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7506/7/18 REV 7

ENER 110 ENV 200 CLIMA 55 **COMPET 184 CONSOM 78 FISC 157** CODEC 444

NOTE

From: General Secretariat of the Council	
To:	Permanent Representatives Committee
No. Cion doc.:	15150/1/16 REV 1 + ADD 1 REV 1
Subject:	Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on common rules for the internal market in electricity (recast)

I. **INTRODUCTION**

- 1. On 30 November 2016, the Commission submitted a set of proposals as "Clean Energy for All Europeans" package, in order to provide for a stable legislative framework, necessary for the energy transition. Two legislative files, based on article 194 para 2 of the Treaty, address the common rules for the internal market in electricity.
- 2. In the European Parliament, these proposals were referred to the Industry, Research and Energy Committee (ITRE) which appointed on 25 January 2017 Mr. Krišjānis Kariņš as rapporteur.

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II. STATE OF PLAY

- 3. The TTE (Energy) Council adopted, on 18 December 2017, a general approach on the above-mentioned proposal. The European Parliament adopted its position on the proposal on 1 March 2018 and the first trilogue, based on the Council general approach, took place on 27 June 2018. The second trilogue took place on 11 September 2018, the third on 18 October 2018 and the fourth on 13 November. The trilogues and technical meetings in between allowed the co-legislators to advance significantly and propose compromise suggestions. Moreover, a broad mandate was also given to the technical meetings to make progress on the entire Directive.
- 4. During the first trilogue both institutions explained their views on the main political issues and recognised the need to swiftly advance on this file. At the second and third trilogues, provisional agreements were reached on Articles 10, 11, 13, 14, 17, 18 and 24, including Annexes I and II. Furthermore, several provisions of Articles 3, 7 and 12 were provisionally agreed. At the fourth trilogue, Articles 16 and 19-22, including Annex III, were provisionally agreed. The negotiations will now be pursued on such issues as price regulation, energy poverty, transmission and distribution system operators, national regulatory authorities and final provisions.

III. REVISED MANDATE

- 5. In view of the fifth and, as scheduled, final trilogue on 5 December 2018, the basis for the discussion will be the four-column table contained in the Annex to this Note that sets out, in the **fourth column**, the Presidency's compromise proposals on the articles which were agreed by both institutions to be discussed.
- 6. In this version of the four-column document the Presidency has included new compromise proposals on a number of main political issues such as Article 5 (Marked based supply prices), Article 12 (Right to switch supplier), Articles 28 and 29 (Vulnerable customers, Energy poverty) and Articles 36 and 54 (Ownership of storage facilities by DSOs and TSOs). Furthermore, Presidency has included some compromise proposals in Articles 59 (Duties and powers of NRAs) and 62 (Duties and powers of RCCs) in order to adapt the text and provide for proper oversight of the ENTSO-E, EU DSO and RCCs, as discussed in the context of the negotiations on the ACER Regulation.

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- 7. All new Presidency compromise proposals are marked with <u>underlined</u> in the document. The Presidency believes that the compromise text, as set out in the four column of the Annex, constitutes a well balanced mandate for conducting the negotiations with the Parliament at the next trilogue on 5 December with the view to reaching a political agreement. The Presidency is very much hoping for delegations' flexibility in this regard.
- 8. Furthermore, 'Provisionally agreed' in the fourth column indicates that the text was provisionally agreed at the previous trilogues. 'Provisionally agreed in TM' indicates that the text was provisionally agreed at technical level after the fourth trilogue while awaiting to be provisionally confirmed at the fifth trilogue.
- 9. Regarding other European Parliament's amendments, the Presidency proposes to <u>maintain the Council's general approach</u> at this stage of negotiations.
- 10. <u>In the fourth column</u>, *bold italics* indicates text proposed by the EP; **bold** indicates texts of the Council general approach added to the Commission proposal and/or compromise texts proposed by the Presidency in response to the EP amendments; **bold** (*bold*) **underlined** indicates new text elements, diverging from document (7506/5/18 REV 5) and strikethrough indicates deletion. *No change* indicates that the Commission proposal is maintained unchanged.

IV. CONCLUSION

11. The <u>Permanent Representatives Committee</u> is invited to agree on a revised mandate for the fifth trilogue on 5 December 2018, on the basis of the text reflected in the Annex.

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Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on common rules for the internal market in electricity (recast)

1.	COMISSION PROPOSAL	EP PLENARY TEXT	COUNCIL GENERAL APPROACH	Compromise proposals
	(COD - doc. 15150/1/16 REV 1)		(doc. 15886/17 + ADD 1)	
2.	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,		THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	N.B. any compromise proposals for the recitals are provisional, and without prejudice to any
	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 194(2) thereof,		Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 194(2) thereof,	alignment with the content of the Articles that may prove necessary.
	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,		Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	
	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,		After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	
	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,		Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ³ ,	
	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ² ,		Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ⁴ ,	

OJ C 211, 19.8.2008, p. 23.

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² OJ C 172, 5.7.2008, p. 55.

	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	
	Whereas:	Whereas:	
3.	(1) A number of amendments are to be made to Directive 2009/72/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁵ . In the interests of clarity, that Directive should be recast.	(1) A number of amendment to be made to Directive 2009/7 of the European Parliament and the Council ⁶ . In the interests of clarity, that Directive should be recast.	72/EC d of f
4.	(2) The internal market in electricity, which has been progressively implemented throughout the Union since 1999, aims, by organising competitive electricity markets across country borders, to deliver real choice for all consumers of the European Union, be they citizens or businesses, new business opportunities competitive prices, efficient investment signals, higher standards of service, and to contribute to security of supply and sustainability.	(2) The internal market in electricity, which has been progressively implemented throughout the Union since 19 aims, by organising competitive electricity markets across coun borders, to deliver real choice consumers of the European Unthey citizens or businesses, new business opportunities, compet prices, efficient investment sighigher standards of service, and contribute to security of supply sustainability.	re ttry for all tion, be w titive nals, d to

³ OJ C 211, 19.8.2008, p. 23.

⁴ OJ C 172, 5.7.2008, p. 55.

Directive 2009/72/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in electricity and repealing Directive 2003/54/EC (OJ L 211, 14.8.2009, p. 55).

Directive 2009/72/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in electricity and repealing Directive 2003/54/EC (OJ L 211, 14.8.2009, p. 55).

5. (3) Directive 2003/54/EC of the	(3) Directive 2003/54/EC of the	
European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	
Council and Directive 2009/72/EC of	Council and Directive 2009/72/EC of	
the European Parliament and of the	the European Parliament and of the	
Council have made a significant	Council have made a significant	
contribution towards the creation of	contribution towards the creation of	
such an internal market in electricity.	such an internal market in electricity.	
However, Europe's energy system is in	However, Europe's energy system is	
the middle of a profound change. The	in the middle of a profound change.	
common goal to decarbonise the	The common goal to [] lower the	
energy system creates new	emission of the energy system	
opportunities and challenges for	creates new opportunities and	
market participants. At the same time,	challenges for market participants. At	
technological developments allow for	the same time, technological	
new forms of consumer participation	developments allow for new forms of	
and cross-border cooperation. There is	consumer participation and cross-	
a need to adapt the Union market rules	border cooperation. There is a need	
to a new market reality.	to adapt the Union market rules to a	
	new market reality.	
6. (4) The Energy Union Framework	(4) The Energy Union Framework	
Strategy sets out the vision of an	Strategy sets out the vision of an	
Energy Union with citizens at its core,	Energy Union with citizens at its	
where citizens take ownership of the	core, where citizens take ownership	
energy transition, benefit from new	of the energy transition, benefit from	
technologies to reduce their bills,	new technologies to reduce their	
participate actively in the market, and	bills, participate actively in the	
where vulnerable consumers are	market, and where vulnerable	
protected.	consumers are protected.	

The Communication from the Commission of 15 July 2015 'Delivering a new deal for energy consumers⁷' put forward the Commission's vision for a retail market that better serves energy consumers, including by better linking wholesale and retail markets. Taking advantage of new technology, new and innovative energy service companies should enable all consumers to fully participate in the energy transition, managing their consumption to deliver energy efficient solutions which save them money and contribute to overall reduction of energy consumption.

AM 1

The Communication from the Commission of 15 July 2015 'Delivering a new deal for energy consumers³¹ put forward the Commission's vision for a retail market that better serves energy consumers, including by better linking wholesale and retail markets. Taking advantage of new technologies, new and innovative energy service companies should enable all consumers to raise their awareness of their energy consumption and to fully participate in the energy transition, managing their consumption to deliver energy efficient solutions which save them money and contribute to overall reduction of energy consumption.

The Communication from the Commission of 15 July 2015 'Delivering a new deal for energy consumers⁸' put forward the Commission's vision for a retail market that better serves energy consumers, including by better linking wholesale and retail markets. Taking advantage of new technology, new and innovative energy service companies should enable all consumers to fully participate in the energy transition, managing their consumption to deliver energy efficient solutions which save them money and contribute to overall reduction of energy consumption.

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³¹ COM (2015) 339 final of 15.7.2015.

⁷ COM (2015) 339 final of 15.7.2015.

⁸ COM (2015) 339 final of 15.7.2015.

The Communication from the Commission of 15 July 2015 Launching the public consultation process on a new energy market design'9 highlighted that the move away from generation in large central power plants towards de-centralized production from renewable energy sources and decarbonized markets requires an adaptation of the current rules of electricity trading and changes to the existing market roles. It underlined needs to organise electricity markets in a more flexible manner and to fully integrate all market players – including renewable energy producers, new energy service providers, energy storage and flexible demand.

AM 2

The Communication from the Commission of 15 July 2015 'Launching the public consultation process on a new energy market design'³² highlighted that the move away from generation in large central power plants towards de-centralized production from renewable energy sources and decarbonized markets requires an adaptation of the current rules of electricity trading and changes to the *roles of* existing market *participants*. It underlined needs to *organize* electricity markets in a more flexible manner and to fully integrate all market players – including renewable energy producers, new energy service providers, energy storage and flexible demand. It is equally important for the Union to invest urgently in interconnection at European level for the transfer of energy through high-voltage, electric power transmission systems.

The Communication from the Commission of 15 July 2015 'Launching the public consultation process on a new energy market design'¹⁰ highlighted that the move away from generation in large central power plants towards de-centralized production from renewable energy sources [] requires an adaptation of the current rules of electricity trading and changes to the existing market roles. It underlined needs to organise electricity markets in a more flexible manner and to fully integrate all market players – including renewable energy producers, new energy service providers, energy storage and flexible demand.

COM (2015) 340 final of 15.7.2015.

COM (2015) 340 final of 15.7.2015.

COM (2015) 340 final of 15.7.2015.

9.		AM 3 (6a) (new) With a view to creating an internal market in electricity, Member States should foster the integration of their national markets and the cooperation of system operators at Union and regional level, also incorporating isolated systems forming electricity islands that persist in the Union.		
10.	(7) Apart from the new challenges, the Directive seeks also to address the persisting obstacles to the completion of the internal market in electricity. Refined regulatory framework needs to contribute to overcoming the current problems of fragmented national markets which are still often determined by a high degree of regulatory interventions. Such interventions have led to obstacles to the sale of electricity on equal terms as well as higher costs in comparison to solutions based on cross-border cooperation and market-based principles.		challenges, the Directive seeks also to address the persisting obstacles to the completion of the internal market in electricity. Refined regulatory framework needs to contribute to overcoming the current problems of fragmented national markets which are still often determined by a high degree of regulatory interventions. Such interventions have led to obstacles to the sale of electricity on equal terms as well as higher costs in comparison to solutions based on cross-border cooperation and market-based principles.	
11.		AM 4 (7a) (new) The Union will most effectively meet its renewable targets through the creation of a market framework that rewards flexibility and innovations. A well-functioning electricity market design is the key enabler for the uptake of renewables.		

(8) Consumers are essential to achieving the flexibility necessary to adapt the electricity system to variable. distributed renewable generation. Technological progress in grid management and renewable generation has unlocked many opportunities for consumers, and healthy competition on retail markets will be essential to ensuring the market-driven deployment of innovative new services that cater to the consumers' changing needs and abilities, while increasing system flexibility. By empowering consumers to participate in the energy market more, and participate in new ways, citizens should benefit from the internal market in electricity and the Union's renewable targets should be attained.

AM 5

- (8) Consumers are essential to achieving the flexibility necessary to adapt the electricity system to variable *and* distributed renewable generation. Technological progress in grid management and renewable generation has unlocked many opportunities for consumers. Healthy competition on retail markets will be essential to ensuring the marketdriven deployment of innovative new services that *address* consumers' changing needs and abilities, while increasing system flexibility. However, the lack of real time or near real time information provided to consumers about their energy consumption, in particular due to the slow roll-out of smart meters, has prevented them from being active participants in the energy market and the energy transition. By empowering consumers and providing them with the tools to participate in the energy market more, and participate in new ways, citizens should benefit from the internal market in electricity and the Union's renewable targets should be attained.
- Consumers are essential to achieving the flexibility necessary to adapt the electricity system to variable, distributed renewable generation. Technological progress in grid management and renewable generation has unlocked many opportunities for consumers, and healthy competition on retail markets will be essential to ensuring the market-driven deployment of innovative new services that cater to the consumers' changing needs and abilities, while increasing system flexibility. By empowering consumers to participate in the energy market more, and participate in new ways, citizens should benefit from the internal market in electricity and the Union's renewable targets should be attained

13.			(8a) This Directive respects	
			fundamental rights and observes	
			the principles recognised in the	
			Charter of Fundamental Rights of	
			the European Union ('Charter').	
			Accordingly, this Directive should	
			be interpreted and applied in	
			accordance with those rights and	
			principles, in particular the right	
			to protection of personal data	
			guaranteed by Article 8 of the	
			Charter. It is essential that any	
			processing of personal data under	
			this Directive be in compliance	
			with Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
14.	(9) The freedoms which the Treaty	AM 6	(9) The freedoms which the	
	guarantees the citizens of the Union —	(9) The freedoms which the	Treaty guarantees the citizens of the	
	inter alia, the free movement of goods,	Treaty guarantees the citizens of the	Union — inter alia, the free	
	the freedom of establishment and the	Union — inter alia, the free	movement of goods, the freedom of	
	freedom to provide services — are	movement of goods, the freedom of	establishment and the freedom to	
	achievable only in a fully open market,	establishment and the freedom to	provide services — are achievable	
	which enables all consumers freely to	provide services — are achievable	only in a fully open market, which	
	choose their suppliers and all suppliers	only in a fully open <i>and</i>	enables all consumers freely to	
	freely to deliver to their customers.	interconnected market, which	choose their suppliers and all	
		enables all consumers freely to	suppliers freely to deliver to their	
		choose their suppliers and all	customers.	
		suppliers freely to deliver to their		
		customers.		

15.	(10) Promoting fair competition and		(10) Promoting fair competition	
13.	easy access for different suppliers		and easy access for different	
	should be of the utmost importance for		suppliers should be of the utmost	
	Member States in order to allow			
			importance for Member States in	
	consumers to take full advantage of the		order to allow consumers to take full	
	opportunities of a liberalised internal		advantage of the opportunities of a	
	market in electricity.		liberalised internal market in	
			electricity. Nonetheless, market	
			failure may still persist in	
			peripheral small electricity systems	
			and systems not connected with	
			other EU Member States, where	
			electricity prices fail to provide the	
			right signal to drive investment,	
			and may therefore require specific	
			solutions to ensure an adequate	
			level of security of electricity	
			supply.	
16.	(11) In order to secure competition	AM 7	(11) In order to secure competition	
10.	and the supply of electricity at the	(11) In order to secure competition	and the supply of electricity at the	
	most competitive price, Member States	and the supply of electricity at the	most competitive price, Member	
	and national regulatory authorities	most competitive price, Member	States and national regulatory	
	should facilitate cross-border access	States and national regulatory	authorities should facilitate cross-	
		authorities should facilitate cross-		
	for new suppliers of electricity from		border access for new suppliers of	
	different energy sources as well as for	border access for new suppliers of	electricity from different energy	
	new providers of power generation	electricity from different energy	sources as well as for new providers	
	storage and demand response.	sources as well as for new providers	of power generation, storage and	
		of power generation, storage and	demand response.	
		demand response. <i>However</i> , <i>Member</i>		
		States should cooperate in		
		scheduling electricity flows and		
		should take necessary action to		
		prevent unscheduled loop-flows of		
		electricity.		

17.	AM 8	(11a) Member States should	
	(11a) (new) Member States should	ensure that no undue barriers exist	
	ensure that no undue barriers exist	within the internal electricity	
	within the internal electricity market	market as regards market entry,	
	as regards market entry, operation	operation and exit. At the same	
	and exit. At the same time, it should	time, it should be clear that this	
	be clear that this obligation is	provision is without prejudice to	
	without prejudice to those	those competences, which Member	
	competences which Member States	States retain in relation to third	
	retain in relation to third countries.	countries. Such a clarification must	
	Such a clarification must not be	not be interpreted as enabling a	
	interpreted as enabling a Member	Member State to exercise an	
	State to exercise an exclusive	exclusive competence of the	
	competence of the Union. It should	Union. It should also be clarified	
	also be clarified that market	that market participants from	
	participants from third countries	third countries operating within	
	must comply with applicable Union	the internal market must comply	
	and Member States' laws just like all	with applicable Union and	
	other market participants.	Member States' laws just like all	
		other market participants.	
18.	AM 9	(11aa) Market rules allow for entry	
	(11b) (new) The European Council	and exit of electricity generation	
	stated in its conclusions of October	and electricity supply undertakings	
	2014 that the Commission supported	based on their assessment of the	
	by the Member States must take	economic and financial viability of	
	urgent measures in order to ensure	their operations. This principle	
	the achievement of a minimum	would not be incompatible with the	
	target of 10% of existing electricity	possibility of Member States to	
	interconnections, as a matter of	impose on undertakings operating	
	urgency, and no later than 2020, at	in the electricity sector, in general	
	least for Member States which have	economic interest, public service	
	not yet attained a minimum level of	obligations, where this is done in	
	integration in the internal energy	conformity with the Treaties, in	
	market, which are the Baltic States,	particular Article 106 TFEU, and	
	Portugal and Spain, and for	with the provisions of this	

		Member States which constitute their main point of access to the internal energy market. It further stated that the Commission will also report regularly to the European	Directive and [Electricity Regulation].	
		Council with the objective of arriving at a 15% target by 2030.		
19.		univing at a 1370 target by 2030.	(11b) Sufficient physical	
			interconnection with neighbours is	
			important to enable all countries to	
			benefit from the positive effects of	
			the internal market as stressed in	
			the Commission's 'Communication	
			on strengthening Europe's energy	
			networks'11 and as also reflected in	
			the Integrated National Energy	
			and Climate Plans under the	
20	(12)		[Governance Regulation].	
20.	(12) Securing common rules for a		(12) Securing common rules for a true internal market and a broad	
	true internal market and a broad supply			
	of electricity accessible to all should		supply of electricity accessible to all	
	also be one of the main goals of this Directive. To that end, undistorted		should also be one of the main goals of this Directive. To that end,	
	market prices would provide an		undistorted market prices would	
	incentive for cross-border		provide an incentive for cross-border	
	interconnections and for investments		interconnections and for investments	
	in new power generation while		in new power generation while	
	leading, in the long term, to price		leading, in the long term, to price	
	convergence.		convergence.	
21.	(13) Market prices should give the		(13) Market prices should give the	
	right incentives for the development of		right incentives for the development	
	the network and for investing in new		of the network and for investing in	
	electricity generation.		new electricity generation.	

