo	T data base. I steer the Pro waste) will	mmediate re gramme imp be produce	sults of these plementation. d as well as
Planned use of information	as a cataly integration	rst and a to of environme 8-2020 MAPV	ol for policy ntal requirem	on the perforn implementat ents in other iating reflectio	ion and dev policies), for	velopment (i establishing	ncluding the the priorities
Frequency of reporting	Programme) every year	and thematic	rting error r reporting. M t the end of th	id-term repo	ort at the en	d of the first
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 AAR	2015 AAR	2016 AAR	2017 AAR	2018 AAR	2019 AAR	Before end 2023 AAR
				Mid-term evaluation report on the implemen tation of LIFE			Final/Ex- post evaluation of implemen tation of LIFE
	E	valuations of	the spending				
Information per evaluation:	-			p. 08. 0			
1. Deadline 2. Type	LIFE	+ (2007-2013)) Final Evaluat	tion:			
 Main issues addressed Coverage Planned use of evaluates Actors involved 	2. Ty ation 3. M The Deci cont Prog mea faste To a Prog each for e Prog rele	evaluation co ember 2012, cinued. It add gramme for 2 surable moni er selection pro- ddress the ne- gramme and grammes wer n encompassin environment, grammes, the vant period,	luation ¹⁰⁷ dressed and co overed the ac which was ov ressed the fo 014 to 2020: toring, indica rocedure. eed for more to avoid the e created, or ng three speci thematic prio first covering define project	overage: chievements o verall consider llowing challe need for more tors, and targe strategic and e dissipation re for climate fic priority are rities were def g 2014-2017, t topics for t , lay down th	red to be suc nges in the p e focus, high ets, and main targeted prop of invested action and o as. In additio fined. Moreor contain the the sub-prog	ccessful and proposal for er EU added ntaining a hig gramming in funds two one for the n, for the sul ver, the Mult indicative bu gramme for	worthy to be the new LIFE value, better sh quality but the new LIFE distinct sub- environment, o-programme iannual Work udget for the environment,

¹⁰⁷ Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament and the Council, Final evaluation of Regulation (EC) No 614/2007 concerning the Financial Instrument for the Environment (LIFE+), OJEU.

 targets, and contain a preliminary timetable for calls for expression of interest. Indicative national allocations hampering the selection of best projects were entirely abolished as of 2018. Both DG ENV and DG CLIMA strive to improve the quality of the project selection and evaluation, the monitoring of the actions and the dissemination of results in close cooperation with external consultants and the Executive Agency EASME. In order to achieve the objective of LIFE acting as a catalyst for environmental and climate action, innovative features were introduced such as 'integrated projects' which aim to implement plans or strategies In order to create more EU added value, synergies and coherence with national, regional and local programmes, as well as 'financial instruments' (loan, guarantee, equity) to lever other funds (public or private) in support of large scale projects. 4. Planned use of evaluation results: Though the evaluation report was issued after the adoption of the proposal for a new LIFE regulation (2014-2020) (COM(2011) 874 final of 12 December 2011), its preliminary conclusions were used to adjust the proposal and will be factored into the implementation of new the LIFE Regulation ((EC) No 1293/2013 of 20 December 2013). 5. Actors involved: European Commission, Member States (including national contact points) and third countries, beneficiaries (including NGO's)
 LIFE 2014-2020 Mid-term evaluation 1. Deadline 2017 2. Mid-term Evaluation 3. the achievements (at the level of results and progress - towards achieving an impact, based, where applicable, on the indicators outlined in the specific programme) of the objectives of LIFE and continued relevance of all related measures; the efficiency and use of resources, with particular attention to complementarity s referred to in Article 8 and Union added value. Full coverage of all LIFE activities 4. Possible use for a mid-term revision of LIFE as input for the preparation of a possible successor programme as from 2020 onwards
 Independent experts; stakeholders; community at large; Member States <u>LIFE 2014-2020 Ex-Post Evaluation</u> Deadline 2023 Ex-Post Evaluation rationale, implementation and achievements, as well as the longer-term impacts and sustainability Full coverage of all LIFE activities Possible use for remedial action in course of implementation of the successor programme) in light of specific issues identified during the mid-term evaluation (of the LIFE Programme. Independent experts; stakeholders; community at large; Member States

Sub-programme for climate action

Title enonding		ama Climata Action					
Title spending	LIFE + Sub-programme Climate Action						
programme: Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The 2 overarching objectives of the (domestic) LIFE programme are the contribution to the shift towards a low carbon (mitigation) and climate-resilient (adaptation) economy in the EU and to support the implementation of the 7th Environment and Climate Action Programme of which prime climate change objectives mutually reinforce the objectives of the LIFE programme: -to turn the Union into a green and competitive low-carbon economy; - to secure investment for climate policy; - to increase the Union's effectiveness in addressing international climate-related challenges. The part of the new LIFE programme, dedicated to the climate action, assists Member States that face climate related problems of EU relevance. LIFE facilitates knowledge-sharing and acts as a catalyst and leverage to actions crucial for implementing EU climate policy and for addressing climate mitigation, adaptation, information and governance problems. The new LIFE programme enables better alignment with policy priorities in a more strategic, cost-effective way. It also promotes the mainstreaming of climate action in different policy areas and different funding mechanisms in order to achieve 20 % of climate spending by 2020 across the EU budget. The new concept of Integrated Projects will make a clear link between the actions funded through other spending instruments. The tracking of climate-related expenditure will use the so called 'Rio markers' (0%, 40 % or 100% climate expenditure). The responsibility for the implementation of the LIFE programme is partly delegated to an executive agency (EASME) and partly to the European Investment Bank. Each subsidised grant project will be subject to regular monitoring (mid-term report and final report). Beneficiaries will have to indicate in their reports the contribution of their projects to a range of indicators partly defined in the LIFE Multiannual Work Programme 2014-2017. Immediate results of these reports will be analysed technically and financially to steer the Programme implementation. The EIB wil						
	General and specific objectives, indicators, milestones and targets						
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	Contribute to the shift towards a low-carbon and climate-resilient economy						
1 (Life, art 3.1)							
Impact indicator:	Baseline (2010)	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020				
Attributable climate improvements (Life, art 3.3) ¹⁰⁸ Contribution to the 2020 headline target of reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions in EU 28 compared to 1990	EU 2020 Strategy adopted in 2010 Minus 16, 8 % in 2011)		Minus 20% in 2020 (including an increase to 30 % if conditions are right ¹⁰⁹) EU 2020 headline indicators				

¹⁰⁸ The climate action sub-programme of LIFE is too small to achieve EU 2020 targets for climate action but it contributes. The LIFE contribution to achieving those objectives and targets are defined in the milestones and targets for each of the Specific Objectives.

Attributable climate improvements (Life, art 3.3)	· ()		000/ 5			000/ 0		
	0 80% of ongoing/ finalised				≥ 80% of ongoing projects progress towards/ of finalised projects achieved			
/	improvements				environmental and/or climate improvements			
Priority area "Climate I	Vitigation"	(Life, art			I	1		
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	To contrib	oute to th	e implemen	tation and deve	lopment	t of EU po	licy and legislation on climate	
1	To contribute to the implementation and development of EU policy and legislation on climate mitigation including mainstreaming across policy areas by developing, testing and							
	demonstrating policy or management approaches, best practises, solutions for the climat mitigation priority area							
Indicator:	Number and geographical coverage of climate change mitigation strategies or action plans developed or implemented through LIFE							
Baseline	Milestones Target 2020							
2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
In 2012 less than				Support			Support development and/or	
10% of the climate				development			implementation of at least one	
mitigation project				and/or			climate change	
proposals submitted				implementati			mitigation strategy or action	
in LIFE+ concerned				on of at least			plan per Member State	
development of				one climate				
mitigation strategies				change				
and action plans.				mitigation strategy or				
and action plans.				action plan in				
				13 different				
				geographical				
				regions				
Indicator:	-		-				ems, methods or instruments	
Peceline	and/or otr	her best p			ed and ta	aken up fo	llowing LIFE examples	
Baseline			т <u> </u>	stones			Target 2020	
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
Data not available				Relative			Relative reduction in tons of	
				reduction in			greenhouse gasses per project of	
				tons of			at least 20% compared to project	
				greenhouse gasses per			baseline.	
				project of at least 20%				
				project of at				
				project of at least 20% compared to project				
				project of at least 20% compared to				
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline.				
				project of at least 20% compared to project			80% of the projects funded in	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the			80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017 should promote innovative			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017 should promote innovative technologies			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017 should promote innovative technologies and/or other			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017 should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017 should promote innovative technologies and/or other			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017 should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017 should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas	
				project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017 should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE			-	project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017 should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions e (development,			climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions	
2	climate mi	itigation a	and enhance	project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017 should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions e (development, its capacity to a	pply in p	oractise (c	climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions toring, evaluation) of effective imate mitigation priority area)	
	climate mi Number o	itigation a f interver	and enhance itions to imp	project of at least 20% compared to project baseline. 80% of the projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area 2014-2017 should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions e (development, its capacity to a rove the knowle	pply in p dge bas	oractise (cl e for Unio	climate change mitigation priority areas should promote innovative technologies and/or other best practice solutions for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions	

¹⁰⁹ "Provided that other developed countries commit themselves to comparable emission reductions and that developing countries contribute adequately according to their responsibilities and respective capabilities"

	on the climate (cf. Article 14(b) Regulation 1293/2013								
Baseline	Milestones						Target 2020		
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
Data not available				80% of IPs ar 30% of th tradition projec funded climate chanţ mitigatic priority ar 2014-20:	ne lal its ge on ea		100% of IPs and 25% of the traditional projects funded in climate change mitigation priority area		
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	To facilitate development and implementation of integrated approaches for climate mit								
3 Indicator:	strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (climate mitigation priority area) Number of MS applying integrated approaches for mitigation , with support from an Integrated Project (IP) or replicating the results of an IP								
Baseline	Milestones					Target 2020			
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
No data				7			To be defined in 2nd multi- annual work programme 2018-2020		
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	To contribute to the development and demonstration of innovative technologies systems methods and instruments for being replicated, transferred or mainstreamed for climate mitigation								
Indicator:	% of funded projects promoting innovative technologies, systems and instruments and oth								
Baseline	best practise solutions for greenhouse gas reductions Milestones					Target 2020			
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
No data				80%			To be defined in 2nd multi- annual work programme 2018-2020		
Priority area " Climate	adaptation"	Life, art 15	5)				2018-2020		
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 5	adaptation demonstrat adaptation	including ing policy priority area	mainstre or mana a	aming acros gement appr	s policy oaches, b	areas by best practi	ses, solutions for the climate		
Indicator 1:	Number and coverage of climate change adaptation strategies or action plans and vulnerabilit assessments developed or implemented through LIFE								
Baseline				tones	1	Target 2020			
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
End 2013, 14 MS had adopted an adaptation plan/strategy.		20 MS		All MS have adopted a national adaptation strategy			All MS are effectively implementing their nationa adaptation strategies.		
Indicator 2 :	Attributable climate resilience, broken down by sector, due to the demonstrated new technologies, systems, instruments and/or other best practice approaches developed and take up following LIFE examples								
Baseline	`		Milest	ones			Target 2020		
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
Under the 2012 call of the LIFE+ regulation, only 15% of climate project proposals submitted were on adaptation				Increased climate resilience due to LIFE funded projects in vulnerable areas as identified in the EU			Increase in attributable climate resilience per sector. 80% of funded projects promoting innovative policy approaches and/or other best practice solutions for more climate resilience.		

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE To contribute to the development and demonstration of innovative technologies systems, methods and instruments for being replicated, transferred or mainstreamed for climate adaptation Indicator: % of funded projects promoting innovative technologies , systems and instruments and other best practise solutions increasing climate resilience Baseline Milestones Target 2020 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 No data 7 Indicator: To be defined in 2nd multiannual work programme 2018-2020 GENERAL OBJECTIVE To improve the development, implementation and enforcement of Union Climate policy and legislation and to catalyse and promote integration and mainstreaming of environmental and climate objectives into other Union policies and public and private sector practice, including by increasing their capacity (Life, art 3.1) Baseline Milestone 2017 Long term target 2020								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6 To improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective other best protice solutions for more resultance SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6 To improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective climate adaptation and enhance its capacity to apply in practice (dimate adaptation priority area) Indicator: Number of intervertions to improve the knowledge base for Union climate adaptation on the climate resilience (cf. Article 15(b) Regulation 1293/2013) To apply in practice (dimate adaptation and enhance its capacity to apply in practice (dimate adaptation and enhance) 2013 2014 2015 2017 2018 2019 2013 2014 2015 2017 2018 2019 Data not available Image adaptation adaptation strategies and actional projects funded in climate mitigation and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (adaptation) 100% of IPs and 25% of the traditional projects funded in climate mitigation and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (adaptation) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7 To facilitate development and implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate mitigation and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (adaptation) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7 To contribute to the development and demonstration of innovative technologies systems, methods and instruments for being replicated, transfered or mainstreamed for climate adaptation SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>adaptation</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>					adaptation			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE To improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective approaches and/or other best practice isolutions for more climate adaptation and henhance. Its capacity to apply in practise (climate adaptation priority area) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE To improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective climate adaptation of or assessing and monitoring factors, pressures and responses having an impact on the climate resilience (d. Article 15(b) Regulation 1293/2013) Baseline Milestones Target 2020 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Data not available Image adaptation and projects funded in climate resilience (d. Article 15(b) Regulation of integrated approaches such as for both climate throng adaptation projects funded in climate change adaptation priority area SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE To facilitate development and implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate change adaptation priority area SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE To facilitate development and implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate resilisof an Implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate resilisof an IP or replicating the results of an IP or replication. SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE To contribute to the development and demonstration of intorexitive technologies systems, metho					strategy.80			
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SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6 To improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective climate adaptation and hance. Its capacity to apply in practise (climate adaptation priority area) Indicator: Number of interventions to improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective dimate adaptation, and for assessing and monitoring factors, pressures and responses having an impact on the climate resilience (cf. Article 15(b) Regulation 1293/2013) Baseline Milestones 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Data not available Zi Article 15(b) Regulation of integrated approaches such as for both rational projects funded in climate change adaptation priority area Indicator: Indicator: SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7 To facilitate development and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level clamate action of MS applying integrated approaches such as for both climate results of an IP SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7 To facilitate development and daptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level clamate action of MS applying integrated approaches to real aptation - replicating the results of an IP SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7 To contribute to the development and demonstration of integrated approaches systems, methods and instruments for being replicated, transtratered or mainteramed for climate adaptation SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7 To contribute to the development and demonstration of integrated approaches systems, methods and instruments for being replicated, transtraned for clim					projects			
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SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE climate To improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective climate 6 To improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective climate adaptation and enhance its capacity to apply in practise (climate adaptation priority area) Indicator: Number of interventions to improve the knowledge base for Union climate policy and legislation, and for assessing and monitoring factors, pressures and responses having an impact on the climate resilience (cl. Article 15(b) Regulation 1293/2013) Baseline Milestone 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Jata not available Implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate intigation and adaptation priority area Implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate intigation and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (adaptation) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 10 facilitate development and implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate mitigation and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (adaptation) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 10 contribute to the development and demonstration of integrated approaches for adaptation , with support from an IP or replicating the results of an IP Baseline Milestone SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2013 To contribute to the development and demonstration of intregr					innovative			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6 To improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective climate adaptation and enhance its capacity to apply in practise (climate adaptation priority area) Indicator: Number of interventions to improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective detimate mission and enhance its capacity to apply in practise (climate adaptation priority area) Baseline Milestones Target 2020 2013 2014 2015 2017 2018 2019 Data not available 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE (climate mitigation and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (daptation) 80% of IPs and adaptation projects funded in climate change adaptation projects 100% of IPs and 25% of the climate change adaptation projects SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7 To facilitate development and implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate mitigation and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (daptation) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7 To facilitate development and implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate mitigation and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (daptation) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7 To contribute to the development and demonstration of integrated approaches such as for both climate mitigation 1005 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2					policy			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6 To improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective climate resilience 6 To improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective area) Indicator: Number of interventions to improve the knowledge base for Union climate policy and legislation, and for assessing and monitoring factors, pressures and responses having an impact on the climate resilience (cf. Article 15(b) Regulation 1293/2013) Target 2020 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE climate mitigation and adaptation priority area To facilitate development and implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate mitigation and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (adaptation) Implementation of integrated approaches for adaptation , with support from an IP or replicating the results of an IP Baseline Milestone Milestone Target 2020 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 No data Implementation increasing climate resilice-te-te-te-te-te-te-te-te-te-te-te-te-te					approaches			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE (area) To improve the knowledge base (development, assessment, monitoring, evaluation) of effective climate adaptation and enhance its capacity to apply in practise (climate adaptation priority area) Indicator: Number of interventions to improve the knowledge base for Union climate policy and legislation, and for assessing and monitoring factors, pressures and responses having an impact on the climate resilience (cf. Article 15(b) Regulation 123/2018) Zo11 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Data not available Import and spatiation projects funded in climate mitigation and adaptation projects funded in climate mitigation and adaptation projects funded in climate mitigation and adaptation projects funded in climate mitigation and adaptation is and adaptation projects To facilitate development and implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate mitigation and adaptation priority area SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE To facilitate development and implementation of integrated approaches such as for both climate mitigation and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (adaptation) To are target 2020 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE To contribute to the development and demonstration of integrated approaches such as for both climate mitigation and adaptation strategies and action plans at local, regional or national level (adaptation) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE To contribute to the development and demonstration of invoyative technologies systems, methods and instruments for being replicated, transferred or mainstreamed for climate adaptation					and/or			
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(Life, art 3.1) Impact/Result Baseline Milestone 2017 Long term target 2020				-			ion policies	and public and private sector
Impact/Result Baseline Milestone 2017 Long term target 2020		practice, ir	ncluding b	y increasing	g their capaci	ty		
Impact/Result Baseline Milestone 2017 Long term target 2020	(Life, art 3.1)							
		Baseli	ne	Mile	stone 2017		L	ong term target 2020
	indicator(Life,			-			_	
art.3.3)	-							
	art.5.5j							

Number of	No data		5 IPs			14 IPs	
interventions							
developed or							
undertaken that							
implement plans,							
programmes or							
strategies pursuant							
to Union							
environmental or							
climate policy or							
legislation	Baseline		Miles				Long town toward 2020
Impact/Result indicator(Life,	Baseline	2	willest	one 2017			Long term target 2020
art.3.3)							
The number of	No data	50) of ongoing	/finalised		> 180 of	ongoing projects/ of finalised
interventions	NO Gata		ojects impl	-			implement
suitable for being				ansferable a	rtions		e/transferable actions
replicated or		10	pricable, at			replicabl	
transferred, as							
regards the							
objectives linked to							
development and							
implementation							
Impact/Result	Baseline	e	Milest	one 2017			Long term target 2020
indicator:							-
The number of	No data	5	IPs			14 IPs	
interventions							
achieving synergies							
with or							
mainstreamed into							
other Union funding							
programmes, or							
integrated into public							
or private sector							
practice,							
SPECIFIC							policy and legislation on climate
OBJECTIVES 1-2	mitigation/a		-		-		eas
Indicator:	To improve t Number of c						d by LIFE
indicator.	Number of c	innate po	icy propose	ais based on	evaluat		
Baseline			Milesto	nes			Target 2020
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	2014	2015					
Pilot evaluation	1	1	2	2	2	3	All significant policy proposals
started in 2013							
Indicator:		•	ion checks	of Directive	s compl	eted based	d on external conformity studies
	funded by LI	FE					
Baseline			Milesto	nes			Target 2020
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
2 conformity	3	2	_				
3 conformity assessments started	5	2					
assessments started in 2013							
GENERAL OBJECTIVE				nance at all	evels in	cluding be	tter involvement of civil society,
3 (sub-ordinate to	NGOs and lo	cal actors					
general objectives 1							
and 4)							
(Life, art 3.1)	on and inform	ation (11	(a art 10)				
Priority area 'governar	ice and inform	iation' (Li	ie, art 16)				
Result indicator:	Baseli	ne	N	Ailestone 20	17	Long ter	m target 2020
(Life, art 3.3)						_	
Number of	No data		80 inter	ventions		160 inter	rventions
interventions to							
ensure better							
			1			L	

	1							
governance,								
dissemination of information and								
awareness on								
environmental and								
climate aspects SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	To promot		000 70	icing on	طايموساوطع		inabla da	volonmont
1		le awaren	ess 1a	ising an	d knowledge	e on susta		evelopment
- Indicator:	Number o	of stakeho	Iders a	and citiz	ens particip	ating in av	wareness	raising activities at all levels
Baseline						Target 2020		
	2014	2015	201	16	2017	2018	2019	
No data				sta	l.000 akeholder or citizens			28.000 stakeholders or citizens
Indicator:	Increased Eurobaron		-	arding h	numan-cause	ed climate	e change	e and solutions, as measured by
Baseline				Milesto	nes			Target 2020
2011	2014	201	5	2016	2017	2018	2019	
In June 2011 , 68% of					Status-			To be defined in 2nd multi-
the citizens polled					quo to			annual work programme 2018-
considered climate					10%			2020
change a very serious					increase			
problem (up from								
64% in 2009)								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	To suppor	t commu	nicatio	on, man	agement, ar	nd dissem	ination of	of information in the field of the
2	environme							
Indicator:	Number	of intomy	ntion	. to	innort com	municatio		agament and discomination of
indicator:								agement and dissemination of
		on in the r	ield of	r climate	e change mit	ligation ar	id adapt	ation and to facilitate knowledge
Baseline	sharing			Milesto	noc			Target 2020
		1		winesto		1	1	Target 2020
2013	2014	2015	201		2017	2018	2019	
In 2012 less than 5%				-	% of			To be set in the second MAWP
of the traditional					mate			2018-20.
climate project					ojects are rgeted to			All LIFE projects under the priority
proposals submitted					ecific			area climate governance and
related to climate					mate			information achieve knowledge
awareness raising				go	vernance,			sharing.
activities at local,					areness			
regional, national or					sing or			
cross-border levels*					ormation			
					tivities at cal,			
					gional,			
					tional or			
					oss-border			
		1		lev	vels.			
				1				
				ДІІ	LIFE			
					LIFE ojects			
				pr				
				pr un pri	ojects der the iority area			
				pri un pri cli	ojects der the iority area mate			
				pri un pri cli go	ojects der the iority area mate vernance			
				pri un pri cli go an	ojects der the iority area mate vernance			

3 Indicator:	Share of	projects	promo	oting and	edge g. seminat		-	es and policy approaches		
3Indicator:Baseline2013	Share of enforceme	projects nt of Unic	promo	sharing ent and dis oting and	g. seminat		-			
3Indicator:Baseline2013	Share of enforceme	projects nt of Unic	promo	ent and dis	seminat		-			
Indicator: Baseline 2013	enforceme	nt of Unio		-	contribu	ting to a	more	effective compliance with and		
2013	2014	2015		Share of projects promoting and contributing to a more effective compliance with and enforcement of Union climate law						
	2014	2015	Target 2020							
No data			201	6 20	17	2018	2019			
				5% of govern and inform project progree toward improv compli- and enforce of Unic climate	ation ss ss red ance ement on			More than 5% of governance and information projects progress towards improved compliance and enforcement of Union climate law		
	To broader policy	n stakeho	lder in	volvement,	includir	ng NGOs, i	in consul	tation on and implementation of		
Indicator:	Number of	intervent	tions e	manating f	rom NG	Os funded	by LIFE	with an impact on EU policy		
Baseline			1	Vilestones				Target 2020		
2012	2014	2015	201	6 20	17 2018 2019		2019			
Under the 2012 call of the LIFE + Regulation, the work programme of only 6 specific climate NGO's proposals plus a number of environmental NGO's that also have a climate focus were co-funded				operati grants NGO's climate related	Stable level of operating grants to NGO's with climate related work programmes.			Stable level of operating grants to NGO's with climate related work programmes.		
		the impl	emen	tation of th	e 7th En	vironmer	nt and Cl	imate Action Programme (7		
(Life, art 3.1	 to turn tl to secure to increase 	he Union investm se the Un	into a ent fo ion's e	green and r climate po effectivenes	compet olicy ss in add	itive low- ressing in	carbon e Iternatio	n the LIFE objectives : conomy nal climate-related challenges 1 of for indicators)		
Result indicator:	Baseline			Milesto ne 2017	Long t	erm targe	et 2020			
Number of interventions to ensure better governance, dissemination of information and awareness on environmental and	No data		260 interven tions	340 in	terventio	ns				
-	o turn the l	Jnion into	o a gre	en and com	petitive	low-carbo	on econo	my		
7 EAP Indicator: Se	ee indicato	rs under (Genero	al Objective	1					
OBJECTIVE 2 of the To 7 EAP	o secure in	vestment	for clii	mate policy						

Indicator:	See indicators	under Gene	eral Object	tive 1			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3 of the 7 EAP	To increase th	e Union's ej	fectivenes	ss in addres	sing interr	national d	climate-related challenges
Indicator:	Comprehensiv	e global leg	ally bindir	ng framewo	ork to redu	ice globa	l greenhouse gas emissions
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Progress made at UNFCC COP 19 summit in Warsaw (Poland)		Binding global agreem ent at COP 21 in Paris					Implementation of global agreement
Monitoring and reporting arrangements Description of how	Financial instr	I	Jarterly re	ports from	the FIR i	in the fir	st two years and then twice per
progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	year on the i Efficiency Inst Projects and i EASME. On the creation of gree will be made of taken into acc integrated pro- Programme lee 1) reports or selection of mitigation, ad 2) annual rep- calls for propo- programme (reports 3) minutes of Authors: the O 4) mid-term e and CLIMA) w Mainstreamin categories, ba	mplementa rument) and integrated p een jobs" o on the exter count in th ojects will be evel: in the resul projects ar aptation, go ort on impl osals and the financing d f the meeti commission evaluation r ith support g: Tracking sed on an e emissions	tion of the d NCFF (Na projects lear regular the r "Adapta at to which e state of e developed t of annu- d work overnance ementatic e financia ecision), ngs of the (DG ENV and from an e of climate stablished and prog	he financial atural Capit evel: In prim hematic rep tion to clim hemotic rep tion to clim hemotic rep tion to clim hemotic rep and calls for programme and inform on of the m il instrumer Author: th e LIFE com and DG CLII I final evalu xternal con te-related e I OECD met ress towar	instrume al Financia ports (suc pate chang ental solu- itation of ht of the l or proposa es (NGO's nation), Au nulti-annua nts = repo e Commis unittee (= VIA) uation rep sultant expenditur hodology ds Kyoto	ents PF4E al Facility rterly rep in as "LIF ge in an u tions pro relevant evel and als (com ithor: EA: al work p rt on imp ssion (DO ithor: Cone implem port (one re will be ("Rio ma targets.	EE (Private Financing for Energy borts from the Executive Agency FE and sustainability"; "LIFE and urban environment"), an analysis vided by the LIFE Programme are legislation. Equivalent tools for quality of their implementation pilations presenting the annual the 3 climate action strands:
Actors involved in monitoring	-	LIFE contac	t points	in Membe			uropean Commission (DG ESTAT, ommittee, project beneficiaries,
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	 Execution r. implementa Grants: numb projects, 	ation:	-	nts signed,	success r	rate of th	ne calls, geographical spread of

	Financial instruments: number of financial agreements signed with beneficiaries								
	Each project	will be subj	ect to regular n	nonitoring (inceptio	on report	at the be	ginning, mid-term		
	are analysed	technically	and financiall	d in an IT data base y to steer the Pro nsure a careful mor	ogramme	impleme	entation. Platform		
	spill-over an	d marketing k post evalu	of projects, replation of the p	he projects, leverag plication of innovat programme will ass	tive proce	esses and	approaches. mid-		
Planned use of information	Information will be used for adapting the Programme to environmental policies as well as to assess the role of this Programme in the implementation of climate requirements in other policies. It will be used as input to the mid)-term and ex-post evaluation								
Frequency of reporting	programme)	every year a nual Work P	nd thematic rep rogramme (201	orting error rates (fin oorting. Mid-term ev 7) and final/ex-post	valuation	report at t	the end of the		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 - 2023 AAR		
	AAR	AAR	AAR	AAR	AAR	AAR			
				Mid-term evaluation report on the implementation of the LIFE Programme			Ex-post evaluation report on the implementation of the LIFE Programme		
Information per evalu	uation	Evalu	ations of the sp	ending programme	9				
1. Deadline	uation.	LIFE+ 2007-2013 Final Evaluation							
2. Type 3. Main issues addre coverage 4. Planned use of			December 201						
results	evaluation	2. Type: Fina	al evaluation 20	07-2013					
5. Actors involved		findings and targets and new Regulat	conclusions ab selection proce ion for the LIFE	and coverage: Th out more focus, EU dure into account programme 2014-2	added va in the des 020 and i	alue, mon sign of the ts perforn	itoring, indicators, e proposal for the nance framework.		
		To address the clear need for more strategic and targeted programming in the new LIFE Programme - as too may objectives lead to dissipation of invested funds - two distinct sub-programmes were created, one for climate action and one for the environment and it was proposed to elaborate the specific priority areas under each sub-programme in the Multiannual Work Programmes, the first covering 2014-2017. Indicative national allocations hampering the selection of best projects were abolished in the new climate sub-programme. A serious effort was paid into the design of a performance framework comprising qualitative and quantitative objectives and indicators. Both DG ENV and DG CLIMA strive to improve the quality of the project selection and evaluation, the monitoring of the actions and the dissemination of results in close cooperation with external consultants and the Executive Agency EASME.							
		climate action projects' to	on, innovative fe create more E	ective of LIFE acting eatures were introd U added value, syn mes and 'financial in	uced such ergies an	as cross- d cohere	cutting 'integrated nce with national,		

to lever other funds (public and/or private) in support of large scale projects.
4. Planned use of evaluation results: Though the evaluation report was issued after the adoption of the proposal for a new LIFE regulation (2014-2020) (COM(2011) 874 final of 12 December 2011), its preliminary conclusions were used to adjust the proposal and will be factored into the implementation of new the LIFE Regulation ((EC) No 1293/2013 of 20 December 2013)
5. Actors involved: European Commission, Member States (including national contact points) and third countries, beneficiaries (including NGO's)
LIFE 2014-2020 Mid-term evaluation
 Deadline: no later than 30 June 2017, Type: an external and independent mid-term evaluation report of the LIFE Programme (and its sub-programmes), Main issues addressed and coverage: The evaluation will include qualitative and quantitative aspects of its implementation, the amount of climate-related expenditure, the extent to which synergies between the objectives have been reached, and its complementarity with other relevant Union programmes, the achievement of the objectives of all the measures (at the level of results and impacts, when possible), the efficiency of the use of resources and the Union added value of the Programme, with a view to taking a decision on the renewal, modification or suspension of the measures. The evaluation shall additionally address the scope for simplification, its internal and external coherence, the continued relevance of all objectives, as well as the contribution of the measures under the LIFE Programme to the Europe 2020 Strategy objectives and targets and to sustainable development. It shall take into account evaluation results on the long-term impact of LIFE . The mid-term evaluation report shall be accompanied by remarks by the Commission including the manner in which the findings of the mid-term evaluation shall be taken into account when implementing the LIFE Programme, and, in particular, the extent to which the thematic priorities set out in Annex III need to be modified. Planned use of evaluation results: It will be conducted with a view to taking a decision on the renewal, modification or suspension of the measures. The mid-term evaluation report shall contain or be accompanied by a thorough assessment of the extent and quality of the demand for, planning of and implementation efficiency.
 implementation of integrated projects. 5) Actors involved: European Commission (DG CLIMA, DG ENV), EASME, EIB, beneficiaries, intermediate bodies, EEA, MS
 LIFE 2014-2020 Ex-post evaluation 1) Deadline: no later than 31 December 2023, 2) Type: an external and independent ex-post evaluation report 3) Main issues addressed and coverage: covering the implementation and results of the LIFE Programme (and its sub-programmes), including the amount of climate-related expenditure, the extent to which the LIFE Programme as a whole, and each of its sub-programmes, has achieved its objectives, the extent to which synergies between the various objectives have been realised, and the contribution of the LIFE Programme to achieving the Europe 2020 Strategy objectives and targets. The expost evaluation report shall also examine the extent to which integration of environment and climate objectives into other Union policies has been achieved and, to the extent possible, the economic benefit achieved through the LIFE Programme as well as the impact and added value for the communities involved 4) Planned use of evaluation results: Will be used to adjust the successor of the LIFE programme, if appropriate 5) Actors involved: European Commission (DG CLIMA, DG ENV), EASME, EIB, beneficiaries, intermediate bodies, EEA, MS
A special study/evaluation will be considered on the implementation of the 2 financial instruments by EIB.

H3 security and citizenship

AMIF (Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund)

Title spending programme:	AMIF (Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund)							
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The Regulation (EU) No 514/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 20 laying down general provisions on the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund and on a instrument for financial support for police cooperation, preventing and combating crime, a crisis management specifies the overall progress and performance reporting framework. Artis 55 of this Regulation sets out the common monitoring and evaluation framework for the Asylu Migration and Integration Fund and Internal Security Fund. The common monitoring a evaluation framework will be established through a delegated act.							
	and evaluation of programme speci Regulation establi indicators will be shall establish fr monitoring and ex- monitoring data a shall be to observ- implementation is shall be to verify is the quality of the Member States sh check outputs ag Member States sh design and the im allocation and do monitoring and ex-	of their programmes and the coll fic indicators. The common indicato lishing Asylum, Migration and Inter specified by the Member States in the rom the beginning of the implement valuation functions with regard to the and the management of evaluation so we whether the intended outputs and is in compliance with the agreed obj the capacity of the programme to de programme implementation.	d evaluation framework to the monitoring ecting and reporting on common and rs are specified in the legal basis of the gration Fund. The programme specific eir national programmes. Member States entation of their national programmes e collection of information, the analysis of studies. The role of monitoring functions d results are delivered and whether the ectives. The role of evaluation functions liver its desired impact and also to assess id-term, final implementation reports) to ves agreed in the national programmes. and ex-post) to improve the quality of the es as a mean to support efficient resource changes of national programmes. The to the Commission via the computerised n.					
		ific objectives, indicators, milestones	-					
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	strengthening and temporary protec	d development of the common poli	ation flows and to the implementation, cy on asylum, subsidiary protection and policy, while fully respecting the rights al Rights of the European Union					
Impact indicators:	Baseline 2011	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020					
Effectiveness of return policy as reflected by the ratio between the number of irregular migrants returned to their country of origin compared to return decisions issued	41% in 2012 (206.045 returned / 498.680 issued with a return decision). Source: Member States	/ d n						
Ratio voluntary/forced return	41.1% in 2012. Source: Member States	Increased ratio.	Increased ratio.					

