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COVER NOTE

From: The Social Protection Committee
To: Delegations
Subject: Social Protection Performance Monitor (SPPM) - Report on key social challenges and main messages from SPC
- SPPM Country Profiles - Annex 2.3

Delegations will find attached the ADD 3 to the SPC "Report on key social challenges" (doc 12921/18), which contains the following countries: Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary and Malta.

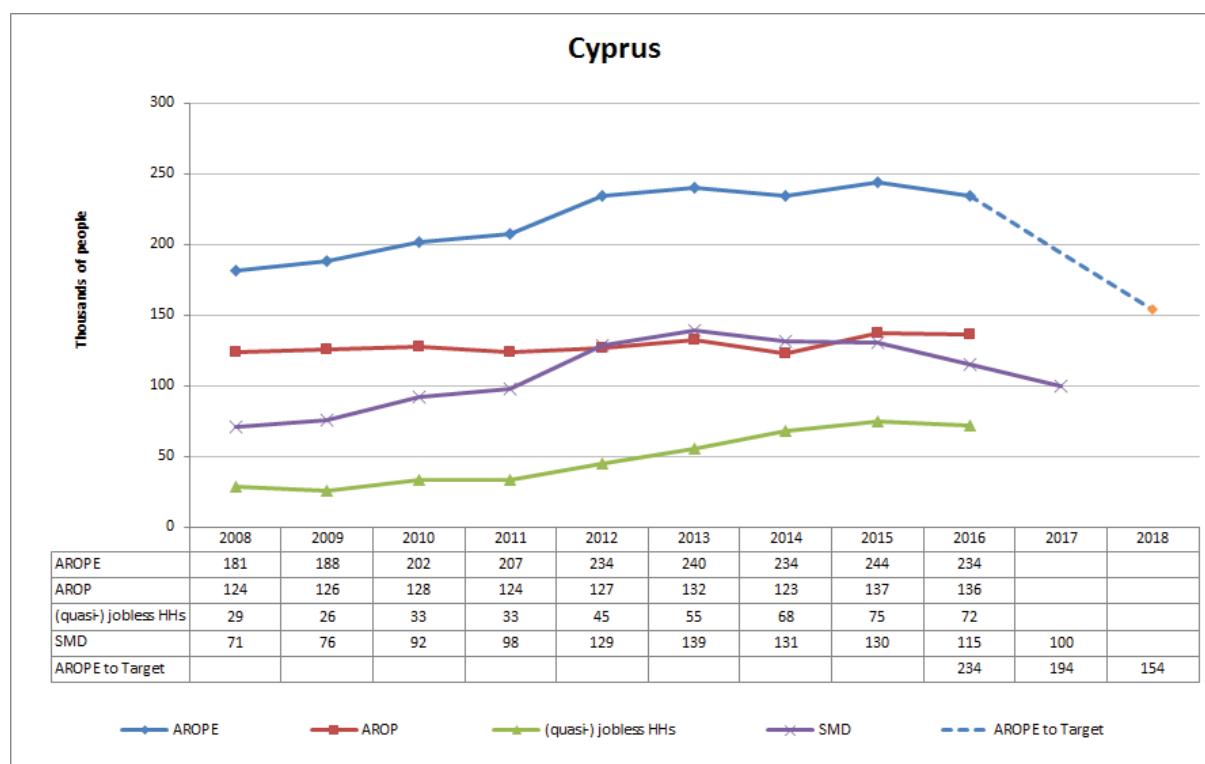
CYPRUS¹

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduce the number of people-at-risk-of-poverty and social exclusion by 27,000 people or decrease the percentage from 23.3% in 2008 to 19.3% by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2018)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

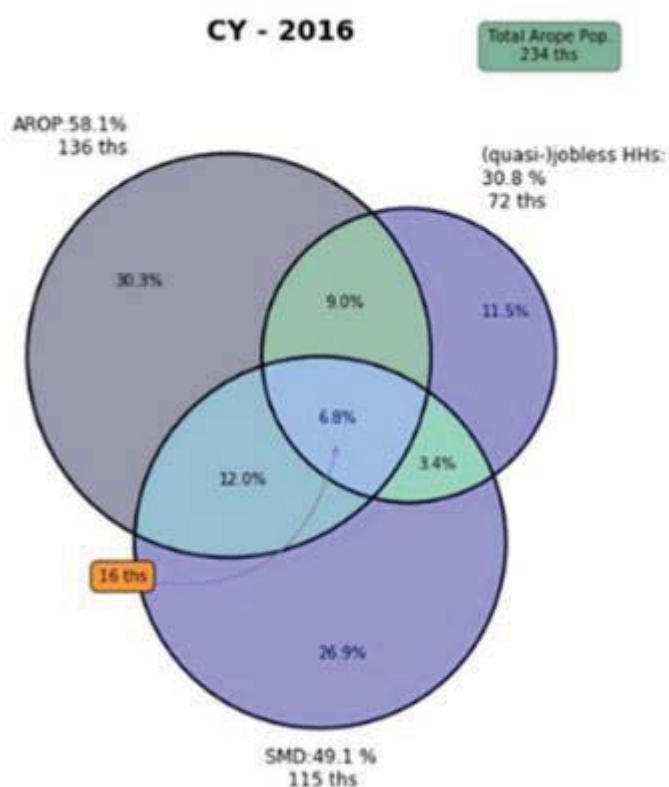


Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of-poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-)jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year; iv) The figure for SMD in 2017 is provisional.

¹ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around mid-July 2018, unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2016)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

CY													EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
AROP	% of total AROPE	68.5	67.0	63.4	59.9	54.3	55.0	52.6	56.2	58.1		2.0 pp	-10.4 pp	72.9	73.6
	1000 persons	124	126	128	124	127	132	123	137	136		-0.7%	9.7%	86752	86904
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	16.0	13.8	16.3	15.9	19.2	22.9	29.1	30.7	30.8		0.0 pp	14.8 pp	33.5	33.2
	1000 persons	29	26	33	33	45	55	68	75	72		-4.0%	148.3%	39830	39135
SMD	% of total AROPE	39.2	40.4	45.6	47.3	55.1	57.9	56.0	53.3	49.2		-4.1 pp	9.9 pp	33.9	32.0
	1000 persons	71	76	92	98	129	139	131	130	115	100	-13.0%	40.8%	40361	37800
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	5.0	3.7	5.9	5.3	5.6	5.0	8.1	9.0	9.0		0.0 pp	4.0 pp	12.0	12.8
	1000 persons	9	7	12	11	13	12	19	22	21		-4.5%	133.3%	14335	15107
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	11.1	9.6	13.4	13.0	14.1	14.2	11.1	12.7	12.0		-0.7 pp	0.9 pp	10.2	9.7
	1000 persons	20	18	27	27	33	34	26	31	28		-9.7%	40.0%	12197	11475
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	2.8	3.2	2.0	1.9	3.4	7.1	7.3	7.0	6.8		-0.1 pp	4.1 pp	7.7	7.1
	1000 persons	5	6	4	4	8	17	17	17	16		-5.9%	220.0%	9208	8383
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	2.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.9	4.3	4.9	3.4		-1.5 pp	1.2 pp	2.5	2.1
	1000 persons	4	3	3	3	7	7	10	12	8		-33.3%	100.0%	2946	2451

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: The figure for SMD in 2017 is provisional.

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

CY											EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2017
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	3.9	-1.8	1.3	0.3	-3.1	-5.9	-1.4	2.0	3.4	3.9	2.0	2.5
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	3.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	-3.2	-5.9	-1.8	1.5	3.3	3.5	1.2	1.6
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	3.7	5.4	6.3	7.9	11.9	15.9	16.1	15.0	13.0	11.1	8.6	7.6
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	0.5	0.6	1.3	1.6	3.6	6.1	7.7	6.8	5.8	4.5	4.0	3.4
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	16.8	18.8	19.6	20.6	21.2	22.1	21.3	21.4				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS).

Note: The social protection expenditure indicator refers exclusively to benefits.

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

CY										EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	16.8	18.8	19.6	20.6	21.2	22.1	21.3	21.4	27.7	27.5
	Sickness/Health	4.0	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.7	8.0	8.0
	Disability	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	2.0	2.0
	Old age	6.6	7.3	8.1	8.8	9.9	10.7	10.3	10.3	11.1	11.1
	Survivors	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6
	Family/Children	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	2.3	2.4
	Unemployment	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.6	2.0	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.4
	Housing	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.3	0.5	0.5
	Means-tested										
	Total	2.0	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.0
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
	Disability	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5
	Old age	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
	Family/Children	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.5	0.6
	Unemployment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3
	Housing	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.4	0.4
	Non-means tested										
	Total	14.8	16.3	16.9	17.9	18.3	19.4	18.6	18.5	24.7	24.5
	Sickness/Health	4.0	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.7	7.9	7.9
	Disability	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.6	1.5
	Old age	6.0	6.7	7.3	8.0	9.2	10.2	9.9	9.9	10.6	10.6
	Survivors	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5
	Family/Children	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.8	1.8
	Unemployment	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.6	2.0	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.1
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 9 July 2018.

Note: 1) The table presents the social protection benefits. 2) For the case of Cyprus, as regards the function "Housing", the benefits are all means tested (i.e. 'Housing' under Non-means tested is 'not applicable' for Cyprus).

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

CY	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	23.3	23.5	24.6	24.6	27.1	27.8	27.4	28.9	27.7		-1.2 pp	4.4 pp	23.8	23.5
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	15.9	15.8	15.6	14.8	14.7	15.3	14.4	16.2	16.1		-0.1 pp	0.2 pp	17.3	17.3
	Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS	10945	11256	10816	11497	11444	10299	9457	9188	9591		2.9 %	-18.0 %		
	Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS	22984	23639	22713	24144	24033	21628	19860	19295	20141		2.9 %	-18.0 %		
	Severe material deprivation rate	9.1	9.5	11.2	11.7	15.0	16.1	15.3	15.4	13.6	11.7	-1.9 pp	2.6 pp	8.1	7.5
	Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	4.5	4.0	4.9	4.9	6.5	7.9	9.7	10.9	10.6		-0.3 pp	6.1 pp	10.7	10.5
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of total population)							27.7	22.8	21.0		-1.8 pp		17.2	15.7
Total population	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate	9.9	10.1	9.2	8.6	8.3	10.0	7.3	7.3	7.6		0.3 pp	-2.3 pp	10.9	11
	At risk-of-poverty gap	15.3	17.2	18.0	19.0	19.0	17.7	18.5	19.8	17.3		-2.5 pp	2.0 pp	24.8	25
	Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)	15.9	16.3	17.4	15.3	17.6	23.3	31.3	35.1	32.9		-2.2 pp	17.0 pp	18.6	17.5
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	30.6	33.1	33.6	37.0	37.5	37.0	41.5	36.2	35.6		-0.6 pp	5.0 pp	33.7	33.2
	S80/S20	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.9	5.4	5.2	4.9		-5.8 %	14.0 %	5.2	5.2
	Overcrowding rate	3.3	2.6	3.5	2.9	2.8	2.4	2.2	1.4	2.4		1.0 pp	-0.9 pp	16.7	16.6
	Housing cost overburden rate	1.8	2.4	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.3	4.0	3.9	3.1		-0.8 pp	1.3 pp	11.3	11.1
	Real change in gross household disposable income	6.4	-2.6	1.5	-0.8	-4.1	-4.8	-8.5	1.9	5.9				2.1	2.0

Notes: 1). For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation; 2). The 2017 figures for SMD for all categories in the tables are provisional.

CY	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	21.5	20.2	21.8	23.4	27.5	27.7	24.7	28.9	29.6		0.7 pp	27.1	26.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	14.0	12.3	12.6	12.8	13.9	15.5	12.8	16.7	17.1		0.4 pp	21.2	21.0
	Severe material deprivation rate	9.7	9.3	12.5	14.8	18.1	18.7	15.6	17.2	17.7	14.0	-3.7 pp	9.6	8.5
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households	3.4	3.1	3.6	3.2	5.0	6.4	7.3	9.4	9.0		-0.4 pp	9.4	9.3
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 0-17 population)							30.8	28.1	26.1		-2.0 pp	19.8	18.3
	At-risk-of-poverty ggp	13.6	14.6	14.8	18.1	19.3	20.6	20.4	22.2	17.2		-5.0 pp	26.0	26.1
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	44.0	51.4	49.6	47.1	45.5	43.6	52.9	44.7	41.4		-3.3 pp	38.9	38.8
Overcrowding rate	5.1	3.5	4.5	3.9	3.7	2.9	2.9	1.4	3.3		1.9 pp	23.1	23.2	
CY	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change				
Youth (18-24)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	20.8	23.0	24.4	25.0	29.6	32.7	33.9	36.1	30.2		-5.9 pp	31.3	30.6
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	12.9	10.3	12.2	11.6	11.2	15.7	12.6	17.2	16.5		-0.7 pp	23.9	23.3
	Severe material deprivation rate	9.2	13.6	17.0	15.0	21.1	21.3	23.9	22.6	18.6	15.5	-3.1 pp	10.0	8.9
	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households	3.9	3.1	5.0	4.6	7.1	8.6	11.7	12.0	10.7		-1.3 pp	10.9	11.0
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-24 population)							29.5	25.1	22.1		-3.0 pp	17.0	15.6
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate	6.3	6.8	8.5	10.1	9.0	10.7	6.4	15.0	10.2		-4.8 pp	12.3	12.1
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	3.8	5.6	6.7	8.7	10.8	14.9	14.5	12.4	10.8	9.0	-1.8 pp	8.5	7.8
	NEET rate	13.4	14.5	16.7	20.7	22.3	27.1	25.1	22.2	22.3	22.7	0.4 pp	15.8	15.2
	Housing cost overburden rate	2.2	2.9	3.9	2.7	2.2	1.4	2.3	3.2	3.0		-0.2 pp	14.2	14.2

CY	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	18.9	19.9	22.1	22.1	25.8	28.2	28.3	30.5	28.1		-2.4 pp	24.7	24.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	10.8	11.2	11.9	11.5	12.2	14.4	13.4	15.9	15.1		-0.8 pp	17.1	17.0
	Severe material deprivation rate	8.6	9.5	11.5	11.6	15.5	16.7	16.7	16.8	14.1	12.6	-1.5 pp	8.4	7.8
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	5.0	4.4	5.3	5.5	6.9	8.4	10.6	11.4	11.1		-0.3 pp	11.1	10.9
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-64 population)							29.0	23.8	21.6		-2.2 pp	17.5	15.8
	At risk-of-poverty gap	14.0	18.6	20.1	20.4	20.5	18.3	19.3	21.8	18.1		-3.7 pp	27.2	27.9
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate	6.3	6.8	7.4	7.3	8.0	9.0	7.8	9.2	8.4		-0.8 pp	9.5	9.6
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	36.5	38.1	37.4	42.5	41.9	38.2	43.7	36.7	37.9		1.2 pp	34.5	34.1
	Overcrowding rate	3.1	2.6	3.6	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.3	1.6	2.4		0.8 pp	17.8	17.7
	Housing cost overburden rate	1.8	2.6	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.3	4.1	4.2	3.3		-0.9 pp	11.7	11.6
CY	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change				
Elderly (65+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	49.3	48.6	42.6	39.8	33.4	26.1	27.2	20.8	22.9		2.1 pp	17.4	18.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	46.3	46.4	39.9	35.5	29.3	20.1	22.4	17.3	19.5		2.2 pp	14.1	14.6
	Severe material deprivation rate	10.9	9.5	7.3	7.1	7.5	9.0	7.4	5.1	5.4	4.8	-0.6 pp	5.6	5.8
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 65+ population)							15.8	8.9	10.8		1.9 pp	13.4	12.8
	Relative median income of elderly	0.59	0.61	0.65	0.67	0.70	0.77	0.75	0.80	0.79		-1.3 %	0.93	0.93
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.33	0.37	0.37	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.39	0.43	0.44		2.3 %	0.57	0.58
	Overcrowding rate	1.4	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	1.0		0.5 pp	6.6	6.6
	Housing cost overburden rate	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.1	1.6	2.8	2.0	1.9		-0.1 pp	10.4	10.5

CY	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate of disabled people 16+	45.0	41.8	42.2	38.2	39.9	36.7	38.1	35.5	35.7		0.2 pp	-9.3 pp	30.2	30.1
	At-risk-poverty rate of disabled people 16+	34.4	32.1	30.7	25.7	24.5	20.1	21.9	21.8	22.3		0.5 pp	-12.1 pp	20.0	20.2
	Severe material deprivation rate of disabled people 16+	16.1	14.4	15.1	14.8	18.9	20.0	19.3	16.4	14.1		-2.3 pp	-2.0 pp	11.3	10.4
	Share of people with disabilities living in (quasi-)jobless households of disabled people 16+	14.9	11.9	12.8	14.4	16.0	18.8	22.3	24.5	23.4		-1.1 pp	8.5 pp	25.4	25.7
	Material and social deprivation rate (by sex) of disabled people 16+							34.2	25.5	24.7		-0.8 pp	n.a.	25.1	23.2
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction of disabled people 16+	43.2	40.4	41.0	36.2	36.6	32.8	34.4	32.8	33.3		0.5 pp	-9.9 pp	31.1	31.1

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

CY	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)	21.5	20.2	21.8	23.4	27.5	27.7	24.7	28.9	29.6		0.7 pp	8.1 pp	27.1	26.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)	14.0	12.3	12.6	12.8	13.9	15.5	12.8	16.7	17.1		0.4 pp	3.1 pp	21.2	21.0
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)	9.7	9.3	12.5	14.8	18.1	18.7	15.6	17.2	17.7	14.0	-3.7 pp	4.3 pp	9.6	8.5
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)	3.4	3.1	3.6	3.2	5.0	6.4	7.3	9.4	9.0		-0.4 pp	5.6 pp	9.4	9.3
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)	5.5	6.5	3.8	5.5	4.1	9.8	6.7	6.8	9.0		2.2 pp	3.5 pp	13.3	14.2
	in-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children	6.0	5.7	6.0	6.5	6.8	8.0	5.8	7.4	8.2		0.8 pp	2.2 pp	11.2	11.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households	57.2	63.3	67.1	61.6	55.7	69.0	59.1	65.4	65.6		0.2 pp	8.4 pp	70.1	70.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work	12.5	10.6	10.6	11.2	11.6	11.8	9.1	11.8	12.3		0.5 pp	-0.2 pp	16.1	15.9
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	10.0	8.0	10.0	8.0	7.0	3.0	5.7	9.4	6.8		-2.6 pp	-3.2 pp	14.7	15.0
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	20.0	12.0	16.0	17.0	19.0	22.0	19.8	11.4	18.0		6.6 pp	-2.0 pp	15.6	17.9
Access to adequate resources	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	39.0	39.0	34.0	34.0	32.0	34.0	31.4	49.4	40.7		-8.7 pp	1.7 pp	33.9	34.5
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	37.0	45.0	45.0	39.0	42.0	46.0	48.2	32.0	37.8		5.8 pp	0.8 pp	49.4	51.8
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)	13.6	14.6	14.8	18.1	19.3	20.6	20.4	22.2	17.2		-5.0 pp	3.6 pp	26.0	26.1
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	14.3	15.4	16.8	11.0	13.9	11.1	7.6	6.6	7.2	6.1	-1.1 pp	-8.2 pp	21.7	21.9
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)													4.4	4.6
	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	19.5	21.3	24.6	16.7	20.9	17.1	12.2	11.0	12.4	9.8	-2.6 pp	-9.7 pp	27.2	27.4
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty	44.0	51.4	49.6	47.1	45.5	43.6	52.9	44.7	41.4		-3.3 pp	-2.6 pp	38.9	38.8
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)	1.5	2.4	2.8	2.9	3.1	4.5	4.2	3.8	3.4		-0.4 pp	1.9 pp	10.7	10.0
	NEET rate (15-19)	5.6	5.1	6.8	7.1	8.7	7.4	7.6	7.5	8.2	9.1	0.9 pp	3.5 pp	6.3	6.1
	Access to quality services	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	13.7	11.7	12.7	11.3	11.4	9.1	6.8	5.2	7.6	8.6	1.0 pp	-5.1 pp	11.0
Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)		0.7	1.0	2.0	1.4	1.8	1.2	1.6	0.8	0.6		-0.2 pp	-0.1 pp	1.4	1.3
Infant mortality rate		3.5	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.5	1.6	2.1	2.7	2.6		-0.1 pp	-0.9 pp	3.6	3.6
Severe housing deprivation (0-17)		2.0	1.7	2.1	2.4	1.9	1.6	2.3	0.8	2.0		1.2 pp	0.0 pp	7.5	7.2
Overcrowding rate (0-17)		5.1	3.5	4.5	3.9	3.7	2.9	2.9	1.4	3.3		1.9 pp	-1.8 pp	23.1	23.2

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data). Note: The figure for SMD in 2017 is provisional.

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2016-2056)

TRR case		Net (%)				Gross (%)			
		2016		2056		2016		2056	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	62.0		n.a.		56.0		n.a.	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	62.0		67.0		56.0		59.0	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	62.0		72.0		56.0		64.0	
	AWG career length case	60.0	57.0	67.0	n.a.	54.0	53.0	59.0	n.a.
	Longer career: 42 years to SPA			70.0				62.0	
	Shorter career: 38 years to SPA			64.0				56.0	
	Deferred exit: 42 years to SPA +2			70.0				62.0	
	Earlier exit: 38 years to SPA -2			57.0				50.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			63.0				56.0	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			62.0**				56.0**	
	Career break caring for family dependant: 3 years			62.0				55.0	
	Short career (20-year career)			45.0				40.0	
	Work 35 years, disabled 5 years prior to SPA			59.0				52.0	
	Early entry in the LM: from age 20 to SPA			79.0				69.0	
	Index: 10 years after retirement @ SPA			61.0				52.0	
	Extended part-time period for childcare			57.0**				51.0**	
Pension rights of surviving spouses			75.0				67.0		
Low (66%)	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	69.0		n.a.		64.0		n.a.	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	69.0		72.0		64.0		64.0	
	AWG career length case	68.0	70.0	72.0	n.a.	62.0	65.0	65.0	n.a.
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			70.0				63.0	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			74.0**				67.0**	
	Short career (20-year career)			52.0				47.0	
High	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	50.0		56.0		40.0		44.0	

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2018 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2016-2056)

Note: ** Those figures refer to the female case and only for comparison with these cases the new base case figures for average wage female are: 60.0, 66.0, 55.0 and 59.0 for net 2016 and 2056 and gross 2016 and 2056 respectively, while the new base case figures for low earner female are: 72.0, 76.0, 67.0 and 69.0 for net 2016 and 2056 and gross 2016 and 2056 respectively.

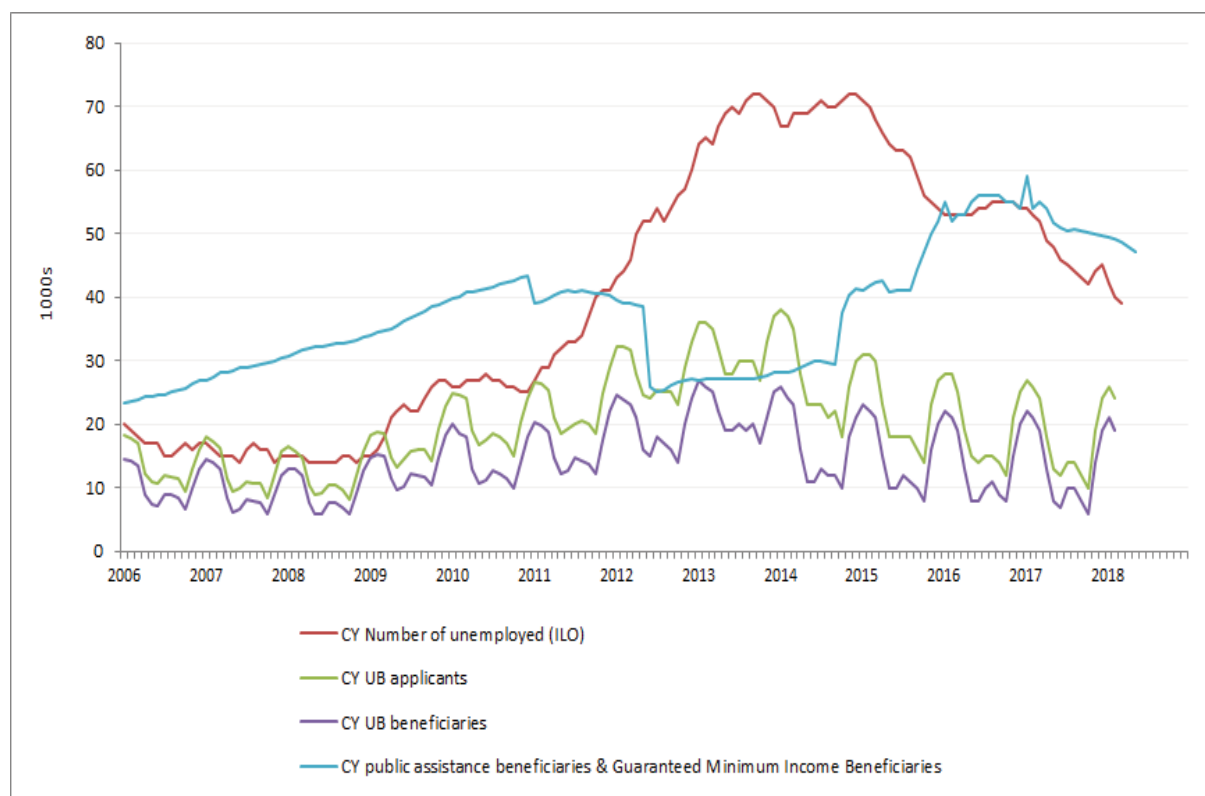
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

CY											EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2015	2016	
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	63.9	64.8	65.1	61.6	63.4	64.3	66.1	63.1	67.5	62.6	63.5	
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	64.5	65.3	64.2	61.0	64.0	65.0	66.3	63.4	68.8	63.3	64.2	
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	9.1	9.9	9.7	8.0	8.8	9.5	10.4	8.4	11.2	9.4	9.8	
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	7.6	8.2	7.9	5.9	7.7	8.7	8.8	7.3	10.3	9.4	10.1	
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	78.2	78.6	79.2	79.3	78.9	80.1	80.9	79.9	80.5	77.9	78.2	
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	82.9	83.6	83.9	83.1	83.4	85.0	84.7	83.7	84.9	83.3	83.6	
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	17.8	18.1	18.3	18.2	17.9	18.6	18.9	18.4	19.0	17.9	18.2	
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	20.3	20.9	21.0	20.3	20.4	21.6	21.4	20.8	21.8	21.2	21.6	
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	2.8	3.4	4.1	4.4	3.5	4.4	4.7	1.5	0.6	3.2	2.5	
Self-perceived health (%)	76.5	75.6	74.4	75.6	77.1	76.4	77.5	80.2	78.6	66.8	67.4	
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)			1544.5	1595.1	1570.4	1525.5	1519.2					
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)			6.3	6.6	6.7	6.9	6.8					

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: i) Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health;

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS²



² These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

CY	Unemployment
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Eurostat
	Unemployment benefit (1)
definition	Number of applicants for unemployment benefit
unit	thousands of applicants
source	Social Insurance Services, Ministry of Labour, Welfare and Social Insurance, Cyprus
comment	CY UB applicants refer to the number of applicants for unemployment benefit from Social Insurance Services. Some of those applicants can be rejected due to the qualifying contribution conditions of the unemployment benefit. The unsmoothness of the number of applicants is due to the seasonality effect of the hospitality industry.
	Unemployment benefit (2)
definition	Number of beneficiaries for unemployment benefit
unit	thousands of applicants
source	Social Insurance Services, Ministry of Labour, Welfare and Social Insurance, Cyprus
comment	CY UB beneficiaries refer to the number of beneficiaries for unemployment benefit from Social Insurance Services at the corresponding period. The unsmoothness of the number of beneficiaries is due to the seasonality effect of the hospitality industry.
	Social assistance benefit / Guaranteed Minimum Income
definition	Number of public assistance beneficiaries & guaranteed minimum income beneficiaries
unit	thousands of beneficiaries
source	1. Welfare Benefits Administration Service, Ministry of Labour, Welfare and Social Insurance, Cyprus 2. Social Welfare Services, Ministry of Labour, Welfare and Social Insurance, Cyprus
comment	CY public assistance beneficiaries & Guaranteed Minimum Income Beneficiaries refer to the number of applicants plus their dependants. The data in the table from 10/2014 and onwards includes figures for public assistance beneficiaries and guaranteed minimum income beneficiaries. The Guaranteed Minimum Income (GMI) was established in July 2014 with the aim to ensure a socially acceptable minimum standard of living for persons (and families) legally residing in the Republic of Cyprus whose income and other economic resources are insufficient to meet their basic and special needs. The new GMI will gradually replace the existing public assistance. The nature of the benefit is differential in that it varies according to the applicant's income and family structure.