¹¹ COM(2017) 718 final

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22.	(14) Different types of market		(14) Different types of market
	organisation exist in the internal		organisation exist in the internal
	market in electricity. The measures		market in electricity. The measures
	that Member States could take in order		that Member States could take in
	to ensure a level playing field should		order to ensure a level playing field
	be based on overriding requirements of		should be based on overriding
	general interest. The Commission		requirements of general interest. The
	should be consulted on the		Commission should be consulted on
	compatibility of the measures with the		the compatibility of the measures
	Treaty and Union law.		with the Treaty and Union law.
23.	(15) Member States should maintain	AM 10	(15) Member States should
	a wide discretion to impose public	(15) Member States should	maintain a wide discretion to impose
	service obligations on electricity	maintain a wide discretion to impose	public service obligations on
	undertakings in pursuing objectives of	public service obligations on	electricity undertakings in pursuing
	general economic interest. Member	electricity undertakings in pursuing	objectives of general economic
	States should ensure that household	objectives of general economic	interest. Member States should
	customers and, where Member States	interest. Member States should	ensure that household customers and,
	deem it appropriate, small enterprises,	ensure that household customers and,	where Member States deem it

enjoy the right to be supplied with

electricity of a specified quality at

competitive prices. Nevertheless,

clearly comparable, transparent and

public service obligations in the form

of supply price regulation constitute a

fundamentally distortive measure that

tariff deficits, limitation of consumer

choice, poorer incentives for energy

saving and energy efficiency

engagement and satisfaction,

investments, lower standards of

service, lower levels of consumer

restriction of competition as well as

fewer innovative products and services

on the market. Consequently, Member

often leads to the accumulation of

where Member States deem it appropriate, small enterprises, enjoy the right to be supplied with electricity of a specified quality at clearly comparable, transparent and competitive prices. Nevertheless, public service obligations in the form of supply price regulation constitute a fundamentally distortive measure that often leads to the accumulation of tariff deficits, limitation of consumer choice, poorer incentives for energy saving and energy efficiency investments, lower standards of service, lower levels of consumer engagement and satisfaction, restriction of

Commission should be consulted on the compatibility of the measures with the Treaty and Union law. (15) Member States should maintain a wide discretion to impose public service obligations on electricity undertakings in pursuing objectives of general economic interest. Member States should ensure that household customers and. where Member States deem it appropriate, small enterprises, enjoy the right to be supplied with electricity of a specified quality at clearly comparable, transparent and competitive prices. Nevertheless, public service obligations in the form of supply price regulation constitute a fundamentally distortive measure that often leads to the accumulation of tariff deficits, limitation of consumer choice, poorer incentives for energy saving and energy efficiency investments, lower standards of service, lower levels of

consumer engagement and

satisfaction, restriction of

competition as well as fewer

	States should apply other policy tools, and in particular targeted social policy	competition as well as fewer innovative products and services on	innovative products and services on the market. Consequently, Member	
	measures, to safeguard the	the market. Consequently, Member	States should apply other policy	
	affordability of electricity supply to	States should apply other policy	tools, and in particular targeted social	
	their citizens. Interventions in price	tools, and in particular targeted social	policy measures, to safeguard the	
	setting should only be applied in	policy measures, to safeguard the	affordability of electricity supply to	
	limited exceptional circumstances. A	affordability of electricity supply to	their citizens. Interventions in price	
	fully liberalised retail electricity	their citizens. Interventions in price	setting should only be applied [] as	
	market would stimulate price and non-	setting should only be applied in <i>very</i>	public service obligations and	
	price competition among existing	limited exceptional circumstances in	subject to specific conditions	
	suppliers and incentivise new market	order to protect the most vulnerable	specified in this Directive. A fully	
	entries therefore improving consumers'	and should be phased out within a	liberalised retail electricity market	
	choice and satisfaction.	limited timeframe. A fully	would stimulate price and non-price	
		liberalised, well-functioning retail	competition among existing suppliers	
		electricity market would stimulate	and incentivise new market entries	
		price and non-price competition	therefore improving consumers'	
		among existing suppliers and	choice and satisfaction.	
		incentivise new market entries		
		therefore improving consumers'		
		choice and satisfaction.		
24.			(15a) Public service obligations in	
			the form of electricity supply price	
			regulation should be used without	
			overriding the principle of open	
			markets in clearly defined	
			circumstances and beneficiaries	
			and be limited in duration. Such	
			circumstances could occur for	
			example when the supply of	
			electricity is severely constrained,	
			causing significantly higher	
			electricity prices than normal, or in	
			the event of market failure where	
			interventions by regulatory	
			authorities and competition	

authorities have proven ineffective. This would disproportionately affect households, and in particular, vulnerable consumers who typically use a higher share of their disposable income on energy bills, compared to high income consumers. In order to mitigate the distortive effects of public service obligations in the price-setting for supply of electricity, Member **States applying such interventions** should put in place additional measures, including measures preventing distortions to wholesale market price setting. Member States should ensure that all beneficiaries of regulated prices are able to fully benefit from the offers of the competitive market when they choose so. To this effect they need to be equipped with smart meters and have access to dynamic electricity price contracts, they should be directly and regularly informed of the offers and savings available on the competitive market, in particular dynamic electricity price contracts, and be provided with assistance to engage with and benefit from market based offers.

25.	(15b) The entitlement of
	beneficiaries of regulated prices to
	receive individual smart meters
	without extra costs, does not
	prohibit Member States modifying
	the functionality of smart meters
	where smart meter infrastructure
	does not exist as the cost-benefit
	assessment regard roll-out of smart
	meters was negative.
26.	(15c) Interventions in electricity
	supply price regulation must not
	lead to cross-subsidisation between
	different categories of consumers
	in a direct manner. According to
	this principle, price systems must
	not explicitly make certain
	categories of consumers bear the
	cost of price interventions affecting
	other categories of consumers. For
	example, price interventions whose
	cost is born by suppliers or other
	operators in a non discriminatory
	manner should not be considered
	as direct cross-subsidisation.

27.	(16) In order to ensure the	(16) In order to ensure the
	maintenance of the high standards of	maintenance of the high standards of
	public service in the Union, all	public service in the Union, all
	measures taken by Member States to	measures taken by Member States to
	achieve the objective of this Directive	achieve the objective of this
	should be regularly notified to the	Directive should be regularly notified
	Commission. The Commission should	to the Commission. The Commission
	regularly publish a report analysing	should regularly publish a report
	measures taken at national level to	analysing measures taken at national
	achieve public service objectives and	level to achieve public service
	comparing their effectiveness, with a	objectives and comparing their
	view to making recommendations as	effectiveness, with a view to making
	regards measures to be taken at	recommendations as regards
	national level to achieve high public	measures to be taken at national level
	service standards.	to achieve high public service
		standards.
28.	(17) It should be possible for	(17) It should be possible for
	Member States to appoint a supplier of	Member States to appoint a supplier
	last resort. That supplier may be the	of last resort. That supplier may be
	sales division of a vertically integrated	the sales division of a vertically
	undertaking, which also performs the	integrated undertaking, which also
	functions of distribution, provided that	performs the functions of
	it meets the unbundling requirements	distribution, provided that it meets
	of this Directive.	the unbundling requirements of this
		Directive.
29.	(18) It should be possible for	(18) It should be possible for
	measures implemented by Member	measures implemented by Member
	States to achieve the objectives of	States to achieve the objectives of
	social and economic cohesion to	social and economic cohesion to
	include, in particular, the provision of	include, in particular, the provision
	adequate economic incentives, using,	of adequate economic incentives,
	where appropriate, all existing national	using, where appropriate, all existing
	and Union tools. Such tools may	national and Union tools. Such tools
	include liability mechanisms to	may include liability mechanisms to
	guarantee the necessary investment.	guarantee the necessary investment.

20	(10) T 1 1 1 1 1	(10) T 1 1 1 1 1 1	
30.	(19) To the extent to which measures	(19) To the extent to which	
	taken by Member States to fulfil public	measures taken by Member States to	
	service obligations constitute State aid	fulfil public service obligations	
	under Article 107(1) of the Treaty,	constitute State aid under	
	there is an obligation under	Article107(1) of the Treaty, there is	
	Article 108(3) of the Treaty to notify	an obligation under Article 108(3) of	
	them to the Commission.	the Treaty to notify them to the	
		Commission.	
31.		(19a) Cross-sectorial legislation	
010		provides a strong basis for	
		consumer protection for a wide	
		range of energy services that exist,	
		and may develop in the future.	
		Nevertheless, certain basic	
		contractual rights of customers	
		should be clearly defined.	
32.	(20) Clear and comprehensible	(20) Clear and comprehensible	
32.	information should be made available	information should be made available	
	to consumers concerning their rights in	to consumers concerning their rights	
	relation to the energy sector. The	in relation to the energy sector. The	
	Commission has established, after	Commission has established, after	
	consulting relevant stakeholders	consulting relevant stakeholders	
	including Member States, national	including Member States, national	
	regulatory authorities, consumer	regulatory authorities, consumer	
	organisations and electricity	organisations and electricity	
	undertakings an energy consumer	undertakings an energy consumer	
	checklist providing consumers with	checklist providing consumers with	
	practical information about their rights.	practical information about their	
	That checklist should be maintained up	rights. That checklist should be	
	to date provided to all consumers and	maintained up to date provided to all	
	made publicly available.	consumers and made publicly	
1	1 * *	available.	

33.	(21) At present, several factors impede consumers from accessing, understanding and acting upon the various sources of market information available to them. To that end, the comparability of offers should be improved and barriers to switching minimised to the greatest practicable extent without unduly limiting consumer choice.	(21) At present, several factors impede consumers from accessing, understanding and acting upon the various sources of market information available to them. To that end, the comparability of offers should be improved and barriers to switching minimised to the greatest practicable extent without unduly limiting consumer choice.	
34.	charged a broad range of fees directly or indirectly as a result of switching energy supplier. Such fees make calculating the best product or service more difficult and diminish the immediate financial advantage of switching. Although removing such fees may limit consumer choice by eliminating products based on rewarding consumer loyalty, restricting their use further should improve consumer welfare, consumer engagement and competition in the market.	being charged a broad range of fees directly or indirectly as a result of switching energy supplier. Such fees make calculating the best product or service more difficult and diminish the immediate financial advantage of switching. Although removing such fees may limit consumer choice by eliminating products based on rewarding consumer loyalty, restricting their use further should improve consumer welfare, consumer engagement and competition in the market.	

35. (22a) Shorter expected switching times can encourage consumers to search for better energy deals and switch suppliers. The increased deployment of information technology will mean that the technical switching process of registering a new supplier in a metering point at the market operator should typically be able to be completed within 24 hours on any working day by the year 2025. Notwithstanding other steps in the switching process that must be completed before the technical process of switching is initiated, ensuring the technical process of switching can take place within 24 hours by this date will minimise switching times, helping to increase consumer engagement and retail competition. In any case, the total duration of the switching process should not exceed three weeks from the date of the customer notification.

(23) Independent comparison tools including websites are an effective means for customers to assess the merits of different energy offers available on the market. Search costs are lower as they no longer need to collect information from individual suppliers and service providers. Such tools can provide the right balance between the need for information to be clear and concise and the need for it to be complete and comprehensive. They should aim at including the broadest possible range of available offers, and at covering the market as completely as is feasible so as to give the customer a representative overview.. It is crucial that the information given on such tools be trustworthy, impartial and transparent.

(23) Independent comparison tools including websites are an effective means for smaller customers to assess the merits of different energy offers available on the market. Search costs are lower as they no longer need to collect information from individual suppliers and service providers. Such tools can provide the right balance between the need for information to be clear and concise and the need for it to be complete and comprehensive. They should aim at including the broadest possible range of available offers, and at covering the market as completely as is feasible so as to give the customer a representative overview. It is crucial that consumers have access to at least one comparison tool and that the information given on such tools be trustworthy, impartial and transparent. Member States may provide for this through a comparison tool that is operated by a national authority or a verified comparison tool that is operated by a private company.

(23)Independent comparison tools including websites are an effective means for **smaller** customers to assess the merits of different energy offers available on the market. Search costs are lower as they no longer need to collect information from individual suppliers and service providers. Such tools can provide the right balance between the need for information to be clear and concise and the need for it to be complete and comprehensive. They should aim at including the broadest possible range of available offers, and at covering the market as completely as is feasible so as to give the customer a representative overview. It is crucial that consumers have access to at least one comparison tool and that the information given on such tools be trustworthy, impartial and transparent. Member States may provide for this through a comparison tool that is operated by a national authority or a private company.

37.	(24) Greater consumer protection is			
	guaranteed by the availability of			
	effective means of dispute settlement			
	for all consumers. Member States			
	should introduce speedy and effective			
	complaint handling procedures.			
	37.			

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- (24) Greater consumer protection is guaranteed by the availability of effective means of *independent* dispute settlement *mechanisms* for all consumers, *such as energy ombudsman or a consumer body*. Member States should introduce speedy and effective complaint handling procedures.
- (24) Greater consumer protection is guaranteed by the availability of effective means of dispute settlement for all consumers. Member States should introduce speedy and effective complaint handling procedures.

(25) All consumers should be able to benefit from directly participating in the market, in particular by adjusting their consumption according to market signals and in return benefit from lower electricity prices or other incentive payments. The benefits of this active participation are likely to increase over time when electric vehicles, heat pumps and other flexible loads become more competitive. Consumers should be enabled to participate in all forms of demand response and therefore should have the possibility to opt for having a smart metering system and a dynamic electricity pricing contract. This should allow them to adjust their consumption according to real time price signals that reflect the value and cost of electricity or transportation in different time periods, while Member States should ensure a reasonable exposure of consumers to the wholesale price risk. Member States should also ensure that those consumers who choose not to

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(25) All consumers should be able to benefit from directly participating in the market, in particular by adjusting their consumption according to market signals and in return benefit from lower electricity prices or other incentive payments. The benefits of this active participation are likely to increase over time when the awareness of otherwise passive consumers is raised about their possibilities as active consumers and when the information on the possibilities of active participation are better accessible and known Consumers should be enabled to participate in all forms of demand response and therefore should have the possibility to benefit from the full roll-out of smart metering systems, and in cases where such a roll out has been negatively assessed, they should be able to opt for having a smart metering system and a dynamic

(25) All consumers should be able to benefit from directly participating in the market, in particular by adjusting their consumption according to market signals and in return benefit from lower electricity prices or other incentive payments. The benefits of this active participation are likely to increase over time when electric vehicles, heat pumps and other flexible loads become more competitive. Consumers should be enabled to participate in all forms of demand response and therefore should have the possibility to opt for having a smart metering system and a dynamic electricity pricing contract. This should allow them to adjust their consumption according to real time price signals that reflect the value and cost of electricity or transportation in different time periods, while Member States should ensure a reasonable exposure of consumers to the wholesale price

	actively engage in the market are not penalised but instead their informed decision making on the options available to them should be facilitated in the manner that is the most suitable for domestic market conditions.	electricity pricing contract. This should allow them to adjust their consumption according to real time price signals that reflect the value and cost of electricity or transportation in different time periods, while Member States should ensure a reasonable exposure of consumers to the wholesale price risk. Consumers should be informed about potential price risk of dynamic price contracts. Member States should also ensure that those consumers who choose not to actively engage in the market are not penalised but instead their informed decision making on the options available to them should be	risk. Member States should also ensure that those consumers who choose not to actively engage in the market are not penalised but instead their informed decision making on the options available to them should be facilitated in the manner that is the most suitable for domestic market conditions.	
		facilitated in the manner that is the most suitable for domestic market conditions.		
39.		Conditions.		Provisionally agreed (AM 54, line 254): (25 a) In order to maximise the benefits and effectiveness of dynamic electricity pricing, Member States should assess the potential for making more dynamic or reducing the share of fixed components in electricity bills, and where such potential exists, take appropriate action.

(26) All customer groups (industrial, commercial and households) should have access to the energy markets to trade their flexibility and selfgenerated electricity. Customers should be allowed to make full use of the advantages of aggregation of production and supply over larger regions and benefit from cross-border competition. Aggregators are likely to play an important role as intermediaries between customer groups and the market. Transparent and fair rules should be established to also allow independent aggregators to fulfil this role. Products should be defined on all organised energy markets, including ancillary services and capacity markets so as to encourage the participation of demand response.

(26) All customer groups (industrial, commercial and households) should have access to the energy markets to trade their flexibility and self-generated electricity. Customers should be allowed to make full use of the advantages of aggregation of production and supply over larger regions and benefit from cross-border competition. [] Market participants engaged in aggregation are likely to play an important role as intermediaries between customer groups and the market. Member States should be free to choose the appropriate implementation model and approach to governance, for independent aggregation while respecting the general principles as laid out in this Directive. This could include market-based or regulatory principles which provide solutions which achieve the provisions set out in this Directive, including models where imbalances are corrected. The chosen model should contain transparent and fair rules [] to [] allow independent aggregators to fulfil this role and to ensure, that the final customer adequately benefits from their activity. Products should be defined on all [] energy markets, including ancillary services and capacity markets so as to encourage the participation of demand response.

41.	(27) The 'European Strategy for Low	(27) The European Strategy for
	Emission Mobility' ¹² stresses the need	Low Emission Mobility' ¹³ stresses
	for the decarbonisation of the transport	the need for the decarbonisation of
	sector and the reduction of its	the transport sector and the reduction
	emissions especially in urban areas and	of its emissions especially in urban
	highlights the important role that	areas and highlights the important
	electro-mobility can play in	role that electro-mobility can play in
	contributing to these objectives.	contributing to these objectives.
	Moreover, the deployment of electro-	Moreover, the deployment of electro-
	mobility constitutes an important	mobility constitutes an important
	element of the energy transition.	element of the energy transition.
	Market rules set out in this Directive	Market rules set out in this Directive
	should therefore contribute to creating	should therefore contribute to
	favourable conditions for electric	creating favourable conditions for
	vehicles of all kinds. In particular, they	electric vehicles of all kinds. In
	should safeguard the effective	particular, they should safeguard the
	deployment of publicly accessible and	effective deployment of publicly
	private recharging points for electric	accessible and private recharging
	vehicles and ensure the efficient	points for electric vehicles and
	integration of vehicle charging into	ensure the efficient integration of
	system operation.	vehicle charging into system
		operation.
42.	(28) Demand response will be pivotal	(28) Demand response will be
	to enable smart charging of electric	pivotal to enable smart charging of
	vehicles and thereby enable the	electric vehicles and thereby enable
	efficient integration of electric vehicles	the efficient integration of electric
	into the electricity grid which will be	vehicles into the electricity grid
	crucial for the decarbonisation of	which will be crucial for the process
	transport.	of decarbonisation of transport.

¹² SWD(2016) 244 final SWD(2016) 244 final

¹³

(29) Consumers should be able to consume, store and/or sell selfgenerated electricity to the market. New technology developments will facilitate these activities in the future. However, legal and commercial barriers exist including for example disproportionate fees for internally consumed electricity, obligations to feed self- generated electricity to the energy system, administrative burdens such as for self- generators who sell electricity to the system to comply with the requirements for suppliers, etc. All these obstacles that prevent consumers from self-generating and from consuming, storing or selling self-generated electricity to the market should be removed while it should be ensured that self-generating consumers contribute adequately to system costs.

(29) Consumers should be able to consume, store and/or sell selfgenerated electricity to the market. New technology developments will facilitate these activities in the future. However, legal and commercial barriers exist including for example disproportionate fees for internally consumed electricity, obligations to feed self- generated electricity to the energy system, administrative burdens such as for self- generators who sell electricity to the system to comply with the requirements for suppliers, etc. All these obstacles that prevent consumers from selfgenerating and from consuming, storing or selling self-generated electricity to the market should be removed while it should be ensured that self-generating consumers contribute adequately to system costs. Member States may have different governing provisions with respect to taxes and levies for individual and jointly acting final customers as well as for household and other final customers in their national legislation.

(30) Distributed energy technologies and consumer empowerment have made community energy and energy cooperatives an effective and costefficient way to meet citizens' needs and expectations regarding energy sources, services and local participation. Community energy offers an inclusive option for all consumers to have a direct stake in producing, consuming or sharing energy between each other within a geographically confined community network that may operate in an isolated mode or be connected to the public distribution network Community energy initiatives focus primarily on providing affordable energy of a specific kind, such as renewable energy, for their members or shareholders rather than prioritising profit-making like a traditional energy company. By directly engaging with consumers community energy initiatives are demonstrating their potential in facilitating the up-take of new technologies and consumption patterns, including smart distribution grids and demand response, in an integrated manner. Community energy can also advance energy efficiency at household level and help fight energy poverty through reduced consumption and lower supply tariffs. Community energy also enables certain groups of

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(30) Distributed energy technologies and consumer empowerment have made community energy and energy cooperatives an effective and cost-efficient way to meet citizens' needs and expectations regarding energy sources, services and local participation. Community energy offers an inclusive option for all consumers to have a direct stake in producing, consuming or sharing energy between each other, on the basis of open and voluntary participation, within a geographically confined community network that may operate in an isolated mode or be connected to the public distribution network. Community energy initiatives focus primarily on providing affordable energy of a specific kind, such as renewable energy, for their members or shareholders, contributing to bringing benefits to local communities and to representing local interests, and rather than prioritising profit-making like a traditional energy company. By directly engaging with consumers community energy initiatives are demonstrating their potential in facilitating the up-take of new technologies and consumption patterns, including smart distribution

(30) Distributed energy technologies and consumer empowerment have made community energy [] an effective and costefficient way to meet citizens' needs and expectations regarding energy sources, services and local participation. Community energy offers an inclusive option for all consumers to have a direct stake in producing, consuming or sharing energy between each other []. Community energy initiatives focus primarily on providing affordable energy of a specific kind, such as renewable energy, for their members or shareholders rather than prioritising profit-making like a traditional energy company. By directly engaging with consumers community energy initiatives are demonstrating their potential in facilitating the up-take of new technologies and consumption patterns, including smart distribution grids and demand response, in an integrated manner. Community energy can also advance energy efficiency at household level and help fight energy poverty through reduced consumption and lower supply tariffs. Community energy also enables certain groups of household consumers to participate in the energy market who otherwise

household consumers to participate in the energy market who otherwise might not have been able to do so. Where they have been successfully operated such initiatives have delivered economic, social and environmental value to the community that goes beyond the mere benefits derived from the provision of energy services. Local energy communities should be allowed to operate on the market on a level-playing field without distorting competition. Household consumers should be allowed to voluntarily participate in a community energy initiative as well as to leave it, without losing access to the network operated by the community energy initiative or their rights as consumers. Access to a local energy community's network should be granted on fair and cost-reflective terms.

grids and demand response, in an integrated manner. Community energy can also advance energy efficiency at household level and help fight energy poverty through reduced consumption and lower supply tariffs. Community energy also enables certain groups of household consumers to participate in the energy market who otherwise might not have been able to do so. Where they have been successfully operated such initiatives have delivered economic, social and environmental value to the community that goes beyond the mere benefits derived from the provision of energy services. Local energy communities should be allowed to operate on the market on a level-playing field without distorting competition. Household consumers should be allowed to voluntarily participate in a community energy initiative as well as to leave it, without losing access to the network operated by the community energy initiative or their rights as consumers. Access to a local energy community's network should be granted on fair and cost-reflective terms.

might not have been able to do so. Where they have been successfully operated such initiatives have delivered economic, social and environmental value to the community that goes beyond the mere benefits derived from the provision of energy services. [] The Directive aims at recognizing certain categories of citizen energy initiatives at the European level as "energy community" to provide them with an enabling framework, fair treatment, a level playing field and a well-defined catalogue of rights and obligations. Household consumers should be allowed to voluntarily participate in a community energy initiative as well as to leave it, without losing access to the network operated by the community energy initiative or their rights as consumers. Access to a [] energy community's network should be granted on fair and cost-reflective terms.