0 Indicator 3: Baseline 0 Indicator 4: Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline	number as 2014 270 Number of assistance of 2014 10	2015 2015 country-of of the Fund 2015 projects su	ge of the tota Miles 2016 -origin inform - Miles 2016 pported und	200 lum-related al number o tones 2017 270 mation proc tones 2017 10	topics wi f staff train 2018 lucts and f 2018	th the assistaned in those to 2019 act-finding mi 2019	Total 2014 – 2020 : 990 nce of the Fund, and that ppics Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020 : 1 701 ssions conducted with the Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020 : 1 701 ssions conducted with the Total 2014 – 2020 : 63 d evaluate asylum policies Target 2020
Indicator 3: Baseline 0 Indicator 4: Baseline 0	Number of number as 2014 270 Number of assistance of 2014 10	2015 2015 country-of of the Fund 2015	ge of the tota Miles 2016 -origin inform Miles 2016	200 lum-related al number o tones 2017 270 mation proc tones 2017 10	topics wi f staff train 2018 lucts and f 2018	th the assistaned in those to 2019 act-finding mi 2019	990 nce of the Fund, and that ppics Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020 : 1 701 ssions conducted with the Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020 : 63
Indicator 3: Baseline 0 Indicator 4: Baseline	Number of number as 2014 270 Number of assistance of 2014	2015 country-of	ge of the tota Miles 2016 -origin inforr Miles	200 lum-related al number o tones 2017 270 mation proc tones 2017	topics wi f staff train 2018 lucts and f	th the assistaned in those to 2019 act-finding mi	990 nce of the Fund, and that ppics Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020 : 1 701 ssions conducted with the Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020 :
Indicator 3: Baseline 0 Indicator 4:	Number of number as 2014 270 Number of assistance of	2015 country-of	ge of the tota Miles 2016 -origin inforr Miles	200 lum-related al number o tones 2017 270 mation proc tones	topics wi f staff train 2018 lucts and f	th the assistaned in those to 2019 act-finding mi	990 nce of the Fund, and that ppics Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020 : 1 701 ssions conducted with the
Indicator 3: Baseline 0 Indicator 4:	Number of number as 2014 270 Number of	2015 country-of	2016 Origin inform.	200 lum-related al number o tones 2017 270 mation proc	topics wi f staff train 2018	th the assistaned in those to	990 nce of the Fund, and that ppics Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020 : 1 701 ssions conducted with the
Indicator 3: Baseline	Number of number as 2014 270 Number of	2015 country-of	2016 Origin inform	200 lum-related al number o tones 2017 270	topics wi f staff train 2018	th the assistaned in those to	990 nce of the Fund, and that ppics Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020 : 1 701
Indicator 3: Baseline	Number of number as	a percenta	ge of the tota Miles	200 Ium-related al number o tones 2017	topics wi f staff traii	th the assistant	990 nce of the Fund, and that ppics Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020 :
Indicator 3:	Number of number as	a percenta	ge of the tota Miles	200 lum-related al number o tones	topics wi f staff traii	th the assistant	990 nce of the Fund, and that opics
Indicator 3:	Number of		ge of the tota	200 lum-related al number o	topics wi	th the assista	990 nce of the Fund, and that opics
	Number of			200 lum-related	topics wi	th the assista	990 nce of the Fund, and that
				200			990
	1			-			
 	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Baseline				tones			Target 2020
	as a result accommod			ed under th	ne Fund ar	nd the percent	age in the total reception
	existing rec	eption acc	ommodatior	n infrastruct	ure impro	ved in line wi	th the same requirements
Indicator 2:			1 1				frastructure set up in line the Union acquis and of
	100 000			106 000			Total 2014 – 2020 : 655 000
0	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Baseline				tones			Target 2020
	reception a	nd asylum	systems sup		er the Fund	1.	-
Indicator 1:							n projects in the field of
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	To strength external di		velop all asp	pects of the	Common	European Asy	/lum System, including its
	18% in IE, 8 IT, 50% in SE	.)					
	in DE, 9% i	n EL,					
	82% (56% i 31% in DK,	n BE,					
	Afghanistan varied from						
	for as seekers	sylum from					
	available), recognition						
	annual	data					
	EU, is 21.						
	-	most					
	caseload Afghanistan	of , one					
country	among Me States on	the					
from a same third country	protection						
asylum applicants	recognition for internat						
recognition rates by Member States for	deviation terms	in of					
Convergence of			wer (increased	d convergenc	e)	Lower (increas	ed convergence)
nationals	Source: Euro	ostat					
to that of EU	64% nationals).	EU rate	es of TCNs and	nationals		of TCNs and nat	tionals
nationals compared	rates: 54%	TCN / Gra	dual approxim		oloyment		imation of employment rates
	(employmer						

	2011	2015	2010	2017	2010	2010	1
0	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total 2014 – 2020 : 170
Indicator 6:		persons res	settled with		he Fund.	I	
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020
3.962 in 2013 under the	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total 2014 – 2020 :
previous European	2014	2015	2010	2017	2010	2015	34 000
Refugee Fund	4000			4 800			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	needs such systems of nationals.	n as labou f Member	r market no States, an	eeds, while d to prom	safeguard ote the e	ing the inte ffective inte	their economic and socia grity of the immigration gration of third-country
Indicator 1:	Number of the Fund.	target grou	up persons v	who particip	bated in pre	e-departure n	neasures supported unde
Baseline			1	tones		1	Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
0	4 000			5 000			Total 2014 – 2020 : 29 700
Indicator 2:		0 0				through int	egration measures in the
	framework	of national	, local and re	-	egies.		1
Baseline			1	tones	a		Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	T
0	200 000			225 000			Total 2014 – 2020: 1 363 500
Indicator 3:	integration	of third co	ountry natio	nals and in	volving civil	l society and	es/tools in place for the migrant communities, a ported under the Fund.
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020
0	2014 5	2015	2016	2017 5	2018	2019	Total 2014 – 2020: 31
Indicator 4:		•	n projects v nder the Fun		l Nember Sta	tes on the ir	tegration of third-country
Baseline				stones			Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
0	15			15			Total 2014 – 2020: 94
Indicator 5:				nder the Fu	nd to deve	lop, monitor	and evaluate integration
Baseline	policies in I	viember Sta		stones			Target 2020
Dasellile	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020
0	2014	2013	2010	2017	2018	2019	Total 2014 – 2020: 170
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	combating	illegal imm		th an emph	asis on sust		which contribute to return and effective
Indicator 1:	Number of	persons tra	ined on retu	irn-related t	copics with t	the assistance	e of the Fund
Baseline			Miles	stones			Target 2020
0	2014 40	2015	2016	2017 40	2018	2019	Total 2014 – 2020: 252

				-				
Baseline	2014	2015	2016	stones	2018	2019	Target 2020	
0	2014	2015	2010	2017	2018	2019	Total 2014 – 2020:	
	1.500			3.000			16 200	
ndicator 3:	Number of	returnees v	i vhose returr	n was co-fina	anced by the	e Fund, perso	ons who returned	
	voluntarily	and person	s who were	removed.				
Baseline			Mile	stones			Target 2020	
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
0							Total 2014 – 2020:	
	38 000			40 000			248 400	
	Of			Of				
	which:			which:				
	10.830			12.000				
	voluntar			voluntar				
	y returns and			y returns				
	27.170			and				
	forced			28.000				
	returns			forced				
	returns			returns				
Indicator 4:	Number of	monitored	removal ope		inanced by	the Fund.		
	Number of monitored removal operations co-financed by the Fund.							
	_						1	
			1	stones			Target 2020	
Baseline	2014	2015	Mile 2016	2017	2018	2019		
	2014	2015	1		2018	2019	Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170	
Baseline	27 Number of	projects su	2016	2017 27			Total 2014 – 2020:	
Baseline 0	27	projects su	2016	2017 27			Total 2014 – 2020: 170	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5:	27 Number of in Member	projects suj States.	2016 oported und Mile:	2017 27 ler the Fund	to develop,	monitor and	Total 2014 – 2020: 170	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline	27 Number of	projects su	2016	2017 27 ler the Fund			Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policie Target 2020	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5:	27 Number of in Member	projects suj States.	2016 oported und Mile:	2017 27 ler the Fund	to develop,	monitor and	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policie	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0	27 Number of in Member 2014 27	projects suj States. 2015	2016 oported und Miles 2016	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27	to develop, 2018	monitor and	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policie Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity :	2016 oported und 2016 and respons	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility shari	2018	2019 the Membe	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policie Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020:	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity : most affect	2016 oported und 2016 and respons	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility shari	2018	2019 the Membe	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policio Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170 r States, in particular	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance with those cooperation	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity a most affect n	2016 oported und 2016 2016 and respons ced by migra	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility sharing ation and as	2018 2018 ng between ylum flows,	2019 the Membe including th	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policie Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170 er States, in particular rough practical	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance with those cooperation Number of	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity a most affect n applicants a	2016 oported und 2016 2016 and respons and penefici	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility sharing ation and as	2018 2018 ng between ylum flows,	2019 the Membe including th	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policie Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4 Indicator 1:	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance with those cooperation Number of	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity a most affect n applicants a	2016 oported und 2016 2016 and respons and benefici her with sup	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility shari ation and as aries of inter port of the I	2018 2018 ng between ylum flows,	2019 the Membe including th	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policio Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170 er States, in particular rough practical	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4 Indicator 1:	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance with those cooperation Number of Member Sta	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity a most affect n applicants a ate to anoth	2016 oported und 2016 2016 and respons and benefici her with sup Miles	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility sharin ation and as aries of inter port of the I stones	to develop, 2018 ng between ylum flows, Fund.	2019 the Member including the	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policie Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170 er States, in particular rough practical	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4 Indicator 1:	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance with those cooperation Number of	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity a most affect n applicants a	2016 oported und 2016 2016 and respons and benefici her with sup	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility shari ation and as aries of inter port of the I	2018 2018 ng between ylum flows,	2019 the Membe including th	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policio Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170 er States, in particular rough practical	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4 Indicator 1: Baseline	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance with those cooperation Number of Member Sta	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity a most affect n applicants a ate to anoth	2016 oported und 2016 2016 and respons and benefici her with sup Miles	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility sharin ation and as aries of inter port of the I stones	to develop, 2018 ng between ylum flows, Fund.	2019 the Member including the	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policio Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170 r States, in particular rough practical	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4 Indicator 1: Baseline 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance with those cooperation Number of Member Sta 2014 80	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity a most affect n applicants a ate to anoth 2015	2016 oported und 2016 2016 and respons and benefici her with sup <u>Miles</u> 2016	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility sharin ation and as aries of inter port of the f stones 2017 120	to develop, 2018 ng between ylum flows, rnational pre- und. 2018	2019 the Member including th otection tran 2019	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 devaluate return policie Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170 rr States, in particular rough practical asferred from one Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 702	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4 Indicator 1: Baseline 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance with those cooperation Number of Member Sta 2014 80 Number of	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity a most affect n applicants a ate to anoth 2015 cooperation	2016 oported und 2016 2016 and respons and benefici her with sup Miles 2016	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility sharin ation and as aries of inter port of the f stones 2017 120	to develop, 2018 ng between ylum flows, rnational pre- und. 2018 2018	monitor and 2019 the Member including th otection tran 2019 s on enhanc	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policie Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170 rr States, in particular rough practical asferred from one Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 702	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4 Indicator 1: Baseline 0 Indicator 2:	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance with those cooperation Number of Member Sta 2014 80 Number of responsibili	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity : most affect n applicants a ate to anoth 2015 cooperation ty sharing b	2016 oported und 2016 2016 and respons and benefici her with sup Miles 2016	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility sharing ation and as aries of interport of the f port of the f stones 2017 120 ith other Me	to develop, 2018 ng between ylum flows, rnational pre- und. 2018 2018	monitor and 2019 the Member including th otection tran 2019 s on enhanc	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policie Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170 er States, in particular rough practical asferred from one Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 702	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4 Indicator 1: Baseline 0 Indicator 2:	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance with those cooperation Number of Member Sta 2014 80 Number of responsibili	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity a most affect n applicants a ate to anoth 2015 2015	2016 pported unc miles 2016 2016 2016 and respons and benefici ner with sup 2016 Miles 2016 n projects w between the	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility sharination and as aries of inter port of the I stones 2017 120 ith other Me Member St	to develop, 2018 2018 ng between ylum flows, rnational pro- und. 2018 2018 ember State ates suppor	monitor and 2019 the Member including th otection tran 2019 2019 s on enhanc ted under th	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policie Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170 rr States, in particular rough practical asferred from one Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 702	
Baseline 0 Indicator 5: Baseline 0 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4 Indicator 1: Baseline	27 Number of in Member 2014 27 To enhance with those cooperation Number of Member Sta 2014 80 Number of responsibili	projects su States. 2015 e solidarity : most affect n applicants a ate to anoth 2015 cooperation ty sharing b	2016 pported und miles 2016 2016 and respons and benefici her with sup Miles 2016 n projects w	2017 27 ler the Fund stones 2017 27 sibility sharing ation and as aries of interport of the f port of the f stones 2017 120 ith other Me	to develop, 2018 ng between ylum flows, rnational pre- und. 2018 2018	monitor and 2019 the Member including th otection tran 2019 s on enhanc	Total 2014 – 2020: 170 d evaluate return policie Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 170 er States, in particular rough practical asferred from one Target 2020 Total 2014 – 2020: 702	

	Monitoring and reporting arrangements						
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	Monitoring The Member States will carry out monitoring to check out outputs against quantified targets and objectives agreed in the national programmes. By 31 March 2016 and by 31 March of each subsequent year until and including 2022, Member States shall submit to the Commission an annual report on implementation of each national programme in the previous financial year and may, at the appropriate level, publish this information. The report submitted in 2016 shall cover the financial years 2014 and 2015. The Member State shall submit a final report on implementation of the national programmes by 31 December 2023.						
	The implementation reports will be submitted to the Commission via the computerised system for fund management set up by the Commission. The system will collect monitoring indicators and it shall produce the information required to track progress:						
	 In achieving targets agreed in the national programmes, including for result indicators. If result indicators cannot be collected through monitoring, they shall be collected through evaluation. 						
	2. In achieving common indicators with the aim to collect more comparable information on outputs and results achieved across national programmes at European level.						
	Evaluation						
	The Member States shall carry out the evaluations to improve the quality of the design and the implementation of national programmes as a mean to support efficient resource allocation and decision making with regard to the changes of national programme. The Member States shall provide an interim-evaluation report in 2017 and an ex-post evaluation report in 2023. These reports shall be submitted via the computerised system for fund management set by the Commission.						
	The Commission will submit to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions:						
	(a) an interim evaluation report on the implementation of the Asylum, Migration a Integration Fund at the level of the Union by 30 June 2018.						
	(b) an ex-post evaluation report on the effects of the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund, following the closure of the national programmes, by 30 June 2024						
Actors involved in monitoring	European Commission, Member States						
Issues covered in subsequent	Annual implementation reports shall set out information on:						
monitoring reports	(a) implementation of the national programme by reference to the financial data and the indicators;						
	(b) any significant issues which affect the performance of the national programme.						
	In the light of the mid-term review, the annual implementation report submitted in 2017 shall set out and assess:						
	(a) implementation of the national programme by reference to the financial data and the indicators;						
	(b) any significant issues which affect the performance of the national programme.						
	(c) the progress towards achieving the objectives in the national programmes pursued with the contribution from the Union budget;						

	(d) the	involvem	ent of re	levant pa	rtners as	referred	to in arti	cle 12 of	the Horiz	ontal regu	ulation.
Planned use of information	in ass progra when a	The information provided in the annual implementation reports will be used by the Commission in assessing the possible issues that could affect the implementation of the national programmes. The Commission will make observations to the Member States on such issues and when appropriate, Member States should inform within three months the Commission of the measures taken.									
Frequency of reporting		nual implementation reports (AIR), Interim Evaluation reports in 2018, Ex-post evaluation ports in 2024									
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015	2016 AIR	2017 AIR Interim evaluati on reports	2018 AIR Interim evaluativ e reports by COM	2019 AIT	2020 AIR	2021 AIR	2022 AIR	2023 Final Impleme ntation Reports Ex-post evaluati on reports by MS	2024 Ex-post evaluatio n reports by COM
Information nor evalue	tion	1	Evaluatio	ons of the	spending	g program	nme				
Information per evalua 1. Deadline	nion.	Mid-te	rm reviev	v 2018							
2. Туре		1. Dead	lline 2018	3							
3. Main issues add and coverage4. Planned use of eva		2. Inter	im Evalua	ation							
results 5. Actors involved		accorda policies informa financia of the nationa mid-ter on the Econon 4. Follo At this 2020. 5. Mem	ance with and in t ation on al data ar national al program review mid-ter nic and So wing this occasion	Article 5 he Memb the impli- nd the inco- program mes, the v, and as m review ocial Com s re-exam , possible es, Europe	57(1) of the er State of ementation in the ementation in the emerged of the emerg	he Horizc oncerne on of the progres- hent of r he interin Europe d the Co lember S burces ca	ontal Reg d. The ini- e nationa icant issu ss toward elevant p m evalua an Parlia mmittee States ma	ulation, t terim eva al progra- ues which ds achiev artners. tion, the ument, the of the Re ay revise	the devel aluation r mmes by affect th ving the After the Commiss he Cound egions. their nati	Vember : opments eports wi reference objective completion sion shou cil, the E onal prog r the perio	in Union Il include the to the mentation es in the on of the Id report European grammes.
		2. Ex-post Evaluation									
	 3. In 2024 the Commission and each Member State will assess the impact of the AMIF, in light of the ex-post evaluation reports submitted by the Member States in 2023. The assessment will include the contribution to the following objectives: the development of a common culture of border security, law enforcement cooperation and crisis management; solidarity and co-operation between Member States in addressing internal security issues, a common approach of the Union on security towards third countries. 4. Possible use for the successor programmes. 5. Member States, European Commission 										
			evalua an Retur		<u>5, Europ</u>	ean Int	egration	Fund,	Europear	n Refuge	<u>e Fund,</u>
		1. Dead	lline 31 D	ecember	2015						
		2. Ex-po	ost Evalua	ation							
										e Comm ness and i	

actions in the light of the achievement of the established objectives.
 Possible use for the successor programmes. Member States, European Commission

*The part on objectives, follows the latest version of the legal bases for the Home Affairs Funds, the part on indicators, milestones and long term targets follows the structure of the Programme Statements

ISF (Internal Security Fund)

Title spending	ISF (Internal Secu	rity Fund)						
programme:								
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The Regulation (EU) No 514/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 Apri 2014 laying down general provisions on the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund and on the instrument for financial support for police cooperation, preventing and combating crime, and crisis management specifies the overall progress and performance reporting framework. Article 55 of this Regulation sets out the common monitoring and evaluation framework for the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund and Internal Security Fund. The common monitoring and evaluation framework will be established through a delegated act.							
	Member States will apply this common monitoring and evaluation framework to the monitoring and evaluation of their programmes and the collecting and reporting on common and programme specific indicators. The common indicators are specified in the legal bases of the regulations establishing the Internal Security Fund, both Police and Borders component. The programme specific indicators will be specified by the Member States in their national programme. Member States shall establish from the beginning of the implementation of their national programmes monitoring and evaluation functions with regard to the collection of information, the analysis of monitoring data and the management of evaluation studies. The role of monitoring functions shall be to observe whether the intended outputs and results are delivered and whether the implementation is in compliance with the agreed objectives. The role of evaluation functions shall be to verify the capacity of the programme to deliver its desired impact and also to assess the quality of the programme implementation. Member States shall carry out monitoring (annual, mid-term, final implementation reports) to check outputs against quantified targets and objectives agreed in the national programmes. Member States shall carry out evaluations (mid-term and ex-post) to improve the quality of the design and the implementation of national programmes as a mean to support efficient resource allocation and decision-making with regard to the changes of national programmes. The monitoring and evaluation reports shall be submitted to the Commission via the computerised system for fund management set up by the Commission.							
	C	Charlest and the discussion						
	General and specific objectives, indicators, milestones and targets To contribute to ensuring a high level of security in the Union while facilitating legitimate travel, through a uniform and high level of control at the external borders and the effective processing of Schengen visas, in compliance with the Union's commitment to fundamental							
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 etc.*	travel, through a processing of Sch	uniform and high level o engen visas, in complian	f control at	the external b	oorders and the effective			
	travel, through a	uniform and high level o engen visas, in complian	f control at	the external b	oorders and the effective mitment to fundamental			
etc.*	travel, through a processing of Sch freedoms and hur	uniform and high level o engen visas, in complian nan rights	f control at	the external be Union's com Long term ta 40 000 (s stabilisation	oorders and the effective mitment to fundamental			
etc.* Impact indicators: Number of irregular migrants apprehended at the EU external	travel, through a processing of Sch freedoms and hur Baseline 2012 73 042	uniform and high level o engen visas, in complian nan rights Milestone 2017	f control at	the external be Union's com Long term ta 40 000 (s stabilisation	borders and the effective mitment to fundamental arget 2020 table figure, reflecting of the situation regarding			
etc.* Impact indicators: Number of irregular migrants apprehended at the EU external borders Volume of terrorism in the EU expressed by the number of failed, foiled or completed terrorist attacks in EU MS SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	travel, through a processing of Sch freedoms and hur Baseline 2012 73 042 Apprehensions 219 Supporting a con service to visa ap migration	uniform and high level o engen visas, in complian nan rights Milestone 2017 40 000 170 170	f control at ce with the litate legitir atment of th	the external to Union's commented the Union's commented to Union's commented to Union's commented to Union (see Stabilisation arrivals of irrespectively). Below 120 Below 120 mate travel, paird country name tra	rovide a high quality of ationals and tackle illegal			
etc.* Impact indicators: Number of irregular migrants apprehended at the EU external borders Volume of terrorism in the EU expressed by the number of failed, foiled or completed terrorist attacks in EU MS	travel, through a processing of Sch freedoms and hur Baseline 2012 73 042 Apprehensions 219 Supporting a con service to visa ap migration Number of cons	uniform and high level o engen visas, in complian nan rights Milestone 2017 40 000 170 170	f control at ce with the litate legitin atment of the ties (colloc	the external to Union's comment Long term ta 40 000 (s stabilisation arrivals of irr Below 120 mate travel, p hird country materials and the second	oorders and the effective mitment to fundamental orget 2020 table figure, reflecting of the situation regarding egular migrants)			
etc.* Impact indicators: Number of irregular migrants apprehended at the EU external borders Volume of terrorism in the EU expressed by the number of failed, foiled or completed terrorist attacks in EU MS SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1 Indicator 1: Baseline	travel, through a processing of Sch freedoms and hur Baseline 2012 73 042 Apprehensions 219 Supporting a con service to visa ap migration Number of cons representations, c	uniform and high level o engen visas, in complian nan rights Milestone 2017 40 000 170 170 unmon visa policy to faci plicants, ensure equal tre sular cooperation activi others) developed with the Milestones	f control at ce with the litate legitin atment of the ties (colloc help of the	the external to Union's comment Long term ta 40 000 (s stabilisation arrivals of irr Below 120 mate travel, p nird country na ations, comm Instrument.	rovide a high quality of ationals and tackle illegal			
etc.* Impact indicators: Number of irregular migrants apprehended at the EU external borders Volume of terrorism in the EU expressed by the number of failed, foiled or completed terrorist attacks in EU MS SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1 Indicator 1:	travel, through a processing of Sch freedoms and hur Baseline 2012 73 042 Apprehensions 219 Supporting a con service to visa ap migration Number of cons	uniform and high level o engen visas, in complian nan rights Milestone 2017 40 000 170 170 unmon visa policy to faci plicants, ensure equal tre sular cooperation activi others) developed with the Milestones	f control at ce with the litate legitin atment of the ties (colloc	the external to Union's comment Long term ta 40 000 (s stabilisation arrivals of irr Below 120 mate travel, p nird country na ations, comm Instrument.	rovide a high quality of ationals and tackle illegal on application centres,			
etc.* Impact indicators: Number of irregular migrants apprehended at the EU external borders Volume of terrorism in the EU expressed by the number of failed, foiled or completed terrorist attacks in EU MS SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1 Indicator 1: Baseline	travel, through a processing of Sch freedoms and hur Baseline 2012 73 042 Apprehensions 219 Supporting a con service to visa ap migration Number of cons representations, c	uniform and high level o engen visas, in complian nan rights Milestone 2017 40 000 170 170 unmon visa policy to faci plicants, ensure equal tre sular cooperation activi others) developed with the Milestones	f control at ce with the litate legitin atment of the ties (colloc help of the	the external to Union's comment Long term ta 40 000 (s stabilisation arrivals of irr Below 120 mate travel, p nird country na ations, comm Instrument.	rovide a high quality of ationals and tackle illegal on application centres,			

Baseline	<u> </u>		Miles	tones			Target 2020
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
0				1000 staff trained, 50 training courses			2000 staff trained, 100 training courses
Indicator 3:	Number of	fspecialised	posts in thir	d countries s	supported b	y the Instru	ment
Baseline			Miles	stones			Target 2020
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
0				45			60
Indicator 4:		e and numbe total numbe			ed or upgra	ded with th	ne help of the Instrument
Baseline				tones			Target 2020
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
0			100				200 Further harmonisation of
Indicator 2:	protection other han acquis, w accordanc rights, incl Number of	of the exten d, the smoo hile guaran e with the uding the pr	teeing according to the crossing according according according according according according at the second according according a second according a second according a second according a second	s, including b g of the extension ess to inter contracted on-refoulem umber of tr	by the tackline ernal borde mational pr by the Me ent.	ng of illegal rs in confor rotection for mber State	high level of control and immigration, and, on the rmity with the Schengen or those needing it, in as in the field of human meets related to borders
	manageme						
Baseline				stones			Target 2020
<u> </u>	2014	2015	2016	2017 750 staff trained, 25 training courses	2018	2019	1500 staff trained, 50 training courses
Indicator 1:		f border co with the help			illance) infr	astructure a	and means developed or
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
0 This indicator can only be computed once the Commission will have received all National Programme from the MS				n.a.			n.a.
Indicator 3:	Number o	f border cr	ossings of t	he external	borders thr	ough ABC g	ates supported from the
	Instrumen	t out of the	total numbe	er of border o	crossings		1
Baseline	<u> </u>	1	Miles	tones	1	1	Target 2020
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
0	20 gates 600 000			45 gates 2 million			100 gates 25 million crossings out of
	crossings out of 750 million			crossings out of 820 million			950 million
Indicator 4:	framework	of EUROSU	IR (Nationa	l Coordinatio	on Centres,		urther developed in the pordination Centres, local
Baseline	Coordinati	on centres, (of coordination tones	m centres)		Target 2020
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	101501 2020
19	30	2013	2010	30	2010	2015	30

Indicator 5:		n, including					ituational Picture (illegal ants, cross-border crime,		
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020		
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
EUROSUR entered into force only on 02/12/2013. Relevant indicators, data and their evolution can be assessed and quantified only from 2015 onwards				n/a			n/a		
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	and reinfo	orcing coord	dination ar	nd cooperati	on betwee	en law enfo	ime including terrorism, prcement authorities of ncluding with Europol or		
		evant Unio					ries and international		
Indicator 1:	Threats (EN		rational pro				Platform against Criminal ncluding the participating		
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020		
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
0				820			1 285		
Indicator 2:				als trained or eir training (p			opics with the help of the		
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020		
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
0 official trained				20 000			39 200		
0 person/days	Number	d financial .		40 000			78 400		
Indicator 3:	Number an	Number and financial value of projects in the area of crime prevention.							
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020		
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
0 The value for this indicator will be available once the Commission will have received all National Programme from the MS				n.a.			n.a.		
Indicator 3:		n exchange				-	prove law enforcemen stems, repositories o		
Baseline			Miles	tones			Target 2020		
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
0				24			43		
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4 Indicator 1:	related risl against ter Number ar	ks and crisis rorist attack nd tools put	s, and prep s and other in place a	paring for an r security rela nd/or furthe	d protectir ated incider r upgraded	ng people a nts with the he	ging effectively security nd critical infrastructure elp of the Instrument to		
	facilitate t economy.	ne protectio			ture by M	ember Stat	es in all sectors of the		
Baseline				tones			Target 2020		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2		
2013	2 2 Number of projects relating to the assessment and management of risks in the field of in								
1				ont.					
1 Indicator 2:		projects rel pported by t	he Instrume				Target 2020		
1 Indicator 2: Baseline 2013			he Instrume	tones 2017	2018	2019	Target 2020		
1 Indicator 2: Baseline 2013 0	security sup 2014 Number of	2015 f expert me	he Instrume Miles 2016 eetings, wo	tones 2017 60 rkshops, sem	ninars, conf	erences, pu	Target 2020 105 blications, websites and		
1 Indicator 2: Baseline 2013	security sup 2014 Number of	2015 f expert me	he Instrume Miles 2016 eetings, wo ganised wit	tones 2017 60	ninars, conf	erences, pu	105		

10	15 20								
	Monitoring and reporting arrangements								
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	Monitoring The Member States will carry out monitoring to check out outputs against quantified targets and objectives agreed in the national programmes. By 31 March 2016 and by 31 March of each subsequent year until and including 2022, Member States shall submit to the Commission an annual report on implementation of each national programme in the previous financial year and may, at the appropriate level, publish this information. The report submitted in 2016 shall cover the financial years 2014 and 2015. The Member State shall submit a final report on implementation of the national programmes by 31 December 2023.								
	The implementation reports will be submitted to the Commission via the computerised system for fund management set up by the Commission. The system will collect monitoring indicators and it shall produce the information required to track progress:								
	1. In achieving targets agreed in the national programmes, including for result indicators. If result indicators cannot be collected through monitoring, they shall be collected through evaluation.								
	2. In achieving common indicators with the aim to collect more comparable information on outputs and results achieved across national programmes at European level.								
	Evaluation								
	The Member States shall carry out the evaluations to improve the quality of the design and the implementation of national programmes as a mean to support efficient resource allocation and decision making with regard to the changes of national programme. The Member States shall provide an interim-evaluation report in 2017 and an ex-post evaluation report in 2023. These reports shall be submitted via the computerised system for fund management set by the Commission.								
	The Commission will submit to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions:								
	(a) an interim evaluation report on the implementation of the Internal Security Fund at the level of the Union by 30 June 2018.								
	(b) an ex-post evaluation report on the effects of the Internal Security Fund, following the closure of the national programmes, by 30 June 2024.								
Actors involved in monitoring	European Commission, Member States								
Issues covered in	Annual implementation reports will set out information on:								
subsequent monitoring reports	(a) implementation of the national programme by reference to the financial data and the indicators;								
	(b) any significant issues which affect the performance of the national programme.								
	In the light of the mid-term review, the annual implementation report submitted in 2017 shall set out and assess:								
	(a) implementation of the national programme by reference to the financial data and the indicators;								
	(b) any significant issues which affect the performance of the national programme.								
	(c) the progress towards achieving the objectives in the national programmes pursued with the contribution from the Union budget;								

	(d) the	involvem	ent of re	levant pa	irtners as	referred	to in art	icle 12 of	the Horiz	ontal Reg	ulation.
Planned use of information	in asse prograi when a	essing th mmes. Th	ne possik ne Commi nte, Mem	ole issue ission wil	s that c I make of	ould aff oservatio	ect the	implem Membe	entation r States o	y the Com of the on such iss ommission	national sues and
Frequency of reporting		Annual implementation reports (AIR), Interim Evaluation reports in 2018, Ex-post evaluation reports in 2024									
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015	2016 AIR	2017 AIR Interim Evaluati on reports by MS	2018 AIR Interim Evaluati on reports by COM	2019 AIR	2020 AIR	2021 AIR	2022 AIR	2023 Final Impleme ntation Reports Ex-post evaluati on reports by MS	2024 Ex-post evaluati on reports by COM
		E	valuation	s of the	spending	program	ime			by Wi3	
Information per evaluat 1. Deadline 2. Type 3. Main issues addresse 4. Planned use of evalua 5. Actors involved	d and cov	•	 Dead In Dead Inter In 2 Inter In 2 Situatic the M Regulat concert implem data implem the ob partner interim the Eu Commi Follo program rata for 	im Evalu 018 the ember S tion, in the ember S tion, the nentation and the entation jectives rs. After evaluati ropean I ttee and bwing th mmes. A r the peri	une 2018 ation Commiss light of itates in develop interim of the of the in dicat of the n in the n the comp on, the C Parliamen the Commiss is re-exar	sion and the inter accorda ments in evaluation national p ational p ational p oletion o ommissio t, the C mittee of mination, asion, po 2020.	im evalu nce wit o Union on repor program y signi rogramn orogram of the m on shoul ouncil, t the Regi	ation rep h Article policies a ts will in imes by ficant is nes, the p mes, the p mes, the id-term r d report he Europ ons.	orts subr 57(1) o and in th reference sues wh progress t involver eview, an on the m bean Eco may rev urces can	Il re-exam mitted in of the Ho formation e to the f hich affe cowards a ment of in ad as par id-term re nomic and ise their be alloca	2017 by prizontal er State on the financial ect the chieving relevant t of the eview to d Social
			1. Dead 2. Ex-pd 3. In 20 the ISF 2023. objective enforce betwee approa 4. Poss 5. Acto	dline 202 ost Evalu 024 the (, in light The ass ves: the ement co en Meml ch of the ible use f rs involve t evaluat	ation Commissio of the ev essment developr operatior	aluation will ind nent of n and cris s in addin security ccessor p per States Europea	reports : clude th a comm sis mana ressing i rossing i rogramn s, Europe	submitted on cultur gement; s nternal s s third com nes. ean Comn	d by the l bution t re of bor solidarity ecurity is untries.	ess the in Member S to the fo der secur and co-op ssues, a c	States in Ollowing rity, law Deration

2. Ex-post Evaluation
 The Fund will be evaluated for the period 2011-2013 by the Commission in partnership with the Member States to assess the relevance, effectiveness and impact of actions in the light of the achievement of the established objectives. Possible use for the successor programmes. Actors involved: Member States, European Commission.
Ex-post evaluation 2015 Specific Programme 'Prevention of and Fight against Crime'
1. Deadline 15 March 2015
2. Ex-post Evaluation
 The Programme will be evaluated by the Commission in partnership with the Member States to assess the relevance, effectiveness and impact of actions in the light of the achievement of the established objectives. Possible use for the successor programmes. Actors involved: Member States, European Commission.
Ex-post evaluation 2015 Specific Programme 'Prevention, Preparedness and Consequence Management of Terrorism and other Security related risks'
1. Deadline 15 March 2015
2. Ex-post Evaluation
 The Programme will be evaluated by the Commission in partnership with the Member States to assess the relevance, effectiveness and impact of actions in the light of the achievement of the established objectives. Possible use for the successor programmes. Actors involved: Member States, European Commission.

