

Brussels, 1 December 2015 (OR. en)

13890/15

Interinstitutional File: 2015/0232 (NLE)

VISA 355 COAFR 327

LEGISLATIVE ACTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

Subject: COUNCIL DECISION establishing the position to be taken on behalf of the

European Union within the Joint Committee set up under the Agreement

between the European Union and the Republic of Cape Verde on

facilitating the issue of short-stay visas to citizens of the Republic of Cape Verde and of the European Union, with regard to the adoption of common

guidelines for the implementation of the Agreement

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COUNCIL DECISION (EU) 2015/...

of ...

establishing the position

to be taken on behalf of the European Union
within the Joint Committee set up under
the Agreement between the European Union
and the Republic of Cape Verde
on facilitating the issue of short-stay visas to citizens
of the Republic of Cape Verde and of the European Union,
with regard to the adoption of common guidelines for
the implementation of the Agreement

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular point (a) of Article 77(2) in conjunction with Article 218(9) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) The Agreement between the European Union and the Republic of Cape Verde on facilitating the issue of short-stay visas to citizens of the Republic of Cape Verde and of the European Union¹ ('the Agreement') entered into force on 1 December 2014.
- (2) Article 10 of the Agreement provides that a Joint Committee is to be established by the Parties. It further provides that that Joint Committee is, in particular, to monitor the implementation of the Agreement.
- Regulation (EC) No 810/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council² establishes (3) the procedures and conditions for issuing visas for transit through or intended stays on the territory of the Member States not exceeding 90 days in any 180-day period.
- (4) Common guidelines are needed in order to ensure a fully harmonised implementation of the Agreement by the consulates of the Republic of Cape Verde and of the Member States, and to clarify the relationship between the provisions of the Agreement and the provisions of the legislation of the Parties to the Agreement that continue to apply to visa issues not covered by the Agreement.

Regulation (EC) No 810/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 establishing a Community Code on Visas (Visa Code) (OJ L 243, 15.9.2009, p. 1).

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¹ OJ L 282, 24.10.2013, p. 3.

- (5) It is therefore appropriate to establish the position to be taken on behalf of the Union within the Joint Committee, with regard to the adoption of common guidelines for the implementation of the Agreement.
- (6) In accordance with Articles 1 and 2 of Protocol No 22 on the position of Denmark, annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, Denmark is not taking part in the adoption of this Decision and is not bound by it or subject to its application.
- (7) In accordance with Articles 1 and 2 of Protocol No 21 on the position of the United Kingdom and Ireland in respect of the area of freedom, security and justice, annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and without prejudice to Article 4 of that Protocol, those Member States are not taking part in the adoption of this Decision and are not bound by it or subject to its application,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

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Article 1

The position to be taken on behalf of the Union within the Joint Committee set up under the Agreement between the European Union and the Republic of Cape Verde on facilitating the issue of short-stay visas to citizens of the Republic of Cape Verde and of the European Union, with regard to the adoption of common guidelines for the implementation of the Agreement, shall be based on the draft Decision of the Joint Committee attached to this Decision.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its adoption.

Done at ...,

For the Council
The President

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DECISION No 1/2015 OF THE JOINT COMMITTEE SET UP UNDER THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE EUROPEAN UNION AND THE REPUBLIC OF CAPE VERDE ON FACILITATING THE ISSUE OF SHORT-STAY VISAS TO CITIZENS OF THE REPUBLIC OF CAPE VERDE AND OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

of ...

with regard to the adoption of common guidelines for the implementation of the Agreement

THE JOINT COMMITTEE,

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Union and the Republic of Cape Verde on facilitating the issue of short-stay visas to citizens of the Republic of Cape Verde and of the European Union¹ ('the Agreement'), and in particular Article 10 thereof,

Whereas the Agreement entered into force on 1 December 2014,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

OJ EU L 282, 24.10.2013, p. 3.

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Article 1

Common guidelines for the implementation of the Agreement between the European Union and the Republic of Cape Verde on facilitating the issue of short-stay visas to citizens of the Republic of Cape Verde and of the European Union are adopted as set out in the Annex to this Decision.