45.

(30a) Energy community membership is open to all categories of entities, however the decision-making powers within an energy community should be limited to those members or shareholders that are not engaged in large scale commercial activity and for which the energy sector does not constitute a primary area of economic activity. Energy communities, as defined in the Directive, are deemed a category of citizens' initiatives that should be subject to recognition and protection under the Union law. The definition of energy communities does not prevent the existence of other citizen initiatives such as those stemming from private law agreements. Therefore, it should be possible for Member States to choose any form of entity for energy communities as long as such an entity may, acting in its own name, exercise rights and be subject to obligations.

(30a) Citizens energy community membership is open to all categories of entities, however the decision-making powers within a citizens energy community should be limited to those members or shareholders that are not engaged in large scale commercial activity and for which the energy sector does not constitute a primary area of economic activity. Citizens energy communities, as defined in the Directive, are deemed a category of citizens' or local actors' cooperation that should be subject to recognition and protection under the Union law. The definition of citizens energy communities does not prevent the existence of other citizen initiatives such as those stemming from private law agreements.

Therefore, it should be possible

for Member States to choose any

form of entity for <u>citizens</u> energy communities, for example an

association, a cooperative, a partnership, a non-profit organisation or SME, as long as such an entity may, acting in its own name, exercise rights and be

subject to obligations.

Provisionally agreed:

46.		(30b) The provisions on energy	Provisionally agreed:
		communities contain a catalogue of	(30b) The provisions on citizens
		applicable rights and obligations,	energy communities contain a
		which could be deduced from	catalogue of applicable rights and
		other, already existing rules, such	obligations, which could be
		as the freedom of contracting,	deduced from other, already
		supplier switching rules,	existing rules, such as the freedom
		distribution system operator	of contracting, supplier switching
		responsibilities, network charges,	rules, distribution system operator
		,	
		balancing obligation.	responsibilities, network charges,
47		(20) E	balancing obligation.
47.		(30c) Energy communities	Provisionally agreed:
		constitute a new type of entity due	(30c) <u>Citizens</u> energy
		to their membership structure,	communities constitute a new type
		governance requirements and	of entity due to their membership
		purpose. They should be allowed to	structure, governance
		operate on the market on a level-	requirements and purpose. They
		playing field without distorting	should be allowed to operate on
		competition subject to the same	the market on a level-playing field
		rights and obligations as the other	without distorting competition
		electricity undertakings. The rights	subject to the same rights and
		and obligations should apply	obligations as the other electricity
		according to the roles undertaken	undertakings. The rights and
		such as the roles of final customers,	obligations should apply
		generators, suppliers, distribution	according to the roles undertaken
		system operators. Energy	such as the roles of final
		communities should not face	customers, generators, suppliers,
		regulatory restrictions if they	distribution system operators.
		apply existing or future ICT	Citizens energy communities
		technologies to share electricity	should not face regulatory
		from generation assets within the	restrictions if they apply existing
		community between its members	or future ICT technologies to
		or shareholders based on market	share electricity from generation
		principles, for example by	assets within the community
		offsetting the energy component of	between its members or
		members using the generation	shareholders based on market

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available within the community. even over the public network, provided that both metering points belong to the community. Virtual sharing enables members to be supplied with electricity from the generation plants within the community without being in direct physical proximity or behind a single metering point. Where electricity is shared over the public network it should not affect the collection of network charges, tariffs, taxes and levies related to electricity flows. The sharing should be facilitated according the obligations and correct timeframes for balancing, metering and settlement. The provisions on energy communities do not interfere with the Member States' competence to design and implement their policies for the energy sector related to taxation, network charges and tariffs or energy policy financing systems and cost sharing as long as those policies are non-discriminatory and lawful.

principles, for example by offsetting the energy component of members using the generation available within the community. even over the public network, provided that both metering points belong to the community. **Electricity sharing enables** members to be supplied with electricity from the generation plants within the community without being in direct physical proximity or behind a single metering point. Where electricity is shared it should not affect the collection of network charges, tariffs and levies related to electricity flows. The sharing should be facilitated according the obligations and correct timeframes for balancing, metering and settlement. The provisions on citizens energy communities do not interfere with the Member States' competence to design and implement their policies for the energy sector related to network charges and tariffs or energy policy financing systems and cost sharing as long as those policies are nondiscriminatory and lawful.

48.

(30d) The Directive foresees a possibility for Member States to allow an energy community to become a distribution system operator either under the general regime or in accordance with Art. 38 as the so-called "Closed **Distribution System Operator".** Once an energy community is granted the status as a distribution system operator, it should be treated and be subject to the same obligations as distribution system operators. The provisions on energy communities only clarifies aspects of distribution system operation that are likely to be relevant for energy communities, while other aspects on distribution system operation apply according to the provisions on distribution system operators.

Provisionally agreed: (30d) The Directive foresees a possibility for Member States to allow a citizens energy community to become a distribution system operator either under the general regime or in accordance with Art. 38 as the so-called "Closed **Distribution System Operator".** Once a citizens energy community is granted the status as a distribution system operator, it should be treated and be subject to the same obligations as distribution system operators. The provisions on citizens energy communities only clarifies aspects of distribution system operation that are likely to be relevant for citizens energy communities, while other aspects on distribution system operation apply according to the provisions on distribution

system operators.

(31) Energy bills and annual statements are an important means through which customers are informed. As well as data on consumption and costs, they can also convey other information that helps consumers to compare their current deal with other offers. However, considering that billrelated disputes are a very common source of consumer complaints, a factor which contributes to persistently low levels of consumer satisfaction and engagement in the energy sector, it is necessary to make bills and annual statements clearer and easier to understand, as well as to ensure that bills contain all the information necessary to enable consumers to regulate their energy consumption, compare offers and switch suppliers.

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(31) Energy bills and annual statements are an important means through which customers are informed. Energy bills and annual statements provide data on consumption and costs, while they can also convey other information that helps consumers to compare their current deal with other offers. However, considering that billrelated disputes are a very common source of consumer complaints, bills and annual statements contribute to persistently low levels of consumer satisfaction and engagement in the energy sector. *Therefore* it is necessary to make bills and annual statements clearer and easier to understand, as well as to ensure that bills contain all the information necessary to enable consumers to regulate their energy consumption, compare offers and switch suppliers.

(31) Energy bills [] are an important means through which customers are informed. As well as data on consumption and costs, they can also convey other information that helps consumers to compare their current deal with other offers. However, [] bill-related disputes are a very common source of consumer complaints, a factor which contributes to persistently low levels of consumer satisfaction and engagement in the energy sector. It is therefore necessary to make bills [] clearer and easier to understand, as well as to ensure that bills and billing information [] prominently display a limited number of important information items that are necessary to enable consumers to regulate their energy consumption, compare offers and switch suppliers. Other information items should be available to final customers in. with or signposted to within their bills. These can be displayed in the bill, be in a separate document attached to the bill, or the bill can contain a reference to where the customer can easily find the information on a website, app or through other means.

50.	(31a) The regular provision of accurate billing information based on actual consumption, facilitated by smart meters, is important for helping consumers to control their electricity consumption and costs. Nevertheless, consumers, in particular household consumers, should have access to flexible arrangements for actual payment. This enables, for example, consumers to be provided frequent billing information whilst only paying on a quarterly basis, or products where the consumer pays the same amount every month independent of the actual consumption.
51.	(31b) The provisions on billing provided for in Directive 2012/27/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹⁴ should be updated, streamlined and moved to Directive 2009/72/EC, where they fit more coherently.

Directive 2012/27/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on energy efficiency, amending Directives 2009/125/EC and 2010/30/EU and repealing Directives 2004/8/EC and 2006/32/EC (OJ L 315, 14.11.2012, p. 1).

52.	(32) Member States should	AM 15	(32) Member States should	
	encourage the modernisation of	(32) Member States should	encourage the modernisation of	
	distribution networks, such as through	encourage the modernisation of	distribution networks, such as	
	the introduction of smart grids, which	distribution networks, such as	through the introduction of smart	
	should be built in a way that	through the introduction of smart	grids, which should be built in a way	
	encourages decentralised generation	grids, which should be built in a way	that encourages decentralised	
	and energy efficiency.	that encourages decentralised	generation and energy efficiency.	
		generation, energy storage and		
		energy efficiency.		
53.	(33) Engaging consumers requires		(33) Engaging consumers requires	
	appropriate incentives and		appropriate incentives and	
	technologies such as smart metering.		technologies such as smart metering.	
	Smart metering systems empower		Smart metering systems empower	
	consumers as they allow them to		consumers as they allow them to	
	receive accurate and near-real time		receive accurate and near-real time	
	feedback on their energy consumption		feedback on their energy	
	or generation allowing them to manage		consumption or generation allowing	
	it better, participate in and reap		them to manage it better, participate	
	benefits from demand side response		in and reap benefits from demand	
	programmes and other services, and		side response programmes and other	
	lower their electricity bill. Smart		services, and lower their electricity	
	metering also enables distribution		bill. Smart metering also enables	
	system operators to have better		distribution system operators to have	
	visibility of their networks, and		better visibility of their networks, and	
	consequently reduce their operation		consequently reduce their operation	
	and maintenance costs and pass those		and maintenance costs and pass those	
	savings to the distribution tariffs which		savings to the distribution tariffs	
	are ultimately borne by consumers.		which are ultimately borne by	
			consumers.	
54.	(34) When it comes to deciding at	AM 16	(34) When it comes to deciding at	
	national level on the smart metering	(34) When it comes to deciding at	national level on the smart metering	
	deployment, it should be possible to	national level on the smart metering	deployment, it should be possible to	
	base this on an economic assessment.	deployment, it should be possible to	base this on an economic assessment.	
	Should that assessment conclude that	base this on an economic assessment.	Should that assessment conclude that	
	the introduction of such metering	This economic assessment should	the introduction of such metering	
	systems is economically reasonable	take into account the long term	systems is economically reasonable	

	and cost-effective only for consumers	benefits of smart metering	and cost-effective only for consumers	
	with a certain amount of electricity	deployment for the whole value	with a certain amount of electricity	
	consumption, Member States should	chain, in particular for better	consumption, Member States should	
	be able to take that into account when	network management, more precise	be able to take that into account	
	proceeding with implementation.	planning and identification of	when proceeding with	
	Transfer Programme	network losses. Should that	implementation.	
		assessment conclude that the	F	
		introduction of such metering		
		systems is cost-effective only for		
		consumers with a certain amount of		
		electricity consumption, Member		
		States should be able to take that into		
		account when proceeding with		
		implementation. <i>This assessment</i>		
		should however be reviewed		
		regularly and at least every two		
		years in light of the fast evolving		
		technological developments.		
55.	(35) Member States that are not		(35) Member States that are not	
	systematically rolling out smart		systematically rolling out smart	
	metering should give the possibility to		metering should give the possibility	
	consumers to benefit, upon request and		to consumers to benefit, upon request	
	under fair and reasonable conditions,		and under fair and reasonable	
	and by providing them with all the		conditions, and by providing them	
	relevant information, from the		with all the relevant information,	
	installation of an electricity smart		from the installation of an electricity	
	meter. Where consumers do not have		smart meter. Where consumers do	
	smart meters, they should be entitled to		not have smart meters, they should	
	meters that fulfil the minimum		be entitled to meters that fulfil the	
	requirements necessary to provide		minimum requirements necessary to	
	them with the billing information		provide them with the billing	
	specified in this Directive.		information specified in this	
			Directive.	

56.	(36) In order to assist consumers'			
	active participation in the electricity			
	market, the smart metering systems to			
	be deployed by Member States in their			
	territory should be interoperable, not			
	represent a barrier to switching of			
	supplier, and should be equipped with			
	fit-for-purpose functionalities that			
	allow consumers to have near-real time			
	access to their consumption data,			
	modulate their energy consumption			
	and, to the extent that the supporting			
	infrastructure permits, offer their			
	flexibility to the network and to energy			
	services companies, be rewarded for it,			
	and achieve savings in their electricity			
	bill.			

(36) In order to assist consumers' active participation in the electricity market, the smart metering systems to be deployed by Member States in their territory should be interoperable, not represent a barrier to switching of supplier, and should be equipped with fit-for-purpose functionalities that allow consumers to have near-real time access to their consumption data, modulate their energy consumption and, to the extent that the supporting infrastructure permits, offer their flexibility to the network and to energy services companies, be rewarded for it, and achieve savings in their electricity bill.

- (37) A key aspect of supplying customers is access to objective and transparent consumption data. Thus, consumers should have access to their consumption data and associated prices and services costs so that they can invite competitors to make an offer based on those data. Consumers should also have the right to be properly informed about their energy consumption. Prepayments should not place a disproportionate disadvantage at their users, while different payment systems should be non-discriminatory. Information on energy costs provided to consumers frequently enough will create incentives for energy savings because it will give customers direct
- (37) A key aspect of supplying *final* customers is access to objective, *timely* and transparent consumption data. Thus, consumers should have access to their consumption data and associated prices and services costs so that they can invite competitors to make an offer based on those data. Consumers should also have the right to be properly informed about their energy consumption. Prepayments should not place a disproportionate disadvantage at their users, while different payment systems should be non-discriminatory. Information on energy costs provided to *final*

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(37) A key aspect of supplying customers is access to objective and transparent consumption data. Thus, consumers should have access to their consumption data and associated prices and services costs so that they can invite competitors to make an offer based on those data. Consumers should also have the right to be properly informed about their energy consumption. Prepayments should not place a disproportionate disadvantage at their users, while different payment systems should be non-discriminatory. Information on energy costs provided to consumers frequently enough will create incentives for energy savings because

	feedback on the effects of investment in energy efficiency and change of behaviour. In this respect, full implementation of Directive 2012/27/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹⁵ will help consumers to reduce their energy costs.	consumers frequently enough will create incentives for energy savings because it will give <i>final</i> customers direct feedback on the effects of investment in energy efficiency and change of behaviour. In this respect, full implementation of Directive 2012/27/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ³⁵ will help consumers to reduce their energy costs.	it will give customers direct feedback on the effects of investment in energy efficiency and change of behaviour. In this respect, full implementation of Directive 2012/27/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹⁶ will help consumers to reduce their energy costs.	
58.	(38) Currently different models for the management of data have been developed or are under development in the Member States following the deployment of smart metering systems. Independently of the data management model it is important that Member States put in place transparent rules under which data can be accessed under non-discriminatory conditions and ensure the highest level of cybersecurity and data protection as well as the impartiality of the entities which handle data.	AM 18 (38) Currently different models for the management of data have been developed or are under development in the Member States following the deployment of smart metering systems. Independently of the data management model it is important that Member States put in place transparent rules under which data can be accessed and exchanged under non-discriminatory conditions and in an effective manner and ensure the highest level of data integrity, cybersecurity and data protection as well as the impartiality of the entities which handle data. Member States should also ensure that consumers remain in control and owners of the consumption	(38) Currently different models for the management of data have been developed or are under development in the Member States following the deployment of smart metering systems. Independently of the data management model it is important that Member States put in place transparent rules under which data can be accessed under non-discriminatory conditions and ensure the highest level of cybersecurity and data protection as well as the impartiality of the entities which handle data.	

Directive 2012/27/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on energy efficiency, amending Directives 2009/125/EC and 2010/30/EU and repealing Directives 2004/8/EC and 2006/32/EC (OJ L 315, 14.11.2012, p. 1).

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Directive 2012/27/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on energy efficiency, amending Directives 2009/125/EC and 2010/30/EU and repealing Directives 2004/8/EC and 2006/32/EC (OJ L 315, 14.11.2012, p. 1).

		data, in particular by being able to identify themselves, give or		
		withdraw consent in an easy		
		manner in accordance with Union		
		data protection legislation.		
59.	(39) Member States should take the		(39) Member States should take the	
	necessary measures to protect		necessary measures to protect	
	vulnerable and energy poor customers		vulnerable and energy poor	
	in the context of the internal market in		customers in the context of the	
	electricity. Such measures may differ		internal market in electricity. Such	
	according to the particular		measures may differ according to the	
	circumstances in the Member States in		particular circumstances in the	
	question and may include social or		Member States in question and may	
	energy policy measures relating to the		include social or energy policy	
	payment of electricity bills, investment		measures relating to the payment of	
	in residential energy efficiency or		electricity bills, investment in	
	consumer protection such as		residential energy efficiency or	
	disconnection safeguards. Where		consumer protection such as	
	universal service is also provided to		disconnection safeguards. Where	
	small enterprises, measures to ensure		universal service is also provided to	
	that such universal service is provided		small enterprises, measures to ensure	
	may differ according to whether they		that such universal service is	
	are aimed at household customers or		provided may differ according to	
	small enterprises.		whether they are aimed at household	
			customers or small enterprises.	
60.	(40) Energy services are fundamental	AM 19	(40) Energy services are	
	to safeguard the well-being of the	(40) Energy <i>supply is</i> fundamental	fundamental to safeguard the well-	
	Union citizens. Adequate warmth,	to safeguard the well-being of the	being of the Union citizens.	
	cooling, lighting and the energy to	Union citizens. <i>Heating</i> , cooling,	Adequate warmth, cooling, lighting	
	power appliances are essential services	lighting and the energy to power	and the energy to power appliances	
	to guarantee a decent standard of	appliances are essential to guarantee	are essential services to guarantee a	
	living and citizens' health.	a decent standard of living and	decent standard of living and citizens'	
	Furthermore, access to these energy	citizens' health. Furthermore, access	health. Furthermore, access to these	
	services empowers European citizens	to energy empowers European	energy services empowers European	
	to fulfil their potential and it enhances	citizens to fulfil their potential and it	citizens to fulfil their potential and it	
	social inclusion. Energy poor	enhances social inclusion. Energy	enhances social inclusion. Energy	

households are unable to afford these energy services due to a combination of low income, high energy expenditure and poor energy efficiency of their homes. Member States should collect the right information to monitor the number of households in energy poverty. Accurate measurement should assist Member States to identify those households affected by energy poverty in order to provide targeted support. The Commission should actively support the implementation of the provisions on energy poverty by facilitating the sharing of good practices between Member States.

poor households are unable to afford these energy services due to a combination of low income, high energy expenditure and poor energy efficiency of their homes. Member States should collect the right information to monitor the number of households in energy poverty. Accurate measurement should assist Member States to identify those households affected by energy poverty in order to provide targeted support through their social welfare systems or other policy measures. The Commission should actively support the implementation of the provisions on energy poverty by facilitating the sharing of good practices between Member States.

poor households are unable to afford these energy services due to a combination of low income, high energy expenditure and poor energy efficiency of their homes. Member States should collect the right information to monitor the number of households in energy poverty. Accurate measurement should assist Member States to identify those households affected by energy poverty in order to provide targeted support. The Commission should actively support the implementation of the provisions on energy poverty by facilitating the sharing of good practices between Member States.