Justice Programme

Title spending programme:	Justice programme								
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The general objective of the Programme shall be to contribute to the further development of a European area of justice based on mutual recognition and mutual trust and in particular by promoting judicial cooperation in civil and criminal matters. The actions of the Programme will be implemented under 4 specific objectives. Since the results of funding activities can only be fully measured and evaluated once these								
	activities are finalised and hat evaluating the progress of th	•		ch for monitoring and					
	the indicators set out in Art. the Commission will put in funded activity all relevant annually to the European Pa	1. The Commission will monitor the Programme <u>annually</u> focusing on budget execution and the indicators set out in Art. 15(2) of the Programme (mainly output indicators). To that ef the Commission will put in place a comprehensive reporting system to collect from e funded activity all relevant information for these indicators. A report will be submi annually to the European Parliament and to the Council presenting the use of the year's fu and the yearly data on the indicators of Art. 15(2).							
	of the Programme. The eva monitoring reports and it wil as the impact of the whole P and the Council with an in account the results of the ac be submitted to the Europea the interim evaluation and it	2. The evaluation of the Programme will take place twice in accordance with Articles 14 and 15 of the Programme. The evaluation will be an in-depth report: it will build on the annual monitoring reports and it will also evaluate the results achieved by the funded activities, as well as the impact of the whole Programme. The Commission will provide the European Parliament and the Council with an interim evaluation report by <u>mid-2018</u> . This report will take into account the results of the activities finalised until that time. An ex-post evaluation report will be submitted to the European Parliament and the Council by <u>the end of 2021</u> . It will build on the interim evaluation and it will present and evaluate the results and impact achieved by the Programme during its whole duration.							
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	To contribute to the further recognition and mutual trus criminal matters.	er development of a E	European area of Just						
Result indicator		Baseline (2012 unless specified)	Milestone 2017	Target 2020					
	egal professionals receiving w of another Member State, e, Criminal Justice and	87 000 (2011)	(2016) 420 000 (2017) 490 000	700 000					
annual growth in use of the second	ne e-justice portal	630 000	Annual growth rate 50%	Annual growth rate 20%					
share of citizens that con civil justice in another Me	sider that it is easy to access mber State	14% (2010)	30%	50%					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	To facilitate and support jud	licial cooperation in civ	vil and criminal matters	5					
Result indicator		Baseline (2012 unless specified)	Milestone 2017	Target 2020					
between the arrest and t of the person sought) Warrant in cases where surrender (source: the reports to Council)	surrender procedure (time he decision on the surrender under the European Arrest the person consents to the Commission from national	16 days ¹¹⁰ (average 2005- 2012)	The annual average should remain stable, in the range of 14 to 19 days	The annual average should remain stable, in the range of 14 to 19 days					
	information in the European ation System (ECRIS) (source:	300 000	1 300 000	2 300 000					

¹¹⁰ The average of the 8 yearly averages. Data are missing for some Member States and years as follows: 2005 - 2 MS (BE, DE); 2006 - 3 MS (BE, DE, IT); 2007 - 4 MS (BE, BG, DK, IT); 2008 - 6 MS (BE, BG, IT, NL, PT UK); 2009 - 2 MS (BG, IT); 2010 - 5 MS (IE, IT, PT, NL and AT); 2011 - 9 MS (BE BG, EL, IT, HU, NL, AT, RO, FI,) 2012 - 9 MS (BG, EL, IT, LV, HU, NL, RO, SI, UK)

	forms related to civil and erated in the e-justice portal	5000 ¹¹¹ (2013)		
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	To support and promote ju with a view to fostering a co			on legal terminology,
Result indicator	with a view to fostering a co	Baseline (2012 unless specified)	Milestone 2017	Target 2020
cumulative number of leg training on EU law or law (source: the Commission)	of another Member State	87 000 (2011)	420 000 (2016) 490 000 (2017)	700 000
the number and percenta judiciary and judicial staff participated in training ac study visits, workshops ar Programme	in a target group that	0	Milestones and Targets will be set based on experience from the first year implementation of the Programme	the number and percentage of members of the judiciary and judicial staff in a target group that participated in training activities, staff exchanges, study visits, workshops and seminars funded by the Programme
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	To facilitate effective acces victims of crime, while respe			and support rights of
the European perception Eurobarometers)	of access to justice (source:			
Annual growth in the us Portal (source: the Comm	e of the European e-Justice ission)	630 000	50% (2016)	20%
	Support Organisations with plementation of Directive Commission)	10	20	28
share of citizens that con civil justice in another Me	sider that it is easy to access mber State	14% (2010)	30%	50%
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	To support initiatives in the prevention aspects closely li are not covered by the Inter	inked to the general o	bjective of the Progra	mme, insofar as they

¹¹¹ This figure is an estimate. Data will be collected as of June 2014.

number of new psycho (including through testing EU or the Member State to protect consumers, c level of risk that they ma humans (source: the Com	g, if necessary s to take app lepending on ay pose wher) to enable the ropriate actior the type and	2 1 1 61	3	85		95		
percentage of problem o treatment (source: EMCD	•	nat are in drug	g 50	%	55%		60%		
		Monitoring a	nd reporting	arrangemen	ts				
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	specific obje progress on programme. Qualitative reports, in tl	Annual monitoring is foreseen to report on the expenditure related outputs funded under each specific objective (quantitative information). This information will give indications on the progress on achieving the objectives and will feed into and inform the implementation of the programme. Qualitative information will be submitted by the beneficiaries in their mid-term and final reports, in the middle and after the finalisation of the respective actions. This information will be evaluated in the mid-term and final evaluations of the programme.							
Actors involved in monitoring	Grant applic	Grant applicants; Grant recipients; Commission services							
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	 As foreseen in the legal base the annual monitoring will cover specific aspects linked with the implementation of the expenditure related outputs. For the REC programme the relevant indicators are: a) the number and percentage of persons in the relevant target groups reached by the awareness-raising activities funded by the Programme; b) the improvement in the level of knowledge of Union law and policies and where applicable, of rights, values and principles underpinning the Union, in the groups of participants in activities funded by the Programme in comparison with the entire target group; c) the number of stakeholders participating inter alia in training activities, exchanges, study visits, workshops and seminars funded by the Programme; d) the number of cases, activities and outputs of cross-border cooperation; including cooperation by means of information technology tools and procedures established at Union level; e) participants' assessment of the activities they participated in and on their (expected) sustainability; 								
Planned use of information		toring reports for the forthco		an Parliame	nt and to the Co	uncil			
Frequency of reporting	Annual mon	toring reports							
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015 x	2016 x	2017 x	2018 x	2019 x	2020 x		
		Evaluations of	of the spendin	g programn	ne	·	• 		

Information nor evaluation.	Ex part evaluation of 2007 2012 programmer
Information per evaluation:	Ex-post evaluation of 2007-2013 programmes Deadline: 31 December 2014
1. Deadline	
2. Type	Type: ex post evaluation (specific contract under framework contract)
3. Main issues addressed and	Main issues addressed and coverage: The purpose of the study is to evaluate the
coverage	implementation of activities carried out under the Civil Justice Programme, the Criminal
4. Planned use of evaluation	Justice Programme and the Drugs Prevention and Information Programme, and their
results	results, and to assess the impact of these projects and of EU funding in the respective
5. Actors involved	policy areas. Additionally, the study should build on the outcomes of the evaluation of
	the 2007-2013 programmes and provide recommendations and factual evidence for
	setting baselines to prepare and support the implementation of the 2014-2020 Justice
	Programme, including their potential mid-term evaluations.
	Planned use of evaluation results: improve management of Justice Programme,
	identify success stories for communication purposes
	Actors involved: European Commission, beneficiaries, contractor
	Interim evaluation 2014-2020 programme
	Deadline: by mid-2018
	Type: Interim evaluation
	Main issues addressed and coverage: The interim evaluation report shall assess the
	achievement of the Programme's objectives, the efficiency of the use of resources and
	the Programme's European added value. It shall take into account the results of the ex-
	post evaluations of the previous 2007-2013 programmes.
	Planned use of evaluation results: The evaluation should be used to determine
	whether funding in areas covered by the Programme should be renewed, modified or
	suspended after 2020. It shall also address the scope for any simplification of the
	Programme, its internal and external coherence, as well as the continued relevance of
	all objectives and actions.
	Actors involved: European Commission
	Ex-post evaluation 2014-2020 programme
	Deadline: by end of 2021
	Type: Ex-post evaluation
	Main issues addressed and coverage: The ex-post evaluation report shall assess the
	long-term impacts of the Programme and the sustainability of its effects of the
	Programme, with a view to feeding into a decision on a subsequent programme.
	Planned use of evaluation results: The evaluation should feed into a decision on a
	subsequent programme.
	Actors involved: European Commission

REC programme (Rights, Equality and Citizenship)

Title spending programme:	Rights, Equality and Cit	izenship (REC) Program	me				
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The general objective of the REC Programme shall be to contribute to the further development of an area, where equality and the rights of persons as enshrined in the TEU, in the TFEU, in the Charter and in the international human rights conventions to which the Union has acceded, are promoted, protected and effectively implemented. The actions of the Programme will be implemented under 9 specific objectives.						
	activities are finalised	Since the results of funding activities can only be fully measured and evaluated once these activities are finalised and have produced their results, a two-step approach for monitoring and evaluating the progress of the Programme has been put in place.					
	the indicators set out in the Commission will p funded activity all rel annually to the Europe	n Art. 14(2) of the Progra out in place a compreh evant information for	e annually focusing on but amme (mainly output ind ensive reporting system these indicators. A rep e Council presenting the 2).	dicators). To that effect to collect from each ort will be submitted			
	of the Programme. The monitoring reports and well as the impact of Parliament and the Cou- into account the results will be submitted to the	e evaluation will be an d it will also evaluate th the whole Programme uncil with an interim eval s of the activities finalise e European Parliament a on and it will present an	lace twice in accordance in in-depth report: it wi is results achieved by the The Commission will uation report by <u>mid-20</u> ; and until that time. An ex- and the Council by <u>the en-</u> and evaluate the results a	Il build on the annual ne funded activities, as provide the European <u>18</u> . This report will take -post evaluation report nd of 2021. It will build			
	General and specific ol	bjectives, indicators, mil	estones and targets				
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	persons as enshrined the European Union, i	in the Treaty on Europe n the Charter of Fundan rights conventions to v	of an area, where equa can Union, in the Treaty nental Rights of the Euro vhich the Union has ac	on the Functioning of pean Union and in the			
Impact indicator		Baseline (2011)	Milestone 2017	Target 2020			
progress towards equal parti- market: (a) female employment rate :		62.4% (2012)	68%	75% (for both women and men): Europe 2020 headline target; 71% for women			
(b) employment rate of peop	le with disabilities	46.9%	50%	55%			
(c) the gender pay gap		17%	15%	14%			
(d) the percentage of women directors on boards of listed Source: European Commissio	companies	16.2%	30%	40%			
Percentage of Europeans who "well or "very well" informed as citizens of the Union (sour	of the rights they enjoy	32% (2010)	45%	51%			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	grounds of sex, racial	or ethnic origin, religion	f the principle of non- or belief, disability, age ation on the grounds pro	e or sexual orientation,			

Result indicator		Baseline (2012 unless stated)	Milestone 2017	Target 2020
the number of Europeans aware of their rights if they fall victims of discrimination (source: Eurobarometers)		37%	45%	55%
the number of Member States that set up structural co- ordination mechanisms with all stakeholders, including Roma, on the implementation of the National Roma Integration Strategies (source: national reporting to the Commission)		0 (2011)	14	28
the number of applications ar specific objective	d grants related to this	0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
the level of funding requested granted in relation to this spe		0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	To prevent and comba	t racism, xenophobia, ho	omophobia and other fo	orms of intolerance
Result indicator		Baseline	Milestone	
		(2012 unless stated)	2017	Target 2020
the percentage of unreported and hate speech (source: the		57% - 74% of incidents of assault or threat suffered by members of minority or migrant groups in the EU were not reported to the police by their victims (FRA)	50%-70%	40-60%
		75% - 90% of incidents of serious harassment were not reported to the police (FRA)	70%-85%	60-75%
the number of applications an specific objectives	d grants related to this	0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
the level of funding requested granted in relation to this spe		0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	To promote and prote	ct the rights of people w	ith disabilities	
employment rate of people w Eurostat)	ith disabilities (source:	46%	50%	55%
the number of applications ar specific objectives	d grants related to this	0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
the level of funding requested granted in relation to this spe		0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	To promote equality b	etween women and mei	n and to enhance gende	r mainstreaming
female employment rate 20-6 Eurostat)	4 age group (source:	62.4%	68%	75% (for both women and men)
,				71% for women
the percentage of women among non-executive directors on boards of listed companies (source: the Commission)		17%	30%	40%
the gender pay gap (source: Eurostat)		16.2% (2011)	15%	14%
the number of applications and grants related to this specific objectives		0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
the level of funding requested granted in relation to this spe		0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 5		at all forms of violence a st other groups at risk, i		

1	elationships, and to p	rotect victims of such vi	olence	
percentage of people that consi violence against women is unac		84% (2010)	90%	100%
the number of applications and grants related to this specific objectives		0 (2014)		
the level of funding requested b granted in relation to this specif		0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6	To promote and prote	ct the rights of the child	1	
the percentage of children awar specific rights	e that they enjoy	65% (2009)	70%	75%
the number of applications and specific objectives	grants related to this	0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
the level of funding requested b granted in relation to this specif	ic objective	0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 7	To contribute to ensur	ing the highest level of p	protection of privacy and	personal data
number of complaints received authorities from individuals rela (source: the Commission)		42 955 (2011)	50 000	60 000
the number of applications and specific objectives	grants related to this	0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
the level of funding requested b granted in relation to this specif		0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 8	Γo promote and enhar	nce the exercise of rights	deriving from the citize	nship of the Union
awareness of the citizenship of t rights attached to it.	he Union and the			
1(a) – share of the population th	at knows the meaning	(a) 43%	50%	53%
of "Citizenship of the Union" 1(b) – share of the population co as "well" or "very well" informer enjoy as citizens of the Union (so	d of the rights they	(b) 32% (2010)	45%	51%
awareness of the right to vote a candidate in European election i residence, without having the na Member State (source: Eurobard	n the Member State of ationality of that	67% (2010)	76%	80%
the number of applications and specific objectives	grants related to this	0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
the level of funding requested b granted in relation to this specif		0 (2014)	available in 2015	available in 2015
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 9	he European Single:	Market by removing rights deriving from Un	sumers or entrepreneur g remaining legal obs ion law, having regard t	stacles and ensuring
the perception of consumers of (source: Eurobarometers)	being protected	60% (2011)	65%	70%
consumer and retailer awarenes obligations.	ss of rights and			
2(a) – percentage of consumers		(a) 40%	35%	30%
their right to return the product purchased via the internet 2(b) – percentage of retailers in the EU who are correctly able to state the length of the "cooling-off"		(b) < 30% (2011)	40%	50%
period (source: Eurobarometers level of consumer confidence in as measured by the percentage have at least equal level of confi their own country as from anoth Eurobarometers)	cross-border shopping, of consumers who dence in sellers from	49% (2011)	55%	60%

the number of applications ar specific objectives	d grants related to this	0 (2014)	av	ailable in 2015	availab	ole in 2015	
the level of funding requested granted in relation to this spe		0 (2014)	av	ailable in 2015	availab	ole in 2015	
	Monitorin	g and reporting a	rrangements				
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	each specific objective Programme for the spe achieving the objectives Qualitative information project and possible cha beneficiaries in their mi	Annual monitoring is foreseen to report on the expenditure related outputs funded under each specific objective (quantitative information) measuring the indicators set out by the Programme for the specific objectives. This information will give indications of progress in achieving the objectives and will feed into and inform the implementation of the programme. Qualitative information describing in detail the specific outputs and results achieved by each project and possible challenges, difficulties, adjustments and changes will be submitted by the beneficiaries in their mid-term and final reports, in the middle and after the finalisation of the respective actions. This information will be evaluated in the mid-term and final evaluations of the programme.					
Actors involved in monitoring	Grant applicants; Grant	recipients; Comr	nission service	25			
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	 As foreseen in the legal base the annual monitoring will cover specific aspects linked with a implementation of the expenditure related outputs. For the REC programme the relevindicators are: a) the number and percentage of persons in the relevant target groups reached by a awareness-raising activities funded by the Programme; b) the improvement in the level of knowledge of Union law and policies and wh applicable, of rights, values and principles underpinning the Union, in the groups participants in activities funded by the Programme in comparison with the entire tar group; c) the number of stakeholders participating <i>inter alia</i> in training activities, exchanges, stuvisits, workshops and seminars funded by the Programme; d) the number of cases, activities and outputs of cross-border cooperation; e) participants' assessment of the activities they participated in and on their (expect sustainability; f) the geographical coverage of the activities funded by the Programme; 					the relevant ched by the and where e groups of entire target anges, study	
	 h) the level of fund objective. Annual monitoring report 			-		ach specific	
Planned use of information	AARs AWPs for the forthcomi	ng years					
Frequency of reporting	Annual monitoring repo	orts					
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 2015 x	2016 x	2017 x	2018 x	2019 x	2020 x	
	Evaluation	s of the spendin	g programme				
Information per evaluation: 1. Deadline 2. Type 3. Main issues addressed and coverage 4. Planned use of evaluation results 5. Actors involved	Ex-post evaluation of 20 Deadline 31 December Type ex post evaluation Main issues addresse implementation of ac Fundamental Rights and these projects and of El build on the outcome recommendations and implementation of the	2014 (specific contract d and coverag trivities carried d Citizenship Prop U funding in the es of the evalut factual evidenc	t under frame e: The purpo out under f gramme, and f respective pol ation of the e for setting	ose of the st the Daphne t their results, ar licy areas. Addi 2007-2013 p baselines to p	udy is to e III Programm nd to assess th itionally, the s rogrammes a prepare and	he and the he impact of study should and provide support the	

mid-term evaluations.
Planned use of evaluation results: improve management of Rights, Equality and Citizenship
Programme, identify success stories for communication purposes
Actors involved: European Commission, beneficiaries, contractor
Interim evaluation of 2014-2020 programme
Deadline: by mid-2018
Type: Interim evaluation
Main issues addressed and coverage: The interim evaluation report shall assess the
achievement of the Programme's objectives, the efficiency of the use of resources and the
Programme's European added value with a view to determining whether funding in areas
covered by the Programme should be renewed, modified or suspended after 2020. It shall also
address the scope for any simplification of the Programme, its internal and external
coherence, as well as the continued relevance of all objectives and actions. It shall take into
account the results of the ex-post evaluations of the previous 2007-2013 programmes.
Planned use of evaluation results: The evaluation should be used to determine whether
funding in areas covered by the Programme should be renewed, modified or suspended after
2020. It shall also address the scope for any simplification of the Programme, its internal and
external coherence, as well as the continued relevance of all objectives and actions.
Actors involved: European Commission
Actors involved. European commission
Ex-post evaluation of 2014-2020 programme
Deadline: by end of 2021
Type: Ex-post evaluation
Main issues addressed and coverage: The ex-post evaluation report shall assess the long-term
impacts of the Programme and the sustainability of its effects.
Planned use of evaluation results: The evaluation should feed into a decision on a subsequent
programme.
Actors involved: European Commission

UCPM (Union Civil protection mechanism)

Title spending		UCPM (Union Civil Prot	ection Mec	hanism)		
programme: Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The general objective of the UCPM is to be able to prevent, prepare and respond to disasters in a coordinated, effective and efficient way. This is why the monitoring and performance/evaluation framework is directed to assess the level of protection, prevention and preparedness, the speed of intervention and the general Member States involvement achieved.						
	Prevention and prepared Commission Decision. Civ decision. Response activ affected by disaster, insid	il protec vities ar	tion response is e dependent o	covered by on requests	a separat s for assi	e Commission financing stance from countries	
	The legal basis for UCPI Performance Indicators.	M speci	fies clearly the	objectives,	interven	tion logic and the Key	
	Funding of UCPM preven of the result-oriented in might take some time to t	formatio	n will only bed				
	Nevertheless, the mon implemented and is base	-			or UCPM	will be immediately	
	1. A comprehensive system to collect all relevant data on the implementation of EUCPM activities and on related KPIs. Most of the response related data is automatically or semi- automatically collected in the Common Emergency Communication and Information System (CECIS). Preparedness data is also collected in CECIS, a number of specialised listings and databases, as well as an advanced lessons-learned system. The systems owner is unit ECHO.B1. Prevention related indicators are compiled by unit ECHO.A3 who also uses the Commission owned CIRCABC IT system.						
	2. The Key Performance Indicators on the achievement of specific objectives will be a key element for the evaluations of the UCPM, notably for the interim evaluation in 2017 and the Ex-Post evaluation in 2021. Nevertheless reporting on some of these Key Performance Indicators will be yearly ensured through the Annual Activity Report.						
	General and specific obje	ectives, i	ndicators, miles	tones and t	argets		
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1	CIVIL PROTECTION For public authorities to made disasters in a coord		• • •	•	•	nd to natural and man-	
Impact indicator:	Annual Average 2010-20		nnual Average 2	-		g term target 2020	
Economic damage caused by natural disasters	164 825 115 000		106 166 666	666	 	106 000 000 000	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	PREVENTION Achieve a high level of pr effects, by fostering a cu protection and other rele	lture of	prevention and		-		
Indicator 1:	Number of Member Stat			lable to the	Commiss	ion a summary of their	
	risk assessments and an a					-	
2013	2014		2016	201	.8	2020	
14	17		21	25		28	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	PREPAREDNESS		_				
Indiana d	Enhance preparedness at				-		
Indicator 1:	% of response capacities i	included	in the voluntary	y pool in rela	ation to th	ne capacity goals.	
2013	2014		2016	201	.8	2020	
25%	50%		75%	909	%	100%	

Indicator 2:	N° of standard response Communication and Infor		-	EU's Common Emergency				
2013	2014	2016	2018	2020				
150	160	≥160	≥175	≥180				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	RESPONSE Facilitate a rapid and efficient response (deployment of EU MS in-kind assistance) in the event of disasters or imminent disasters.							
Indicator 1:	- ·	Average speed of interventions under the EU Civil Protection Mechanism (from the acceptance of the offer to deployment); and the extent to which the assistance contributes to the proof on the ground						
2013	2014		017	2020				
≤36 hours	≤24 hours	≤18	hours	≤12 hours				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	AWARENESS:	noss and proparados	es for disastors					
Indicator 1	To increase public aware The level of awareness o			ns				
2013	2017		2020					
N/A new		to the gathering of t		ion is being discussed with				
	DG Communication and N							
	Monitoring	and reporting arrang	gements					
of each objective is tracked	identified per indicator). States). ECHO is also usir	Systems are mainly fing several external in essment and to foll	ed by ECHO staff bu ternationally recogn ow-up on macro-le	eported on (a chef-de-file is t also by partners (Member ised sources of information evel indicators. Monitoring gh their reporting.				
Actors involved in monitoring	All relevant stakeholders,	including Member St	ates, implementing	partners and ECHO staff.				
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	_	implementation of p	projects, the quality	ctives enshrined in the legal assessment, the timing of				
	Information on outputs, of the activities.	outcomes and result	is systematically mo	nitored as from the start of				
		type of intervention	s, the reporting of s	IO is responsible, combined several indicators (including I to 2015.				
Planned use of information	Information collected is u	sed, amongst others,	for:					
	- The annual UCPM work - The ABM cycle reporting		Annual Activity Rep	ort):				
	- The yearly Mid-Term Re - annual report to the breakdown, as of 2015;	view occurring at sun EP on the implement	nmer time; ntation of the Deci	sion, including the budget				
	 Ad-hoc reporting towar to Member States Communication on the of than by 31 December 201 	continued implement		uests EP/Council, reporting				
	- Senior management rep - Evaluation reporting as - The Communication to	orting database. described below.	uncil on the continu					

	ECPM.							
Frequency of reporting		of the reports are yearly but monitoring is constant. The Communication on the mentation of the ECPM as referred above is no later than 31 December 2018.						
Availability of reports	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
in the timeline	x	х	х	х	x	x	x	
		Evaluations of	of the spendir	ig programme	2			
Information per evaluati	on:							
1. Deadline		1. Ex-post e	valuation of t	he Civil Prote	ection legal ins	strument by 2	014, Interim	
2. Туре		evaluation of	of the Civil P	rotection Me	chanism by 2	2016 (max. de	eadline June	
3. Main issues addressed	and	2017), and f	inal by Decem	ber 2021. The	ematic evaluati	ion by 2018.		
coverage		2. Mid-term	, thematic and	l ex-posts.				
4. Planned use of evaluation	tion results	3. As adopt	ed in the UCF	PM legal base	, mid-term an	id ex-post eva	aluations wil	
5. Actors involved		 As adopted in the UCPM legal base, mid-term and ex-post evaluations will focus on the objectives and KPIs identified. They will look at the state of implementation and be users-driven and focused on learning. The scope of each evaluation will cover at least relevance, EU added value, transparency, accountability, effectiveness, efficiency and sustainability. It will also emphasize the need to learn from past experience. Further additional thematic evaluation may be added in 2018 on the basis of internal information needs for future approaches; Learning from past experience to increase/improve performance and accountability. Possible use for a mid-term revision or remedial actions in the preparation of a successor programme. All stakeholders. 						

Europe for Citizens

Title spending	"Europe for Citizens" programme
programme:	
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence	The Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 establishing for the period 2014-2020 the "Europe for Citizens" programme has been adopted on 14 April 2014 ¹¹² .
of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The new programme integrates the recommendations of the mid-term evaluation of the 2007-2013 programme, in particular the need for strengthening the policy impact of the programme for closer link to the key topics on the EU agenda, for coherence with a view to improving European governance and to exploit synergies with other EU programmes and policies.
namework	In 2012, the Commission launched a study in order get a comprehensive approach and system of indicators that could be used to assess the impacts of the "Europe for Citizens" 2014-2020 programme (<u>http://ec.europa.eu/citizenship/news-events/news/11072013 studyefc en.htm</u> . In the frame of this study, monitoring indicators have been developed and the overall intervention logic of the programme has been produced and describes the causal links between:
	 the outputs (the "production" of the European Commission); the results on target groups (here the civil society organisations, local authorities, think tanks and EU networks and umbrellas); the intermediary impacts on direct beneficiaries (here the participants to the various organised activities); and the final (long term) expected impacts on direct and indirect beneficiaries (here citizens at large).
	Specific intervention logics for each strands of the programme have been also produced in the frame of this study, taking into account that the Union added value of the "Europe for Citizens" programme can be demonstrated at the level of its individual actions: European remembrance, democratic engagement and civic participation and valorisation.
	The management of the programme and the majority of actions will be centrally managed by an executive agency (EACEA). Quarterly monitoring reports will be provided by EACEA while annual activity reports will be provided by the Commission to the "Europe for Citizens" programme committee, composed by Member States and participating countries.
	The data will be collected mainly on the basis of the elements requested in the applications (ex-ante) and final reports (ex-post). Both applications and reports are submitted on electronic form (the process is paper-less) which simplify the collection of data through a database and the Business Objects system and allow a rapid global synthesis of the data itself. Furthermore, projects' visits in situ favours the direct monitoring of projects and verification of indicators.
	Type of info available in the monitoring reports will be related to success rate, time to award and contract, budgetary execution, geographical coverage, number of participants.
	In line with Article 15 of the draft Council Regulation establishing for the period 2014-2020 the "Europe for Citizens" programme, the Commission will submit:
	- by 31 December 2017 an interim evaluation report on the results obtained and on the qualitative and quantitative aspects of the implementation of the programme, including the long term impacts of the predecessor programme (taking into account that the ex-post evaluation report for the "Europe for Citizens" 2007-2013 programme is not envisaged);
	- by 1st July 2023 an ex-post evaluation.
	1

General and specific objectives, indicators, milestones and targets

¹¹² OJ L 115, 17.4.2014, p. 3..

GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1*		nderstanding of the Union, its hist and to improve conditions for				
Impact indicator:	Baseline 2013					
Percentage of EU citizens feeling European	59 % (EB 80 - autumn 2013)	59 % Stable Sta				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1 ¹¹³	and the Union's aim, namely	embrance, the common history and to promote peace, the values of th timulating debate, reflection and	e Union and the well-			
Indicator 1:	The number of participants v	who are directly involved				
Baseline 2013	M	ilestones 2017	Target 2020			
100 000		100 000	100 000			
Indicator 2:	The number or persons indir	ectly reached by the programme	I			
Baseline 2013	M	ilestones 2017	Target 2020			
150 000		202 500				
Indicator 3:	The number of projects					
Baseline 2013	M	Target 2020				
31		77				
Indicator 4:	The quality of the project selected projects can be furt	ts applications and the degree to her used, transferred	which the results of			
Baseline 2013	Milestones 2017					
Lowest score obtained by a retained project: 80		81,6	83,2			
Number of events organised: 50		85	95			
Indicator 5:	Percentage of first time appl	icants				
Baseline 2013	M	ilestones 2017	Target 2020			
Percentage of first-time applicants to the programme: 40%		35% - 45%	35% - 45%			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2 ¹¹⁴	To encourage the democratic and civic participation of citizens at Union level, by developing citizens' understanding of the Union policy making-process and promoting opportunities for societal and intercultural engagement and volunteering at Union level.					
Indicator 1:	The number of participants v	who are directly involved				
Baseline 2013	M	ilestones 2017	Target 2020			
1 000 000		1 000 000	1 000 000			
Indicator 2:	The number or persons indir	ectly reached by the programme	1			
Baseline 2013	M	ilestones 2017	Target 2020			
1 000 000		1 200 000	1 350 000			

¹¹³ For indicators related to the specific objective 1, the source data is EACEA - Indicators, milestones and targets have been set out on the basis of a study launched by DG COMM in 2012-2013 in order to measure the impact of the Europe for Citizens programme – http://ec.europa.eu/citizenship/news-events/news/11072013_studyefc_en.htm.
¹¹⁴ For indicators related to the specific objective 2, the source data is EACEA - Indicators, milestones and targets have been set out on

¹¹⁴For indicators related to the specific objective 2, the source data is EACEA - Indicators, milestones and targets have been set out on the basis of a study launched by DG COMM in 2012-2013 in order to measure the impact of the Europe for Citizens programme – http://ec.europa.eu/citizenship/news-events/news/11072013_studyefc_en.htm.

Baseline 2013	Milestones 2017	Target 2020
1 000	1 400	1 700
Indicator 4:	The perception of the Union and its institutions by the beneficiaries	
Baseline 2012	Milestones 2017	Target 2020
77 % feel more European as a result of their participation in the "Europe for Citizens" programme	Stable at 77 %	Stable at 77%
Indicator 5:	The quality of project applications	
Baseline 2013	Milestones 2017	Target 2020
Lowest score obtained by a retained project: 71	72,4	73,9
Indicator 6:	The percentage of first time applicants	
Baseline 2013	Milestones 2017	Target 2020
Percentage of first time applicants to the programme: 40 %	35% - 45%	35% - 45%
Indicator 7:	The number of transnational partnerships including different types of s	takeholders
Baseline 2013	Milestones 2017	Target 2020
Average number of types stakeholders: 1,3	At least 2 types of stakeholders	At least 2 type of stakeholder
Indicator 8:	The number of networks of twinned towns	
Baseline 2013	Milestones 2017	Target 2020
41	108	122
Indicator 9:	The number and quality of policy initiatives following-up on activitie the Programme at the local or European level (source: peer reviews)	s supported b
Baseline 2013	Milestones 2017	Target 2020
Not measured before	2	2
Indicator 10:	The geographical coverage of the activities	
Baseline 2013	Milestones 2017	Target 2020
The comparison between the percentage of projects submitted by one Member State as a lead partner and the percentage of its population in the total population of the Union ¹¹⁵ : 13	19	23
The comparison between the percentage of projects selected per Member State as a lead partner and the percentage of its population in the total population of the Union ¹¹⁶ : 12	17	20
The comparison between the percentage of projects submitted by one Member State as a lead partner or co-partner and the percentage of its population in the total population of		
the Union ¹¹⁷ : 18	24	26

¹¹⁵ Geographical coverage at EU level = number of Member States for which 90 % < NC < 110 %. NC = National coverage = % of projects submitted per member State as a lead partner / % of its population in the total population of the EU. ¹¹⁶ Geographical coverage at EU level = number of Member States for which 90 % < NC < 110 %. NC = National coverage = % of projects

¹¹⁶ Geographical coverage at EU level = number of Member States for which 90 % < NC < 110 %. NC = National coverage = % of projects selected per member State as a lead partner / % of its population in the total population of the EU. ¹¹⁷ Geographical coverage at EU level = number of Member States for which 90 % < NC < 110 %. NC = National coverage = % of projects

¹¹⁷ Geographical coverage at EU level = number of Member States for which 90 % < NC < 110 %. NC = National coverage = % of projects submitted per member State as a lead partner or co-partner / % of its population in the total population of the EU. ¹¹⁸ Geographical coverage at EU level = number of Member States for which 90 % < NC < 110 %. NC = National coverage = % of projects

¹¹⁸ Geographical coverage at EU level = number of Member States for which 90 % < NC < 110 %. NC = National coverage = % of projects selected per member State as a lead partner or co-partner / % of its population in the total population of the EU.

The comparison between the percentage of projects selected per Member State as a lead partner or copartner and the percentage of its population in the total population of the Union ¹¹⁸ : 15										
		19								
Monitoring and reporting arrangements										
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	Regular reports from the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency (EACEA with detailed information on the different indicators. The Commission will monitor the policy impact of the programme, its links to the key topics on the EU agenda, its coherence and synergies with other EU programmes and policies and will report on these aspects in the annual activity reports submitted to the Programme Committee.									
	The data will be collected mainly on the basis of the elements requested in the applications (ex-ante) and final reports (ex-post). Both applications and reports are submitted on electronic form (the process is paper-less) which simplify the collection of data through a database and the Business Objects system and allow a rapid global synthesis of the data itself. Furthermore, projects' visits in situ favours the direct monitoring of projects and verification of indicators. Ad hoc reports can be generated upon specific request.									
Actors involved in monitoring	The Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency (EACEA) which will manage the implementation of the programme in cooperation with the Commission taking also into account stakeholders and beneficiaries of the programme.									
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	Programme management and implementation aspects: number of call for proposals launched, results of each selection, time to commit, to award, to contract and to pay, monitoring visits. Progressively during the programme period, more information should become available on immediate results as well as intermediate results towards the fulfilment of the objectives of the programme and assessment of quality of its outputs and impacts. The Unit C1 of the EACEA is available to provide more information on performance during the programme period to assess the quality of the impact on the basis of the established indicators.									
Planned use of information	"Europe for established	· Citizens" pr	ogramme co nmission. T	mmittee and The informat	for the ann	ual activity	ch year to the report to be ine-tune the			
Frequency of reporting	Quarterly re	eports from th	ne EACEA and	annual activi	ty report by D	OG COMM.				
Availability of reports in the timeline Annual Activity Reports	2014	2015 X	2016 X	2017 X	2018 X	2019 X	2020 X			
Quarterly Reports by EACEA 2014	XXXXXX2nd, 3rdEachEachEachEachEachand 4thquarterquarterquarterquarterquarterquarters </td									
Information per evaluation:		ations of the Citizens" pro		-	oost evaluatio	n				
	1. By 31 Dec	cember 2015	51 annine 200	/-2013 – ex-	Jost evaluatio	///				
1. Deadline	2. Ex-post e		urono for Cit	izone" 2007 1	012 0100000	mo: implan	ontation and			
 Type Main issues addressed and 					nd sustainabi		entation and			
coverage 4. Planned use of evaluation results 5. Actors involved	4. Possible u 5. Stakehol	use for remed	ial action for iaries and "E	the successo urope for Cit	r programme	2014-2020.	the Member			
	•	Citizens" pro	-	4-2020 – mid	-term evalua	tion				

2. Mid-term evaluation
3. Will cover the results obtained and the qualitative and quantitative aspects of the implementation of the "Europe for Citizens" programme, including the long term impacts of the predecessor programme (taking into account that the ex-post evaluation report for the "Europe for Citizens 2007-2013 programme is not envisaged); The main issues addressed will be:
• Relevance: Appropriateness of the explicit objectives of an intervention, with regard to the socio-economic problems the intervention is meant to solve.
• Internal coherence: Correspondence between the different objectives of the same intervention (internal coherence implies that there is a hierarchy of objectives, with those at the bottom logically contributing towards those above) and adaptation of the inputs (resources) to the objectives.
• External coherence: Correspondence between the objectives of an intervention and those of other public interventions which interact with it.
 Effectiveness: The fact that expected effects have been obtained and that objectives have been achieved (an effectiveness indicator is calculated by relating an output, result or impact indicator to a quantified objective). The need for strengthening the policy impact of the programme, for closer link to the key topics on the EU agenda, for coherence with a view to improving European governance and to exploit synergies with other EU programmes and policies should also be assessed (in the frame of the Programme's objectives). Efficiency: The fact that the effects were obtained at a reasonable cost. Utility: The fact that the impacts obtained by an intervention correspond to society's needs and to the socio-economic problems to be solved. Sustainability: The ability of effects to last in the middle or long term. Added value: The principle which justifies that a public authority decides to
implement an intervention rather than to leave it up to private initiative or another public authority.
 4. The evaluation results will be used to fine-tune, if needed, the implementation of the programme. Possible use for the preparation of a possible successor programme as from 2020 onwards. 5. Stakeholders, beneficiaries and "Europe for Citizens" contact points in the Member States will be involved in the evaluation process.
"Europe for Citizens" programme 2014-2020 – ex-post evaluation 1. By 1st July 2023
 2. Ex-post evaluation 3. Full coverage of all "Europe for Citizens" 2014-2020 programme: implementation and achievements, as well as the longer-term impacts and sustainability 4. Possible use for remedial action for the possible successor programme as from 2020 onwards.
5. Stakeholders, beneficiaries and "Europe for Citizens" contact points in the Member States will be involved in the evaluation process.