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	CY										EU27		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	change 2016-2017 for SMD & LFS-based figures)	2016	change 2016 to 2017 interest year
Europe 2020	No. risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	25.3	25.9	24.6	24.6	27.2	27.2	27.4	28.9	26.7	0.3	-3.4 pp	25.9	-2.2 pp
	At risk of poverty (in %)	15.4	15.8	14.6	14.8	14.7	15.2	14.4	16.2	15.1	0.6	-0.1 pp	17.3	0.7 pp
	At risk of poverty (excluding those in receipt of social security) (in %)	10.9	11.2	10.1	11.0	11.0	11.5	10.7	12.0	10.9	0.4	3.2 %	0.6	0.4
	Severe material deprivation (in %)	9.1	9.5	11.2	11.7	13.0	13.1	13.3	15.4	13.6	11.7	-4.0 pp	7.5	-2.9 pp
Intensity of poverty risk	Population living in (severe) jobless households (in %)	4.5	4.9	4.7	4.9	5.5	4.9	5.7	10.9	10.6	0.6	0.3 pp	10.5	-2.4 pp
	Relative number of at-risk-of-poverty ages (in %)	15.8	16.2	15.0	15.0	18.0	17.7	18.5	18.8	10.8	0.3	2.0 pp	29	0.3 pp
Material and social deprivation	Persistent at risk of poverty rate (in %)	9.9	10.1	9.7	8.6	8.3	9.7	7.3	7.3	7.2	0.4	0.3 pp	10.4	0.7 pp
	Material and social deprivation rate (in %)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	-4.0 pp	15.7	-2.5 pp
Income inequalities	Income quintile ratio (2010/2007)	4.2	4.6	4.1	4.1	4.7	4.9	5.4	5.2	4.1	0.4	-8.0 %	5.2	2.0 %
	Child poverty and social exclusion	22.9	20.2	22.8	22.4	27.5	27.7	24.7	28.9	25.6	0.6	0.7 pp	28.4	-8.6 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	Impact of social transfers (disposable) on poverty (in absolute %)	40.8	45.0	45.6	45.6	45.0	45.7	41.5	46.2	47.6	0.3	0.6 pp	45.2	-2.5 pp
	At risk of poverty rate for the population living in (quasi-) jobless households	20.4	20.6	18.6	18.6	18.0	18.7	17.7	20.9	17.4	0.6	0.7 pp	20.9	0.3 pp
Social consequences of labour market	In-work at risk of poverty rate (in %)	6.2	6.2	7.4	7.3	8.0	8.0	7.0	9.2	6.4	0.4	-0.0 pp	9.2	0.1 pp
	Long-term unemployment rate (in %)	0.5	0.1	1.1	1.6	2.6	3.1	2.7	6.4	5.2	4.1	-1.9 pp	3.9	-2.5 pp
Youth exclusion	Early school leavers (in %)	18.7	13.7	13.7	11.8	11.4	9.1	8.8	9.2	7.1	8.4	1.0 pp	10.8	-2.2 pp
	Youth unemployment rate (15-24)	3.8	5.4	6.7	8.7	10.5	9.4	14.5	12.4	17.8	9.0	-1.8 pp	7.7	-2.7 pp
Active ageing	NEETs (15-24)	9.7	9.5	11.7	14.6	16.0	16.7	17.0	15.3	15.0	10.1	0.1 pp	13.5	-2.6 pp
	Employment rate of older workers (55-64) (in %)	54.0	55.7	52.9	54.0	50.7	50.2	46.0	48.5	52.2	54.3	3.1 pp	55.4	1.7 pp
Pension adequacy	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) (in %)	48.3	46.6	42.6	39.8	39.4	36.1	27.2	20.8	22.9	0.2	2.1 pp	18.1	0.1 pp
	Median ratio of income of elderly people	0.99	0.81	0.85	0.87	0.70	0.77	0.75	0.80	0.79	0.3	1.8 %	0.88	2.0 %
Health	Aggregate indicator status	0.23	0.27	0.27	0.29	0.29	0.28	0.28	0.23	0.24	0.4	3.3 %	0.28	16.4 %
	Self-reported unmet need for medical care	3.0	3.0	4.1	4.4	3.5	7.4	5.7	1.5	0.1	0.4	-0.5 pp	2.5	-2.7 pp
Poverty and social exclusion of persons with disabilities	Healthy life years at 65+ males	9.1	9.2	9.7	9.0	8.0	7.5	10.4	9.4	11.2	0.4	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Healthy life years at 65+ females	7.8	8.2	7.7	5.9	6.7	5.7	9.8	7.5	11.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Access to decent housing	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities (in % of people with disabilities or above 15 years)	45.0	42.0	44.2	39.2	39.0	36.7	30.1	25.3	25.7	0.6	0.2 pp	30	-3.1 pp
	Housing cost burden rate	1.0	2.6	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.3	4.0	3.0	3.1	0.4	-0.0 pp	13.1	-2.2 pp
Evolution in real household disposable income	Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	6.4	2.1	1.4	0.0	-0.1	-0.0	-0.5	1.0	5.2	0.4	3.3 %	n.a.	n.a.

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2015-2016 for EU-SILC based indicators (except SMD) and 2016-2017 for SMD and LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2016 and 2008-2017 respectively.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, CYPRUS

2018

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
<p>1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services</p>	<p>The severe material deprivation rate is worse than the EU average</p> <p>The share of people (aged 0-59) living in (quasi-)jobless households is around the EU average but shows a significantly negative development, including for children.</p> <p>Housing deprivation is worse than the EU average but shows some positive development</p> <p><i>There is a high risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities.</i></p>	<p>The persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate is around the EU average and shows a significantly positive development.</p> <p>The at-risk of poverty rate for population living in (quasi-) jobless households is above the EU average and shows positive development</p>
<p>2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty</p>	<p>The share of children at risk of poverty or social exclusion is around the EU average but shows some negative developments</p> <p>The share of children living in a household suffering from severe material deprivation is worse than the EU average.</p>	
<p>3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age</p>	<p>The share of adults (aged 18-59) not students living in (quasi-)jobless households is around the EU average but shows significantly negative development.</p>	<p><i>The GMI has a positive contribution to reduce poverty and social exclusion.</i></p> <p>The relative median poverty risk gap (18-64) is significantly better than the EU average.</p>
<p>4. Elderly poverty/ adequate income and living conditions of the elderly</p>	<p>Housing deprivation among older people is very high; the aggregate replacement ratio is high, with a low relative income.</p>	<p>Low at-risk of poverty rate and social exclusion among older men.</p>
<p>5. Health & LTC</p>	<p><i>No systematic health workforce forecasting or planning has been performed to date in Cyprus.</i></p> <p><i>Lack of universal health coverage and limited long term care services.</i></p>	

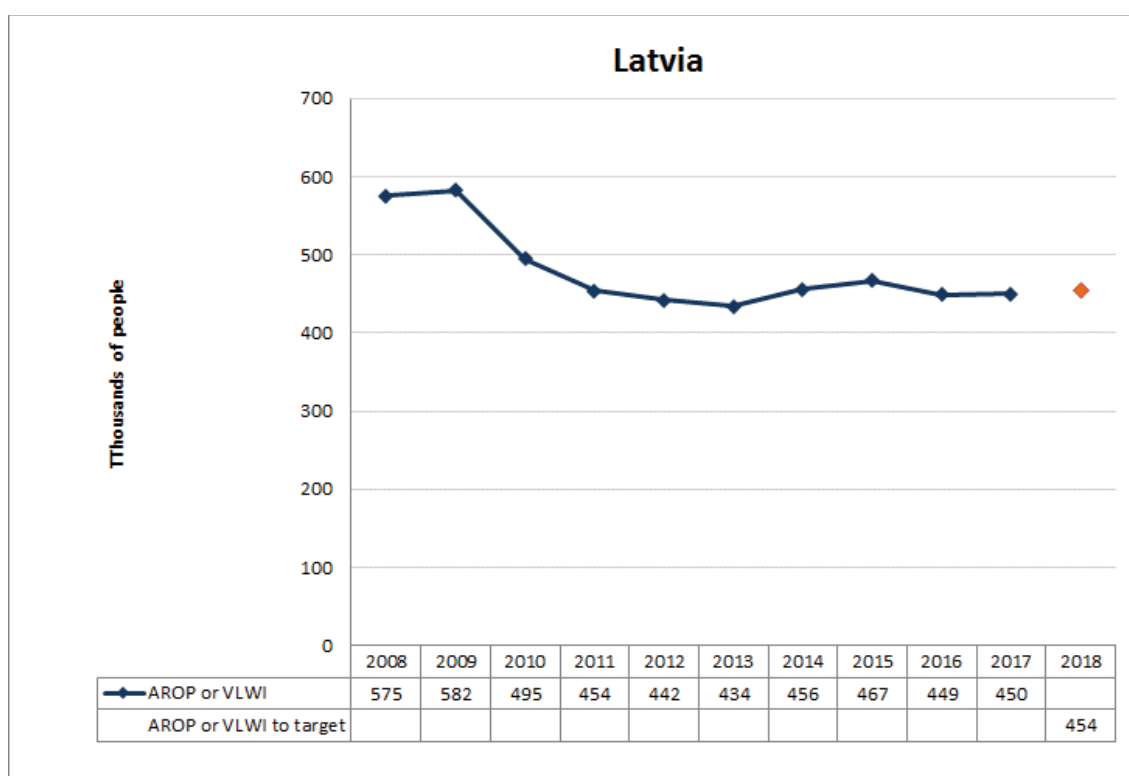
Note: The assessment of the key social challenges and good social outcomes within EU Member States is based on a full analysis of all the indicators in the social policy area of the Joint Assessment Framework tool, not only those included in the tables in this Country Profile.

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduce the number of people at risk of poverty after social transfers and/or living in households with very low work intensity by 121,000 by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2018)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION



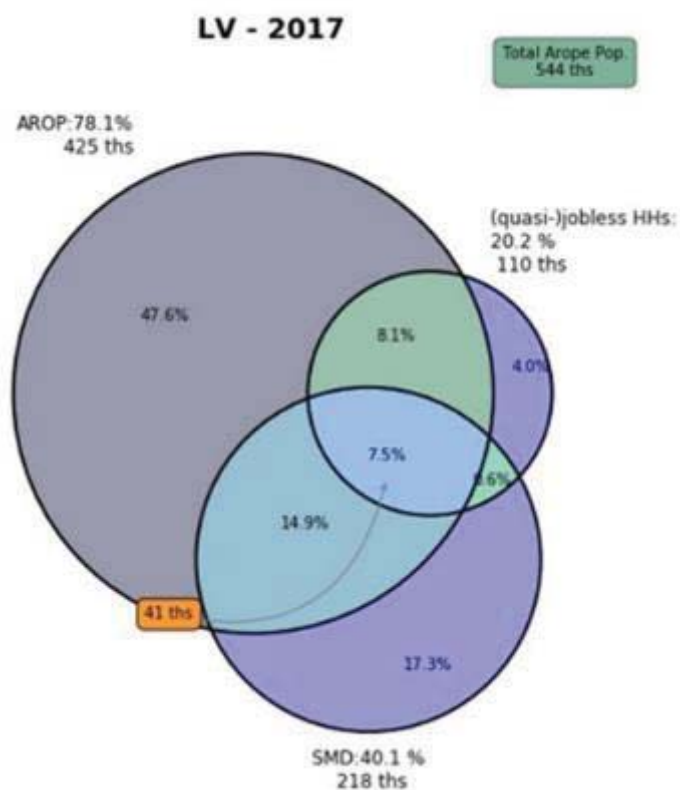
Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of-poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity

³ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around mid-July 2018, unless otherwise stated.

rate (VLWJ) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2017)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

LV														EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
AROP	% of total AROPE	75.5	69.7	54.8	47.3	53.1	55.1	64.8	72.8	76.5	78.1	1.6 pp	2.6 pp	72.9	73.6
	1000 persons	559	563	437	388	388	387	418	441	424	425	0.2 %	-24.0 %	86752	86904
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	12.3	15.1	25.1	23.8	24.4	21.2	22.0	18.8	18.8	20.2	1.5 pp	7.9 pp	33.5	33.2
	1000 persons	91	122	200	195	178	149	142	114	104	110	5.8 %	20.9 %	39830	39135
SMD	% of total AROPE	56.2	58.4	72.4	77.2	70.9	68.4	58.8	53.1	44.8	40.1	-4.7 pp	-16.2 pp	33.9	32.0
	1000 persons	416	472	578	634	518	480	379	322	248	218	-12.1 %	-47.6 %	40361	37800
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	3.9	4.8	5.1	4.4	5.5	5.0	7.3	5.5	7.2	8.1	0.9 pp	4.2 pp	12.0	12.8
	1000 persons	29	39	41	36	40	35	47	33	40	44	10.0 %	51.7 %	14335	15107
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	27.2	22.0	18.8	17.7	16.8	18.0	18.6	20.1	18.2	14.9	-3.3 pp	-12.3 pp	10.2	9.7
	1000 persons	201	178	150	145	123	126	120	122	101	81	-19.8 %	-59.7 %	12197	11475
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	6.4	7.7	12.8	11.5	11.5	9.4	8.8	8.9	6.9	7.5	0.7 pp	1.2 pp	7.7	7.1
	1000 persons	47	62	102	94	84	66	57	54	38	41	7.9 %	-12.8 %	9208	8383
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	0.4	0.7	2.9	3.4	2.9	2.9	2.0	1.3	0.7	0.6	-0.2 pp	0.1 pp	2.5	2.1
	1000 persons	3	6	23	28	21	20	13	8	4	3	-25.0 %	0.0 %	2946	2451

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

LV											EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2017
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	-3.5	-14.4	-3.9	6.4	4.0	2.4	1.9	3.0	2.2	4.5	2.0	2.5
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	-0.8	-14.3	-6.7	1.5	1.4	2.3	-1.3	1.4	-0.3	0.6	1.2	1.6
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	7.7	17.5	19.5	16.2	15.0	11.9	10.8	9.9	9.6	8.7	8.6	7.6
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	1.9	4.5	8.8	8.8	7.8	5.7	4.6	4.5	4.0	3.3	4.0	3.4
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	11.9	16.6	18.0	15.1	14.1	14.4	14.2	14.7				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS).

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

LV											EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014		
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	11.9	16.6	18.0	15.1	14.1	14.4	14.2	14.7	27.7	27.5	
	Sickness/Health	3.6	4.0	3.9	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.6	8.0	8.0	
	Disability	0.9	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.0	2.0	
	Old age	5.1	7.5	9.2	7.9	7.6	7.5	7.2	7.2	11.1	11.1	
	Survivors	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.6	1.6	
	Family/Children	1.3	1.7	1.5	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.3	2.4	
	Unemployment	0.5	1.6	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.5	1.4	
	Housing	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.5	
	Means-tested											
	Total	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	3.0	3.0	
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	
	Disability	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	
	Old age	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	
	Family/Children	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.6	
	Unemployment	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	
	Housing	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.4	
	Non-means tested											
	Total	11.7	16.3	17.3	14.4	13.8	14.1	14.0	14.5	24.7	24.5	
	Sickness/Health	3.6	4.0	3.7	3.2	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.6	7.9	7.9	
	Disability	0.9	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.5	
	Old age	5.1	7.5	9.2	7.9	7.6	7.5	7.2	7.2	10.6	10.6	
	Survivors	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.5	1.5	
	Family/Children	1.3	1.7	1.5	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.8	
	Unemployment	0.5	1.5	1.1	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.2	1.1	
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1		

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 9 July 2018.

Note: The total figures of social expenditure include all benefits excluding administrative costs.

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

LV	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		Latest year change	
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	34.2	37.9	38.2	40.1	36.2	35.1	32.7	30.9	28.5	28.2	-0.3 pp	23.8	23.5
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	25.9	26.4	20.9	19.0	19.2	19.4	21.2	22.5	21.8	22.1	0.3 pp	17.3	17.3
	Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS	4283	4279	3525	3566	3661	3868	4392	4855	5554	5602	9.1 %		
	Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS	8993	8987	7403	7489	7687	8122	9224	10196	11664	11763	9.1 %		
	Severe material deprivation rate	19.3	22.1	27.6	31.0	25.6	24.0	19.2	16.4	12.8	11.3	-1.5 pp	8.1	7.5
	Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	5.4	7.4	12.6	12.6	11.7	10.0	9.6	7.8	7.2	7.8	0.6 pp	10.7	10.5
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of total population)							34.3	28.7	24.8		-3.9 pp	17.2	15.7
Total population	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate	12.6	15.6	10.5	9.3	12.6	12.1	10.8	10.1	15.2	14.9	-0.3 pp	10.9	11
	At risk-of-poverty gap	28.6	29.0	28.9	31.7	28.6	27.5	23.6	25.5	24.0	25.3	1.3 pp	24.8	25
	Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)	25.9	27.2	32.8	35.2	35.0	33.0	28.0	23.7	19.4	18.6	-0.8 pp	18.6	17.5
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	14.2	14.8	26.7	29.1	25.3	25.4	21.5	17.6	21.6	21.9	0.3 pp	33.7	33.2
	S80/S20	7.3	7.4	6.8	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.5	6.5	6.2	6.3	1.6 %	5.2	5.2
	Overcrowding rate	57.4	56.3	55.7	43.7	36.6	37.7	39.8	41.4	43.2	41.9	-1.3 pp	16.7	16.6
	Housing cost overburden rate	8.7	9.3	9.8	12.5	11.2	11.4	9.6	8.1	7.0	6.9	-0.1 pp	11.3	11.1
	Real change in gross household disposable income	3.6	-15.0	-5.3	-5.8	3.6	4.2	2.5	6.6	3.7			2.1	2.0

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation.

LV	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	32.4	38.4	42.2	44.1	40.0	38.4	35.3	31.3	24.7	23.9	-0.8 pp	27.1	26.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	23.6	26.3	26.3	24.7	24.4	23.4	24.3	23.2	18.6	18.4	-0.2 pp	21.2	21.0
	Severe material deprivation rate	19.2	24.6	30.7	32.4	27.3	25.4	19.9	17.0	11.9	10.3	-1.6 pp	9.6	8.5
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households	4.6	6.9	12.4	12.6	10.4	9.2	9.6	7.4	6.3	6.4	0.1 pp	9.4	9.3
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 0-17 population)							35.2	28.3	24.7		-3.6 pp	19.8	18.3
	At-risk-of-poverty gap	30.7	34.2	31.3	33.2	31.0	29.9	28.8	34.2	25.4	28.3	2.9 pp	26.0	26.1
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	22.9	22.0	28.5	32.3	28.5	28.2	27.5	24.4	35.9	35.7	-0.2 pp	38.9	38.8
	Overcrowding rate	69.6	71.7	71.1	59.6	53.1	53.4	55.2	57.5	60.2	59.0	-1.2 pp	23.1	23.2
LV	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change				
Youth (18-24)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	25.2	31.8	38.7	43.7	37.4	36.5	30.8	32.0	26.6	23.9	-2.7 pp	31.3	30.6
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	16.2	19.4	21.0	22.3	20.1	19.8	16.9	22.1	17.3	16.1	-1.2 pp	23.9	23.3
	Severe material deprivation rate	15.7	20.8	28.0	35.4	27.1	23.9	19.8	17.7	13.5	10.6	-2.9 pp	10.0	8.9
	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households	2.8	4.9	10.4	9.9	9.7	7.7	8.1	6.7	6.1	6.0	-0.1 pp	10.9	11.0
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-24 population)							30.5	28.6	19.5		-9.1 pp	17.0	15.6
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate	8.2	9.6	8.0	8.3	5.6	9.6	6.5	9.6	8.5	7.0	-1.5 pp	12.3	12.1
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	5.8	13.7	14.4	11.6	11.5	9.1	7.9	6.7	6.9	6.8	-0.1 pp	8.5	7.8
	NEET rate	14.4	22.3	22.6	19.8	17.4	16.2	15.4	13.8	14.9	14.2	-0.7 pp	15.8	15.2
Housing cost overburden rate	4.5	5.2	8.0	11.7	9.8	8.7	8.4	5.9	5.1	5.7	0.6 pp	14.2	14.2	

LV	%	EU28											Change 2008 to latest year	2016	2015	2016
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change				
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	28.0	32.8	37.4	41.1	35.9	34.0	30.0	27.3	25.0	24.5	-0.5 pp	-3.5 pp	24.7	24.2	
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	19.4	20.5	20.4	20.2	19.3	18.8	18.4	18.6	17.7	17.5	-0.2 pp	-1.9 pp	17.1	17.0	
	Severe material deprivation rate	16.7	20.5	26.8	31.2	25.0	22.9	18.2	15.7	12.4	11.2	-1.2 pp	-5.5 pp	8.4	7.8	
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	5.7	7.6	12.6	12.6	12.1	10.2	9.6	7.9	7.5	8.2	0.7 pp	2.5 pp	11.1	10.9	
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-64 population)							32.2	27.2	23.2		-4.0 pp		17.5	15.8	
	At risk-of-poverty gap	29.5	33.5	31.9	33.0	32.1	32.0	29.0	33.7	30.8	31.0	0.2 pp	1.5 pp	27.2	27.9	
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate	10.7	11.2	9.7	9.6	8.9	9.1	8.3	9.4	8.5	9.0	0.5 pp	-1.7 pp	9.5	9.6	
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	17.5	18.0	27.1	28.9	25.2	25.4	23.0	20.2	23.7	25.5	1.8 pp	8.1 pp	34.5	34.1	
	Overcrowding rate	58.6	57.0	56.4	44.2	36.7	38.1	40.1	41.8	43.5	42.0	-1.5 pp	-16.6 pp	17.8	17.7	
	Housing cost overburden rate	7.1	7.8	10.1	13.2	11.3	10.9	9.0	7.6	6.6	6.6	0.0 pp	-0.5 pp	11.7	11.6	
LV	%	EU28											Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016	
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change						
Elderly (65+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	58.8	55.5	36.8	33.0	33.7	36.1	39.3	42.1	43.1	43.9	0.8 pp	-14.9 pp	17.4	18.2	
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	52.0	47.6	17.2	9.1	13.9	17.6	27.6	34.6	38.1	39.9	1.8 pp	-12.1 pp	14.1	14.6	
	Severe material deprivation rate	28.7	25.3	27.5	28.9	26.4	26.6	22.0	18.2	14.9	12.7	-2.2 pp	-16.0 pp	5.6	5.8	
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 65+ population)							40.5	33.8	29.8		-4.0 pp		13.4	12.8	
	Relative median income of elderly	0.53	0.57	0.78	0.86	0.80	0.77	0.71	0.65	0.63	0.61	-3.2 %	15.1 %	0.93	0.93	
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.30	0.34	0.47	0.53	0.49	0.47	0.44	0.42	0.42	0.43	2.4 %	43.3 %	0.57	0.58	
	Overcrowding rate	40.1	37.9	37.8	26.5	20.4	22.1	24.9	25.6	26.4	26.0	-0.4 pp	-14.1 pp	6.6	6.6	
	Housing cost overburden rate	16.4	16.1	9.7	10.4	11.5	14.0	11.8	9.9	9.5	9.2	-0.3 pp	-7.2 pp	10.4	10.5	

LV	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate of disabled people 16+	52.7	55.3	46.4	46.3	45.3	43.3	43.2	41.8	42.5		0.7 pp	-10.2 pp	30.2	30.1
	At-risk-poverty rate of disabled people 16+	42.6	42.3	24.0	18.5	21.0	21.8	27.3	30.3	33.6		3.3 pp	-9.0 pp	20.0	20.2
Persons with disabilities (16+)	Severe material deprivation rate of disabled people 16+	30.7	31.3	35.4	37.6	34.2	31.5	27.0	23.4	19.6		-3.8 pp	-11.1 pp	11.3	10.4
	Share of people with disabilities living in (quasi-)jobless households of disabled people 16+	14.7	18.0	26.6	26.5	26.5	21.4	18.7	16.2	16.2		0.0 pp	1.5 pp	25.4	25.7
	Material and social deprivation rate (by sex) of disabled people 16+							46.7	40.4	36.9		-3.5 pp	n.a.	25.1	23.2
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction of disabled people 16+	47.1	47.5	32.9	27.6	29.0	30.8	33.8	35.8	40.2		4.4 pp	-6.9 pp	31.1	31.1

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

LV	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)	32.4	38.4	42.2	44.1	40.0	38.4	35.3	31.3	24.7	23.9	-0.8 pp	-8.5 pp	27.1	26.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)	23.6	26.3	26.3	24.7	24.4	23.4	24.3	23.2	18.6	18.4	-0.2 pp	-5.2 pp	21.2	21.0
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)	19.2	24.6	30.7	32.4	27.3	25.4	19.9	17.0	11.9	10.3	-1.6 pp	-8.9 pp	9.6	8.5
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)	4.6	6.9	12.4	12.6	10.4	9.2	9.6	7.4	6.3	6.4	0.1 pp	1.8 pp	9.4	9.3
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)	12.1	16.7	12.6	12.7	16.8	19.2	11.7	12.8	14.7	13.7	-1.0 pp	1.6 pp	13.3	14.2
	in-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children	11.8	12.7	11.4	10.8	10.2	10.8	9.9	10.9	8.5	8.8	0.3 pp	-3.0 pp	11.2	11.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households	84.4	89.0	79.6	73.0	76.6	68.4	76.9	82.2	84.2	91.3	7.1 pp	6.9 pp	70.1	70.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work	20.1	21.3	18.5	17.4	18.3	18.5	18.4	18.4	13.9	13.0	-0.9 pp	-7.1 pp	16.1	15.9
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	4.0	1.0	1.6	0.9	1.7		0.8 pp	-0.3 pp	14.7	15.0
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	11.0	13.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	22.0	20.0	22.0	26.6		4.6 pp	15.6 pp	15.6	17.9
Access to adequate resources	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	3.0	7.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	9.0	4.9	3.1	1.6		-1.5 pp	-1.4 pp	33.9	34.5
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	65.0	65.0	60.0	65.0	72.0	70.0	74.3	79.2	80.3		1.1 pp	15.3 pp	49.4	51.8
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)	30.7	34.2	31.3	33.2	31.0	29.9	28.8	34.2	25.4	28.3	2.9 pp	-2.4 pp	26.0	26.1
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	6.4	4.8	3.0	3.8	2.8	3.2	3.7	4.3	4.5		0.2 pp	-1.9 pp	21.7	21.9
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)													4.4	4.6
	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	10.0	7.9	4.9	6.1	3.7	4.9	4.9	5.7	6.3		0.6 pp	-3.7 pp	27.2	27.4
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty	22.9	22.0	28.5	32.3	28.5	28.2	27.5	24.4	35.9	35.7	-0.2 pp	12.8 pp	38.9	38.8
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)	7.1	7.9	8.9	12.2	10.7	10.3	9.2	7.9	5.7	5.7	0.0 pp	-1.4 pp	10.7	10.0
	NEET rate (15-19)	7.6	9.0	8.2	8.9	8.7	5.6	4.0	3.0	2.7	2.9	0.2 pp	-4.7 pp	6.3	6.1
	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	15.5	14.3	12.9	11.6	10.6	9.8	8.5	9.9	10.0	8.6	-1.4 pp	-6.9 pp	11.0	10.7
Access to quality services	Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)	2.8	2.8	5.9	4.6	3.2	4.9	3.5	1.7	1.7		0.0 pp	-1.1 pp	1.4	1.3
	Infant mortality rate	6.6	7.6	5.6	6.6	6.3	4.4	3.8	4.1	3.7		-0.4 pp	-2.9 pp	3.6	3.6
	Severe housing deprivation (0-17)	29.3	30.5	28.9	24.7	25.0	23.9	23.8	22.5	21.6	21.1	-0.5 pp	-8.2 pp	7.5	7.2
	Overcrowding rate (0-17)	69.6	71.7	71.1	59.6	53.1	53.4	55.2	57.5	60.2	59.0	-1.2 pp	-10.6 pp	23.1	23.2