Article 2 This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its adoption.	
For the European Union	For the Republic of Cape Verde

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ANNEX

COMMON GUIDELINES

FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE EUROPEAN UNION AND THE REPUBLIC OF CAPE VERDE ON FACILITATING THE ISSUE OF SHORT-STAY VISAS TO CITIZENS OF THE REPUBLIC OF CAPE VERDE AND OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

The purpose of the Agreement between the European Union and the Republic of Cape Verde on facilitating the issuing of short-stay visas to citizens of the Republic of Cape Verde and of the European Union ('the Agreement'), which entered into force on 1 December 2014, is to facilitate, on the basis of reciprocity, the procedures for issuing visas for an intended stay of no more than 90 days per period of 180 days to the citizens of Republic of Cape Verde ('Cape Verde') and of the European Union ('the Union').

The Agreement establishes reciprocal, legally binding rights and obligations for the purpose of simplifying the procedures for the issuing of visas to the citizens of Cape Verde and of the Union.

These Guidelines, adopted by the Joint Committee established by the Agreement ('Joint Committee'), aim at ensuring a correct and harmonised implementation of the Agreement by the diplomatic missions and consular posts of Cape Verde and of the Member States. These Guidelines are not part of the Agreement and are therefore not legally binding. However, it is highly recommended that diplomatic and consular staff consistently follow them when implementing the provisions of the Agreement.

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These Guidelines are conceived as a document which should be updated, if necessary, in light of the experiences gained in the implementation of the Agreement.

I. GENERAL ISSUES

1.1. Purpose and scope of application

Article 1 of the Agreement reads:

"The purpose of this Agreement is to facilitate, on the basis of reciprocity, the issue of visas to citizens of Cape Verde and of the Union for an intended stay of no more than 90 days per period of 180 days.".

The Agreement applies to all citizens of Cape Verde and of the Union who apply for a short-stay visa, regardless of the country in which they reside.

The Agreement does not apply to stateless persons holding a residence permit issued by Cape Verde or by the Member States. The rules of the Union visa *acquis* apply to that category of persons.

1.2. Scope of the Agreement

Article 2 of the Agreement reads:

"1. The measures to facilitate the issue of visas set out in this Agreement shall apply to citizens of Cape Verde and of the Union only in so far as they are not exempt from visa requirements under the laws and regulations of the Union or its Member States or of Cape Verde, or under the present Agreement or other international agreements.

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2. The national law of Cape Verde and of the Member States or the law of the Union shall apply to matters not covered by the provisions of this Agreement, such as refusal to issue a visa, recognition of travel documents, proof of sufficient means of subsistence, refusal of entry and expulsion measures.".

Without prejudice to Article 8 of the Agreement, the Agreement does not affect the existing Union and national rules on visa obligations and visa exemptions. For instance, Article 4 of Council Regulation (EC) No 539/2001 allows Member States to exempt from the visa requirement, among other categories of persons, civilian air and sea crews.

Regulation (EC) No 810/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council² ('the Visa Code') applies to all issues not covered by the Agreement, such as the determination of the Schengen State responsible for processing a visa application, the motivation of refusal to issue a visa and the right to appeal against a negative decision. Furthermore, Schengen rules and national law continue to apply to issues which are not covered by the Agreement, such as the recognition of travel documents, proof of documentary evidence regarding the purpose of the journey and sufficient means of subsistence, the processing times for visa applications, the refusal of entry into the territory of the Member States and expulsion measures.

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Council Regulation (EC) No 539/2001 of 15 March 2001 listing the third countries whose nationals must be in possession of visas when crossing the external borders and those whose

nationals are exempt from that requirement (OJ EC L 81, 21.3.2001, p. 1).

Regulation (EC) No 810/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 establishing a Community Code on Visas (Visa Code) (OJ EU L 243, 15.9.2009, p. 1).

Even if the conditions foreseen in the Agreement are met, the issuing of the visa can still be refused if the conditions laid down in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ ('the Schengen Borders Code') are not fulfilled, i.e. the person is not in possession of a valid travel document, an alert in the Schengen Information System has been issued, the person is considered a threat for public policy, internal security, etc.

Other flexibilities in the issuing of visas allowed for by the Visa Code continue to apply. For instance, multiple-entry visas for a long period of validity – up to five years – can be issued to categories of persons other than those mentioned in Article 4 of the Agreement, if the conditions foreseen in the Visa Code (Article 24) are met. In the same way, the provisions contained in the Visa Code allowing waiver or reduction of the visa fee will continue to apply (Article 16(5) and (6) of the Visa Code). The national law of Cape Verde continues to apply to all matters related to the issuing of visas to Union citizens by Cape Verde and not covered by the Agreement, such as those mentioned in three preceding paragraphs.