Food and Feed

programme:the management of animal health and materialSummary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting frameworkBy 31 December 2 achievement of th Union level. The relevance of all obj smart, sustainable long-term impact out an ex-post eva the Member StatesGENERAL OBJECTIVE 1Contributing to a and in related are of protection for of		Ith and plant reproductive ablished by the Commission on the of resources; and its added value at e for simplification, the continued e measures to the Union priorities of o account evaluation results on the ne 2022 the Commission shall carry								
animal health and material Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 Animal health and material By 31 December 2 achievement of th Union level. The relevance of all obj smart, sustainable long-term impact out an ex-post eva the Member States General and species and in related are of protection for comparison	animal welfare, and relating to plant heal 2018, an evaluation report shall be esta e objectives; the efficiency of the use o evaluation shall also address the scope jectives, as well as the contribution of the and inclusive growth. It shall take into of the predecessor measures. By 30 Jun luation of the measures referred to in pa s.	ablished by the Commission on the of resources; and its added value at e for simplification, the continued e measures to the Union priorities of o account evaluation results on the ne 2022 the Commission shall carry								
materialSummary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting frameworkBy 31 December 2 achievement of th Union level. The relevance of all obj smart, sustainable long-term impact out an ex-post eva the Member StatesGENERAL OBJECTIVE 1Contributing to a and in related are of protection for comparison.	2018, an evaluation report shall be estate objectives; the efficiency of the use of evaluation shall also address the scope jectives, as well as the contribution of the and inclusive growth. It shall take into of the predecessor measures. By 30 Jun luation of the measures referred to in parts.	ablished by the Commission on the of resources; and its added value at e for simplification, the continued e measures to the Union priorities of account evaluation results on the ne 2022 the Commission shall carry								
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting frameworkBy 31 December 2 achievement of th Union level. The relevance of all obj smart, sustainable long-term impact out an ex-post eva the Member StatesGENERAL OBJECTIVE 1Contributing to a and in related are of protection for comparison.	e objectives; the efficiency of the use o evaluation shall also address the scope jectives, as well as the contribution of the and inclusive growth. It shall take into of the predecessor measures. By 30 Jun luation of the measures referred to in pa s.	of resources; and its added value at e for simplification, the continued e measures to the Union priorities of account evaluation results on the ne 2022 the Commission shall carry								
description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting frameworkachievement of th Union level. The relevance of all obj smart, sustainable long-term impact out an ex-post eva the Member StatesGENERAL OBJECTIVE 1Contributing to a and in related are of protection for comparison.	e objectives; the efficiency of the use o evaluation shall also address the scope jectives, as well as the contribution of the and inclusive growth. It shall take into of the predecessor measures. By 30 Jun luation of the measures referred to in pa s.	of resources; and its added value at e for simplification, the continued e measures to the Union priorities of account evaluation results on the ne 2022 the Commission shall carry								
and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 Contributing to a and in related are of protection for c	evaluation shall also address the scope jectives, as well as the contribution of the and inclusive growth. It shall take into of the predecessor measures. By 30 Jun luation of the measures referred to in pa s.	e for simplification, the continued e measures to the Union priorities of o account evaluation results on the ne 2022 the Commission shall carry								
overall progress and performance reporting frameworkrelevance of all obj smart, sustainable long-term impact out an ex-post eva the Member StateGENERAL OBJECTIVE 1Contributing to a and in related are of protection for c	jectives, as well as the contribution of the and inclusive growth. It shall take into of the predecessor measures. By 30 Jun luation of the measures referred to in pa s.	e measures to the Union priorities of account evaluation results on the ne 2022 the Commission shall carry								
performance reporting smart, sustainable framework long-term impact out an ex-post eval the Member States GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 Contributing to a and in related are of protection for contribution for contributicont for contributicon for contribution for contributicon for cont	and inclusive growth. It shall take into of the predecessor measures. By 30 Jun luation of the measures referred to in pa s.	account evaluation results on the e 2022 the Commission shall carry								
framework long-term impact out an ex-post eva the Member States General and speci GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 of protection for c	of the predecessor measures. By 30 Jun luation of the measures referred to in pa s.	ne 2022 the Commission shall carry								
the Member States General and speci GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 of protection for c	5.	aragraph 1 in close cooperation with								
General and speci GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 Contributing to a and in related are of protection for c		but an ex-post evaluation of the measures referred to in paragraph 1 in close cooperation with								
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1 Contributing to a and in related are of protection for c	fic objectives, indicators, milestones and									
and in related are of protection for o										
of protection for a	high level of health for humans, anima									
	as by preventing and eradicating diseas									
	consumers and the environment while e iveness and favouring the creation of jo	-								
Impact indicator: Baseline	Milestone	Long term target								
Buseline Buseline	2018	2020								
Reduction in the 2012 – 18 BSE cases	10 BSE cases	5 BSE cases								
incidence of main food- 2012 – 90 000 confi										
borne disease in the EU of human salmonello										
(BSE & Salmonella)	salmonellosis	reduction/no eradication possible								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1 to contribute to a	a high level of safety of food and food									
	hay affect the safety of food, while im									
	e number of cases of diseases in humans	in the Union and which are linked								
to food safety or zo										
Baseline	Milestones									
Salmonella	2018									
90 000 cases in humans (2012)	67 000 cases	reduction/no eradication possible)								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2 to contribute to a of the welfare of a	higher animal health status in the Union nimals	and to support the improvement								
	number of Member States or regions the a financial contribution is granted	ereof which are free from animal								
Baseline	Milestone	Target 2020								
	2017	_								
Bovine brucellosis: 18 MS and 30 regions 15 MS and 19 regions officially free	s officially free	Eradication except 1 MS								
Bovine tuberculosis: 17 MS and 20 regions 15 MS and 13 regions officially free	s officially free	Eradication except 1 MS								
Brucella melitensis 24 MS and 28 regions 20 MS and 18 regions officially free	s officially free	Eradication except 1 MS and 5 regions								
Indicator an overall reduction outbreaks	n of disease parameters such as incidenc	e, prevalence and number of								
Baseline	Milestones	Target 2020								
Classical swine fever 0-5 outbreaks 0 outbreaks		0 outbreaks								
		5 positive animals								
BSE 15 positive animals										
28 positive animals Scrapie (sheep and goats) 14 % prevalence		8 % prevalence								
28 positive animals	nals	8 % prevalence 100 cases in wild animals								

0 outbreak of HPAI						situation)				
Bluetongue 39 outbreaks	30				(0 (subject to vecto	or and climate			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3		to contribute to timely detection of pests and their eradication where those pests have entered into the Union								
Indicator:	•				s in particul	ar for pests not	known to			
indicator.	-					erous for the Un				
Baseline		I	Milestones			Target 2020				
5% (2012)		2015 50%		2017 70%		100%				
Indicator:		to eradicate such pests (For pests not known to occur in the Union, the number ween finding and notification – 2012)								
Baseline	uays betwee	-	Milestones	2012)		Target	2020			
10 days (2012)		2015 8 days		2017 4 days		3 day	γs			
Indicator			ating such pe of pests - 201		not known	to occur in th	e Union, the			
Baseline			Milestone 2017	-		Target	2020			
0 (2013)			60%		!	95%				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	other activit the Union ru	ies carried ou lles	t in view of the	e effective im	plementatio	ity of official con on of and compli	iance with			
Indicator:			nendations fol th corrective a		idits that Me	ember States ha	ve			
Baseline	,,		Milestones 2014			Target 2020				
60% for recommendations from reporting cycles 2010 – 2012 (2013)	70% of all reco addressed	ommendations f	rom these repor	rting years to be	2					
. ,		Monitoring a	and reporting	arrangements						
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	Via mid-tern Monitoring o ECDC	and ex-post e	licly available o		g. Eurostat a	nd OECD), RASS	F, EFSA, FVO,			
Actors involved in monitoring	European Co EU Member	mmission (no States			iers, the Foo	d and Veterinar	y Office)			
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	Details on ac Budget impl	tions/projects	funded							
Planned use of information	AAR Implementation reports Where necessary, spending programme adjustments/eligibility adjustments Communications to the European Parliament and Council									
Frequency of reporting	dedicated se 1 Mid-term;		G Health and C	Consumers Ani	nual Activity	Report;				
Indicate availability of	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
reports in the timeline Annual reports Mid-term evaluation	х	х	х	х	x x	x	х			
		Evaluations	of the spendin	g programme	<u> </u>					
Information per evaluation:1. Deadline2. Type3. Main issues addressed and coveragecoverageCoverageCoverage: </td <td></td>										

4. Planned use of evaluation results	Use: Improvements to programme implementation and set up of successor
5. Actors involved	programmes
	European Commission, CHAF-EA.
Information per evaluation:	
	21 December 2010
1. Deadline	31 December 2018
2. Туре	Mid-term evaluation
3. Main issues addressed and	Resource efficiency and value added at EU level; scope for simplification;
coverage	continued relevance of objectives; contribution of measures to smart,
4. Planned use of evaluation results	sustainable, inclusive growth.
5. Actors involved	Monitoring and if necessary, remedial action
	European Commission; EU Member States
Information per evaluation:	
1. Deadline	30 June 2022
2. Туре	Ex-post evaluation
3. Main issues addressed and	Progress made on basis of indicators identified, effectiveness, efficiency, EU
coverage	added value.
4. Planned use of evaluation results	Covering the spending programme and its priorities
5. Actors involved	European Commission; EU Member States

Third Health Programme

Title spending	Third Hea	th Program	me							
programme:										
Summary, general							h assess headway towards			
description of the logic	the achievement of its specific objectives against its outcome and impact indicators and allow									
and sequence of the	for any ne	cessary adju	stments of	the policy a	nd funding p	priorities.				
overall progress and										
performance reporting										
framework										
			-		nilestones a	-				
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	-				•		er States to improve the			
					•		g health, encouraging			
			-		-	Ith systems	and protecting Union			
		om serious o	cross- borde							
Impact indicator:		Baseline			stone		Long term target			
		10 (2011)		20)17		2020			
Number of Healthy Life	Males: 61.9					Increas	e by 2 years			
Years at birth SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	Females: 6	. ,	and promot	o tho untol	o of ovider	co based en	d good practices for cost-			
SPECIFIC ODJECTIVE 1							lressing in particular the			
						on added val				
Indicator:							prevention, using			
mulcator.					•		en at the appropriate			
		ember State		s through h	ileasules all		len at the appropriate			
Baseline			-	stones			Target 2020			
	2014	2015			2010	2010	1015012020			
MS having a national initiative on reduction	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
of saturated fat.				1	1		-			
Baseline 2012: 12.										
Dasenne 2012. 12.	16 MS	18 MS	20 MS	22 MS	24 MS	25 MS	28 MS			
MS in which the				-	_		20 1013			
European accreditation										
scheme for breast										
cancer services is										
implemented –				10 MS			28 MS			
establishment of the										
scheme.										
Baseline 2012: 0										
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	identify a	nd develop	coherent	approaches	and prom	ote their in	plementation for better			
	preparedr	less and coo	ordination in	n health em	ergencies					
Indicator:	number of	⁻ Member St	ates integra	ting cohere	ent approach	es in the de	sign of their preparedness			
	plans									
Baseline			Miles	stones			Target 2020			
To be determined	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
through a study.							4			
Results are expected at	3 MS	4 MS	8 MS	14 MS	18 MS	20 MS	24 MS			
the end of 2014 ¹¹⁹	5 1115			1.000	10 1010	20 1015				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3							ss shortages of resources,			
						tary uptake	of innovations in public			
	health int	ervention a	nd preventi	on strategie	es					
Indicator:							nd mechanisms identified			
	in order to	advice produced and the number of Member States using the tools and mechanisms identifi- in order to contribute to effective results in their health systems								

¹¹⁹ Launch of a study on the state of play as regards the availability of plans in the area of generic preparedness in the Member States, including a gap-analysis of areas not covered by preparedness planning and the identification of incompatibilities between Member States' plans, especially concerning cross-border interaction. The study is ongoing and should be ready by summer 2014. Member states should answer on the preparedness of the health sector before end November 2014

Baseline			Mile	stones			Target 2020)			
Number of Health	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
Technology Assessment							_				
produced											
Baseline 2012: 2	C	C	6	10	20	40	50 an	nually			
Information on the	6	6	6	10	20	40					
number of MS not yet											
available at this stage. SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4				tion and info							
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4							nditions beyo d develop to				
			•••			lesearch an	a develop to	ois for the			
Indicator:		improvement of healthcare quality and patient safety number of European reference networks established in accordance with Directive 2011/24/I									
- "											
Baseline			-	1			Target 2020				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
0	0	3	5	6	8	8	1	8			
Indicator:	-	-	-	-	-	-	l Dean reference	-			
indicator.	number of	Healthcare	providers a	nu centres o	i expertise			enetworks			
Baseline			Mile	stones			Target 2020				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
0	0	45	81	106	148	148	-	140			
0					_	110		148			
Indicator:	number of	Member St	tates using t	he tools dev	eloped						
Baseline			Target 2020)							
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	_				
							-				
0	0	0	5	7	9	11		13			
		Monitor	ring and rep	orting arran	gements						
Description of how	Via implen	nenting ren	orts dissem	ination repo	rts						
progress on achieving			ost evaluati								
milestones and targets				ilable databa	ases (e.g. Ei	urostat and (DECD)				
of each objective is		-		project data			,				
tracked			•								
Actors involved in	European	Commission	ı								
monitoring			d National F								
			Health and C								
				ention and C	Control (ECD	DC)					
			Agency (EMA								
Issues covered in			jects funded	1							
subsequent monitoring reports	-	plementatic	over the year	~							
	Key result.	s acmeved o	ver the year								
Planned use of	AAR										
information	Implemen	tation repor	ts								
	Where necessary, spending programme adjustments										
				Parliament a							
Frequency of reporting	Dedicated	section in t	he DG Healt	h and Consu	mers Annu	al Activity Re	eport;				
	Annual im	plementatic	on reports;								
		n; 1 ex-post				T					
Indicate availability of	2014	2015	20	16 2	2017	2018	2019	2020			
reports in the timeline				,	<u> </u>	V	v	v			
Annual activity reports	X X	X			X X	X X	X X	X X			
Implementing reports Mid-term evaluation	X	X			^	X	^	X			
		v				^					
Ex-post evaluation of		X									
the previous Health Programme (2008-13)											
10gramme (2000-13)	I	Evaluati	ons of the s	pending pro	gramme						
Information per evaluation	on:	Lunuali	ens of the s		0.4.11110						
1. Deadline		End 201	5								

2. Туре	Ex-post evaluation of the 2008-2013 Health Programme
3. Main issues addressed and	Issues: effectiveness, efficiency, EU added value
coverage	Coverage: spending programme, priorities
4. Planned use of evaluation results	
	To fulfil the legal obligation (Article 13 (3)(c) of Decision No 1350/2007/EC) for
	reporting to EP and Council on the implementation and results of the
5. Actors involved	Programme.
	European Commission, Executive Agency, EU Member States, Civil society
Information per evaluation:	
1. Deadline	Mid-2017
2. Туре	Mid-term
3. Main issues addressed and	Progress made in meeting the Programme objectives, determining whether the
coverage	thematic priorities and actions financed are relevant for the achievement of the
	Programme objectives and whether its resources have been used efficiently,
	assessing its European added value, etc.
	For possible adjustments necessary for achieving the Programme's objectives to
4. Planned use of evaluation results	be adopted by delegated acts, and other remedial action
	European Commission, Executive Agency, EU Member States, Civil society
5. Actors involved	
Information per evaluation:	
1. Deadline	End 2021
2. Туре	Ex-post evaluation 2014-2020
3. Main issues addressed and	Issues: effectiveness, efficiency, EU added value, utility
coverage	Coverage: spending programme, priorities
4. Planned use of evaluation results	
(e.g. remedial action, preparation of	
a successor)	
5. Actors involved	European Commission, Executive Agency, EU Member States, Civil society

Consumer Programme

Title spending programme:		Consumer Programme							
Summary, general description of the logic			ation report shall be established I the measures, the efficiency of						
and sequence of the	the use of resources and its European added value, in view of a decision on the renewal,								
overall progress and	modification or suspension of the measures.								
performance reporting	The longer-term impacts and the sustainability of effects of the Consumer Programme should								
framework	also be evaluated with a view to feeding into a decision on a possible renewal, modification or suspension of a subsequent programme.								
	General and specific objectives	, indicators, milestones and ta	rgets						
GENERAL OBJECTIVE			er consumers and to place the						
			ework of an overall strategy for						
	smart, sustainable and inclusive		Long term target						
Impact indicator:		Baseline (2011) Milestone (2017)							
Consumer conditions index ¹²⁰ (2011)	62 (on a scale of 100)	65	67						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE I	Safety: to consolidate and enha surveillance throughout the Uni		ective market						
Indicator:	Percentage of RAPEX notification entailing at least one reaction (b								
Baseline	Milestone	e (2017)	Target 2020						
43% (2010)	45%	6	Increase of 10% (47.5%)						
Indicator:	Ratio number of reactions/number of RAPEX notifications (serious risks) % Source: RAPEX								
Baseline	Milestone	e (2017)	Target 2020						
1.07 (2010)	1.15	5	Increase of 15% (1.23)						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE II	consumers' education, informa base for consumer policy and to into account the specific needs	tion and awareness of their in p provide support to consumer of vulnerable consumers	imer organisations: to improve rights, to develop the evidence r organisations, including taking						
Indicator:	Number of complaint bodies and Consumer Complaints Registration								
Baseline	Milestone		Target 2020						
33 complaint bodies from 7 countries in 2012	50 complaint bodies from 14 countri	ies	70 complaint bodies from 20 countries						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE II	Rights and redress: to develop and reinforce consumer rights in particular through smart regulatory action and improving access to simple, efficient, expedient and low-cost redress including alternative dispute resolution								
Indicator:	Percentage of those cases dealt with by European Consumer Centres (ECCs) and not resolved directly with traders which were subsequently referred to Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR). (Source: Annual ECC report)								
Baseline	Milestone	•	Target 2020						
9% in 2010	42%		75%						
Indicator	Number of cases dealt with by a V	Union-wide online dispute resolutio	n system. (Source: ODR platform)						
Baseline	Milestone	s (2017)	Target 2020						

¹²⁰ The Consumer Scoreboard is the Commission's main tool to monitor the Single Market from a consumer perspective. The Consumer Conditions Index provides an overview of the key indicators describing the consumer environment at national level, as measured through surveys of perceptions, attitudes and experiences of consumers in particular.

to e-commerce								
transactions) in 2010.								
Indicator:	Percentage of consumers who took action in response to a prob months. (Source: Consumer Scoreboard)	blem encountered in the past 12						
Baseline	Milestones (2017)	Target 2020						
83% in 2010	86%	90%						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE IV	Enforcement: to support enforcement of consumer rights between national enforcement bodies and by supporting consu							
Indicator:	Level of information flow and cooperation with the CPC Network							
Baseline: annualised	Milestone (2017)	Target 2020						
average 2007-2010								
- 129 requests to	156	Increase of 30% (167)						
exchange information								
between CPC authorities								
- 142 requests for								
enforcement measures	172	Increase of 30% (184)						
between CPC		mercase of 50% (104)						
authorities								
- 63 alters within the		Increase of 30% (82)						
CPC network (source: CPC Network	76	increase of 50% (62)						
database)	70							
Indicator:	Percentage of enforcement requests handled within 12 m	onths within the CPC network						
	(Source: CPC network database)							
Baseline	Milestone (2017)	Target 2020						
50% (reference period	55%	60%						
2007-2010) Indicator:	Percentage of information requests handled within 3 months with	ain the CPC Network						
Baseline	Milestone (2017)	Target 2020						
33% (reference period	37%	50%						
2007-2010)								
(source: CPC Network database)								
Indicator:	Number of contacts with consumers handled by the ECC (source	e: ECC report)						
Baseline	Milestone (2017)	Target 2020						
Baseline	Milestone (2017)	Target 2020						
Baseline 71 000 (2010)	Milestone (2017) 88 750	Target 2020 Increase of 50% (106 500)						
71 000 (2010)								
71 000 (2010) Indicator:	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs.	Increase of 50% (106 500)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator:	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017)	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs.	Increase of 50% (106 500)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017)	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017)	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report)	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how progress on achieving	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports Via mid-term and ex-post evaluations	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020 Increase of 70% (2 839 000)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports Via mid-term and ex-post evaluations Monitoring data from publicly available databases (e.g. Eurost	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020 Increase of 70% (2 839 000)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how progress on achieving	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports Via mid-term and ex-post evaluations	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020 Increase of 70% (2 839 000)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports Via mid-term and ex-post evaluations Monitoring data from publicly available databases (e.g. Eurost	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020 Increase of 70% (2 839 000)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports Via mid-term and ex-post evaluations Monitoring data from publicly available databases (e.g. Eurost ECCRS, Consumer Conditions Scoreboard	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020 Increase of 70% (2 839 000)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked Actors involved in monitoring	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports Via mid-term and ex-post evaluations Monitoring data from publicly available databases (e.g. Eurost ECCRS, Consumer Conditions Scoreboard European Commission Executive Agency for Health and Consumers Network of European Consumer Centres (ECC-Net)	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020 Increase of 70% (2 839 000)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked Actors involved in monitoring Issues covered in	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports Via mid-term and ex-post evaluations Monitoring data from publicly available databases (e.g. Eurost ECCRS, Consumer Conditions Scoreboard European Commission Executive Agency for Health and Consumers Network of European Consumer Centres (ECC-Net) Details on actions/projects funded	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020 Increase of 70% (2 839 000)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked Actors involved in monitoring Issues covered in subsequent monitoring	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports Via mid-term and ex-post evaluations Monitoring data from publicly available databases (e.g. Eurost ECCRS, Consumer Conditions Scoreboard European Commission Executive Agency for Health and Consumers Network of European Consumer Centres (ECC-Net) Details on actions/projects funded Budget implementation	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020 Increase of 70% (2 839 000)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked Actors involved in monitoring Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports Via mid-term and ex-post evaluations Monitoring data from publicly available databases (e.g. Eurost ECCRS, Consumer Conditions Scoreboard European Commission Executive Agency for Health and Consumers Network of European Consumer Centres (ECC-Net) Details on actions/projects funded Budget implementation Key results achieved over the year	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020 Increase of 70% (2 839 000)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked Actors involved in monitoring Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports Planned use of	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports Via mid-term and ex-post evaluations Monitoring data from publicly available databases (e.g. Eurost ECCRS, Consumer Conditions Scoreboard European Commission Executive Agency for Health and Consumers Network of European Consumer Centres (ECC-Net) Details on actions/projects funded Budget implementation Key results achieved over the year AAR	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020 Increase of 70% (2 839 000)						
71 000 (2010) Indicator: Baseline 2011 1 670 000 (source: ECCNet evaluation report) Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked Actors involved in monitoring Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	88 750 Number of visits to the websites of the ECCs. Milestone (2017) 2 254 500 Monitoring and reporting arrangements Via implementing reports, dissemination reports Via mid-term and ex-post evaluations Monitoring data from publicly available databases (e.g. Eurost ECCRS, Consumer Conditions Scoreboard European Commission Executive Agency for Health and Consumers Network of European Consumer Centres (ECC-Net) Details on actions/projects funded Budget implementation Key results achieved over the year	Increase of 50% (106 500) Target 2020 Increase of 70% (2 839 000)						

Frequency of reporting	dedicated section in the DG Health and Consumers Annual Activity Report; 1 Mid-term; 1 ex-post								
Indicate availability of	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		
reports in the timeline									
Annual reports	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
Ex-post evaluation of				Х					
2007-13 programme									
Mid-term evaluation				Х					
		Evaluations	of the spendir	ng programme	1				
1. Deadline		End 2017							
2. Туре		Mid-term review 2014-2020 Consumer Programme and ex-post evaluation of							
3. Main issues address	sed and	2007-2013 EU Consumer Programme (these will be done together)							
coverage		Issues: effectiveness, efficiency and EU added-value of programme							
4. Planned use of evaluat	ion results	Coverage: Spending programme; priorities							
5. Actors involved									
1. Deadline		2021							
2. Type		Ex-post evalu	uation of the	Consumer Pro	gramme 2014-	-2020			
3. Main issues address	ed and			ency and EU v					
coverage				, amme; prioriti					
4. Planned use of evaluat	ion results					implementatio	n and set up		
5. Actors involved			cessor program						
		European Co	mmission; Co	nsumers, Heal	th and Food Ex	xecutive Ageno	cy		

Creative Europe

Title spending programme:				Creative	Europe				
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The programme is managed centrally by the Commission, with the help of an Executive Ag (indirect central management), and its budget is not broken down per country. Projects are supported on quality grounds and they are individually monitored by the Agency through usual monitoring tools such as for instance on-site visits and sample audits in addition contractual monitoring obligations (final and, where foreseen, interim report)								
	The informa	A regular reporting will be carried out within the framework of Annual Activity Reports (AAR). The information on impact indicators will be reported on through the mid-term and the ex-post evaluation reports scheduled respectively for 2017 and 2022.							
	strands of	A mid-term evaluation of the programme will be launched in 2016 and will cover all three strands of the programme (i.e. MEDIA, Culture and Cross-sectoral activities). The results of previous programmes in the field of culture will be taken into account.							
	A final evalu	uation of th	e programme	e will be laund	ched in 2020.				
		be informe	d as appropri				es from the member and the results of its		
	General a	nd specific	objectives, ir	dicators, mil	estones and ta	argets			
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 3	 (a) to safeguard, develop and promote European cultural and linguistic diversity and to promote Europe's cultural heritage; (b) to strengthen the competitiveness of the European cultural and creative sectors, in particular of the audiovisual sector, with a view to promoting smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. 								
* Impact indicator 12: Ac						(from progr	amme legal basis)		
Definition: Percentage o Source: Special Eurobarc									
Baseline (2013)	2014	2015	Mile 2016	estones	2018	2019	Target 2020		
 % of Europeans declaring that they benefited from the following items from another European country: 31% read a book; 27% watched or listened to a cultural programme on TV/radio; 19% visited a historical monument or site; 13% were to a musical performance; 10% attended a performance, festival, etc; 6% seen a ballet, dance performance, or opera; 4% been to a theatre performance. Impact indicator 13: Co Definition: The cultural a 	nd creative se	ectors' shar				uropean GDI	Increase of 2% in comparison to 2013 results		
Source: EU competitiven	ess report 20	10							
Baseline (2010)	2014	2015		stones	2010	2010	Target 2020		
/	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			

Between 3% and 3.8% of the total European workforce ¹²¹					To safeguard		4% of the total European workforce
Between 3.3% and 4.5% of total European GDP					2010 figures		4,8% of total European GDP
* Impact Indicator 14: A	udience of Fu	ronean aud	liovisual worl	l ks (MFDIA sub	-programme		651
Definition: a) Number of	people (in %) in the EU	accessing no	n-national Eur	ropean audiov	visual works;	b) number of people
(in %) in the countries pa							
Source: European Audio	visual Observ	atory Annua	al Report; mi	d-term evalua	tion of MEDIA	A sub-prograi	nme
			Mile	estones			Target 2020
Baseline (not available)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
EU				60%			66%
Participating countries				55%			60%
Specific Objective 3.1:							
To promote the transn creative players, in parti creative works in the Ur under-represented grou * Result Indicator 40: Au Definition: Number of p	cular artists, nion and bey ps; dience of the eople directly	as well as t ond, with a creative Eq and indired	o reach new particular fo urope progra ctly reached	and enlarged ocus on childr mme (Culture through proje	l audiences ai en, young pe e sub-program	nd improve a ople, people	ccess to cultural and with disabilities and
Source: Future projects f	inal reports a	nd mid-terr					I
Baseline		1	1	estones	1		Target 2020
No basellas Continues	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	<u> </u>
No baseline, first known results (2017) available in 2018 for the first time				46 million			80 million
Definition: Number of a important non-Europear Source: Annual report of	markets) ba	sed on the r	number of cir	nema tickets s	old.		
Baseline (2009)			г	estones	1		Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
EU: 120 million				135 million			150 million
Worldwide: 117 million				135 million			165 million
* Result Indicator 42 : Ma Definition: % of Europea Source: annual report of	n audiovisual	works prog	rammed in c al Observato	inemas, TV ar ry			
Baseline (2009 & 2010)				estones			Target 2020
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Cinemas: 59%							
1				59%			60%
TV: 66.4%				59% 66.4%			60% 67%
Digital platforms:48,2%	nover of com ()	ipanies prod	ducing video	66.4% 55% MEDIA sub-pro games a) in th		n the 5 larges	67% 67%
Digital platforms:48,2% * Result Indicator 43: Pro Definition: Estimated tur the EU (DE, FR, IT, NL, UH Source: PWC Global ente	nover of com ()	ipanies prod	ducing video tlook 2013-2	66.4% 55% MEDIA sub-pro games a) in th 017		n the 5 larges	67% 67% It national markets in
Digital platforms:48,2% * Result Indicator 43: Pro- Definition: Estimated tur the EU (DE, FR, IT, NL, UR	nover of com ()	ipanies prod	ducing video tlook 2013-2	66.4% 55% MEDIA sub-pro games a) in th		n the 5 larges 2019	67% 67%

¹²¹ See Communication on promoting cultural and creative sectors for growth and jobs in the EU – COM(2012)537

EU: €21.3 bn				€25bn			€30 bn
biggest markets €13.35 bn				€14.5bn			€16 bn
Result Indicator 44: Supp Definition: % of Europear Source: Annual report of	n non-nation	al films prog	rammed by	Europa Cinem	as Network a		
Baseline (2010)	2014	2015	Mile 2016	estones 2017	2018	2019	Target 2020
36%	2014	2015	2010	38%	2010	2015	40%
Specific Objective 3.2: To and internationally * Result indicator 45: Int Definition: Number of tra of operators from more t	ernationalisa ansnational p	ation of EU-s partnership p	upported cu	Itural operato	rs (Creative I	Europe)	
Source: Projects final re		163					
Baseline (2012)				estones			Target 2020
7 000 transnational partnerships	2014	2015	2016	2017 7 600	2018	2019	8 000 transnational partnerships
earning experience gaine	ed through tl		Europe progr	ramme which		-	s and employability
earning experience gaine Source: Projects final re Baseline (2012)	ed through tl		Europe progr			-	Target 2020
earning experience gains Source: Projects final re Baseline (2012) 40 000 professionals with learning experience Specific Objective 3.3: To the cultural and creative and sector representatio * Result indicator 47: Gu Definition: Total volume facility ¹²²	2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014	2015 the financia sustainable in supply ranted to SM	Europe progr Mile 2016 al capacity o e way, while MEs in cultu	estones 2017 190 000 f SMEs and m endeavourin	2018 2018 iicro, small a g to ensure	2019 nd medium- a balanced g	Target 2020 240 000 professiona with learning experiences sized organisations geographical coverage
earning experience gains Source: Projects final re Baseline (2012) 40 000 professionals with learning experience Specific Objective 3.3: To the cultural and creative and sector representatio * Result indicator 47: Gu Definition: Total volume facility ¹²²	2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014	2015 2015 the financia sustainable in supply ranted to SM rean Investm	Europe progr Mile 2016 al capacity o e way, while MEs in cultu nent Fund Mile	estones 2017 190 000 f SMEs and me endeavourin ral and creat	2018 icro, small a g to ensure a ive sectors i	2019 nd medium- a balanced g	Target 2020 240 000 professiona with learning experiences sized organisations geographical coverage
earning experience gains Source: Projects final re Baseline (2012) 40 000 professionals with learning experience Specific Objective 3.3: To the cultural and creative and sector representatio * Result indicator 47: Gu Definition: Total volume facility ¹²² Source: annual report fro Baseline (2012)	2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014	2015 the financia sustainable in supply ranted to SM	Europe progr Mile 2016 al capacity o e way, while MEs in cultu	estones 2017 190 000 f SMEs and m endeavourin	2018 2018 iicro, small a g to ensure	2019 nd medium- a balanced g	s and employability Target 2020 240 000 professional with learning experiences sized organisations geographical coverage ework of the financi
learning experience gaine Source: Projects final re Baseline (2012) 140 000 professionals with learning experience Specific Objective 3.3: To the cultural and creative and sector representatio * Result indicator 47: Gu Definition: Total volume facility ¹²² Source: annual report fro Baseline (2012) 20 million EUR supported loans * Result indicator 48: Ave Definition: The average of financial facility Source: annual report fro	2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014	2015 2015 the financia sustainable in supply ranted to SM ean Investm 2015 t rate of loans gr	Europe progr Mile 2016 al capacity o e way, while MEs in cultu hent Fund 2016 sranted to SM hent Fund	estones 2017 190 000 f SMEs and m endeavourin ral and creat 2017 180 million EUR MEs in cultura	2018 2018 iicro, small a g to ensure a ive sectors i 2018	2019 nd medium- a balanced g	s and employability Target 2020 240 000 professional with learning experiences sized organisations i geographical coverage ework of the financi Target 2020 0,5 billion EUR the framework of the
learning experience gaine Source: Projects final re- Baseline (2012) 140 000 professionals with learning experience Specific Objective 3.3: To the cultural and creative and sector representatio * Result indicator 47: Gu Definition: Total volume facility ¹²² Source: annual report fro Baseline (2012) 20 million EUR supported loans * Result indicator 48: Ave Definition: The average of financial facility	2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014	2015 2015 the financia sustainable in supply ranted to SM ean Investm 2015 t rate of loans gr	Europe progr Mile 2016 al capacity o e way, while MEs in cultu hent Fund 2016 sranted to SM hent Fund	estones 2017 190 000 f SMEs and me endeavourin ral and creat estones 2017 180 million EUR	2018 2018 iicro, small a g to ensure a ive sectors i 2018	2019 nd medium- a balanced g	s and employability Target 2020 240 000 professional with learning experiences sized organisations is coverage ework of the financi Target 2020 0,5 billion EUR
learning experience gaine Source: Projects final re Baseline (2012) 140 000 professionals with learning experience Specific Objective 3.3: To the cultural and creative and sector representatio * Result indicator 47: Gu Definition: Total volume facility ¹²² Source: annual report fro Baseline (2012) 20 million EUR supported loans * Result indicator 48: Ave Definition: The average of financial facility Source: annual report fro	2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014	2015 the financia sustainable in supply ranted to SM bean Investm 2015 t rate of loans gr ean Investm 2015	Europe progr Mile 2016 al capacity o e way, while MEs in cultu nent Fund 2016 ns ranted to SM nent Fund Mile 2016	estones 2017 190 000 f SMEs and m endeavourin ral and creat 2017 180 million EUR AEs in cultura	2018 2018 iicro, small a g to ensure a ive sectors i 2018	2019 nd medium- a balanced g n the frame 2019 e sectors in	Target 2020 240 000 professional with learning experiences sized organisations i geographical coverage ework of the financia Target 2020 0,5 billion EUR the framework of the

 ¹²² Breakdowns by national origin, size and sectors of SMEs or organisations and by participating financial intermediaries categorised by national origin are provided in the annual report from the European Investment Fund.
 ¹²³ There is no EU wide financial instrument for the sector. An estimated 10% according to the ex-ante impact assessment of the

Creative Europe programme.

Definition: Leverage effect of guaranteed loans in relation to the indicative leverage effect (1:5,7) achieved by SMEs in cultural and creative sectors in the framework of the financial facility Source: annual report from the European Investment Fund

Baseline (2011) ¹²⁴		24 Milestones					Target 2020
505cmc (2022)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Target 2020
1 : 5,7 (estimated)	1			1:5,7			1:6
Result Indicator 50: Dive Definition: Number and cultural and creative sect Source: annual report fro	geographical cors through	spread of t the guarant	panks and or ee facility	ther financial i	nstitutions p	providing acc	ess to finance for th
			Mil	estones			Target 2020
Baseline (2012)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
financial institutions from 2 Member States				7 financial institutions from 5 different Member States			10 financial institutions from 10 different Member States
				eneficiaries ber	nefitting fron	n the financi	al facility ¹²⁵
Source: annual report fro			nent Fund	eneficiaries ber	nefitting fron	n the financi	
Definition: Number, natic Source: annual report fro Baseline (2012)			nent Fund		2018	n the financia	al facility ¹²⁵
Source: annual report fro	om the Europ	ean Investm	nent Fund Mile	estones			Target 2020
Source: annual report fro Baseline (2012) 100 beneficiaries from audio-visual sector from 8 Member States Specific Objective 3.4:	2014	2015	ment Fund 2016 ment, innov	estones 2017 3 000 beneficiaries from 5 sub- sectors, from 10 Member States vation, creativ	2018 ity, audience	2019	Target 2020 10 000 beneficiaries from 5 sub-sectors, from 15 Member States
Source: annual report fro Baseline (2012) 100 beneficiaries from audio-visual sector from 8 Member States Specific Objective 3.4: T and management model	2014 2014 To foster pol	2015 2015 licy develop	ment Fund 2016 ment, innov ansnational	estones 2017 3 000 beneficiaries from 5 sub- sectors, from 10 Member States vation, creativ policy cooperative	2018 ity, audience ation.	2019	Target 2020 10 000 beneficiaries from 5 sub-sectors, from 15 Member States
Source: annual report fro Baseline (2012) 100 beneficiaries from audio-visual sector from 8 Member States Specific Objective 3.4: T and management model * Result indicator 52: Inf Definition: Number of M policy development and t	To foster pol s through su luence of EU lember State the number of	2015 2015 licy develop pport for tr cultural coc es making u	ment Fund 2016 ment, innov ansnational operation on se of the re	estones 2017 3 000 beneficiaries from 5 sub- sectors, from 10 Member States vation, creativ policy coopera national policy sults of the O	2018 ity, audience ation. y making pen Method	2019 e developme	Target 2020 10 000 beneficiaries from 5 sub-sectors, from 15 Member States
Source: annual report fro Baseline (2012) 100 beneficiaries from audio-visual sector from 8 Member States Specific Objective 3.4: 1 and management model * Result indicator 52: Inf Definition: Number of M policy development and t Source: Voluntary report:	To foster pol s through su luence of EU lember State the number of	2015 2015 licy develop pport for tr cultural coc es making u	ment Fund 2016 ment, innov ansnational operation on se of the re tives to imp	estones 2017 3 000 beneficiaries from 5 sub- sectors, from 10 Member States vation, creativ policy coopera national policy sults of the O	2018 ity, audience ation. y making pen Method	2019	Target 2020 10 000 beneficiaries from 5 sub-sectors, from 15 Member States ent and new busines
Baseline (2012) 100 beneficiaries from audio-visual sector from 8 Member States Specific Objective 3.4: 1 and management model * Result indicator 52: Inf Definition: Number of M	To foster pol s through su luence of EU lember State the number of	2015 2015 licy develop pport for tr cultural coc es making u	ment Fund 2016 ment, innov ansnational operation on se of the re tives to imp	estones 2017 3 000 beneficiaries from 5 sub- sectors, from 10 Member States vation, creativ policy coopera national police sults of the O rove policy ma	2018 ity, audience ation. y making pen Method	2019	Target 2020 10 000 beneficiaries from 5 sub-sectors, from 15 Member States

¹²⁴ There is no EU wide financial instrument for the sector. An estimated ratio of 1:5,7 according to the ex-ante impact assessment for the Creative Europe programme. ¹²⁵ Breakdowns by national origin, size and sectors of SMEs or organisations are provided in annual reports from the European

Investment Fund.

		Monitoring	g and reporting	arrangements	5		
Description of how progress on achieving milestones	establishing t	onitoring and reporting obligations are specified in the Article 18 of the Regulation the Creative Europe Programme. The article lists a number of indicators which should (on annual basis) monitored by the Commission.					
and targets is tracked	-		onitored inclue rs as well as de				
	learning exp platforms, nu	eriences, per	onitored incluc netration of E le benefiting f ted, etc.	uropean audi	ovisual work	s in cinemas	and digita
	activity report	rts, reports fro	e, they can be om the Europea rogramme's mi	an Audiovisual	Observatory,	-	
Actors involved in	Programme e	end users: App	licant organisa	tions, beneficia	ry organisatio	ons, individual	participants
monitoring	through the	ve / Implementing bodies of the Programme: the Member States will be informed Creative Europe programme committee. Other elements might be gathered by the and its executive Agency and submitted for information to the programme					
Planned use of information	All indicators set in the programme will be reported on in the mid-term and ex-post evaluations and, where relevant, in the corresponding Commission's Annual Activity Report.						
		available, monitoring and evaluation findings will feed in the adjustments made to nentation of the current programme or in the preparation of the next generatio mmes.					
Frequency of	Annual.						
reporting	for example implementat notes sent to	s of reporting to the Creative Europe programme committee, if appropriate, could be e annual and might consist for example of general reports on the programme ation, of presentations before the programme committee or of specific reports o to the committee. The time of the year is not known at this stage. It will be part of the rope committee meeting/discussions.					
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 Q2	2015 Q2	2016 Q2	2017 Q2	2018 Q2	2019 Q2	2020 Q2
		Evaluation	s of the spendi	ng programme	9		
Deadline		2017					
Туре		-	rospective and cl. ex-post evalu	•	ious MFF peri	od	
Main issues add coverage	ressed and	utility, Europ - scope for si	relevance and bean added valu implification of n to the realisa	ue, internal and the programm	l external coh e		ustainability
Planned use of evaluat	tion results	-Improveme	nt of design an	d execution of		ne	
Actors involved		 -Improvement of design and execution of the Programme - Preparation of a successor Programme External Contractors, European Commission, EACEA, selected National authorities and national agencies, Programme beneficiaries and applicants, stakeholders from 					
			l agencies, Prog and creative se		ciaries and ap	plicants, stake	holders fron

Туре		External, Retrospective and Prospective;			
		Final evaluation			
Main	issues	- continued relevance and effectiveness of objectives; efficiency, sustainability, utility, European			
addressed	and	added value, internal and external coherence			
coverage		- contribution to the realisation of Europe 2020			
Planned	use of	-Improvement of design and execution of the next generation programme			
evaluation	results				
Actors invo	lved	External Contractors, European Commission, EACEA, selected National authorities and national			
		agencies, selected final beneficiary organisations; other stakeholders			

H4 Global Europe

Introduction with regard to the programmes: ENI, DCI, EIDHR, PI, INSC, and IcSP (specific objective 3)

The programmes financed in the area of external actions are large and complex and involve a variety of legal instruments in the new Multi-annual Financial Framework (MFF); some are thematic (European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights, Instrument contributing to Stability and Peace, Instrument for Nuclear Safety Cooperation) and one is both geographic and thematic (Development Co-operation Instrument).

