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11296/3/14 REV 3

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TRANS 345 CODEC 1531 PARLNAT 271

LEGISLATIVE ACTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

Subject:

Position of the Council at first reading with view to the adoption of a DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL amending Council Directive 96/53/EC laying down for certain road vehicles circulating within the Community the maximum authorised dimensions in national and international traffic and the maximum authorised weights in international traffic

- Adopted by the Council on 16 October 2014

DIRECTIVE .../.../EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

of ...

amending Council Directive 96/53/EC

laying down for certain road vehicles circulating within the Community
the maximum authorised dimensions in national and international traffic
and the maximum authorised weights in international traffic

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 91 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee¹,

Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions²,

Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure³,

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OJ C 327, 12.11.2013, p. 133.

OJ C ..., p.

Position of the European Parliament of 14 April 2014 [(OJ ...)] [(not yet published in the Official Journal)] and position of the Council at first reading of 16 October 2014 [(OJ ...)] [(not yet published in the Official Journal)]. Position of the European Parliament of ... [(OJ ...)] [(not yet published in the Official Journal)] [and decision of the Council of ...].

Whereas:

- (1) The need to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, particularly carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions, to improve road safety, to adapt the relevant legislation to technological developments and changing market needs and to facilitate intermodal transport operations, while ensuring undistorted competition and protecting the road infrastructure, must be emphasised.
- Technological developments provide the possibility of attaching retractable or foldable aerodynamic devices to the rear of vehicles. However, the attachment of such devices would result in the maximum lengths permitted under Council Directive 96/53/EC¹ being exceeded. A derogation from the maximum lengths is therefore required. This Directive aims to allow the installation of such devices as soon as the necessary amendments to the technical requirements for type-approval of the aerodynamic devices are transposed or applied, and after the adoption by the Commission of the implementing acts laying down the operational rules for the use of such devices.
- (3) Improved aerodynamics of the cabs of motor vehicles would allow significant gains in respect of the energy performance of vehicles, possibly in conjunction with retractable or foldable aerodynamic devices attached to the rear of vehicles. However, under the current maximum lengths set by Directive 96/53/EC, such an improvement is not possible without reducing the vehicle load capacity and threatening the economic equilibrium of the road transport sector. For that reason also, a derogation from the maximum lengths is required.

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Council Directive 96/53/EC of 25 July 1996 laying down for certain road vehicles circulating within the Community the maximum authorised dimensions in national and international traffic and the maximum authorised weights in international traffic (OJ L 235, 17.9.1996, p. 59).

- Pursuant to Directive 2007/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council¹, aerodynamic devices exceeding 500 mm in length and motor vehicles equipped with cabs that improve their aerodynamic performance, where such vehicles exceed the limits set by Directive 96/53/EC, are to be type-approved before being put on the market.
- (5) Enabling vehicles to have a new cab profile would contribute to improving road safety by reducing blind spots in the driver's vision, including those under the windscreen, and ought to help to save the lives of many vulnerable road users such as pedestrians or cyclists. A new cab profile could also incorporate energy absorption structures in the event of a collision. Furthermore, the potential gain in the volume of the cab could improve the driver's safety and comfort.
- (6) The use of alternative powertrains which are less polluting for heavy-duty vehicles or buses generates extra weight. Such extra weight should not be counted at the expense of the effective load of the vehicle, thereby penalising the road transport sector in economic terms. Such alternative powertrains, which include hybrid powertrains, are those that, for the purpose of mechanical propulsion, draw energy from consumable fuel and/or a battery or other electrical or mechanical power storage device.
- (7) Future alternatively fuelled vehicles (with heavier powertrains than conventionally fuelled vehicles) might also benefit from an extra weight allowance. Therefore, such alternative fuels may be included in the list of alternative fuels provided for by this Directive, if their use requires an additional weight allowance.

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Directive 2007/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 September 2007 establishing a framework for the approval of motor vehicles and their trailers, and of systems, components and separate technical units intended for such vehicles (Framework Directive) (OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1).