(41) Member States which are 61. affected by energy poverty and which have not yet done so should therefore develop national action plans or other appropriate frameworks to tackle this problem, aiming at decreasing the number of people suffering such situation. Low income, high energy expenditure, and poor energy efficiency of homes are relevant factors in designing indicators for the measurement of energy poverty. In any event, Member States should ensure the necessary energy supply for vulnerable and energy poor customers. In doing so, an integrated approach, such as in the framework of energy

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(41) Energy poverty is a growing problem in the Union. Member States which are affected by energy poverty and which have not yet done so should therefore develop national action plans or other appropriate frameworks to tackle *energy poverty*, aiming at decreasing the number of energy poor customers. Low income, high energy expenditure, and poor energy efficiency of homes are relevant factors in designing indicators for the measurement of energy poverty. In any event, Member States should ensure the necessary energy supply for

(41) Member States which are affected by energy poverty and which have not yet done so should therefore develop national action plans or other appropriate frameworks to tackle this problem, aiming at decreasing the number of people suffering such situation. Low income, high energy expenditure, and poor energy efficiency of homes are, among others, relevant factors in designing indicators for the measurement of energy poverty. In any event, Member States should ensure the necessary energy supply for vulnerable and energy poor customers. In doing so, an integrated

		and social policy, could be used and measures could include social policies or energy efficiency improvements for housing. At the very least, this Directive should allow national policies in favour of vulnerable and energy poor customers.	vulnerable and energy poor customers. In doing so, an integrated approach, such as in the framework of energy and social policy, could be used and measures could include social policies or energy efficiency improvements for housing. This Directive should <i>enhance</i> national policies in favour of vulnerable and	approach, such as in the framework of energy and social policy, could be used and measures could include social policies or energy efficiency improvements for housing. At the very least, this Directive should allow national policies in favour of vulnerable and energy poor customers.	
			energy poor customers.	customers.	
•	62.	(42) Distribution system operators have to cost-efficiently integrate new electricity generation especially generating installations using renewable energy sources and new loads such as heat pumps and electric vehicles. For this purpose distribution system operators should be enabled and incentivised to use services from distributed energy resources such as demand response and energy storage, based on market procedures, in order to efficiently operate their networks and avoid costly network expansions. Member States should put in place appropriate measures such as national network codes and market rules, and incentivise distribution system operators through network tariffs which do not create obstacles to flexibility or to the improvement of energy efficiency in the grid. Member States should also introduce network development plans for distribution systems in order to support the integration of generating installations	energy poor customers.	(42) Distribution system operators have to cost-efficiently integrate new electricity generation especially generating installations using renewable energy sources and new loads such as heat pumps and electric vehicles. For this purpose distribution system operators should be enabled and incentivised to use services from distributed energy resources such as demand response and energy storage, based on market procedures, in order to efficiently operate their networks and avoid costly network expansions. Member States should put in place appropriate measures such as national network codes and market rules, and incentivise distribution system operators through network tariffs which do not create obstacles to flexibility or to the improvement of energy efficiency in the grid. Member States should also introduce network development plans for distribution systems in order to	

	using renewable energy sources, facilitate the development of storage facilities and the electrification of the transport sector, and provide to system users adequate information regarding the foreseen expansions or upgrades of the network, as currently such procedure does not exist in the majority of Member States.	support the integration of generating installations using renewable energy sources, facilitate the development of storage facilities and the electrification of the transport sector, and provide to system users adequate information regarding the foreseen expansions or upgrades of the network, as currently such procedure does not exist in the majority of Member States.	
63.		(42a) Network operators should not own, develop, manage or operate energy storage facilities. In the new electricity market design storage services should be market-based and competitive. Consequently, cross-subsidization between storage and the regulated function of distribution or transmission of electricity should be avoided. Such restriction on storage facilities ownership is to prevent distortion of competition, eliminate the risk of discrimination, safeguard fair access to storage services to all market participants and to foster effective and efficient use of storage facilities, beyond the operation of the distribution or transmission system. This should be interpreted and applied in accordance with the rights and principles established under the	(42a) Network operators should not own, develop, manage or operate energy storage facilities. In the new electricity market design storage services should be market-based and competitive. Consequently, cross-subsidization between storage and the regulated function of distribution or transmission of electricity should be avoided. Such restriction on storage facilities ownership is to prevent distortion of competition, eliminate the risk of discrimination, safeguard fair access to storage services to all market participants and to foster effective and efficient use of storage facilities, beyond the operation of the distribution or transmission system. This should be interpreted and applied in accordance with the rights and principles established under the

		Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union, in particular the freedom to conduct a business and the right to property guaranteed by Articles 16 and 17 of the Charter.	Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union, in particular the freedom to conduct a business and the right to property guaranteed by Articles 16 and 17 of the Charter.
64.	(43) Non-discriminatory access to the distribution network determines downstream access to customers at retail level. To create a level playing field at retail level, the activities of distribution system operators should therefore be monitored so that they are prevented from taking advantage of their vertical integration as regards their competitive position on the market, in particular in relation to household and small non-household customers.	(43) Non-discriminatory access to the distribution network determines downstream access to customers at retail level. To create a level playing field at retail level, the activities of distribution system operators should therefore be monitored so that they are prevented from taking advantage of their vertical integration as regards their competitive position on the market, in particular in relation to household and small non-household customers.	

65.	(44) Where a closed distribution system is used to ensure the optimal efficiency of an integrated energy supply requiring specific operational standards, or a closed distribution system is maintained primarily for the use of the owner of the system, it should be possible to exempt the distribution system operator from obligations which would constitute an unnecessary administrative burden because of the particular nature of the relationship between the distribution system operator and the users of the system. Industrial, commercial or shared services sites such as train station buildings, airports, hospitals, large camping sites with integrated facilities or chemical industry sites can include closed distribution systems because of the specialised nature of their operations.	(44) Where a closed distribution system is used to ensure the optimal efficiency of an integrated energy supply requiring specific operational standards, or <i>when</i> a closed distribution system is maintained primarily for the use of the owner of the system, it should be possible to exempt the distribution system operator from obligations which would constitute an unnecessary administrative burden because of the particular nature of the relationship between the distribution system operator and the users of the system. Industrial, commercial or shared services sites such as train station buildings, airports, hospitals, large camping sites with integrated facilities or chemical industry sites can include closed distribution systems because of the specialised nature of their operations.	(44) Where a closed distribution system is used to ensure the optimal efficiency of an integrated energy supply requiring specific operational standards, or a closed distribution system is maintained primarily for the use of the owner of the system, it should be possible to exempt the distribution system operator from obligations which would constitute an unnecessary administrative burden because of the particular nature of the relationship between the distribution system operator and the users of the system. Industrial, commercial or shared services sites such as train station buildings, airports, hospitals, large camping sites with integrated facilities or chemical industry sites can include closed distribution systems because of the specialised nature of their operations.	
66.	(45) In order to secure competition and the supply of electricity at the most competitive price, Member States and national regulatory authorities should facilitate cross-border access for new suppliers of electricity from		(45) In order to secure competition and the supply of electricity at the most competitive price, Member States and national regulatory authorities should facilitate cross-border access for new suppliers of	
	different energy sources as well as for new providers of power generation.		electricity from different energy sources as well as for new providers of power generation.	
67.	(46) Without effective separation of networks from activities of generation and supply (effective unbundling),		(46) Without effective separation of networks from activities of generation and supply (effective	

	there is an inherent risk of	unboundings) the are in an inhoment risk
		unbundling), there is an inherent risk
	discrimination not only in the	of discrimination not only in the
	operation of the network but also in the	operation of the network but also in
	incentives for vertically integrated	the incentives for vertically
	undertakings to invest adequately in	integrated undertakings to invest
	their networks.	adequately in their networks.
68.	(47) Only the removal of the	(47) Only the removal of the
	incentive for vertically integrated	incentive for vertically integrated
	undertakings to discriminate against	undertakings to discriminate against
	competitors as regards network access	competitors as regards network
	and investment can ensure effective	access and investment can ensure
	unbundling. Ownership unbundling,	effective unbundling. Ownership
	which implies the appointment of the	unbundling, which implies the
	network owner as the system operator	appointment of the network owner as
	and its independence from any supply	the system operator and its
	and production interests, is clearly an	independence from any supply and
	effective and stable way to solve the	production interests, is clearly an
	inherent conflict of interests and to	effective and stable way to solve the
	ensure security of supply. For that	inherent conflict of interests and to
	reason, the European Parliament, in its	ensure security of supply. For that
	resolution of 10 July 2007 on	reason, the European Parliament, in
	prospects for the internal gas and	its resolution of 10 July 2007 on
	electricity market ¹⁷ referred to	prospects for the internal gas and
	ownership unbundling at transmission	electricity market referred to
	level as the most effective tool to	ownership unbundling at
	promote investments in infrastructure	transmission level as the most
	in a non-discriminatory way, fair	effective tool to promote investments
	access to the network for new entrants	in infrastructure in a non-
	and transparency in the market. Under	discriminatory way, fair access to the
	ownership unbundling, Member States	network for new entrants and
	should therefore be required to ensure	transparency in the market. Under
	that the same person or persons are not	ownership unbundling, Member
	entitled to exercise control over a	States should therefore be required to

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	generation or supply undertaking and,	ensure that the same person or	
	at the same time, exercise control or	persons are not entitled to exercise	
	any right over a transmission system	control over a generation or supply	
	operator or transmission system.	undertaking and, at the same time,	
	Conversely, control over a	exercise control or any right over a	
	transmission system or transmission	transmission system operator or	
	system operator should preclude the	transmission system. Conversely,	
	possibility of exercising control or any	control over a transmission system or	
	right over a generation or supply	transmission system operator should	
	undertaking. Within those limits, a	preclude the possibility of exercising	
	generation or supply undertaking	control or any right over a generation	
	should be able to have a minority	or supply undertaking. Within those	
	shareholding in a transmission system	limits, a generation or supply	
	operator or transmission system.	undertaking should be able to have a	
		minority shareholding in a	
		transmission system operator or	
		transmission system.	
69.	(48) Any system for unbundling	(48) Any system for unbundling	
	should be effective in removing any	should be effective in removing any	
	conflict of interests between producers,	conflict of interests between	
	suppliers and transmission system	producers, suppliers and transmission	
	operators, in order to create incentives	system operators, in order to create	
	for the necessary investments and	incentives for the necessary	
	guarantee the access of new market	investments and guarantee the access	
	entrants under a transparent and	of new market entrants under a	
	efficient regulatory regime and should	transparent and efficient regulatory	
	not create an overly onerous regulatory	regime and should not create an	
	regime for national regulatory	overly onerous regulatory regime for	
	authorities.	national regulatory authorities.	
70.	(49) Since ownership unbundling	(49) Since ownership unbundling	
	requires, in some instances, the	requires, in some instances, the	
	restructuring of undertakings, Member	restructuring of undertakings,	
	States that decide to implement	Member States that decide to	
	ownership unbundling should be	implement ownership unbundling	
	granted additional time to apply the	should be granted additional time to	

	relevant provisions. In view of the	apply the relevant provisions. In view	
	vertical links between the electricity	of the vertical links between the	
	and gas sectors, the unbundling	electricity and gas sectors, the	
	provisions should apply across the two	unbundling provisions should apply	
	sectors.	across the two sectors.	
71.	(50) Under ownership unbundling, to	(50) Under ownership unbundling,	
	ensure full independence of network	to ensure full independence of	
	operation from supply and generation	network operation from supply and	
	interests and to prevent exchanges of	generation interests and to prevent	
	any confidential information, the same	exchanges of any confidential	
	person should not be a member of the	information, the same person should	
	managing boards of both a	not be a member of the managing	
	transmission system operator or a	boards of both a transmission system	
	transmission system and an	operator or a transmission system	
	undertaking performing any of the	and an undertaking performing any	
	functions of generation or supply. For	of the functions of generation or	
	the same reason, the same person	supply. For the same reason, the	
	should not be entitled to appoint	same person should not be entitled to	
	members of the managing boards of a	appoint members of the managing	
	transmission system operator or a	boards of a transmission system	
	transmission system and to exercise	operator or a transmission system	
	control or any right over a generation	and to exercise control or any right	
	or supply undertaking.	over a generation or supply	
		undertaking.	
72.	(51) The setting up of a system	(51) The setting up of a system	
	operator or a transmission operator that	operator or a transmission operator	
	is independent from supply and	that is independent from supply and	
	generation interests should enable a	generation interests should enable a	
	vertically integrated undertaking to	vertically integrated undertaking to	
	maintain its ownership of network	maintain its ownership of network	
	assets whilst ensuring effective	assets whilst ensuring effective	
	separation of interests, provided that	separation of interests, provided that	
	such independent system operator or	such independent system operator or	
	such independent transmission	such independent transmission	
	operator performs all the functions of a	operator performs all the functions o	

	system operator and detailed	a system operator and detailed	
	regulation and extensive regulatory	regulation and extensive regulatory	
	control mechanisms are put in place.	control mechanisms are put in place.	
73.	(52) Where, on 3 September 2009, an	(52) Where, on 3 September 2009,	
	undertaking owning a transmission	an undertaking owning a	
	system was part of a vertically	transmission system was part of a	
	integrated undertaking, Member States	vertically integrated undertaking,	
	should therefore be given a choice	Member States should therefore be	
	between ownership unbundling and	given a choice between ownership	
	setting up a system operator or	unbundling and setting up a system	
	transmission operator which is	operator or transmission operator	
	independent from supply and	which is independent from supply	
	generation interests.	and generation interests.	
74.	(53) To preserve fully the interests of	(53) To preserve fully the interests	
	the shareholders of vertically	of the shareholders of vertically	
	integrated undertakings, Member	integrated undertakings, Member	
	States should have the choice of	States should have the choice of	
	implementing ownership unbundling	implementing ownership unbundling	
	either by direct divestiture or by	either by direct divestiture or by	
	splitting the shares of the integrated	splitting the shares of the integrated	
	undertaking into shares of the network	undertaking into shares of the	
	undertaking and shares of the	network undertaking and shares of	
	remaining supply and generation	the remaining supply and generation	
	undertaking, provided that the	undertaking, provided that the	
	requirements resulting from ownership	requirements resulting from	
	unbundling are complied with.	ownership unbundling are complied	
		with.	

(54) The full effectiveness of the independent system operator or independent transmission operator solutions should be ensured by way of specific additional rules. The rules on the independent transmission operator provide an appropriate regulatory framework to guarantee fair competition, sufficient investment, access for new market entrants and the integration of electricity markets. Effective unbundling through the independent transmission operator provisions should be based on a pillar of organisational measures and measures relating to the governance of transmission system operators and on a pillar of measures relating to investment, connecting new production capacities to the network and market integration through regional cooperation. The independence of the transmission operator should also, inter alia, be ensured through certain 'cooling-off' periods during which no management or other relevant activity giving access to the same information as could have been obtained in a managerial position is exercised in the vertically integrated undertaking.

(54) The full effectiveness of the independent system operator or independent transmission operator solutions should be ensured by way of specific additional rules. The rules on the independent transmission operator provide an appropriate regulatory framework to guarantee fair competition, sufficient investment, access for new market entrants and the integration of electricity markets. Effective unbundling through the independent transmission operator provisions should be based on a pillar of organisational measures and measures relating to the governance of transmission system operators and on a pillar of measures relating to investment, connecting new production capacities to the network and market integration through regional cooperation. The independence of the transmission operator should also, inter alia, be ensured through certain 'cooling-off' periods during which no management or other relevant activity giving access to the same information as could have been obtained in a managerial position is exercised in the vertically integrated undertaking.

76.	(55) A Member State has the right to	(55) A Member State has the right	to	
	opt for full ownership unbundling in	to opt for full ownership unbundling		
	its territory. Where a Member State	in its territory. Where a Member		
	has exercised that right, an undertaking	State has exercised that right, an	ng	
	does not have the right to set up an	undertaking does not have the right	8	
	independent system operator or an	to set up an independent system		
	independent transmission operator.	operator or an independent		
	Furthermore, an undertaking	transmission operator. Furthermore,		
	performing any of the functions of	an undertaking performing any of the		
	generation or supply cannot directly or	functions of generation or supply	or	
	indirectly exercise control or any right	cannot directly or indirectly exercise		
	over a transmission system operator	control or any right over a		
	from a Member State that has opted for	transmission system operator from a	for	
	full ownership unbundling.	Member State that has opted for full		
	Tun ownership unounums.	ownership unbundling.		
77.	(56) The implementation of effective	(56) The implementation of	ve.	$\overline{}$
, , ,	unbundling should respect the	effective unbundling should respect	, ,	
	principle of non-discrimination	the principle of non-discrimination		
	between the public and private sectors.	between the public and private	re	
	To that end, the same person should	sectors. To that end, the same person	15.	
	not be able to exercise control or any	should not be able to exercise control	,	
	right, in violation of the rules of	or any right, in violation of the rules		
	ownership unbundling or the	of ownership unbundling or the		
	independent system operator option,	independent system operator option,		
	solely or jointly, over the composition,	solely or jointly, over the	n	
	voting or decision of the bodies of both	composition, voting or decision of		
	the transmission system operators or	the bodies of both the transmission		
	the transmission systems and the	system operators or the transmission		
	generation or supply undertakings.	systems and the generation or supply		
	With regard to ownership unbundling	undertakings. With regard to	or I	
	and the independent system operator	ownership unbundling and the		
	solution, provided that the Member	independent system operator		
	State in question is able to demonstrate	solution, provided that the Member	ate.	
	that the requirement is complied with,	State in question is able to		
	two separate public bodies should be	demonstrate that the requirement is		
	able to control generation and supply	complied with, two separate public		
	activities on the one hand and	bodies should be able to control		
	transmission activities on the other.	generation and supply activities on		
<u> </u>	manishinssion activities on the other.	generation and suppry activities on		

		the one hand and transmission
		activities on the other.
78.	(57) Fully effective separation of	(57) Fully effective separation of
	network activities from supply and	network activities from supply and
	generation activities should apply	generation activities should apply
	throughout the Union to both Union	throughout the Union to both Union
	and non- Union undertakings. To	and non- Union undertakings. To
	ensure that network activities and	ensure that network activities and
	supply and generation activities	supply and generation activities
	throughout the Union remain	throughout the Union remain
	independent from each other,	independent from each other,
	regulatory authorities should be	regulatory authorities should be
	empowered to refuse certification to	empowered to refuse certification to
	transmission system operators that do	transmission system operators that do
	not comply with the unbundling rules.	not comply with the unbundling
	To ensure the consistent application of	rules. To ensure the consistent
	those rules across the Union, the	application of those rules across the
	regulatory authorities should take	Union, the regulatory authorities
	utmost account of the Commission's	should take utmost account of the
	opinion when the former take	Commission's opinion when the
	decisions on certification. To ensure,	former take decisions on
	in addition, respect for the	certification. To ensure, in addition,
	international obligations of the Union,	respect for the international
	and solidarity and energy security	obligations of the Union, and
	within the Union, the Commission	solidarity and energy security within
	should have the right to give an	the Union, the Commission should
	opinion on certification in relation to a	have the right to give an opinion on
	transmission system owner or a	certification in relation to a
	transmission system operator which is	transmission system owner or a
	controlled by a person or persons from	transmission system operator which
	a third country or third countries.	is controlled by a person or persons
		from a third country or third
		countries.

79.	(58) Authorisation procedures should	(58) Authorisation procedures	
	not lead to an administrative burden	should not lead to an administrative	
	disproportionate to the size and	burden disproportionate to the size	
	potential impact of electricity	and potential impact of electricity	
	producers. Unduly lengthy	producers. Unduly lengthy	
	authorisation procedures may	authorisation procedures may	
	constitute a barrier to access for new	constitute a barrier to access for new	
	market entrants.	market entrants.	
80.	(59) Energy regulators need to be	(59) Energy regulators need to be	
	able to take decisions in relation to all	able to take decisions in relation to	
	relevant regulatory issues if the	all relevant regulatory issues if the	
	internal market in electricity is to	internal market in electricity is to	
	function properly, and to be fully	function properly, and to be fully	
	independent from any other public or	independent from any other public or	
	private interests. This precludes neither	private interests. This precludes	
	judicial review nor parliamentary	neither judicial review nor	
	supervision in accordance with the	parliamentary supervision in	
	constitutional laws of the Member	accordance with the constitutional	
	States. In addition, approval of the	laws of the Member States. In	
	budget of the regulator by the national	addition, approval of the budget of	
	legislator does not constitute an	the regulator by the national	
	obstacle to budgetary autonomy. The	legislator does not constitute an	
	provisions relating to the autonomy in	obstacle to budgetary autonomy. The	
	the implementation of the allocated	provisions relating to the autonomy	
	budget of the regulatory authority	in the implementation of the	
	should be implemented in the	allocated budget of the regulatory	
	framework defined by national	authority should be implemented in	
	budgetary law and rules. While	the framework defined by national	
	contributing to the independence of the	budgetary law and rules. While	
	national regulatory authority from any	contributing to the independence of	
	political or economic interest through	the [] regulatory authority from any	
	an appropriate rotation scheme, it	political or economic interest through	
	should be possible for Member States	an appropriate rotation scheme, it	
	to take due account of the availability	should be possible for Member States	
	of human resources and of the size of	to take due account of the availability	
	the board.	of human resources and of the size of	
		the board.	

81.	(60) National regulatory authorities should be able to fix or approve tariffs, or the methodologies underlying the calculation of the tariffs, on the basis of a proposal by the transmission system operator or distribution system operator(s), or on the basis of a proposal agreed between those operator(s) and the users of the network. In carrying out those tasks, national regulatory authorities should ensure that transmission and distribution tariffs are non-discriminatory and cost-reflective, and should take account of the long-term, marginal, avoided network costs from distributed generation and demandside management measures.	sil ta ta un ta th di th bour th an tr an retth no g	hould be able to fix or approve ariffs, or the methodologies underlying the calculation of the ariffs, on the basis of a proposal by the transmission system operator or distribution system operator(s), or on the basis of a proposal agreed between those operator(s) and the asers of the network. In carrying out those tasks, national regulatory authorities should ensure that transmission and distribution tariffs are non-discriminatory and cost-effective, and should take account of the long-term, marginal, avoided aretwork costs from distributed generation and demand-side management measures.	New compromise proposal: (60a) National regulatory authorities should ensure that distribution and transmission system operators take appropriate measures to make their network more resilient and flexible. For doing so, their should monitor their performance based on indicators such as their capability to operate lines under dynamic line rating, the development of remote monitoring and real-time control of substations, the reduction of grid losses and the frequency and duration of power interruptions.
82.	(61) Energy regulators should have the power to issue binding decisions in relation to electricity undertakings and to impose effective, proportionate and dissuasive penalties on electricity undertakings which fail to comply with their obligations or to propose that a competent court impose such penalties on them. To this end, regulatory authorities should be able to request relevant information from electricity undertakings, make appropriate and sufficient investigations and settle disputes. Energy regulators should also be granted the power to decide, irrespective of the application of	(6 th ir an property of the control	61) Energy regulators should have the power to issue binding decisions in relation to electricity undertakings and to impose effective, proportionate and dissuasive benalties on electricity undertakings which fail to comply with their obligations or to propose that a competent court impose such benalties on them. To this end, regulatory authorities should be able to request relevant information from electricity undertakings, make appropriate and sufficient investigations and settle disputes. Energy regulators should also be	

	competition rules, on appropriate measures ensuring customer benefits through the promotion of effective competition necessary for the proper functioning of the internal market in electricity.	granted the power to decide, irrespective of the application of competition rules, on appropriate measures ensuring customer benefits through the promotion of effective competition necessary for the proper functioning of the internal market in electricity.	sures ensuring customer benefits ugh the promotion of effective upetition necessary for the proper ctioning of the internal market in
83.	(62) Energy regulators should also be granted the power to contribute to ensuring high standards of universal and public service in compliance with market opening, to the protection of vulnerable customers, and to the full effectiveness of consumer protection measures. Those provisions should be without prejudice to both the Commission's powers concerning the application of competition rules including the examination of mergers with a Union dimension, and the rules on the internal market such as the free movement of capital. The independent body to which a party affected by the decision of a national regulator has a right to appeal could be a court or other tribunal empowered to conduct a judicial review.	be granted the power to contribute to ensuring high standards of universal and public service in compliance with market opening, to the protection of vulnerable customers, and to the full effectiveness of consumer protection measures. Those provisions should be without prejudice to both the Commission's powers concerning the application of competition rules including the examination of mergers with a Union dimension, and the rules on the internal market such as the free movement of capital. The independent body to which a party affected by the decision of a national regulator has a right to appeal could be a court or other tribunal empowered to conduct a judicial review.	granted the power to contribute to uring high standards of universal public service in compliance with ket opening, to the protection of nerable customers, and to the full ctiveness of consumer protection issures. Those provisions should be nout prejudice to both the numission's powers concerning the lication of competition rules uding the examination of mergers in a Union dimension, and the rules the internal market such as the free evement of capital. The independent by to which a party affected by the dision of a national regulator has a at to appeal could be a court or the tribunal empowered to conduct a

84.		(62a) The Electricity and Gas Directives do not deprive the government of the possibility of establishing and issuing its national energy policy. This means that, depending on the national constitution, it could be the government's competency to determine the policy framework within which the regulatory authorities must operate, for instance concerning security of supply. However, general energy policy guidelines issued by the government must not impinge on the regulatory authority independence and autonomy.	
85.	(63) Under [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], the Commission may adopt guidelines or network codes to achieve the necessary degree of harmonisation. Such guidelines or network codes, which constitute binding implementing measures, are, also with regard to certain provisions of this Directive, a useful tool which can be adapted quickly where necessary.	(63) Under [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], the Commission may adopt guidelines or network codes to achieve the necessary degree of harmonisation. Such guidelines or network codes, which constitute binding implementing measures, are, also with regard to certain provisions of this Directive, a useful tool which can be adapted quickly where necessary.	