Most of the funds are used in partner countries via different types of interventions (projects and programmes, pooled funds with other donors, budget support, etc.) managed mainly by EU Delegations (EUD), although some funds are managed centrally by Headquarters. In each country, funding under several instruments may be used in order to reach the objectives of EU cooperation with the given country.

EuropeAid's overall monitoring, reporting and evaluation framework applies across spending instruments and programmes. For the Neighbourhood countries, specific additional reporting takes place through annual progress reports which account for the implementation of the Action Plans, where these have been agreed in order to monitor the progress of the countries aligning with the EU's acquis of internal rules and systems.

The main elements of EuropeAid's overall monitoring and reporting framework for the MFF 2014-2020 are the following:

- Internal monitoring and reporting by Commission services and EU Delegations: the monitoring by the
 operational managers, in the Delegation or HQ services, of the progress of project/programme
 implementation through the collection and analysis of data from progress reports, field visits and other
 meetings and sources.
- External monitoring by independent consultants (ROM Results oriented monitoring system): a
 standardized external review which looks at a share of EuropAid's project performance and gives
 recommendations for improvement. The system is centrally managed by Headquarters but is being reformed
 for the second quarter of 2014. This will turn the system more in support of the management of projects and
 programmes, in particular where implementation poses a problem. It will also enable it to support more
 effectively the monitoring and reporting on projects and programmes, in particular the reporting on results.
- **External evaluations of projects and programmes:** they provide an in-depth understanding of project performance and results, identifying lessons learned. They are managed by the operational manager at the EUD level, or at HQ level for the projects and programmes managed by HQ services.
- **External evaluations of strategies:** strategic evaluations may cover strategies relating to geographic programmes (co-operation with a country or region), or thematic programmes (health, conflict prevention), or also to the use of certain "modalities" (e.g. channelling of aid through intermediaries such as NGOs or the UN). They contribute to the accountability of EU development aid, while identifying lessons for future policies (e.g. in relation to Private sector, Human Rights, Fragile States, etc.) and programming. The Commission services concerned work closely with the European External Action Service on these evaluations.

Monitoring and reporting

EuropeAid's internal monitoring and reporting system has the purpose of monitoring and reporting EuropeAid's performance in two different dimensions: the contribution to **development results** and EuropeAid's **organizational performance** (effectiveness and efficiency of EuropeAid in the management of its operations).

EuropeAid's contributions to **development results** are captured at project and programme level through indicators specified within the performance monitoring arrangements and frameworks specified in the individual project and programme documents. These indicators are mainly used at outcome and output levels. However, process indicators are used when appropriate.

At the impact development results are monitored as to measure the long term change indirectly influenced by EU funded actions. The indicators being monitored are often the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) or other internationally agreed indicators. Most indicators included in the legal basis of the various spending programmes for 2014-2020 are at the impact level.

In that context, milestones and targets have often been agreed to by the EU in international fora. Due to the complexity and cost of data collection for these indicators, their measurement and reporting has - where country statistics were not yet sufficiently reliable-, been entrusted by the EU, its Member States and the global donor community to specialised UN Agencies and International Finance Institutions (IFIs). Updates for these indicators are provided at regular intervals of 3 to 5 years for each country. Thus, for these types of indicators, EuropeAid does not directly collect the information

but it receives the information processed by global development partners and reports it under the relevant spending programmes.

At outcome and output level, indicators (including for those mentioned in the legal instruments) are being monitored by EU Delegations and HQ services through project and programme monitoring systems. Guidelines for internal monitoring exist and training is being provided to operational project managers in EU Delegations and in HQ.

At present, the information on project and programme implementation is aggregated at corporate level through two Key Performance Indicators for which the EU Delegations report through the External Assistance Management Reports (EAMR). The two indicators measure the proportion of projects of which the implementation is considered to be on track and the proportion of projects the Delegations consider will attain their objectives.

Information is also aggregated for specific purposes. For example, for the reporting on the EU contributions to the achievement of the MDGs as reported over past years at two occasions (2010 and 2013), the information was aggregated.

Information on the performance of projects and programmes is complemented by external reviews via the Results Oriented Monitoring (ROM) system. These are reviews of projects' and programmes' performance and are carried out by independent consultants through a standardised methodology. So far, such a review was used to analyse the projects' performance according to the five DAC evaluation criteria (relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, sustainability and impact), for each of which project performance was subject to qualitative grading, highlighting strengths and weaknesses and accompanied, where appropriate, by recommendations for improvements.

Today, ROM reviews are carried out for some 30% of the projects and programmes portfolio with an EU contribution of about €1 million that have already been under implementation for at least six months and that have run for a further six months. For projects funded below this amount, a sample of 10% was to be assessed. The system, centrally managed by EuropeAid, was also used to provide an insight into the portfolio's performance at EU Delegation level.

ROM is currently subject to a reform which aims at strengthening the internal project management, monitoring and reporting functions of both EU Delegations and Commission HQ services. The overall reform should be implemented over 2014/2015, the one on internal monitoring and reporting progressively over 2014 and 2015 and the one on ROM over 2014.

Furthermore, as from 2015, the forthcoming establishment of an EU Development and Cooperation Results Framework should enable DEVCO to aggregate information in a more systematic way on selected outcomes and outputs at corporate level¹²⁶.

As far as the reporting on organisational performance is concerned, the Authorising Officers by Sub-delegation (AOSD) within EuropeAid and EU Delegations, draw an annual report in which they sign a statement of assurance on the sound management of the funds (sub)-delegated to them and on the legality and regularity of the underlying operations.

The reporting function and assurance chain within DG DEVCO is organised along the Control Pyramid concept and based on a set of indicators supporting the assurance provided by the AO(S)D and/or on the monitoring of the implementation of specific policies or activities decided by the DG. At the basis of the Control Pyramid is the External Assistance Management Report (EAMR) elaborated by the Heads of Union Delegations in accordance with Article 67.3 of the Financial Regulation¹²⁷.

The External Assistance Management Reports, the reports of the Directors within EuropeAid and the Annual Activity Report contain a set of 26 Key Performance indicators (covering aspects of efficiency and effectiveness) for part of which quantified targets are set in the Management Plan. The monitoring of the execution against these targets is reported regularly to the EuropeAid Management and actions are to be undertaken by Directorates and Delegations to tackle identified deviations.

The set of EAMR reports for a corresponding year are enclosed in the Annual Activity Report of EuropeAid and are put at the disposal of the European Parliament shortly after the adoption by the Commission of the Synthesis Report on the European Commission's management Achievements.

Evaluations

¹²⁶ "Paving the way for an EU Development and Cooperation Results Framework". EC Staff Working Document(2012) 530. ¹²⁷ See Article 67.3 of the FR: Heads of Union Delegations acting as authorising officers by Sub-delegation in accordance with Article 56f2) shall report to their authorising officer by delegation so that the latter can integrate their reports in his or her annual activity report referred to in Article 66(9). The reports of the Heads of Union Delegations shall include information on the efficiency and effectiveness of internal control systems put in place in their Delegation, as well as on the management of operations sub-delegated to them, and provide the assurance referred to in the third subparagraph of Article 73(51. Those reports shall be annexed to the annual activity report of the authorising officer by delegation, and shall be made available to the European Parliament and the Council having due regard, where appropriate, to their confidentiality.

The strategic evaluations of "spending programmes" included in tables 5.1 to 5.7 concern National indicative programmes (country level), Regional indicative programmes and Thematic programmes, all multi annual. DG EuropeAid's Evaluation Unit is responsible for the management of these evaluations. Each year around 15 evaluations are finalised¹²⁸ and all are published on the Commission's website¹²⁹.

Various measures have been taken to respond to the requirements of the new Common Implementing Regulation (CIR). Firstly, the revised terms of reference require the evaluation team (external consultants who undertake evaluations) to make a distinction in each evaluation between the different legal instruments applied and to formulate specific conclusions on each of them. Secondly, a new Evaluation plan is under preparation which is designed to provide adequate evidence for the mid-term report on financial instruments (effectiveness, efficiency, impact and EU value added) in all the main policy areas of the new instruments. To do so, and to prepare the new MFF after 2020, the draft 2014-18 work programme intends to have a balance between geographic evaluations (14 in ACP countries, 5 in Asia, 2 in Central and Latin America and 4 in Neighbourhood countries; plus 5 regional evaluations) and other types of evaluations (9 to 10 budget support evaluations and 5 on other channels and modalities, along with 14 thematic evaluations). In addition, meta-evaluations (the reviews of existing strategic evaluations) are planned to be launched in 2016 as to provide information for 2017, as required in the new CIR and EDF regulation on the following:

- Poverty & women's empowerment;
- *Primary education;*
- Health including children and women;
- Private sector & trade in rural and urban areas;
- Environmental sustainability & climate change;
- Fragile States; and
- Graduation strategies for middle income countries.

Funding is nevertheless a continuous process and because the implementation of actions financed under the old instruments may continue well into the period of the new MFF, the principle of continuity is applied between the old financial instruments and the new ones.

Hereunder there is a draft of the Evaluation plan for strategic evaluations. It has still to be discussed and finalised and formally approved. This means that some changes can still occur.

In addition, the planning of some evaluations (particularly the Joint evaluations with other donors, and with strong involvement of the partner country) is tentative. On average, a geographic evaluation takes at least 12 months and a thematic evaluation at least 18 months. *Evaluation Plan 2014-2018*

• Fixed plan¹³⁰

Year of	Countries and	Thematic	Channel &	Other	Other Studies
launch	regions	evaluations	Instruments	Evaluations	
2014	 Chad Côte d'Ivoire (JO) Ghana (BS)? Lesotho Sierra Leone (UK BS) Uganda (BS) Asia BS? Bangladesh (JO) Pakistan Paraguay (BS) Central Asia (RE) 	 Higher Education; Combat drought and famine in the Sahel and the Horn of Africa; Democracy. 	• Delegated cooperatio n.		 Quality process and assessment; Country sector evaluations; Lessons learned budget support.

<u>Note</u>: Joint evaluation and Budget support evaluations depend of the final willingness of other partners (member states, partner country).

¹²⁸ The number of evaluations finalised is directly linked to the human resources available in the evaluation unit.

¹²⁹ <u>http://ec.europa.eu/europeaid/how/evaluation/evaluation_reports/index_en.htm</u>

¹³⁰ JO: Joint evaluation; BS: Budget support evaluation; RE: Regional evaluation

2015	 Ethiopia Rwanda Senegal (BS) South Sudan (JO) Afghanistan (JO) Guatemala (JO) Egypt (BS) Eastern & Southern 	 LRRD; Renewable forms of energy OR Rural energy; Agriculture; Support to food security; Energy for all. 	• Blending.	

• To prepare the CIR reports due in 2017

<u>Note</u>: Meta evaluations (the reviews of existing strategic evaluations) should start in the second semester of 2016 and last not more than 6 months:

- First 3 topics will depend on post 2015 MDG while also linked to the Agenda for Change;
- Last 4 topics are more linked to the implementation of the Agenda for Change (including the evaluation of "graduation").

• Tentative plan for 2017-2018

Year of launch	Countries and regions	Thematic evaluations	Channel & Instruments	Other Evaluations	Other Studies
2017	 Guinea Bissau Niger Somalia (JO) Tanzania (JO) Asia (BS)/Cambodia ? El Salvador (BS) Moldova Morocco Mercosur (RE) 	 Resilience; Policy coherence for development. 			 Lessons learned budget support; CIR EDF report; CIR (other) Financial instruments report.
2018	 Mali Fiji & other countries around Tajikistan Lebanon Central Africa (RE) 	 New Deal; Conflict prevention & peace building; Vocational training/educati on; Health OR Water & sanitation. 	 Funds implemente d by NGO; Support to local authorities. 	• Fitness check EDF.	 Evaluating budget support: division of labour between HQ & EUDs; methodology refinement; Review of evaluations undertaken by UN & WB.

ENI (European Neighbourhood Instrument)

Title spending programme	ENI (European Neighbourhood Instrument)					
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	Please refer to introduction section under heading 4.					
	GENERAL AND SPECIFIC OBJECTIV	VES, INDICATORS, MILES	TONES AND TARGET	S		
countries by developing	Establishing an area of prosper a special relationship founded o al values of democracy, the rule o	on cooperation, peace an	nd security, mutual	accountability and share		
	Pacolina (2012)	Milectone 2014	Milostono 2017	Long torm torget (2020		
IMPACT INDICATOR:	Baseline (2012)	Milestone 2014	Milestone 2017	Long term target (2020		
Number of comprehensive agreements and individual ENP Action Plans in place with interested neighbouring countries*.	 Neighbourhood East: 5 Partnership and Cooperation Agreements in force, one Association Agreement (Ukraine) initiated on 30.03.2012 Negotiations for Association Agreements ongoing with 4 countries: Republic of Moldova (launched in January 2010), Armenia, Azerbaijan & Georgia (July 2010). 5 Action Plans in force. Neighbourhood South: Association Agreements in force with 8 of the 10 southern partners (i.e. excluding Libya and Syria). 3 first generation Action Plans (or equivalent documents) adopted or in place: Israel, Egypt, and Palestine. Second generation action plans for Jordan and Morocco approved. Political agreement on the second generation of Action Plans for Tunisia and Lebanon, but formal adoption by the Council pending. Since 2012 negotiations with Algeria on an ENP action plan. Comment: Libya: Discussions ongoing on the possibility to re-start negotiations for a Framework Agreement. The ratification of Association 	Neighbourhood East: Two Association Agreements signed (Georgia and Moldova) Neighbourhood South: ENP action plans adopted with Algeria, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, Palestine and Tunisia. Restart of negotiations on the EU Libya Framework Agreement.	The negotiations and conclusions of agreements and ENP action plans show a positive trend.	16 Association or similarly comprehensive Agreements in force and 10 Action Plans or similar documents adopted by 2020.		

 corruption, strengthening institutional capacity at all levels and developing a thriving civil society including social partners.

 INDICATOR 1:
 Baseline (2011)
 Milestone 2017
 Target 2020

 Number of countries above 40% average based on following World Bank Good Governance Indicator(s): "Voice
 5
 10
 14 (of which 4 above 50%)

and accountability"; "Government effectiveness"; "Rule of Law"; "Control of corruption".

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2: Achieving progressive integration into the Union internal market and enhanced sector and cross-sectoral cooperation including through legislative approximation and regulatory convergence towards Union and other relevant international standards, and improved market access including through deep and comprehensive free trade areas, related institution building and investments, notably in interconnections.

INDICATOR 1:	Baseline (2010)	Milestone (2017)	Target (2020)
Value of ENI countries			
export to EU-28 in	• East: EUR 25 billion.	- Fast FUD 20 hillion	East: EUR 32 billion.
relation to baseline	 East: EUR 25 billion. South: EUR 62 billion. 	 East: EUR 29 billion. South: EUR 83 billion 	 East: EUR 32 billion. South: EUR 101 billion.
data in year 2010	• South. EOR 62 billion.	• South. EOK 85 billion	• South. EOK 101 billion.
(Eurostat figures)*.			

INDICATOR 2:	Baseline (2010)	Milestone (2017)	Target (2020)
INDICATOR 2: Number of Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements (DCFTA) and Agreements on Conformity Assessment and Acceptance of industrial products (ACAA)*.	Baseline (2010) East: No DCFTA and ACAA signed; A DCFTA under negotiation. South: A Agreements on liberalisation of trade in agriculture; Memorandum of Understanding on Energy.	 Milestone (2017) East: 4 DCFTA in place. South: 1 DCFTA in place and 3 in negotiations; 1 ACAA in place and 3 under negotiation; 4 Agreements on liberalisation of trade in agriculture in place 	Target (2020) • East: DCFTA in place with all interested ENI countries. • South: • 4 DCFTA in place; • 4 ACAA in place; • Agreements on liberalisation of trade in agriculture in place; • 2 Agreements on Air Transport in place; • 2 Memorandum of Understanding on
		 and 1 being negotiated; 1 Agreement on Air Transport in place; 2 Memorandum of Understanding on Energy in place. 	Energy in place.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3: Creating conditions for the better organisation of legal migration and the fostering of a well-managed mobility of people, for the implementation of existing and future agreements concluded in line with Global Approach to Migration and Mobility, and for and promotion of people-to-people contacts, in particular in relation to cultural, educational, professional and sporting activities.

	Baseline (2012)	Milestone (2017)	Target (2020)
INDICATOR 1: Number of Mobility Partnerships in place*.	 East: 3 Mobility Partnerships in place and none under negotiation (2012). South: Mobility Partnership signed with one country in 2013. Preparatory discussions launched with two countries. 	 East: 1 under negotiation. South: 2 in place; 2 under negotiation. 	 East: 4 Mobility Partnerships in place. South: 4 in place.
INDICATOR 2:	Baseline (2012)	Milestone (2017)	Target (2020)
Number of	• East:	• East: 3 readmission/visa	East: 4 Visa Liberalisation Action Plans

readmission/visa facilitation agreements and Visa Liberalisation Action Plans (VLAP) in place*.	 1 readmission/visa facilitation agreements in place and 2 under negotiation; 2 Visa Liberalisation Action Plan in place. South: No agreements/Visa Liberalisation Action Plans in place. 	 facilitation agreements. South: 2 readmission/visa facilitation agreements in place. 	 South: 5 readmission/visa facilitation agreements in place. 		
through private-sector d in particular higher edu	evelopment and reduction of socia	l exclusion; promoting of capa innovation; promotion of int	aspects; poverty reduction, including acity building in science, education and ternal economic, social and territorial d disaster resilience.		
	Decelling (2014)	B (1 - + (2017)	T		
INDICATOR 1: Inequality-Adjusted Human Development Index (source: UNDP).	 Baseline (2011) East: 2 countries with indicator equal or above 0.655 on the scale of 1 (between high and very high human development). South: 1 country with indicator 	Milestones (2017) East: 4 countries with an indicator equal to or above 0.655 	 Target (2020) East: 5 countries with an indicator equal to or above 0.655 		
	equal or above 0.590 on the scale of 1 (high human development). N.B: Countries with no data considered below threshold.	 South: 2 countries with an indicator equal to or above 0.590 	• South: 4 countries with an indicator equal to or above 0.590		
INDICATOR 2:	Baseline (2012)	Milestones (2017)	Target (2020)		
Ease of doing business		ber of countries ranking among th			
index (1=most business-friendly regulations).	 East – 5 (out of 6) South – 3 (out of 10) 	 East – 5 (out of 6) South – 4 (out of 10) 	 East – 6 (out of 6) South – 5 (out of 10) 		
	romoting confidence building, good ention and settlement of conflicts, Baseline (2011)		ther measures contributing to security Target (2020)		
Political stability and	• East: 4 countries in a percentile	East: 5 countries	• East: 6 countries		
absence of violence: number of countries in a percentile rank above 0-10 (lowest rank).	 rank above 0-30 (Armenia, Belarus, Moldova, Ukraine). South: 6 countries in a percentile rank above 0-10 (Jordan, Morocco, Tunisia, Libya, Egypt, Israel) 	 South: 8 countries (6 + Algeria, Lebanon) 	• South: 9 countries (8+ Syria))		
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6: Cooperation.	Enhancing sub-regional, regional	and Neighbourhood wide c	collaboration as well as Cross-Border		
	Baseline (2012)	Milestones (2017)	Target (2020)		
INDICATOR 1: Number of Cross- Border Cooperation programmes in place*	13 ENPI CBC programmes adopted and implemented	All ENI CBC programmes (17) are adopted.	All 17 programmes foreseen in the CBC Programming Document are fully under implementation and all available funds are committed.		
INDICATOR 2:	Baseline (2012)	Milestones (2017)	Target (2020)		
Number of on-going regional programmes covering Southern Neighbourhood	50	55	60		
countries*.		•	•		
countries*.	Baseline (2012)	Milestone (2017)	Target (2020)		

countries*.										
		MONITORI	IG AND REPO	ORTING ARRA	NGEMENTS					
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	monitored b the appropr Indicators m as through	by the interna iate UN instit narked with (*	tional donor utions and gr) will be mor regation on	community a remia. hitored throug the basis c	as well as part	tner countries	ending program s within the fr and reporting ject/programm	amework of tool as well		
Actors involved in monitoring	states and p	EU Delegations and DEVCO Headquarters services, UN institutions, its members (including EU Member states and partner countries), other international institutions, national and international civil society organisations and networks.								
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports		on the status n annual basis		ators above w	vill be included	d within AAR	and DEVCO De	evelopment		
Planned use of information	Report on a programmir	in annual bas ng period (20	is. Informati 14-2020). It	on can be us	ed to review Id to changes	MIPs prioriti	and DEVCO D es at any time s of specific p	e within the		
Frequency of reporting (yearly reports contain information relating to previous year).	institutions global frame For indicato Status of ind Common Im previous yea measuring t	and gremia f ework. rs marked wit dicators will b iplementing F ar, report on t he results del	or 2014 and th (*) - Frequ e reported w legulation: A the achievem ivered and th	l 2015. Subse ency of repor ithin the Anni s of 2015 anni ient of objecti	equently, reporting will be arrual Activity Re ual Activity Re ual reporting, ives of each ro of the instrum	orting will be nnual. eport on an a containing ir egulation by r	as provided based on the nnual basis. A iformation rel means of indic ual report of 2	e Post-2015 rt 13 of ating to the ators,		
Availability of reports in the timeline(yearly reports contain information relating to previous year)	2014 X	2015 X	2016 X	2017 X	2018 X	2019 X	2020 X	2021 x		
		EVALUATIO	ONS OF THE S	PENDING PR	OGRAMME					
 Deadline Type Main issues 	 ✓ 3 ✓ 1 ✓ 2 ✓ 12 ✓ 12	geographic ed budget suppo Channels eva 2 Thematic ev RRD, Energy, / leta evaluation se evaluation ew MFF as m tegic evaluation ex outputs of tes evaluation e, effectivene erm review of g of the lengt nd new MFF. and EUDs + E	valuations; ort evaluations luations (Del raluations all Agriculture, H ns to provide s will take ir uch as possib ion gives a j of internal n is) complemes rogrammes ss, efficiency of multiannu h of their pro-	egated coope over the worl duman rights, e information nto account the le. udgement on nonitoring, o ented by prim evaluations a , impact, sust al country p ogramming ur	eration and Blo Id which cove Social protec on financial in he previous N n EU cooperat n-going and ary informati and will addr ainability, EU programmes nder completi luations + M	r Education, F tion and trans nstruments. MFF period st tion mainly of final ROM a on (field visits ress 7 evalua value added. (to be deter ion), themation	Food security, sfers, Resiliend till under imp on the basis o nd existing p s). stions criteria	ce, PCD); lementation f secondary projects and : relevance, ach country evelopment		
addressed	1. 31/12/	2017								
4. Planned use of										

evaluation results	2. Mid-term review (art 16 common implementing regulation)
5. Actors involved	3. Implementation of regulation from 1 Jan 2014 to 30 June 2017 and focus on achievements of objectives by means of indicators measuring the results delivered and the efficiency of instruments.
	4. Improving implementation of Union's assistance. Inform decisions on multiannual country programmes.
	5. Commission and partner countries
	1. Post- 2020 (together with interim review of next financial period)
	2. Type: final evaluation report
	3. Longer-term outcomes and impacts and sustainability of effects of the instruments
	4. –design of future instrument and adjustment of follow-up instrument.
	5. Commission and partner countries

DCI (Development Cooperation Instrument)

Title spending programme	DCI (Development Cooperation Instrument)										
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	Please refer to the introduction section under heading 4.										
GENER	AL AND SPECIFIC C	DBJECTIV	ES, IND	OICATOR	5, MILES	TONES A	AND TAI	RGETS			
GENERAL OBJECTIVE: Fosteri promotion of democracy, the primary aim of eradicating po	rule of law, good g										
IMPACT INDICATOR:	Baselin	e		Targ	et (2015	;)	1	Long ter	m target (2020)		
MDG 1.1: Proportion of population living below 1.25 dollar (PPP) per day.	43.1% (199 22.7% (200			21.5%				D post-2015			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1: Poverty	reduction and fos	stering s	ustainal	ble econ	omic, so	cial and	enviror	imental o	levelopment.		
INDICATOR 1:	Baseline (2	008)		Milest	one (20	15)		Tar	get (2020)		
MDG 1,2 - Poverty gap ratio at 1.25\$ a day (2005 PPP), percentage.	Least Developed Countries (LDCs) : 18.3			13.5				TBD post-2015			
INDICATOR 2:	Baseline (2		Milest	one (20	15)		Tar	get (2020)			
MDG 1.5: Employment-to- population ratio, percentage.	Least Developed Countries (LDCs): 69.0%			INCREASING TREND				TBD post-2015			
INDICATOR 3:	Baseline (2	011)		Milest	one (20	15)	T	Tar	get (2020)		
MDG 3.1: Ratio of girls to boys in primary, secondary, tertiary education- developing countries.	Primary level 97%, level 96%, Tertiary	Secondar	<i>'</i>	100%			TBD post-2015				
INDICATOR 4:	Baseline (2	011)		Milest	one (20	15)	Target (2020)				
MDG 2.2: Proportion of pupils starting in grade 1 who reach the last grade of primary-developing countries.	89.4% Girls: 88.4 Boys: 91.3	%			100%				D post-2015		
INDICATOR 5:	Baseline (2	012)		Milest	one (20	15)		Target (2020)			
MDG 4.1: Under-five mortality rate (deaths per 1000 live births).	Developing regio				32.3%			TBD post-2015			
INDICATOR 6:	Baseline (2	010)		Milest	one (20	15)		Tar	get (2020)		
MDG 5.1: Maternal Mortality Ratio.	Developing region	ons: 240		110				TBI	D post-2015		
INDICATOR 7:	Baseline (2010)			Mile	stone (2	2015)			Target (2020)		
Prevalence of stunting of children under-five years of age, percentage.	Developing Regions: 37%	2014 25.4 %	2015 24.4 %	2016 23.6 %	2017 22.6 %	2018 21.7 %	2019 20.8 %	2020 20 %	20%		

CO2 equivalent emission reduction by 2020 in the context of global action to keep the global temperature rise below 2°C.

Developing countries: 29.7 GtCO2 equivalent Globally: 50.1 GtCO2 equivalent

Developing countries: 27-31 GtCO2 equivalent Globally: 46 GtCO2 equivalent Developing countries:26-32 GtCO2 equivalent Globally: 44 GtCO2 equivalent

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2: Consolidating and supporting democracy, the rule of law, good governance, human rights and the relevant principles of international law.

INDICATOR 1:BaselineNumber of DCI beneficiary countries having improved(average 2007 - 2012)				Target (2020)				
their overall governance performance annually as		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
measured by the World Bank's Worldwide Governance indicator average.	20	20	20	23	25	25	27	30

INDICATOR 2: Number of projects funded from the DCI to promote	Baseline (average 2010- 2012)			Target (2020)				
democracy, the rule of law, good governance and respect of human rights in the DCI beneficiary countries*.	70	2014 70	2015 70	2016 75	2017 80	2018 85	2019 90	100

INDICATOR 3:	Baseline (2011)	Milestone (2016)	Target (2020)
Level of political			
representation of women:	19.7 %	26%	40%
percentage of women as	13.7 70	2070	1070
parliamentarians worldwide.			

	MONITORING AND REPORTING ARRANGEMENTS
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked.	The achievement of the milestones and targets as set out for the present spending programme will be monitored by the international donor community as well as partner countries within the framework of the appropriate UN institutions and gremia. Indicators marked with (*) will be monitored through the internal monitoring and reporting tool.
Actors involved in monitoring	EU Delegations and DEVCO Headquarters services, UN institutions, its members (including EU Member states and partner countries), other international institutions, national and international civil society organisations and networks.
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	Information on the status of the indicators above will be included within AAR and DEVCO Development Report on an annual basis.
Planned use of information	Information collected will be used to review MIPs priorities at any time within the programming period (2014-2020). It may also lead to changes in the focus of specific projects and programmes under implementation or still at formulation stage.
Frequency of reporting	For MDGs -Reporting at country level will be based on data availability as provided by the UN institutions and gremia for 2014 and 2015. Subsequently, reporting will be based on the Post-2015 global framework. For indicators marked with (*) - Frequency of reporting will be annual. Status of indicators will be reported within the Annual Activity Report on an annual basis. Art 13 of Common Implementing Regulation: As of 2015 annual reporting, containing information relating to the previous year, report on the achievement of objectives of each regulation by means of indicators, measuring the results delivered and the efficiency of the instrument. The annual report of 2021 contains consolidated info from annual reports of 2014-2020.

Availability of reports in the timeline (yearly reports contain information relating to previous year)	2014 X	2015 X	2016 X	2017 X	2018 X	2019 X	2020 X	2021 X				
EVALUATIONS OF THE SPENDING PROGRAMME 1. for deadlines see introduction section below heading 4.												
1. Deadline	 for deadlines see introduction section below heading 4. 8 geographic evaluations including regional ones (Asia, Central and Latin America); 2 to 3 budget support evaluations in the same regions; 2 Channels evaluations (Delegated cooperation and Blending) all over the world; 13 Thematic evaluations all over the world which cover Education, Food security, Democracy, LRRD, Energy, Agriculture, Human rights, Social protection and transfers, Resilience, PCD); Meta evaluations to provide information on financial instruments. 											
2. Туре	 All these evaluations will take into account the previous MFF period still under implementation and the new MFF as much as possible. Every strategic evaluation gives a judgement on EU cooperation mainly on the basis of secondary information (outputs of internal monitoring, on-going and final ROM and existing projects and programmes evaluations) complemented by primary information (field visits). All are spending programmes evaluations and will address 7 evaluations criteria: relevance, coherence, effectiveness, efficiency, impact, sustainability, EU value added. 											
 Main issues addressed Planned use of 	 Mid-term review of multiannual country programmes (to be determined for each country depending of the length of their programming under completion), thematic guidelines, development policies and new MFF. HQ and EUDs + EEAS for geographic evaluations + Member States for geographical 											
evaluation results	jc	int evaluati	ons + Partne		for budget		-					
5. Actors involved	1.31	/12/2017										
	 31/12/2017 Mid-term review (art 16 common implementing regulation) Implementation of regulation from 1 Jan 2014 to 30 June 2017 and focus on achievements of objectives by means of indicators measuring the results delivered and the efficiency of instruments. 											
					n's assistanc ions impleme		decisions or	n renewal,				
	5. Co	mmission an	d partner co	ountries								
	1. Pos	st-2020: (tog	ether with i	nterim reviev	w of next fina	ancial period)					
	2. Typ	oe: final eval	uation repor	t								
	3. Lor	nger-term ou	utcomes and	impacts and	l sustainabili	ty of effects	of the instru	ments				
		-	e instrument d partner co		nent of follow	w-up instrum	nent					

EIDHR (European Instrument Democracy Human Rights)

All objectives except election observation missions

Title spending programme:	EIDHR (Europe	EIDHR (European Instrument Democracy Human Rights)									
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	Please refer to introduction section under heading 4.										
GENER			IVES, IN	DICATOR	S, MILES	TONES A	ND TARG	iets			
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1: Enhance in the Universal Declaration strengthening their protection organisations, human rights de	of Human Ri , promotion, in	ghts and oplement	l other ation an	internati d monito	onal and oring, ma	d region	al huma	n rights instruments, an			
IMPACT INDICATOR:	Baseline	(2010)		Milos	tone (20	14)		ong term target (2020)			
Number of strategic and targeted campaigns and operations, in third countries in line with the UN OHCHR Human Rights indicators		aseline (2010) Milestone (2014) Long 30 50						350 by 2020			
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 2: Support and representative democracy society within this cycle, and in missions.	, strengthening	the over	all demo	cratic cy	cle, in pa	rticular b	by reinfor	cing an active role for civi			
IMPACT INDICATOR:	Baseline	(2012)		Miles	tone (20	14)	Le	ong term target (2020)			
Number of electoral	Busenne	(2012)				,					
processes and democratic											
cycles supported, observed, and followed, in particular	20	n			25			175 by 2020			
the number of EU EOMs	20	J			25			175 by 2020			
recommendations											
implemented in the field*.											
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1: Support	t to Human Rigl	nts and H	uman Riរ្	ghts Defe	enders in	situatio	ns where	they are most at risk.			
INDICATOR 1:	Baseline			Miles	stones			T			
Number of Human Rights	(2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Target (2020)			
Defender individuals being protected politically, legally and/or physically and pulled out of their abusive situations*.	230	300	300	300	300	300	300	300			
	Deceline			DA:Lo							
INDICATOR 2: Number of projects in most	Baseline (2013)	2014	2015	2016	tones 2017	2018	2019	Target (2020)			
difficult countries and	(2020)										
situations, and in particular											
the number of activities and actors reached in these most difficult contexts*.	10	15	15	15	15	15	15	15			

INDICATOR 1:	Baseline			Miles	stones			Target (2020)
Number of fragile CSO and/or disenfranchised	(2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
groups have been supported, that would have been left alone otherwise*.	300	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3: Suppor	t to democracy							
INDICATOR 1:	Baseline			Mile	stone			Target (2020)
Number of projects developed in pilot countries	(2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	101901 (2020)
to deepen and strengthen democracy*.	5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
INDICATOR 2: Number of	Baseline			Mile	stone			Target (2020)
key actors supported, in particular international	(2013)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
organisation's actions, reports, case law and/or statement directly linked to our support.	0	2	5	5	5	7	7	7
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 5: Support instruments and mechanisms	-	key acto	rs and p	rocesses	, includi	ng interi	national a	and regional human rights
Number of international	(2013)			Mile	stones		Target (2020)	
convention ratification and in particular how many conventions could enter into practice in how many countries as a result of our support.	5	2014 10	2015 10	2016 10	2017 10	2018 10	2019 10	10
INDICATOR 2:	Baseline	1						
Number of key actors	(2013)			Mile	stones			Target (2020)
supported, in particular international organisation's actions, reports, case law and/or statement directly linked to our support*.	10	2014 15	2015 15	2016 15	2017 15	2018 15	2019 15	15
	ΜΟΝΙΤΟ				RRANGE	MENTS		
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked.	MONITORING AND REPORTING ARRANGEMENTS The achievement of the milestones and targets as set out for the present spending programme will be monitored by the international donor community as well as partner countries within the framework of the appropriate UN institutions and gremia. Indicators marked with (*) will be monitored through the internal monitoring and reporting tool as well as through ad-hoc aggregation on the basis of data provided by project/programme internal monitoring systems at country and regional level.							
Actors involved in monitoring	Member states international civ	s and vil society	partner v organisa	countrie ations an	s), othe d networ	er interr rks.	national	its members (including EU institutions, national and
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	Development Re	eport on	an annua	al basis.				ed within AAR and DEVCO
Planned use of information	Development R	eport on	an annu	ial basis.	Informa	tion can	be used t	ed within AAR and DEVCO to review MIPs priorities at ead to changes in the focus

	of specific	projects and	programme	s under impl	ementation	or still at form	mulation sta	ge.
Frequency of reporting	For MDGs -Reporting at country level will be based on data availability as provided by the UN institutions and gremia for 2014 and 2015. Subsequently, reporting will be based on the Post-2015 global framework. For indicators marked with (*) - Frequency of reporting will be annual. Status of indicators will be reported within the Annual Activity Report on an annual basis. Art 13 of Common Implementing Regulation: As of 2015 annual reporting, containing information relating to the previous year, report on the achievement of objectives of each regulation by means of indicators, measuring the results delivered and the efficiency of the instrument. The annual report of 2021 contains consolidated info from annual reports of 2014-2020.							
Availability of reports in the	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
timeline(yearly reports	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
contain information relating	~	A	~	~	~	Â	~	~
to previous year)								
							1	I
		ALUATIONS	OF THE SPEI	NDING PROC	RAMME			
Information per	1.							
evaluation:	I wo ev				IDHR instrur			
1. Deadline					Democracy (s		`	
2. Type	E				Human Rights			امم معمد الم
3. Main issues addressed					s where EIDI	ak nas been	i used will a	iso provide
4. Planned use of evaluation results	•		e evaluations		moto ovoluo	tion on Frag	ila Statas	
5. Actors involved	 This will inform the CIR report including the meta evaluation on Fragile States. The two evaluations will take into account the previous MFF period still u implementation and the new MFF as much as possible. 2. They will be mainly ex-post evaluations (and mid-term ones) as they will be base the outputs of internal monitoring, on-going and final ROM and existing projects programmes evaluations. 3. All are spending programmes evaluations and will address 7 evaluations cri relevance, coherence, effectiveness, efficiency, impact, sustainability, EU value address. 4. Mid-term review of multiannual country programmes (to be determined for country depending of the length of their programming under completion), the guidelines, development policies and new MFF. 5. HQ and EUDs + EEAS and FPI. 						e based on rojects and ns criteria: lue added. d for each	
	 Mid- Imp achieve efficier Imp modifie Com Post Type Long Desi 	plementation ements of ol ncy of instrum proving imp cation or sus mission and -2020 (toget e: final evalu- ger-term out gn of future	n of regular ojectives by ments. olementatior pension of t partner cou her with inte ation report comes and in	tion from 1 means of ind of Union ypes of actio ntries erim review of mpacts and s and adjustmo	nenting regul L Jan 2014 dicators mea 's assistance ons implemen of next finane sustainability ent of follow	to 30 June suring the re e. Inform o nted. cial period) of effects of	esults deliver decisions or f the instrum	red and the