1.3. Types of visas falling within the scope of the Agreement

Point (d) of Article 3 of the Agreement defines "visa" as "an authorisation issued or a decision taken by a Member State or by Cape Verde which is required with a view to entering, for transit purposes or for an intended stay of no more than 90 days in total, the territory of that Member State or of several Member States or the territory of Cape Verde;".

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Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2006 establishing a Community Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) (OJ EU L 105, 13.4.2006, p. 1).

The facilitations provided by the Agreement apply both to uniform visas valid for the entire territory of the Member States, and to visas with limited territorial validity. They also apply to short-stay and transit visas issued by Cape Verde to Union citizens.

1.4. Calculation of the length of stay authorised by a visa

In accordance with Article 5(1) of the Schengen Borders Code, the notion of "short stay" means "90 days in any 180-day period, which entails considering the 180-day period preceding each day of stay".

The day of entry will be calculated as the first day of stay in the territory of the Member States and the day of exit will be calculated as the last day of stay in the territory of the Member States. The notion of "any" implies the application of a "moving" 180-day reference period, on each day of the stay looking back to the last 180-day period, in order to verify if the 90/180-day requirement continues to be fulfilled. That means that an absence in the territory of the Member States for an uninterrupted period of 90 days allows for a new stay of up to 90 days.

A short-stay calculator, which can be used for calculating the period of allowed stay under the new rules, can be found online at the following address: http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/home-affairs/what-we-do/policies/borders-and-visas/border-crossing/index_en.htm.

An example of a calculation of stay on the basis of the new definition is as follows:

A person holding a multiple-entry visa for one year (18.4.2014–18.4.2015) enters for the first time on 19.4.2014 and stays for three days. The same person then enters again on 18.6.2014 and stays for 86 days. In such case the situation on specific dates could be as follows:

- on 11.9.2014: over the last 180 days (16.3.2014–11.9.2014) the person had stayed for three days (19.4.2014–21.4.2014) plus 86 days (18.6.2014–11.9.2014) = 89 days = no overstay. The person may still stay for up to one day;
- as of 16.10.2014: the person might enter for a stay of three additional days (on 16.10.2014 the stay on 19.4.2014 becomes irrelevant (outside the 180-day period); on 17.10.2014 the stay on 20.4.2014 becomes irrelevant (outside the 180-day period, etc.));
- as of 15.12.2014: the person might enter for 86 additional days (on 15.12.2014 the stay on 18.6.2014 becomes irrelevant (outside the 180-day period); on 16.12.2014 the stay on 19.6.2014 becomes irrelevant, etc.).

1.5. Situation regarding the Member States that do not yet fully apply the Schengen acquis, Member States that do not participate in the EU common visa policy and associated countries

Member States that joined the Union in 2004 (Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, Slovakia and Slovenia), 2007 (Bulgaria and Romania) and 2013 (Croatia) are bound by the Agreement as from its entry into force.

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Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus and Romania do not yet fully implement the Schengen *acquis*. They will continue issuing national visas with a validity limited to their own national territory. Once those Member States fully implement the Schengen *acquis*, they will continue to apply the Agreement.

National law continues to apply to all issues not covered by the Agreement until the date of full implementation of the Schengen *acquis* by those Member States. As from that date, Schengen rules and/or national law apply to issues not covered by the Agreement.

Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus and Romania are authorised to recognise residence permits, D visas and short-stay visas issued by Schengen Member States and associated countries for short stays on their territory.

In accordance with Article 21 of the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement¹, all Schengen States must recognise the long-stay visas and residence permits issued by each other as valid for short stays on each other's territories. Schengen Member States accept residence permits, D visas and short-stay visas of Schengen associated countries for entry and short stay and vice versa.

The Agreement does not apply to the United Kingdom, Ireland and Denmark, but comprises joint declarations about the desirability of concluding bilateral agreements on visa facilitation between Cape Verde and those Member States.

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OJ EC L 239, 22.9.2000, p. 19.

Although associated with Schengen, Iceland, Norway, Switzerland and Liechtenstein are not bound by the Agreement. However, the Agreement contains a joint declaration about the desirability of concluding bilateral agreements on visa facilitation between Cape Verde and those Schengen countries without delay.

