

Brussels, 18 December 2015 (OR. en)

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NOTE

From:	General Secretariat of the Council
To:	Delegations
Subject:	Council Implementing Regulation implementing Article 17(1) of Regulation (EU) No 224/2014 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in the Central African Republic
	- Annex

ANNEX

I. The following persons are added to the list set out in Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 224/2014:

A. Persons

7. Haroun GAYE (alias: a) Haroun Geye; b) Aroun Gaye; c) Aroun Geye

Designation: Rapporteur of the political coordination of the Front Populaire pour la Renaissance de Centrafrique (FPRC)

Date of birth: a) 30 Jan. 1968 b) 30 Jan. 1969

Passport no.: Central African Republic number O00065772 (letter O followed by 3 zeros), expires

30 Dec. 2019)

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Address: Bangui, Central African Republic

Listed on: 17 December 2015

Information from the narrative summary of reasons for listing provided by the Sanctions

Committee:

Haroun Gaye was listed on 17 December 2015 pursuant to paragraphs 11 and 12 (b) and (f) of

resolution 2196 (2015) as "engaging in or providing support for acts that undermine the peace,

stability or security of the CAR"; "involved in planning, directing, or committing acts that violate

international human rights law or international humanitarian law, as applicable, or that constitute

human rights abuses or violations, in the CAR, including acts involving sexual violence, targeting

of civilians, ethnic- or religious-based attacks, attacks on schools and hospitals, and abduction and

forced displacement;" and "involved in planning, directing, sponsoring, or conducting attacks

against UN missions or international security presences, including MINUSCA, the European Union

Missions and French operations which support them."

Additional information:

HAROUN GAYE has been, since early 2014, one of the leaders of an armed group operating in the

PK5 neighbourhood in Bangui. Civil Society representatives of the PK5 neighbourhood state that

Gaye and his armed group are fuelling the conflict in Bangui, opposing the reconciliation and

preventing movements of population to and from the third district of Bangui. On 11 May, 2015,

Gaye and 300 demonstrators blocked access to the National Transitional Council to disrupt the final

day of the Bangui Forum. GAYE is reported to have collaborated with anti-Balaka officials to

coordinate the disruption.

On 26 June 2015, Gaye and a small entourage disrupted the opening of a voter registration drive in

Bangui's PK5 neighbourhood, causing the registration drive to close.

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MINUSCA attempted to arrest Gaye on 2 August 2015, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 32(f) (i) of the Security Council resolution 2217 (2015). Gaye, who was reportedly informed of the arrest attempt in advance, was ready with supporters armed with heavy weaponry. Gaye's forces opened fire on the MINUSCA Joint Task Force. In a seven-hour firefight, Gaye's men employed firearms, rocket-propelled and hand grenades against MINUSCA troops and killed one peacekeeper and injured eight. Gaye was involved in encouraging violent protests and clashes in late September 2015 in what appears to have been a coup attempt to overthrow the Transitional Government. The coup attempt was likely led by former president Bozize's supporters in an alliance of convenience with Gaye and other FPRC leaders. It appears that Gaye aimed to create a cycle of retaliatory attacks that would threaten the upcoming elections. Gaye was in charge of coordination with marginalized elements of the anti-Balaka.

On 1 October 2015, a meeting took place in the PK5 neighbourhood between Eugène Barret Ngaïkosset, a member of a marginalized anti-Balaka group and Gaye, with the aim of planning a joint attack on Bangui on Saturday, 3 October. Gaye's group prevented people inside the PK5 neighbourhood from leaving it, in order to reinforce the communal identity of the Muslim population to exacerbate inter-ethnic tensions and avoid reconciliation. On 26 October 2015, Gaye and his group interrupted a meeting between the Archbishop of Bangui and the Imam of the Central Mosque of Bangui, and threatened the delegation which had to retreat from the Central Mosque and flee the PK5 neighbourhood.

8. Eugène BARRET NGAÏKOSSET (alias: a) Eugene Ngaikosset b) Eugene Ngaikoisset c)
Eugene Ngakosset, d) Eugene Barret Ngaikosse e) Eugene Ngaikouesset; low quality alias.: f) "The
Butcher of Paoua" g) Ngakosset

Designation: a) Former Captain, CAR Presidential Guard b) Former Captain, CAR Naval Forces

National identification no.: Central African Republic armed forces (FACA) Military identification number 911-10-77

Address: a) Bangui, Central African Republic

Listed on: 17 December 2015.

Other Information: Captain Eugène Barret Ngaïkosset is a former member of former President François Bozizé's (CFi.001) presidential guard and associated with the anti-Balaka movement. He escaped from jail on 17 May 2015 following his extradition from Brazzaville and created his own anti-Balaka faction including former FACA fighters.