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data)

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2016-2056)

TRR case		Net (%)				Gross (%)			
		2016		2056		2016		2056	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	67.2		51.1		52.0		39.9	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	61.0		51.1		46.3		39.9	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	58.0		51.1		43.5		39.9	
	AWG career length case	61.5	62.5	55.2	53.1	46.7	43.5	41.7	
	Longer career: 42 years to SPA			53.1				41.7	
	Shorter career: 38 years to SPA			49.0				38.1	
	Deferred exit: 42 years to SPA +2			56.6				44.8	
	Earlier exit: 38 years to SPA -2			49.0				38.1	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			48.5				37.9	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			49.5				38.6	
	Career break caring for family dependant: 3 years			47.2				36.9	
	Short career (20-year career)			29.4				19.4	
	<i>Work 35 years, disabled 5 years prior to SPA</i>			51.1				39.9	
	Early entry in the LM: from age 20 to SPA			56.9				44.4	
	Index: 10 years after retirement @ SPA			45.4				35.4	
	Extended part-time period for childcare			45.1				35.2	
	Pension rights of surviving spouses								
Low (66%)	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	86.9		54.0		66.4		39.9	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	79.1		54.0		59.1		39.9	
	AWG career length case	79.8	81.3	58.1	56.1	59.7	61.1	43.5	41.7
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			51.3				37.9	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			52.3				38.6	
	Short career (20-year career)			26.3				19.4	
High	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	47.3		33.8		38.0		28.9	
Average replacement rate across retirees									

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2018 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2016-2056)

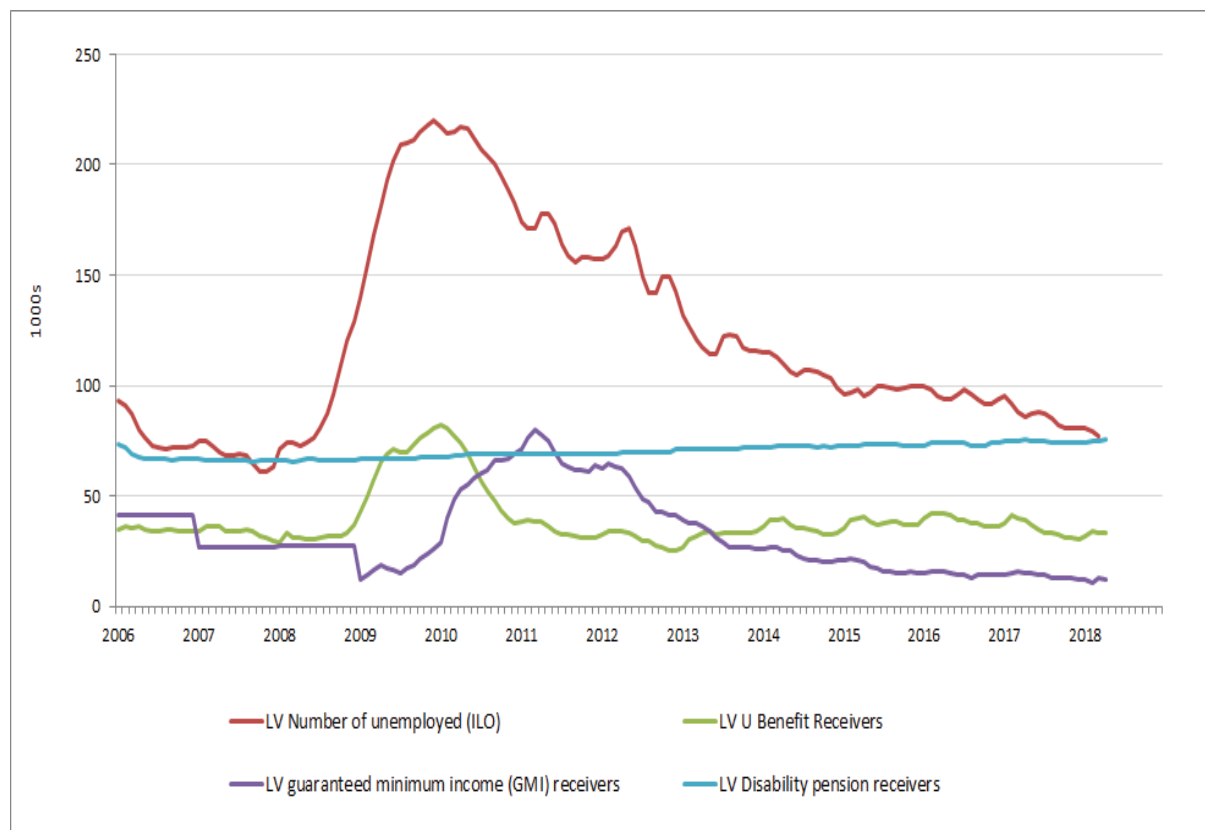
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

LV										EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2015	2016
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	51.6	52.6	53.1	53.6	54.6	51.7	51.5	51.8	52.3	62.6	63.5
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	54.3	56.0	56.4	56.6	59.0	54.2	55.3	54.1	54.9	63.3	64.2
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.7	5.3	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.4	9.4	9.8
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	4.9	5.7	5.5	5.0	6.4	4.2	4.6	4.0	4.5	9.4	10.1
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	66.5	67.5	67.9	68.6	68.9	69.3	69.1	69.7	69.8	77.9	78.2
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	77.5	77.7	78.0	78.8	78.9	78.9	79.4	79.5	79.6	83.3	83.6
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	12.8	13.2	13.1	13.4	13.6	13.9	13.8	14.2	14.0	17.9	18.2
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	17.7	18.1	18.1	18.7	18.5	18.6	19.0	18.9	19.0	21.2	21.6
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	9.9	9.9	15.1	16.1	12.4	13.8	12.5	8.4	8.2	3.2	2.5
Self-perceived health (%)	43.6	46.1	47.7	46.1	46.8	45.3	45.8	46.3	47.2	66.8	67.4
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)						928.4	981.2				
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)						5.4	5.5				

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: i) Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS⁴



⁴ These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

LV	Unemployment
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	eurostat
	Unemployment benefit
definition	persons receiving unemployment benefit
unit	thousands of recipients
source	State Social Insurance Agency
	Social assistance benefit
definition	persons in household receiving municipal GMI benefit
unit	thousands of recipients
source	annual statistical reports from local municipalities
	Disability benefit
definition	persons receiving disability pension
unit	thousands of pensioners
source	State Social Insurance Agency

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	LV											EU27			
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	change 2015-2016 (2016-2017 for SMD & LFS-based figures)	change 2008 to latest year	2016	latest year change	
Europe 2020	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	34.2	33.9	34.2	40.1	36.2	35.4	32.7	30.9	24.5	22.2	24.99	-2.744	22.5	-2.144	-0.2 pp
	At risk of poverty threshold for single persons household (levels in sds, changes in real change in real terms) (in %)	25.9	25.4	25.9	30.0	29.2	29.4	31.2	22.5	24.0	22.1	-0.7 pp	-1.144	17.3	0.2 pp	0.7 pp
	Severe material deprivation rate (in %)	10.3	10.79	10.25	10.61	10.61	10.61	10.61	10.61	10.61	10.61	10.61	0.0%	10.61	0.0%	0.0%
Intensity of poverty risk	Social exclusion (at risk of poverty or social exclusion) (in %)	6.8	7.0	13.6	13.6	11.7	10.7	9.6	7.8	7.5	7.4	-0.6 pp	-0.8 pp	15.5	-1.7 pp	1.3 pp
	Child low material deprivation (at risk of poverty or social exclusion) (in %)	28.8	29.0	29.9	30.7	28.8	27.1	28.8	25.5	24.0	22.8	1.0 pp	4.6 pp	25	0.2 pp	8.1 pp
	Persistent at risk of poverty rate (in %)	12.0	13.6	13.9	9.3	12.1	12.1	10.8	10.1	11.2	14.9	5.1 pp	-6.44	10.9	0.2 pp	2.2 pp
Material and social deprivation	Material and social deprivation rate (in %)	10.6	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.6	0.0%	0.0%	11.6	-0.5 pp	0.0%
	Income quintile 5 (at 1000/€20)	7.0	7.0	6.0	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.2	6.2	-0.6%	-1.1%	5.2	1.0%	6.0%
	At risk of poverty or social exclusion of children (as of people aged 0-17)	32.4	32.4	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	-0.6 pp	-0.2 pp	35.4	-0.6 pp	-0.1 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	Impact of social transfers (net, excluding on poverty indicator) (%)	14.0	14.8	14.7	14.1	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.8	0.0 pp	0.0 pp	14.8	-0.5 pp	-0.4 pp
	At risk of poverty rate for the potential population (grossly adjusted) (in %)	83.8	85.1	70.2	65.6	69.8	69.8	69.8	69.8	69.8	69.8	1.2 pp	1.6 pp	58.9	0.3 pp	4.2 pp
	In-work at risk of poverty rate (in %)	10.7	11.2	9.7	9.6	8.9	7.1	8.8	9.4	8.1	9.0	0.9 pp	2.2 pp	9.8	0.2 pp	1.0 pp
Social consequences of labour market	Long-term unemployment rate (in %)	1.9	4.1	8.1	8.8	6.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.1	3.1	0.7 pp	-0.44	3.1	-0.5 pp	0.2 pp
	Early school leavers (in %)	15.8	16.3	11.9	11.6	10.1	10.0	10.5	9.0	11.0	0.0	-1.9 pp	-2.944	10.0	-2.2 pp	-6.2 pp
	Youth unemployment rate (15-24) (NEET) (in %)	5.0	12.7	17.4	11.6	11.5	11.1	7.9	6.7	6.1	6.0	-0.1 pp	-0.0 pp	7.7	-0.7 pp	0.1 pp
Active ageing	Employment rate of older workers (55-64) (in %)	11.0	17.5	17.0	16.0	14.1	13.7	13.0	10.5	11.7	10.3	-0.9 pp	-1.5 pp	13.5	-0.6 pp	0.0 pp
	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) (in %)	58.1	52.5	47.8	50.5	53.8	54.3	56.4	58.4	67.4	62.8	0.8 pp	2.7 pp	55.4	1.3 pp	11.7 pp
	Median relative income of elderly people	58.8	52.5	48.8	48.0	48.7	48.1	48.3	42.1	45.1	48.9	1.0 pp	1.7 pp	18.1	0.3 pp	0.2 pp
Pension adequacy	Aggregate relative poverty	0.39	0.37	0.38	0.38	0.39	0.37	0.41	0.35	0.33	0.31	0.1%	1.2%	0.29	-0.0%	0.4%
	Self-reported unmet need for medical care	0.30	0.34	0.37	0.39	0.40	0.47	0.44	0.42	0.42	0.40	0.0%	4.0%	0.50	-0.0%	10.4%
	Healthy life years at 65 - males	0.0	0.0	15.1	15.1	13.0	13.1	12.8	0.0	0.2	0.4	-0.2 pp	-0.2 pp	2.8	-0.7 pp	-0.5 pp
Poverty and social exclusion of persons with disabilities	Healthy life years at 65 - females	4.0	4.7	4.1	4.7	5.3	6.0	6.0	4.1	4.7	4.4	0.4%	-0.7%	0.4	0.4%	0.4%
	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities (in % of people with disabilities above 15 years)	4.9	5.7	5.7	5.0	6.4	6.7	6.6	4.0	4.7	4.4	0.4%	-0.7%	0.4	0.4%	0.4%
	Housing cost burden ratio	52.7	55.3	41.4	42.2	49.2	49.2	49.2	41.0	41.5	41.4	0.7 pp	1.2 pp	30	-1.1 pp	-0.9 pp
Evolution in real household disposable income	Evolution in real household disposable income (in %)	8.7	9.3	9.3	13.5	11.3	11.4	8.6	8.1	7.1	6.3	1.3 pp	-1.7 pp	13.1	-2.2 pp	0.5 pp
	Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	9.6	10.1	9.1	9.8	8.6	8.2	4.9	6.4	3.7	4.2	3.6%	1.5%	0.2	0.2%	0.2%

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2015-2016 for EU-SILC based indicators (except SMD) and 2016-2017 for SMD and LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2016 and 2008-2017 respectively.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, LATVIA 2018

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services	<p>The S80/S20 income quintile gap is worse than the EU average but shows some positive development.</p> <p>The at-risk of poverty rate for population living in (quasi-)jobless households is significantly worse than the EU average.</p> <p>The persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate is worse than the EU average</p> <p><i>The risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities is one of the highest in the EU and there is a much higher than the EU average gap between the risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with and without disabilities.</i></p> <p>The impact of social transfers in reducing poverty is worse than the EU average.</p>	The share of people aged 0-59 living in jobless households is better than the EU average and shows a significantly positive development.
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty		The share of children (aged 0-17) living in (quasi-)jobless households is better than the EU average and shows some positive development.
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age		The share of adults (aged 18-59, not students) living in jobless households is around the EU average and shows a positive development.
4. Elderly poverty/adequate income and living conditions of the elderly	<p><i>The adequacy of the minimum pension is low.</i></p> <p>The risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly and relative poverty in particular are significantly worse than the EU average.</p> <p>The aggregate replacement ratio and impact of social transfers are significantly worse than the EU average, there is much housing deprivation and the poverty gap</p>	

	among the elderly is increasing.	
5. Health & LTC	<p>Life expectancy and healthy life years are significantly worse than the EU average.</p> <p>The unmet needs for medical care are worse than the EU average, <i>especially for lower income groups</i>. While the subcomponent due to costs show some positive development, <i>financial barriers such as high out-of-pocket expenditure on healthcare and voluntary health insurance contributions for certain types of workers limit access to health care</i>.</p>	<p>The vaccination coverage rate of children for DTP is above the EU average and shows significantly positive development.</p>

Note: The assessment of the key social challenges and good social outcomes within EU Member States is based on a full analysis of all the indicators in the social policy area of the Joint Assessment Framework tool, not only those included in the tables in this Country Profile.

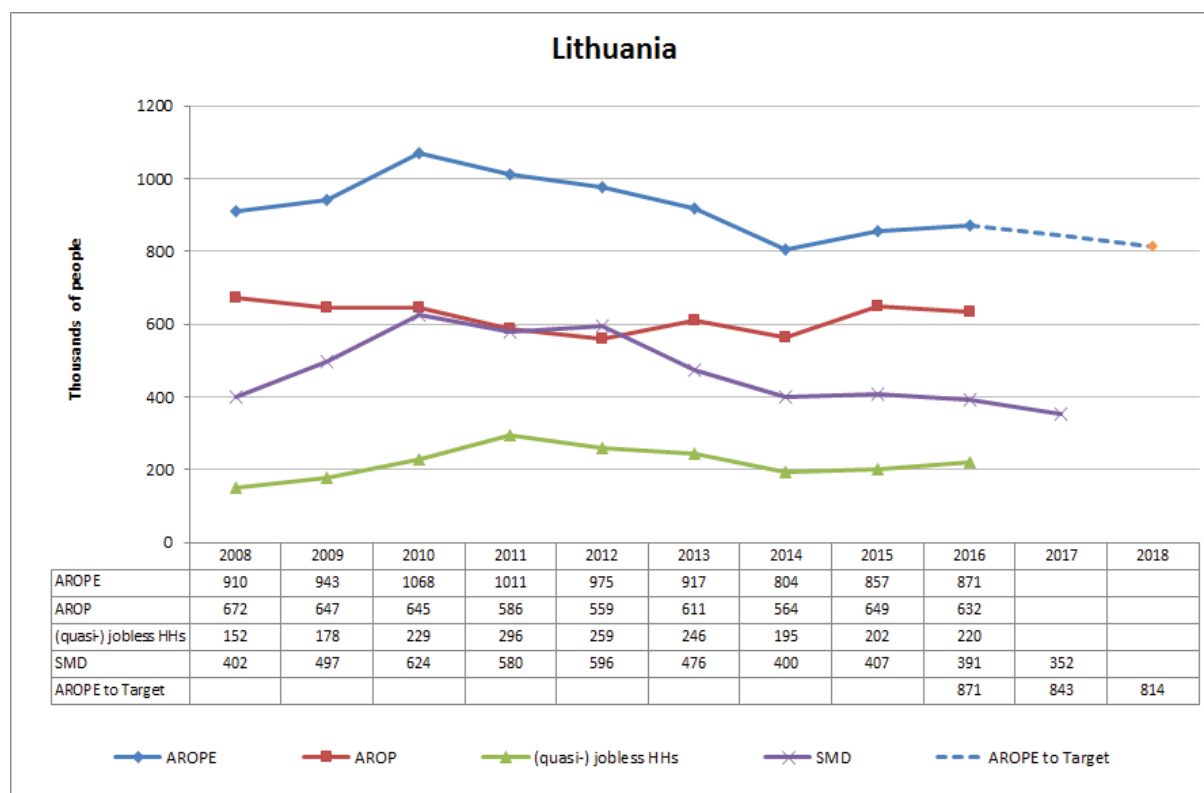
LITHUANIA⁵

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduce the number of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion to 814,000 by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2016)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

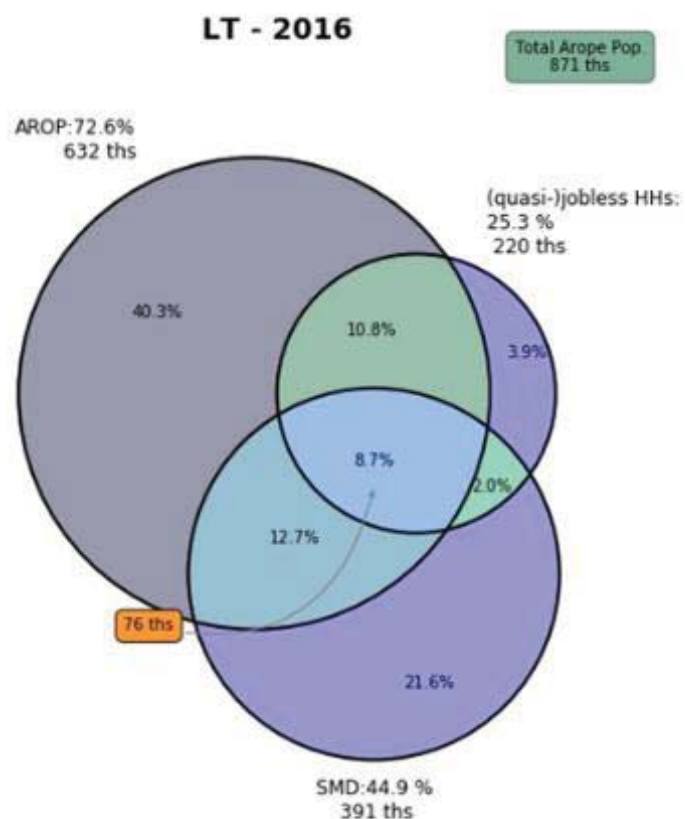


Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of-poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the reference year prior to the survey (while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year; iv) 2017 SMD figure is provisional.

⁵ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around mid-July 2018, unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2016)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

LT														EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
AROP	% of total AROPE	73.9	68.6	60.4	58.0	57.3	66.6	70.2	75.7	72.6		-3.2 pp	-1.3 pp	72.9	73.6
	1000 persons	672	647	645	586	559	611	564	649	632		-2.6 %	-6.0 %	86752	86904
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	16.7	18.9	21.4	29.3	26.6	26.8	24.3	23.6	25.3		1.7 pp	8.6 pp	33.5	33.2
	1000 persons	152	178	229	296	259	246	195	202	220		8.9 %	44.7 %	39830	39135
SMD	% of total AROPE	44.2	52.7	58.4	57.4	61.1	51.9	49.8	47.5	44.9		-2.6 pp	0.7 pp	33.9	32.0
	1000 persons	402	497	624	580	596	476	400	407	391	352	-10.0 %	-12.4 %	40361	37800
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	6.4	5.9	6.4	9.3	6.5	9.2	9.3	9.6	10.8		1.2 pp	4.4 pp	12.0	12.8
	1000 persons	58	56	68	94	63	84	75	82	94		14.6 %	62.1 %	14335	15107
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	16.8	16.9	15.4	12.1	12.7	16.7	16.8	19.0	12.7		-6.3 pp	-4.1 pp	10.2	9.7
	1000 persons	153	159	164	122	124	153	135	163	111		-31.9 %	-27.5 %	12197	11475
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	5.4	7.5	7.6	9.8	10.9	8.5	7.8	8.2	8.7		0.6 pp	3.4 pp	7.7	7.1
	1000 persons	49	71	81	99	106	78	63	70	76		8.6 %	55.1 %	9208	8383
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	0.8	2.2	3.5	3.9	4.1	2.5	2.2	1.8	2.0		0.2 pp	1.2 pp	2.5	2.1
	1000 persons	7	21	37	39	40	23	18	15	17		13.3 %	142.9 %	2946	2451

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC).

Note: 2017 SMD figure is provisional

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

LT											EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2017
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	2.6	-14.8	1.6	6.0	3.8	3.5	3.5	2.0	2.3	3.8	2.0	2.5
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	-1.3	-7.7	-5.3	0.5	1.8	1.3	2.0	1.3	2.0	-0.5	1.2	1.6
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	5.8	13.8	17.8	15.4	13.4	11.8	10.7	9.1	7.9	7.1	8.6	7.6
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	1.3	3.3	7.4	8.0	6.6	5.1	4.8	3.9	3.0	2.7	4.0	3.4
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	15.5	20.4	18.2	16.2	15.4	14.5	14.4	14.8				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS).

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

LT												EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014		
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	15.5	20.4	18.2	16.2	15.4	14.5	14.4	14.8	27.7	27.5		
	Sickness/Health	4.6	5.4	4.8	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.5	8.0	8.0		
	Disability	1.6	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.0		
	Old age	6.3	8.3	7.3	6.6	6.8	6.4	6.7	6.5	11.1	11.1		
	Survivors	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.6	1.6		
	Family/Children	1.8	2.8	2.2	1.7	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.3	2.4		
	Unemployment	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	1.5	1.4		
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.6		
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.2	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5		
	Means-tested												
	Total	0.3	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	3.0	3.0		
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1		
	Disability	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5		
	Old age	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5		
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1		
	Family/Children	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.6		
	Unemployment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3		
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.6		
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.1	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4		
	Non-means tested												
	Total	15.2	19.9	17.2	15.2	14.5	13.7	13.9	14.3	24.7	24.5		
	Sickness/Health	4.6	5.4	4.8	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.5	7.9	7.9		
	Disability	1.6	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.5		
	Old age	6.3	8.2	7.3	6.6	6.8	6.4	6.7	6.5	10.6	10.6		
	Survivors	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.5	1.5		
	Family/Children	1.7	2.6	1.9	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.8	1.8		
	Unemployment	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	1.2	1.1		
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0						
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1		

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 9 July 2018.

Note: The total figures of social expenditure include all benefits excluding administrative costs.

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

LT	%											EU28			
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	28.3	29.6	34.0	33.1	32.5	30.8	27.3	29.3	30.1		0.8 pp	1.8 pp	23.8	23.5
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	20.9	20.3	20.5	19.2	18.6	20.6	19.1	22.2	21.9		-0.3 pp	1.0 pp	17.3	17.3
	Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS	4111	4289	3611	3641	4034	4369	4557	4951	5567		8.2 %	19.6 %		
	Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS	8634	9008	7583	7645	8472	9176	9570	10396	11691		8.2 %	19.6 %		
	Severe material deprivation rate	12.5	15.6	19.9	19.0	19.8	16.0	13.6	13.9	13.5	12.4	-1.1 pp	-0.1 pp	8.1	7.5
	Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	6.1	7.2	9.5	12.7	11.4	11.0	8.8	9.2	10.2		1.0 pp	4.1 pp	10.7	10.5
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of total population)							29.9	28.4	28.9		0.5 pp		17.2	15.7
Total population	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate	10.9	11.4	7.4	7.7	12.3	10.2	16.0	14.3	13.5		-0.8 pp	2.6 pp	10.9	11
	At risk-of-poverty gap	25.6	23.8	32.6	29.0	22.6	24.8	22.7	26.0	28.0		2.0 pp	2.4 pp	24.8	25
	Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)	20.9	19.2	28.8	32.2	27.4	25.7	23.0	22.7	19.1		-3.6 pp	-1.8 pp	18.6	17.5
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	23.7	29.0	34.5	36.4	34.5	32.0	30.6	22.4	21.5		-0.9 pp	-2.2 pp	33.7	33.2
	S80/S20	6.1	6.4	7.3	5.8	5.3	6.1	6.1	7.5	7.1		-5.3 %	16.4 %	5.2	5.2
	Overcrowding rate	48.4	48.1	45.5	19.5	19.0	28.0	28.3	26.4	23.7		-2.7 pp	-24.7 pp	16.7	16.6
	Housing cost overburden rate	5.0	5.6	10.6	11.1	8.9	8.2	7.1	9.1	7.8		-1.3 pp	2.8 pp	11.3	11.1
	Real change in gross household disposable income	7.5	-11.7	-0.4	1.1	0.3	4.7	1.8	3.8	4.5				2.1	2.0

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. Break in time series in for 2011 and 2013 for overcrowding rate indicator, for all age groups. SMD figures for 2017 are provisional.