1.6. The Agreement and other bilateral agreements

Article 11 of the Agreement reads:

"From its entry into force, this Agreement shall take precedence over the provisions of any bilateral or multilateral agreements or arrangements concluded between Member States and Cape Verde, in so far as the provisions of those agreements or arrangements relate to matters that are dealt with by this Agreement.".

As from the date of entry into force of the Agreement, provisions of the bilateral agreements in force between Member States and Cape Verde on issues covered by the Agreement cease to apply. In accordance with Union law, Member States have to take the necessary measures to eliminate the incompatibilities between their bilateral agreements and the Agreement.

Should a Member State have concluded a bilateral agreement or arrangement with Cape Verde on issues not covered by the Agreement, that exemption would continue to apply after the entry into force of the Agreement.

II. SPECIFIC PROVISIONS

2.1. Rules that apply to all visa applicants

It is recalled that the facilitations mentioned below regarding departure in the event of lost or stolen documents and the extension of a visa in exceptional circumstances apply to all visa holders of Cape Verde and Member States.

2.1.1. Extension of a visa in exceptional circumstances

Article 7 of the Agreement reads:

"Citizens of Cape Verde and of the Union who are unable to leave the territory of the Member States or of Cape Verde respectively by the date indicated in their visas for reasons of *force majeure* shall have their visas extended free of charge in accordance with the legislation applied by the host State for the period necessary for their return to their State of residence."

As regards the possibility of extending the validity of the visa in cases of *force majeure* (for instance, a stay in hospital due to an accident) where the holder of the visa does not have the possibility to leave the territory of the Member State by the date indicated on the visa sticker, Article 33(1) of the Visa Code will apply as long as it is compatible with the Agreement (for example, the extended visa will remain a uniform visa, entitling entry to the territory of all the Schengen Member States for which that visa was valid at the time of its issue). In accordance with the Agreement, the extension of the visa in cases of *force majeure* is carried out free of charge.

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2.2. Rules that apply to certain categories of visa applicants

2.2.1. Issuing of multiple-entry visas

In cases where the visa applicant needs to travel frequently or regularly to the territory of Cape Verde or to the territory of the Member States, short-stay visas may be issued for several visits, provided that the total length of these visits does not exceed 90 days in any 180-day period.

Article 4(1) of the Agreement reads:

- "1. Diplomatic missions and consular posts of the Member States and of Cape Verde shall issue multiple-entry visas valid for five years to the following categories of citizen:
 - (a) members of national and regional governments and parliaments, constitutional courts, supreme courts or courts of auditors, if they are not exempt from visa requirements under this Agreement, in the exercise of their duties;
 - (b) permanent members of official delegations who, following an official invitation addressed to Cape Verde, the Member States or the Union, take part in meetings, consultations, negotiations or exchange programmes, or in events in the territory of the Member States or Cape Verde organised on the initiative of intergovernmental organisations;

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- (c) business people and company representatives who regularly travel to the Member States or to Cape Verde;
- (d) spouses, children (including adopted children) who are under the age of 21 or are dependent, and parents visiting either:
 - citizens of Cape Verde legally resident in the territory of a Member State
 or citizens of the Union legally resident in Cape Verde, or
 - citizens of the Union resident in the Member State of their nationality, or
 citizens of Cape Verde resident in Cape Verde.

However, if the need or intention to travel frequently or regularly is clearly limited to a shorter stay, the validity of the multiple-entry visa shall be limited to this stay, in particular where

- the term of office, in the case of those covered by point (a) above,
- the term of office of a permanent member of an official delegation, in the case
 of those covered by point (b) above,

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- the duration of the positions as business people and company representatives,
 in the case of those covered by point (c) above, or
- the duration of the residence permits issued to Cape Verde citizens residing in the territory of a Member State and Union citizens residing in Cape Verde, in the case of those covered by point (d) above,

is less than five years.".

Taking into account the professional status of those categories of persons, or their family relationship with a citizen of Cape Verde or of the Union who is legally residing in the territory of Cape Verde or of the Member State, as well as regarding the relatives of citizens of the Union resident in the Member State of their nationality, or the relatives of citizens of Cape Verde resident in Cape Verde, it is justified to grant them a multiple-entry visa with a validity of five years, or limited to the term of office or to their legal residence if those are of less than five years.

As regards persons falling under Article 4(1)(a), confirmation should be given regarding their professional status and the duration of their mandate.

This provision will not apply to persons falling under Article 4(1)(a) if they are exempted from the visa requirement by the Agreement, i.e. if they are holders of a diplomatic or service passport.