86.	(64) Member States and the Energy Community Contracting Parties should closely cooperate on all matters concerning the development of an integrated electricity trading region and should take no measures that endanger the further integration of electricity markets or security of supply of Member States and Contracting Parties.	(64) Member States and the Energy Community Contracting Parties should closely cooperate on all matters concerning the development of an integrated electricity trading region and should take no measures that endanger the further integration of electricity markets or security of supply of Member States and Contracting Parties.	
87.	(65) This Directive should be read together with [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2] which lays down key principles of the new market design for electricity which will enable better reward for flexibility, provide adequate price signals and ensure the development of functioning integrated short-term markets. [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2] also sets out new rules in various areas including capacity mechanisms and cooperation between transmission system operators.	together with [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2] which lays down key principles of the new market design for electricity which will enable better reward for flexibility, provide adequate price signals and ensure the development of functioning integrated short-term markets. [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2] also sets out new rules in various areas including capacity mechanisms and cooperation between transmission system operators.	

88.	(66) Since the objective of this	(66) Since the objective of this	
00.	Directive, namely the creation of a	Directive, namely the creation of a	
	fully operational internal electricity	fully operational internal electricity	
	market, cannot be sufficiently achieved	market, cannot be sufficiently	
	by the Member States and can	achieved by the Member States and	
	therefore be better achieved at Union	can therefore be better achieved at	
	level, the Union may adopt measures,	Union level, the Union may adopt	
	in accordance with the principle of	measures, in accordance with the	
	subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of	principle of subsidiarity as set out in	
	the Treaty on the European Union. In	Article 5 of the Treaty on the	
	accordance with the principle of	European Union. In accordance with	
	proportionality, as set out in that	the principle of proportionality, as set	
	Article, this Directive does not go	out in that Article, this Directive does	
	beyond what is necessary in order to	not go beyond what is necessary in	
	achieve that objective.	order to achieve that objective.	
89.	(67) This Directive respects the	The state of the s	
	fundamental rights, and observes the	(67) This Directive respects the	
	principles, recognised in particular by	fundamental rights, and observes the	
	the Charter of Fundamental Rights of	principles, recognised in particular by the Charter of Fundamental	
	the European Union.		
	-	Rights of the European Union.	
90.	(68) In order to provide the minimum	П	
	degree of harmonisation required to	u	
	achieve the aim of this Directive, the		
	power to adopt acts in accordance with		
	Article 290 of the Treaty should be		
	delegated to the Commission to		
	establish guidelines on the extent of		
	the duties of the regulatory authorities		
	to cooperate with each other and with		
	the Agency for the Cooperation of		
	Energy Regulators (the 'Agency') and		
	setting out the details of the procedure.		
	It is of particular importance that the		
	Commission carry out appropriate		

consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016 ¹⁸ . In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert group			
dealing with the preparation of the			
delegated acts.	AM 22		
(69) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of	(69) In order to ensure uniform	(69) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of	
this Directive, implementing powers	(07) III OLUCI TO CHSULE UIIIIOIIII	Conditions for the implementation of	I
	conditions for the implementation of		
should be conferred on the	conditions for the implementation of this Directive, implementing powers	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the	
	conditions for the implementation of this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the	this Directive, implementing powers	
should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine interoperability for a common	
should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine interoperability for a common European data format and non-	
should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine interoperability for a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent	
should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on metering, consumption data as well as	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine interoperability for a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on	
should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on metering, consumption data as well as data required for consumer switching.	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on metering, consumption data as well	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine interoperability for a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on metering, consumption data as well	
should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on metering, consumption data as well as data required for consumer switching. Those powers should be exercised in	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on metering, consumption data as well as data required for consumer	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine interoperability for a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on metering, consumption data as well as data required for consumer	
should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on metering, consumption data as well as data required for consumer switching.	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on metering, consumption data as well	this Directive, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission in order to determine interoperability for a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for accessing the data on metering, consumption data as well	

OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.

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Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

		European Parliament and of the Council ³⁸ . In order to ensure that such a common European data format supports marked-based competition and contributes to ensuring interoperability between energy services, the Commission may request if appropriate that data standards are drawn up by the relevant European standardisation organisations.	European Parliament and of the Council ²⁰ .	
92.	(70) The obligation to transpose this Directive into national law should be confined to those provisions which represent a substantive amendment as compared to the earlier Directive. The obligation to transpose the provisions which are unchanged arises under the earlier Directive.		(70) The obligation to transpose this Directive into national law should be confined to those provisions which represent a substantive amendment as compared to the earlier Directive. The obligation to transpose the provisions which are unchanged arises under the earlier Directive.	Where the Commission has granted a derogation pursuant to Article 66(2a) and 2b), or where a derogation is granted under Article 66(2), the derogation should also cover any provisions in the Directive that is ancillary to or requires the prior enforcement of any of the provisions from which it has been granted a derogation.
93.	(71) In accordance with the Joint Political Declaration of 28 September 2011 of Member States and the Commission on explanatory documents ²¹ , Member States have		(71) In accordance with the Joint Political Declaration of 28 September 2011 of Member States and the Commission on explanatory	

²⁰ Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

OJ C 369, 17.12.2011, p. 14.

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	undertaken to accompany, in justified cases, the notification of their transposition measures with one or more documents explaining the relationship between the components of a directive and the corresponding parts of national transposition instruments. With regard to this Directive, the legislator considers the transmission of such documents to be justified.	documents ²² , Member States have undertaken to accompany, in justified cases, the notification of their transposition measures with one or more documents explaining the relationship between the components of a directive and the corresponding parts of national transposition instruments. With regard to this Directive, the legislator considers the transmission of such documents to be justified.	
94.	(72) This Directive should be without prejudice to the obligations of the Member States relating to the timelimit for the transposition into national law and the date of application of the Directive set out in Annex IV.	(72) This Directive should be without prejudice to the obligations of the Member States relating to the time-limit for the transposition into national law and the date of application of the Directive set out in Annex IV.	
95.	HAVE ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:	

OJ C 369, 17.12.2011, p. 14.

96.	CHAPTER I
	SUBJECT MATTER AND DEFINITIONS
97	Article 1

Subject matter

This Directive establishes common rules for the generation, transmission, distribution, storage and supply of electricity, together with consumer protection provisions, with a view to creating truly integrated competitive, consumer-centred and flexible electricity markets in the Union. Using the advantages of an integrated market, the Directive aims at ensuring affordable energy prices for consumers, a high degree of security of supply and a smooth transition towards a decarbonised energy system. It lays down key rules relating to the organisation and functioning of the European electricity sector, in particular rules on consumer empowerment and protection, on open access to the integrated market, on third party access to transmission and distribution infrastructure, unbundling rules, and on independent national energy regulators.

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This Directive establishes common rules for the generation, transmission, distribution, storage and supply of electricity, together with consumer protection provisions, with a view to creating truly integrated competitive, consumer-centred and flexible electricity markets in the Union. Using the advantages of an integrated market, the Directive aims at ensuring affordable, transparent energy costs for consumers, a high degree of security of supply and a smooth transition towards a decarbonised and sustainable energy system. It lays down key rules relating to the organisation and functioning of the European electricity sector, in particular rules on consumer empowerment and protection, on open access to the integrated market, on third party access to transmission and distribution infrastructure, unbundling rules, and on independent national energy regulators.

This Directive establishes common rules for the generation, transmission, distribution, storage and supply of electricity, together with consumer protection provisions, with a view to creating truly integrated competitive consumer-centred and flexible, fair and transparent electricity markets in the Union. Using the advantages of an integrated market, the Directive aims at ensuring affordable energy prices for consumers, a high degree of security of supply and a smooth transition towards a [] low-carbon energy system. It lays down key rules relating to the organisation and functioning of the European electricity sector, in particular rules on consumer empowerment and protection, on open access to the integrated market, on third party access to transmission and distribution infrastructure. unbundling rules, and on independent national energy regulators.

Provisionally agreed in TM: (including AM 34, line 163): This Directive establishes common rules for the generation, transmission, distribution, storage and supply of electricity, together with consumer protection provisions, with a view to creating truly integrated competitive. consumer-centred, flexible, fair and **transparent** electricity markets in the Union. Using the advantages of an integrated market, the Directive aims at ensuring affordable, transparent energy prices and costs for consumers, a high degree of security of supply and a smooth transition towards a *sustainable* **low-carbon** energy system. It lays down key rules relating to the organisation and functioning of the European electricity sector, in particular rules on consumer empowerment and protection, on open access to the integrated market, on third party access to transmission and distribution infrastructure. unbundling rules, and on independent national energy regulators. This Directive also sets out modes of cooperation among

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				Member States, regulatory authorities and transmission system operators towards the creation of a fully interconnected internal electricity market that increases the integration of renewable electricity, the free competition and security of supply.
99.		Articl Defini		
100.	For the purposes of this Directive, the following definitions apply:	23,	For the purposes of this Directive, the following definitions apply:	No change
101.	1. 'customer' means a wholesale or final customer of electricity;		1. 'customer' means a wholesale or final customer of electricity;	No change
102.	2. 'wholesale customer' means a natural or legal person purchasing electricity for the purpose of resale inside or outside the system where he is established;		2. 'wholesale customer' means a natural or legal person purchasing electricity for the purpose of resale inside or outside the system where he is established;	No change
103.	3. 'final customer' means a customer purchasing electricity for his own use;		3. 'final customer' means a customer purchasing electricity for his own use;	No change
104.	4. 'household customer' means a customer purchasing electricity for his own household consumption, excluding commercial or professional activities;		4. 'household customer' means a customer purchasing electricity for his own household consumption, excluding commercial or professional activities;	No change
105.	5. 'non-household customer' means a natural or legal person purchasing electricity which is not for their own household use and includes producers industrial customers, small and medium sized enterprises, businesses and wholesale customers;		5. 'non-household customer' means a natural or legal person purchasing electricity which is not for their own household use and includes producers industrial customers, small and medium sized enterprises, businesses and wholesale customers;	No change

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106.			5a. 'microenterprise' means an enterprise which employs fewer than 10 persons and whose annual turnover and/or annual balance sheet total does not exceed EUR 2 million;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 5a. 'microenterprise' means an enterprise which employs fewer than 10 persons and whose annual turnover and/or annual balance sheet total does not exceed EUR 2 million;
107.			5b. 'small enterprise' means an enterprise which employs fewer than 50 persons and whose annual turnover and/or annual balance sheet total does not exceed EUR 10 million;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 5b. 'small enterprise' means an enterprise which employs fewer than 50 persons and whose annual turnover and/or annual balance sheet total does not exceed EUR 10 million;
108.	6. 'active customer' means a customer or a group of jointly acting customers who consume, store or sell electricity generated on their premises, including through aggregators, or participate in demand response or energy efficiency schemes provided that these activities do not constitute their primary commercial or professional activity;	AM 24 6. 'active customer' means a final customer or a group of jointly acting final customers who consume, store or sell electricity generated within their premises, including through aggregators or suppliers or traders, or participate in demand response or energy efficiency schemes provided that these activities do not constitute their primary commercial or professional activity;	6. 'active customer' means a final customer or a group of jointly acting final customers who consume or store [] electricity generated on the same site or sells self-generated electricity [], provided that these activities do not constitute their primary commercial or professional activity;	New compromise proposal (the change to "flexibility" was made in order to include storage services besides demand response): 6. 'active customer' means a final customer or a group of jointly acting final customers who consume or store electricity generated within their premises located within confined boundaries or where allowed by Member States, on other premises, and may store or sell self-generated electricity or participate in flexibility demand response or energy efficiency schemes, provided that these activities do not constitute their primary commercial or professional activity;

109	•		6a. 'electricity markets' shall include over-the-counter markets and electricity exchanges for trading energy, capacity, balancing and ancillary services in all timeframes, including forward, day-ahead and intra-day markets;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 6a. 'electricity markets' shall include over-the-counter markets and electricity exchanges for trading energy, capacity, balancing and ancillary services in all timeframes, including forward, day-ahead and intra-day markets;
110			6b 'market participant' means a natural or legal person buying, selling or generating electricity, engaging in aggregation or storage services, including the placing of orders to trade, in one or more electricity markets including balancing energy markets;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 6b 'market participant' means a natural or legal person buying, selling or generating electricity, engaging in aggregation or storage services, including the placing of orders to trade, in one or more electricity markets including balancing energy markets;
1111	7. 'local energy community' means: an association, a cooperative, a partnership, a non-profit organisation or other legal entity which is effectively controlled by local shareholders or members, generally value rather than profit-driven, involved in distributed generation and in performing activities of a distribution system operator, supplier or aggregator at local level, including across borders;	AM 25 7. 'local energy community' means an association, a cooperative, a partnership, a non-profit organisation, SME or other legal entity which is based on voluntary and open participation and is effectively controlled by local shareholders or members, the predominant aim of which is to provide local environmental, economic or social community benefits for its members or the local area or areas where it operates rather than where it generates profits, and which is involved in	7. '[] energy community' means: [] a legal entity which is based on voluntary and open participation, effectively controlled by [] shareholders or members who are natural persons, local authorities, including municipalities, or small enterprises and microenterprises []. The primary purpose of an energy community is to provide environmental, economic or social community benefits for its members or the local areas where it operates rather than financial profits. An energy community can be engaged [] in [] electricity	Provisionally agreed: 7. 'citizens energy community' means: a legal entity which is based on voluntary and open participation, effectively controlled by shareholders or members who are natural persons, local authorities, including municipalities, or small enterprises and microenterprises. The primary purpose of a citizens energy community is to provide environmental, economic or social community benefits for its members or the local areas where it operates rather than financial

		activities such as distributed generation, storage, supply, provision of energy efficiency services, aggregation, electromobility and distribution system operation, including across borders;	generation, distribution and supply, consumption, aggregation, storage or energy efficiency services, generation of renewable electricity [] or provide other energy services to its shareholders or members [];	profits. A <u>citizens</u> energy community can be engaged in electricity generation, distribution and supply, consumption, aggregation, storage or energy efficiency services, generation of renewable electricity, <u>charging stations for electric vehicles</u> or provide other energy services to its shareholders or members;
112.	8. 'supply' means the sale, including resale, of electricity to customers;		8. 'supply' means the sale, including resale, of electricity to customers;	No change
113.	9. 'electricity supply contract' means a contract for the supply of electricity, but does not include an electricity derivative;		9. 'electricity supply contract' means a contract for the supply of electricity, but does not include an electricity derivative;	No change
114.	10. 'electricity derivative' means a financial instrument specified in points 5, 6 or 7 of Section C of Annex I to Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ²³ , where that instrument relates to electricity;		10. 'electricity derivative' means a financial instrument specified in points 5, 6 or 7 of Section C of Annex I to Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ²⁴ , where that instrument relates to electricity;	No change
115.	11. 'dynamic electricity price contract' means an electricity supply contract between a supplier and a final customer that reflects the price at the spot market, including at the day ahead market at intervals at least equal to the		11. 'dynamic electricity price contract' means an electricity supply contract between a supplier and a final customer that reflects the price variation at the spot markets including day ahead and intraday	Provisionally agreed in TM: 11. 'dynamic electricity price contract' means an electricity supply contract between a supplier and a final customer that reflects the price variation at the spot markets

Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments (OJ L 145, 30.4.2004, p. 1).

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Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments (OJ L 145, 30.4.2004, p. 1).

	market settlement frequency;		markets, [] at intervals at least equal to the market settlement frequency;	including day ahead and intraday markets, at intervals at least equal to the market settlement frequency;
116.	12. 'contract termination fee' means any charge or penalty imposed on customers by suppliers or aggregators for withdrawing from an electricity supply or service contract;		12. 'contract termination fee' means any charge or penalty imposed on customers by suppliers or [] market participants engaged in aggregation for withdrawing from an electricity supply or service contract;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 12. 'contract termination fee' means any charge or penalty imposed on customers by suppliers or market participants engaged in aggregation for withdrawing from an electricity supply or service contract;
117.	13. 'switching related fee' means any charge or penalty imposed on customers by suppliers or system operators directly or indirectly for changing suppliers, including contract termination fees;		13. 'switching related fee' means any charge or penalty imposed on customers by suppliers or market participants engaged in aggregation or system operators directly or indirectly for changing suppliers or market participants engaged in aggregation, including contract termination fees;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 13. 'switching related fee' means any charge or penalty imposed on customers by suppliers or market participants engaged in aggregation or system operators directly or indirectly for changing suppliers or market participants engaged in aggregation, including contract termination fees;
118.	participant that combines multiple customer loads or generated electricity for sale, for purchase or auction in any organised energy market;		14. [] 'aggregation' means a function taken by a natural or legal person [] that combines multiple customer loads or generated electricity for sale, for purchase or auction in any [] electricity market;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 14. 'aggregation' means a function taken by a natural or legal person that combines multiple customer loads or generated electricity for sale, for purchase or auction in any [] electricity market;
119.	15. 'independent aggregator' means an aggregator that is not affiliated to a supplier or any other market participant;	AM 26 15. 'independent aggregator' means an aggregator that is not affiliated to <i>the</i> supplier <i>of the customer</i> ;	15. 'independent aggregator' means [] a market participant that performs aggregation that is not affiliated to its customer's [] supplier [];	Provisionally agreed in TM: 15. 'independent aggregator' means a market participant that performs aggregation that is not affiliated to its customer's supplier;

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120.	16. 'demand response' means the change of electricity load by final customers from their normal or current consumption patterns in response to market signals, including time-variable electricity prices or incentive payments, or in response to acceptance of the final customer's bid, alone or through aggregation, to sell demand reduction or increase at a price in organised markets as defined in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1348/2014 ²⁵ ;	16. 'demand response' means the change of electricity load by final customers from their normal or current consumption patterns in response to market signals, including time-variable electricity prices or incentive payments, or in response to acceptance of the final customer's bid, alone or through aggregation, to sell demand reduction or increase at a price in organised markets as defined in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1348/2014 ²⁶ ;	No change
121.		16a. 'billing information' means all the information provided in final customers' bills, apart from a request for payment;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 16a. 'billing information' means all the information provided in final customers' bills, apart from a request for payment;
122.	17. 'conventional meter' means an analogue meter or an electronic meter with no capability to both transmit and receive data;	17. 'conventional meter' means an analogue meter or an electronic meter with no capability to both transmit and receive data;	No change

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Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1348/2014 of 17 December 2014 on data reporting implementing Article 8(2) and Article 8(6) of Regulation (EU) No 1227/2011 of the European Parliament and the Council on wholesale energy market integrity and transparency (OJ L 363, 18.12.2014, p. 121).

²⁶ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1348/2014 of 17 December 2014 on data reporting implementing Article 8(2) and Article 8(6) of Regulation (EU) No 1227/2011 of the European Parliament and the Council on wholesale energy market integrity and transparency (OJ L 363, 18.12.2014, p. 121).