	EU28											EU28		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
LT	%													
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	29.1	30.8	35.8	34.6	31.9	35.4	28.9	32.7	32.4	-0.3 pp	3.3 pp	27.1	26.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	23.3	23.3	24.8	25.2	20.8	26.9	23.5	28.9	25.6	-3.3 pp	2.3 pp	21.2	21.0
	Severe material deprivation rate	11.8	15.8	20.0	16.7	16.9	18.5	13.7	13.8	11.5	1.5 pp	1.2 pp	9.6	8.5
Children (0-17)	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households	4.7	5.4	5.7	11.7	9.3	9.8	6.9	8.5	9.8	1.3 pp	5.1 pp	9.4	9.3
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 0-17 population)						30.2	29.0	28.4		-0.6 pp		19.8	18.3
	At-risk-of-poverty gap	28.4	27.8	36.6	29.0	24.3	25.8	26.6	27.7	29.6	1.9 pp	1.2 pp	26.0	26.1
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	26.0	36.3	43.1	37.3	41.1	33.9	32.7	21.9	25.2	3.3 pp	-0.9 pp	38.9	38.8
	Overcrowding rate	63.3	65.2	61.9	31.7	30.4	43.2	42.5	40.1	34.3	-5.8 pp	-29.0 pp	23.1	23.2
LT	%													
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	29.0	28.9	36.3	38.0	35.9	30.4	28.0	27.4	32.7	5.3 pp	3.7 pp	31.3	30.6
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	19.2	18.4	23.5	24.4	20.2	19.2	19.4	21.2	22.5	1.3 pp	3.3 pp	23.9	23.3
	Severe material deprivation rate	12.8	14.2	20.1	19.5	23.1	13.3	12.5	16.5	15.4	-1.9 pp	0.7 pp	10.0	8.9
	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households	4.3	6.3	8.8	12.2	10.8	10.3	5.4	5.0	11.0	6.0 pp	6.7 pp	10.9	11.0
Youth (18-24)	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-24 population)						27.6	28.1	30.5		2.4 pp		17.0	15.6
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate	7.0	5.4	11.8	6.1	5.8	7.0	6.5	11.9	9.1	-2.8 pp	2.1 pp	12.3	12.1
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	4.0	8.7	10.2	9.2	7.8	6.9	6.6	5.5	5.1	-0.5 pp	0.6 pp	8.5	7.8
	NEET rate	12.4	16.7	18.1	16.1	14.9	15.2	13.4	12.6	12.6	-0.5 pp	-0.3 pp	15.8	15.2
	Housing cost overburden rate	5.4	5.9	9.1	9.8	9.7	7.9	6.5	5.7	9.0	3.3 pp	3.6 pp	14.2	14.2

Note: Break in time series in for 2011 and 2013 for overcrowding rate indicator, for all age groups.

LT	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2017	2016	2015	2016
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016							
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	25.0	27.7	34.6	33.3	31.7	29.3	25.6	26.4	27.3	0.9 pp	2.3 pp	24.7	24.2			
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	17.5	18.4	22.2	20.2	17.9	19.0	17.6	19.5	19.1	-0.4 pp	1.6 pp	17.1	17.0			
	Severe material deprivation rate	11.5	14.7	18.7	18.0	19.5	14.6	12.3	12.7	13.0	-2.0 pp	-0.5 pp	8.4	7.8			
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	6.6	7.8	10.6	13.1	12.0	11.4	9.4	9.4	10.3	0.9 pp	3.7 pp	11.1	10.9			
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-64 population)							27.7	25.7	27.2	1.5 pp		17.5	15.8			
	At-risk-of-poverty gap	29.9	28.7	33.9	30.7	26.6	27.5	28.3	29.4	32.0	2.6 pp	2.1 pp	27.2	27.9			
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate	9.5	10.5	12.7	9.6	7.7	9.2	8.4	10.2	8.7	-1.5 pp	-0.8 pp	9.5	9.6			
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	28.3	30.8	32.3	37.3	36.3	35.4	33.8	25.6	24.8	-0.8 pp	-3.5 pp	34.5	34.1			
	Overcrowding rate	50.1	48.8	46.5	19.6	19.6	28.0	28.8	27.0	24.9	-2.1 pp	-25.2 pp	17.8	17.7			
Housing cost overburden rate	5.2	6.0	11.2	11.5	8.6	7.6	6.4	7.9	7.5	-0.4 pp	2.3 pp	11.7	11.6				
LT	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2017	2016	2015	2016
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016									
Elderly (65+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	39.9	35.3	29.8	30.9	35.7	31.7	31.9	36.0	37.4	1.4 pp	-2.5 pp	17.4	18.2			
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	31.0	23.9	9.6	9.7	18.7	19.4	20.1	25.0	27.7	2.7 pp	-3.3 pp	14.1	14.6			
	Severe material deprivation rate	17.1	18.8	24.0	25.1	24.1	18.4	17.8	18.2	17.3	-1.1 pp	-0.9 pp	5.6	5.8			
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 65+ population)							36.7	36.9	34.9	-2.0 pp		13.4	12.8			
	Relative median income of elderly	0.70	0.73	0.93	0.90	0.78	0.81	0.77	0.73	0.71	-2.7 %	1.4 %	0.93	0.93			
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.43	0.48	0.58	0.52	0.45	0.48	0.45	0.46	0.45	-2.2 %	4.7 %	0.57	0.58			
	Overcrowding rate	25.3	26.1	24.0	6.2	5.5	12.6	12.7	10.8	9.5	-1.3 pp	-15.8 pp	6.6	6.6			
Housing cost overburden rate	4.1	4.4	5.4	10.3	11.6	9.8	9.2	11.8	9.8	-2.0 pp	5.7 pp	10.4	10.5				

LT	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate of disabled people 16+	41.2	41.1	40.7	41.4	44.7	42.2	40.9	44.8	44.4		-0.4 pp	3.2 pp	30.2	30.1
	At-risk-poverty rate of disabled people 16+	28.4	27.6	19.2	16.0	21.7	24.8	24.5	30.6	31.8		1.2 pp	3.4 pp	20.0	20.2
Persons with disabilities (16+)	Severe material deprivation rate of disabled people 16+	18.9	21.4	26.0	29.0	29.4	24.4	22.3	24.9	21.4		-3.5 pp	2.5 pp	11.3	10.4
	Share of people with disabilities living in (quasi-)jobless households of disabled people 16+	20.9	24.9	30.7	33.9	33.6	33.0	32.8	27.3	29.9		2.6 pp	9.0 pp	25.4	25.7
	Material and social deprivation rate (by sex) of disabled people 16+							42.1	43.8	43.1		-0.7 pp	n.a.	25.1	23.2
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction of disabled people 16+	40.6	38.7	29.4	29.9	34.7	36.5	34.8	38.4	39.1		0.7 pp	-1.5 pp	31.1	31.1

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

Note: Break in time series in for 2011 and 2013 for overcrowding rate indicator, for all age groups.

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

LT	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)	29.1	30.8	35.8	34.6	31.9	35.4	28.9	32.7	32.4		-0.3 pp	3.3 pp	27.1	26.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)	23.3	23.3	24.8	25.2	20.8	26.9	23.5	28.9	25.6		-3.3 pp	2.3 pp	21.2	21.0
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)	11.8	15.8	20.0	16.7	16.9	18.5	13.7	13.8	11.5	13.0	1.5 pp	1.2 pp	9.6	8.5
Access to adequate resources	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)	4.7	5.4	5.7	11.7	9.3	9.8	6.9	8.5	9.8		1.3 pp	5.1 pp	9.4	9.3
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)	12.0	14.3	7.3	11.1	15.7	9.4	20.5	16.7	12.3		-4.4 pp	0.3 pp	13.3	14.2
	in-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children	12.1	12.6	14.5	11.6	9.8	11.9	11.9	13.0	11.2		-1.8 pp	-0.9 pp	11.2	11.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households	75.9	75.8	70.6	73.9	72.2	77.3	84.0	91.0	80.4		-10.6 pp	4.5 pp	70.1	70.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work	20.5	20.1	21.9	18.5	15.5	21.2	18.8	23.0	19.6		-3.4 pp	-0.9 pp	16.1	15.9
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	3.0		6.2	2.0	2.7		0.7 pp	1.7 pp	14.7	15.0
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	8.0	10.0	12.0	8.0	5.0	10.0	16.7	7.7	12.5		4.8 pp	4.5 pp	15.6	17.9
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	7.0	4.0	9.0	10.0	6.0	6.0	8.0	5.0	7.6		2.6 pp	0.6 pp	33.9	34.5
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	55.0	51.0	59.0	60.0	68.0	68.0	72.1	68.8	70.8		2.0 pp	15.8 pp	49.4	51.8
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)	28.4	27.8	36.6	29.0	24.3	25.8	26.6	27.7	29.6		1.9 pp	1.2 pp	26.0	26.1
Access to quality services	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)		5.0											21.7	21.9
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)													4.4	4.6
	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)		7.9											27.2	27.4
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty	26.0	36.3	43.1	37.3	41.1	33.9	32.7	21.9	25.2		3.3 pp	-0.9 pp	38.9	38.8
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)	5.4	5.3	13.3	10.6	7.3	8.8	7.1	10.1	6.9		-3.2 pp	1.5 pp	10.7	10.0
	NEET rate (15-19)	2.9	4.2	4.1	3.6	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.9					6.3	6.1
	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	7.5	8.7	7.9	7.4	6.5	6.3	5.9	5.5	4.8	5.4	0.6 pp	-2.1 pp	11.0	10.7
	Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)	1.0	1.8	0.3	1.4	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.2	1.1		0.9 pp	0.1 pp	1.4	1.3
	Infant mortality rate	5.5	5.6	5.0	4.8	3.9	3.7	3.9	4.2	4.5		0.3 pp	-1.0 pp	3.6	3.6
	Severe housing deprivation (0-17)	26.0	22.0	17.8	12.6	11.8	15.2	16.8	14.9	13.4		-1.5 pp	-12.6 pp	7.5	7.2
Overcrowding rate (0-17)	63.3	65.2	61.9	31.7	30.4	43.2	42.5	40.1	34.3		-5.8 pp	n.a.	23.1	23.2	

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data)

Note: Break in time series in for 2011 and 2013 for overcrowding rate indicator. 2017 SMD figure is provisional

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2016-2056)

TRR case		Net (%)				Gross (%)			
		2016		2056		2016		2056	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	56.1	62.0	49.1		42.2	46.7	37.2	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	49.6	49.5	49.1		37.4	37.3	37.2	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	47.8	46.0	49.1		36.1	34.7	37.2	
	AWG career length case	52.9	49.1	50.9	48.2	39.9	37.0	38.6	36.5
	Longer career: 42 years to SPA			48.8				37.1	
	Shorter career: 38 years to SPA			45.4				34.5	
	Deferred exit: 42 years to SPA +2			53.9				41.0	
	Earlier exit: 38 years to SPA -2			40.7				30.9	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			46.0				34.9	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			47.5				35.9	
	Career break caring for family dependant: 3 years			46.9				35.6	
	Short career (20-year career)			24.0				18.2	
	Work 35 years, disabled 5 years prior to SPA			54.0				41.6	
	Early entry in the LM: from age 20 to SPA			54.7				41.4	
	Index: 10 years after retirement @ SPA			43.7				33.2	
	Extended part-time period for childcare			44.6				33.8	
Pension rights of surviving spouses				2.1				1.6	
Low (66%)	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	70.3	77.9	54.6		54.9	60.8	44.1	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	62.2	62.1	57.1		48.5		46.1	
	AWG career length case	66.6	61.8	59.0	55.7	51.9	48.3	47.5	45.1
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			53.5				43.1	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			55.3				44.6	
	Short career (20-year career)			27.9				22.6	
High	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	32.8	32.7	31.9		24.2		23.6	
Average replacement rate across retirees		:				:			

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2018 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2016-2056)

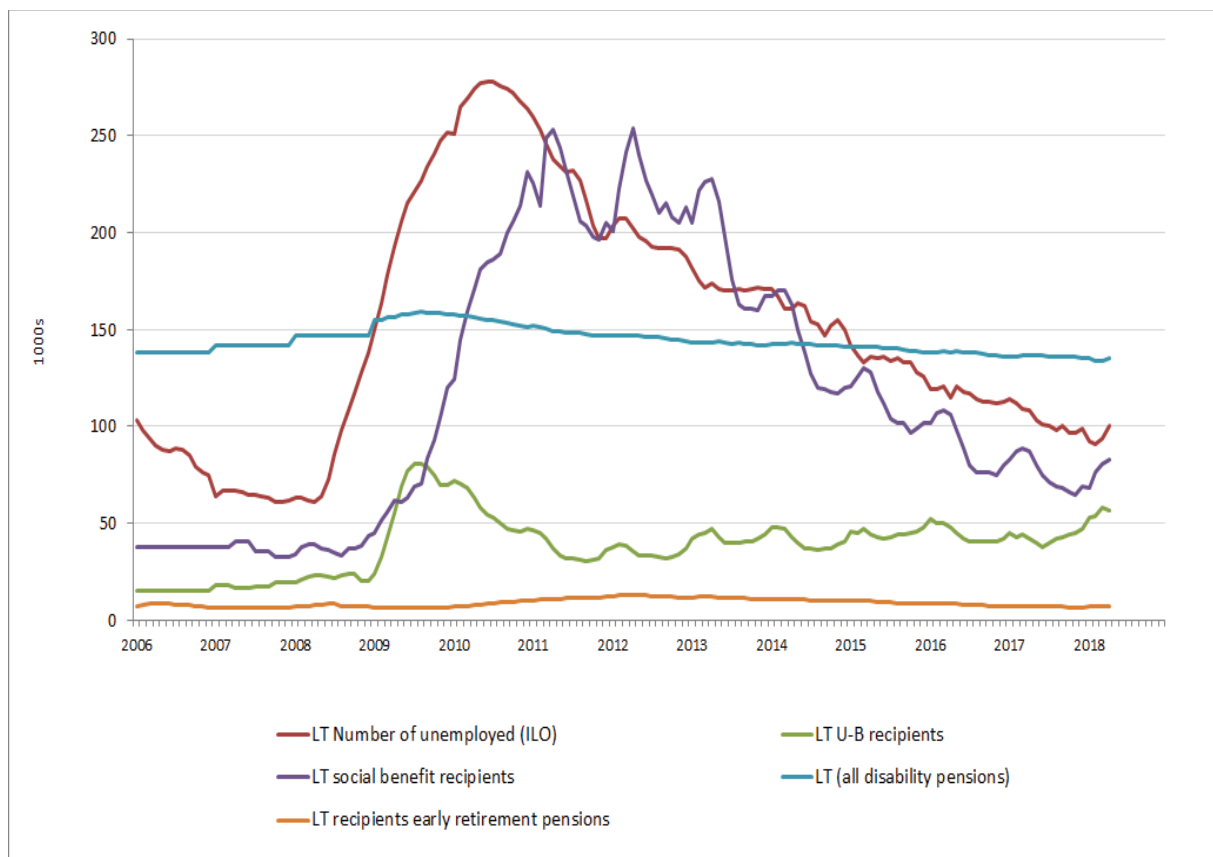
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

LT											EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2015	2016	
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	54.5	57.2	57.4	57.0	56.6	56.8	57.6	54.1	56.2	62.6	63.5	
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	59.6	61.2	62.3	62.0	61.6	61.6	61.7	58.8	59.4	63.3	64.2	
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	5.9	6.1	6.4	6.2	5.6	5.9	6.1	5.0	5.6	9.4	9.8	
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	6.6	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.1	6.3	6.1	5.5	5.6	9.4	10.1	
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	65.9	67.5	67.6	68.1	68.4	68.5	69.2	69.2	69.5	77.9	78.2	
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	77.6	78.7	78.9	79.3	79.6	79.6	80.1	79.7	80.1	83.3	83.6	
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	13.6	13.4	13.8	14.0	14.1	14.1	14.3	14.1	14.2	17.9	18.2	
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	18.4	18.4	18.8	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.5	19.2	19.4	21.2	21.6	
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	5.7	3.1	2.6	2.8	2.3	3.2	3.7	2.9	3.1	3.2	2.5	
Self-perceived health (%)	46.5	48.0	50.2	43.9	44.3	46.1	44.9	42.6	43.2	66.8	67.4	
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)		1039.7	1066.2	1149.8	1209.8	1255.3	1347.1					
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)		7.4	6.8	6.5	6.3	6.1	6.2					

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: i) Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS⁶



⁶ These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

LT	Unemployment
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Eurostat [une_rt_m]
	Unemployment benefit
definition	Unemployment benefit recipients
unit	Thousands of recipients
source	The State Social Insurance Fund Board
link	http://atvira.sodra.lt
comment	The new version of the Law on Unemployment Social Insurance came into force on 1 July 2017. A person having a record of Unemployment Insurance of at least 12 months over the past 30 months before his registration with the territorial labour exchange shall be entitled to the benefit. The duration of payment of Unemployment Insurance Benefit was extended to 9 months and is no longer depended on the length of the insurance record. Formula for calculating an Unemployment Insurance Benefit has also changed, thus this benefit increased.
	Social assistance benefit
definition	Number of recipients of social benefit
unit	Thousands of recipients
source	The Social Assistance Information System
comment	The Social Benefit is means-tested and granted upon evaluation both of the income received and the value of the property possessed. Families and single residents are entitled to Social Benefit if either single resident or one spouse works or does not work, because they are full-time students or pensioners, or individuals above retirement age, or disabled, or nursing a disabled or sick family member, or registered at the local office as unemployed, or taking care of a child under the age of 3 years or under the age of 8 years, etc.
	Disability benefit
definition	Number of working age disability pension recipients
unit	Thousands of pensioners
	Early Retirement
definition	Number of recipients of early retirement pensions
unit	Thousands of pensioners
comment	Persons are eligible for early retirement pension if: they acquired an insurance period of 30 years, the age is less than 5 years to retirement age, have no other incomes, do not receive any other pension or benefit.

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	LT											EU27				
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	change 2015-2016 for SMD & LFS-based figures)	change 2008 to latest year	2016	latest year change	change 2008 to latest year	
Europe 2020	At risk of poverty at social exclusion (in %)	38.4	39.4	34.0	33.1	33.5	37.8	37.8	39.3	36.7	n.a.	n.a.	0.8 pp	17.00	32.7	-0.2 pp	-0.2 pp
	At risk of poverty threshold for a single person household (euros) or per household member (euros)	30.9	30.7	30.7	30.2	30.6	35.6	35.1	33.7	31.1	n.a.	n.a.	-0.3 pp	17.00	30.9	-0.7 pp	0.7 pp
	At risk of poverty threshold for a single person household (euros) or per household member (euros) - latest change in % (and currency in %)	0.11	0.01	0.11	0.04	0.04	0.29	0.27	0.21	0.05	n.a.	n.a.	0.7 %	0.7 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Severe material deprivation rate (in %)	12.8	15.2	19.0	19.0	19.0	17.0	15.6	13.3	13.1	13.0	13.0	-1.1 pp	-0.1 pp	7.5	-0.1 pp	-1.0 pp
Intensity of poverty risk	Population living in (quasi-) basic households (in %)	6.1	7.2	7.8	11.7	11.4	11.0	9.9	9.2	10.2	10.9	10.9	1.0 pp	41.99	10.3	-0.2 pp	2.3 pp
	Relative need in (quasi-) basic poverty gap (in %)	25.6	23.1	22.1	29.0	23.6	24.9	22.7	26.0	20.7	19.9	19.9	2.9 pp	24.99	25	-2.4 pp	23.4 pp
Persistence of poverty risk	Persistent need of poverty rate (in %)	10.9	11.4	6.4	6.7	11.9	11.2	13.0	14.1	13.1	13.0	13.0	-0.9 pp	21.99	10.9	-0.4 pp	22.4 pp
	Material and social deprivation rate (in %)	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	0.5 pp	9.7	15.7	1.2 pp	6.0
Income inequalities	Income inequality in 2010/2000	6.1	6.4	6.8	6.8	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.5	6.1	6.1	6.1	0.4 %	16.4 %	6.2	0.1 %	4.0 %
	Child poverty and social exclusion	28.1	30.4	25.4	24.6	20.8	21.4	28.8	32.7	22.4	n.a.	n.a.	0.8 pp	81.00	28.4	0.3 pp	0.1 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	In need of social transfers (and percentage in poverty risk) (in %)	28.7	29.0	24.7	26.4	24.5	25.0	20.6	22.4	21.7	n.a.	n.a.	-0.9 pp	27.00	28.7	0.1 pp	-1.4 pp
	At risk of poverty rate for the population living in (quasi-) basic households	30.3	31.4	25.7	24.9	27.2	25.0	20.9	25.5	27.7	n.a.	n.a.	1.5 pp	67.00	29.3	-0.7 pp	0.7 pp
Social consequences of labour market	In work at risk of poverty rate (in %)	5.5	10.7	13.7	5.6	7.7	9.2	6.4	10.2	5.2	n.a.	n.a.	-1.1 pp	-0.7 pp	5.6	-1.1 pp	1.1 pp
	Long term unemployment rate (in %)	1.3	3.3	5.4	6.0	6.5	5.1	4.0	3.9	5.0	5.7	5.7	-0.3 pp	17.30	3.9	-0.7 pp	0.9 pp
Youth exclusion	Early school leavers (in %)	7.5	6.7	7.9	7.4	6.9	6.2	5.9	5.5	6.0	5.4	5.4	0.6 pp	-2.30	10.0	-0.2 pp	-0.2 pp
	Youth unemployment rate (15-24) (NEETs) (in %)	4.0	6.7	10.2	9.2	7.3	6.2	6.5	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6	-0.5 pp	07.99	7.7	-0.7 pp	0.1 pp
Active ageing	Employment rate of older workers (55-64) (in %)	6.0	12.1	13.2	11.0	11.2	11.1	9.9	9.2	7.4	6.1	6.1	-0.2 pp	07.99	11.2	-0.1 pp	0.0 pp
	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) (in %)	33.0	31.4	49.2	30.2	31.7	35.4	35.2	40.4	34.1	36.1	36.1	1.9 pp	11.14	35.4	-0.4 pp	11.7 pp
Pension adequacy	Number relative to number of elderly people	38.9	39.4	39.4	39.8	39.7	31.9	36.0	27.4	37.4	37.0	37.0	1.4 pp	21.99	38.1	-0.4 pp	5.2 pp
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.60	0.74	0.98	0.80	0.68	0.51	0.77	0.74	0.71	0.69	0.69	2.7 %	1.4 %	0.91	0.1 %	9.4 %
Health	Self reported unmet need for medical care	0.48	0.48	0.52	0.52	0.45	0.58	0.45	0.46	0.47	0.47	0.47	2.3 %	4.7 %	0.52	1.5 %	15.4 %
	Healthy life years at 65 males	5.7	5.1	5.6	5.8	5.4	5.2	5.7	5.8	5.1	5.1	5.1	0.2 pp	57.30	5.5	-0.7 pp	-0.5 pp
Poverty and social exclusion of persons with disabilities	Healthy life years at 65 females	5.9	5.1	5.4	6.3	5.8	5.3	6.3	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	n.a.	-7.1 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	At risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities (in % of people with disabilities) (over 16 year)	6.6	6.6	5.7	6.7	6.1	6.7	6.3	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	n.a.	-5.2 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Access to decent housing	Housing cost overburden rate	41.2	41.1	40.7	41.4	46.7	36.2	40.9	44.8	43.4	n.a.	n.a.	0.4 pp	82.00	40	0.3 pp	0.9 pp
	Evolution in real household disposable income	7.4	5.9	20.1	11.1	9.2	9.1	7.1	9.1	9.1	9.9	9.9	-1.9 pp	21.99	11.1	-0.2 pp	0.6 pp
Evolution in real household disposable income	Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	7.4	11.7	-0.4	1.1	0.1	4.7	1.9	3.9	6.4	6.4	6.4	4.4 %	21.99	6.4	1.9	1.9

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2015-2016 for EU-SILC based indicators (except SMD) and 2016-2017 for SMD and LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2016 and 2008-2017 respectively.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, LITHUANIA

2018

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
<p>1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services</p>	<p>The at-risk-of-poverty rate for population living in (quasi-) jobless households is significantly worse than the EU average.</p> <p>The S80/S20 income quintile gap is significantly worse than the EU average.</p> <p>The impact of social transfers (including pensions) in reducing poverty is significantly worse than the EU average.</p> <p><i>The at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion for people with disabilities is one of the worst in the EU.</i></p>	
<p>2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty</p>	<p>The share of children living in a household suffering from severe material deprivation is worse than the EU average.</p> <p>The impact of social transfers in reducing child poverty is worse than the EU average.</p> <p>Housing deprivation for children is worse than the EU average.</p>	
<p>3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age</p>		
<p>4. Elderly poverty/ adequate income and living conditions of the elderly</p>	<p>The risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly, including both the at-risk-of-poverty rate and severe material and housing deprivation, are higher than the EU average, especially among women.</p> <p>The aggregate replacement ratio and the impact of social transfers are low and decreasing.</p> <p><i>Pension adequacy is low.</i></p>	

5. Health & LTC	<p>Life expectancy (especially for men) and amenable mortality are significantly worse than the EU average.</p> <p><i>There are problems with the retention and distribution of health workforce.</i></p> <p><i>Out of pocket payments, especially for pharmaceutical products, are relatively high.</i></p>	
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Note: The assessment of the key social challenges and good social outcomes within EU Member States is based on a full analysis of all the indicators in the social policy area of the Joint Assessment Framework tool, not only those included in the tables in this Country Profile.

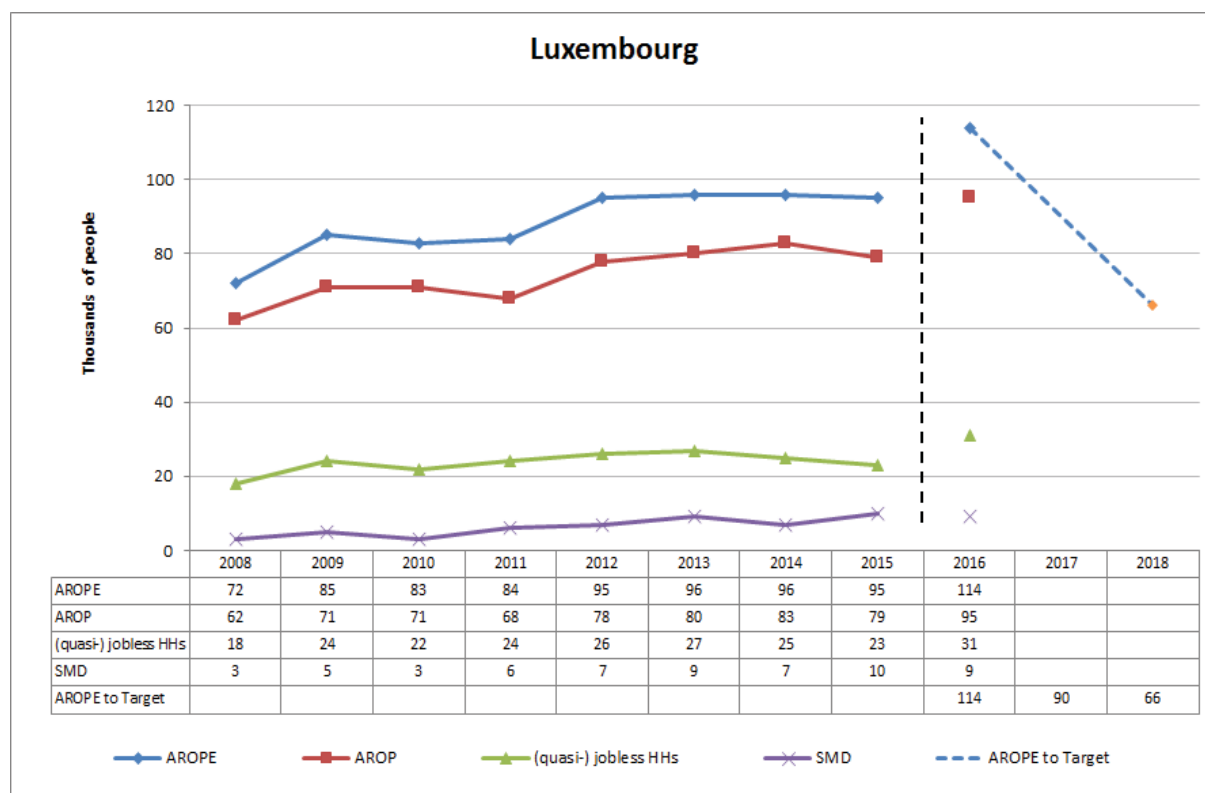
LUXEMBOURG⁷

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduce the number of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion by 6,000 by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2015)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

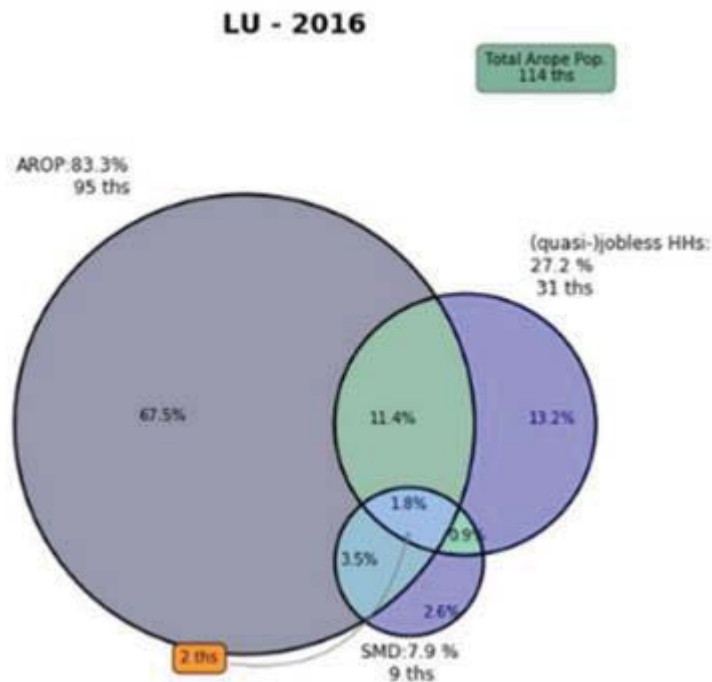


Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of-poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year; iv) Major break in series in 2016 for EU-SILC based indicators.