- (8) This Directive provides for derogations from the maximum authorised weights and dimensions of vehicles and vehicle combinations laid down in Directive 96/53/EC. However, Member States should be able to restrict, for reasons related to road safety or infrastructure characteristics, the circulation of certain vehicles in specific parts of their road network.
- (9) In the area of containerisation, 45-foot containers are increasingly being used. Such containers are transported by all modes of transport. However, the road components of intermodal transport operations can currently only be undertaken if both the Member States and the transporters follow cumbersome administrative procedures, or if those containers have patented chamfered corners, the cost of which is prohibitive. Increasing the authorised length of the vehicles transporting such containers by 15 cm could eliminate those administrative procedures for transporters and facilitate intermodal transport operations, without risk or prejudice to the road infrastructure or other road users.
- (10) To further promote intermodal transport operations and to take account of the unladen weight of containers or swap bodies of a length of up to 45 feet, the circulation of three-axle motor vehicles with two or three-axle semi-trailers should be allowed for a total authorised weight of 44 tonnes. Two-axle motor vehicles with three-axle semi-trailers transporting containers or swap bodies of a length of up to 45 feet should be allowed in intermodal transport operations for a total authorised weight of 42 tonnes.

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- (11) Since the adoption of Directive 96/53/EC, the average weight of bus passengers and their luggage has increased substantially. Given the weight limits imposed by that Directive, this has resulted in a gradual reduction in the number of passengers carried. Moreover, the equipment needed to meet the current technical requirements, such as Euro VI, adds to the weight of the vehicles carrying them. The need to promote public transport over private transport in the interests of better energy efficiency means that the previous number of bus passengers must be re-established, taking into account the increase in their weight and that of their luggage. That can be done by increasing the authorised weight for buses with two axles, within limits that none the less ensure that road infrastructure is not damaged as a result of faster erosion.
- (12) In order to ensure undistorted competition between operators and to improve the detection of infringements, Member States should, by ... +, take specific measures to identify vehicles or vehicle combinations in circulation that are likely to have exceeded the relevant weight limits and should therefore be checked. Such identification may be carried out by means of weighing mechanisms built into the road infrastructure, or by means of on-board sensors in vehicles that communicate data remotely to the relevant authorities. Every year each Member State should perform an appropriate number of vehicle weight checks. The number of such checks should be proportionate to the total number of vehicles inspected each year in the Member State concerned.
- (13) In order to ensure compliance with this Directive, Member States should lay down rules on penalties for infringements of this Directive and should ensure their implementation. Those penalties should be effective, non-discriminatory, proportionate and dissuasive.

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⁺ OJ: Please, insert the date: six years from the entry into force of this amending Directive.

- (14) It is important that the competent authorities of the Member States exchange information to make checks of the weight of vehicles or vehicle combinations more effective at international level, and to facilitate the smooth operation of those checks. The contact point designated in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1071/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ should serve as a relay for such exchanges of information.
- (15) The European Parliament and the Council should be regularly informed of the checks on road traffic carried out by the Member States' competent authorities. This information, provided by the Member States, will enable the Commission to ensure compliance by hauliers with this Directive, and to determine whether or not additional coercive measures should be developed.
- (16) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council².

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Regulation (EC) No 1071/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing common rules concerning the conditions to be complied with to pursue the occupation of road transport operator and repealing Council Directive 96/26/EC (OJ L 300, 14.11.2009, p. 51).

Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

- (17) The Commission should not adopt implementing acts relating to the operational requirements regarding the use of aerodynamic devices or detailed specifications on on-board weighing equipment where the committee established pursuant to this Directive delivers no opinion on the draft implementing act presented by the Commission.
- (18) In order to update the list of alternative fuels included in this Directive in light of the latest technological developments, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including consultations with Member States' experts, before adopting the delegated acts. The Commission, when preparing and drawing up delegated acts, should ensure a simultaneous, timely and appropriate transmission of relevant documents to the European Parliament and to the Council.
- (19) Since the objectives of this Directive cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States but can rather, by reason of its scale and effects, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Directive does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.
- (20) Directive 96/53/EC should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAVE ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

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Article 1

Directive 96/53/EC is amended as follows:

(1) in point (a) of Article 1(1), the reference "Council Directive 70/156/EEC of 6 February 1970 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to the type approval of motor vehicles and their trailers" is replaced by the reference "Directive 2007/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council*.

- (2) Article 2 is amended as follows:
 - (a) in the first paragraph, the following definitions are added:
 - "- 'alternative fuels' shall mean fuels or power sources which serve, at least partly, as a substitute for fossil oil sources in the energy supply to transport and which have the potential to contribute to its decarbonisation and enhance the environmental performance of the transport sector. They consist of:
 - electricity consumed in all types of electric vehicles,
 - hydrogen,

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^{*} Directive 2007/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 September 2007 establishing a framework for the approval of motor vehicles and their trailers, and of systems, components and separate technical units intended for such vehicles (Framework Directive) (OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1).";