Persons falling under Article 4(1)(b) must present proof regarding their permanent status as a member of the delegation and the need to participate regularly in meetings, consultations, negotiations or exchange programmes.

Persons falling under Article 4(1)(c) must present proof regarding their professional status and the duration of their activities.

Persons falling under Article 4(1)(d) must present proof regarding the legal residence of the inviting person.

In cases where the need or the intention to travel frequently or regularly is clearly limited to a shorter period, the validity of a multiple-entry visa will be limited to that period.

Article 4(2) of the Agreement reads:

- "2. Diplomatic missions and consular posts of the Member States and Cape Verde shall issue multiple-entry visas valid for one year to the following categories of citizens, provided that during the previous year they have obtained at least one visa and that they have made use of it in accordance with the laws on entry and residence in the territory of the State in question:
 - (a) representatives of civil society organisations travelling regularly to
 Member States or to Cape Verde for the purposes of educational training or to
 take part in seminars and conferences, including as part of exchange
 programmes;

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- practitioners of a liberal profession taking part in international exhibitions, (b) conferences, symposia, seminars or other similar events who regularly travel to the Member States or to Cape Verde;
- (c) persons taking part in scientific, cultural and artistic activities, including university and other exchange programmes, who regularly travel to the Member States or to Cape Verde;
- participants in international sports events and persons accompanying them in a (d) professional capacity;
- journalists and accredited persons accompanying them in a professional (e) capacity;
- (f) school pupils, students, post-graduate students and accompanying teachers who undertake trips for the purposes of study or educational training, including exchange programmes and other school-related activities;
- representatives of religious organisations recognised in Cape Verde or in the (g) Member States who regularly travel to the Member States or to Cape Verde respectively;
- (h) persons visiting regularly for medical reasons;

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- (i) participants in official exchange programmes organised by twinned towns or municipal authorities;
- (j) members of official delegations who, following an official invitation addressed to Cape Verde, the Member States or the Union, regularly take part in meetings, consultations, negotiations or exchange programmes, and in events in the territory of the Member States or of Cape Verde organised on the initiative of intergovernmental organisations.

However, if the need or intention to travel frequently or regularly is clearly limited to a shorter stay, the validity of the multiple-entry visa shall be limited to the length of this stay.".

In principle, multiple-entry visas valid for one year will be issued to the abovementioned categories of visa applicants if during the previous year (12 months) the visa applicant has obtained at least one visa and has made use of it in accordance with the laws on entry and stay of the State(s) visited (for instance, the person has not overstayed) and if there are reasons for requesting a multiple-entry visa.

In cases where it is not justified to issue a visa valid for one year (for instance, if the duration of the exchange programme is of less than one year or the person does not need to travel for a full year), the validity of the visa will be of less than one year, provided that the other requirements for issuing the visa are met.

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Article 4(3) and (4) of the Agreement reads:

"3. Diplomatic missions and consular posts of the Member States and of Cape Verde shall issue multiple-entry visas that are valid for at least two years and at most five years to citizens in the categories referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, provided that during the two years prior to the application they have made use of a one-year multiple-entry visa in accordance with the laws on entry and residence in the territory of the host State.

However, if the need or intention to travel frequently or regularly is clearly limited to a shorter stay, the validity of the multiple-entry visa shall be limited to the length of that stay.

4. The total period of residence of the persons referred to in paragraphs 1 to 3 of this Article shall not exceed 90 days per period of 180 days in the territory of the Member States or of Cape Verde.".

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Multiple-entry visas with a validity of two to five years will be issued to the categories of visa applicants mentioned under Article 4(2), provided that during the previous two years (24 months) they have made use of the multiple-entry visas valid for at least one year in accordance with the laws on entry and stay of the State(s) visited and that the reasons for requesting a multiple-entry visa are still valid. It has to be noted that a multiple-entry visa with a validity of two to five years will only be issued if the visa applicant has been issued, during the previous two years, two visas valid for at least one year, and if that person has used those visas in accordance with the laws of entry and stay of the State(s) visited. Diplomatic missions and consular posts are to decide, on the basis of the assessment of each visa application, the period of validity of those visas (from two to five years).

There is no obligation to issue a multiple-entry visa if the applicant has not made use of a previously issued visa.