123.	18. 'smart metering system' means an electronic system that can measure energy consumption, providing more information than a conventional meter, and can transmit and receive data for information, monitoring and control purposes, using a form of electronic communication;	18. 'smart metering system' means an electronic system that can measure energy consumption or the amount of electricity put into the grid, providing more information than a conventional meter, and can transmit and receive data for information, monitoring and control purposes, using a form of electronic communication;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 18. 'smart metering system' means an electronic system that can measure energy consumption or the amount of electricity put into the grid, providing more information than a conventional meter, and can transmit and receive data for information, monitoring and control purposes, using a form of electronic communication;
124.	19. 'interoperability' means, in the context of smart metering, the ability of two or more energy or communication networks, systems, devices, applications or components to interwork, to exchange and use information in order to perform required functions;	19. 'interoperability' means, in the context of smart metering, the ability of two or more energy or communication networks, systems, devices, applications or components to interwork, to exchange and use information in order to perform required functions;	No change
125.	20. 'near-real time' means, in the context of smart metering, the time, usually down to seconds, that elapses between data recording and their automated processing and transmission for use or information purposes;	20. 'near-real time' means, in the context of smart metering, [] a short time period, usually down to seconds or up to the imbalance settlement timeframe in the national market [];	Provisionally agreed: 20. 'near-real time' means, in the context of smart metering, a short time period, usually down to seconds or up to the imbalance settlement timeframe in the national market;
126.	21. 'best available techniques' means, in the context of data protection and security in a smart metering environment, the most effective and	21. 'best available techniques' means, in the context of data protection and security in a smart	No change

	advanced stage in the development of activities and their methods of operation, which indicates the practical suitability of particular techniques, designed to prevent or mitigate risks on privacy, personal data and security, for providing in principle the basis for complying with the Union data protection framework;	metering environment, the most effective and advanced stage in the development of activities and their methods of operation, which indicates the practical suitability of particular techniques, designed to prevent or mitigate risks on privacy, personal data and security, for providing in principle the basis for complying with the Union data protection framework;	
127.	electricity on high-voltage, medium-voltage and low-voltage distribution systems with a view to its delivery to customers, but does not include supply; 23. 'distribution system operator'	22. 'distribution' means the transport of electricity on high-voltage, medium-voltage and low-voltage distribution systems with a view to its delivery to customers, but does not include supply; 23. 'distribution system operator'	No change No change
	means a natural or legal person responsible for operating, ensuring the maintenance of and, if necessary, developing the distribution system in a given area and, where applicable, its interconnections with other systems and for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the distribution of electricity;	means a natural or legal person responsible for operating, ensuring the maintenance of and, if necessary, developing the distribution system in a given area and, where applicable, its interconnections with other systems and for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the distribution of electricity;	
129.	24. 'energy efficiency' means the ratio of output of performance, service, goods or energy, to input of energy;	24. 'energy efficiency' means the ratio of output of performance, service, goods or energy, to input of energy;	No change

130.	25. 'energy from renewable sources' means energy from renewable non-fossil sources, in particular wind, solar (solar thermal and solar photovoltaic), geothermal energy, ambient heat, hydropower and tide, ocean, wave energy, and combustible renewables: biofuels, bioliquids, biogas, solid biofuels and combustible wastes of renewable origin;	25. 'energy from renewable sources' means energy from renewable nonfossil sources, in particular wind, solar (solar thermal and solar photovoltaic), geothermal energy, ambient heat, hydropower and tide, ocean, wave, and other ocean energy, hydropower and combustible renewables: biofuels, bioliquids, biogas, solid biofuels and combustible wastes of renewable origin;	Provisionally agreed in TM (aligned to the RED II): 25. 'energy from renewable sources' or 'renewable energy' means energy from renewable non-fossil sources, namely wind, solar (solar thermal and solar photovoltaic) and geothermal energy, ambient energy, tide, wave and other ocean energy, hydropower, biomass, landfill gas, sewage treatment plant gas, and biogas;
131.	26. 'distributed generation' means generation plants connected to the distribution system;	26. 'distributed generation' means generation plants connected to the distribution system;	No change
132.	interface that is capable of charging one electric vehicle at a time or exchanging a battery of one electric vehicle at a time;	27. 'recharging point' means an interface that is capable of charging one electric vehicle at a time or exchanging a battery of one electric vehicle at a time;	No change
133.	28. 'transmission' means the transport of electricity on the extra high-voltage and high-voltage interconnected system with a view to its delivery to final customers or to distributors, but does not include supply;	28. 'transmission' means the transport of electricity on the extra high-voltage and high-voltage interconnected system with a view to its delivery to final customers or to distributors, but does not include supply;	No change

134.	29. 'transmission system operator' means a natural or legal person responsible for operating, ensuring the maintenance of and, if necessary, developing the transmission system in a given area and, where applicable, its interconnections with other systems, and for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the transmission of electricity;	29. 'transmission system operator' means a natural or legal person responsible for operating, ensuring the maintenance of and, if necessary, developing the transmission system in a given area and, where applicable, its interconnections with other systems, and for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the transmission of electricity;	No change
135.	30. 'system user' means a natural or legal person supplying to, or being supplied by, a transmission or distribution system;	30. 'system user' means a natural or legal person supplying to, or being supplied by, a transmission or distribution system;	No change
136.	31. 'generation' means the production of electricity;	31. 'generation' means the production of electricity;	No change
137.	32. 'producer' means a natural or legal person generating electricity;	32. 'producer' means a natural or legal person generating electricity;	No change
138.	33. 'interconnector' means a transmission line which crosses or spans a border between bidding zones, between Member States or, up to the border of EU jurisdiction, between Member States and third countries;	[33. 'interconnector' means an equipment used to link electricity systems [] which crosses or spans a border between bidding zones or between Member States or, up to the border of [] Union territorial jurisdiction, between Member States and third countries;] ²⁷	Council compromise proposal: 33. 'interconnector' means equipment used to link electricity systems;

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²⁷ This definition is not part of the general approach.

139.	34. 'interconnected system' means a number of transmission and distribution systems linked together by means of one or more interconnectors;	34. 'interconnected system' means a number of transmission and distribution systems linked together by means of one or more interconnectors;	No change
140.	35. 'direct line' means either an electricity line linking an isolated generation site with an isolated customer or an electricity line linking an electricity producer and an electricity supply undertaking to supply directly their own premises, subsidiaries and customers;	35. 'direct line' means either an electricity line linking an isolated generation site with an isolated customer or an electricity line linking an electricity producer and an electricity supply undertaking to supply directly their own premises, subsidiaries and customers;	No change
141.	36. 'small isolated system' means any system with consumption of less than 3 000 GWh in the year 1996, where less than 5 % of annual consumption is obtained through interconnection with other systems;	36. 'small isolated system' means any system with consumption of less than 3 000 GWh in the year 1996, where less than 5 % of annual consumption is obtained through interconnection with other systems;	No change

14			36a. 'small connected system' means any system with consumption of less than 3 000 GWh in the year 1996, where more than 5 % of annual consumption is obtained through interconnection with other systems;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 36a. 'small connected system' means any system with consumption of less than 3 000 GWh in the year 1996, where more than 5 % of annual consumption is obtained through interconnection with other systems;
14	37. 'ancillary service' means a service necessary for the operation of a transmission or distribution system including balancing and non-frequency ancillary services but not congestion management;		37. 'ancillary service' means a service necessary for the operation of a transmission or distribution system including balancing and non-frequency ancillary services but not congestion management;	No change
14	4. 38. 'non-frequency ancillary service' means a service used by a transmission or distribution system operator for steady state voltage control, fast reactive current injections, inertia and black start capability;	AM 27 38. 'non-frequency ancillary service' means a service used by a transmission or distribution system operator for steady state voltage control, fast reactive current injections, inertia for local grid stability, short-circuit current, and black start capability and island operation capability;	38. 'non-frequency ancillary service' means a service used by a transmission [] system operator for steady state voltage control, fast reactive current injections, inertia for grid stability, short circuit current, [] black start capability and island operation capability or a service used by a distribution system operator, including storage facility, for steady state voltage control, fast reactive current injections and short circuit current;	Provisionally agreed (specification of DSO's tasks set out in Article 31(5a), line 449): 38. 'non-frequency ancillary service' means a service used by a transmission or distribution system operator for steady state voltage control, fast reactive current injections, inertia for local grid stability, short-circuit current, and black start capability and island operation capability;

145.	39. 'regional operational centre' means the regional operational centre as defined in Article 32 of the [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2].	AM 28 39. 'regional <i>coordination</i> centre' means the regional <i>coordination</i> centre as <i>established pursuant to</i> Article 32 of <i>Regulation (EU)</i> [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2]. (This amendment applies throughout the text. Adopting it will necessitate corresponding changes throughout.)	39. [] Regional Security Coordinators means the [] Regional Security Coordinators pursuant to [] Article 32 of the [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2];	Provisionally agreed in TM: 39. 'regional coordination centre' means the regional coordination centre as established pursuant to Article 32 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2].
146.		AM 29 39a. (new) 'integral part of the transmission system' means network components that are integrated in the transmission or distribution system, including storage facilities, and are used for the sole purpose of ensuring a secure and reliable operation of the transmission or distribution system, however not for balancing or congestion management, except for the reactive instantaneous restoration of network security in case of network contingencies;	39a. 'fully integrated network components' means static network components that are integrated in the transmission or distribution system, including storage facility, and are used for the only purpose of ensuring a secure and reliable operation of the transmission or distribution system but not for balancing nor congestion management;	Council compromise proposal: 39a. 'fully integrated network components' means network components that are integrated in the transmission or distribution system, including storage facility, and are used for the only purpose of ensuring a secure and reliable operation of the transmission or distribution system but not for balancing nor congestion management;
147.	40. 'integrated electricity undertaking' means a vertically or horizontally integrated undertaking;		40. 'integrated electricity undertaking' means a vertically or horizontally integrated undertaking;	No change

148.	41. 'vertically integrated undertaking' means an electricity undertaking or a group of electricity undertakings where the same person or the same persons are entitled, directly or indirectly, to exercise control, and where the undertaking or group of undertakings perform at least one of the functions of transmission or distribution, and at least one of the functions of generation or supply of electricity;	41. 'vertically integrated undertaking' means an electricity undertaking or a group of electricity undertakings where the same person or the same persons are entitled, directly or indirectly, to exercise control, and where the undertaking or group of undertakings perform at least one of the functions of transmission or distribution, and at least one of the functions of generation or supply of electricity;	No change
149.	42. 'related undertaking' means affiliated undertakings, within the meaning of Article 2(12) of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ²⁸ , and undertakings which belong to the same shareholders;	42. 'related undertaking' means affiliated undertakings, within the meaning of Article 2(12) of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ²⁹ and undertakings which belong to the same shareholders;	No change
150.	43. 'horizontally integrated undertaking' means an undertaking performing at least one of the functions of generation for sale, or transmission, or distribution, or supply of electricity, and another non-electricity activity;	43. 'horizontally integrated undertaking' means an undertaking performing at least one of the functions of generation for sale, or transmission, or distribution, or supply of electricity, and another non-electricity activity;	No change

Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated financial statements and related reports of certain types of undertakings, amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19).

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Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated financial statements and related reports of certain types of undertakings, amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19).

151.	44. 'control' means rights, contracts or any other means which, either separately or in combination and having regard to the considerations of fact or law involved, confer the possibility of exercising decisive influence on an undertaking, in particular by:	44. 'control' means rights, contracts or any other means which, either separately or in combination and having regard to the considerations of fact or law involved, confer the possibility of exercising decisive influence on an undertaking, in particular by:	No change
152.	(a) ownership or the right to use all or part of the assets of an undertaking;	(a) ownership or the right to use all or part of the assets of an undertaking;	No change
153.	(b) rights or contracts which confer decisive influence on the composition, voting or decisions of the organs of an undertaking;	(b) rights or contracts which confer decisive influence on the composition, voting or decisions of the organs of an undertaking;	No change
154.	45. 'electricity undertaking' means any natural or legal person carrying out at least one of the following functions: generation, transmission, distribution, supply, or purchase of electricity, which is responsible for the commercial, technical or maintenance tasks related to those functions, but does not include final customers;	45. 'electricity undertaking' means any natural or legal person carrying out at least one of the following functions: generation, transmission, distribution, aggregation, demand response, storage, supply, or purchase of electricity, which is responsible for the commercial, technical or maintenance tasks related to those functions, but does not include final customers;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 45. 'electricity undertaking' means any natural or legal person carrying out at least one of the following functions: generation, transmission, distribution, aggregation, demand response, energy storage, supply, or purchase of electricity, which is responsible for the commercial, technical or maintenance tasks related to those functions, but does not include final customers;
155.	46. 'security' means both security of supply and provision of electricity, and technical safety;	46. 'security' means both security of supply and provision of electricity, and technical safety;	No change

156.	47. 'energy storage' means, in the electricity system, deferring an amount of the electricity that was generated to the moment of use, either as final energy or converted into another energy carrier.	AM 30 47. 'energy storage' means, in the electricity system, deferring the use of electricity to a later moment than when it was generated or the conversion of electrical energy into a form of energy which can be stored, the storing of that energy, and the subsequent reconversion of that energy back into electrical energy or another energy carrier.	47. 'energy storage' means, in the electricity system, [] the conversion of an amount of the electricity that was generated [] into a form of energy which can be stored, the storing of that energy, and the subsequent direct use or reconversion of that energy back into electrical energy or into another energy carrier and use of that reconverted energy at a later moment than it was generated;	Provisionally agreed in TM: 47. 'energy storage' means, in the electricity system, deferring the final use of electricity to a later moment than when it was generated or the conversion of electrical energy into a form of energy which can be stored, the storing of that energy, and the subsequent reconversion of that energy back into electrical energy or direct use as another energy carrier.
157.			47a. 'energy storage facility' in the electricity system means a facility where energy storage occurs.	Provisionally agreed in TM: 47a. 'energy storage facility' in the electricity system means a facility where energy storage occurs.

158.		CHAPTER II GENERAL RULES FOR THE ORGANISATION OF THE SECTOR			
159.	Ca	Artic mpetitive, consumer-centred, flexible a		et .	
160.	1. Member States shall ensure that their national legislation does not unduly hamper cross-border flows of electricity, consumer participation including through demand—side response, investments into flexible energy generation, energy storage, the deployment of electro-mobility or new interconnectors, and that electricity prices reflect actual demand and supply.	AM 31 1. Member States shall ensure that their national legislation does not unduly hamper cross-border <i>trade</i> and flows of electricity, consumer participation including through demand—side response, investments into flexible energy generation, energy storage, the deployment of electro-mobility or new interconnectors, and that electricity prices reflect actual demand and supply.	1. Member States shall ensure that their national legislation does not unduly hamper cross-border [] trade of electricity, consumer participation including through demand—side response, investments into [] energy generation, energy storage, the deployment of electro-mobility or new interconnectors between Member States, and that electricity prices reflect actual demand and supply. Any public intervention in electricity prices shall be subject to conditions in Article 5.	Provisionally agreed: 1. Member States shall ensure that their national legislation does not unduly hamper cross-border trade of electricity, consumer participation including through demand—side response, investments into in particular variable and flexible energy generation, energy storage, the deployment of electromobility or new interconnectors between Member States, and that electricity prices reflect actual demand and supply.	
161.		AM 32 1a. (new) Member States shall ensure that their national legislation ensures an equal level-playing field and does not discriminate against any market participant, including those from other Member States.	1a. When developing new interconnectors, Member States shall take into account the electricity interconnection targets.	Provisionally agreed (text included in para.2a, line 165) Council text of para.1a to be discussed in conjunction with interconnectors.	
162.		AM 33 1b. (new) Without prejudice to the competences in relation to third countries, Members States shall ensure that no undue barriers exist within the internal electricity market as regards market entry, operation and exit. Market		Provisionally agreed (text included in paras.2 and 2b, lines 164 and 166)	

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163.		participants from third countries shall comply with applicable Union and Member States' laws, including those concerning environmental and safety policy. AM 34 Ic. (new) This Directive also sets out means of cooperation among Member States, regulatory authorities and transmission system operators towards the creation of a fully interconnected internal market that increases the integration of renewable electricity, the mechanisms of solidarity among Member States, the free competition and the security of supply.		Provisionally agreed (included in Article 1, line 98)
164.	2. Members States shall ensure that no undue barriers exist for market entry and market exit of electricity generation and electricity supply undertakings.	AM 35 2. Members States shall ensure that no undue barriers exist for market entry and market exit of electricity generation, <i>energy storage</i> , <i>demand-response</i> and electricity supply undertakings.	2. Members States shall ensure that no undue barriers exist within the internal electricity market as regards [] market entry, operation and [] exit [], without prejudice to those competences which Member States retain in relation to third countries. Market participants from third countries, operating within the internal electricity market shall comply with applicable Union and Member States' laws, including those concerning environmental and safety policy.	Provisionally agreed (however second part of the paragraph moved to new para.2b, line 166): 2. Members States shall ensure that no undue barriers exist within the internal electricity market as regards market entry, operation and exit, without prejudice to those competences which Member States retain in relation to third countries.
165.			2a. Member States shall ensure that electricity undertakings are subject to transparent, proportionate and non-discriminatory rules, fees and	Provisionally agreed: 2a. Member States shall ensure a level-playing field where electricity undertakings are

			treatment, in particular in the fields of balancing responsibility, access to wholesale markets, access to data, customer switching and billing and, where applicable, in the Member States licensing.	subject to transparent, proportionate and non- discriminatory rules, fees and treatment, in particular in the fields of balancing responsibility, access to wholesale markets, access to data, customer switching and billing and, where applicable, in the Member States licensing.
166.				Provisionally agreed:
				2b. Market participants from third countries, operating within the internal electricity market shall comply with applicable Union and Member States' laws, including those concerning environmental and safety policy.
167.		Artic		
1(0	Marsh on States shall angues that all	Free choice of ele		Description of the second of TM.
168.	Member States shall ensure that all customers are free to purchase electricity from the supplier of their choice.	AM 36 Member States shall ensure that all customers are free to purchase electricity from the <i>producer or</i> supplier of their choice and are free to contract simultaneously with several suppliers.	Member States shall ensure that all customers are free to purchase electricity from the supplier of their choice.	Provisionally agreed in TM: Member States shall ensure that all customers are free to purchase electricity from the supplier of their choice and are free to have more than one supply contract at the same time provided that the required connection and metering points are established.
<i>169.</i>		Artic Manket based		
170.	1. Electricity suppliers shall be free to determine the price at which they supply electricity to customers. Member States shall take appropriate actions to ensure effective competition	Market based s	1. Electricity suppliers shall be free to determine the price at which they supply electricity to customers. Member States shall take appropriate actions to ensure effective	

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	between electricity suppliers.		competition between electricity suppliers.	
171.	2. Member States shall ensure the protection of energy poor or vulnerable customers in a targeted manner by other means than public interventions in the price-setting for the supply of electricity.	AM 37 2. Member States <i>may</i> ensure the protection of energy poor or vulnerable <i>household</i> customers in a targeted manner by <i>social policy or</i> other means than public interventions in the price-setting for the supply of electricity.	2. Member States shall ensure the protection of energy poor or vulnerable customers pursuant to Article 28 [] by other means than public interventions in the pricesetting for the supply of electricity.	
172.	3. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1 and 2, Member States which apply public interventions in price setting for the supply of electricity for energy poor or vulnerable household customers at the [OP: please insert the date of entry into force of this Directive] may continue to apply such public interventions until [OP: insert the date – five years from the entry into force of this Directive]. Such public interventions shall pursue a general economic interest, be clearly defined, transparent, non-discriminatory, verifiable and guarantee equal access for Union electricity companies to customers. The interventions shall not go beyond what is necessary to achieve the general economic interest which they pursue, be limited in time and proportionate as regards their beneficiaries.		3. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1 and 2, Member States [] may apply public interventions in price setting for the supply of electricity subject to the conditions in paragraphs 3a and 3b [].	New compromise proposal: 3. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1 and 2, Member States may apply public interventions in price setting for the supply of electricity for energy poor or vulnerable household customers. Member States which apply public interventions in price setting for the supply of electricity for other customers may continue to apply such public interventions. until IOP: insert the date – ten years from the entry into force of this Directivel. Public interventions shall be subject to the conditions in paragraphs 3a and 3b. (3-a) By end of 2022 the Commission shall present a report to the European Parliament and the Council assessing the public interventions of Member States in

		price setting for the supply of electricity to households, and, if appropriate, present legislative and non-legislative proposals addressing the functioning of the internal market as well as measures to combat energy poverty.
173.	3a. [] Public interventions pursuant to paragraph 3 shall:	Maintain Council GA
174.	(a) pursue a general economic interest;	
175.	(b) be clearly defined, transparent, non-discriminatory and verifiable [];	
176.	(c) guarantee equal access for Union electricity companies to customers. The interventions shall not go beyond what is necessary to achieve the general economic interest which they pursue,	
177.	(d) be limited in time and proportionate as regards their beneficiaries.	
178.	3b. Public interventions pursuant to paragraph 3 shall:	Maintain Council GA
179.	(-a) avoid influencing the wholesale electricity market;	
180.	(a) not result in additional costs for market participants in a discriminatory way;	
181.	(b) not lead to direct cross- subsidisation between customers supplied at free market prices and those supplied at regulated supply prices;	

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182.			(c) ensure that all beneficiaries of	
			such public intervention have the	
			possibility to choose competitive	
			market offers and are directly	
			informed of the availability of	
			offers and savings on the	
			competitive market, in particular	
			dynamic electricity price contracts,	
			at least every quarter and that they	
			are provided with assistance to	
			switch to a market based offer;	
183.			(d) ensure that, pursuant to Article	
			19 and 21, all beneficiaries of such	
			public interventions are entitled to	
			and are offered to have smart	
			meters being installed at no extra	
			costs for these customers and are	
			directly informed of the possibility	
			to install smart meters and are	
			provided with necessary assistance.	
184.			3c. By way of derogation from	Maintain Council GA
			paragraph 3b, Member States	
			which apply public interventions in	
			price setting for the supply of	
			electricity to households as part of	
			the support programme [under the	
			European Stability Mechanism],	
			may continue to apply such public	
			interventions subject to the terms	
			stipulated in that support	
			programme and the implementing	
			documents.	
185.	4. After[OP – insert the date – five	AM 38	п	Maintain Council GA
	years from the entry into force of this	4. Between [OP – insert the date	0	
	Directive], Member States may still	– five years from the entry into force		
	apply public interventions in the price-	of this Directive] and [OP – insert		