- natural gas, including biomethane, in gaseous form (Compressed Natural
 Gas CNG) and liquefied form (Liquefied Natural Gas LNG),
- Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG),
- mechanical energy from on-board storage/on-board sources,
- 'alternatively fuelled vehicle' shall mean a motor vehicle powered wholly or in part by an alternative fuel and which has been approved under Directive 2007/46/EC,
- 'intermodal transport operation' shall mean:
 - (a) the combined transport operations defined in Article 1 of Council Directive 92/106/EEC*, or
 - (b) transport operations using waterborne transport, provided that the length of the initial or the final road leg does not exceed 150 km in the territory of the Union. The distance of 150 km referred to above may be exceeded in order to reach the nearest suitable transport terminal for the envisaged service in the case of:
 - (i) vehicles complying with points 2.2.2 (a) or (b) of Annex I, or
 - (ii) other vehicles, if permitted in the relevant Member State.

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For intermodal transport operations, the nearest suitable transport terminal providing a service may be located in a Member State other than the Member State in which the shipment was loaded or unloaded,

- 'shipper' shall mean a legal entity or person named on the bill of lading or equivalent transport document, such as a 'through' bill of lading, as shipper, and/or in whose name or on whose behalf a contract of carriage has been concluded with the transport company.

- (b) in the second paragraph, the reference "Directive 70/156/EEC" is replaced by the reference "Directive 2007/46/EC".
- (3) Article 4 is amended as follows:
 - (a) the third and fourth subparagraphs of paragraph 4 are deleted;
 - (b) paragraph 6 is deleted.

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^{*} Council Directive 92/106/EEC of 7 December 1992 on the establishment of common rules for certain types of combined transport of goods between Member States (OJ L 368, 17.12.1992, p. 38).";

(4) Article 5 is replaced by the following:

"Article 5

Articulated vehicles put into circulation before 1 January 1991 which do not comply with the specifications contained in points 1.6 and 4.4 of Annex I shall be deemed to comply with such specifications for the purposes of Article 3 if they do not exceed a total length of 15,50 m.".

- (5) Articles 8,8a and 9 are deleted.
- (6) The following Articles are inserted:

"Article 8b

1. With the aim of improving their energy efficiency, vehicles or vehicle combinations equipped with aerodynamic devices which meet the requirements laid down in paragraphs 2 and 3, and which comply with Directive 2007/46/EC, may exceed the maximum lengths provided for in point 1.1 of Annex I, to allow the addition of such devices to the rear of vehicles or vehicle combinations. Vehicles or vehicle combinations equipped with such devices shall comply with point 1.5 of Annex I, and any exceeding of the maximum lengths shall not lead to an increase in the loading length of those vehicles or vehicle combinations.

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- 2. Before being put on the market, the aerodynamic devices referred to in paragraph 1 exceeding 500 mm in length shall be type-approved in accordance with Directive 2007/46/EC. By ...+, the Commission shall assess the need to amend the technical requirements for type-approval of aerodynamic devices laid down by that Directive, including its implementing measures, taking into account the need to ensure road safety and the safety of intermodal transport operations, and in particular:
 - (a) the secure attachment of the devices in such a way as to reduce the risk of their becoming detached over time, including during an intermodal transport operation;
 - (b) the safety of other road users, especially vulnerable road users, by ensuring, inter alia, the visibility of contour markings when aerodynamic devices are fitted, by adapting the indirect vision requirements and, in the event of a collision with the rear of a vehicle or a vehicle combination, by not compromising rear underrun protection.

To that end, the Commission shall submit, as appropriate, a legislative proposal to amend Directive 2007/46/EC.

- 3. The Commission shall by means of implementing acts adopt detailed operational requirements regarding the use of the devices referred to in paragraph 1, covering in particular:
 - (a) the circumstances in which those devices need to be folded, retracted or removed by the driver;

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OJ: Please, insert date: two years from the entry of force of this amending Directive.

- (b) their use on urban and inter-urban road infrastructures; and
- (c) their compatibility with intermodal transport operations.

Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 10i(2).

4. Paragraph 1 shall apply from the date of transposition or application of the necessary amendments to the instruments referred to in paragraph 2 and after the adoption of the implementing acts referred to in paragraph 3, as appropriate.

Article 9a

1. With the aim of improving energy efficiency, in particular as regards the aerodynamic performance of cabs, as well as road safety, vehicles or vehicle combinations which fulfil the requirements laid down in paragraph 2 and which comply with Directive 2007/46/EC may exceed the maximum lengths provided for in point 1.1 of Annex I if their cab provides improved aerodynamic performance and energy efficiency, as well as safety performance. Vehicles or vehicle combinations equipped with such cabs shall comply with point 1.5 of Annex I and any exceeding of the maximum lengths shall not lead to an increase in the load capacity of those vehicles.