⁷ Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around mid-July 2018, unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2016)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

LU														EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
AROP	% of total AROPE	86.1	83.5	85.5	81.0	82.1	83.3	86.5	83.2	83.3		n.a.	n.a.	72.9	73.6
	1000 persons	62	71	71	68	78	80	83	79	95		n.a.	n.a.	86752	86904
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	25.0	28.2	26.5	28.6	27.4	28.1	26.0	24.2	27.2		n.a.	n.a.	33.5	33.2
	1000 persons	18	24	22	24	26	27	25	23	31		n.a.	n.a.	39830	39135
SMD	% of total AROPE	4.2	5.9	3.6	7.1	7.4	9.4	7.3	10.5	7.9		n.a.	n.a.	33.9	32.0
	1000 persons	3	5	3	6	7	9	7	10	9		n.a.	n.a.	40361	37800
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	11.1	11.8	12.1	10.7	10.5	12.5	12.5	9.5	11.4		n.a.	n.a.	12.0	12.8
	1000 persons	8	10	10	9	10	12	12	9	13		n.a.	n.a.	14335	15107
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	1.4	2.4	1.2	3.6	3.2	4.2	2.1	6.3	3.5		n.a.	n.a.	10.2	9.7
	1000 persons	1	2	1	3	3	4	2	6	4		n.a.	n.a.	12197	11475
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	1.4	2.4	1.2	1.2	1.1	2.1	2.1	1.1	1.8		n.a.	n.a.	7.7	7.1
	1000 persons	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	2		n.a.	n.a.	9208	8383
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.1	0.9		n.a.	n.a.	2.5	2.1
	1000 persons	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1		n.a.	n.a.	2946	2451

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC). Note: Major break in series in 2016 for EU-SILC based indicators ("n.a." shown for latest year comparisons and for period 2008-2016);

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

LU											EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2017
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	-1.3	-4.4	4.9	2.5	-0.4	3.7	5.8	2.9	3.1	2.3	2.0	2.5
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	4.8	1.0	1.8	3.0	2.4	1.8	2.6	2.6	3.0	3.4	1.2	1.6
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	4.9	5.1	4.6	4.8	5.1	5.9	6.0	6.5	6.3	5.6	8.6	7.6
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.1	4.0	3.4
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	20.6	23.0	22.1	21.4	22.3	22.7	22.1	21.7				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS).

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

LU											EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014		
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	20.6	23.0	22.1	21.4	22.3	22.7	22.1	21.7	27.7	27.5	
	Sickness/Health	5.2	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.6	5.4	8.0	8.0	
	Disability	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.0	2.0	
	Old age	5.5	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.6	6.7	6.5	6.7	11.1	11.1	
	Survivors	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	
	Family/Children	4.1	4.1	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.4	2.3	2.4	
	Unemployment	0.9	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	
	Housing	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	Means-tested											
	Total	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	3.0	3.0	
	Sickness/Health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	
	Disability	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	
	Old age	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	
	Family/Children	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.6	
	Unemployment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	
	Housing	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6	
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	
	Non-means tested											
	Total	20.0	22.1	21.3	20.6	21.5	21.9	21.2	20.9	24.7	24.5	
	Sickness/Health	5.2	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.6	5.4	7.9	7.9	
	Disability	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	1.6	1.5	
	Old age	5.5	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.5	6.6	6.5	6.7	10.6	10.6	
	Survivors	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.5	
	Family/Children	4.1	4.1	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.4	1.8	1.8	
	Unemployment	0.9	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.1	
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1		

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 9 July 2018.

Note: The total figures of social expenditure include all benefits excluding administrative costs.

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

LU	%	EU28												
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	15.5	17.8	17.1	16.8	18.4	19.0	19.0	18.5	19.8	n.a.	n.a.	23.8	23.5
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	13.4	14.9	14.5	13.6	15.1	15.9	16.4	15.3	16.5	n.a.	n.a.	17.3	17.3
	Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS	16166	16265	15961	15961	15948	16818	16962	17571	16843	n.a.	n.a.		
	Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS	33948	34157	33519	33517	33490	35318	35621	36900	35369	n.a.	n.a.		
	Severe material deprivation rate	0.7	1.1	0.5	1.2	1.3	1.8	1.4	2.0	1.6	n.a.	n.a.	8.1	7.5
	Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	4.7	6.3	5.5	5.8	6.1	6.6	6.1	5.7	6.6	n.a.	n.a.	10.7	10.5
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of total population)							5.9	5.7	4.8	n.a.	n.a.	17.2	15.7
Total population	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate	8.4	8.8	6.0	6.5	7.1	9.2	8.7	12.0	9.7	n.a.	n.a.	10.9	11
	At risk-of-poverty gap	16.6	17.6	18.6	15.7	15.0	17.5	16.3	17.4	23.2	n.a.	n.a.	24.8	25
	Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)	13.4	15.5	14.4	14.6	17.5	19.3	18.5	16.9	19.2	n.a.	n.a.	18.6	17.5
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	43.2	44.8	50.2	50.0	47.9	45.9	40.6	43.8	39.1	n.a.	n.a.	33.7	33.2
	S80/S20	4.1	4.3	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.6	4.4	4.3	5.0	n.a.	n.a.	5.2	5.2
	Overcrowding rate	8.0	6.4	7.8	6.8	7.0	6.2	6.7	6.8	8.1	n.a.	n.a.	16.7	16.6
	Housing cost overburden rate	3.7	3.7	4.7	4.2	4.9	5.6	6.8	6.0	9.5	n.a.	n.a.	11.3	11.1
	Real change in gross household disposable income	2.1	3.7	2.6	-0.7	3.8	1.7	3.1	2.8	2.9			2.1	2.0

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation.

LU	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2017	2016	2015	2016
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016							
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	20.9	23.7	22.3	21.7	24.6	26.0	26.4	23.0	22.7	n.a.	n.a.	27.1	26.4			
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	19.8	22.3	21.4	20.3	22.6	23.9	25.4	21.5	21.8	n.a.	n.a.	21.2	21.0			
	Severe material deprivation rate	0.9	1.2	0.2	1.2	1.7	2.4	1.8	3.0	1.2	n.a.	n.a.	9.6	8.5			
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households	3.2	4.1	3.2	2.9	4.0	4.5	4.2	2.6	3.4	n.a.	n.a.	9.4	9.3			
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 0-17 population)							9.0	6.9	5.9	n.a.	n.a.	19.8	18.3			
	At-risk-of-poverty gap	16.6	19.6	18.6	18.5	14.9	18.0	16.1	16.7	22.2	n.a.	n.a.	26.0	26.1			
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	41.3	43.7	50.4	50.0	50.7	46.3	40.4	43.1	43.1	n.a.	n.a.	38.9	38.8			
Overcrowding rate	10.3	9.4	10.7	9.5	9.2	8.1	9.7	8.5	12.0	n.a.	n.a.	23.1	23.2				
LU	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2017	2016	2015	2016
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016									
Youth (18-24)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	17.4	27.3	19.1	20.8	21.9	22.3	24.6	25.1	29.7	n.a.	n.a.	31.3	30.6			
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	15.5	21.2	16.5	17.1	18.7	19.6	22.3	21.2	23.3	n.a.	n.a.	23.9	23.3			
	Severe material deprivation rate	0.5	1.9	0.9	2.4	1.4	1.3	1.7	2.9	2.6	n.a.	n.a.	10.0	8.9			
	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households	3.9	10.6	5.3	5.0	4.6	6.5	5.1	6.1	9.8	n.a.	n.a.	10.9	11.0			
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-24 population)							4.5	5.1	5.9	n.a.	n.a.	17.0	15.6			
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate	10.9	13.3	9.1	11.8	10.2	11.9	13.1	13.9	12.2	n.a.	n.a.	12.3	12.1			
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	5.2	5.5	3.5	4.2	5.0	4.0	6.0	6.1	5.8	4.7	-1.1 pp	8.5	7.8			
NEET rate	8.6	7.5	6.9	6.5	7.8	6.7	8.3	7.6	8.0	8.2	0.2 pp	15.8	15.2				
Housing cost overburden rate	3.8	4.8	5.2	5.0	4.1	5.7	7.6	6.2	11.4	n.a.	n.a.	14.2	14.2				

LU	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2017	2016	2015	2016
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016							
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	15.8	18.2	17.5	17.6	18.8	19.0	19.4	19.2	21.0	n.a.	n.a.	24.7	24.2			
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	12.9	14.2	13.9	13.1	14.5	15.0	15.8	14.9	16.3	n.a.	n.a.	17.1	17.0			
	Severe material deprivation rate	0.7	1.3	0.7	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.5	2.0	2.0	n.a.	n.a.	8.4	7.8			
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	5.2	7.1	6.4	6.9	6.8	7.4	6.8	6.7	7.7	n.a.	n.a.	11.1	10.9			
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-64 population)							5.8	5.9	5.0	n.a.	n.a.	17.5	15.8			
	At-risk-of-poverty gap	16.7	17.6	18.7	15.7	15.7	17.5	17.0	19.2	23.2	n.a.	n.a.	27.2	27.9			
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate	9.4	10.1	10.6	9.8	10.3	11.2	11.1	11.6	12.0	n.a.	n.a.	9.5	9.6			
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	44.9	46.2	50.5	50.8	47.3	46.8	41.3	45.2	39.4	n.a.	n.a.	34.5	34.1			
	Overcrowding rate	8.3	6.3	7.8	6.8	7.3	6.4	6.9	7.2	8.2	n.a.	n.a.	17.8	17.7			
	Housing cost overburden rate	4.3	4.1	5.3	4.7	5.5	6.0	7.4	6.8	10.3	n.a.	n.a.	11.7	11.6			
LU	%	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2017	2016	2015	2016
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016									
Elderly (65+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	5.4	6.2	6.1	4.7	6.1	7.0	6.4	8.2	9.1	n.a.	n.a.	17.4	18.2			
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	5.4	6.0	5.9	4.7	6.1	6.2	6.3	7.9	9.0	n.a.	n.a.	14.1	14.6			
	Severe material deprivation rate	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.1	0.3	0.2	n.a.	n.a.	5.6	5.8			
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 65+ population)						1.8	3.0	2.2	2.2	n.a.	n.a.	13.4	12.8			
	Relative median income of elderly	0.97	1.01	1.05	1.05	1.10	1.13	1.11	1.08	1.22	n.a.	n.a.	0.93	0.93			
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.58	0.62	0.68	0.74	0.79	0.78	0.85	0.80	0.88	n.a.	n.a.	0.57	0.58			
	Overcrowding rate	2.9	2.2	2.9	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.5	2.2	1.9	n.a.	n.a.	6.6	6.6			
	Housing cost overburden rate	1.1	1.1	2.4	2.4	1.9	2.7	3.1	3.5	6.9	n.a.	n.a.	10.4	10.5			

LU	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
Persons with disabilities (16+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate of disabled people 16+	17.8	21.8	21.2	20.5	22.8	20.7	21.0	22.3	23.7		n.a.	n.a.	30.2	30.1
	At-risk-poverty rate of disabled people 16+	13.0	15.0	15.2	13.7	16.7	14.8	16.0	16.5	18.3		n.a.	n.a.	20.0	20.2
	Severe material deprivation rate of disabled people 16+	1.6	1.9	1.4	2.0	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.6			n.a.	n.a.	11.3	10.4
	Share of people with disabilities living in (quasi-)jobless households of disabled people 16+	14.6	18.0	17.5	19.2	18.1	16.9	15.6	15.5	15.5		n.a.	n.a.	25.4	25.7
	Material and social deprivation rate (by sex) of disabled people 16+							10.1	10.9	8.8		n.a.	n.a.	25.1	23.2
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction of disabled people 16+	24.5	28.2	33.7	30.2	32.3	31.4	28.6	30.6	28.4		n.a.	n.a.	31.1	31.1

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

	EU28													
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
LU	%													
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)	20.9	23.7	22.3	21.7	24.6	26.0	26.4	23.0	22.7		n.a.	27.1	26.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)	19.8	22.3	21.4	20.3	22.6	23.9	25.4	21.5	21.8		n.a.	21.2	21.0
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)	0.9	1.2	0.2	1.2	1.7	2.4	1.8	3.0	1.2		n.a.	9.6	8.5
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)	3.2	4.1	3.2	2.9	4.0	4.5	4.2	2.6	3.4		n.a.	9.4	9.3
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)	14.3	14.6	10.3	11.1	10.2	14.9	17.8	21.3	14.3		n.a.	13.3	14.2
	in-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children	12.2	13.5	14.5	12.5	13.5	14.3	14.8	14.1	12.9		n.a.	11.2	11.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households	68.8	69.2	73.4	64.9	66.9	71.3	89.0	76.1	88.0		n.a.	70.1	70.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work	18.2	20.3	19.7	19.0	20.8	21.6	22.6	20.0	19.4		n.a.	16.1	15.9
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	13.0	22.0	17.0	16.0	21.0	23.0	19.2	16.9	17.9		n.a.	14.7	15.0
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	13.0	12.0	19.0	28.0	27.0	24.0	29.8	34.9	33.0		n.a.	15.6	17.9
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	54.0	46.0	42.0	46.0	45.0	36.0	32.6	27.0	31.8		n.a.	33.9	34.5
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	23.0	26.0	37.0	27.0	35.0	37.0	41.3	54.9	55.4		n.a.	49.4	51.8
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)	16.6	19.6	18.6	18.5	14.9	18.0	16.1	16.7	22.2		n.a.	26.0	26.1
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	24.6	28.4	31.5	26.5	21.7	22.1	20.3	27.0	27.0	29.8	2.8 pp	5.2 pp	21.7
Part time due to care responsibilities (male)				10.0	10.2		9.7	7.1	8.1	9.9	1.8 pp		4.4	4.6
Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	26.4	31.8	34.6	28.9	23.6	25.1	22.1	31.1	31.3	33.4	2.1 pp	7.0 pp	27.2	27.4
Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty	41.3	43.7	50.4	50.0	50.7	46.3	40.4	43.1	43.1		n.a.	38.9	38.8	
Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)	3.6	4.1	4.1	3.7	5.1	6.0	7.6	5.4	8.5		n.a.	10.7	10.0	
NEET rate (15-19)	2.6	3.5	3.2	1.7	2.9	2.7	2.7	3.4	1.6	2.5	0.9 pp	-0.1 pp	6.3	6.1
Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	13.4	7.7	7.1	6.2	8.1	6.1	6.1	9.3	5.5	7.3	1.8 pp	-6.1 pp	11.0	10.7
Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)	0.9	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2		n.a.	1.4	1.3	
Infant mortality rate	1.8	2.5	3.4	4.3	2.5	3.9	2.8	2.8	3.8		1.0 pp	2.0 pp	3.6	3.6
Severe housing deprivation (0-17)	2.8	2.2	3.1	2.9	3.5	2.6	2.6	2.3	3.8		n.a.	7.5	7.2	
Overcrowding rate (0-17)	10.3	9.4	10.7	9.5	9.2	8.1	9.7	8.5	12.0		3.5 pp	1.7 pp	23.1	23.2

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data)

Note: Major break in series in 2016 for EU-SILC based indicators ("n.a." shown for latest year comparisons, and long-term comparison to 2008).

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2016-2056)

TRR case		Net (%)				Gross (%)			
		2016		2056		2016		2056	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	97.5		90.1		88.6		79.2	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA ⁸	97.5		90.1		88.6		79.2	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	97.5		90.1		88.6		79.2	
	AWG career length case	92.2	91.2	81.1	80.1	81.8	80.6	68.7	67.6
	Longer career: 42 years to SPA			92.8				82.5	
	Shorter career: 38 years to SPA			85.3				73.4	
	Deferred exit: 42 years to SPA +2			90.1				80.9	
	Earlier exit: 38 years to SPA -2			84.1				72.0	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			85.0				73.1	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			90.1				79.2	
	Career break caring for family dependant: 3 years			87.9				76.5	
	Short career (20-year career)			40.7				30.1	
	Work 35 years, disabled 5 years prior to SPA			74.6				61.7	
	Early entry in the LM: from age 20 to SPA			96.6				87.4	
	Index: 10 years after retirement @ SPA			83.0				70.7	
	Extended part-time period for childcare			85.5				73.6	
Pension rights of surviving spouses			75.6				62.7		
Low (66%)	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	102.6		95.0		94.7		86.1	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	102.6		95.0		94.7		86.1	
	AWG career length case	96.7	95.7	85.5	84.4	88.0	86.7	75.6	74.4
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			89.2				79.6	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			95.0				86.1	
	Short career (20-year career)			41.8				33.5	
High	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	74.8		67.7		63.8		56.1	
Average replacement rate across retirees									

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2018 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2016-2056)

⁸ SPA set at 65 for Luxembourg.

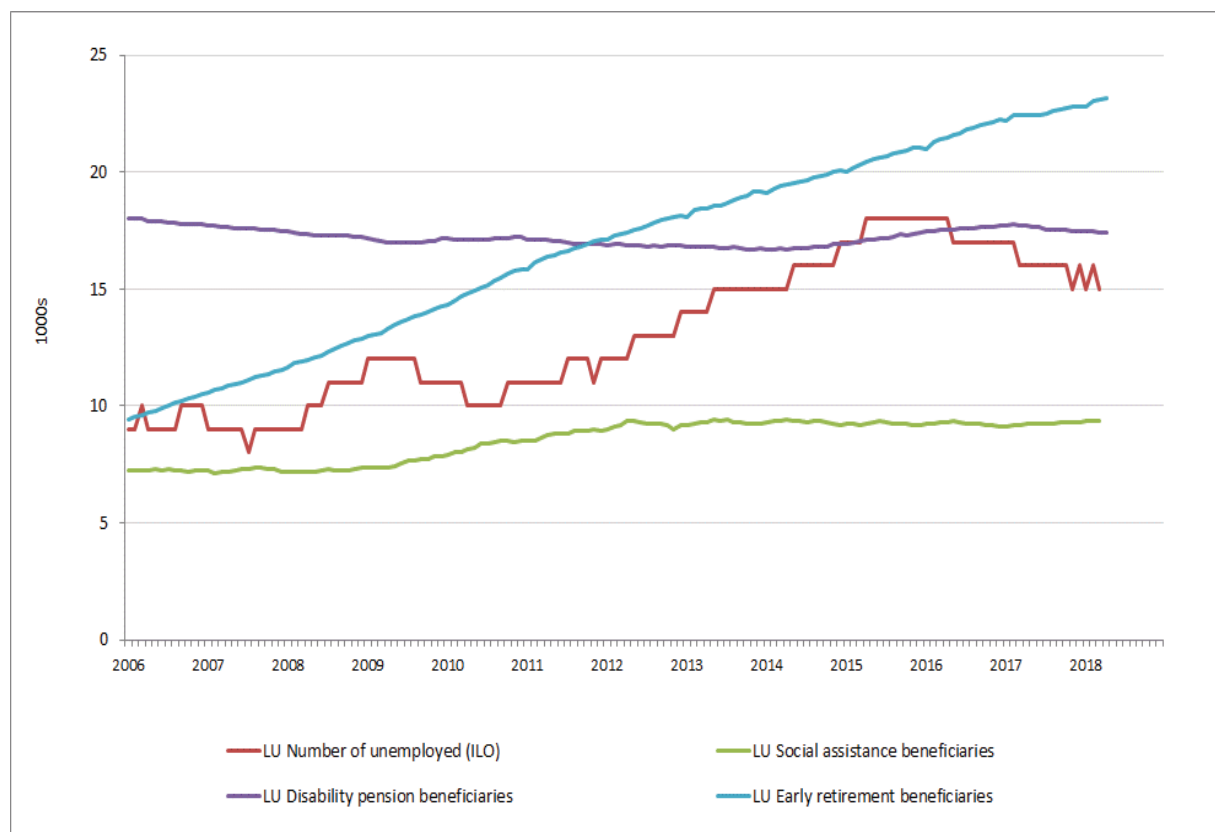
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

LU											EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2015	2016	
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	64.8	65.1	64.4	65.8	65.8	63.8	64.0	63.7	61.4	62.6	63.5	
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	64.2	65.9	66.4	67.1	66.4	62.9	63.5	60.6	58.9	63.3	64.2	
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	10.7	10.8	10.5	11.5	11.6	10.9	11.3	10.7	9.5	9.4	9.8	
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	11.6	11.5	12.4	11.8	11.9	10.6	10.8	8.7	8.0	9.4	10.1	
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	78.1	78.1	77.9	78.5	79.1	79.8	79.4	80.0	80.1	77.9	78.2	
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	83.1	83.3	83.5	83.6	83.8	83.9	85.2	84.7	85.4	83.3	83.6	
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	17.4	17.6	17.3	17.8	18.4	19.1	18.4	18.9	18.9	17.9	18.2	
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	21.0	21.4	21.6	21.6	21.4	21.9	22.7	21.8	22.7	21.2	21.6	
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.4	3.2	2.5	
Self-perceived health (%)	74.1	73.9	75.3	72.6	73.9	71.9	72.9	70.5	69.2	66.8	67.4	
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)				3740.8	4017.7	4151.3	4173.1					
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)				6.1	6.6	6.6	6.3					

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: i) Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS⁹ (Thousands)



⁹ These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

LU	Unemployment
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Eurostat
	Social assistance benefit/means-tested minimum income
definition	Total of beneficiary households of the guaranteed minimum revenu (complementary allocation)
unit	Thousands of beneficiaries
source	IGSS
	Disability benefit
definition	Total of disability pensions of the general pension scheme (permanent and transitory, but without "indemnité d'attente", beneficiaries aged below 65)
unit	Thousands of beneficiaries
source	IGSS
	Early retirement
definition	Early retirement beneficiaries (without "préretraites", beneficiaries aged below 65)
unit	Thousands of beneficiaries
source	IGSS

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	EU										EU27											
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	change 2015-2016 (2016-2017 for SMD & LFS-based figures)	change 2008 to latest year*	2016	latest year change	change 2008 to latest year							
		2015-2016 (2016-2017 for SMD & LFS-based figures)																					
Europe 2020	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	15.5	15.0	15.1	15.0	15.0	15.2	15.0	15.5	15.0	15.0	15.2	15.0	15.1	15.0	15.2	15.0	15.1	15.0	15.2	-0.2 pp	-0.2 pp	
	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %) - at risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	13.4	12.9	13.5	13.6	13.7	13.5	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.5	13.4	13.5	13.4	13.5	13.4	13.5	13.4	13.5	13.4	13.5	0.1 pp	0.1 pp
	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %) - severe material deprivation (in %)	15.8	15.7	15.6	15.5	15.4	15.3	15.2	15.1	15.0	14.9	14.8	14.7	14.6	14.5	14.4	14.3	14.2	14.1	14.0	13.9	-0.1 pp	-0.1 pp
	At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %) - population living in (quasi-) jobless households (in %)	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	-0.1 pp	-0.1 pp
	Relative median at risk of poverty (in %)	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
	Persistent at risk of poverty (in %)	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
	Material and social deprivation	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
	Income inequalities	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	-0.1 pp	-0.1 pp
	Child poverty and social exclusion	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
	Effectiveness of social protection system	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
	Social consequences of labour market	At-risk-of-poverty rate for the population (in %)	48.4	47.1	47.9	47.0	46.8	47.1	46.8	47.1	46.8	47.1	46.8	47.1	46.8	47.1	46.8	47.1	46.8	47.1	46.8	47.1	0.0 pp
In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)		9.4	9.1	9.2	9.0	8.9	9.1	8.9	9.2	8.9	9.1	8.9	9.2	8.9	9.1	8.9	9.2	8.9	9.1	8.9	9.2	-0.1 pp	-0.1 pp
Long-term unemployment rate (in %)		1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
Early school leavers (in %)		13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	-0.1 pp	-0.1 pp
Youth unemployment rate (in %)		16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	-0.1 pp	-0.1 pp
NEETs (in %)		16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
Active ageing	Employment rate of older workers (50-64) (in %)	74.1	74.2	74.6	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	74.9	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
	At-risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (55+) (in %)	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	-0.1 pp	-0.1 pp
	Median relative income of elderly people	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
Pension adequacy	Aggregate retirement rate	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	-0.1 pp	-0.1 pp
	Self-reported unmet need for medical care	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
	Healthy life years at 65 - males	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
	At-risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities (in %)	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	-0.1 pp	-0.1 pp
Health	Healthy life years at 65 - females	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
	At-risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities (in %)	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	-0.1 pp	-0.1 pp
	Access to decent housing	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	0.0 pp	0.0 pp
	Evolution in real household disposable income	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	-0.1 pp	-0.1 pp

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPP but changes are shown in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. Major break in series in 2016 for EU-SILC based indicators, so "n.a." shown for latest year comparisons, and long-term indicators, changes 2016-2017 and 2008-2017 are shown.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, LUXEMBOURG

2018

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services	Housing deprivation is worse than the EU average, including also for children.	
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty		The share of children living in (quasi-)jobless households is significantly better than the EU average.
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age	<i>People from migrant backgrounds have poorer labour market and social outcomes as compared to LU/EU nationals.</i>	
4. Elderly poverty/ adequate income and living conditions of the elderly		The aggregate replacement ratio and the relative income of older people are very high.
5. Health & LTC		The vaccination coverage rate for children (measles & DTP) are significantly above the 95% recommended threshold.

Note: The assessment of the key social challenges and good social outcomes within EU Member States is based on a full analysis of all the indicators in the social policy area of the Joint Assessment Framework tool, not only those included in the tables in this Country Profile.

