

Council of the European Union

Brussels, 13 September 2018 (OR. en)

11997/18

**ENV 579** 

'I/A' ITEM NOTE	
From:	General Secretariat of the Council
То:	Permanent Representatives Committee/Council
No. Cion doc.:	11274/18 ENV 528 + ADD 1
Subject:	Commission Decision (EU)/ on the sectoral reference document on best environmental management practices, sector environmental performance indicators and benchmarks of excellence for the car manufacturing sector under Regulation (EC) No 1221/2009 on the voluntary participation by organisations in a Community eco-management and audit scheme (EMAS)
	<ul> <li>Decision not to oppose adoption</li> </ul>

 Since the measures envisaged are in accordance with the opinion of the relevant committee, the <u>Commission</u> has submitted the abovementioned draft measures<sup>1</sup> to the Council for scrutiny in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 5a(3)(a) of Council Decision 1999/468/EC.<sup>2</sup>

TREE.1.A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 11274/18 + ADD 1 - D056934/02 + Annex 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Council Decision 1999/468/EC of 28 June 1999 laying down the procedures for the exercise of implementing powers conferred on the Commission (OJ L 184, 17.7.1999, p. 23), as amended by Decision 2006/512/EC (OJ L 200, 22.7.2006, p. 11).

- 2. The <u>Working Party on the Environment</u> has examined the draft measures through an informal written procedure and agreed that there are no grounds for the Council to oppose their adoption.<sup>3</sup>
- 3. The <u>General Secretariat</u> therefore suggests that <u>Coreper</u> recommend the <u>Council</u> to confirm that there are no grounds for opposing the draft measures. This implies that, unless the <u>European Parliament</u> opposes them, the <u>Commission</u> may adopt the proposed measures in accordance with Article 5a(3)(d) of Council Decision 1999/468/EC.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Article 5a(3)(b) provides that the Council may, acting by qualified majority, oppose the adoption of such measures on the grounds that they exceed the implementing powers provided for in the basic instrument, are not compatible with the aim or the content of the basic instrument or do not comply with the principles of subsidiarity or proportionality.