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Results and Development Effectiveness

Discussion Paper

ADF-12 Mid-Term Review September 2012 Praia, Cape Verde



Annex I: Development in ADF Countries (Level 1)

Relative performance— ADF countries relative performance is measured by comparing its progress with progress in its peer group (low -income countries across the world):

- ADF country progress is higher than its peers in low-income countries;
- O ADF country progress matches those of its peers in low-income countries;
- ADF country progress is not as high as its peers in low-income countries;
- Data is not available to measure progress.

Direction of change—The direction of change tells us whether the situation has improved or worsened for each indicator:

- Progress has been made since 2005;
- No progress has been made or situation has worsened since 2005

Indicator	All African Countries				s Of which ADF Countries			
indicator	Baseline 2005			Baseline 2005		Latest 2011		
Economic growth and poverty reduction								
O GDP per capita (2000 constant USD)	833	>	945	C	370	->	442	C
O Population living below USD 1.25/day at PPP (%)	51	→	39	В	54	>	43	В
Income inequality as reflected by the Glni Index (%)	42	+	46	В	42	+	45	H
Private sector development and investment climate								
Global Competitiveness Index ranking ¹ (1 to 7)	3.4	→	3.6		3.1	->	3.5	
Ocst of business start-up (% GNI per capita)	217	>	77	17/	218	>	93	
Time required for business start-up (days)	58	>	35		58	>	32	
Regional integration and trade				- 1		Total I		
Africa's share of global trade (%)	2.5	->	3.1		1.0	>	1.5	
Intra-African trade (billion USD)	47.4	->	108.4		31,3	>	68.7	
Infrastructure								
Access to an improved water source (% population)	64	>	65	A	56	>	57	A
Access to improved sanitation facilities (% population)	40	->	41	A	27	->	28	A
Access to an all-season road (% of rural population)	43				35			
O Household electrification rate (% of households)	73		41.8	8			30.5	В
Fixed lines and mobile phone subscribers (per 1000)	183	>	559	L	86	>	415	U
Internet users (per 1000)	38	->	131	C	19	->	99	C
Agriculture and food security								
Agriculture, value added (% of GDP)	16.7	>	17.4	C	30.5	+	30.3	C
Staple crops yield index (2002 value = 100)	110	->	115	B	109	>	113	R
Fertiliser consumption (kilograms per hectare of arable land)	42.5	+	35.1	A	9.2	+	8.6	A
Gender and human development								
Under-five child mortality (per 1000 live births)	140	>	128	U	157	>	143	U
Maternal mortality(per 100 000 live births)	569	->	531	A	690	>	653	A
Ratio of girls to boys in primary and secondary school (%)	87	>	91	B	85	>	88	В
Primary school completion rate (%)	63	>	73	В	53	>	67	R
Employment-to-population gender ratio (index)	0.66	->	0.67	A	0.74	+	0.74	A

0	Public Expenditure and Financial Accountability score (1 to 7)			3.2	A			3.1	A
0	Worldwide Governance Indicators avg. score (-2.5 to 2.5)	-0.69	>	-0.66	С	-0.84	>	-0.80	С
0	Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative score (% compliance)			33.3	В			40	В
Fra	gile and conflict-affected countries								
0	Country Policy and Institutional Assessment (CPIA) score ¹ (average)	3.3	+	3.5		3.2	→	3.4	
0	Number of fragile countries ² (number)	20	->	17	14	20	->	16	
En	rironment and clean energy								
0	Combustible renewables and waste (% of total energy)	46	+	43	В	79	->	81	R

^{.. =} data not available; ADB=African Development Bank; ADF = African Development Fund; GDP=gross domestic product; GNI=gross national income; PPP=purchasing power parity; USD=United States dollars.

Available Baseline year Is ¹ 2006, ² 2007 Letest data available is for ^A 2008, ^B 2009, ^C 2010.

Source: African Development Bank, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, International Monatary Fund, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, World Bank Group, and International Energy Agency.

Annex II: How the Bank Group Contributes to Development in ADF Countries (Level 2)

The table below presents the contribution the Bank is making to development through its operations in ADF countries. The Bank's performance is measured by comparing expected and actual achievements for all operations that have been completed:

- Bank operations achieved 95% or more of what was expected at the beginning;
- O Bank operations achieved 60-94% of what was expected at the beginning;
- Bank operations achieved less than 60% of what was expected at the beginning;
- O Data is not available to measure performance.