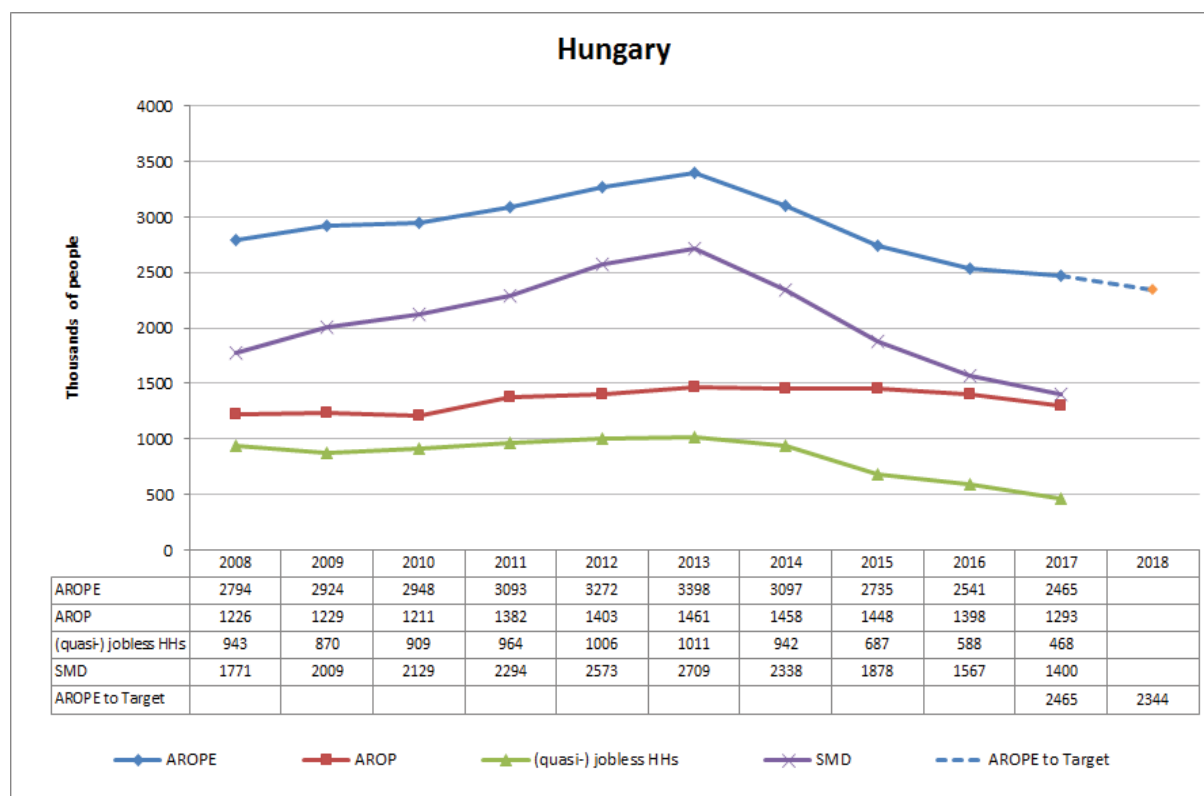
HUNGARY¹⁰

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Reduce the number of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion by 450,000 by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2018)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

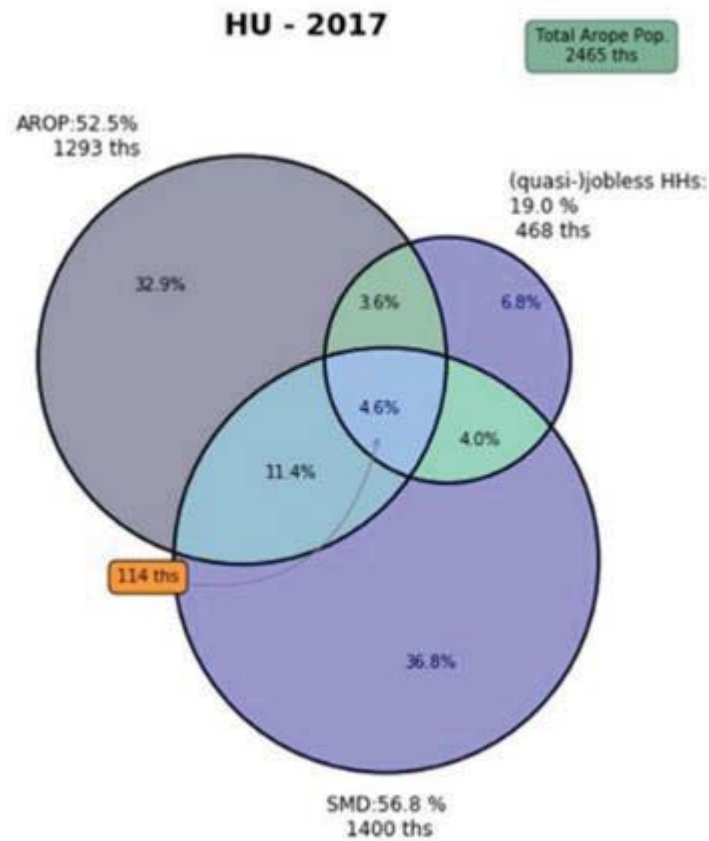


Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of-poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity rate (VLWI) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year iv) Break in series: EU-SILC data for 2011 to 2015 have been reweighted on the basis of Census 2011 results.

¹⁰ Figures in this profile are based on data extracted from the Eurostat website around mid-July 2018 unless otherwise stated.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2017)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

HU														EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
AROP	% of total AROPE	43.9	42.0	41.1	44.7	42.9	43.0	47.1	52.9	55.0	52.5	-2.6 pp	8.6 pp	72.9	73.6
	1000 persons	1226	1229	1211	1382	1403	1461	1458	1448	1398	1293	-7.5 %	5.5 %	86752	86904
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	33.8	29.8	30.8	31.2	30.8	29.8	30.4	25.1	23.1	19.0	-4.2 pp	-14.8 pp	33.5	33.2
	1000 persons	943	870	909	964	1006	1011	942	687	588	468	-20.4 %	-50.4 %	39830	39135
SMD	% of total AROPE	63.4	68.7	72.2	74.2	78.6	79.7	75.5	68.7	61.7	56.8	-4.9 pp	-6.6 pp	33.9	32.0
	1000 persons	1771	2009	2129	2294	2573	2709	2338	1878	1567	1400	-10.7 %	-20.9 %	40361	37800
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	7.0	5.2	5.1	4.2	3.9	3.6	4.4	3.5	5.1	3.6	-1.6 pp	-3.4 pp	12.0	12.8
	1000 persons	195	152	149	130	126	121	137	96	130	88	-32.3 %	-54.9 %	14335	15107
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	9.9	11.7	10.9	14.7	14.5	15.5	14.9	18.0	16.8	11.4	-5.4 pp	1.5 pp	10.2	9.7
	1000 persons	276	341	321	455	473	528	461	491	426	281	-34.0 %	1.8 %	12197	11475
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	9.4	9.3	11.2	13.2	14.4	14.2	14.8	10.7	7.3	4.6	-2.7 pp	-4.8 pp	7.7	7.1
	1000 persons	263	273	331	407	472	481	459	293	185	114	-38.4 %	-56.7 %	9208	8383
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	5.3	5.0	5.7	4.8	5.1	5.1	4.1	3.8	3.4	4.0	0.6 pp	-1.3 pp	2.5	2.1
	1000 persons	149	145	169	149	166	173	126	105	87	99	13.8 %	-33.6 %	2946	2451

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC).

Note: Break in series due to revised time series for 2011-2016 due to population reweighting.

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

HU											EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2017
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	0.9	-6.6	0.7	1.7	-1.6	2.1	4.2	3.4	2.2	4.0	2.0	2.5
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	-2.0	-2.5	-1.1	0.0	0.2	1.1	4.8	2.4	2.6	2.0	1.2	1.6
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	7.8	10.0	11.2	11.0	11.0	10.2	7.7	6.8	5.1	4.2	8.6	7.6
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	3.6	4.2	5.5	5.2	5.0	4.9	3.7	3.1	2.4	1.7	4.0	3.4
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	21.9	22.3	22.0	21.4	21.1	20.5	19.6	19.7				

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS).

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

HU										EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	21.9	22.3	22.0	21.4	21.1	20.5	19.6	19.7	27.7	27.5
	Sickness/Health	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.0	4.9	4.8	5.6	8.0	8.0
	Disability	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.0
	Old age	8.6	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.7	9.5	9.0	8.6	11.1	11.1
	Survivors	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.6	1.6
	Family/Children	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.4
	Unemployment	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	1.5	1.4
	Housing	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.5
	Means-tested										
	Total	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.8	3.0	3.0
	Sickness/Health	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Disability	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5
	Old age	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.5
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
	Family/Children	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.6
	Unemployment	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
	Housing	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4
	Non-means tested										
	Total	20.7	21.1	20.9	20.4	20.2	19.7	18.9	18.9	24.7	24.5
	Sickness/Health	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.3	4.8	4.8	4.7	5.4	7.9	7.9
	Disability	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5
	Old age	8.6	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.6	9.5	9.0	8.6	10.6	10.6
	Survivors	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.5
	Family/Children	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.2	1.8	1.8
	Unemployment	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.2	1.1
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 9 July 2018.

Note: The total figures of social expenditure include all benefits excluding administrative costs.

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

	HU										EU28			
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
	%													
At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	28.2	29.6	29.9	31.5	33.5	34.8	31.8	28.2	26.3	25.6	-0.7 pp	-2.6 pp	23.8	23.5
At-risk-of-poverty rate	12.4	12.4	12.3	14.1	14.3	15.0	15.0	14.9	14.5	13.4	-1.1 pp	1.0 pp	17.3	17.3
Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS	3958	4097	4025	4281	4563	4366	4535	4751	5032	5025	4.6%	9.3%		
Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS	8312	8604	8451	8990	9581	9170	9524	9978	10568	10552	4.6%	9.3%		
Severe material deprivation rate	17.9	20.3	21.6	23.4	26.3	27.8	24.0	19.4	16.2	14.5	-1.7 pp	-3.4 pp	8.1	7.5
Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	12.0	11.3	11.9	12.8	13.5	13.6	12.8	9.4	8.2	6.6	-1.6 pp	-5.4 pp	10.7	10.5
Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of total population)							41.0	37.1	31.9		-5.2 pp		17.2	15.7
Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate	7.7	8.6	5.7	8.3	7.6	7.3	8.6	7.2	7.9	5.8	-2.1 pp	-1.9 pp	10.9	11
At risk-of-poverty gap	17.3	16.3	16.5	18.2	20.9	21.0	22.3	21.8	18.8	16.7	-2.1 pp	-0.6 pp	24.8	25
Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)	12.4	11.8	13.7	15.4	14.9	18.7	17.8	15.4	12.6	9.6	-3.0 pp	-2.8 pp	18.6	17.5
Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	59.2	57.1	56.7	51.4	47.6	44.4	43.6	42.0	43.8	46.4	2.6 pp	-12.8 pp	33.7	33.2
S80/S20	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.9	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	0.0%	19.4%	5.2	5.2
Overcrowding rate	48.3	46.8	47.2	45.5	45.3	44.0	41.9	41.1	40.4	40.5	0.1 pp	-7.8 pp	16.7	16.6
Housing cost overburden rate	11.6	8.9	11.3	13.0	14.7	14.3	12.8	8.5	8.8	10.7	1.9 pp	-0.9 pp	11.3	11.1
Real change in gross household disposable income	-2.3	-4.2	-2.5	3.8	-3.2	1.8	3.8	2.0					2.1	2.0

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. Break in series for EU-SILC variables due to revised time series for 2011-2016 due to population reweighting.

	EU28										Change 2008 to latest year	Latest year change	2017	2016	2015	2016								
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017														
HU	%																							
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate										33.4	37.2	38.7	40.4	41.9	43.9	41.8	36.1	33.6	31.6	-1.8 pp	27.1	26.4	
	At-risk-of-poverty rate										19.7	20.6	20.3	23.7	22.9	23.8	25.0	22.7	19.9	14.8	-5.1 pp	21.2	21.0	
	Severe material deprivation rate										21.5	25.5	28.8	30.4	34.1	35.6	31.9	24.9	21.1	19.2	-1.9 pp	9.6	8.5	
Children (0-17)	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households										11.1	11.9	13.9	14.8	16.4	15.1	15.2	11.2	9.2	7.5	-1.7 pp	9.4	9.3	
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 0-17 population)																48.2	44.5	40.4				19.8	18.3
	At-risk-of-poverty gap										16.8	16.7	16.5	18.6	21.6	20.8	23.1	22.5	17.5	14.2	-3.3 pp	26.0	26.1	
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)										57.7	55.5	57.2	51.3	47.7	45.7	45.2	48.1	54.4	64.1	9.7 pp	38.9	38.8	
	Overcrowding rate										64.4	64.8	66.5	66.4	67.2	66.1	63.5	62.6	62.3	62.7	0.4 pp	23.1	23.2	
HU	%																							
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate										35.8	36.3	36.2	37.3	39.0	41.8	37.3	33.5	33.2	29.8	-3.4 pp	31.3	30.6	
	At-risk-of-poverty rate										18.1	17.7	17.0	18.7	19.6	21.3	20.8	21.8	18.9	15.2	-3.7 pp	23.9	23.3	
	Severe material deprivation rate										23.1	25.2	25.6	27.7	29.9	34.2	28.7	23.0	20.7	17.5	-3.2 pp	10.0	8.9	
Youth (18-24)	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households										11.2	9.8	8.8	10.8	12.9	13.2	11.8	7.4	6.2	4.8	-1.4 pp	10.9	11.0	
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-24 population)																42.7	38.2	35.8				17.0	15.6
	In-work at-risk-of poverty rate										6.9	6.8	6.4	6.2	5.2	9.5	6.6	14.2	8.6	6.6	-2.0 pp	12.3	12.1	
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)										4.9	6.5	6.6	6.3	7.2	7.3	6.0	5.4	4.2	3.5	-0.7 pp	8.5	7.8	
	NEET rate										15.2	18.0	16.7	17.8	19.7	20.1	17.4	14.8	14.2	14.1	-0.1 pp	15.8	15.2	
	Housing cost overburden rate										13.4	10.1	12.2	13.7	15.0	15.7	14.8	9.5	9.7	10.3	0.6 pp	14.2	14.2	

HU	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	29.1	30.2	30.5	32.2	34.0	36.0	32.4	28.9	27.2	26.3	-0.9 pp	-2.8 pp	24.7	24.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	12.0	11.9	11.9	13.8	14.0	15.2	14.9	15.5	15.0	14.2	-0.8 pp	2.2 pp	17.1	17.0
	Severe material deprivation rate	17.6	20.1	21.3	23.3	26.1	28.1	23.8	19.2	16.5	14.7	-1.8 pp	-2.9 pp	8.4	7.8
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	12.3	11.1	11.3	12.3	12.6	13.2	12.1	8.9	7.9	6.3	-1.6 pp	-6.0 pp	11.1	10.9
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-64 population)						41.2	36.8	32.0			-4.8 pp		17.5	15.8
Working age (18-64)	At risk-of-poverty gap	18.1	16.5	16.7	19.1	21.5	23.5	22.5	22.1	20.7	18.8	-1.9 pp	0.7 pp	27.2	27.9
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate	5.8	6.2	5.4	6.2	5.7	7.0	6.7	9.3	9.7	10.2	0.5 pp	4.4 pp	9.5	9.6
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	60.3	58.0	57.0	51.9	48.5	44.1	43.6	39.7	41.0	42.0	1.1 pp	-18.2 pp	34.5	34.1
	Overcrowding rate	48.8	47.1	47.7	45.9	45.7	44.6	42.6	41.4	40.7	40.9	0.2 pp	-7.9 pp	17.8	17.7
	Housing cost overburden rate	11.8	9.0	11.6	13.4	15.1	15.1	13.3	9.2	9.3	11.2	1.9 pp	-0.6 pp	11.7	11.6
HU	%	EU28													
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	17.5	17.5	16.8	19.0	22.0	20.2	19.0	17.1	15.1	16.8	1.7 pp	-0.7 pp	17.4	18.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	4.3	4.6	4.1	4.9	6.3	4.6	4.5	4.6	6.8	9.1	2.3 pp	4.8 pp	14.1	14.6
	Severe material deprivation rate	14.4	14.6	14.1	16.2	18.6	17.8	16.5	14.2	10.2	9.4	-0.8 pp	-5.0 pp	5.6	5.8
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 65+ population)						32.5	30.4	22.7			-7.7 pp		13.4	12.8
Elderly (65+)	Relative median income of elderly	1.00	1.02	1.01	0.99	0.96	1.03	1.05	1.01	1.01	0.98	-3.0 %	-2.0 %	0.93	0.93
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.61	0.62	0.60	0.60	0.58	0.62	0.62	0.65	0.67	0.64	-4.5 %	4.9 %	0.57	0.58
	Overcrowding rate	24.5	22.9	21.8	20.8	19.2	17.4	16.4	17.3	17.0	16.9	-0.1 pp	-7.6 pp	6.6	6.6
	Housing cost overburden rate	9.1	6.9	9.1	10.8	12.7	10.0	9.2	5.9	6.4	9.1	2.7 pp	0.0 pp	10.4	10.5

HU	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
Persons with disabilities (16+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate of disabled people 16+	36.5	35.3	34.6	37.3	39.5	38.8	36.0	34.5	32.2		-2.3 pp	-4.3 pp	30.2	30.1
	At-risk-poverty rate of disabled people 16+	11.4	11.2	10.5	12.8	14.3	13.8	13.7	14.4	14.9		0.5 pp	3.5 pp	20.0	20.2
	Severe material deprivation rate of disabled people 16+	23.4	24.3	25.3	28.4	31.2	30.9	28.1	25.6	21.2		-4.4 pp	-2.2 pp	11.3	10.4
	Share of people with disabilities living in (quasi-)jobless households of disabled people 16+	29.7	29.2	27.4	28.9	31.1	30.1	28.7	25.2	23.8		-1.4 pp	-5.9 pp	25.4	25.7
	Material and social deprivation rate (by sex) of disabled people 16+							49.4	46.4	39.8		-6.6 pp	n.a.	25.1	23.2
Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction of disabled people 16+	32.0	29.9	27.1	29.0	29.8	28.5	25.5	23.2	25.7		2.5 pp	-6.3 pp	31.1	31.1	

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

HU	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)	33.4	37.2	38.7	40.4	41.9	43.9	41.8	36.1	33.6	31.6	-2.0 pp	-1.8 pp	27.1	26.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)	19.7	20.6	20.3	23.7	22.9	23.8	25.0	22.7	19.9	14.8	-5.1 pp	-4.9 pp	21.2	21.0
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)	21.5	25.5	28.8	30.4	34.1	35.6	31.9	24.9	21.1	19.2	-1.9 pp	-2.3 pp	9.6	8.5
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)	11.1	11.9	13.9	14.8	16.4	15.1	15.2	11.2	9.2	7.5	-1.7 pp	-3.6 pp	9.4	9.3
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)	13.4	16.6	9.0	17.3	14.2	14.5	15.9	13.4	15.9	4.3	-11.6 pp	-9.1 pp	13.3	14.2
	in-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children	7.4	8.4	7.2	7.6	6.8	8.1	8.5	10.3	11.5	11.0	-0.5 pp	3.6 pp	11.2	11.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households	70.9	68.8	69.7	74.4	76.3	77.9	79.3	75.2	62.4	40.8	-21.6 pp	-30.1 pp	70.1	70.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work	13.3	14.1	12.4	15.0	12.5	14.0	15.2	16.0	15.6	12.7	-2.9 pp	-0.6 pp	16.1	15.9
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	5.8	4.6	3.4		-1.2 pp	1.4 pp	14.7	15.0
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	5.0	5.0	8.0	7.0	6.0	9.0	8.6	10.8	12.2		1.4 pp	7.2 pp	15.6	17.9
Access to adequate resources	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	23.0	17.0	14.0	16.0	14.0	17.0	12.7	9.6	13.7		4.1 pp	-9.3 pp	33.9	34.5
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	52.0	57.0	65.0	59.0	61.0	68.0	73.6	79.5	73.1		-6.4 pp	21.1 pp	49.4	51.8
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)	16.8	16.7	16.5	18.6	21.6	20.8	23.1	22.5	17.5	14.2	-3.3 pp	-2.6 pp	26.0	26.1
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	9.1	9.6	9.1	7.3	8.7	8.6	8.0	7.9	9.5	11.6	2.1 pp	2.5 pp	21.7	21.9
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)													4.4	4.6
	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	13.7	14.1	13.5	10.5	12.6	12.3	11.5	11.8	12.9	15.9	3.0 pp	2.2 pp	27.2	27.4
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty	57.7	55.5	57.2	51.3	47.7	45.7	45.2	48.1	54.4	64.1	9.7 pp	6.4 pp	38.9	38.8
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)	13.0	10.0	11.9	13.6	15.0	15.6	14.0	8.2	9.1	10.2	1.1 pp	-2.8 pp	10.7	10.0
	NEET rate (15-19)	5.5	5.6	4.8	4.9	6.3	7.1	7.0	5.7	5.8	5.8	0.0 pp	0.3 pp	6.3	6.1
	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	11.7	11.5	10.8	11.4	11.8	11.9	11.4	11.6	12.4	12.5	0.1 pp	0.8 pp	11.0	10.7
Access to quality services	Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)	1.4	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.4		-0.2 pp	-1.0 pp	1.4	1.3
	Infant mortality rate	5.6	5.1	5.3	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.5	4.2	3.9		-0.3 pp	-1.7 pp	3.6	3.6
	Severe housing deprivation (0-17)	28.7	17.5	27.4	25.7	28.1	28.6	28.3	25.3	28.3	27.3	-1.0 pp	-1.4 pp	7.5	7.2
	Overcrowding rate (0-17)	64.4	64.8	66.5	66.4	67.2	66.1	63.5	62.6	62.3	62.7	0.4 pp	-1.7 pp	23.1	23.2

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data)

Note: Break in series for EU-SILC variables due to revised time series for 2011-2016 due to population reweighting.

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2016-2056)

TRR case		Net (%)				Gross (%)			
		2016		2056		2016		2056	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	101.0		81.7		66.2		54.3	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	85.6		81.7		56.1		54.3	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	82.4		81.7		54		54.3	
	AWG career length case	85.6	79.2	88.8	81.7	56.1	51.9	59.1	54.3
	Longer career: 42 years to SPA			85.6				56.9	
	Shorter career: 38 years to SPA			78.6				52.3	
	Deferred exit: 42 years to SPA +2			95.8				63.7	
	Earlier exit: 38 years to SPA -2			:				:	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			77.6				51.6	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			81.7				54.3	
	Career break caring for family dependant: 3 years			81.7				54.3	
	Short career (20-year career)			54.1				36.0	
	<i>Work 35 years, disabled 5 years prior to SPA</i>			74.5				49.5	
	Early entry in the LM: from age 20 to SPA			91.9				61.1	
	Index: 10 years after retirement @ SPA			68.7				45.7	
	Extended part-time period for childcare			74.1				49.3	
Pension rights of surviving spouses			49.0				32.6		
Low (66%)	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	107.2		81.7		70.2		54.3	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	90.9		81.7		59.5		54.3	
	AWG career length case	90.9	84.1	88.8	81.6	59.5	55.1	59.1	54.3
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			78.4				52.2	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			81.7				54.3	
	Short career (20-year career)			54.1				36.0	
High	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	60.9		61.2		39.9		40.7	
Average replacement rate across retirees		:				:			

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2018 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2016-2056)

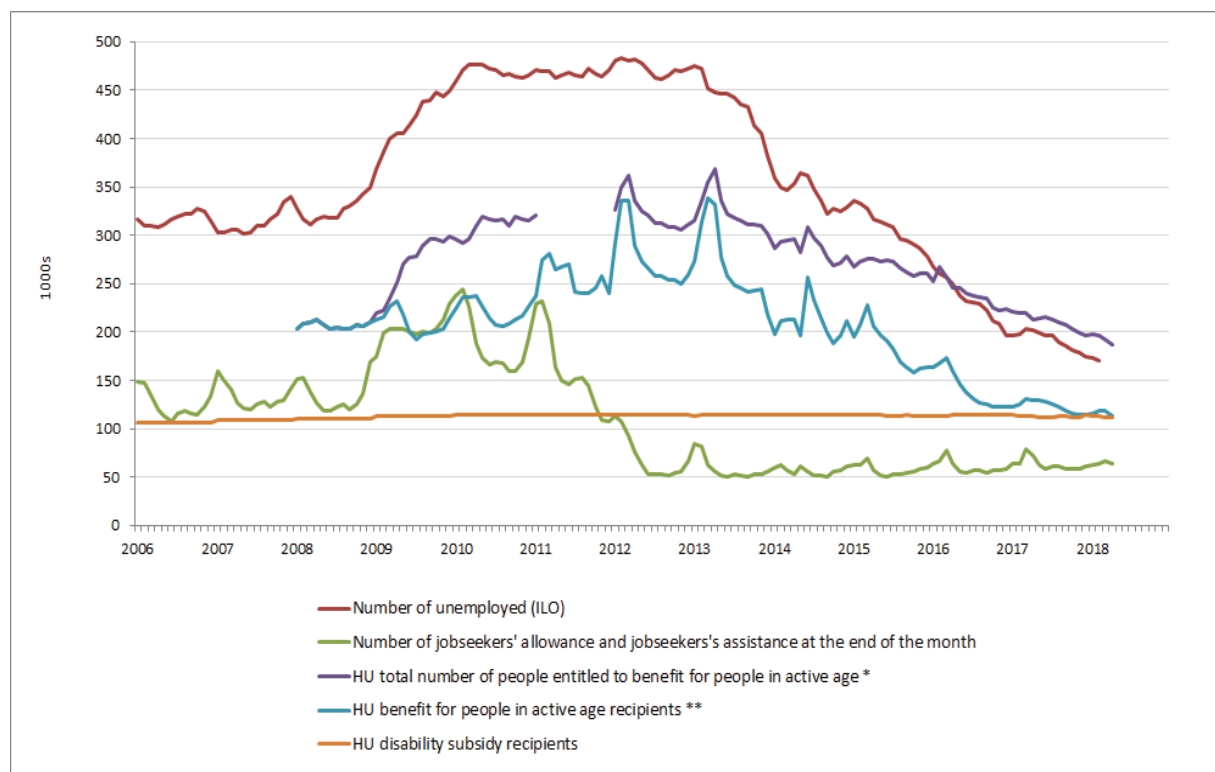
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

HU											EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2015	2016	
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	54.8	55.9	56.3	57.6	59.2	59.1	58.9	58.2	59.5	62.6	63.5	
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	58.2	58.2	58.6	59.1	60.5	60.1	60.8	60.1	60.2	63.3	64.2	
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	5.6	5.7	5.4	6.0	6.4	6.2	6.0	5.9	6.7	9.4	9.8	
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	6.4	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.4	6.1	6.1	5.9	6.4	9.4	10.1	
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	70.0	70.3	70.7	71.2	71.6	72.2	72.3	72.3	72.6	77.9	78.2	
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	78.3	78.4	78.6	78.7	78.7	79.1	79.4	79.0	79.7	83.3	83.6	
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	13.9	14.0	14.1	14.3	14.3	14.5	14.6	14.5	14.6	17.9	18.2	
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.3	18.1	18.4	18.6	18.2	18.7	21.2	21.6	
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	3.4	2.1	1.7	2.7	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.6	1.3	3.2	2.5	
Self-perceived health (%)	55.1	55.9	55.0	55.7	57.0	56.1	56.9	56.2	59.5	66.8	67.4	
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)	1194.2	1172.8	1295.1	1359.5	1363.0	1375.3	1423.7					
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)	7.1	7.3	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.3	7.1					

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: i) Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS¹¹



Note: *total number of people entitled to benefit for people in active age: Every person who is entitled to the benefit regardless of the actual payment. **benefit for people in active age recipients: Number of people receiving benefit for people in active age in the actual month. In periods of public employment, training, short-time employment, the payment of the benefit is suspended, but the entitlement is not terminated. Thus those people who do not receive benefit in the actual month (because of public employment, training, employment) do not appear here.