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- 2. Before being put on the market, the vehicles referred to in paragraph 1 shall be approved in accordance with Directive 2007/46/EC. By ... +, the Commission shall assess the need to develop the technical requirements for type-approval of vehicles equipped with such cabs as laid down in that Directive, including its implementing acts, taking into account the following:
 - (a) the improved aerodynamic performance of vehicles or vehicle combinations;
 - (b) vulnerable road users, and improvement of their visibility to drivers, in particular by reducing drivers' blind spots;
 - (c) the reduction in damage or injury caused to other road users in the event of a collision;
 - (d) the safety and comfort of drivers.

To that end,the Commission shall submit, as appropriate, a legislative proposal to amend Directive 2007/46/EC.

- 3. Paragraph 1 shall apply as from five years after the date of transposition or application of the necessary amendments to the instruments referred to in paragraph 2, as appropriate.".
- (7) Article 10a is deleted.

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OJ: please, insert the date: two years of the entry into force of this amending Directive.

(8) The following Articles are inserted:

"Article 10b

The maximum authorised weights of alternatively fuelled vehicles shall be those set out in points 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 of Annex I.

Alternatively fuelled vehicles shall also comply with the maximum authorised axle weight limits set out in point 3 of Annex I.

The additional weight required by alternatively fuelled vehicles shall be defined on the basis of the documentation provided by the manufacturer when the vehicle in question is approved. That additional weight shall be indicated in the official proof required by Article 6.

The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 10h to update, for the purposes of this Directive, the list of alternative fuels referred to in Article 2 that require additional weight. It is of particular importance that the Commission follow its usual practice and carry out consultations with experts, including Member States' experts, before adopting those delegated acts.

Article 10c

The maximum length laid down in point 1.1 of Annex I, subject where applicable to Article 9a(1), and the maximum distance laid down in point 1.6 of Annex I, may be exceeded by 15 cm for vehicles or vehicle combinations engaged in the transport of 45-foot containers or 45-foot swap bodies, empty or loaded, if the road transport of the container or swap body is part of an intermodal transport operation.

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Article 10d

1. By ... +, Member States shall take specific measures to identify vehicles or vehicle combinations in circulation that are likely to have exceeded the maximum authorised weight and that should therefore be checked by their competent authorities in order to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Directive. Those measures may be taken with the aid of automatic systems set up on the road infrastructure, or by means of on-board weighing equipment installed in vehicles in accordance with paragraph 4.

A Member State shall not require on-board weighing equipment to be installed on vehicles or vehicle combinations which are registered in another Member State.

Without prejudice to Union and national law, where automatic systems are used to establish infringements of this Directive and to impose penalties, such automatic systems shall be certified. Where automatic systems are used only for identification purposes, certification shall not be required.

- 2. Each Member State shall carry out each calendar year an appropriate number of checks on the weight of vehicles or vehicle combinations in circulation, proportionate to the total number of vehicles inspected each year in its territory.
- Member States shall, in accordance with Article 18 of Regulation (EC)
 No 1071/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council*, ensure that their competent authorities exchange information about infringements and penalties relating to this Article.

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OJ: Please, insert the date: six years from the entry into force of this amending Directive.

4. The Commission shall, by means of implementing acts, adopt detailed technical specifications in order to ensure that the on-board weighing equipment referred to in paragraph 1 is accurate and reliable, fully interoperable and compatible with all vehicle types.

In order to ensure interoperability, the detailed technical specifications shall, in particular, enable the weight data to be communicated at any time from a moving vehicle to the competent authorities. That communication shall be done through the interface defined by the CEN DSRC standards EN 12253, EN 12795, EN 12834, EN 13372 and ISO 14906, complemented by an additional standard ensuring that the competent authorities of the Member States can communicate and exchange information in the same way with vehicles and vehicle combinations registered in any Member State and using on-board weighing equipment.

The implementing acts referred to in this paragraph shall be adopted by ... in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 10i(2).

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^{*} Regulation (EC) No 1071/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing common rules concerning the conditions to be complied with to pursue the occupation of road transport operator and repealing Council Directive 96/26/EC (OJ L 300, 14.11.2009, p. 51).;

OJ: Please, insert the date: one year from the date of application of this amending Directive.

Article 10e

Member States shall lay down rules on penalties applicable to infringements of this Directive and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented. Those penalties shall be effective, non-discriminatory, proportionate and dissuasive. Member States shall notify those rules to the Commission.