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setting for the supply of electricity for vulnerable household customers in so far as it is strictly necessary for reasons of extreme urgency. Such interventions shall comply with the conditions set out in paragraph 3.

the date – ten years from the entry into force of this Directive], Member States may still apply public interventions in the price-setting for the supply of electricity for vulnerable household customers. Such interventions shall comply with all the following conditions:

- (a) they shall not go beyond what is necessary to achieve the general economic interest which they pursue;
- (b) they shall be limited in time;
- (c) they shall be proportionate as regards their beneficiaries;
- (d) they shall be limited to energy poor and vulnerable customers;
- (e) they shall not impede market entry by new participants;
- (f) they shall not negatively impact the wholesale electricity market;
- (g) they shall not result in additional costs for market participants in a discriminatory way; and
- (h) all beneficiaries of such public intervention shall have the possibility to choose competitive

		market offers and shall be directly informed of the availability of offers and savings on the competitive market, in particular dynamic electricity price contracts, at least every quarter and they shall be provided with assistance to switch to a market based offer.		
186.	measures taken in accordance with the first subparagraph to the Commission within one month after adoption and may apply them immediately. The notification shall be accompanied by an explanation why other instruments could not sufficiently address the situation and how the beneficiaries and the duration of the measure have been determined. The notification shall be considered as complete if, within two months from its receipt, or from the receipt of any additional information requested, the Commission does not request any further information.		4. [] Member States shall notify the measures taken in accordance with paragraph 3 [] to the Commission within one month after adoption and may apply them immediately. The notification shall be accompanied by an explanation why [] other instruments could not sufficiently address the situation and how the beneficiaries and the duration of the measure have been determined. []	Maintain Council GA
187.	The Commission may take a decision asking the national authorities to amend or withdraw the measures within two months from receipt of a complete notification where it considers that the requirements set out in the first subparagraph are not fulfilled. The decision-making period can be extended with the consent of both the Commission and the Member State concerned.			Maintain Council GA

188.	The public intervention applied on the basis of this paragraph shall be deemed valid as long as the Commission has not taken a decision asking the national authorities to amend or withdraw the measure.		Π	Maintain Council GA
189.		Articl <i>Third-part</i>		
190.	1. Member States shall ensure the implementation of a system of third party access to the transmission and distribution systems based on published tariffs, applicable to all customers and applied objectively and without discrimination between system users. Member States shall ensure that those tariffs, or the methodologies underlying their calculation, are approved prior to their entry into force in accordance with Article 59 and that those tariffs, and the methodologies — where only methodologies are approved — are published prior to their entry into force.	Thu w-puri	1. Member States shall ensure the implementation of a system of third party access to the transmission and distribution systems based on published tariffs, applicable to all customers and applied objectively and without discrimination between system users. Member States shall ensure that those tariffs, or the methodologies underlying their calculation, are approved prior to their entry into force in accordance with Article 59 and that those tariffs, and the methodologies — where only methodologies are approved — are published prior to their entry into force.	No change.
191.	2. The transmission or distribution system operator may refuse access where it lacks the necessary capacity. Duly substantiated reasons shall be given for such refusal, in particular having regard to Article 9, and based on objective and technically and economically justified criteria.		2. The transmission or distribution system operator may refuse access where it lacks the necessary capacity. Duly substantiated reasons shall be given for such refusal, in particular having regard to Article 9, and based on objective and technically and	No change

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	Member States or, where Member States have so provided, the regulatory authorities shall ensure that those criteria are consistently applied and that the system user who has been refused access can make use of a dispute settlement procedure. The regulatory authorities shall also ensure, where appropriate and when refusal of access takes place, that the transmission or distribution system operator provides relevant information on measures that would be necessary to reinforce the network. Such information shall be provided in all cases when access for recharging points was denied. The party requesting such information may be charged a reasonable fee reflecting the		economically justified criteria. Member States or, where Member States have so provided, the regulatory authorities shall ensure that those criteria are consistently applied and that the system user who has been refused access can make use of a dispute settlement procedure. The regulatory authorities shall also ensure, where appropriate and when refusal of access takes place, that the transmission or distribution system operator provides relevant information on measures that would be necessary to reinforce the network. Such information shall be provided in all cases when access for recharging points was denied. The party requesting such information	
192.			reflecting the cost of providing such information. 2a. The provisions of this Article apply also to energy communities that manage distribution networks.	Provisionally agreed: 2a. The provisions of this Article apply also to citizens energy communities that manage distribution networks.
193.		Artic Direct		distribution networks.
194.	1. Member States shall take the measures necessary to enable:		1. Member States shall take the measures necessary to enable:	No change
195.	(a) all electricity producers and electricity supply undertakings established within their territory to	AM 39 (a) all electricity producers and electricity supply undertakings	(a) all electricity producers and electricity supply undertakings established within their territory to	Provisionally agreed: (a) all electricity producers and

	supply their own premises, subsidiaries and customers through a direct line;	established within their territory to supply their own premises, subsidiaries and customers through a direct line without being subject to disproportionate administrative procedures or costs related for instance to the need for a supply licence;	supply their own premises, subsidiaries and customers through a direct line;	electricity supply undertakings established within their territory to supply their own premises, subsidiaries and customers through a direct line without being subject to disproportionate administrative procedures or costs;
196.	(b) all customers within their territory to be supplied through a direct line by a producer and supply undertakings.	AM 40 (b) all customers within their territory <i>individually or jointly</i> , to be supplied through a direct line by a producer and supply undertakings.	(b) all customers within their territory to be supplied through a direct line by a producer and supply undertakings.	Provisionally agreed: (b) all customers within their territory <i>individually or jointly</i> , to be supplied through a direct line by a producer and supply undertakings.
197.	the criteria for the grant of authorisations for the construction of direct lines in their territory. Those criteria shall be objective and non- discriminatory.		2. Member States shall lay down the criteria for the grant of authorisations for the construction of direct lines in their territory. Those criteria shall be objective and non-discriminatory.	No change
198.	3. The possibility of supplying electricity through a direct line as referred to in paragraph 1 shall not affect the possibility of contracting electricity in accordance with Article 6.	AM 41 3. The possibility of supplying electricity through a direct line as referred to in paragraph 1 shall not affect the possibility of contracting electricity in accordance with Article 6 and shall not affect the right of the customer to sign a second supply contract for the residual electricity demand.	3. The possibility of supplying electricity through a direct line as referred to in paragraph 1 shall not affect the possibility of contracting electricity in accordance with Article 6.	Provisionally agreed in TM: 3. The possibility of supplying electricity through a direct line as referred to in paragraph 1 shall not affect the possibility of contracting electricity in accordance with Article 6.
199.	4. Member States may issue an authorisation to construct a direct line subject either to the refusal of system access on the basis, as appropriate, of Article 6 or to the opening of a dispute settlement procedure under Article 60.		4. Member States may issue an authorisation to construct a direct line subject either to the refusal of system access on the basis, as appropriate, of Article 6 or to the opening of a dispute settlement procedure under Article 60.	No change

200.	5. Member States may refuse to authorise a direct line if the granting of such an authorisation would obstruct application of the provisions on public service obligations pursuant to Article 9. Duly substantiated reasons	5. Member States may refuse to authorise a direct line if the granting of such an authorisation would obstruct application of the provisions on public service obligations pursuant to Article 9. Duly
	shall be given for such refusal.	substantiated reasons shall be given for such refusal.
201.		Article 8
		Authorisation procedure for new capacity
202.	1. For the construction of new generating capacity, Member States shall adopt an authorisation procedure, which shall be conducted in accordance with objective, transparent and non-discriminatory criteria.	1. For the construction of new generating capacity, Member States shall adopt an authorisation procedure, which shall be conducted in accordance with objective, transparent and non-discriminatory
	,	criteria.
203.	2. Member States shall lay down the criteria for the grant of authorisations for the construction of generating capacity in their territory. In determining appropriate criteria, Member States shall consider:	2. Member States shall lay down the criteria for the grant of authorisations for the construction of generating capacity in their territory. In determining appropriate criteria, Member States shall consider:
204.	(a) the safety and security of the electricity system, installations and associated equipment;	(a) the safety and security of the electricity system, installations and associated equipment;
205.	(b) the protection of public health and safety;	(b) the protection of public health No change and safety;
206.	(c) the protection of the environment;	(c) the protection of the environment; No change
207.	(d) land use and siting;	(d) land use and siting; No change
208.	(e) the use of public ground;	(e) the use of public ground; No change
209.	(f) energy efficiency;	(f) energy efficiency; No change

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(g) the nature of the primary		(g) the nature of the primary	No change
sources;		sources;	
(h) the characteristics particular to		(h) the characteristics particular to	No change
		the applicant, such as technical,	
economic and financial capabilities;		economic and financial capabilities;	
(i) compliance with measures		(i) compliance with measures	No change
adopted pursuant to Article 9;		adopted pursuant to Article 9;	
(j) the contribution of the		(j) the contribution of the	No change
generating capacity to meeting the		generating capacity to meeting the	
overall Union target of at least a 20 %		overall Union target of at least a 20	
share of energy from renewable		% share of energy from renewable	
sources in the Union 's gross final		sources in the Union's gross final	
consumption of energy in 2020		consumption of energy in 2020	
referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive		referred to in Article 3(1) of	
		Directive 2009/28/EC of the	
		European Parliament and of the	
, in the second		Council ³¹ ; and	
(k) the contribution of generating		(k) the contribution of generating	No change
capacity to reducing emissions.		capacity to reducing emissions.	
	AM 42		Provisionally agreed in TM:
	(ka) (new) the assessment of		(ka) the assessment of alternatives,
	alternatives, such as demand-		such as demand-response solutions
	response solutions and energy		and energy storage, to the
	storage, to the construction of new		construction of new generating
	generating capacity.		capacity.
3. Member States shall ensure that	AM 43	3. Member States shall ensure	Provisionally agreed in TM:
specific authorisation procedures exist	Member States shall ensure that	that specific authorisation procedures	3. Member States shall ensure
for small decentralised and/or	specific, simplified and streamlined	exist for small decentralised and/or	that specific, simplified and
distributed generation, which take into	authorisation procedures exist for	distributed generation, which take	streamlined authorisation
account their limited size and potential	small decentralised and/or distributed	into account their limited size and	procedures exist for small
	(h) the characteristics particular to the applicant, such as technical, economic and financial capabilities; (i) compliance with measures adopted pursuant to Article 9; (j) the contribution of the generating capacity to meeting the overall Union target of at least a 20 % share of energy from renewable sources in the Union 's gross final consumption of energy in 2020 referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2009/28/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council 30; and (k) the contribution of generating capacity to reducing emissions.	(h) the characteristics particular to the applicant, such as technical, economic and financial capabilities; (i) compliance with measures adopted pursuant to Article 9; (j) the contribution of the generating capacity to meeting the overall Union target of at least a 20 % share of energy from renewable sources in the Union's gross final consumption of energy in 2020 referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2009/28/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council 30; and (k) the contribution of generating capacity to reducing emissions. AM 42 (ka) (new) the assessment of alternatives, such as demandresponse solutions and energy storage, to the construction of new generating capacity. AM 43 Member States shall ensure that specific authorisation procedures exist for small decentralised and/or distributed generation, which take into	sources; (h) the characteristics particular to the applicant, such as technical, economic and financial capabilities; (i) compliance with measures adopted pursuant to Article 9; (j) the contribution of the generating capacity to meeting the overall Union target of at least a 20 % share of energy from renewable sources in the Union's gross final consumption of energy in 2020 referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2009/28/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council 30; and (k) the contribution of generating capacity to reducing emissions. AM 42 ((ka) (new) the assessment of alternatives, such as demandresponse solutions and energy storage, to the construction of new generating capacity. AM 43 Member States shall ensure that specific authorisation procedures exist for small decentralised and/or distributed generation, which take

Directive 2009/28/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of 23 April 2009 on the promotion of the use of energy sources (OJ L 140, 5.6.2009, p. 16).

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Directive 2009/28/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of 23 April 2009 on the promotion of the use of energy sources (OJ L 140, 5.6.2009, p. 16).

	impact.	generation, which take into account their limited size and potential impact.	potential impact.	decentralised and/or distributed generation, which take into account their limited size and potential impact.
217.	Member States may set guidelines for that specific authorisation procedure. National regulatory authorities or other competent national authorities including planning authorities shall review those guidelines and may recommend amendments thereto.		Member States may set guidelines for that specific authorisation procedure. National regulatory authorities or other competent national authorities including planning authorities shall review those guidelines and may recommend amendments thereto.	No change

218.	Where Member States have established particular land use permit procedures applying to major new infrastructure projects in generation capacity, Member States shall, where appropriate, include the construction of new generation capacity within the scope of those procedures and shall implement them in a non-discriminatory manner and within an appropriate time-frame.	Where Member States have established particular land use permit procedures applying to major new infrastructure projects in generation capacity, Member States shall, where appropriate, include the construction of new generation capacity within the scope of those procedures and shall implement them in a non-discriminatory manner and within an appropriate time-frame.	No change
219.	4. The authorisation procedures and criteria shall be made public. Applicants shall be informed of the reasons for any refusal to grant an authorisation. Those reasons shall be objective, non-discriminatory, well-founded and duly substantiated. Appeal procedures shall be made available to the applicant.	4. The authorisation procedures and criteria shall be made public. Applicants shall be informed of the reasons for any refusal to grant an authorisation. Those reasons shall be objective, non-discriminatory, well-founded and duly substantiated. Appeal procedures shall be made available to the applicant.	No change

220.	Article 9			
221.	1. Member States shall ensure, on the basis of their institutional organisation and with due regard to the principle of subsidiarity, that, without prejudice to paragraph 2, electricity undertakings are operated in accordance with the principles of this Directive with a view to achieving a competitive, secure and environmentally sustainable market in electricity, and shall not discriminate between those undertakings as regards either rights or obligations.	Public service	1. Member States shall ensure, on the basis of their institutional organisation and with due regard to the principle of subsidiarity, that, without prejudice to paragraph 2, electricity undertakings are operated in accordance with the principles of this Directive with a view to achieving a competitive, secure and environmentally sustainable market in electricity, and shall not discriminate between those undertakings as regards either rights or obligations.	No change
222.	2. Having full regard to the relevant provisions of the Treaty, in particular Article 106 thereof, Member States may impose on undertakings operating in the electricity sector, in the general economic interest, public service obligations which may relate to security, including security of supply, regularity, quality and price of supplies and environmental protection, including energy efficiency, energy from renewable sources and climate protection. Such obligations shall be clearly defined, transparent, non-discriminatory, verifiable and shall guarantee equality of access for electricity undertakings of the Union to national consumers. Public service	AM 44 2. Having full regard to the relevant provisions of the Treaty, in particular Article 106 thereof, Member States may impose on undertakings operating in the electricity sector, in the general economic interest, public service obligations which may relate to security, including security of supply, regularity, quality and price of supplies and environmental protection, including energy efficiency, energy from renewable sources and climate protection. Such obligations shall be clearly defined, transparent, non-discriminatory, verifiable and shall guarantee equality of access for electricity undertakings of the Union to national	2. Having full regard to the relevant provisions of the Treaty, in particular Article 106 thereof, Member States may impose on undertakings operating in the electricity sector, in the general economic interest, public service obligations which may relate to security, including security of supply, regularity, quality and price of supplies and environmental protection, including energy efficiency, energy from renewable sources and climate protection. Such obligations shall be clearly defined, transparent, non-discriminatory, verifiable and shall guarantee equality of access for electricity undertakings of the Union to national	Provisionally agreed in TM: 2. Having full regard to the relevant provisions of the Treaty, in particular Article 106 thereof, Member States may impose on undertakings operating in the electricity sector, in the general economic interest, public service obligations which may relate to security, including security of supply, regularity, quality and price of supplies and environmental protection, including energy efficiency, energy from renewable sources and climate protection. Such obligations shall be clearly defined, transparent, non-discriminatory, verifiable and shall guarantee equality of access for electricity

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	obligations which concern the price setting for the supply of electricity shall comply with the requirements set out in Article 5.	consumers. In relation to security of supply, energy efficiency/demand-side management and for the fulfilment of environmental goals and aims for energy from renewable sources, as referred to in this paragraph, Member States may introduce the implementation of long-term planning, taking into account the possibility of third parties seeking access to the system. Public service obligations which concern the price setting for the supply of electricity shall comply with the requirements set out in Article 5.	consumers. Public service obligations which concern the price setting for the supply of electricity shall comply with the requirements set out in Article 5.	undertakings of the Union to national consumers. Public service obligations which concern the price setting for the supply of electricity shall comply with the requirements set out in Article 5.
223.	3. Where financial compensation, other forms of compensation and exclusive rights which a Member State grants for the fulfilment of the obligations set out in paragraph 2 or for the provision of universal service as set out in Article 27 are provided, this shall be done in a non-discriminatory and transparent way.		3. Where financial compensation, other forms of compensation and exclusive rights which a Member State grants for the fulfilment of the obligations set out in paragraph 2 or for the provision of universal service as set out in Article 27 are provided, this shall be done in a non-discriminatory and transparent way.	No change
224.	4. Member States shall, upon implementation of this Directive, inform the Commission of all measures adopted to fulfil universal service and public service obligations, including consumer protection and environmental protection, and their possible effect on national and international competition, whether or not such measures require a derogation		4. Member States shall, upon implementation of this Directive, inform the Commission of all measures adopted to fulfil universal service and public service obligations, including consumer protection and environmental protection, and their possible effect on national and international competition, whether or not such	No change

	from this Directive. They shall inform the Commission subsequently every two years of any changes to such measures, whether or not they require a derogation from this Directive.	measures require a derogation from this Directive. They shall inform the Commission subsequently every two years of any changes to such measures, whether or not they require a derogation from this Directive.	
225.	5. Member States may decide not to apply the provisions of Articles 6, 7 and 8 insofar as their application would obstruct the performance, in law or in fact, of the obligations imposed on electricity undertakings in the general economic interest and insofar as the development of trade would not be affected to such an extent as would be contrary to the interests of the Union . The interests of the Union include, inter alia, competition with regard to customers in accordance with this Directive and Article 106 of the Treaty.	5. Member States may decide not to apply the provisions of Articles 6, 7 and 8 insofar as their application would obstruct the performance, in law or in fact, of the obligations imposed on electricity undertakings in the general economic interest and insofar as the development of trade would not be affected to such an extent as would be contrary to the interests of the Union. The interests of the Union include, inter alia, competition with regard to customers in accordance with this Directive and Article 106 of the Treaty.	No change

226.	CHAPTER III CONSUMER EMPOWERMENT AND PROTECTION						
227.		Article 10 Basic contractual rights (Article 10 provisionally agreed)					
228.	1. Member States shall ensure that all customers are entitled to have their electricity provided by a supplier, subject to the supplier's agreement, regardless of the Member State in which the supplier is registered, as long as the supplier follows the applicable trading rules. In this regard, Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that administrative procedures do not discriminate against supply undertakings already registered in another Member State.		1. Member States shall ensure that all customers are entitled to have their electricity provided by a supplier, subject to the supplier's agreement, regardless of the Member State in which the supplier is registered, as long as the supplier follows the applicable trading and balancing rules. In this regard, Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that administrative procedures do not discriminate against supply undertakings already registered in another Member State.	Provisionally agreed: 1. Member States shall ensure that all customers are entitled to have their electricity provided by a supplier, subject to the supplier's agreement, regardless of the Member State in which the supplier is registered, as long as the supplier follows the applicable trading and balancing rules. In this regard, Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that administrative procedures do not discriminate against supply undertakings already registered in another Member State.			
229.	2. Without prejudice to Union rules on consumer protection, in particular Directive 2011/83/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ³² and Council Directive 93/13/EEC (33),		2. Without prejudice to Union rules on consumer protection, in particular Directive 2011/83/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ³⁴ and Council Directive 93/13/EEC (35), Member States shall	Provisionally agreed:2. Without prejudice to Union rules on consumer protection, in particular Directive 2011/83/EU of the European Parliament and of the			

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OJ L 304, 22.11.2011, p. 64–88 OJ L 95, 21.4.1993, p. 29–34 OJ L 304, 22.11.2011, p. 64–88 32

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OJ L 95, 21.4.1993, p. 29–34

	Member States shall ensure that customers:		ensure that []:	Council ³⁶ and Council Directive 93/13/EEC ⁽³⁷⁾ , Member States shall ensure that:
230.	(a) have a right to a contract with their electricity service provider that specifies:		(a) customers have a right to a contract with their [] supplier that specifies:	Provisionally agreed: (a) customers have a right to a contract with their supplier that specifies:
231.	 the identity and address of the supplier, 		- the identity and address of the supplier,	Provisionally agreed: — the identity and address of the supplier,
232.	 the services provided, the service quality levels offered, as well as the time for the initial connection, 		the services provided, the service quality levels offered, as well as the time for the initial connection,	Provisionally agreed: - the services provided, the service quality levels offered, as well as the time for the initial connection,
233.	 the types of maintenance service offered, 		the types of maintenance service offered,	Provisionally agreed: - the types of maintenance service offered,
234.	 the means by which up-to-date information on all applicable tariffs and maintenance charges may be obtained, 	AM 45 - the means by which up-to-date information on all applicable tariffs and maintenance charges and additional products and /or services (bundled offers) may be obtained,	the means by which up-to-date information on all applicable tariffs and maintenance charges may be obtained,	Provisionally agreed: - the means by which up-to-date information on all applicable tariffs and maintenance charges and additional products and /or services (bundled offers) may be obtained,