			2009-2011		2012-2014
	Indicator	Expected	Delivered	Percentag e delivered	Expected
Er	ergy				
0	Length of transmission and distribution lines rehabilitated or installed (km)	9,436	9,651	102%	8,928
0	Distribution substations and transformers constructed or rehabilitated (number)	188	279	148%	1,612
0	Power capacity installed (MW)	150	160	107%	1,300
•	Staff trained/recruited in the maintenance of energy facilities (number)	1,678	1,690	101%	1,200
0	People with a new electricity connection (number)	33,271	19,811	60%	104,757
0	Population benefiting from new electricity connections (people)	4,716,344	4,726,344	100%	2,449,511
Tr	ansport				
0	Roads constructed, rehabilitated or maintained (km)	11,565	8,083	70%	9,077
0	Feeder roads constructed or rehabilitated (km)	16,974	15,215	90%	29,598
0	Staff trained/recrulted for road maintenance (number)	34,169	33,397	98%	1,122
0	People educated in road safety and HIV transmission (people)	100,020	184,020	184%	25,000
•	People with improved access to transport (people)	10,269,00 0	10,269,00 0	100%	17,189,958
W	ater and Sanitation				
0	Boreholes and wells drilled/rehabilitated and equipped(number)	23,520	24,160	103%	20,304
0	Drinking water transmission and distribution pipes constructed (km)	2,218	2,431	110%	955
0	Drinking water capacity created (service reservoirs m³/day)	316,173	342,800	108%	
0	Latrines constructed or rehabilitated (number)	32,822	38,614	118%	92,909
0	Workers trained in the maintenance of water facilities (number)	22,229	32,197	145%	20,553
0	People with new or improved access to water and sanitation (people)	12,016,68 .7	12,453,19 5	104%	13,132,421
Ec	lucation		Legal Co., 1795	20	
0	Classrooms and educational support facilities constructed/rehabilitated (number)	5,910	4,883	83%	4,575
0	Textbooks and teaching materials supplied (number)	13,887,92 2	13,882,88 7	100%	451,554
0	Teachers and other educational staff recruited/trained (number)	96,693	106,728	110%	68,632
0	Students newly enrolled (number)	168,683	169,770	101%	161,465
0	Students and scholars reached (students)	3,260,637	3,017,349	93%	1,754,360
He	alth				
0	Primary, secondary and tertiary health centres	1,556	1,581	102%	1,443

constructed/equipped (number)				
Health workers trained (number)	22,649	23,285	103%	41,717
Health training and education sessions (number)	7,048	7,048	100%	799
People with access to better health services (people)	11,537,85 8	11,263,47 7	98%	13,058,232
Microfinance and Social Sector				
Social facilities, community centres constructed and equipped (number)	8,514	8,776	103%	931
Jobs created (number)	1,861	1,861	100%	234,625
Government/NGO staff trained in microfinance management (number)	7,408	7,403	100%	21,323
Microcredits granted (number)	377,973	326,354	86%	
Microfinance clients trained in business management (number)	14,500	14,500	100%	10,600
Population benefiting from microfinance and social activities (people)	12,869,47 4	12,814,13	100%	8,302,279
Agriculture				
Rural marketing and production facilities constructed or rehabilitated (number)	5,934	4,974	84%	3,931
Land with Improved water management developed or rehabilitated (ha)	163,685	171,841	105%	192,704
Land whose use has been improved: replanted, reforested, landscaped, etc. (ha)	712,388	853,316	120%	499,720
Heads of livestock provided/vaccinated (number)	1,593,898	1,651,873	104%	
Plants introduced: seedlings, treas, etc. (number)	4,806,283	4,403,879	92%	990,659
Social facilities established or rehabilitated (number)	6,974	6,943	100%	1,891
Agricultural inputs provided: fertiliser, seeds, etc. (tons)	442,489	467,196	106%	147,640
Agricultural community-based projects executed (number)	554	582	105%	1,270
Rural population trained/recruited/using improved technology (people)	673	940	140%	770,964
Rural households reached (household)	339,240	418,777	123%	247,302
Total population benefited (people)	8,142,672	8,138,368	100%	26,008,244
Regional Integration				
Cross-border roads constructed or rehabilitated (km)	471	467	99%	1,021
Cross-border transmission lines constructed or rehabilitated(km)	667	665	100%	769
Private Sector and Trade1				
Foreign exchange saved (million USD)	(4)	2,283		631
Government revenue from investee projects and sub-projects (million USD)		1,718		22,897
SME effect (turnover from investments) (million USD)		416	- 11	3,008
Total jobs created for investee projects and sub-projects (jobs)		324,670		2,422,393

^{..=}data not available; ha=hectares; km=kilometres; MW=megawatts; m³=cubic metres; NGO=non-governmentel organisation; SME=small and medium-sized enterprise; USD=United States dollars.