Election Observation Missions

	Election Observation Missions (EIDHR)								
programme:									
Summary, general	The legal basis of the EIDHR does not provide for any performance indicators. However, a								
description of the logic	comprehensive review on performance for the previous year will be provided in the AAR.								
	Specific objectives and performance indicators will be reviewed each year as part of the SPP								
and sequence of the	cycle (Programme Statements, AMP, AAR). A thorough analysis of the actions implemented will								
overall progress and	be undertaken on a regular basis in order to allow assessing the overall progress of the								
performance reporting			-				-		
framework	different objectives of the EU Election Observation Missions. Specific impact indicators developed for the Programme Statement will be monitored on a yearly basis and the								
	aggregated data will provide a general overview of the global impact of the EU Election Observation Missions.								
	General and specific objectives, indicators, milestones and targets								
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	Supporting and consolidating democratic reforms in third countries, by enhancing participatory								
								cycle, and improving the	
	-							ervation missions.	
Impact indicator:		eline 2012		,	Milestor	-	Long term t		
Number of electoral	16 per year			22,	porvoar		25		
processes and	TO HEI AGU				per year nid-term revie	w should	25 per year.		
processes and democratic cycles	1				conducted to				
supported, observed,	I			forr	mat and size o	f missions			
and followed by means	I			deployed and their impact.					
of Election Observation	I								
Missions, Election	I								
Assessment Teams and	I								
Election Experts	I								
Missions proposing	I								
recommendations to	I								
the host country.	I								
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	Deliver a s	trengthene	d and h	ottor	r integrated	annroach i	o democrati	c cycles through election	
Si Leine Objective	Deliver a strengthened and better integrated approach to democratic cycles, through election observation and other types of support to democratic and electoral processes.								
Indicator 1:	Number o	f Election F	ollow-u	p Mi	issions (post	-election e	xpert mission	ns) deployed in countries	
	after an Ele	ection Obse	rvation	Miss	sion to asses	s the imple	mentation of	recommendations.	
Baseline	L		ſ	Viles	stones			Target 2020	
2012	2014	2015	201	6	2017	2018	2019	2020	
			3						
1	2	3	3		4	4	4	5	
1 Indicator 2:				ssess		-		5 s expressed in number of	
		to suppor		ssess		-			
	EU capacit	to suppor	t and a			-			
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the	EU capacit	to suppor	t and a	Viles	s democratic	-		s expressed in number of	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained	EU capacit experts tra 2014	y to suppor ained. 2015	t and a r 201	Viles	democratic stones 2017	and electo	2019	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous	EU capacit experts tra	to suppor ained.	t and a	Viles	democratic	and electo	pral processe	s expressed in number of Target 2020	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme	EU capacit experts tra 2014	y to suppor ained. 2015	t and a r 201	Viles	democratic stones 2017	and electo	2019	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme (NEEDS) in 2009-2012,	EU capacit experts tra 2014	y to suppor ained. 2015	t and a r 201	Viles	democratic stones 2017	and electo	2019	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme	EU capacit experts tra 2014	y to suppor ained. 2015	t and a r 201	Viles	democratic stones 2017	and electo	2019	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme (NEEDS) in 2009-2012, with an average of 130	EU capacit experts tra 2014	y to suppor ained. 2015	t and a r 201	Viles	democratic stones 2017	and electo	2019	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme (NEEDS) in 2009-2012, with an average of 130 experts and observers	EU capacit experts tra 2014	y to suppor ained. 2015 140	t and a	Viles 6)	democratic stones 2017	and electo 2018 150	2019	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme (NEEDS) in 2009-2012, with an average of 130 experts and observers trained per year.	EU capacit experts tra 2014 130	y to suppor ained. 2015 140 Monitor	t and a 201 14(Viles	democratic tones 2017 150 orting arran	2018 150 gements	2019 160	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020 160	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme (NEEDS) in 2009-2012, with an average of 130 experts and observers trained per year. Description of how	EU capacit experts tra 2014 130 Regular re	y to suppor ained. 2015 140 Monitor	t and a r 201 14(ing and	Viles 6 0 I repo	democratic stones 2017 150 orting arran	2018 150 gements	2019 160 ents by indic	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020 160 cators will be performed.	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme (NEEDS) in 2009-2012, with an average of 130 experts and observers trained per year. Description of how progress on achieving	EU capacit experts tra 2014 130 Regular re The list of	y to suppor ained. 2015 140 Monitor eviews (at lef	t and a r 201 14(ing and east twi ountries	Viles 6 0 I repo is p	s democratic stones 2017 150 orting arran early) of the repared one	2018 150 gements e achievem ce per year	2019 160 ents by indic	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020 160 cators will be performed. ed once during the year	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme (NEEDS) in 2009-2012, with an average of 130 experts and observers trained per year. Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets	EU capacit experts tra 2014 130 Regular re The list of according	y to suppor ained. 2015 140 Monitor eviews (at lef f priority co to develope	t and a 201 14(ing and east twi puntries ments.	Miles 6 0 I repo is p Regu	s democratic stones 2017 150 orting arran early) of the repared one ilar review of	2018 150 gements e achievem ce per year	2019 160 ents by indic	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020 160 cators will be performed.	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme (NEEDS) in 2009-2012, with an average of 130 experts and observers trained per year. Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is	EU capacit experts tra 2014 130 Regular re The list of according	y to suppor ained. 2015 140 Monitor eviews (at lef	t and a 201 14(ing and east twi puntries ments.	Miles 6 0 I repo is p Regu	s democratic stones 2017 150 orting arran early) of the repared one ilar review of	2018 150 gements e achievem ce per year	2019 160 ents by indic	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020 160 cators will be performed. ed once during the year	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme (NEEDS) in 2009-2012, with an average of 130 experts and observers trained per year. Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	EU capacit experts tra 2014 130 Regular re The list of according observers	y to suppor ained. 2015 140 Monitor eviews (at le f priority co to developi trained (at l	t and a 1201 140 ing and east twi ments. east tw	Miles 6 0 I repo is p Regu	s democratic stones 2017 150 orting arran early) of the repared one ilar review of	2018 150 gements e achievem ce per year	2019 160 ents by indic	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020 160 cators will be performed. ed once during the year	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme (NEEDS) in 2009-2012, with an average of 130 experts and observers trained per year. Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked Actors involved in	EU capacit experts tra 2014 130 Regular re The list of according observers	y to suppor ained. 2015 140 Monitor eviews (at lef f priority co to develope	t and a 1201 140 ing and east twi ments. east tw	Miles 6 0 I repo is p Regu	s democratic stones 2017 150 orting arran early) of the repared one ilar review of	2018 150 gements e achievem ce per year	2019 160 ents by indic	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020 160 cators will be performed. ed once during the year	
Indicator 2: Baseline The baseline is the number of experts trained during the previous training programme (NEEDS) in 2009-2012, with an average of 130 experts and observers trained per year. Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	EU capacit experts tra 2014 130 Regular re The list of according observers	y to suppor ained. 2015 140 Monitor eviews (at le f priority co to developi trained (at l	t and a 1201 140 ing and east twi ments. east tw	Miles 6 0 I repo is p Regu	s democratic stones 2017 150 orting arran early) of the repared one ilar review of	2018 150 gements e achievem ce per year	2019 160 ents by indic	s expressed in number of Target 2020 2020 160 cators will be performed. ed once during the year	

	Member States through Focal Points meetings							
	EODS							
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	Monitoring reports will cover all aspects relating to implementation of missions: use of framework contracts for the selection of service providers, cooperation with Member States Focal Points for the selection of observers, evaluation of observers and Core Team members, provision of trainings for observers and experts.							
Planned use of information	Annual Management Plans, Annual Activity Reports, SDAO reports, Annual Action Programmes, EIDHR Strategy Paper, EIDHR Multiannual Indicative Programme.							
Frequency of reporting	Reporting will follow the EC framework (AARs, SDAO, etc.), i.e. on an annual basis. Art 13 of Common Implementing Regulation: As of 2015 annual reporting, containing information relating to the previous year, report on the achievement of objectives of each regulation by means of indicators, measuring the results delivered and the efficiency of the instrument. The annual report of 2021 contains consolidated info from annual reports of 2014-2020.							
Indicate the availability	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
of reports in the	AMP	AMP	AMP	AMP	AMP	AMP	AMP	Report
timeline	AAR	AAR	AAR	AAR	AAR	AAR	AAR	consolid
	Budget updates	Budget updates	Budget updates	Budget updates Mid-term review	Budget updates	Budget updates	Budget updates	ated info
		Evaluation	ns of the spei		nme			
Per evaluation indicate: 1. Deadline 2. Type 3. Main issues addres coverage 4. Planned use of results 5. Actors involved	Evaluations of the spending programme 1. end of 2017 2. Mid-term evaluation 3. evaluation of the effectiveness, efficiency and EU added value 4. Remedial action 5. FPI, EEAS, Member States (Focal Points), European Parliament (DEG) 1. Post-2020 (together with interim review of next financial period) 2. Final evaluation report 3. Longer-term outcomes and impacts and sustainability of effects of the instruments 4. Design of future instrument and adjustment of follow-up instrument. 5. Commission and partner countries							

PI (Partnership Instrument)

Title spending programme:	PI (Partnership Instrume	nt for Cooperation with third Cou	intries)				
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The Partnership Instrument is a new instrument (as successor to the small and limited Industrialized Countries Instrument). The legal basis of the PI foresees performance indicators for the respective four specific indicators. The performance indicators (and their data sources) will be reviewed each year as part of the SPP cycle (Programme Statements, AMP, AAR). A thorough analysis of the actions and programmes implemented will be undertaken on a regular basis in order to allow assessing the overall progress of the different objectives of the PI. Specific impact indicators will be developed with the successive AAPs so that the aggregated data of these impact indicators can give a general overview of the global impact of the instrument						
	All PI actions will be regularly monitored and reported. The monitoring will be carried out by the Project Managers (either in Delegations or at Headquarters depending on whether the action is managed locally or not) on a regular basis through meetings with the beneficiaries and other stakeholders, field visits and the review of interim and final operational and financial reports provided by the beneficiaries. All actions must submit a final audit or expenditure verification report and some of these are submitted for an ex-post control performed either by Commission staff or external auditors that are contracted by the Commission. Delegations and Headquarters have to report through the AOSD's annual report to the Head of Service of FPI and therefore contribute to the AAR and the declaration of assurance.						
		vith the Common Implementing Regul					
GENERAL OBJECTIVE	GENERAL OBJECTIVE The Partnership Instrument shall support measures that respond in an effective and flexible manner to objectives arising from the Union's bilateral, regional or multilateral relationships with third countries and shall address challenges of global concern and ensure an adequate follow-up to decisions taken at a multilateral level.						
Impact indicator:	Baseline 2014	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020				
Increased influence of EU on policy formulation, agreements concluded, and increased coordination in multilateral fora with partner countries in line with EU interests.	A mapping of existing agreements with key partner countries and of positions of key partner countries will be established in 2014 to create a baseline as regards: 1) Challenges of global concern. 2) Selected areas of cooperation within the scope of the "EU 2020 strategy". 3) The perception about the EU. Support for the Union's	A mid-term review will be conducted to measure the evolution agreements and positions compared to the 2014 baseline.	Positions, approaches and policies of key partner countries have evolved in closer consonance with EU's views and vision as reflected in negotiations and/or agreements.				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	Support for the Union's bilateral, regional and inter-regional cooperation partnership strategies by promoting policy dialogue and by developing collective approaches and responses to challenges of global concern. The attainment of that objective shall be measured inter alia by the progress made by key partner countries in the fight against climate change or in promoting the environmental standards of the Union.						
Indicator:	Number of negotiations processes launched, agreements concluded (e.g. FTAs, PCAs, MoUs, TTIP, etc.), and legislation adopted and/or amended by the key partner countries, in particular in the fields of climate change and the protection of environment.						

Baseline	Milestone 2017	Target 2020				
Mapping of existing agreements with key partners to be established in 2014.	Mid-term review of the Instrument.	Increased EU influence on positions, approaches and policies of key partner countries, evolving in closer consonance with EU's views and vision as reflected in negotiations and/or agreements. Improved coordination with key partner countries with regard to international climate change and environmental negotiations in line with EU interest.				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	Implementing the international dimension of " The attainment of that objective shall be meas policies and objectives by key partner countrie	ured by the uptake of the "Europe 2020"				
Indicator:	Closer collaboration with international stakeh topics relating to the "Europe 2020 Strategy".	olders and key strategic partner countries on				
	Number of actions funded within the scope of the	he "Europe 2020" strategy				
Baseline	Milestones	Target 2020				
Mapping of position of key partner countries with regard to Europe 2020 policies and objectives to be established in 2014.	2017 Mid-term review of the Instrument.	Uptake of Europe 2020 policies and objectives attributed partly to a conducive external/global environment, influenced by successful actions funded under the present objective.				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	Improving access to partner country markets and boosting trade, investment and business opportunities for European companies, while eliminating barriers to market access and investment, by means of economic partnerships, business and regulatory cooperation. The attainment of that objective shall be measured by the Union's share in foreign trade with key partner countries and by trade and investment flows to partner countries specifically targeted by actions, programmes and measures under this Regulation.					
Indicator:	EU share in foreign trade with key partner coun	tries (BRIC, US, and Japan and Canada)				
	EU trade and investments flows to key partner of	tries (BRIC, US, and Japan and Canada)				
Baseline	EU trade and investments flows to key partner of Milestones	tries (BRIC, US, and Japan and Canada)				
Baseline - EU share in trade with Strategic Partners (BRIC, US and Japan). 2008: 44.2% 2009: 44.3% 2010: 48% 2011: 44.7% 2012: 44.3% (Source: COMEXT/IMF) - EU Foreign Direct Investment Inflows: 169 billion EUR Outflows: 196 billion EUR (Source: EUROSTAT)	EU trade and investments flows to key partner of Milestones 2017 Mid-term review of the Instrument. Maintain share	tries (BRIC, US, and Japan and Canada) countries (BRIC, US and Japan and Canada) Target 2020 Overall increase in share of global trade flows. Increase in FDI inflows and outflows in parallel with global economic growth.				
Baseline - EU share in trade with Strategic Partners (BRIC, US and Japan). 2008: 44.2% 2009: 44.3% 2010: 48% 2011: 44.7% 2012: 44.3% (Source: COMEXT/IMF) - EU Foreign Direct Investment Inflows: 169 billion EUR Outflows: 196 billion	EU trade and investments flows to key partner of Milestones 2017 Mid-term review of the Instrument. Maintain share To enhance widespread understanding and vis scene by means of public diplomacy, people-t and academic matters, think tank cooperation	tries (BRIC, US, and Japan and Canada) countries (BRIC, US and Japan and Canada) Target 2020 Overall increase in share of global trade flows. Increase in FDI inflows and outflows in parallel				
Baseline - EU share in trade with Strategic Partners (BRIC, US and Japan). 2008: 44.2% 2009: 44.3% 2010: 48% 2011: 44.7% 2012: 44.3% (Source: COMEXT/IMF) - EU Foreign Direct Investment Inflows: 169 billion EUR Outflows: 196 billion EUR (Source: EUROSTAT)	EU trade and investments flows to key partner of Milestones 2017 Mid-term review of the Instrument. Maintain share To enhance widespread understanding and vis scene by means of public diplomacy, people-t and academic matters, think tank cooperation values and interests. The attainment of tha	tries (BRIC, US, and Japan and Canada) countries (BRIC, US and Japan and Canada) Target 2020 Overall increase in share of global trade flows. Increase in FDI inflows and outflows in parallel with global economic growth.				
Baseline - EU share in trade with Strategic Partners (BRIC, US and Japan). 2008: 44.2% 2009: 44.3% 2010: 48% 2011: 44.7% 2012: 44.3% (Source: COMEXT/IMF) - EU Foreign Direct Investment Inflows: 169 billion EUR Outflows: 196 billion EUR (Source: EUROSTAT) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4	EU trade and investments flows to key partner of Milestones 2017 Mid-term review of the Instrument. Maintain share To enhance widespread understanding and vis scene by means of public diplomacy, people-1 and academic matters, think tank cooperation values and interests. The attainment of tha opinion surveys or evaluations.	tries (BRIC, US, and Japan and Canada) countries (BRIC, US and Japan and Canada) Target 2020 Overall increase in share of global trade flows. Increase in FDI inflows and outflows in parallel with global economic growth.				
Baseline - EU share in trade with Strategic Partners (BRIC, US and Japan). 2008: 44.2% 2009: 44.3% 2010: 48% 2011: 44.7% 2012: 44.3% (Source: COMEXT/IMF) - EU Foreign Direct Investment Inflows: 169 billion EUR Outflows: 196 billion EUR (Source: EUROSTAT) SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4 Indicator:	EU trade and investments flows to key partner of Milestones 2017 Mid-term review of the Instrument. Maintain share To enhance widespread understanding and vis scene by means of public diplomacy, people-tail and academic matters, think tank cooperation values and interests. The attainment of that opinion surveys or evaluations. Opinion surveys or evaluations.	tries (BRIC, US, and Japan and Canada) countries (BRIC, US and Japan and Canada) Target 2020 Overall increase in share of global trade flows. Increase in FDI inflows and outflows in parallel with global economic growth.				

					policies in	key partner	countries.	
Monitoring and reporting arrangements								
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	 A mapping of existing agreements with key partner countries and of positions of key partner countries will be established in 2014 to create a baseline as regards: 1) Challenges of global concern. 2) Selected areas of cooperation within the scope of the "EU 2020 strategy". 3) The perception about the EU. As regards specific objective 3 (trade component), constant Eurostat surveys allow for a close monitoring of the evolution of the situation. Country specific projects will be followed by the FPI colleagues in delegations (where existing) supported by the "Market Access Teams"/TRADE colleagues in those delegations. The mid-term review is foreseen for 2017. 							
Actors involved in monitoring	Service pro Think tank Eurostat Independe PI steering Guidelines	FPI.4 relevant team, with the support of colleagues in delegation Service providers (2014 baseline survey, Mid-Term review and final evaluation) Think tanks, civil society organisations and stakeholders from the academic and cultural spheres Eurostat Independent experts PI steering group(s) to be established for evaluation and steering purposes, as per the new Guidelines for evaluation. The steering groups will include all relevant services according to the themes covered and comprising in each one at least the FPI and the EEAS.						
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	Monitoring reports will cover all aspects relating to implementation issues (best approach),							
Planned use of information	The inform different n the steerin get as close	etc.). The information made available thanks to the above monitoring strategy will feed in the different mandatory and ad hoc reporting needs (AARs, SDAO reports, AMPs, etc.) as well as the steering needs for both the global strategy and that of each specific objective in order to get as close as possible of changing needs according to the evolution of the situation addressed by the different programmes and projects.						
Frequency of reporting	Reporting will follow the EC framework (AARs, SDAO, etc.), i.e. on an annual basis. Internally (FPI) and for the needs of the PI steering Groups, a bi-annual reporting might be considered for limited aspects. As of 2015 annual reporting, containing information relating to the previous year, report on the achievement of objectives of the regulation by means of indicators, measuring the results delivered and the efficiency of the instrument. The annual report of 2021 contains consolidated info from annual reports of 2014-2020.							
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 AMP AAR Budget updates	2015 AMP AAR Budget updates	2016 AMP AAR Budget updates	2017 AMP AAR Budget updates	2018 AMP AAR Budget updates	2019 AMP AAR Budget updates	2020 AMP AAR Budget updates	2021 Report consolid ated info 2014- 2020
		Evaluatio	ons of the sp	ending prog	ramme			

1. Deadline: 2017

2. Type: an in-depth Mid-Term Review, in order to fine-tune the programme for the second period of the MFF

3. Main issues addressed: MTR will address the effectiveness of chosen actions per specific objective. It will have to show to which extent choices made have given a clear added value to the EU action and perception abroad.

4. Planned use of evaluation results: stocktaking of achievements, of successes and failures. Improving the approach for the second term of the MFF on the basis of lessons learnt. It will be used as the basis for adopting a delegated act amending the annex by 31 March 2018 (article 4 proposed Regulation).

5. Actors involved: FPI (annual context) and EEAS (multi-annual context)

1. Deadline Post-2020 (together with interim review of next financial period)

2. Type: Final evaluation report

3. Main issues addressed: Longer-term outcomes and impacts and sustainability of effects of the instruments

- 4. Planned use of evaluation results: Design of future instrument and adjustment of follow-up instrument.5. Actors involved: Commission and partner countries

INSC (Instrument for Nuclear Safety Cooperation)

Title spending programme:	INSC (Instrument for Nuclear Safety Cooperation)								
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	Please refer to introduction section under heading 4.								
CENE		0.00150			000				
GENER	RAL AND SPECIFI	C OBJEC	.TIVES,	INDICAT	OKS, IV	IILESTO	NES AN	DIARG	EIS
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1: Suppo efficient and effective safegua						afety, ra	adiation	protec	tion and the application o
IMPACT INDICATOR:		Baselii	ne (201	.3)			Milest (201		Target (2020)
Support provided to	• The countrie	s currer	ntly em	barking i	n nucle	ar			
countries embarking in	energy are: A	Armenia	, Bangl	ladesh, B	elarus,				
nuclear energy to promote	Egypt, Indon	esia, Jor	dan, M	lalaysia,					
the establishment of a	Mongolia, M				lippine	s.	5 coun		8 countries covered by
nuclear safety culture based	Thailand, Tu		-			-/	support		2020
on the transfer of EU						ro	201	/	
experience.	The countrie		•		ssues a	ire			
	Ukraine, Kyr <u>g</u> Uzbekistan.	yyzsturi,	TUJIKIS	un und					
									I
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1: Promot radiation protection standard				-		-	entatio	n of the	highest nuclear safety an
INDICATOR 1:	Baseline			M	ileston	05			Target (2020) = Total
Number and importance of	(2012)		1	14	lieston				2014-2020
issues identified during		201	201	201	201	201	201	202	
relevant IAEA peer review		4	5	6	7	8	9	0	
missions (projects funded	4								8
by the EC to respond to the		2	1	1	1	1	1	1	
issues identified and eligible)*.									
		I							
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2: Respo remediation of former nuclea		-		of spent	fuel a	nd radi	oactive	waste,	the decommissioning an
INDICATOR 1:	Baseline			N	ileston	es			Target (2020) =
Progress on the strategies related to spent fuel,	(2012)	201	14	2016		2018	2	019	Total 2014-2020
nuclear waste and		20.	14	2010		2010	- 2	013	
decommissioning strategies,									
the respective legislative									
and regulatory framework									
and implementation of									
projects: number of	2								A
national strategy document	2			1		1	4		
for spent fuel, nuclear									
waste management and									
decommissioning activities									
(request from individual									
countries for bilateral									
cooperation)*.									
	Baseline	1							Target (2020) =
INDICATOR 2:	(2012)			N	ileston	es			Target (2020) = Total 2014-2020
Waste management and	(2012)	201	14	2015		2016	2	017	
remediation projects*			-	2010					6

remediation projects*.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3: Establishment of frameworks and methodologies for the application of efficient and effective safeguards for nuclear material in third countries.

INDICATOR 1: Number and importance of	Baseline (2012)			Milestones		Targe	t 2020= Total 2014- 2020
issues identified in relevant		20	15	2017	2019		
IAEA nuclear safeguards reports (projects funded by the EC)*	0	:	1	1	1		3
	MON	ITORING AN	ID REPORTII	NG ARRANGEI	MENTS		
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	will be moni framework o Indicators m tool as well a	tored by the of the appro- narked with as through a	e internation priate UN in (*) will be id-hoc aggre	al donor comistitutions and monitored the	nunity as we gremia. ^r ough the in [.] basis of data	ll as partner ternal monit	pending programme countries within the oring and reporting project/programme
Actors involved in	EU Delegations and DEVCO Headquarters services, UN institutions, its members (including EU Member states and partner countries), other international institutions, national and international civil society organisations and networks.						
monitoring							
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	internationa	l civil society on the stat	y organisatic tus of the i	ons and netwo ndicators abo	rks.	nal institut	
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring	internationa Information Developmen Information Developmen any time wit	on the stat on the stat on the stat on the stat on the stat the report on thin the prop	y organisatic tus of the i an annual b tus of the i an annual l gramming p	ndicators abo asis. ndicators abo asis. ndicators abo basis. Informa	rks. ve will be ir ve will be ir tion can be u D20). It may a	nal institut acluded with acluded with used to revie also lead to o	ions, national and in AAR and DEVCO in AAR and DEVCO w MIPs priorities at changes in the focus
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports Planned use of information.	internationa Information Developmen any time wit of specific pu For MDGs - institutions a 2015 global For indicator	on the stat on the stat on the stat on the stat on the stat the report on thin the pro- rojects and p Reporting at and gremia framework. rs marked w	y organisation tus of the i an annual b tus of the i an annual b gramming p programmes t country lev for 2014 and ith (*) - Freq	ndicators abo asis. ndicators abo basis. Informa eriod (2014-20 under implen vel will be baso d 2015. Subse	rks. ve will be ir ve will be ir tion can be u D20). It may a nentation or s ed on data a quently, repo	nal institut acluded with used to revie also lead to o still at formu vailability as orting will be	ions, national and in AAR and DEVCO in AAR and DEVCO w MIPs priorities at changes in the focus lation stage. provided by the UN based on the Post-
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	internationa Information Developmen any time wit of specific pu For MDGs - institutions a 2015 global For indicator	on the stat on the stat on the stat on the stat on the stat the report on thin the pro- rojects and p Reporting at and gremia framework. rs marked w	y organisation tus of the i an annual b tus of the i an annual b gramming p programmes t country lev for 2014 and ith (*) - Freq	ndicators abo asis. ndicators abo basis. Informa eriod (2014-20 under implen vel will be baso d 2015. Subse	rks. ve will be ir ve will be ir tion can be u D20). It may a nentation or s ed on data a quently, repo	nal institut acluded with used to revie also lead to o still at formu vailability as orting will be	ions, national and in AAR and DEVCO in AAR and DEVCO w MIPs priorities at changes in the focus

EVALUATIONS OF THE SPENDING PROGRAMME
 2 country level evaluations will provide information on INSC: Bangladesh and Morocco, in addition with regular INSC evaluations undertaken by the thematic unit and the strategic evaluation on Nuclear Safety foreseen in 2016. Depending on their timing, these evaluations will take into account the previous MFF period still under implementation (e.g. Bangladesh in 2014) and/or the new MFF (Nuclear Safety and Morocco).
 The evaluation on Nuclear Safety will give a judgement on EU cooperation mainly on the basis of secondary information (outputs of internal monitoring, on-going and final ROM and existing projects and programmes evaluations) complemented by primary information (field visits). All are spending programmes evaluations and will address 7 evaluations criteria: relevance, coherence, effectiveness, efficiency, impact, sustainability, EU value
 added. 4. Mid-term review of multiannual country programmes, thematic programmes and new MFF. 5. HQ and EUDs + EEAS.

IcSP (*Instrument contributing to stability and peace*)

relating to specific objectives 1 and 2

Title spending programme:	IcSP (Instrument cont	ributing to stability and peac	e) – specific objectives 1 and 2			
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and	The legal basis of the IcSP (which replaces the Instrument for Stability – IfS) does not provide for any performance indicators (the co-legislators maintained that indicators were inappropriate for a political instrument such as the IcSP). However, a comprehensive review on performance for the previous year will be provided in the AAR.					
performance reporting framework	All IfS/IcSP actions are regularly monitored and reported. The monitoring is carried out by the Project Managers (either in Delegations or at Headquarters depending on whether the action is managed locally or not) on a regular basis through meetings with the beneficiaries and other stakeholders, field visits and the review of interim and final operational and financial reports provided by the beneficiaries. All actions must submit a final audit or expenditure verification report and some of these are submitted for an ex-post control performed either by Commission staff or external auditors that are contracted by the Commission.					
	the IfS/IcSP annual report measures through monthl on the individual actions a IfS/IcSP annual report cor	and the AOSD report. FPI inform y notes to the Political and Secur ind through the IfS annual repor	a year through the mid-year report, s the Member States on the IfS/IcSP ity Committee (PSC), updated notes t to Council and EP (from 2014, the e overall annual report on external g Regulation).			
		ters report through the AOSD's a bute to the AAR and the declarat	innual report to the Head of Service ion of assurance.			
		the elements taken into account	nid-term/final evaluations). These t in the design of a follow-on action			
	actions (under article 4.3 d level evaluation on crisis	A programme-level evaluation was launched in 2013 for IfS Peacebuilding Partnership (PbP) actions (under article 4.3 of the IfS) as a follow-up of the 2009 PbP evaluation. A programme-level evaluation on crisis response actions will be launched to cover the end of the previous programming period (as a follow-up of the 2011 programme-level evaluation of IfS crisis				
	inserted under the Com procedures	mon Implementing Regulation	evaluations provisions have been laying down common rules and ncing external action as follows:			
	for the implementation of the Union's instruments for financing external action as follows: - regular monitoring and evaluation of its actions and policies (Article 12); - an annual report on the achievement of the objectives of each Regulation by means of indicators, measuring the results delivered and the efficiency of the relevant Instrument (Article 13); - by 31 December 2017, a mid-term review and evaluation of the instrument (Article 16). - a final evaluation report on the period 2014-2020 (Article 17).					
	General and specific object	ctives, indicators, milestones and	l targets			
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1	coherence of the Union's		es by increasing the efficiency and sponse, conflict prevention, peace- and trans-regional threats			
Impact indicator:	Baseline (2012)	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020			
Number of conflicts worldwide (source: Conflict Barometer http://hiik.de/en/index.ht ml)	396	393	390			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1.	effective response desig essential to the proper	In a situation of crisis or emerging crisis, to swiftly contribute to stability by providing an effective response designed to help preserve, establish or re-establish the conditions essential to the proper implementation of the Union's external policies and actions in accordance with Article 21 TEU.				

Indicator:	Percentage PSC).	e of projects	adopted w	ithin 3 mon	ths of a cris	is context (c	late of pres	entation to
Baseline (2011)	,		Milestor	ne 2017			Target	2020
57%		70% 75%						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2.	To prevent peace.	conflicts, e	nsure prepa	redness to a	ddress pre-	and post-cri	sis situation	s and build
Indicator:	Strengthen pre and po	st conflict si	tuations and		ace (express	tance to pre ed in the nu ding).		
Baseline (2011)			Milestor	ne 2017			Target	2020
952			1,2	00			1,5	00
		Monitori	ng and repo	rting arrange	ements	I		
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	conflict ba response in Specific ob data from building ac	rometer, ind nterventions jective 2: pro completed tions, where	cluding for t ogress towar d or ongoi eby a manua	hose countr rds targets an ng crisis pi il count will	ies and regind their mile reparedness be undertak	odated figure ons in which estones will b , conflict p en. This prod his objective.	the IfS/IcS be tracked us prevention cess will be u	P has crisis sing project and peace
Actors involved in monitoring		d in the 'sures; and Men		ion above: S	Staff at HQ;	Staff at EU	Delegations	; Auditors;
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	civil society between o As a globa competitiv assistance at EU level partners.	IcSP responses often require a collective effort based on strong partnerships with other States, civil society actors, multilateral and regional partners. Thus any direct and immediate causality between outcomes and the programme attribution to these outcomes is difficult to ascertain. As a global player, the EU has the credibility and perception of neutrality that provides a competitive advantage to intervene in many conflict areas to avoid escalation or to offer assistance in preventing conflicts. Thus, an impact is achieved when the response is provided at EU level, as combined efforts provide increased leverage over authorities and international partners. This first set of indicators will be a test-case.						
Planned use of information		Management Plan (SPP), AAR (SPP), ICSP Annual Report (non-SPP), spending programme updates and adjustments (non SPP).						
Frequency of reporting	ongoing in of 2015 an achieveme delivered	ternal perfo nual reporti nt of object and the e	rmance mar ng, containi tives of the fficiency of	nagement. A ng informati regulation I	rt 13 of Cor on relating by means o ment. The	wice a year nmon Implet to the previo f indicators, annual rep	menting Reg ous year, rep measuring	ulation: As port on the the results
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 MP AAR Annual Report, Budget updates	2015 MP AAR Annual Report, Budget updates	2016 MP AAR Annual Report, Budget updates	2017 MP AAR Annual Report, Budget updates ending prog	2018 MP AAR Annual Report, Budget updates	2019 MP AAR Annual Report, Budget updates	2020 MP AAR Annual Report, Budget updates	2021 Final consolidat ed report

Information per	1. Deadline: 2015
evaluation:	2. Type: Evaluation on IfS crisis response measures, under the previous MFF, in order to
1. Deadline	incorporate lessons learned and best practice into the design of future interventions under the
2. Туре	new IcSP.
3. Main issues	3. Main issues addressed: To address the effectiveness of crisis response actions, giving insight
addressed and	to the extent to which decisions made have given a clear added value to the EU action.
coverage	4. Planned use of evaluation results: stocktaking of achievements, of successes and failures.
4. Planned use of	Improving the approach for actions under the new IcSP regulation.
evaluation results	5. Actors involved: FPI, EEAS, implementing partners and beneficiaries.
5. Actors involved	
	1. Deadline: 2017
	2. Type: an in-depth Mid-Term Review, in order to fine-tune the programme for the second
	period of the MFF.
	3. Main issues addressed: MTR will address the effectiveness of chosen actions per specific
	objective. It will have to show to which extent choices made have given a clear added value to
	the EU action.
	4. Planned use of evaluation results: stocktaking of achievements, of successes and failures.
	Improving the approach for the second term of the MFF on the basis of lessons learnt.
	5. Actors involved: FPI, EEAS, implementing partners and beneficiaries.
	1. Deadline: Post-2020
	2. Type: Final Term Review, in order to assess the success of the IcSP under the 2014-2020
	MFF and feed into improvements in the next MFF.
	3. Main issues addressed: To address the effectiveness of crisis response actions, giving insight
	to the extent to which decisions made have given a clear added value to the EU action.
	4. Planned use of evaluation results: stocktaking of achievements, of successes and failures.
	Improving the approach for actions under any new IcSP regulation.
	5. Actors involved: FPI, EEAS, implementing partners and beneficiaries.
	1. Deadline: Ongoing through 2014-2020
	2. Type: IcSP project-level Monitoring/evaluations. Monitoring and evaluation of ongoing IcSP
	projects and actions with final recommendations communicated and implemented as
	appropriate. The monitoring/evaluation approach will be reviewed annually to ensure its
	appropriateness in the monitoring of short-term actions, which is very difficult to do under the
	standard ROM approach used for development programmes.
	3. Main Issues: Fine tuning an appropriate monitoring/evaluation approach to crisis response
	measures which typically only run for 18 months.
	4. Planned use of results: Final recommendations will be communicated to staff at HQ and
	Delegations and implemented as appropriate in the design of future IcSP actions.
	5. Actors involved: Staff at HQ, staff at EU Delegations, external evaluators and auditors.

relating to specific objective 3

Title spending programme:	IcSP (Instrument contributing to stability and peace)- specific objective 3						
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework.	Please refer to introduction section under heading 4.						
GEN	IERAL AND SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES, IN	DICATORS, MILESTONES AND	TARGETS				
	rovide direct support for the Union e areas of conflict prevention, crisis regional threats.						
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3: To ac	Idress specific global and trans-reg	ional threats to peace, interna	ational security and stability.				
INDICATOR 1:	Baseline (2012)	Milestones	Target (2020)				
The degree of alignment	Risk mitigation:						
with relevant EU external security policy, including the external dimension of internal security*.	Number of former weapon scientists talents redirected to peaceful activities (ISTC and STCU in Moscow and Kiev)*: 18.000	18.300 (2015)	18.600				
internal security .	Strengthening capabilities against biological threats: Number of facilities upgraded to international standard level*: 2	8 (2015)	12				
	Regional centres of excellence: Number of partner countries benefitting from the assistance of the EC acting in multilateral framework*: 15	60 (2016)	70				
	Countering Terrorism: Number of countries covered by the counter terrorism activities*: 5	8 (2016)	12				
	Fighting organised crime: Number of major drug smuggling routes covered by the organised crime activities*: 2	2 (2016)	2				
	Protecting critical infrastructure: The number of countries covered by critical infrastructure activities*: 4	6 (2016)	10				
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	MONITORING AND REPO The achievement of the mileston will be monitored by the internat framework of the appropriate UN Indicators marked with (*) will be as well as through ad-hoc aggre internal monitoring systems at co	es and targets as set out for t ional donor community as we institutions and gremia. e monitored through the interner gation on the basis of data	Il as partner countries within the nal monitoring and reporting tool				
Actors involved in monitoring	EU Delegations and DEVCO Head Member states and partner international civil society organisa	countries), other internatio					
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	Information on the status of the indicators above will be included within AAR and DEVCO Development Report on an annual basis.						
Planned use of information	Information on the status of th	e indicators above will be in	ncluded within AAR and DEVCO				

Frequency of reporting	Development Report on an annual basis. Information can be used to review MIPs priorities at any time within the programming period (2014-2020). It may also lead to changes in the focus of specific projects and programmes under implementation or still at formulation stage. For MDGs -Reporting at country level will be based on data availability as provided by the UN institutions and gremia for 2014 and 2015. Subsequently, reporting will be based on the Post- 2015 global framework. For indicators marked with (*) - Frequency of reporting will be annual. Status of indicators will be reported within the Annual Activity Report on an annual basis. Art 13 of Common Implementing Regulation: As of 2015 annual reporting, containing information							
	relating to t means of ind annual report	the previou dicators, m	us year, rep leasuring the	ort on the a e results deli [,]	chievement vered and t	of objective	es of the report of the instru	gulation by
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 x	2015 x	2016 x	2017 x	2018 x	2019 x	2020 x	2021 x
	EV	ALUATIONS	OF THE SPE	NDING PROG	RAMME			
1. Deadline	(2016) Ex inputs to th Th 2. under	interventions financed through IcSP: Democracy (2014), LRRD (2015), Human Rights (2016), Resilience (2017). Every country level evaluation in countries where IcSP has been used will also provide inputs to the above evaluations. This will inform the CIR reports including the meta-evaluation on Fragile States.						
2. Туре	programme 3. criteria	es evaluatio a: relevanc	ons. All are spen	ding program	nmes evalua	I ROM and ations and wi acy, impact,	ill address 7	evaluations
 Main issues addressed Planned use of evaluation results 	thema	for each country depending of the length of their programming under completion), thematic guidelines, development policies and new MFF.						
5. Actors involved	the MFF. 3. MTR will show to wh 4. Planned Improving t 5. Actors in 1. Post-2020 2. Type: Fin and feed in 3. Main issu to the exter 4. Planned Improving t	address t ich extent use of eva he approad volved: FPI 0 (together al Term Re to improve ues address to to which use of eva he approad	he effective choices mad aluation resu ch for the sec , European C with interin eview, in ord ments in the sed: To addr decisions m aluation resu ch for action	ness of chose e have given ilts: stocktak cond term of formmission, i n review of ne er to assess t enext MFF. ess the effec ade have give ilts: stocktak s under any n	en actions p a clear adde ing of achie the MFF on mplementin ext period) he success of tiveness of o en a clear ad ing of achie new ICSP reg	orogramme for ear specific o ed value to the evements, of the basis of I g partners ar of the IcSP un crisis respons Ided value to evements, of ulation. ortners and bo	bjective. It v e EU action. successes a lessons learn nd beneficiar nder the 2014 se actions, gi the EU actio successes a	will have to nd failures. t. ies. 4-2020 MFF ving insight m.