2.2.2. Visa processing fee

Article 5(1) of the Agreement reads:

- "1. Without prejudice to the provisions of paragraph 2, the Member States or Cape Verde shall not collect visa fees from the following categories of people:
 - (a) members of official delegations who, following an official invitation addressed to Cape Verde, the Member States or the Union, take part in meetings, consultations, negotiations or official exchange programmes, or in events in the territory of a Member State or of Cape Verde organised by intergovernmental organisations;

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- (b) children under 12 years of age;*
- (c) school pupils, students, postgraduate students and accompanying teachers travelling for study or educational purposes;
- (d) researchers travelling for the purposes of scientific research;
- (e) participants no older than 25 years of age taking part in seminars, conferences or sports, cultural or educational events organised by non-profit organisations.".

The fee is fully waived for the abovementioned categories of persons.

Article 16(6) and the first subparagraph of Article 16(7) of the Visa Code reads:

"6. In individual cases, the amount of the visa fee to be charged may be waived or reduced when to do so serves to promote cultural or sporting interests as well as interests in the field of foreign policy, development policy and other areas of vital public interest or for humanitarian reasons.

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N.B. In order to benefit from the fee waiver for this category of persons, visa applicants have to present evidence proving their age.

7. The visa fee shall be charged in euro, in the national currency of the third country or in the currency usually used in the third country where the application is lodged, and shall not be refundable except in the cases referred to in Articles 18(2) and 19(3)." (i.e. cases of an inadmissible application or cases where the consulate is not competent).

Visa applicants from Cape Verde, in accordance with Article 16(8) of the Visa Code, and the citizens of the Union, in accordance with *Décret-Loi* 27/2007 of Cape Verde "shall be given a receipt for the visa fee paid".

Article 5(2) of the Agreement reads:

"2. Where the Member States or Cape Verde cooperate with an external service provider, service charges may be collected. The service charge shall be proportionate to the costs incurred by the external service provider in the performance of the tasks, and shall not exceed EUR 30. Cape Verde and the Member State or States concerned shall maintain the possibility for all applicants to lodge their applications directly at its/their consulates.".

The categories of persons exempted from the visa fee are subject to a service fee in cases where a Member State cooperates with an external service provider.

Currently no Member State has outsourcing arrangements with external service providers in Cape Verde.

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2.2.3. Holders of diplomatic and service passports

Article 8 of the Agreement reads:

- "1. Citizens of Cape Verde or of the Member States who are holders of valid diplomatic or service passports can enter, leave and transit through the territories of the Member States or of Cape Verde without visas.
- 2. The citizens referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article may stay in the territories of the Member States or of Cape Verde for a period not exceeding 90 days per period of 180 days.".

The procedures regarding posting of diplomats in the Member States are not covered by the Agreement. The usual accreditation procedure applies.

In a Joint Declaration annexed to the Agreement the Parties agreed that any of them may invoke a partial suspension of the Agreement, in particular Article 8 thereof, if its implementation leads to abuse by the other Party or to a threat to public security. The partial suspension of the Agreement must be conducted in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 12(5) thereof.

If the implementation of Article 8 is suspended, the two Parties will initiate consultations in the framework of the Joint Committee with a view to solving the problems that led to the suspension.

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As a priority, both Parties agreed to undertake to ensure a high level of security for diplomatic and service passports, in particular by integrating biometric identifiers. For the Union, this will be ensured in accordance with the requirements set out in Council Regulation (EC) No 2252/2004¹.

III. COOPERATION ON DOCUMENT SECURITY

In a Joint Declaration annexed to the Agreement the Parties agreed that the Joint Committee should evaluate the impact of the level of security of the respective travel documents on the functioning of the Agreement. To that end, the Parties committed to regularly informing each other about the measures taken to avoid the proliferation of travel documents, to develop the technical aspects of travel-document security and in relation to the personalisation process for the issue of travel documents.

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Council Regulation (EC) No 2252/2004 of 13 December 2004 on standards for security features and biometrics in passports and travel documents issued by Member States (OJ EU L 385, 29.12.2004, p. 1).

IV. STATISTICS

In order to allow the Joint Committee to monitor effectively the implementation of the Agreement, diplomatic missions and consular posts of Cape Verde and of the Member States must submit statistics to the Commission every six months regarding, in particular and where possible, and specifying by month:

- the number of multiple-entry visas issued;
- the length of validity of multiple-entry visas issued;
- the number of visas issued without fees to the different categories of persons covered by the Agreement.

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