NB: UA figures from material converted at 1 UA= \$1.58036

Source: African Development Bank.

¹ Results expected come from Private sector operations approved only in 2009 or later when the ex-ante assessment of development outcomes and additionality (ADOA) was launched. The numbers may therefore appear lower than they actually are. Over the next few years the expected results will climb as more operations from 2009 and later begin to reach their full operating maturity. This will also allow for a baseline for closed projects to assess echievement of targets.

Annex III: How well the Bank Group manages its ADF operations (Level 3)

The table below presents the Bank's progress in achieving its 2012 targets for portfolio management:

- Good progress has been made, and we are on track to achieve our target;
- OLittle progress has been and we are at risk of not achieving our target;
- No progress has been made, or we have moved even further away from our target;
- Data is not available to measure performance.

	ADF Countries					
Indicator	Baseline 2009	Latest 2011	Target 2012			
Portfolio Performance						
Operations formally supervised twice a year (%)	61	63	65			
Problem projects in ongoing portfolio (%)	6	5	5			
Disbursement ratio of ongoing portfolio (%)	18	18	20			
Number of operations eligible for cancellation (%)	20	8	10			
Quality-at-Entry						
Budget support disbursed on schedule (%)	60	92	75			
Time elapsed from approval to first disbursement (months)	13	13	11			
Operations that disclose ESIAs on time (%)	82	95	90			
CSPs rated satisfactory (%)		92	95			
Operations rated satisfactory ¹ (%)	78	93	95			
Regional operations rated satisfactory ¹ (%)	75	100	90			
Paris Declaration Indicators of Effective Ald	•					
Development resources recorded on budget (%)	57	70	85			
Predictable disbursements (%)	54	61	80			
Use of country systems (%)	39	50	53			
Parallel project implementation units (number)	113	38	40			
Knowledge Management	-					
Exiting projects with a timely PCR (%)	92	92	90			
PCRs rated satisfactory (%)	72	76	80			
New ESW and related papers (number)	52	55	73			
Gender Mainstreaming						
PCRs with gender-disaggregated data (%)	56	68	75			
New projects with at least one gender indicator (%)	61	75	70			
New CSPs with at least one gender indicator (%)		42	70			
Climate Change						
Climate-proofed projects (%)	0	60	15			

^{.. =} data not available; ADB=African Development Bank; ADF = African Development Fund; CSP=Country Strategy Paper; ESIA=Environmental and Social impact Assessment; ESW=economic and sector work; PCR=Project Completion Report.

Notes: Government data for Paris Declaration Indicators "Development resources recorded on budget" and "Predictable disbursements" could be collected in 2011 for only 10 countries from the baseline group with historical measures available from 2005.

Source: African Development Bank.

¹ Baseline is 2010.

Annex IV: How efficient the Bank Group is as an organisation (Level 4)

The table below presents the Bank's progress in achieving its 2012 targets for organisational performance:

- Good progress has been made, and we are on track to achieve our target;
- O Little progress has been made and we are at risk of not achieving our target;
- No progress has been made, or we have moved even further away from our target;

Indicator	Baseline 2009	2010	2011	Target 2012
Decentralisation	100			
Operations professional staff based in Field Offices (%)	26	26	29	40
Projects task managed from Field Offices (%)	16	19	25	35
Human Resources				
Staff premature attrition rate ¹ (%)	11	28	28	6
Share of women in professional staff (%)	26	27	28	33
Vacancy rate (%)	12	13	15	5
Operations professional staff (%)	62	67	72	65
Business Processes and Practices				
Lapse of time for bidding completion (weeks)	63	60	42	40
Administrative costs per UA 1 million disbursed (UA thousands)	109	92	79	93
Transparency and Timely Auditing				
Project audits submitted on time (%)	9	29	59	80
Information Technology				
Downtime of Wide Area Network in Field Offices (hours)	175	108	53	150
Average time to resolve clients' IT requests (hours)	5	4.3	4	4

^{.. =} data not available, ADB = African Development Bank, ADF = African Development Fund; IT=Information technology; UA=Units of Account.

Source: African Development Bank.

¹ The premature attrition rate can be measured in different ways. The definition used here uses the percentage of professional staff leaving the Bank within the first three years of contract in comparison to total professional staff leaving the Bank in the same period.