Humanitarian Aid

Title spending programme:	Humanitarian Aid (including	; EUAV - EU Aid Volunteers)					
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	It shall be recalled that, given the character of operations for which DG ECHO is responsible, combined with the heterogeneous type of interventions and the absence of multi-annua planning (due to the short term nature of its operations), the definition of long-term planning and concrete targets and indicators in the policy area is complicated. The general objective of Humanitarian Aid is to improve the chances of survival of people affected or vulnerable to disaster or crisis. To that end it must ensure that the humanitarian aid response is adequate i.e., needs-based, efficient and timely. It should also build and strengthen the capacity and resilience of affected to assess where the money goes, our ability to identify the humanitarian needs, the time to grant and the quality of the results achieved.						
	Programming and implementation is established annually, on the basis of a multi-phased methodology, governed, for HA, by the Integrated Analysis Framework (IAF), an internal needs-based decision making process, which brings together the information and data requirements from different sources. This methodology ensures: i) a more integrated approach to the analysis of context, vulnerability and needs ii) quality of country analysis and transparency. A share of the humanitarian budget (above 10%) remains unallocated and put aside to address new crises or deterioration of existing crises during the year. Decisions on the mobilization of this operational reserve to cover these new situations are based on specific assessment of the needs.						
	Monitoring is constant with day to day follow-up of projects by our experts in the field, visits of HQ officers to projects, selection and assessment of partners, project appraisal worksheet, audits of each partners every 2 to 4 years, review of partners reporting and around 6 evaluations a year focusing on major country operations, partners and thematic issues. A midterm review is also ensured to identify any discrepancy with target and any potential change in the strategy.						
	Reporting is ensured through different layers such as the Annual Activity Report including Declaration of Assurance, the yearly evaluation report and release of all individual evaluation reports, the yearly report on Audits, the DG ECHO Annual Reports on operations, the annual Strategy document (work plan), information systems towards external stakeholders such as Tr-Aid and Edris (including all financial information per country of operations).						
	As from 2014, DG ECHO will start implementing a new system enabling to collect output oriented information so as to strengthen its yearly reporting on outcomes. Various expected outcomes are detailed below and, in view of the short term nature of its projects; DG ECHO intends to produce first output reporting as from 2014 AAR. The EU Aid Volunteers intervention logic is in most of its aspects replicating the one for Humanitarian Aid as it supports and complements it in Third Countries. As opposed to Humanitarian Aid, a new Legal basis has been proposed for the EUAV, clearly identifying the minimum Key Performance Indicators expected and the yearly reporting requirements, which will focus both on implementation and the above mentioned KPIs. It also clearly mentions the evaluation requirements.						
	General and specific objection	ves, indicators, milestones and ta	argets				
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1	HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANC	CE ected by or vulnerable to disast	ters or crises outside the EU to				
Impact indicators:	Annual Average 2010- 2012	Annual average 2014-2019	Long term target 2020				
1. N°. of deaths due to natural disasters	98 689	100 000	100 000				
Impact indicators:	2013-2014	Annual average 2014-2019	Long term target 2020				
2. N°. of countries ≥ 11 in the EU's Global Vulnerability and Crisis (final) Index	19	18	17				

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1	HUM. AID RESPONSE						
	Provide needs based delive disasters and protracted cris		faced with natural and manmad				
Indicator 1:	% of EU HA funds for specific crises spend in most vulnerable countries						
2013	2016	2018	2020				
50%	61%	63%	65%				
Indicator 2:	% of EU HA initial budget for	specific crises spent in forgotte	n crises				
2013	2016	2018	2020				
18,3%	21%	22%	22%				
Indicator 3:	% of projects meeting quality sanitation / hygiene intervention	/ standards in food, nutrition, he tion sectors	ealth, shelter and water /				
2013	2017	2018	2020				
N/A	92%	93%	95%				
Indicator 4:	contracting: Primary Emerge		l of days elapsed from decision t lays				
2013	2	014	2020				
50%	-	75%	95%				
Output 1:	N° of beneficiaries of ECHO of	perations					
2012	Annual aver	2020					
122 Million	>	122 Million	125 Million				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2	RESILIENCE						
Indicator 1:		ence of vulnerable or disaster a ith country resilience priorities i					
2013	2014	2016	2020				
New N/A	3	10	20				
Indicator 2:	% of actions 'on track' of Res	ilience Action Plan.					
2013	2014	2016	2020				
New N/A	70%	80%	90%				
Output 1:	% of ECHO funded operation	s in which Disaster Risk Reduction	n has been mainstreamed				
2013		4-2019	2020				
40%		10%	40%				
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 3	EU AID VOLUNTEERS	lunteers and provide capacity					
Indicator 1:	Number of EU Aid Volunteer	s deployed					
2012		2010					
2013	2014	2018	2020				
New N/A	70	691	981				
Indicator 2: 2013	2014	f and volunteers participating ir 2018	2020				
New N/A	438	705	900				
New N/A		reporting arrangements	500				
Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	through ECHO IT reporting contracts/projects, GVI/GCI done by the desks and fiel implementation to ensure identified per indicator). Syst partners when submitting p	systems (ABAC for financial, for needs assessments) and d experts. A specific tracking all objectives are tracked and tems are mainly fed by ECHO s roposals and final reports. EC	of each objective is mainly tracke , Hope and e-tools/e-fichop for through the constant monitorin tool with lead services is unde d reported on (a chef-de-file is staff and field experts but also b HO is also using several externa- nplete needs assessment and t				

monitoring in comparison of the subsequent monitoring to the subsequent monitor of t	in the field, committees. ECHO monito the timing adherence/re where are th achieved. Information of the activities Nevertheless ECHO is resp of multi-anni long-term pla the collection impact indica Information of - The annua annual EUAV	Commission pring is directed of intervent espect to hum ne humanitari on outputs, o 5, as mentioned onsible, combe ual planning anning and co n and reporting ators) is much collected is us I "General Gu work program	services, EP a ed towards th ion, the eff ianitarian prin an needs, wh utcomes and ed in the sum ined with the (due to the s increte targets ng. In line wi more complic ed, amongst c	nteers, implem and Council th e implementa iciency and ciples. It is con at is the time result is syster mary, given th heterogeneou hort term nat s and indicator th this, the re ated and could others, for: Dperational pr	tion of projec effectiveness istantly assess to grant and matically mon the character of us type of inte ure of its ope rs in the policy eporting of se d be delayed t	tary and deve ts, the quality of operation ed where the the quality o itored as from f operations f rventions and erations), the y area is comp everal indicato o 2015.	assessment, ns and the money goes, of the results in the start of for which DG the absence definition of blicated so as rs (including
subsequent monitoring t reports 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	the timing adherence/re where are th achieved. Information of the activities Nevertheless ECHO is resp of multi-anni long-term pla the collection impact indica Information of - The annua annual EUAV	of intervent espect to hum ne humanitari on outputs, o	ion, the eff anitarian prin an needs, wh utcomes and ed in the sum ined with the (due to the s increte targets ng. In line wi more complic ed, amongst c uidelines on (iciency and ciples. It is con at is the time result is syster mary, given th heterogeneou hort term nat s and indicator th this, the re- rated and could others, for:	effectiveness istantly assess to grant and matically mon he character o us type of inte ure of its ope rs in the policy eporting of se d be delayed t	of operation ed where the the quality of itored as from f operations for rventions and erations), the y area is comp everal indicato o 2015.	ns and the money goes, if the results in the start of for which DG the absence definition of blicated so as rs (including
Planned use of linformation -	the activities Nevertheless ECHO is resp of multi-anni long-term pla the collection impact indica Information of - The annua annual EUAV	, as mentione onsible, comb ual planning anning and co n and reporti ators) is much collected is us I "General Gu work prograr	ed in the sum vined with the (due to the s ncrete targets ng. In line wi more complic ed, amongst c uidelines on (mary, given th heterogeneou hort term nat s and indicator th this, the re tated and could others, for:	the character of us type of inte ure of its ope rs in the policy eporting of se d be delayed t	of operations f rventions and erations), the y area is comp everal indicato o 2015.	or which DG the absence definition of licated so as rs (including
Planned use of lininformation	ECHO is resp of multi-ann long-term pla the collection impact indica Information of - The annua annual EUAV	onsible, comb ual planning anning and co n and reporti ators) is much collected is us I "General Gu work prograr	vined with the (due to the s ncrete targets ng. In line wi more complic ed, amongst c uidelines on (heterogeneou hort term nat s and indicator th this, the re- cated and could others, for:	us type of inte ure of its ope rs in the policy eporting of se d be delayed t	erventions and erations), the y area is comp everal indicato o 2015.	the absence definition of licated so as rs (including
information -	- The annua annual EUAV	I " <i>General Gu</i> work prograr	uidelines on (iorities for H	umanitarian A	Aid" and the
- - - t	- The Annual - The yearly N - Fill-in of pro - Ad-hoc rep to UN.	Report on op Mid-Term Rev ojects appraisa	erational HA a iew occurring al sheets (Ficho Is all external,	/internal stake	n EUAV progra ne;	amme;	cil, reporting
			-	e. oring is consta	int.		
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014 X	2015 X	2016 X	2017 X	2018 X	2019 X	2020 X
evaluation:F1. Deadliner2. Type3.3. Main issues3.addressed andrcoverageF4. Planned use ofFevaluation resultsF5. Actors involvedF6F7F7F8F9	Regarding EU required in 2 3. The evalut region – each ECHO preser evaluations s and working evaluation w effectiveness past experier also focus on 4. Learning f EUAV progra	tions will be la JAV, an interi O21. hof the 13 rep nee will be co should be com g methods, n will cover at s, efficiency a nce. As adopt n the objective from past exp mme, possibl or programme	aunched every m evaluation mme will first gions to be co vered as well plemented by nainly users-o least releva nd sustainabil red in the EUA is and KPIs ide perience to ir e use for a mi	ng programme y year on the b is planned for c of all have g vered at least as a set of sp y cross-cutting lriven and foo nce, EU adde lity. It will also AV programme ntified. hcrease/impro- d-term revisio	asis of the ECI 2017 whereas geographical of once every 5 v ecific themes evaluations of cused on lear ed value, trai o emphasize of e, mid-term ar ve performan	s final ex-post prientations (c years). All maj and policies. c of relevant the rning. The sc nsparency, ac on the need to nd ex-post evance ce and accou	evaluation is coverage per or aspects of Geographical mes, policies ope of each countability, o learn from aluations will ntability. On

EUAV (EU aid volunteers)

The Monitoring, Reporting and Evaluation framework of EU aid volunteers is integrated in the monitoring, reporting, and evaluation framework of the Humanitarian aid programme. Reference is made to specific objective 3 of the framework of the latter programme.

CFSP (Common foreign and Security policy)

Title spending programme:	CFSP (Common Foreign and Security Policy)					
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	All CFSP actions are regularly monitored and reported. The monitoring is carried out by the Project managers on regular basis through the review of monthly, quarterly and financial final reports provided by the beneficiaries. All actions must submit a final audit or expenditure verification report and some of them are submitted to an Ex-post control performed by Commission staff on the spot. The overall progress performance is verified through the 6 monthly reports on activities and the final reports submitted regularly by the beneficiaries to the Commission. The 6 monthly reports are discussed and approved by the Council. Moreover, the Commission submits a quarterly report to the budgetary authority focussed exclusively on the implementation of the CFSP actions. As a result of the specific nature of CFSP, evaluations of CFSP projects will be carried out in close cooperation with the other institutions involved with the management and oversight of CFSP actions.					
	General and specific object	tives, indicators, milestones ar	nd targets			
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1	Contribute to the implementation of the Lisbon Treaty (Article 21 (2) (c) which seek preserve peace, prevent conflicts and strengthen international security, in accordance the purposes and principles of the United Nations Charter, with the principles of Helsinki Final Act and with the aims of the Charter of Paris.					
Impact indicator:	Baseline	Milestone 2017	Long term target 2020			
Number and intensity of conflicts worldwide	Current situation in the Conflict Barometer.Decrease of the intensity of the conflicts where the main CFSP operations intervene.		Contribute to stabilization or decrease in the number and/or intensity of conflicts where the main CFSP operations intervene.			
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1 etc.	Support to preservation o	f stability through substantial	CSDP missions and EUSRs			
Indicator:						
indicator.	research: <u>http://hiik.de/er</u>		erg Institute for International Conflict			
Baseline (2012)	research: <u>http://hiik.de/er</u>		Target 2020			
	research: <u>http://hiik.de/er</u> Milest Stabilization or decrease in	the number of highly violent intensity of conflicts where the	-			
Baseline (2012) 43 highly violent conflicts worldwide (18 wars and 25 limited wars). • 11 CSDP missions	research: http://hiik.de/er Milest Stabilization or decrease in the most substantial CSDP missio Every month project mar mission submits a globa	n/index.html cone 2017 the number of highly violent intensity of conflicts where the ns and EUSRs are deployed. hagers verify the mission's mo l implementation report that	Target 2020Contribute to stabilization or decreasein the number and/or intensity ofconflicts where the main CFSPoperations intervene, e.g.:Georgia and Kosovo from 3 (violentcrisis) to 2 (non-violent crisis).DR Congo from 4 (limited war) to 3.5(violent crisis).Palestinian Territories from 2.6 to 2.4(decrease in intensity of non-violentcrisis).Afghanistan from 4 (limited war) to 3.5			
Baseline (2012) 43 highly violent conflicts worldwide (18 wars and 25 limited wars). • 11 CSDP missions • 11 EUSRs Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked Actors involved in	research: http://hiik.de/er Milest Stabilization or decrease in the most substantial CSDP missio Every month project mar mission submits a globa Commissions monitors and	n/index.html cone 2017 the number of highly violent intensity of conflicts where the ns and EUSRs are deployed. hagers verify the mission's mo l implementation report that	Target 2020Contribute to stabilization or decrease in the number and/or intensity of conflicts where the main CFSP operations intervene, e.g.: Georgia and Kosovo from 3 (violent crisis) to 2 (non-violent crisis). DR Congo from 4 (limited war) to 3.5 (violent crisis). Palestinian Territories from 2.6 to 2.4 (decrease in intensity of non-violent crisis). Afghanistan from 4 (limited war) to 3.5 (violent crisis). onthly report. Every six months the t is approved by the Council. The nd includes the results in the AMP.			
Baseline (2012) 43 highly violent conflicts worldwide (18 wars and 25 limited wars). • 11 CSDP missions • 11 EUSRs Description of how progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	research: http://hiik.de/er Milest Stabilization or decrease in the most substantial CSDP missio Every month project mar mission submits a globa Commissions monitors and CSDP missions and EUSRs,	h/index.html cone 2017 the number of highly violent e intensity of conflicts where the ns and EUSRs are deployed. hagers verify the mission's model i implementation report that hually the Conflict barometer a EEAS, Commission and Council	Target 2020Contribute to stabilization or decrease in the number and/or intensity of conflicts where the main CFSP operations intervene, e.g.: Georgia and Kosovo from 3 (violent crisis) to 2 (non-violent crisis). DR Congo from 4 (limited war) to 3.5 (violent crisis). Palestinian Territories from 2.6 to 2.4 (decrease in intensity of non-violent crisis). Afghanistan from 4 (limited war) to 3.5 (violent crisis). onthly report. Every six months the t is approved by the Council. The nd includes the results in the AMP.			
Baseline (2012) 43 highly violent conflicts worldwide (18 wars and 25 limited wars). • 11 CSDP missions • 11 EUSRs	research: http://hiik.de/er Milest Stabilization or decrease in the most substantial CSDP missio Every month project mar mission submits a globa Commissions monitors and CSDP missions and EUSRs, Beneficiaries describe the results.	n/index.html cone 2017 the number of highly violent e intensity of conflicts where the ns and EUSRs are deployed. hagers verify the mission's mo l implementation report that nually the Conflict barometer a EEAS, Commission and Council actions performed, the level of	Target 2020Contribute to stabilization or decrease in the number and/or intensity of conflicts where the main CFSP operations intervene, e.g.: Georgia and Kosovo from 3 (violent crisis) to 2 (non-violent crisis). DR Congo from 4 (limited war) to 3.5 (violent crisis). Palestinian Territories from 2.6 to 2.4 (decrease in intensity of non-violent crisis). Afghanistan from 4 (limited war) to 3.5 (violent crisis).Afghanistan from 4 (limited war) to 3.5 (violent crisis).Drthly report. Every six months the t is approved by the Council. The nd includes the results in the AMP.Hof the Union.			

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Availability of reports	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
in the timeline	6 monthly	6 monthly	6 monthly	6 monthly	6 monthly	6 monthly	6 monthly
	reports per	reports per	reports per	reports per	reports per	reports per	reports per
	mission	mission	mission	mission	mission and	mission	mission and
	and year	and year	and year	and year	year	and year	year
	Annual	Annual	Annual	Annual	Annual	Annual	Annual
	contractual	contractual	contractual	contractual	contractual	contractual	contractual
	report	report	report	report	report	report	report
					MP		
	MP	MP	MP	MP	AAR	MP	MP
	AAR	AAR	AAR	AAR	Annual	AAR	AAR
	Annual	Annual	Annual	Annual	Report,	Annual	Annual Report,
	Report,	Report,	Report,	Report,	Budget	Report,	Budget
	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	updates	Budget	updates
	updates	updates	updates	updates		updates	
		Evaluation	s of the spend	ding program	me		
Information per	The project	s are finance	d on an annua	al basis. Evalu	ations of indiv	idual projects	will be carried
evaluation:	out in close	cooperation	with the EEA	S.			
1. Deadline							
2. Туре							
3. Main issues							
addressed and							
coverage							
4. Planned use of							
evaluation results							
5. Actors involved							
	1						

Macro-financial assistance

Macro-Financial Assistance (MFA) is an **exceptional** financial (short-term) crisis-related instrument with the objective to ease financial constraints on certain third countries experiencing macro-financial difficulties characterised by balance of payment deficits and/or serious budgetary imbalances. It is directly linked to the implementation by the recipient countries of macro-financial stabilisation and structural adjustment measures. As a rule, Union actions complement those of the International Monetary Fund, coordinated with other bilateral donors. Each of the MFA programmes needs to be adopted by the Council and the EP.

The Commission informs the budgetary authority regularly of the macro-financial situation of the beneficiary countries and reports on the implementation of this assistance on a yearly basis.

External ex-post evaluations of MFA operations are carried out regularly and on ad-hoc basis. The reports can be found at:

http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/economy_finance/evaluation/completed/index_en.htm

UCPM (Union Civil Protection Mechanism)

Reference is made to the description of the programme under heading 3, which includes also the actions outside the EU.

IPA II (Instrument for Pre-Accession assistance)

Title spending programme:	IPA II (Instrument for Pre-accession assistance)
Summary - general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework	The successor of IPA I, the IPA II will continue to be implemented following rigorous and comprehensive monitoring rules. They will however be further oriented towards a performance review of the progress achieved related to results at the strategic, sector and action level. Hence, the monitoring and reporting framework is set up to shift the monitoring culture of the responsible Commission department from essentially focussing on financial execution performance to results-based performance, and this irrespective of the management mode. Moreover, the indicators to measure the progress at different levels are set out to review, monitor and evaluate the performance. In addition, specific reporting obligations are resulting from the Regulation establishing common rules and procedures for EU external action instruments about annual tracking of expenditure related to climate change and biodiversity.
	The progress and performance reporting framework is designed to follow the life-cycle of the actions, programmes and the overall implementation of IPA instrument. The IPA II monitoring and reporting system is based on a three-tier approach:
	(1) Strategic/policy level – as the assistance will be provided on the basis of the Country-Strategy Papers or Multi-Country Strategy Papers, established for the duration of the Multi-annual Financial Framework, the progress will be tracked by measuring the indicators set out in these documents, as required by the IPA II Regulation (notably articles 2(2) and 6, mainly by outcome and impact indicators, but also looking at some context indicators. They will provide valuable information on the path towards the achievement of those policy objectives to which IPA is aiming to contribute.
	(2) Sector level – on the basis of the IPA annual or multi-annual (sector) programmes, the progress in accomplishing the objectives will be measured by sector outcome and output indicators. They will enable better apprehension of the results achieved by policy areas and sector performance.
	(3) Action (project) level – the progress will be measured by defining process and output indicators, targeting at particular actions, measures, projects.
	The data collection within the above mentioned approach involves different stakeholders and means. IPA II beneficiaries shall be required by the Commission to provide all the data and information necessary, in line with the international commitments on aid effectiveness, to permit the monitoring and evaluation of the concerned measures.
	National IPA Co-ordinator (NIPAC) in all beneficiary countries will bear responsibility for the overall process of monitoring, reporting and evaluation of IPA assistance. NIPAC will collect information on the performance of the actions and programmes (process, output and outcome indicators) and coordinate the collection/production of indicators coming from national sources (national statistics, administrative sources, project/programme management information system) according to a reporting template defined by the Commission.
	In addition, the Commission through the EU Delegations will also collect performance data, based on the risk assessment and monitoring of the actions/projects (process, output indicators). The Commission will gather and assess relevant data at macro level coming from international sources and the Commission itself and will contribute to measuring the progress versus the outcome and impact indicators. The data collected from all sources (beneficiary countries, the Commission and EU Delegations) will be aggregated and analysed in terms of tracking the progress versus the targets and milestones. It will be reported in several reports, pursuing different objectives and will be published and publically available.
	The frequency of the data collection will be in principle annual. The same frequency applies to the reporting. The performance data will become available in the following order (sequence): first, both quantitative data on budget execution and attained process indicators and outputs will be provided by the beneficiary countries (through an annual report provided by NIPAC and NAO) and EU Delegations (through an annual AOSD report); then information on results, outcome and impact (again collected by the Commission and beneficiary countries) will be available in the Commission's internal AOSD reports and, mostly, the

	published IPA annual report. In line with artic annual Progress Reports shall also be taken as a of IPA II assistance, with the relevant indicator and programmes referred to the IPA II Regulati	a point of reference when assessing the results rs defined and included in the strategy papers
	More accurate and comprehensive reporting assistance (expected to be delivered by the end	
	The overall progress will be monitored by mear	ns of several sources:
	of the on-going or ex post perform through monitoring of the performan	<i>ysystem</i> : It gives an independent assessment ance of a project or programme component ice and results of operations financed from IPA region. Its future orientation on monitoring ation in the framework of the IPA II.
	greater role in monitoring the in framework will reward the improv	A II, beneficiaries will perform a stronger and nplementation of the assistance. The new red performance and growing ownership in stromes and impacts set out in the strategic
		EU Delegations : It is part of the annual one based on the ex-ante risk assessment of r.
	coherence, effectiveness, efficiency assistance will be regularly (at least	and the IPA II beneficiaries: the compliance, and coordination in implementation of IPA once a year) monitored by an IPA Monitoring Sectoral Monitoring committees which will evel, mostly on a bi-annual basis.
	The monitoring data will be a basis for a por section of programmes by country, by sector o in the policy-making process to propose any pr More particularly, the IPA Monitoring Commi and the IPA II beneficiaries on better coher renewal, modification or suspension of the Instruments.	r by intervention type. The results will be used rogramme adjustments and corrective actions. ttee may make proposals to the Commission ence and coordination of IPA assistance, on
	to in article 14 of that Regulation, be taken in and progress over a period of several years but	e context of the performance reward referred to account for an assessment of performance not later than in 2017 and 2020, respectively.
	The set up performance framework is complem assess the impact and the effectiveness of t policies and actions and the effectiveness of pro-	he implementation its strategic and sectoral ogramming.
	General and specific objectives, indicators, mil	estones and targets
potential candidates in add reforms required by the b rules, standards, policies a	The Instrument for Pre–accession Assistance opting and implementing the political, institutic eneficiaries listed in Annex I to comply with Un nd practices with a view to Union membership osperity in the beneficiaries	inal, legal, administrative, social and economic ion values and to progressively align to Union
Impact indicator: Overall a Source: Progress Reports	ssessment provided by the Progress Report.	
Baseline	Milestone	Target
2013	2017	2020 (coherent with 2014-2020 programming period, bringing candidate and potential candidates closer to the EU).

Candidate countries meet	Candidate countries meet many accession	Candidate countries closer to meet all
some accession criteria.	criteria. Potential candidates are further	accession criteria. Potential candidates are
Potential candidates are	advanced in steps towards meeting	further advanced in steps towards meeting
not sufficiently advanced to be granted candidate	criteria for candidate status.	criteria for candidate status.
status.		
Impact indicator: Degree of a	lignment with the <i>acquis.</i>	I
Source: Progress reports/Scre	eening	
Baseline	Milestone	Target
2013	2017	2020
		(coherent with 2014-2020 programming period, bringing candidate and potential candidates closer to the EU).
Candidate countries have	Candidate countries are advanced with	Candidate countries are well advanced in
made some progress with	the implementation of the EU <i>acquis</i> .	implementing the EU <i>acquis</i> .
the implementation of the		
EU acquis.		
Specific Objective 1: Support	for political reforms.	
Indicator 1 : Overall assessm	ent provided by the Progress report on the p	political reform
Baseline 2012	Milestone	Target
1. Western Balkans: early	2017	2020
stage	some progress	further progress
2. Turkey: early stage	Some progress	further progress
Baseline 2010	Milestones 2017	Target 2020
1. Western Balkans: 51.4	> 52	> 55
2. Turkey: 52.1	> 53	> 55
development, with a view to	port for economic, social and territorial smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.	
	bing Business' (distance to frontier-score)	- ·
Baseline 2010	Milestones 2017	Target 2020
1. Western Balkans: 60.5	67	70
2. Turkey: 63.1	68	72
3. Iceland: 78.7		
* Iceland remains a potential the budget for 2014.	 beneficiary country under IPA II legal framew	/ ork but without a specific country allocation ir

_			
Indicator 2 . Average of	ovports and in	nports of goods and services/ GDP - %- Eurost	-at
Baseline	exports and n	Milestones	I
2010 (€)		2017	Target 2020
1. Western Balkans: 31.2		44	48
2. Turkey: 20.47		27	30
* Iceland remains a poten	itial beneficiar	y country under IPA II legal framework but wit	hout a specific country allocation in
the budget for 2014.		,	
Annex I at all levels to fu	Ifil the obliga	of the ability of the beneficiaries listed in tions stemming from Union membership by with and adoption, implementation and	
	-	uding preparation for management of Union	
structural, cohesion, agri			
Indicator 1: Degree of alig	gnment on th	e acquis	
Baseline		Milestones	Target
2010		2017	2020
1. Western Balkans: early s		Some progress	Further progress
2. Iceland ¹³¹ : well advanced	d		
Turkey: early stage		Some progress	Further progress
cooperation involving the where appropriate, thin 232/2014 of the Europea	ne beneficiari rd countries n Parliament	ng regional integration and territorial es listed in Annex I, Member States and, within the scope of Regulation (EU) No and of the Council. co-operation programmes concluded betwee	en IPA/FU countries and IPA/IPA
countries ¹³²			
Baseline		Milestone ¹³³	Target
2010		2017	2020
All IPA II beneficiary coun	trioc: 19	19	20
	tries: 18	19	20
For other indicators releva	ant to Specific	Objective 4 please refer to indicators under Sp	pecific Objectives 1, 2 and 3
		Monitoring and reporting arrangements	
Description on how	The monito	ring and reporting system is relevant for a	Il indicators, irrespectively of the
progress on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked	internal (un	ective. Milestones and targets of each object dertaken by the Commission and the IPA II ber is (performed by an external contractor, contra authorities).	neficiaries) and external monitoring
	The system	comprises of the following major elements:	
		action level, the progress will be monitored bo egations. On behalf of the beneficiary countr	
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¹³¹ Iceland remains a potential beneficiary country under IPA II legal framework but without a specific country allocation in the budget for 2014.

¹³² This indicator includes both CBC Programmes IPA/EU (managed by DG Regional Policy) and IPA/IPA (managed by DG Enlargement)

¹³³ The column should be deleted if only short-and medium term (less than 3 years) targets are set.

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	collection, analysis and reporting of the indicators (process, output, outcome). Data will be provided by relevant national authorities (e.g. national statistic institutions, local authorities, other public institutions, etc). It will be provisionally reported by the NIPAC to the Commission in an annual report by 15 February of the following financial year and will contain quantitative and qualitative data available at that moment on the progress made in achieving the objectives, results, indicators set in the annual and multi-annual (sector) planning documents.
	The monitoring performed by the EU Delegations will be based on the ex-ante risk assessment carried out by the EU Delegations. This risk assessment will be the basis for the preparation of an annual work plan, which will be annexed to the AOSD Report of each individual Delegation and will concur to the setting up of the Commission AOSD reports and Annual Assurance Strategies. This monitoring plan can involve various forms of activities implemented by the task managers: project monitoring meetings (with the contractor and/or the beneficiaries in view to ensure a proper follow up and to discuss any particular issues to be solved), projects steering committee meetings (with the team leader, beneficiaries and stakeholders to analyse the implementation of the project), regular monitoring missions or more focused on-the-spot checks (in particular for supplies and works contracts) and in general for those projects/contracts considered riskier.
	At strategic and programme level, the progress will be tracked by performance of macro indicators (outcome and impact). Whilst the NIPAC will be responsible to coordinate the collection/production of indicators coming from national sources (national statistics, administrative sources, project management systems), Commission services (evaluation sector together with the IPA strategy and quality unit) will gather and assess relevant data at macro level. These data, together with sector data at national/regional level, will be subject to a report, submitted to the IPA Steering Committee and then disseminated, as appropriate, within the ordinary reporting.
	In addition to these monitoring mechanisms, a complementary one, which has proved so far to be efficient - Results Oriented Monitoring (ROM) - will continue to be used in the IPA II framework. ROM is undertaken by an external contractor and is focused on on-going and expost assessment at project and programme level. The assessment consists of a separate rating awarded for each project of the DAC criteria (relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, impact and sustainability). The ratings contained in ROM reports is collated and entered into a database (workbook), which is produced on an annual basis. It provides an overall view of project performance. This forms a basis for a portfolio analysis of the performance of a cross section of programmes by country, by sector or by intervention type. This higher level analysis is particularly useful for informing higher level decision making on the direction of the intervention strategy. At the highest level, the ROM reporting system includes the provision of recommendations from the monitors and of observations or lessons learned. The current contract with the external contractor who undertakes ROM mission defines that the reporting is every 6 months and on an annual basis.
	Problems and possible adjustments during the implementation will be detected through ROM reports, regular project/programmes meetings and other exchanges with beneficiaries, and stakeholders. Issues at stake will be discussed within Steering Committee meetings and, whenever appropriate, in Sector Monitoring Committees and possibly IPA monitoring committees, the tasks and composition of which are described below. Committees are also due to review progress on indicators (at sector and macro level) and possible measures to take to address possible deviations.
Actors involved in monitoring	The monitoring will be carried out by different actors who have clear distinguishable roles and responsibilities in the process.
	The NIPAC is the main counterpart of the Commission in the overall process of monitoring the implementation, reporting and evaluation IPA II. The NIPAC ensures co-ordination within the beneficiary country with other donors and national actors and a close link between the use of IPA assistance and the general accession process. This will enable smooth tracking, reviewing and reporting of performance framework.
	EU Delegations are involved in the monitoring process by carrying out monitoring activities, also consistent with the work plan. They assess ROM reports and may take action as appropriate.

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	To ensure effectiveness, coherence and coordination of the IPA assistance, the Commission and the beneficiary countries set up an IPA Monitoring Committee . The Committee is entitled to review the overall effectiveness, quality and coherence of the implementation of all actions towards meeting the objectives set out in the financing agreements and the Country Strategy Papers. The IPA monitoring committee shall be composed of representatives of the Commission (including other relevant DGs), the NIPACs and other relevant national authorities and bodies of the beneficiary countries (such as the central finance and contract units, whenever relevant, the audit authority, the Treasury, relevant line Ministries) and, where relevant, International Financial Institutions and other stakeholders, including civil society and private sector organisations.
	Sectoral monitoring committees shall be set up to monitor and report on the effectiveness, coherence and coordination of the implementation of IPA assistance at sector level. Each Sectoral Monitoring Committee shall assess progress in relation to achieving the objectives of the actions and their expected outputs, results and impact by means of indicators related to a baseline situation, as well as progress with regard to financial execution. The Sectoral Monitoring Committee shall be composed of representatives of relevant national authorities and bodies, other stakeholders such as economic, social and environmental partners and international organisations such as International Financial Institutions.
	Specific actors (beneficiaries, other stakeholders, IFIs, Technical Assistance or other institutions involved in the implementation) will be involved in the Steering Committees at project/programme level .
	The Commission will coordinate the implementation and control of the monitoring, reporting and evaluation framework. Apart from its overarching function, it will be responsible for gathering and assessing data on macro indicators (outcome and impact) that are coming from international sources. Finally, the Commission services will be responsible for examining the progress made in implementing the assistance and submit to the European Parliament and to the Council an annual report on the results and, as far as possible, on the main outcomes and impacts of the Union's financial assistance. This report will also be submitted to the European Economic and Social Committee and to the Committee of the Regions.
Issues covered in subsequent reports	The Commission will report on the implementation of the accession policy and of the performance of the assistance in the framework of the usual internal reporting, as explained below.
	The enlargement policy framework defined by the Union for each beneficiary country is reflected in the annual Enlargement Package of the Commission, which includes the Progress Reports and the Enlargement Strategy for the coming period.
	The Progress Reports present the assessment of the Commission of what each candidate and potential candidate has achieved over the last year.
	The AOSD report which is an extensive internal bi-annual mechanism to report on the performance of the financial assistance. It highlights key issues with regard to the implementation of the assistance, risk management plan and assurance strategy to meet the objectives effectively and efficiently and in compliance with the legality and regularity principles.
	As specified above, the beneficiary countries (NIPAC, NAO, Operating structures and Audit authority) also provide to the Commission annual reports on the implementation of the tasks entrusted, which will be used for monitoring purposes within country level monitoring platforms (IPA and Sector Monitoring Committees) and, at an aggregated level, in the DG Enlargement AOSD reports. The beneficiary countries shall provide a final report which will cover the whole implementation period of IPA assistance (in 2021 as part of the latest annual report). Its findings and conclusions will be aggregated into a Commission final report on the implementation of IPA assistance.
	The progress made in implementing the measures of financial assistance in IPA is subject to an IPA annual report which presents achievement of objectives, outlining the results delivered and the efficiency of the Instrument. The annual report contains information relating to the previous year on the measures financed, the results of monitoring and evaluation exercises, implementation of budgetary commitments and of payments appropriations broken down by country. It shall assess, the results of the Union's financial

	assistance using as far as possible, specific and measurable indicators of its role in meeting the objectives, as well as, where possible and relevant, the adherence to aid effectiveness principles. This report will be submitted to the European Parliament and to the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and to the Committee of the Regions.
	The Director General's Annual Activity Report reports on whether, to what extent, and how the objectives set in the Annual Management Plan were achieved. It provides indicators for policy results, management performance, internal control in order to ensure reasonable assurance regarding the legality and regularity and the sound financial management of the budget and resources delegated to him. It also describes the progress on achieving the milestones and targets as set out in the AMP and the Programme Statement. Annual Activity Reports allow the Commission to take stock of the achievements and management performance of the services and decide on any necessary measures. Information contained in this report will be used in the preparation of the Art. 318 Evaluation Report.
	In the Mid-term review of IPA assistance , the Commission will report on the achievement of the objectives of IPA II by means of the indicators set out in Country Strategy Papers and sector programmes also using the indicators enabling to track the degree of achievements of those specific objectives to which the Instrument is aiming to contribute. This review is defined in the Common Implementing Regulation ¹³⁴ and shall be considered as an interim IPA evaluation. The report will cover the period 1 January 2014 – 30 June 2017 and shall be submitted by the Commission to the European Parliament and to the Council no later than 31 December 2017. It shall
	 address the added value of IPA II, internal and external coherence, including the complementarity and synergies between the other external assistance instruments, the continued relevance of all objectives, the contribution of the measures to a consistent EU external action and, where relevant, to the Union priorities for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.
	This report will be undertaken for the specific purpose of improving the implementation of Union's assistance, including inter alia proposals for simplification. It shall be accompanied if appropriate, by <i>legislative proposals</i> introducing the necessary modifications to the instruments and to IPA Regulation ¹³⁵ . It will inform decisions on the renewal, modification or suspension of the types of actions implemented under the instrument.
	There will be a final report on the implementation of IPA assistance, issued in 2021 which will cover the whole period of implementation from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2020. It shall contain consolidated information from annual reports of 2014-2020 on all funding, including external assigned revenues and contributions to EU trust funds (if applicable) and offering a breakdown of spending by beneficiary country, use of financial instruments, commitments and payments.
	In order to be able to provide an exhaustive assessment of the impact of the financial assistance specific evaluations, at programme/project and sector level, will be carried out, as well as an ex-post evaluation (indicatively in 2027) to get more evidence based assessment of the actual contribution that the Instrument has produced in bringing the beneficiary countries closer to EU standards and values, and therefore to the perspective of accession.
Planned use of the information	The various reports, referred to above, will be a key tool in providing an indication on the extent to which the process of programme/project implementation is going in the right direction and whether it requires adaptation. Hence, the information will be used to:
	(1) Measure, track and monitor the performance of the assistance, achievement of objectives, results delivered and the efficiency of the instrument. Identified problems and possible deficiencies in the system will be reported and discussed in technical meetings, Steering Committee meetings (at action/project level), at Sector Monitoring Committees (at sector level) and IPA Monitoring Committees (at strategic policy and instrument level).

