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AGRI 273

NOTE

From: Presidency
To: SCA
Subject: Future work of the Special Committee on Agriculture

Delegations will find attached a Note on the above, as amended in the light of the discussion at the SCA on 20 May 2015. The Presidency intends to have this Note endorsed at the SCA meeting in Riga on 1 June 2015.

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FUTURE WORK OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE

1. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

The SCA was established on 12 May 1960 by a decision of the Representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Economic Community. The decision was published in the Official Journal on 12 September 1960.

Since then, the SCA played a major role in preparation of the Agriculture Council and its decisions on the Common Agriculture Policy. The aforementioned decision and the Working Methods agreed in 2003 (doc. 9468/03) and last complemented and updated in 2010 (doc. 5952/10) remain the basis for the SCA's work today.

As in 2003, due to budgetary and practical constraints, we assume that the <u>SCA</u> will not meet more often or for longer than it has done recently. It thus remains essential that the <u>SCA</u> work as efficiently as possible, in particular by avoiding undue repetition or duplication in its deliberations, and by using written communication where appropriate. To that end, it remains essential that delegations carry out efficient internal coordination before meetings of the relevant Working Parties, the SCA and the Council.

For work on legislative proposals falling within its competence the <u>SCA</u> shall continue to proceed in accordance with the established practice.

This document emphasises some of the aspects where the work of the SCA could be developed in the future, providing added-value to the work carried out in other fora. This could also help in structuring the contribution of the SCA to the setting of the agenda of the Agriculture Council.

The elements that are described in this document do not put into question the roles of any other Council formation and Committees¹ nor any Council conclusions that establish how Council organises its work².

such as the special committee designated by the Council in accordance with art. 218(4) TFEU for the follow-up to negotiations on agricultural trade issues.

2. <u>DELEGATED ACTS</u>

The Presidency could invite the Commission to give an indication to the SCA of the delegated acts that it expects to adopt at a later stage. Bearing in mind the need to preserve the efficiency of the proceedings of the SCA, the Presidency could then suggest which delegated acts should be the subject of a debate and/or short presentation at the first possible SCA after the adoption of that delegated act but before the expiration of the 2 months deadline. In any event written information on each delegated act would continue to be provided at the start of the consultation period. Besides, under the item "Organisation of future work" the Presidency will remind delegations of the launch of consultations on delegated acts. If necessary, the Commission could also provide an update should unforeseen events require the adoption of additional delegated acts, or modifications to existing ones.

Such a SCA-level discussion would usefully complement the existing procedures for consultations on and scrutiny of specific delegated acts, in full respect of Article 290 TFEU, the Common understanding on delegated acts (doc. 8753/11) and the Initiative to complement the Common understanding as regards the consultation of experts (doc. 6774/14).

3. IMPACT ASSESSMENTS AND OPINIONS OF THE COURT OF AUDITORS

In accordance with the general guidance on Impact assessment (doc. 16024/14), the first report on a legislative proposal from the relevant Working Party to the SCA should include a concise summary of the Working Party discussions on the Commission's impact assessment including, in particular, any concerns raised. The SCA could, as appropriate, discuss any such concerns.

When the <u>Commission</u> presents a major legislative proposal with a potentially significant impact, the <u>Presidency</u> could consider inviting the <u>Commission</u> to present the impact assessment to the <u>SCA</u> before work starts within the <u>Working Party</u>.

The SCA could also give its view on the opinion of the Court of auditors on files that are of major importance and have future potential implications on the CAP, therefore further improving the quality of the Council's work on these dossiers.

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such as those (7515/00+ COR 1) on improving the examination of special reports drawn up by the Court of Auditors.

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4. <u>INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS</u>

Currently the <u>Commission</u> represents the EU in three international organisations dealing with products covered by the CAP.

Responsibility for the EU's participation in the International Olive Oil Council (IOC), the International Sugar Council (ISO) and the International Grain Council (IGC) lies with Commission's DG AGRI. Preparatory discussions take place within the Council's <u>Working Party on Commodities</u> ("PROBA"), which reports to <u>Coreper</u> and prepares meetings of organisations where the EU participates for international development purposes.

To complement these existing procedures, but without interfering with them, the <u>Presidency</u> could regularly invite the <u>Commission</u> to provide information to the <u>SCA</u> before international meetings where important issues are at stake.

In addition, the <u>SCA</u> should continue to prepare and approve positions on technical/organisational issues for meetings of the International Organisation of Vine and Wine (OIV) after discussion in the relevant Council <u>Working Party</u>. SCA may also consider doing the same for the International Olive Council (IOC).

5. INTERNATIONAL TRADE ISSUES

As one of the <u>Council</u> preparatory bodies for agricultural issues, it is appropriate for the <u>SCA</u> to have a clear picture of the potential consequences of ongoing trade negotiations for the CAP.

The <u>Presidency</u> should regularly invite the Commission to inform the <u>SCA</u> on developments in trade negotiations, with the involvement of DG AGRI to comment on the potential impact on the CAP, followed by a debate. The <u>Commission</u> could also provide an update during the semester.

This would usefully complement the existing procedures but would in no way reduce the need for effective internal coordination within delegations.

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6. HORIZONTAL ISSUES

The <u>SCA</u> should be responsible for preparing the <u>AGRI Council</u>'s contribution to the <u>European Council</u> for key horizontal issues that have direct and significant impact on agriculture such as the climate and energy strategy, the Europe 2020 strategy and the Investment Plan for Europe.

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