Article 10f

- 1. For the transport of containers and swap bodies, Member States shall lay down rules that require:
 - the shipper to give the haulier to whom it entrusts the transport of a container (a) or swap body a statement indicating the weight of the container or swap body transported, and
 - the haulier to provide access to all relevant documentation provided by the (b) shipper.
- 2. Member States shall lay down rules on the liability of both the shipper and the haulier as appropriate in cases where the information referred to in paragraph 1 is missing or is incorrect and the vehicle or vehicle combination is overloaded.

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Article 10g

Every two years, and at the latest by 30 September of the year following the end of the two-year period concerned, Member States shall send to the Commission the necessary information concerning:

- the number of checks carried out in the previous two calendar years, and (a)
- the number of overloaded vehicles or vehicle combinations detected. (b)

This information may be part of the information submitted under Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 561/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council*.

The Commission shall produce an analysis of the information received pursuant to this Article, and shall include such analysis in the report to be forwarded to the European Parliament and to the Council pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 561/2006.

Article 10h

- 1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.
- 2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 10b shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of five years from ... ⁺. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the five-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.

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OJ: Please, insert the date of entry into force of this amending Directive.

- 3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 10b may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.
- 4. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.
- 5. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 10b shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.

Article 10i

- The Commission shall be assisted by the Road Transport Committee referred to in Article 42 of Regulation (EU) No 165/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council**. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.
- 2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.

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- 3. Where the committee delivers no opinion, the Commission shall not adopt the draft implementing act and the third subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Regulation (EU)

 No 182/2011 shall apply.
- Regulation (EC) No 561/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2006 on the harmonisation of certain social legislation relating to road transport and amending Council Regulations (EEC) No 3821/85 and (EC) No 2135/98 and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 3820/85 (OJ L 102, 11.4.2006, p. 1).
- ** Regulation (EU) No 165/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 February 2014 on tachographs in road transport, repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 3821/85 on recording equipment in road transport and amending Regulation (EC) No 561/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonisation of certain social legislation relating to road transport (OJ L 60, 28.2.2014, p. 1.)."
- (9) Annex I is amended as follows:
 - (a) point 1.2(a) is replaced by the following:
 - "(a) all vehicles except the vehicles referred to in point 1.2(b): 2,55 m";
 - (b) point 1.2(b) is replaced by the following:
 - "(b) superstructures of conditioned vehicles or conditioned containers or swap bodies transported by vehicles: 2,60 m";

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- (c) point 2.2.2(c) is replaced by the following:
 - "(c) two-axle motor vehicle with three-axle semi-trailer carrying, in intermodal transport operations, one or more containers or swap bodies, for a total maximum length of up to 45 feet: 42 tonnes";
- (d) in point 2.2.2, the following point is added:
 - "(d) three-axle motor vehicle with two or three-axle semi-trailer carrying, in intermodal transport operations, one or more containers or swap bodies, for a total maximum length of up to 45 feet: 44 tonnes";
- (e) point 2.3.1 is replaced by the following:
 - "2.3.1 Two-axle motor vehicles other than buses: 18 tonnes

Two-axle alternatively fuelled motor vehicles other than buses: the maximum authorised weight of 18 tonnes is increased by the additional weight required for the alternative fuel technology with a maximum of 1 tonne

Two-axle buses: 19,5 tonnes";

- point 2.3.2 is replaced by the following: (f)
 - "2.3.2 Three-axle motor vehicles: 25 tonnes or 26 tonnes where the driving axle is fitted with twin tyres and air suspension or suspension recognised as being equivalent within the Union as defined in Annex II, or where each driving axle is fitted with twin tyres and the maximum weight of each axle does not exceed 9,5 tonnes

Three-axle alternatively fuelled motor vehicles: the maximum authorised weight of 25 or 26 tonnes (where the driving axle is fitted with twin tyres and air suspension or suspension recognised as being equivalent within the Union as defined in Annex II, or where each driving axle is fitted with twin tyres and the maximum weight of each axle does not exceed 9,5 tonnes) is increased by the additional weight required for the alternative fuel technology with a maximum of 1 tonne".

Article 2

1. Member States shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive by ... +. They shall immediately inform the Commission thereof.

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OJ: Please, insert date: 36 months from the date of the publication of this amending Directive.

Where Member States adopt those measures, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. The methods of making such reference shall be laid down by the Member States.

2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the main measures of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.

Article 3

This Directive shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Article 4

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at ...,

For the European Parliament For the Council
The President The President

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