¹¹ These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

HU	Unemployment
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Eurostat
link	http://nui.epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=lmhu_m&lang=en
comment	
Unemployment benefit	
definition	Unemployment Benefit recipients - Recipients of jobseekers' allowance and jobseekers' assistance
unit	thousands of recipients
source	Ministry for National Economy
comment	At the end of 2010 data from 2008 till 2010 about jobseekers' allowance were modified because of the changes in the functioning of the IT system, which revised the number of recipients of unemployment benefit. On the other hand data of 2006, 2007 were also modified because we have found significant differences between this number of HU jobseekers allowance, assistance receivers and number of recipients of jobseekers allowance, assistance (were registered by PES).
Social assistance benefit	
definition	Recipients of benefit for people in active age (Former name of the benefit was regular social assistance)
unit	thousands of recipients
source	Hungarian Treasury
definition	Benefit for people in active age is an income supplement provision in the form of cash, provided by county offices. Its aim to guarantee a minimal standard of living for those who have no income.
comment	From the 1 July 2006 the conditions of the provision and the way of calculation of the amount of support changed. Before that the local government awarded regular social assistance to a person who was over 18 years of age, was of active age, and had lost at least 67 per cent of his or her working ability or received blind persons' benefit, or to a person who was of active age but not in employment, in the case that their subsistence was not provided by other means. By the new terms for the support is entitled only one person in a family. The assessing of the entitlement is based on the income projected to the consumer unit instead of the previous income per capita. The consumer unit is the rate which shows the structure of consumption within a family. The first major member of the family and the disabled child's rate is 1,0 while the ratio of the companion (spouse) and a child is lower (0,9-0,7). The amount of support is variable and supplements the family's effective total income to the limit of the entitlement. The regular social assistance from 1 January 2009 was changed to benefit for people in active age. In 2018 the benefit for people in active age consists of two types of allowances:

a) a benefit provided of those who are *incapable* for work:-'benefit for people with health impairment or taking care of children'(previous name was regular social assistance until 2015). Recipients are those people who are health impaired, as well as persons who bring up a child under 14, and the attendance of the child at an institution providing daily care is not ensured. (Before 2015 those who had less than five years to the retirement age, or those who fulfilled the criteria set up by municipalities -connected to the family circumstances, health or mental status of the claimant, were also defined as incapable of performing work,thus entitled to regular social assistance.)

The calculation of the benefit determined on the grounds of the composition and income of the family. The monthly amount of the benefit is the difference between the amount of the family income limit and the actual monthly income of the family of the entitled person.

b) a benefit for those who are capable to work: 'employment substituting benefit'. Persons who belong to this group are obliged to cooperate with the Public Employment Service and to take part in public work. The benefit is paid when the person is not involved in public work. The amount of the benefit is fixed, it is equal to 80 % of the minimum old-age pension.

The name of the benefit for those who are capable of work was changed to employment substituting benefit from **1st September 2011**.

From 1st March 2015 the system of benefits for people in active age was changed. The benefit is provided by the district offices instead of the local governments.

Those persons who are not capable of performing work - because of health impairment or taking care of a child - receive "benefit for people with health impairment or taking care of children" instead of regular social assistance. Other previous entitlements of regular social assistance ceased (age, conditions set up by municipalities). Those people who received regular social assistance upon these criteria could be entitled to employment substituting benefit if they accepted to cooperate with the Public Employment Service.

Only one person in a family can be eligible to the benefit for persons in active age, except for the case when two claimants are entitled to different cash benefits (one person is entitled to employment substituting benefit, the other to regular social assistance).

Disability benefit	
definition	Disability subsidy recipients
unit	thousands of recipients
source	Central Administration of National Pension Insurance https://www.onyf.hu/en/
definition	Financial support for severely disabled persons over the age of 18, who are unable to care for themselves or need permanent assistance from others.

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Group	Indicator	EU										EU27				
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	change 2015-2016 (2016-2017 for SMD & LFS-based figures)	change 2008 to latest year	change 2008 to latest year		
Europe 2020	Ax risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	30.3	35.6	35.9	31.5	33.5	34.7	31.8	36.3	34.3	35.6	-1.9 pp	-1.9 pp	35.5	-1.7 pp	-0.2 pp
	Ax risk of poverty rate (in %)	15.4	15.4	15.3	14.1	14.5	15	15.0	15.9	15.5	15.4	-0.0 pp	5.1 pp	15.3	0.0 pp	0.7 pp
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for people in private households as real change in national currency (in %)	3408	3057	3055	4231	4262	4562	4562	4737	4652	4655	5.0%	5.6%	4.6	3.6	0.6
	Evolution of at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	17.9	35.3	37.6	23.0	26.2	27.3	24.0	16.4	14.2	14.5	-1.7 pp	-1.4 pp	7.5	-7.9 pp	-1.9 pp
Intensity of poverty risk	Evolution of living in (at least) 2 poor households (in %)	12.0	11.8	11.9	13.8	13.5	13.4	12.8	9.4	8.2	8.4	1.3 pp	-1.8 pp	10.5	-1.2 pp	1.4 pp
	Debt-to-income ratio (in %)	17.8	18.8	18.5	18.2	20.9	21.2	22.9	23.8	18.8	18.7	8.0 pp	-1.9 pp	25	0.2 pp	8.1 pp
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	7.7	8.5	9.7	8.3	7.6	7.8	9.6	7.2	7.7	7.9	0.7 pp	-1.2 pp	10.9	0.3 pp	2.2 pp
	Material and social deprivation rate (in %)	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0%	0.0%	13.7	-0.4 pp	0.3
Income inequalities	Income quintile ratio (S90/10)	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.3	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	0.0%	1.4%	5.2	-0.8%	4.0%
	Child poverty and social exclusion	32.4	34.2	34.7	40.4	42.9	42.8	43.8	35.3	35.6	35.6	-1.5 pp	-2.4 pp	25.4	-0.4 pp	-1.1 pp
Effectiveness of social protection system	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate of children (% of people aged 0-17)	33.2	33.3	33.7	34.4	42.5	44.6	45.0	42.0	42.0	42.4	1.0 pp	1.3 pp	32.2	-0.5 pp	-1.4 pp
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pension) on poverty reduction (in %)	48.9	48.0	51.0	55.7	59.2	62.2	56.6	52.6	42.1	42.1	-2.0 pp	3.1 pp	35.9	0.3 pp	4.2 pp
Social consequences of labour market	At-risk-of-poverty rate for the population in work (quasi) jobless household in-work at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	3.0	6.2	5.6	6.3	5.7	7.0	6.7	9.2	9.7	10.2	0.0 pp	-1.0 pp	9.1	0.3 pp	1.1 pp
	Long term unemployment rate (in %)	2.6	4.2	5.3	5.3	5.0	6.9	2.7	2.1	2.6	1.7	-0.7 pp	-1.0 pp	2.0	-0.5 pp	0.7 pp
	Early school leavers (in %)	11.7	13.5	15.0	11.0	11.1	11.1	11.4	11.6	11.4	11.5	0.1 pp	-1.0 pp	15.0	-1.2 pp	-1.2 pp
	Youth unemployment rate (in %)	4.9	6.5	6.1	6.3	7.2	7.3	6.0	5.0	4.2	3.5	-0.7 pp	-1.4 pp	7.7	-1.7 pp	0.1 pp
Active ageing	NEETs (15-24)	11.5	15.6	12.6	13.2	14.5	15*	13.6	11.6	11.0	11.0	0.0 pp	-1.5 pp	11.5	-1.6 pp	0.7 pp
	Employment rate of self-employed women (15-64) (in %)	30.9	31.9	32.6	30.3	26.1	27.5	41.7	45.3	45.8	57.7	1.5 pp	20.2 pp	55.4	1.2 pp	11.7 pp
Pension adequacy	Ax risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) (in %)	17.5	17.5	14.8	18.0	20.2	20.2	19.0	17.1	17.1	15.8	-2.0 pp	-1.4 pp	15.1	0.2 pp	-1.2 pp
	Median relative income of elderly people	1.00	1.07	1.71	0.99	0.86	1.05	1.07	1.01	1.71	0.88	0.0%	1.0%	0.83	-0.8%	4.8%
Health	Aggregate indicators ratio	0.61	0.62	0.50	0.60	0.68	0.62	0.62	0.65	0.57	0.64	3.1%	4.8%	0.58	-0.8%	18.4%
	Self-reported chronic illness for medical case	8.4	2.1	3.7	2.7	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.6	3.2	3.2	1.8 pp	2.1 pp	2.5	-1.7 pp	0.5 pp
	Healthy life years at 65+ males	5.6	5.7	5.4	6.0	6.4	6.2	6.0	5.9	6.7	6.2	0.3	1.6 pp	6.5	0.2	0.3
	Healthy life years at 65+ females	6.4	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.1	6.1	5.9	6.4	6.4	0.3	-0.3%	6.5	0.2	0.3
Poverty and social exclusion of persons with disabilities	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities (% of people with disability at least 15 years)	36.5	36.3	37.6	37.5	39.5	39.7	36.0	36.5	35.2	34.6	-2.0 pp	-1.0 pp	30	-1.1 pp	-0.9 pp
	Living cost burden rate	11.6	8.7	11.3	11.0	14.7	4.1	12.8	8.5	8.1	10.7	1.9 pp	1.8 pp	11.1	-1.4 pp	0.6 pp
Evolution in real household disposable income	Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	2.9	4.2	2.2	3.8	3.2	-3.9	2.8	2.0	0.1	0.3	-1.9%	-1.9%	0.3	0.1	0.3

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPP but changes are shown in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2015-2016 for EU-SILC based indicators (except SMD) and 2016-2017 for SMD and LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2016 and 2008-2017 respectively. Break in series for EU-SILC variables due to revised time series for 2011-2016 due to population reweighting.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, HUNGARY 2018

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services	<p>The severe material deprivation rate is worse than the EU average but shows a significantly positive development.</p> <p>Housing deprivation is significantly worse than the EU average, including for children.</p> <p><i>There is a high poverty rate among Roma.</i></p>	The relative median poverty risk gap shows significantly positive development.
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty	<p>The severe material deprivation rate among children is worse than the EU average but shows a significantly positive development.</p>	The impact of social transfers (other than pensions) in reducing child poverty is above the EU average and shows a significantly positive development.
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age	<p>In-work poverty is around the EU average but shows a significantly negative development.</p> <p><i>The adequacy and coverage of social assistance and unemployment benefits are low.</i></p>	The share of working age adults living in (quasi-)jobless households shows a significantly positive development.
4. Elderly poverty/ adequate income and living conditions of the elderly		The aggregate replacement ratio is high and increasing.
5. Health & LTC	<p><i>Low cost-effectiveness of and insufficient equity of access to healthcare.</i></p> <p><i>The setup of healthcare service delivery remains strongly hospital-centred.</i></p> <p><i>There is a high reliance on out-of-pocket expenditure.</i></p>	The vaccination coverage rate of children for DTP is one of the highest in the EU.

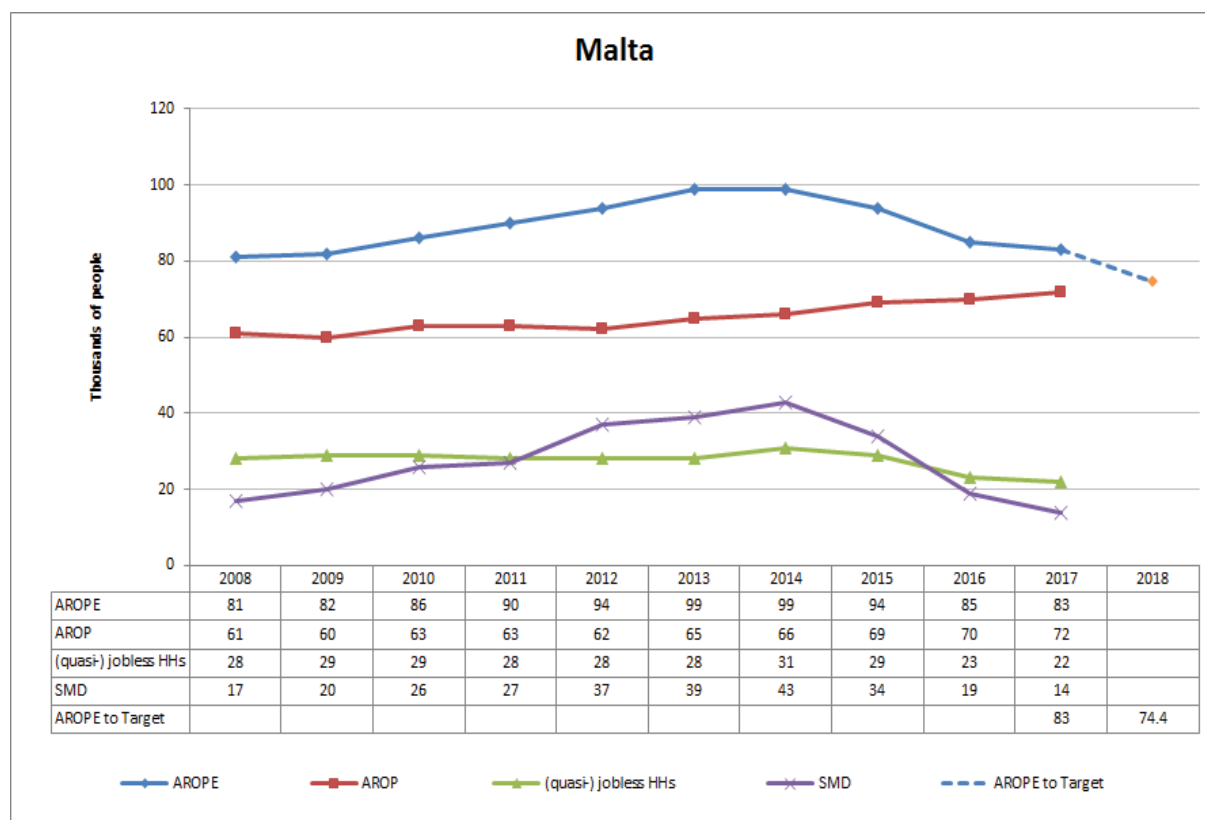
Note: The assessment of the key social challenges and good social outcomes within EU Member States is based on a full analysis of all the indicators in the social policy area of the Joint Assessment Framework tool, not only those included in the tables in this Country Profile.

NATIONAL 2020 TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

Lift around 6,560 people out of the risk of poverty and social exclusion by 2020.

Source: National Reform Programme (2018)

PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2020 NATIONAL TARGET FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION



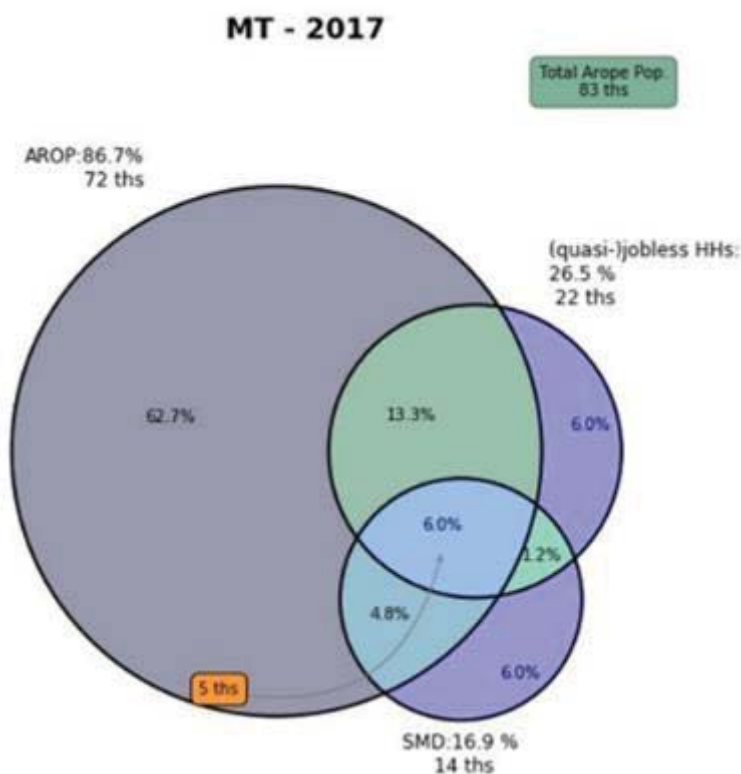
Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

Note: i) Progress on the target is monitored on the basis of the EU SILC data with a base year 2008 and target data year 2018; ii) AROPE - at-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate; AROP - at-risk-of-poverty rate; (quasi-)jobless HHs - share of population living in (quasi-)jobless households, i.e. very low work intensity (VLWI) households; SMD - severe material deprivation rate; iii) For the at-risk-of-poverty rate (AROP), the income reference year is the calendar year prior to the survey year except for the United Kingdom (survey year) and Ireland (12 months preceding the survey). Similarly, the share of (quasi-) jobless households or the very low work intensity

¹² Figures in this profile for data obtained from the Eurostat website are based on data extracted around mid-July 2018, unless otherwise stated.

rate (VLW) refers to the reference year prior to the survey while for the severe material deprivation rate (SMD), the reference is the current year.

COMPOSITION OF THE POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (2017)



Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

MT															EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016	
AROP	% of total AROPE	75.3	73.2	73.3	70.0	66.0	65.7	66.7	73.4	82.4	86.8	4.4 pp	11.4 pp	72.9	73.6	
	1000 persons	61	60	63	63	62	65	66	69	70	72	2.9 %	18.0 %	86752	86904	
(quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	34.6	35.4	33.7	31.1	29.8	28.3	31.3	30.9	27.1	26.5	-0.5 pp	-8.1 pp	33.5	33.2	
	1000 persons	28	29	29	28	28	28	31	29	23	22	-4.3 %	-21.4 %	39830	39135	
SMD	% of total AROPE	21.0	24.4	30.2	30.0	39.4	39.4	43.4	36.2	22.4	16.9	-5.5 pp	-4.1 pp	33.9	32.0	
	1000 persons	17	20	26	27	37	39	43	34	19	14	-26.3 %	-17.6 %	40361	37800	
AROP and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not SMD	% of total AROPE	14.8	13.4	14.0	13.3	10.6	10.1	10.1	11.7	11.8	13.3	1.5 pp	-1.6 pp	12.0	12.8	
	1000 persons	12	11	12	12	10	10	10	11	10	11	10.0 %	-8.3 %	14335	15107	
SMD and AROP but not (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	2.5	4.9	7.0	5.6	5.3	6.1	7.1	7.5	4.7	4.8	0.1 pp	2.4 pp	10.2	9.7	
	1000 persons	2	4	6	5	5	6	7	7	4	4	0.0 %	100.0 %	12197	11475	
AROP and SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs	% of total AROPE	6.2	6.1	8.1	5.6	8.5	8.1	10.1	9.6	7.1	6.0	-1.0 pp	-0.2 pp	7.7	7.1	
	1000 persons	5	5	7	5	8	8	10	9	6	5	-16.7 %	0.0 %	9208	8383	
SMD and (quasi-) jobless HHs but not AROP	% of total AROPE	2.5	2.4	2.3	1.1	2.1	1.0	3.0	2.1	1.2	1.2	0.0 pp	-1.3 pp	2.5	2.1	
	1000 persons	2	2	2	1	2	1	3	2	1	1	0.0 %	-50.0 %	2946	2451	

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC)

MACRO-ECONOMIC AND LABOUR MARKET CONTEXT

MT												EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2017	
Real GDP growth (y-o-y % change)	3.3	-2.5	3.5	1.3	2.7	4.6	8.1	9.6	5.2	6.4	2.0	2.5	
Employment growth (y-o-y % change)	2.5	0.0	1.7	2.9	2.5	3.7	5.1	3.9	4.2	5.0	1.2	1.6	
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	6.0	6.9	6.9	6.4	6.3	6.4	5.8	5.4	4.7	4.6	8.6	7.6	
Long-term unemployment rate (% of labour force)	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.4	1.9	1.7	4.0	3.4	
Social Protection expenditure (% of GDP)	17.9	19.3	19.1	18.7	18.9	18.7	18.1	17.3					

Source: Eurostat (National Accounts, LFS, ESSPROS).

SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

MT													EU28	
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014			
Social protection expenditure (in % of GDP)	Total	17.9	19.3	19.1	18.7	18.9	18.7	18.1	17.3	27.7	27.5			
	Sickness/Health	5.7	6.3	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.1	5.9	5.7	8.0	8.0			
	Disability	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	2.0	2.0			
	Old age	7.4	8.1	8.5	8.2	8.4	8.2	7.7	7.4	11.1	11.1			
	Survivors	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.6			
	Family/Children	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.2	2.3	2.4			
	Unemployment	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	1.5	1.4			
	Housing	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.6			
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.5			
	Means-tested													
	Total	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	3.0	3.0			
	Sickness/Health	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.1	0.1			
	Disability	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5			
	Old age	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5			
	Survivors	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1			
	Family/Children	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6			
	Unemployment	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3			
	Housing	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.6			
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4			
	Non-means tested													
	Total	15.5	16.8	16.6	16.2	16.6	16.3	15.7	15.0	24.7	24.5			
	Sickness/Health	4.8	5.3	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.0	7.9	7.9			
	Disability	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.6	1.5			
	Old age	7.1	7.8	8.2	7.9	8.1	7.8	7.4	7.2	10.6	10.6			
	Survivors	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5			
	Family/Children	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.7	1.8	1.8			
	Unemployment	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	1.2	1.1			
	Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0							
	Social Exclusion n.e.c.	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1			

Source: Eurostat (ESSPROS). Data as at 9 July 2018.

Note: The total figures of social expenditure include all benefits excluding administrative costs.

MAIN SOCIAL INDICATORS

INCOME AND LIVING CONDITIONS

IMT	%											EU28		
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015
At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate		20.1	20.3	21.2	22.1	23.1	24.0	23.8	22.4	20.1	19.2	-0.9 pp	23.8	23.5
At-risk-of-poverty rate		15.3	14.9	15.5	15.6	15.1	15.7	15.9	16.3	16.5	16.8	0.3 pp	17.3	17.3
Value of threshold (single HH) - in PPS		7958	8146	8023	8417	8760	9034	9300	10009	10155	10637	-0.3 %		
Value of threshold (2 adults + 2 children younger than 14 years) - in PPS		16712	17106	16848	17676	18397	18971	19531	21018	21325	22338	-0.3 %		
Severe material deprivation rate		4.3	5.0	6.5	6.6	9.2	9.5	10.2	8.1	4.4	3.3	-1.1 pp	8.1	7.5
Share of people aged 0-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households		8.6	9.2	9.2	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.8	9.2	7.3	6.7	-0.6 pp	10.7	10.5
Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of total population)								22.9	15.3	10.5	8.5	-2.0 pp	17.2	15.7
Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate		7.7	7.7	9.1	11.4	9.7	8.5	10.6	12.7	11.3		-1.4 pp	10.9	11
At risk-of-poverty gap		20.3	16.2	17.3	17.7	16.1	19.1	17.8	17.3	15.9	16.7	0.8 pp	24.8	25
Anchored at-risk-of-poverty rate (ref-2008)		15.3	14.8	16.8	15.7	13.8	14.4	11.5	9.7	9.3	8.2	-1.1 pp	18.6	17.5
Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)		33.2	34.9	34.0	32.8	37.1	32.6	33.2	31.2	30.7	29.1	-1.6 pp	33.7	33.2
S80/S20		4.3	4.0	4.3	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.2	0.0 %	5.2	5.2
Overcrowding rate		3.9	3.8	4.0	4.4	4.0	3.6	4.0	3.5	2.9	2.6	-0.3 pp	16.7	16.6
Housing cost overburden rate		3.3	2.8	3.7	3.0	2.6	2.6	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.4	0.0 pp	11.3	11.1
Real change in gross household disposable income													2.1	2.0

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation.