	Committees will review progress on indicators (at sector and macro level) and propose possible measures to the Commission and beneficiary countries to address possible deviations.
	(2) Support the functioning of the control environment and internal control system. The information will feed the risk assessment process done by the Commission and EU Delegations in preparing work plans as part of the annual assurance strategy and their follow-up implementation.
	(3) Take corrective measures and adjustment of the programmes, (programmes adjustments, renewal, modification or suspension of the types of actions implemented under the instrument). After the adoption of the programmes, they may, if necessary, be amended in order to take into account the relevant new information and results relating to the implementation of the actions concerned, including the results of monitoring and evaluation, as well as the need to adjust the amounts of assistance available.
	(4) Enhance the evaluation function in DG Enlargement, while ensuring quantified data on the performance of the assistance, which will underpin the robustness of the evaluation reports. Evaluations represent an obligation according to art. 30(4) of the Financial Regulation. During the period of the implementation of IPA II, the Commission plans to undertake several evaluations (defined in Annex 4 and in the table below), the major of which are:
	Two interim evaluations on IPA II (one in 2016 and the other in 2018) to assess the performance of the assistance and results obtained in order to verify that they are consistent with the objectives set. Both are in line with DG Enlargement's strategic orientation in putting increasing emphasis on interim evaluation, which presents the advantage to capture evidence from past and on-going activities and provide lessons learned that can be used for both adjusting on-going operations and modify the design of future policies and operational interventions, therefore playing a strategic role. While the first interim evaluation fulfils the legal requirement (input for the Mid-term review of IPA in 2017), the second one is foreseen to provide input to the programming process beyond 2020. Currently, the Commission has started a third interim evaluation of IPA I assistance, the results of which will be used in programming and implementation of IPA II assistance.
	The Commission plans to undertake an ex-ante evaluation for a possible new financial instrument (beyond 2020 year) in the framework of the current financial perspective (indicatively in 2017) in order to provide an input for the new programming process and to assess the relevance of a policy/instrument, to determine the resources to be allocated and to make a tentative impact assessment, whenever relevant also at regulatory level.
	An ex-post evaluation of IPA I (2007-2013) is foreseen indicatively to take place in 2020, in order to take full stock of attained results, measure the sustainability of outcome and impact delivered. An ex-post evaluation of IPA II is feasible to take place in 2027.
	Several thematic and sector oriented evaluations will take place in the period 2014-2020 (e.g. in the Rule of Law sector, Good governance and Democracy sector, Environment, Transport, Energy, etc), pursuing to provide a sector performance assessment on the assistance in support of an IPA II sector approach and arriving with recommendations in a view of midterm review and possible revision of Country Strategy Papers and a Multi-Country Strategy Paper. A separate evaluation on the application of sector approaches is planned to be contracted at the end of 2014 for implementation in 2015, which will review the extent to which the IPA institutional setting and the actual programming have succeed in conceiving the sector approach.
	The results of evaluations shall be published and shall be taken into account by the IPA monitoring committee and the Sectoral monitoring committees.
	(5) Provide a basis for giving incentives to improve performance by the beneficiary countries, such as a performance reward. IPA II framework encourages and rewards good performance based on absorption capacity of the IPA II beneficiaries and on achieving strategic targets. The information will be used in the decision on resource allocation.
	(6) Increased accountability, transparency, visibility of IPA assistance, enabling dissemination of achieved results to general public, stakeholders and civil society.
Frequency of reporting	The frequency of the reports is presented below in the table.
Availability of reports	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

in the timeline									
AOSD Report	х	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх		
	x								
Annual Progress	x	х	х	х	х	х	х		
Reports and DG									
Enlargement annual									
Enlargement Package									
IPA annual report	х	х	х	х	х	х	х		
Director General's	x	х	х	x	х	х	х		
Annual Activity Report									
Mid-term review of the				x					
IPA assistance									
Final report on IPA								Х	
(information annual									
reports 2014-2020)									
Ex-post evaluation of				1			х		
IPA I (2007-2013)									
	ns of the spen	ding prog	amme (indi	cative vear o	of completio	n of the eva	aluations)		
Information per	Sector app			cative year e		ii oi tiic cit	liaacionoj		
evaluation:	Sector app		cativej						
	Timing 20	16							
1. Timing	-	Timing – 2016							
2. Type		Type – strategic evaluation Main issues - Assessment of the programming process under IPA II in view of implementation							
3. Main issues			ient of the p	rogramming	process und	ier ipa II in v	view of imple	inentatio	
addressed and	of sector ap			det and the	hundre		فالتحد الممر		
coverage	-		ntry and Mi	ilti-country s	trategy pap	ers, annual a	and multi anr	nual	
4. Planned use of	(sector) pro	0							
evaluation results						sion of IPA s	strategic docu	uments	
5. Actors involved	Actors – Eu	ropean Co	mmission, b	eneficiary co	untries				
	Thematic evaluation of governance/corruption								
	Timing – 2015								
	Type – Thematic evaluation								
	Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,								
	coherence	and EU ado	ded value of	the interven	tion				
	Coverage –	IPA I 2007	-2013 progra	ammes, ther	nes Public a	dministratic	on reform,		
	Corruption	/Fight agai	nst corruptio	on					
	Use of eval	uation – a	ssessment o	f relevance,	efficiency, e	ffectivenes	s impact of a	ction in th	
							s in the IPA		
				t corruption					
	Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries								
	Thematic evaluation of EU's support to Roma community								
	Timing – 20								
	-		uation						
		Type – Thematic evaluation Main issues (indicatively) – Polovance, officiency, officiency, officiency							
		Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,							
	coherence and EU added value of the intervention								
	Coverage – IPA I 2007-2013 programmes								
	-	Use of evaluation – assessment of relevance, efficiency, effectiveness impact of a							
	Use of eval	uation – a	ssessment o	f relevance,					
	Use of eval	uation – a	ssessment o	f relevance,			s impact of a s in the IPA		
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover	uation – a amming of nance and	ssessment o annual and fight agains	f relevance, I multi-annu t corruption	al sectoral				
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover	uation – a amming of nance and	ssessment o annual and fight agains	f relevance, I multi-annu	al sectoral				
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover	uation – a amming of nance and	ssessment o annual and fight agains	f relevance, I multi-annu t corruption	al sectoral				
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover	uation – a amming of nance and ropean Co	ssessment o annual and fight agains mmission, b	f relevance, I multi-annu t corruption	al sectoral				
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover Actors – Eu Evaluation	uation – a amming of nance and ropean Co of TAIEX in	ssessment o annual and fight agains mmission, b	f relevance, I multi-annu t corruption	al sectoral				
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover Actors – Eu Evaluation Timing – 20	uation – a amming of nance and ropean Co of TAIEX in 015	ssessment o annual and fight agains mmission, b nstrument	f relevance, I multi-annu t corruption	al sectoral				
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover Actors – Eu Evaluation Timing – 20 Type – Inst	uation – a amming of nance and ropean Co of TAIEX in p15 rument eva	ssessment o annual and fight agains mmission, b nstrument aluation	f relevance, I multi-annu t corruption eneficiary co	al sectoral untries	programme	s in the IPA	Il sector o	
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover Actors – Eu Evaluation Timing – 20 Type – Inst Main issues	uation – a amming of nance and ropean Co of TAIEX in 015 rument eva s (indicativo	ssessment o annual and fight agains mmission, b nstrument aluation ely) – Releva	f relevance, I multi-annu t corruption eneficiary co	al sectoral untries cy, effective	programme		Il sector o	
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover Actors – Eu Evaluation Timing – 20 Type – Inst Main issues coherence	uation – a amming of nance and ropean Co of TAIEX in 015 rument ev: 6 (indicativ and EU add	ssessment o annual and fight agains mmission, b nstrument aluation ely) – Releva ded value of	f relevance, f multi-annu t corruption eneficiary co nce, efficien the interven	al sectoral untries cy, effective tion	programme ness, effect	s in the IPA	II sector o	
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover Actors – Eu Evaluation Timing – 20 Type – Inst Main issues coherence Coverage –	uation – a amming of nance and ropean Co of TAIEX in h15 rument eva s (indicativ and EU add IPA 2007-3	ssessment o annual and fight agains mmission, b nstrument aluation ely) – Releva ded value of 2013 program	f relevance, f multi-annu t corruption eneficiary co nce, efficien the interven mmes, TAIEX	al sectoral untries cy, effective tion (instrument	programme ness, effect	s in the IPA	Il sector o	
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover Actors – Eu Evaluation Timing – 20 Type – Inst Main issues coherence Coverage – Use of eval	uation – a amming of nance and ropean Co of TAIEX in h15 rument eva s (indicativ and EU add IPA 2007-2 luation – F	ssessment o annual and fight agains mmission, b nstrument aluation ely) – Releva ded value of 2013 program	f relevance, I multi-annu t corruption eneficiary co nce, efficien the interven mmes, TAIEX g of IPA II (ai	al sectoral untries cy, effective tion (instrument	programme ness, effect	s in the IPA	Il sector	
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover Actors – Eu Evaluation Timing – 20 Type – Inst Main issues coherence Coverage – Use of eval better utilis	uation – a amming of nance and ropean Co of TAIEX in 115 rument eva 5 (indicativ and EU add IPA 2007-: uation – P sation of th	ssessment o annual and fight agains mmission, b nstrument aluation ely) – Releva ded value of 2013 progra rogramming ie instrumen	f relevance, f multi-annu t corruption eneficiary co nce, efficien the interven mmes, TAIEX g of IPA II (an	al sectoral ountries cy, effective tion Cinstrument nnual and n	programme ness, effect	s in the IPA	Il sector o	
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover Actors – Eu Evaluation Timing – 20 Type – Inst Main issues coherence Coverage – Use of eval better utilis	uation – a amming of nance and ropean Co of TAIEX in 115 rument eva 5 (indicativ and EU add IPA 2007-: uation – P sation of th	ssessment o annual and fight agains mmission, b nstrument aluation ely) – Releva ded value of 2013 progra rogramming ie instrumen	f relevance, I multi-annu t corruption eneficiary co nce, efficien the interven mmes, TAIEX g of IPA II (ai	al sectoral ountries cy, effective tion Cinstrument nnual and n	programme ness, effect	s in the IPA	Il sector o	
	Use of eval area/Progra good gover Actors – Eu Evaluation Timing – 20 Type – Insti Main issues coherence Coverage – Use of eval better utilis Actors – Eu	uation – a amming of nance and ropean Co of TAIEX in 115 rument eva is (indicativ and EU add IPA 2007-: luation – P sation of th ropean Co	ssessment o annual and fight agains mmission, b nstrument aluation ely) – Releva ded value of 2013 program rogramming the instrumen mmission, b	f relevance, f multi-annu t corruption eneficiary co nce, efficien the interven mmes, TAIEX g of IPA II (an	al sectoral untries cy, effective tion (instrument nnual and n untries	ness, effect nulti-annual	s in the IPA	Il sector o	

	Timing – 2015 Type – Instrument evaluation
	Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence and EU added value of the intervention
	Coverage – WBIF (established in 2009 as a joint initiative of the European Commission, the EIB, EBRD and the CEB)
	Use of evaluation – Programming of IPA II (annual and multi-annual programmes) with a focus to design WBIF based on the lessons learned from its previous project facilities rounds Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
-	Evaluation of Employment/Social Policies (indicative)
	Timing – 2016/2017
	Type – Thematic evaluation Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence and EU added value of the intervention Coverage – IPA I 2007-2013 programmes and IPA 2014-2015
-	Evaluation of Regional Housing programme (indicative) Timing – 2016/2017
	Type – Instrument and thematic evaluation Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence and EU added value of the intervention
	Coverage – Regional Housing programme, implemented under IPA 2007-2013 Use of evaluation – Improvement in implementation of the Regional Housing programme under IPA II in 2016-2018.
	Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries, international stakeholders (UNHCR, OSCE and USA)
	Thematic evaluation in the field of border management and migration including asylum, organised crime and police cooperation (indicative) Timing – 2016/2017 Type – Thematic evaluation Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence and EU added value of the intervention Coverage – IPA I 2007-2013 programmes and IPA 2014-2015, sector Rule of Law, secondary sector Border management and security, Migration and asylum, etc. Use of evaluation – Programming of annual and multi-annual sectoral programmes in the IPA II sector of good governance and democracy Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
-	Evaluation of the cooperation with World Bank (indicative)
	Timing – 2016/2017 Type –evaluation Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence and EU added value of the cooperation Coverage – IPA programmes Use of evaluation – Improving the cooperation with international organisations under different management modes, lessons learned Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
	Evaluation of twinning instrument (indicative)
	Timing – 2018 Type – Instrument evaluation Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence and EU added value of the intervention Coverage – IPA 2007-2013 programmes, twinning instrument Use of evaluation – Programming of IPA II (annual and multi-annual programmes), pursuing
	better utilisation of the instrument Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries

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Timing – 2017
Type – Interim evaluation; feeding into the mid-term review report under art. 17 of the Common Implementing Regulation for external actions ¹³⁶
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA 2014-2017
Use of evaluation - Improving the implementation of Union's assistance, including if
appropriate, <i>legislative proposals</i> introducing the necessary modifications to the instruments
(renewal, modification or suspension of the types of actions) and to IPA II legal and strategic
framework.
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Actors – European commission, benenciary countries
Ex-post evaluation of assistance to Croatia (indicative)
Timing – 2017/2018
Type – ex-post evaluation
Main issues – EU value added, efficiency, effectiveness, impact and sustainability of IPA
assistance
Coverage – IPA 2007-2013 Croatia national programmes and relevant regional programmes
Use of evaluation - Provide information on the accountability with respect to the value for
money and the use of funds and lessons learned on financial assistance where relevant
Actors – European Commission, Croatia, beneficiary countries
Sector evaluation of Public administration reform (indicative)
Timing – 2017/2018
Type – Sector evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA I 2007-2013 and IPA 2014-2016 programmes, sector Public administration
reform;
Use of evaluation – Review and revision of Country Strategy papers and Multi-country strategy papers, programming of annual and multi-annual sectoral programmes in the sector
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Actors – European commission, benenciary countries
Evaluation of the cooperation with UN (indicative)
Timing – 2017/2018
Type – Instrument evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the cooperation
Coverage – IPA programmes
Use of evaluation – Improving the cooperation with international stakeholders under
different management modes, lessons learned
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Evaluation of instrument People to people (P2P) (indicative)
Timing – 2017/2018
Type – Instrument evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA 2007-2013 and IPA 2014-2016 programmes
Use of evaluation – Programming and implementation of IPA II (annual and multi-annual
programmes), pursuing better utilisation of the instrument
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Thematic evaluation in the field of rule of law
Timing – 2018/2019
Type – Sector evaluation
Main issues – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence and EU
added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA I 2007-2013 and IPA 2014-2016 programmes in the area of rule of law
Use of evaluation – Programming the new instrument beyond 2020, optimise the budget
recourses improving quality in programming
resources, improving quality in programming
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries Ex-ante evaluation preparation new financial instrument (indicative)

¹³⁶ Regulation (EU) No 236/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2014 laying down common rules and procedures for the implementation of the Union's instruments for financing external action

Timing – 2018/2019
Type – ex-ante evaluation
Main issues – identify and appraise the disparities, gaps and potential for development, the goals to be achieved, the results expected, quantified targets, coherence, strategy proposed,
quality of procedures, allocation of budget resources
Coverage – new financial instrument beyond 2020
Use of evaluation – Programming the new instrument beyond 2020, optimise the budget
resources, improving quality in programming
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Actors – European commission, benenciary countries
Sector evaluation of Transport (indicative)
Timing – 2019
Type – Sector evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA I 2007-2013 and IPA 2014-2016 programmes, sector Transport;
Use of evaluation – Review and revision of Country Strategy papers and Multi-country
strategy papers, programming of annual and multi-annual sectoral programmes in the sector
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Evaluation of Cross-border programmes (indicative)
Timing – 2018/2019
Type – policy evaluation
Main issues – (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA 2007-2013 CBC programmes (retrospective) and IPA II (perspective) CBC
programmes
Use of evaluation - Programming of IPA II (annual and multi-annual programmes), Mid-term
review of IPA assistance
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Sector evaluation of Public financial management (indicative)
Timing – 2020
Type – Sector evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA I 2007-2013 and IPA 2014-2016 programmes, sector PFM;
Use of evaluation – Review and revision of Country Strategy papers and Multi-country
strategy papers, programming of annual and multi-annual sectoral programmes in the sector
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Evaluation of the cooperation with Council of Europe (indicative)
Timing – 2018/2019
Type – Instrument evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the cooperation
Coverage – IPA programmes
Use of evaluation – Improving the cooperation with international stakeholders under
different management modes, lessons learned
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Sector evaluation Economic governance and global competitiveness (indicative)
Timing – 2018/2019
Type – Sector evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA 2014-2016 programmes
Use of evaluation - Review and revision of Country Strategy papers and Multi-country
strategy papers, programming of annual and multi-annual sectoral programmes in the sector
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Sector evaluation Competitiveness/Innovation (indicative)
Timing – 2019

 т
Type – Sector evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA 2014-2016 programmes
Use of evaluation – Review and revision of Country Strategy papers and Multi-country
strategy papers, programming of annual and multi-annual sectoral programmes in the sector
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Actors - European commission, benencially countries
Interim eveluation of IDA assistance (indicative)
Interim evaluation of IPA assistance (indicative)
Timing – 2019
Type – Interim evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA 2014-2017
Use of evaluation – Input for the new programming beyond 2020
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Sector avaluation of Environment (indicative) and climate action
Sector evaluation of Environment (indicative) and climate action
Timing – 2018/2019
Type – Sector evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA I 2007-2013 and IPA 2014-2017 programmes on environment and climate
action;
Use of evaluation - Review and revision of Country Strategy papers and Multi-country
strategy papers, programming of annual and multi-annual sectoral programmes
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Instrument evaluation SIGMA (indicative)
Instrument evaluation SIGMA (indicative)
Timing – 2020
Type – Instrument evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA I 2007-2013 and IPA 2014-2017 SIGMA interventions;
Use of evaluation - Retrospective evaluation of the instrument in view of its possible fine-
tuning
Actors – European Commission, OECD, beneficiary countries
Sector evaluation of Energy (indicative)
Timing – 2020
Type – Sector evaluation
Main issues (indicatively) – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency,
coherence and EU added value of the intervention
Coverage – IPA I 2007-2013 and IPA 2014-2017 programmes, sector energy;
Use of evaluation - Review and revision of Country Strategy papers and Multi-country
strategy papers, programming of annual and multi-annual sectoral programmes in the sector
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
Ex-post evaluation of IPA I (2007-2013)
Timing – 2021
Type – ex-post evaluation
Main issues – EU value added, efficiency, effectiveness, impact and sustainability of IPA
assistance
Coverage – IPA 2007-2013
Use of evaluation - Provide information on the accountability with respect to the value for
money and the use of funds and lessons learned on financial assistance.
Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
 Ex-post evaluation of IPA II (2014-2020)
Ex-post evaluation of IPA II (2014-2020)
 1. Timing –2027
 Timing -2027 Type - ex-post evaluation
 Timing -2027 Type - ex-post evaluation Main issues - Longer-term outcomes and impacts and sustainability of effects of the
 Timing -2027 Type - ex-post evaluation Main issues - Longer-term outcomes and impacts and sustainability of effects of the instruments
 Timing -2027 Type - ex-post evaluation Main issues - Longer-term outcomes and impacts and sustainability of effects of the

money and the use of funds and lessons learned on financial assistance.
5. Actors – European Commission, beneficiary countries

Cooperation with Greenland

Title spending programme:				Cooperat	ion with	Greenlan	d			
Summary, general description of the logic and sequence of the overall progress and performance reporting framework.	Please refer to introduction section under heading 4.									
GENE	ERAL AND SPECIF	IC OBJECT	IVES, INE	DICATORS,	MILEST	ONES ANI	D TARGET			
GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1: The EL	I/Greenland nar	tnorshin a	ims to n	reserve th	e close a	nd lastin	a links he	tween the nartners whi		
supporting the sustainable de							5			
IMPACT INDICATOR:	Baseline	(2010)		Milesto	one (201	4)	Lo	ng term target (2020)		
Percentage fiscal deficit	- 30.9	%		-3	30,8%	-		- 27 %		
without grants in GDP					,					
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 1: To sustainable diversification of to improve the Greenlandic in INDICATOR 1:	the economy, the	e need to ns in the f	increase	the skills formatior	of its lab	our force nmunica	e, includir	ng scientists, and the nee nologies.		
Number of internet providers*	1	2012)		whest	1	*)	Target (2020) 2			
INDICATOR 2:	Baseline	(2008)		Milestone (2014)			Target (2020)			
Number of internet	11.69			11.700			12.000			
connections*	11.00			11.700						
INDICATOR 3: Expenditure on education as	Baseline (2010)			Milestones				Target (2020)		
a percentage of total public expenditure	19,2	2014 19.2	2015 19.2	2016 19.2	2017 19.2	2018 19.2	2019 19.2	19.2		
INDICATOR 4:	Baseline (2011) 851 pupils (secondary and tertiary education)=100			Milestone (2014) 105			Target (2020) 150			
	tertiary educa	11011)=100	1				Target (2020)			
Completion of education, total INDICATOR 5:	tertiary educa Baseline			Milesto	one (2014	1)		Target (2020)		
total INDICATOR 5: Percentage of trade balance		(2010)			one (2014 21.0	1)		Target (2020) -18		
total	Baseline	(2010)		-		-		-18		
total INDICATOR 5: Percentage of trade balance in GDP	Baseline	(2010) 2 (2010)		-	21.0	-				
total INDICATOR 5: Percentage of trade balance in GDP INDICATOR 6: Percentage of fisheries in	Baseline (-21,2 Baseline ((2010) 2 (2010)		Milesto	21.0	1)		-18 Target (2020)		

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2: To contribute to the capacity of the Greenlandic administration to formulating and implementing national policies in particular in new areas of mutual interest as identified in the Programming Document for the Sustainable Development of Greenland (PDSD).

INDICATOR 1:	Baseline (Baseline (2010) Milestones								(2020)
Number of administrative	Duschile	2010,	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Turget	(2020)
personnel completing training*	50		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	0
INDICATOR 2:	Baseli	10			Milesto	ne (2014	1)		Target	(2020)
Number of apprenticeship places in European industries (either in	15		15					3		
Greenland or outside)*.										
INDICATOR 3:	Baseline (2010)			Milesto	ne (2016	5)		Target	2020
Number of public officials on training in European public administrations*	0	1						3		
INDICATOR 4:	Baseli	ne			Milesto	ne (2014	1)		Target	(2020)
Percentage of civil servants that are (long-term) residents in Greenland	40						50			
	MO	NITORIN		REPORT		RANGEN	AENTS			
Description of how progress								ment of t	the milestones a	and targets as
on achieving milestones and targets of each objective is tracked.	-	the pres	sent spe	ending p	orogram	nme will	be mo	nitored l	by the EU as p	-
									nonitoring and	
	as well as internal mo							data prov	vided by projec	t/programme
Actors involved in monitoring	EU, Greenla	nd Autho	orities, l	ocal and	EU civ	l society	organis			
Issues covered in subsequent monitoring reports	Ad-hoc repo	orting will	l be add	ressing	specific	issues co	oncernir	ng status	of the indicators	s above.
Planned use of information	Low progree indicators in								may lead to in	clusion of the
Frequency of reporting	As part of A								ation.	
Availability of reports in the	2014	203	15	2016	5	2017		2018	2019	2020
timeline	Х	Х	(Х		Х		Х	Х	Х
	FV	ALUATIO		HE SDEN		PROGRA	MMF			
1. Deadline		ALUATIO				NOUNA				
 Deathine Type Main issues addressed Planned use of evaluation results Actors involved 		 31/12/2017 Mid-term evaluation leading to a report by mid-2018 On the achievement of the objectives and EU added value by means results and impact indicators on the efficiency of the use of resources. shall also address scope simplification, coherence, continued relevance an contribution to Europe 2020 A decision on the renewal, modification or suspension of the measures. European Commission, Greenland and Denmark 					resources. It relevance and			
		1. 2. 3. 4.	Post-2020 Ex-post evaluation To evaluate the impacts and sustainability of effects after the programm duration. –						programme's	
		5.	Europ	ean Con	nmissio	n, Green	land an	d Denma	rk	

Instrument Turkish Cypriot Community

Spending programme:	Assistance programme for the Turkish	Cypriot community					
Summary - general	The monitoring and reporting framewo	ork is set up to shift from focus on financial execution					
description of the logic	performance to results-based perform	nance. Since 2014 is the first year for which multi-					
and sequence of the	annual perspective has existed for	the assistance programme to the Turkish Cypriot					
overall progress and	community, a wider set of indicators in	ncluding outcome and impact is being developed. The					
performance reporting	progress and performance reporting fr	amework is designed to supplement the project-level					
framework	indicators used up to 2013. The monit	oring and reporting system will be based on a three-					
	tier approach:						
	(1) Strategic/policy level – as the Regulation 389/2006, the strategic	ne assistance will be provided on the basis of the Aid ategic progress will be tracked by measuring the progress towards the overall objective of reunification					
		n accomplishing the objectives will be measured by dicators. This will enable better appreciation of the ilation's individual objectives.					
	(3) Action (project) level – the progress will be measured by defining process and output indicators, targeting particular actions and projects.						
	Apart from the monitoring exercise, which will evaluate progress according to predefined indicators, evaluations looking at programme level, at sector level and for individual projects will be carried out, either ex-post or during implementation, according to annual evaluation plans. These evaluations will look at effectiveness, efficiency and relevance of the project or programme.						
	Steering committees at project or programme level will review progress and there is a beneficiary-led structure for review and input, particularly for progress towards the <i>acquis</i> .						
	The performance monitoring framework described hereafter is linked to the General and specific objectives, indicators, milestones and targets that can be found in Parts 3 and 4 of the main text of the DG Enlargement Management Plan 2014.						
		Aanagement Plan 2014.					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte	Management Plan 2014. ors, milestones and targets puraging the economic development of the Turkish egration of the island, on improving contacts					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commur	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte nities and with the EU, and on preparatio	Management Plan 2014. ors, milestones and targets puraging the economic development of the Turkish egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis.					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of	Management Plan 2014. ors, milestones and targets puraging the economic development of the Turkish egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. ommunity					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technica the whole island after the	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte nities and with the EU, and on preparation nic development of the Turkish Cypriot of Ily and politically support settlement pro achievement of settlement	Management Plan 2014. ors, milestones and targets puraging the economic development of the Turkish egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis.					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of Ily and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification	Management Plan 2014. prs, milestones and targets puraging the economic development of the Turkish egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. ommunity pocess to prepare for the application of the acquis to					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of Ily and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone	Management Plan 2014. prs, milestones and targets puraging the economic development of the Turkish egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. ommunity pocess to prepare for the application of the acquis to Target					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of Ily and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017	Management Plan 2014. prs, milestones and targets puraging the economic development of the Turkish agration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. ommunity pocess to prepare for the application of the acquis to Target 2020					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate;	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- hities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of Ily and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017 Substantive progress in political and	Management Plan 2014. Ders, milestones and targets Development of the Turkish egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. Development of the acquis to Target 2020 Social and economic integration, advanced acquis					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate; social/economic	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of Ily and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017	Management Plan 2014. prs, milestones and targets puraging the economic development of the Turkish agration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. ommunity pocess to prepare for the application of the acquis to Target 2020					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate; social/economic separation	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of ly and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017 Substantive progress in political and technical processes	Management Plan 2014. Ders, milestones and targets Devraging the economic development of the Turkish egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. Deress to prepare for the application of the acquis to Target 2020 Social and economic integration, advanced acquis alignment					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate; social/economic separation Result indicator (definition	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of lly and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017 Substantive progress in political and technical processes	Management Plan 2014. Ders, milestones and targets Devraging the economic development of the Turkish egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. Deress to prepare for the application of the acquis to Target 2020 Social and economic integration, advanced acquis alignment rnment controlled areas of the Republic of Cyprus					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate; social/economic separation Result indicator (definition	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of ly and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017 Substantive progress in political and technical processes	Management Plan 2014.					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate; social/economic separation Result indicator (definition and the northern part of C Baseline	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of lly and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017 Substantive progress in political and technical processes	Management Plan 2014.					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate; social/economic separation Result indicator (definition and the northern part of C	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of lly and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017 Substantive progress in political and technical processes n): GDP per capita gap between the gove yprus in process of progressive reduction	Management Plan 2014. Drs, milestones and targets Duraging the economic development of the Turkish Egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. Dommunity Decess to prepare for the application of the acquis to Target 2020 Social and economic integration, advanced acquis alignment Target 2020 Target 2020					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate; social/economic separation Result indicator (definition and the northern part of C Baseline 2013	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of Ily and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017 Substantive progress in political and technical processes n): GDP per capita gap between the gove yprus in process of progressive reduction Milestone	Management Plan 2014. Drs, milestones and targets Duraging the economic development of the Turkish Egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. Dommunity Decess to prepare for the application of the acquis to Target 2020 Social and economic integration, advanced acquis alignment Target 2020 Target 2020					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate; social/economic separation Result indicator (definition and the northern part of C Baseline	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of Ily and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017 Substantive progress in political and technical processes n): GDP per capita gap between the gove yprus in process of progressive reduction Milestone 2017	Management Plan 2014.					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate; social/economic separation Result indicator (definition and the northern part of C Baseline 2013 TCC GDP/cap as % of	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of Ily and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017 Substantive progress in political and technical processes n): GDP per capita gap between the gove yprus in process of progressive reduction Milestone 2017	Management Plan 2014. Drs, milestones and targets Duraging the economic development of the Turkish Egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. Dommunity Decess to prepare for the application of the acquis to Target 2020 Social and economic integration, advanced acquis alignment Target 2020 Target 2020					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate; social/economic separation Result indicator (definition and the northern part of C Baseline 2013 TCC GDP/cap as % of that of government controlled area : 45%	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of Ily and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017 Substantive progress in political and technical processes n): GDP per capita gap between the gove yprus in process of progressive reduction Milestone 2017	Anagement Plan 2014. Drs, milestones and targets Duraging the economic development of the Turkish Egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. Community Decess to prepare for the application of the acquis to Target 2020 Social and economic integration, advanced acquis alignment rnment controlled areas of the Republic of Cyprus Target 2020 59% ¹³⁷					
General objective: To facil Cypriot community with p between the two commun Specific objective: Econom Result indicator: Technical the whole island after the Impact indicator: Progress Baseline 2013 Political stalemate; social/economic separation Result indicator (definition and the northern part of C Baseline 2013 TCC GDP/cap as % of that of government controlled area : 45%	the main text of the DG Enlargement N General and specific objectives, indicato itate the reunification of Cyprus by enco articular emphasis on the economic inte- nities and with the EU, and on preparation ic development of the Turkish Cypriot of lly and politically support settlement pro- achievement of settlement towards reunification Milestone 2017 Substantive progress in political and technical processes n): GDP per capita gap between the gove yprus in process of progressive reduction Milestone 2017 52%	Anagement Plan 2014. Drs, milestones and targets Duraging the economic development of the Turkish Egration of the island, on improving contacts on for the acquis. Community Decess to prepare for the application of the acquis to Target 2020 Social and economic integration, advanced acquis alignment rnment controlled areas of the Republic of Cyprus Target 2020 59% ¹³⁷					

¹³⁷ Slow approximation is foreseen.

2012		201	.7			2020)		
€4,196,465		€6,500				€8,500,	000		
		Monitor	ing and repo	rting arrang	gements				
Description on how	Data for	monitoring	purposes wil	l be collecte	ed by:				
progress on achieving milestones and targets	• On-	the spot p	raiact chacks	by Comm	ission or T	ochnical Acc	istanco (TA)	staff with	
of each objective is			endent on the			echinical Ass	istance (TA)	Stall, With	
tracked and actors		. , .		0	,				
involved in monitoring	The Turkish Cypriot community, which already collects a wide range of socio-economic data;								
	• External consultants specifically tasked with tracking the performance against the predefined indicators and consolidating inputs from various sources. This is likely to include the World Bank, which will monitor local economic performance;								
	• Eur	obarometei	r surveys on p	oublic opinio	on;				
	thro mee	ough more	than 20 Proje	ect Steering	g Groups, p	lus biannual	xample, are Monitoring N ne TAIEX Ma	/lechanism	
							rogramme pe o-economic tr		
Reporting and planned		-	es and perfo	rmance of	the assist	ance progra	mme will be	e reported	
use of the information	through:								
	• The AOSD report, which is delivered biannually, reporting on the performance of the financial assistance, highlighting key issues and risks;								
	• The DG's Annual Activity Report, showing performance against the Annual Management Plan for the year;								
	• The Annual Report to the European Parliament and the Council, required by the Aid Regulation, and explaining deliveries and performance under the Aid Regulation;								
	• An Annual report by an external consultant with a consolidation of monitoring data and an evaluation of programme performance against indicators.								
	The above reports will be used to access the programme page and performance are instable								
	The above reports will be used to assess the programme pace and performance against the Aid Regulation objectives and will provide input for any adaptions to the programme. Other								
				•			orus political		
	process, which may require a radical revision and project/programme evaluation reports. Overall programme evaluations were performed in 2009 and 2013 and this will be repeated								
		-	nid-term repo	•					
Availability of reports in	2014	2015	2016	2017	2019	2010	2020	2021	
Availability of reports in the timeline	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
AOSD Report	xx	XX	хх	xx	xx	ХХ	xx		
Annual Report (EP/council)	х	х	х	х	х	х	х		
Annual Activity Report	x	х	x	x	x	х	x		
Annual Monitoring		х	х	x	х	х	х	1	
Report Mid-term/Final Report				~				~	
whu-ternij rillal Keport	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	X			I	X	
	Evalua	tions of the	e spending pr	ogramme (contracting	; year)			
	A	and of the - 1	The second s		• Com. 141	D. OH BA!!	- Doutoria		
Per planned evaluation: 1. Timing	Assessm	ent of the l	EU-funded su	pport to th	e committe	ee on Missing	g Persons		

 Type Main issues addressed and coverage Planned use of evaluation results Actors involved 	Timing – 2014 Type – project evaluation Main issues – Efficiency of process, contribution to reconciliation Coverage – All Cyprus Use of evaluation – Assessment of the value of CMP to the objectives of the Aid Regulation and recommendations for future support Actors – European Commission, Turkish Cypriot and Greek Cypriots, bicommunal Technical Committee, CMP						
	Evaluation of selection of indicators						
	Timing – 2014 Type – horizontal evaluation Main issues – selection of indicators up to 2013, proposals for 2014-20 Use of evaluation – establishment of indicator set Actors – TCc, European Commission						
	Rural development sector evaluation						
	Timing – 2014 Type – Thematic evaluation Main issues – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, efficiency, coherence a EU added value of the intervention 2006-13 Use of evaluation – assessment of programme, recommendations Actors – European Commission, TCc						
	Evaluation of equipment supply						
	Timing – 2014 Type – Horizontal evaluation Main issues – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, effectiveness, sustainability of equipment supplies, recommendations Use of evaluation – increase of sustainability, recommendations Actors – European Commission, TCc						
	Evaluation of Famagusta water/wastewater networks						
	Timing – 2014 Type – Project evaluation Main issues – Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness Use of evaluation – improvement of future support Actors – European Commission, TCc						
	MFF mid-term and final evaluations						
	Timing-2017 1md 2021 Type: mid-term an final evaluations Main issues: Relevance, efficiency, effectiveness Use of evaluation: Assessment of programme 2014-20 Actors: European Commission, TCc						

 $^{^{\}rm i}$ As required by the Copernicus Regulation, Art. 30, paragraph 7.