Information from the narrative summary of reasons for listing provided by the Sanctions Committee:

Eugène BARRET NGAÏKOSSET was listed on 17 December 2015 pursuant to paragraphs 11 and 12 (b) and (f) of resolution 2196 (2015) as "engaging in or providing support for acts that undermine the peace, stability or security of the CAR;" "involved in planning, directing, or committing acts that violate international human rights law or international humanitarian law, as applicable, or that constitute human rights abuses or violations, in the CAR, including acts involving sexual violence, targeting of civilians, ethnic- or religious-based attacks, attacks on schools and hospitals, and abduction and forced displacement;" and "involved in planning, directing, sponsoring, or conducting attacks against UN missions or international security presences, including MINUSCA, the European Union Missions and French operations which support them."

Additional information:

Ngaïkosset is one of the main perpetrators of the violence which erupted in Bangui in late September 2015. Ngaïkosset and other anti-Balaka worked together with marginalized members of ex-Séléka in an effort to destabilize the CAR Transitional Government. On the night of 27-28 September 2015, Ngaïkosset and others made an unsuccessful attempt to storm the "Izamo" gendarmerie camp in order to steal weapons and ammunition. On 28 September, the group surrounded the offices of CAR national radio.

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On 1 October 2015, a meeting took place in the PK5 neighborhood between Ngaïkosset and Haroun

Gaye, a leader of the Front Populaire pour la Renaissance de Centrafrique (FPRC), with the aim of

planning a joint attack on Bangui on Saturday, 3 October.

On 8 October, 2015, the CAR Justice Minister announced plans to investigate Ngaïkosset and other

individuals for their roles in the September 2015 violence in Bangui. Ngaikosset and the others

were named as being involved in "egregious behaviour constituting a breach of the internal security

of the state, conspiracy, incitement to civil war, civil disobedience, hatred and complicity." CAR

legal authorities were instructed to open an investigation to search for and arrest the perpetrators

and accomplices.

On 11 October 2015, Ngaïkosset is believed to have asked anti-Balaka militia under his command

to carry out kidnappings, with a particular focus on French nationals, but also CAR political figures

and UN officials, with the aim of forcing the departure of the transitional President, Catherine

Samba-Panza.

II. The entry number 6 in the Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 224/2014 is replaced by the following

entry:

6. Oumar YOUNOUS ABDOULAY (alias: a) Oumar Younous b) Omar Younous c) Oumar

Sodiam d) Oumar Younous M'Betibangui)

Designation: Former Séléka General

Date of birth: 2 April 1970

Nationality: Sudan, CAR diplomatic passport no. D00000898, issued on 11 April 2013, (valid until

10 April 2018)

Address: a) Bria, Central African Republic (Tel. +236 75507560) b) Birao, Central African

Republic c) Tullus, southern Darfur, Sudan (previous location)

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Other information: Is a diamond smuggler and a three-star general of the Séléka and close confident of former CAR interim president Michel Djotodia. Physical description: hair colour: black; height: 180cm; belongs to the Fulani ethnic group. Photo available for inclusion in the INTERPOL-UN Security Council Special Notice.

Date of UN designation: 20 Aug. 2015 (amended on 20 Oct. 2015)

Information from the narrative summary of reasons for listing provided by the Sanctions Committee:

Oumar Younous was listed on 20 August 2015 pursuant to paragraphs 11 and 12 (d) of resolution 2196 (2015) as "engaging in or providing support for acts that undermine the peace, stability or security of the CAR, including acts that threaten or violate transitional agreements, or that threaten or impede the political transition process, including a transition toward free and fair democratic elections, or that fuel violence;" and "providing support for armed groups or criminal networks through the illicit exploitation or trade of natural resources, including diamonds, gold, wildlife as well as wildlife products, in the CAR"

Additional information:

Oumar Younous, as a General of the former Séléka and a diamond smuggler, has provided support to an armed group through the illicit exploitation and trade of natural resources, including diamonds, in the Central African Republic.

In October 2008, Oumar Younous, a former driver for the diamond buying house SODIAM, joined the rebel group *Mouvement des Libérateurs Centrafricains pour la Justice* (MLCJ). In December 2013, Oumar Younous was identified as being a three-star general of the Séléka and close confident of interim president Michel Djotodia.

Younous is involved in the diamond trade from Bria and Sam Ouandja to Sudan. Sources have reported that Oumar Younous has been engaged in collecting diamond parcels hidden in Bria, and taking them to Sudan for sale.

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