	EU28											Change 2008 to latest year	EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change			2015
MT	%													
Children (0-17)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	25.0	26.5	26.7	27.8	31.0	32.0	31.3	28.2	24.0	22.8	-1.2 pp	27.1	26.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	20.4	21.2	22.1	23.0	23.1	24.0	24.1	23.4	21.0	21.2	0.2 pp	21.2	21.0
	Severe material deprivation rate	6.3	7.2	7.7	7.7	12.3	11.8	13.9	10.4	6.4	5.1	-1.3 pp	9.6	8.5
	Share of people aged 0-17 living in (quasi-) jobless households	9.8	10.4	9.7	10.0	10.4	11.2	12.3	10.8	8.4	7.7	-0.7 pp	9.4	9.3
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 0-17 population)							24.6	17.9	11.9	11.3	-0.6 pp	19.8	18.3
Youth (18-24)	At risk-of-poverty gap	20.9	17.2	15.2	17.0	15.0	20.9	19.9	20.8	18.7	20.6	1.9 pp	26.0	26.1
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	33.6	35.0	31.4	29.9	36.0	28.8	25.9	24.3	27.6	24.0	-3.6 pp	38.9	38.8
	Overcrowding rate	5.5	5.7	6.4	7.4	6.7	4.6	5.9	6.0	4.7	4.0	-0.7 pp	23.1	23.2
MT	%													
Youth (18-24)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	12.6	14.5	18.7	21.1	22.2	22.8	21.6	20.0	17.1	17.6	0.5 pp	31.3	30.6
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	7.8	9.3	11.8	13.2	12.5	11.5	10.7	9.8	13.1	14.4	1.3 pp	23.9	23.3
	Severe material deprivation rate	4.5	5.5	8.4	7.9	11.5	11.9	12.6	11.1	4.1	4.0	-0.1 pp	10.0	8.9
	Share of people aged 18-24 living in (quasi-) jobless households	3.7	5.1	7.1	6.1	7.4	6.5	6.3	6.9	5.7	6.3	0.6 pp	10.9	11.0
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-24 population)							23.0	14.1	8.2	7.5	-0.7 pp	17.0	15.6
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate	3.1	2.9	4.9	5.3	3.7	4.1	2.7	3.4	3.6	5.1	1.5 pp	12.3	12.1
	Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	6.1	7.5	6.7	6.9	7.2	6.9	6.1	6.1	5.7	5.9	0.2 pp	8.5	7.8
	NEET rate	7.7	11.1	10.4	11.0	11.3	10.1	10.4	10.4	8.3	8.5	0.2 pp	15.8	15.2
	Housing cost overburden rate	1.2	0.9	2.6	2.3	2.4	1.2	0.9	0.3	0.9	1.1	0.2 pp	14.2	14.2

IMT	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
Working age (18-64)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	17.5	18.1	19.6	20.7	21.1	22.5	21.8	20.5	17.3	16.1	-1.2 pp	-1.4 pp	24.7	24.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	12.0	12.1	13.1	13.1	12.4	13.6	13.2	13.1	13.0	13.1	0.1 pp	1.1 pp	17.1	17.0
	Severe material deprivation rate	4.0	4.6	6.4	6.8	8.9	9.5	9.8	8.4	4.1	3.2	-0.9 pp	-0.8 pp	8.4	7.8
	Share of people aged 18-59 living in (quasi-) jobless households	8.2	8.9	9.0	8.6	8.6	8.3	9.0	8.7	7.0	6.4	-0.6 pp	-1.8 pp	11.1	10.9
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 18-64 population)							22.6	15.6	10.1	7.7	-2.4 pp		17.5	15.8
	At-risk-of-poverty gap	20.5	16.2	17.7	18.3	16.9	19.3	18.4	17.4	17.0	17.7	0.7 pp	-2.8 pp	27.2	27.9
	In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate	5.1	5.4	5.8	6.1	5.2	5.9	5.7	5.3	5.7	5.9	0.2 pp	0.8 pp	9.5	9.6
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction (excl. pensions)	37.8	38.3	36.7	35.8	40.1	32.0	34.3	33.5	33.7	31.4	-2.3 pp	-6.4 pp	34.5	34.1
	Overcrowding rate	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.3	3.8	3.9	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.6	-0.3 pp	-1.2 pp	17.8	17.7
	Housing cost overburden rate	3.1	2.6	3.6	2.9	2.4	2.4	1.5	0.9	1.3	1.4	0.1 pp	-1.7 pp	11.7	11.6
IMT	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
Elderly (65+)	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate	26.0	22.2	21.7	21.0	22.3	20.8	23.3	23.7	26.1	26.4	0.3 pp	0.4 pp	17.4	18.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate	24.3	19.7	18.2	17.6	17.3	14.9	16.9	21.0	24.2	25.0	0.8 pp	0.7 pp	14.1	14.6
	Severe material deprivation rate	3.1	4.1	5.0	4.7	6.4	7.1	8.1	4.7	3.5	2.2	-1.3 pp	-0.9 pp	5.6	5.8
	Share of people in Social and Material Deprivation (% of 65+ population)							22.1	11.7	10.6	8.6	-2.0 pp		13.4	12.8
	Relative median income of elderly	0.73	0.77	0.81	0.79	0.80	0.79	0.78	0.75	0.72	0.72	0.0 %	-1.4 %	0.93	0.93
	Aggregate replacement ratio	0.41	0.45	0.44	0.48	0.46	0.56	0.56	0.54	0.54	0.56	3.7 %	36.6 %	0.57	0.58
	Overcrowding rate	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.2 pp	-0.7 pp	6.6	6.6
	Housing cost overburden rate	4.2	4.3	4.1	3.4	3.1	1.9	1.5	1.9	1.6	1.3	-0.3 pp	-2.9 pp	10.4	10.5

MT	%	EU28												
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015
	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate of disabled people 16+	33.2	31.9	29.0	28.7	32.8	32.7	34.2	33.2	32.4		-0.8 pp	30.2	30.1
	At-risk-poverty rate of disabled people 16+	24.3	21.5	18.7	16.9	18.0	19.1	21.2	23.6	25.4		1.8 pp	20.0	20.2
	Severe material deprivation rate of disabled people 16+	6.3	8.7	8.7	10.4	13.6	14.7	15.0	12.5	8.5		-4.0 pp	11.3	10.4
	Share of people with disabilities living in (quasi-)jobless households of disabled people 16+	37.2	32.1	28.7	25.3	35.2	27.0	37.0	33.7	34.5		0.8 pp	25.4	25.7
	Material and social deprivation rate (by sex) of disabled people 16+							38.5	26.3	21.4		-4.9 pp	25.1	23.2
	Impact of social transfers on poverty reduction of disabled people 16+	36.3	33.6	31.6	28.7	33.6	32.4	38.4	38.9	41.1		2.2 pp	31.1	31.1

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS)

INVESTING IN CHILDREN

IMT	%	EU28													
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Latest year change	Change 2008 to latest year	2015	2016
Overall objective of combating child poverty and social exclusion and promoting child well-being	At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion (0-17)	25.0	26.5	26.7	27.8	31.0	32.0	31.3	28.2	24.0	22.8	-1.2 pp	-2.2 pp	27.1	26.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate (0-17)	20.4	21.2	22.1	23.0	23.1	24.0	24.1	23.4	21.0	21.2	0.2 pp	0.8 pp	21.2	21.0
	Severe Material Deprivation (0-17)	6.3	7.2	7.7	7.7	12.3	11.8	13.9	10.4	6.4	5.1	-1.3 pp	-1.2 pp	9.6	8.5
	Share of people living in (quasi-) jobless households (% of 0-17 population)	9.8	10.4	9.7	10.0	10.4	11.2	12.3	10.8	8.4	7.7	-0.7 pp	-2.1 pp	9.4	9.3
	Persistent at-risk-of-poverty (0-17)	11.5	8.6	10.7	15.9	14.1	13.2	18.9	20.1	17.2		-2.9 pp	5.7 pp	13.3	14.2
	in-work poverty rate of people living in households with dependent children	7.9	9.0	9.7	10.1	10.0	9.7	9.2	8.0	8.2	9.1	0.9 pp	1.2 pp	11.2	11.2
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in (quasi-) jobless households	77.2	66.9	79.0	77.9	75.4	72.6	76.3	86.1	83.6	90.2	6.6 pp	13.0 pp	70.1	70.4
	At-risk-of-poverty rate for children (0-17) living in households at work	14.1	15.9	16.0	16.9	17.0	17.8	16.8	15.8	15.2	15.3	0.1 pp	1.2 pp	16.1	15.9
	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	10.0	4.0	6.0	7.0	16.0	17.0	12.0	10.7	18.1		7.4 pp	8.1 pp	14.7	15.0
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 0-3 years children)	5.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	3.0	6.2	7.2	13.2		6.0 pp	8.2 pp	15.6	17.9
Access to adequate resources	Childcare 1-29 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	25.0	28.0	26.0	27.0	31.0	32.0	34.8	34.6	31.5		-3.1 pp	6.5 pp	33.9	34.5
	Childcare more than 30 hours per week (% 3 years to mandatory school age children)	50.0	48.0	46.0	46.0	60.0	60.0	64.6	53.8	56.6		2.8 pp	6.6 pp	49.4	51.8
	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (0-17)	20.9	17.2	15.2	17.0	15.0	20.9	19.9	20.8	18.7	20.6	1.9 pp	-0.3 pp	26.0	26.1
	Part time due to care responsibilities (total)	13.9	15.9	14.9	15.9	18.0	16.6	13.7	17.7	16.3	16.9	0.6 pp	3.0 pp	21.7	21.9
	Part time due to care responsibilities (male)									6.0	5.7	-0.3 pp		4.4	4.6
	Part time due to care responsibilities (female)	17.7	20.3	19.7	21.2	24.3	22.6	17.6	22.2	19.8	21.0	1.2 pp	3.3 pp	27.2	27.4
	Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) in reducing child poverty	33.6	35.0	31.4	29.9	36.0	28.8	25.9	24.3	27.6	24.0	-3.6 pp	-9.5 pp	38.9	38.8
	Housing cost overburden rate (0-17)	3.2	2.7	3.6	3.1	3.2	3.5	1.9	1.0	1.6	1.8	0.2 pp	-1.4 pp	10.7	10.0
	NEET rate (15-19)	9.3	8.6	9.1	9.0	10.1	10.2	10.8	11.1	9.0	7.2	-1.8 pp	-2.1 pp	6.3	6.1
	Early leavers from education and training (18-24)	27.2	25.7	23.8	22.7	21.1	20.5	20.3	19.8	19.7	18.6	-1.1 pp	-8.6 pp	11.0	10.7
Access to quality services	Self reported unmet need for medical care (16-24)	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.6		0.3 pp	0.4 pp	1.4	1.3
	Infant mortality rate	8.5	5.5	5.6	6.5	5.3	6.7	5.0	5.8	7.4		1.6 pp	-1.1 pp	3.6	3.6
	Severe housing deprivation (0-17)	1.8	2.2	2.1	2.8	1.5	1.5	1.8	2.3	2.7	2.9	0.2 pp	1.1 pp	7.5	7.2
	Overcrowding rate (0-17)	5.5	5.7	6.4	7.4	6.7	4.6	5.9	6.0	4.7	4.0	-0.7 pp	-1.5 pp	23.1	23.2

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, LFS, Mortality data)

LONG-TERM ADEQUACY OF PENSIONS: THEORETICAL REPLACEMENT RATES (2016-2056)

TRR case		Net (%)				Gross (%)			
		2016		2056		2016		2056	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Average Earnings	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	73.7		68.6		60.0		56.5	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	78.3		70.0		63.2		57.9	
	Increased SPA: from age 25 to SPA	73.7		69.9		60.0		57.9	
	AWG career length case	73.7		80.0	73.1	60.0		67.5	60.8
	Longer career: 42 years to SPA			73.1				60.8	
	Shorter career: 38 years to SPA			65.6				53.7	
	Deferred exit: 42 years to SPA +2			76.2				63.9	
	Earlier exit: 38 years to SPA -2			67.2				55.1	
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			70.0				57.9	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			70.0				57.9	
	Career break caring for family dependant: 3 years			70.0				57.9	
	Short career (20-year career)			38.1				28.2	
	<i>Work 35 years, disabled 5 years prior to SPA</i>			70.0				57.9	
	Early entry in the LM: from age 20 to SPA			70.0				57.9	
	Index: 10 years after retirement @ SPA			67.7				57.2	
	Extended part-time period for childcare			63.7				51.8	
Pension rights of surviving spouses				60.6				47.7	
Low (66%)	Variant: old base case: 40 years up to 65	81.2		70.8		68.9		57.3	
	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	81.2		72.3		68.9		58.7	
	AWG career length case	81.2		81.9	75.2	68.9		68.4	61.6
	Career break – unemployment: 3 years			72.3				58.7	
	Career break due to childcare: 3 years			72.3				58.7	
	Short career (20-year career)			38.1				28.6	
High	New base case: 40 years up to the SPA	34.3		50.7		30.1		45.8	
	Average replacement rate across retirees								

Source: Joint SPC/EC 2018 report on Pension Adequacy in the European Union (2016-2056)

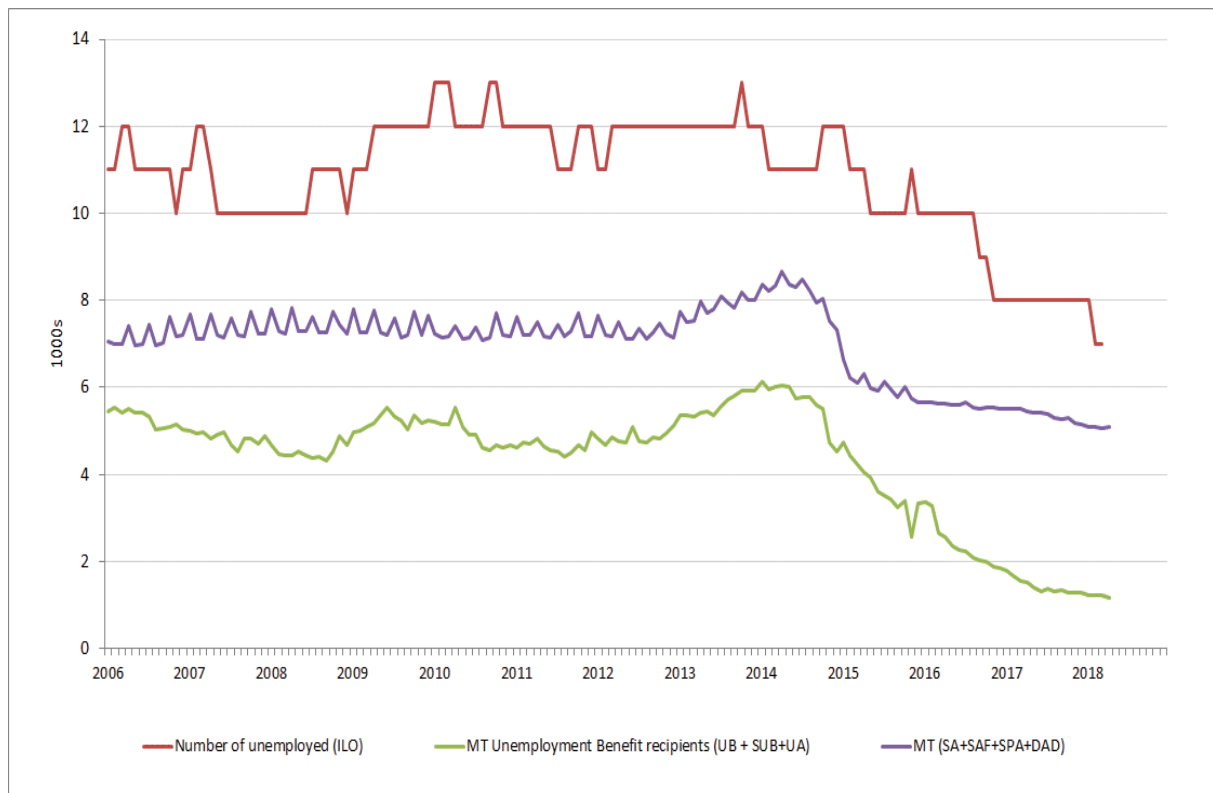
HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS

MT										EU28	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2015	2016
Healthy life years at birth (years) - male	68.8	69.4	70.1	69.9	71.5	71.6	72.3	72.6	71.1	62.6	63.5
Healthy life years at birth (years) - female	72.1	71.0	71.3	70.7	72.2	72.7	74.3	74.6	72.4	63.3	64.2
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - male	10.5	11.4	12.0	11.8	12.5	12.8	13.3	13.4	12.8	9.4	9.8
Healthy life years at 65 (years) - female	11.6	11.7	11.7	11.0	12.3	12.7	13.7	14.0	12.9	9.4	10.1
Life expectancy at birth (years) - male	77.1	77.9	79.3	78.6	78.6	79.6	79.8	79.7	80.6	77.9	78.2
Life expectancy at birth (years) - female	82.3	82.7	83.6	83.0	83.0	84.0	84.2	84.0	84.4	83.3	83.6
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - male	17.1	16.8	18.5	17.7	17.6	18.4	18.6	18.7	19.7	17.9	18.2
Life expectancy at 65 (years) - female	20.1	20.6	21.1	21.0	21.0	21.4	21.7	21.6	22.1	21.2	21.6
Self reported unmet need for medical examination or treatment	0.7	1.4	1.6	1.1	1.2	0.9	1.1	0.8	1.0	3.2	2.5
Self-perceived health (%)	73.8	68.8	67.5	69.9	72.1	72.0	74.7	70.8	73.0	66.8	67.4
Total health care expenditure per capita (PPS)											
Total health care expenditure (% of GDP)											

Source: Eurostat (EU-SILC, Mortality data, SHA)

Note: Self-perceived health refers to the percentage of the population reporting either good or very good health.

TRENDS IN TAKE-UP OF SELECTED BENEFITS¹³



¹³ These data have been collected by the SPC in the context of monitoring the social impact of the crisis. It includes only a selection of benefits which have been considered most reactive to the crisis. The number of unemployed (standard definition by the ILO) are given as a background.

MT	Unemployment
definition	Unemployment according to ILO definition - Total
unit	Thousands of persons - seasonally adjusted
source	Eurostat
link	http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=une_nb_m&lang=en
comment	
Unemployment benefit	
definition	1) Unemployment Benefit - UB; 2) Special Unemployment Benefit - SUB; 3) Unemployment Assistance - UA
unit	thousands of recipients
source	Ministry of the Family and Social Solidarity
link	https://secure2.gov.mt/socialpolicy/socprot/mjdf_page/disclaimer.aspx .
comment	1) Unemployment benefit is paid to persons who are registering as unemployed under the Part 1 register as held by Jobsplus who have paid or credited an accumulation of fifty (50) social security contributions in total and an average of twenty (20) social security contributions in the preceding two (2) years prior to their claim. The unemployment benefit rate which is paid for a maximum of six (6) months may be increased to a special unemployment benefit rate; 2) If a person who is in receipt of Unemployment Benefit satisfies the conditions for the award of unemployment assistance, his benefit is increased to a Special Unemployment Benefit.; 3) Head of household who is seeking employment and is registering for work under Part 1 of the register with ETC is eligible for this benefit.
Social assistance benefit	
definition	1) Social Assistance - SA; 2) Social Assistance for Carers - SAF; 3) Supplementary Allowance - SPA (only low income earners are being considered as related to the crisis); 4) Social Assistance for Drug Addicts - DAD
unit	thousands of beneficiaries
source	Ministry of the Family and Social Solidarity
link	https://secure2.gov.mt/socialpolicy/socprot/mjdf_page/disclaimer.aspx .
comment	1) Head of Households, who are incapable of work due to medical reasons, or are unemployed and seeking employment, given that they fulfill the means and capital resources tests; 2) ATo be entitled for this benefit, claimant must either be single or a widow (male or female), who are taking care of a sick relative by themselves on a full time basis. Relatives must be the parents, grand-parents, brothers, sisters, uncles, aunts, brothers or sisters' in-laws and father/mother in laws. Claimants and patients are to give proof that they are residing in the same residence. Case will be referred for a medical examination; 3) Supplementary Allowance is payable to households where the total income of the members falls below the limits outlined by the Social Security Act from time to time. In this regard, not all Supplementary Allowance beneficiaries here are related to the economic crisis but only beneficiaries on low household income. SPA is paid every 13 weeks (roughly each 3 months), being Dec/Jan, Mar/Apr, Jun/Jul, and Sep/Oct; 4) A person who is undergoing a drug or alcohol rehabilitation therapeutic programme is eligible for this benefit. An official document from the institution concerned is received by the Department confirming date when programme was initiated.

	Disability benefit
definition	1) Severe Disability Assistance ; 2) Assistance for the visually impaired; 3) Disablement Pension (termed as Injury Pension in Social Security Act CAP 318)- DP; 4) Invalidity Pension - IP
source	Ministry of the Family and Social Solidarity
link	https://secure2.gov.mt/socialpolicy/socprot/mjdf_page/disclaimer.aspx
comment	1) Payable to citizens of Malta over 16 years of age. Various types of disabilities are listed under the Social Security Act; 2) Claimant must be 14 years of age or over, and provide a medical certificate from an ophthalmologist from Mater Dei Hospital explaining the patient's visual medical condition. This Benefit is means tested. Claimant's income, together with the rate of Pension for the Visually Impaired must not exceed the National Minimum Wage as applicable to an 18-year-old person (As from 2015 income from employment is excluded from the calculation of the weekly means test); 3) Payable if injury or disease caused or contracted whilst at work is considered to cause a loss of physical or mental faculty calculated between 20% & 89%. Rates awarded according to degree of Disability. Where the degree of disablement is assessed at 90% and over, the person concerned is automatically awarded an Invalidity Pension at the full rate. 4) Payable to persons deemed permanently incapable for suitable full-time or regular part-time employment. Various rates according to different conditions.
comment	<p>In 2017, the Maltese economy recorded a growth rate of 6.4 per cent in real GDP. This robust economic growth is primarily attributed to strong net exports while domestic demand acted as a drag on economic growth.</p> <p>Net exports contributed 7.1 percentage points to economic growth as exports increased by 4.3 per cent, reflecting improved external conditions in Malta's main trading partners and improved competitiveness of the Maltese economy while imports decreased by 0.9 per cent due to declining import content associated with lower investment relative to previous years. On the other hand, domestic demand contributed negatively by 0.2 percentage points to economic growth, driven primarily by declining investment and to a lesser extent to declining government consumption expenditure.</p> <p>The Maltese economy is expected to continue growing at a steady rate in 2018 though at a relatively slower pace than that seen in 2017, with real GDP growth forecasted at 6.1 per cent. The growth in 2018 will be on the tailwinds of domestic demand, mainly attributed to private and public consumption expenditure and an acceleration in investment growth. The economy for 2018 is expected to remain job rich, with an employment growth rate of 3.8 per cent and an unemployment rate (based on harmonised definition) expected at around 3.8 per cent. Inflation is expected to reach 1.6 per cent in 2018 mainly on the back of increases in services prices as well as processed food and non-energy industrial goods.</p>
comment	Data from Jobsplus indicates that the number of persons registered as unemployed as at April 2018 stood at 1,847, a decrease of 730, or 28.3 per cent over the corresponding month in 2017.

SUMMARY TABLE OF MAIN SOCIAL TRENDS

Indicator	MT										EU27				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	change 2015-2016 (2016-2017 for SMD & LFS-based figures)	change 2008 to latest year	latest year change	2016	change 2008 to latest year
At risk of poverty or social exclusion (in %)	20.1	20.3	21.2	22.1	23.1	24.0	23.8	22.4	20.1	19.2	-2.3 pp	0.0 pp	-0.2 pp	23.5	-0.2 pp
At-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	15.3	14.9	15.5	15.6	15.1	15.7	15.9	16.3	16.5	16.8	0.2 pp	1.2 pp	0.0 pp	17.3	0.0 pp
At-risk-of-poverty threshold for a single person household (levels in pps, changes as real change in national currency in %)	7958	8146	8023	8417	8760	9034	9300	10009	10155	10637	-0.6 %	14.4 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Severe material deprivation rate (in %)	4.3	5.0	6.5	6.6	9.2	9.5	10.2	8.1	4.4	3.3	-1.1 pp	-1.0 pp	-0.9 pp	7.5	-0.9 pp
Population living in (quasi-) jobless households (in %)	8.6	9.2	9.2	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.8	9.2	7.3	6.7	-1.9 pp	-1.3 pp	-0.2 pp	10.5	-0.2 pp
Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap (in %)	20.3	16.2	17.3	17.7	16.1	19.1	17.8	17.9	15.9	16.7	-1.4 pp	-4.4 pp	0.2 pp	25	0.2 pp
Persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	7.7	7.7	9.1	11.4	9.7	8.5	10.6	12.7	11.3	n.a.	-1.4 pp	3.6 pp	0.0 pp	10.9	0.0 pp
Material and social deprivation rate (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	22.9	15.3	10.5	8.5	-4.8 pp	n.a.	-1.5 pp	15.7	-1.5 pp
Income quintile ratio (S80/S20)	4.3	4.0	4.3	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.2	0.0 %	-2.3 %	0.0 %	5.2	0.0 %
At-risk-of-poverty or social exclusion rate of children (% of people aged 0-17)	25.0	26.5	26.7	27.8	31.0	32.0	31.3	28.2	24.0	22.8	-4.2 pp	-1.0 pp	-0.6 pp	26.4	-0.6 pp
Impact of social transfers (excl. pensions) on poverty reduction (%)	33.2	34.9	34.0	32.8	37.1	32.6	33.2	31.2	30.7	29.1	-0.5 pp	-2.5 pp	-0.5 pp	33.2	-0.5 pp
At-risk-of-poverty rate for the population living in (quasi-) jobless households	61.6	55.1	62.9	60.4	62.7	65.2	64.1	69.1	68.3	72.7	-0.8 pp	6.7 pp	0.9 pp	59.9	0.9 pp
In-work at-risk-of-poverty rate (in %)	5.1	5.4	5.8	6.1	5.2	5.9	5.7	5.3	5.7	5.9	0.4 pp	0.6 pp	0.1 pp	9.6	0.1 pp
Long-term unemployment rate (in %)	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.4	1.9	1.8	-0.1 pp	-0.8 pp	-0.5 pp	3.9	-0.5 pp
Early school leavers (in %)	27.2	25.7	23.8	22.7	21.1	20.5	20.3	19.8	19.7	18.6	-1.1 pp	-8.6 pp	-0.2 pp	10.8	-0.2 pp
Youth unemployment ratio (15-24)	6.1	7.5	6.7	6.9	7.2	6.9	6.1	6.1	5.7	5.5	-0.2 pp	-0.6 pp	-0.7 pp	7.7	-0.7 pp
NEETs (15-24)	8.3	9.9	9.5	10.2	10.6	9.9	10.5	10.4	8.5	8.0	-0.5 pp	-0.3 pp	-0.6 pp	11.5	-0.6 pp
Employment rate of older workers (55-64) in %	30.1	29.1	31.9	35.2	34.7	36.3	37.8	40.3	44.1	45.1	1.0 pp	15.0 pp	1.8 pp	55.4	1.8 pp
At risk of poverty or social exclusion for the elderly (65+) in %	26.0	22.2	21.7	21.0	22.3	20.8	23.3	23.7	26.1	26.4	2.4 pp	0.1 pp	0.8 pp	18.1	0.8 pp
Median relative income of elderly people	0.73	0.77	0.81	0.79	0.80	0.79	0.78	0.75	0.72	0.72	-4.0 %	-1.4 %	0.0 %	0.93	0.0 %
Aggregate replacement ratio	0.41	0.45	0.44	0.48	0.46	0.56	0.56	0.54	0.54	0.56	0.0 %	31.7 %	1.8 %	0.58	1.8 %
Self reported unmet need for medical care	0.7	1.4	1.6	1.1	1.2	0.9	1.1	0.8	1.0	n.a.	0.2 pp	0.3 pp	-0.7 pp	2.5	-0.7 pp
Healthy life years at 65 - males	10.5	11.4	12.0	11.8	12.5	12.8	13.3	13.4	12.8	n.a.	n.a.	21.9 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Healthy life years at 65 - females	11.6	11.7	11.7	11.0	12.3	12.7	13.7	14.0	12.9	n.a.	n.a.	11.2 %	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
At risk of poverty or social exclusion for persons with disabilities (% of people with disabilities above 16 years)	33.2	31.9	29.0	28.7	32.8	32.7	34.2	33.2	32.4	n.a.	-0.8 pp	-0.8 pp	-0.1 pp	30	-0.1 pp
Housing cost overburden rate	3.3	2.8	3.7	3.0	2.6	2.6	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.4	0.3 pp	-1.9 pp	-0.2 pp	11.1	-0.2 pp
Real change in gross household disposable income (in %)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Note: For the poverty threshold values, levels are shown in PPS but changes are shown as changes in national currency terms and accounting for inflation. For consistency with the main SPPM dashboard latest changes refer to 2015-2016 for EU-SILC based indicators (except SMD) and 2016-2017 for SMD and LFS-based indicators, while changes since 2008 refer to 2008-2016 and 2008-2017 respectively.

KEY SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND GOOD SOCIAL OUTCOMES, MALTA 2018

Social policy area	Key social challenge	Good social outcome
1. Preventing poverty and social exclusion through inclusive labour markets, adequate and sustainable social protection and high quality services	<p>The at-risk of poverty rate for population living in (quasi-) jobless households is higher than EU average.</p> <p>The persistent at-risk-of-poverty rate is around the EU average but shows some negative development.</p> <p><i>Challenges related to the integration of migrants are increasing.</i></p> <p><i>People with disabilities face a greater risk of poverty or social exclusion than the EU average.</i></p>	<p>The relative median poverty risk gap is significantly better than EU average.</p> <p>The housing cost overburden is significantly better than EU average.</p>
2. Breaking the intergenerational transmission of poverty – tackling child poverty	<p>The impact of social transfers in reducing child poverty is lower than the EU average.</p>	
3. Active inclusion – tackling poverty in working age		<p>The share of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion and relative poverty rate of working age population show some positive developments, but remain around the EU average.</p> <p>In-work poverty for women of working age is significantly lower than the EU average.</p>
4. Elderly poverty/ adequate income and living conditions of the elderly	<p>At-risk-of poverty is high, especially among elderly men and shows significant negative development for women; this is coupled with a weak impact of social transfers.</p> <p>Median relative income is significantly below EU average</p>	<p>The relative median poverty risk gap for the elderly is low and decreasing.</p> <p>Severe material deprivation is around the EU average but provisional data (2017)</p>

	and shows strong negative development.	shows a significant positive development.
5. Health & LTC	While showing a positive increase in 2016 and despite appropriate measures to increase the coverage rate, the vaccination coverage rate of children for measles is still below the 95% threshold.	Healthy life years are significantly better than the EU average.

Note: The assessment of the key social challenges and good social outcomes within EU Member States is based on a full analysis of all the indicators in the social policy area of the Joint Assessment Framework tool, not only those included in the tables in this Country Profile.