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OJ L 304, 22.11.2011, p. 64–88 OJ L 95, 21.4.1993, p. 29–34

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2	- the duration of the contract, the conditions for renewal and termination of services and of the contract,	AM 46 - the duration of the contract, the conditions for renewal and termination of services including additional products and/or services (bundled services) and of the contract and whether withdrawal from the contract without charge is permitted,	the duration of the contract, the conditions for renewal and termination of services and of the contract,	Provisionally agreed: - the duration of the contract, the conditions for renewal and termination of services including additional products and/or services (bundled services) and of the contract and whether withdrawal from the contract without charge is permitted,
2	 any compensation and the refund arrangements which apply if contracted service quality levels are not met, including inaccurate and delayed billing, 		 any compensation and the refund arrangements which apply if contracted service quality levels are not met, including inaccurate and delayed billing, 	Provisionally agreed: - any compensation and the refund arrangements which apply if contracted service quality levels are not met, including inaccurate and delayed billing,

237.	 the method of initiating procedures for settlement of disputes in accordance with Article 26 , 		the method of initiating procedures for settlement of disputes in accordance with Article 26,	Provisionally agreed: - the method of initiating procedures for settlement of disputes in accordance with Article 26,
238.	 information relating to consumer rights, including on the complaint handling and all of the information referred to in this point, clearly communicated through billing or the electricity undertaking's web site. 		 information relating to consumer rights, including on the complaint handling and all of the information referred to in this point, clearly communicated through billing or the electricity undertaking's web site. 	Provisionally agreed: — information relating to consumer rights, including on the complaint handling and all of the information referred to in this point, clearly communicated through billing or the electricity undertaking's web site.
239.	Conditions shall be fair and well-known in advance. In any case, this information should be provided prior to the conclusion or confirmation of the contract. Where contracts are concluded through intermediaries, the information relating to the matters set out in this point shall also be provided prior to the conclusion of the contract;		Conditions shall be fair and well-known in advance. In any case, this information should be provided prior to the conclusion or confirmation of the contract. Where contracts are concluded through intermediaries, the information relating to the matters set out in this point shall also be provided prior to the conclusion of the contract;	Provisionally agreed: Conditions shall be fair and well-known in advance. In any case, this information should be provided prior to the conclusion or confirmation of the contract. Where contracts are concluded through intermediaries, the information relating to the matters set out in this point shall also be provided prior to the conclusion of the contract;
240.	(b) are given adequate notice of any intention to modify contractual conditions and are informed about their right to dissolve the contract when the notice is given. Suppliers shall notify their customers directly of	AM 47 (b) are given adequate notice of any intention to modify contractual conditions and are informed about their right to dissolve the contract when the notice is given. Suppliers	(b) customers are given adequate notice of any intention to modify contractual conditions and are informed about their right to dissolve the contract when the notice is given. Suppliers shall notify their customers	Provisionally agreed: (b) customers are given adequate notice of any intention to modify contractual conditions and are informed about their right to

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	any adjustment in the supply price as well as of the reasons and preconditions for the adjustment and its scope, at an appropriate time no later than one normal billing period before the adjustment comes into effect in a transparent and comprehensible manner. Member States shall ensure that customers are free to withdraw from contracts if they do not accept the new contractual conditions or adjustments in the supply price notified to them by their electricity supplier;	shall notify their customers directly of any adjustment in the supply price as well as of the reasons and preconditions for the adjustment and its scope, as soon as they have the information on the adjustment, and no later than one month before the adjustment comes into effect in a transparent and comprehensible manner. Member States shall ensure that customers are free to withdraw from contracts if they do not accept the new contractual conditions or adjustments in the supply price notified to them by their electricity supplier;	directly of any adjustment in the supply price as well as of the reasons and preconditions for the adjustment and its scope, at an appropriate time no later than [] two weeks, and as far as household consumers are considered, one month before the adjustment comes into effect in a transparent and comprehensible manner. Member States shall ensure that customers are free to withdraw from contracts if they do not accept the new contractual conditions or adjustments in the supply price notified to them by their electricity supplier;	dissolve the contract when the notice is given. Suppliers shall notify their customers directly of any adjustment in the supply price as well as of the reasons and preconditions for the adjustment and its scope, at an appropriate time no later than two weeks, and as far as household consumers are considered, one month before the adjustment comes into effect in a transparent and comprehensible manner. Member States shall ensure that customers are free to withdraw from contracts if they do not accept the new contractual conditions or adjustments in the supply price notified to them by their electricity supplier;
241.	(c) receive transparent information on applicable prices and tariffs and on standard terms and conditions, in respect of access to and use of electricity services;		(c) customers receive transparent information on applicable prices and tariffs and on standard terms and conditions, in respect of access to and use of electricity services;	Provisionally agreed: (c) customers receive transparent information on applicable prices and tariffs and on standard terms and conditions, in respect of access to and use of electricity services;
242.	(d) are offered a wide choice of payment methods, which do not unduly discriminate between customers. Any difference in charges related to payment methods shall reflect the relevant costs incurred by	AM 48 (d) are offered a wide choice of payment methods, which do not unduly discriminate between customers. Any difference in charges related to payment methods shall	(d) customers are offered a wide choice of payment methods, which do not unduly discriminate between customers. Any difference in charges related to payment methods shall be objective , non-discriminatory and	Provisionally agreed: (d) customers are offered a wide choice of payment methods, which do not unduly discriminate between customers. Any difference in

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	the supplier .	reflect the relevant costs incurred by the supplier, in line with Article 62 of Directive (EU) 2015/2366 which forbids surcharges for any payment instrument;	proportionate and shall not exceed the direct costs borne by the payee for the use of the specific payment method [].	charges related to payment methods shall be objective, non-discriminatory and proportionate and shall not exceed the direct costs borne by the payee for the use of the specific payment method, in line with Article 62 of Directive (EU) 2015/2366.
243.	(e) are not placed at an excessive disadvantage in comparison to the average market price by the prepayment systems;	AM 49 (e) are not placed at <i>a disproportionate</i> disadvantage in comparison to the average market price by the prepayment systems;	(e) pursuant to subparagraph (d), household customers, who have access to prepayment systems, are not placed at a [] disadvantage [] by the prepayment systems;	Provisionally agreed: (e) pursuant to subparagraph (d), household customers, who have access to prepayment systems, are not placed at a disadvantage by the prepayment systems;
244.	(f) are offered fair and transparent general terms and conditions. The general terms and conditions shall be given in clear and comprehensible language and shall not include non-contractual barriers to the exercise of customers' rights, for example excessive contractual documentation. Customers shall be protected against unfair or misleading selling methods;		(f) customers are offered fair and transparent general terms and conditions. The general terms and conditions shall be given in clear and comprehensible language and shall not include non-contractual barriers to the exercise of customers' rights, for example excessive contractual documentation. Customers shall be protected against unfair or misleading selling methods;	Provisionally agreed: (f) customers are offered fair and transparent general terms and conditions. The general terms and conditions shall be given in clear and comprehensible language and shall not include non-contractual barriers to the exercise of customers' rights, for example excessive contractual documentation. Customers shall be protected against unfair or misleading selling methods;
245.	(g) have the right to a good standard of service and complaint handling by their electricity service provider. Electricity service providers shall handle complaints in a simple, fair and prompt manner;		(g) customers have the right to a good standard of service and complaint handling by their suppliers []. [] Suppliers shall handle complaints in a simple, fair and prompt manner;	Provisionally agreed: (g) customers have the right to a good standard of service and complaint handling by their suppliers. Suppliers shall handle complaints in a simple, fair and prompt manner;

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246.	(h) when having access to universal service under the provisions adopted by Member States pursuant to Article 27, are informed about their rights regarding universal service;		(h) customers when having access to universal service under the provisions adopted by Member States pursuant to Article 27, are informed about their rights regarding universal service;	Provisionally agreed: (h) customers when having access to universal service under the provisions adopted by Member States pursuant to Article 27, are informed about their rights regarding universal service;
247.	(i) are given adequate information on alternatives to disconnection sufficiently in advance before the planned disconnection. These alternatives may refer to sources of support to avoid disconnection, alternative payment plans, debt management advice or disconnection moratorium and should not constitute an extra cost to customers;		(i) household costumers are given adequate information on alternatives to disconnection sufficiently in advance before the planned disconnection. These alternatives may refer to sources of support to avoid disconnection, prepayment systems, energy audits, energy consultancy services, alternative payment plans, debt management advice or disconnection [] moratoria. The information on the available alternatives [] should not constitute an extra cost to the customers facing disconnection;	Provisionally agreed: (i) household costumers are given adequate information on alternatives to disconnection sufficiently in advance before the planned disconnection. These alternatives may refer to sources of support to avoid disconnection, prepayment systems, energy audits, energy consultancy services, alternative payment plans, debt management advice or disconnection moratoria and should not constitute an extra cost to the customers facing disconnection;
248.	(j) receive a final closure account following any change of electricity supplier no later than six weeks after the change of supplier has taken place.	AM 50 (j) receive a final closure account following any change of electricity supplier no later than <i>two</i> weeks after the change of supplier has taken place.	(j) customers receive a final closure account following any change of [] supplier no later than six weeks after the change of supplier has taken place.	Provisionally agreed: (j) customers receive a final closure account following any change of supplier no later than six weeks after the change of supplier has taken place.
249.		AM 51 (ja) (new) are provided with a summary of the key contractual conditions (such as the main		Provisionally agreed: (ja) customers are provided with a summary of the key contractual conditions in a prominent way in

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250.	En	features of the service, detailed information on prices, conditions for switching and price increase) in concise and simple language on the first page of the contract or together with the contract. Articl titlement to a dynamic electricity price of		concise and simple language.
251.	1. Member States shall ensure that every final customer is entitled, on request, to a dynamic electricity price contract by his supplier.	anchem to a dynamic circuit, price of	1. Member States shall ensure that the national regulatory framework enables electricity suppliers to offer a dynamic electricity price contract. Member States shall ensure that [] final customers who have a smart meter installed can [] request to conclude a dynamic electricity price contract from at least one [] supplier.	Provisionally agreed: 1. Member States shall ensure that the national regulatory framework enables electricity suppliers to offer a dynamic electricity price contract. Member States shall ensure that final customers who have a smart meter installed can request to conclude a dynamic electricity price contract from at least one supplier and from every supplier that has more than 200,000 final customers.
252.	2. Member States shall ensure that final customers are fully informed by the suppliers of the opportunities and risks of such dynamic electricity price contract.	AM 52 2. Member States shall ensure that final customers are fully informed by the suppliers of the opportunities and risks of such dynamic electricity price contract including the need to have an adequate electricity meter installed.	2. Member States shall ensure that final customers are [] well informed by the suppliers of the opportunities, costs and risks of such dynamic electricity price contract and that suppliers are required to provide information to the final customers accordingly. Regulatory authorities shall monitor the market developments and assess the risks that the new products and services may entail and modify safeguards in case of abusive	Provisionally agreed: 2. Member States shall ensure that final customers are fully informed by the suppliers of the opportunities, costs and risks of such dynamic electricity price contract and that suppliers are required to provide information to the final customers accordingly, including the need to have an adequate electricity meter installed. Regulatory authorities shall monitor the market developments

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			practices.	and assess the risks that the new products and services may entail and deal with abusive practices.
253.		AM 53 2a. (new) Every final customer shall always be required to give consent before being switched to a dynamic price contract.		Provisionally agreed: 2a. Every final customer shall always be required to give consent before being switched to a dynamic price contract.
254.		AM 54 2b. (new) Member States shall aim at reducing the share of fixed components in final customers' electricity bills.		Provisionally agreed (covered by new recital 25a, line 39): []
255.	3. Member States, through their National Regulatory Authorities, shall monitor and report annually, for at least a ten-year period after such contracts become available, on the main developments of such contracts including market offers, the impact on consumers' bills and specifically the level of price volatility, and on consumers' sensitivity to the level of financial risk.	, and the second	3. Where dynamic electricity price contracts account for less than 80% of the electricity consumed by households, Member States [] or their National Regulatory Authorities, shall monitor and publish an annual report [], for at least a ten-year period after such contracts become available, on the main developments of such contracts including market offers[].	Provisionally agreed: 3. Member States or their National Regulatory Authorities, shall monitor and publish an annual report, for at least a ten-year period after dynamic electricity price contracts become available, on the main developments of such contracts including market offers and the impact on consumers' bills and specifically the level of price volatility.
256.		AM 55 3a. (new) Member States shall ensure that adequate safeguards on the exposure of price changes for final customers are in place to avoid bill shocks or high levels of financial liability.		Provisionally agreed:

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257.		Article 12 Right to switch [] and rules on switching-related fees					
258.	1. Member States shall ensure that a customer wishing to change supplier, while respecting contractual conditions, is entitled to such change within three weeks.		1. Member States shall ensure that a customer wishing to change suppliers or market participant engaged in aggregation, while respecting contractual conditions, is entitled to such a change within a maximum of three weeks. By no later than 2025, the technical process of switching supplier shall take no longer than 24 hours and shall be possible on any working day, unless a Member State concludes there is a negative costbenefit analysis.	New compromise proposal: 1. Changing suppliers or market participants engaged in aggregation shall be carried out within the shortest possible time. Member States shall ensure that a customer wishing to change suppliers or market participant engaged in aggregation, while respecting contractual conditions, is entitled to such a change within a maximum of three weeks. By no later than 2023 2027, the technical process of switching supplier shall take no longer than 24 hours and shall be possible on any working day, unless a Member State concludes there is a negative cost benefit analysis.			
259.		AM 56 (new) By 1 January 2022, the technical process of switching supplier shall take no longer than 24 hours and shall be possible on any working day.		See compromise proposal in para.1 above.			
260.	2. Member States shall ensure that customers are not charged any switching-related fees.	AM 57 2. Member States shall ensure that <i>final</i> customers are not charged any switching-related fees.	2. Member States shall ensure that at least household customers, microenterprises and small enterprises are not charged any	Provisionally agreed: 2. Member States shall ensure that at least household customers, microenterprises and small			

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261. 3. By way of derogation from paragraph 2, Member States may choose to permit suppliers to charge contract termination fees to customers willingly terminating fixed term supply contracts before their maturity. Such fees may only be charged if customers receive a demonstrable advantage from these contracts. In addition, such fees shall not exceed the direct economic loss to the supplier of the customer terminating the contract. including the cost of any bundled investments or services already provided to the customer as part of the contract.

AM 58

3.By way of derogation from paragraph 2, Member States may choose to permit suppliers to charge contract termination fees to final customers willingly terminating fixed term, *fixed price* supply contracts before their maturity *provided that* the customer has willingly entered into such a contract. Such fees may only be charged if *final* customers receive a demonstrable advantage from these contracts. In addition, such fees shall be proportionate to the advantage provided to the customer and shall not exceed the direct economic loss to the supplier of the *final* customer terminating the contract, including the cost of any bundled investments or services already provided to the *final* customer as part of the contract. The burden of proof of the direct economic loss shall be on the supplier and shall be monitored by the national regulatory authority.

switching-related fees.

By way of derogation from paragraph 2, Member States may choose to permit suppliers or market participants engaged in aggregation to charge contract termination fees to customers. willingly terminating fixed term, fixed price supply [] contracts before their maturity, as long as such fees are part of a contract that the costumer has willingly entered into and such fees are clearly communicated to the customer before the contract is entered into Such fees [] shall [] be proportionate and not exceed the direct economic loss to the supplier or market participant engaged in aggregation of the customer terminating the contract, including the costs of any bundled investments or services already provided to the customer as part of the contract.

enterprises are not charged any switching-related fees.

Provisionally agreed:

By way of derogation from paragraph 2, Member States may choose to permit suppliers or market participants engaged in aggregation to charge contract termination fees to customers, willingly terminating fixed term, *fixed price* supply contracts before their maturity, as long as such fees are part of a contract that the costumer has willingly entered into and such fees are clearly communicated to the customer before the contract is entered into. Such fees shall be proportionate and not exceed the direct economic loss to the supplier or market participant engaged in aggregation of the customer terminating the contract, including the costs of any bundled investments or services already provided to the customer as part of the contract. The burden of proof of the direct economic loss shall be on the supplier or market participant engaged in aggregation and the permissibility of contract termination fees shall be monitored by the national regulatory authority, or any other competent authority.

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262.	4. Member States shall ensure that the right to switch suppliers is granted to customers in a non-discriminatory manner as regards cost, effort or time.		4. Member States shall ensure that the right to switch suppliers or market participant engaged in aggregation is granted to customers in a non-discriminatory manner as regards cost, effort or time.	Provisionally agreed: 4. Member States shall ensure that the right to switch suppliers or market participant engaged in aggregation is granted to customers in a non-discriminatory manner as regards cost, effort or time.
263.		AM 59 4a. (new) Household customers shall be entitled to participate in collective switching schemes. Member States shall remove all regulatory or administrative barriers for collective switching while providing a framework that ensures utmost protection for consumers to avoid any abusive practices.		Provisionally agreed: 4a. Household customers shall be entitled to participate in collective switching schemes. Member States shall remove all regulatory or administrative barriers for collective switching while providing a framework that ensures utmost protection for consumers to avoid any abusive practices.
264.		Article [] Aggregation contract (Artic		
265.			-1. Member States shall ensure that all customers are free to purchase and sell electricity services, other than electricity supply, including aggregation, independently from their supply contract and from an electricity undertaking of their choice.	Provisionally agreed: -1. Member States shall ensure that all customers are free to purchase and sell electricity services, other than electricity supply, including aggregation, independently from their supply contract and from an electricity undertaking of their choice.

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266.	1. Member States shall ensure that, where a final customer wishes to conclude a contract with an aggregator, such engagement shall not require the consent of the final customer's supplier.	1. Member States shall ensure that <i>final customers are entitled</i> to conclude a contract with an aggregator <i>and that</i> such engagement shall not require the consent of the final customer's supplier.	1. Member States shall ensure that, where a final customer wishes to conclude an aggregation contract [], this shall not require the consent of the final customer's [] electricity undertaking. Member States may allow suppliers to require such consent only in cases where the customer's supplier does neither receive a regulated compensation payment in line with Article 17(3)(db) nor a compensation for positive imbalances and the need for the supplier's consent is clearly specified in the contract between the customer and his supplier. Such contractual terms and conditions should be subject to monitoring and approval by the regulatory authorities.	Provisionally agreed: 1. Member States shall ensure that, where a final customer wishes to conclude an aggregation contract, this shall not require the consent of the final customer's electricity undertaking
267.		Member States shall ensure that aggregators fully inform customers of the terms and conditions of the contracts offered to them.		Provisionally agreed: Member States shall ensure that market participants engaged in aggregation fully inform customers of the terms and conditions of the contracts offered to them.
268.		Member States shall ensure that suppliers do not discriminate between customers on the basis of whether they have a contract with an aggregator.		Provisionally agreed (EP text included in para.5, line 273):

269.	2. Member States shall ensure that a final customer wishing to terminate the contract with an aggregator, while respecting contractual conditions, is entitled to such termination within three weeks.	AM 61 2. Member States shall ensure that a final customer wishing to terminate the contract with an aggregator may do so in accordance with Article 12.	2. []	Provisionally agreed: 2. []
270.	3. Member States shall ensure that final customers terminating a fixed term contract with an aggregator before its maturity are not charged any termination fee that exceeds the direct economic loss to the aggregator, including the cost of any bundled investments or services already provided to the final customer as part of the contract.		3. []	Provisionally agreed: 3. []
271.	4. Member States shall ensure that final customers are entitled to receive all relevant demand response data or data on supplied and sold electricity at least once per year.	AM 62 (new) The burden of proof of the direct economic loss shall be on the aggregator and shall be monitored by the national regulatory authority. AM 63 4. Member States shall ensure that final customers are entitled to receive all relevant demand response data or data on supplied and sold electricity and settlement data upon request and without being charged any additional fees and at least once per month.	4. Member States shall ensure that final customers are entitled to receive all relevant demand response data or data on supplied and sold electricity free of charge at least once every billing period [] if requested by the customer.	Provisionally agreed in TM (AM 62 covered by Article 12(3), line 261): [] Provisionally agreed: 4. Member States shall ensure that final customers are entitled to receive all relevant demand response data or data on supplied and sold electricity free of charge at least once every billing period if requested by the customer.
273.	5. Member States shall ensure that the rights referred to in paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 are granted to final customers in a non-discriminatory		5. Member States shall ensure that the rights referred to in paragraphs 1[] and 4 are granted to final customers in a non-	Provisionally agreed (EP text from AM 60, line 268): 5. Member States shall ensure

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	manner as regards cost, effort or time.		discriminatory manner as regards cost, effort or time.	that the rights referred to in paragraphs 1 and 4 are granted to final customers in a non-discriminatory manner as regards cost, effort or time. In particular, Member States shall ensure that customers are not subject to discriminatory technical and administrative requirements, procedures and charges from their supplier on the basis of whether they have a contract with a market participant engaged in aggregation.
274.		Article	e 14	
		Comparison tools (Article		_
275.	1. Member States shall ensure that customers have access, free of charge, to at least one tool comparing the offers of suppliers that meets the certification criteria set out in Annex I. The comparison tools may be operated by any entity, including private companies and public authorities or bodies. Customers should be informed of the availability of such tools.	AM 64 1. Member States shall ensure that customers have access, free of charge, to at least one tool comparing the offers from both individual and bundled contracts, including dynamic price contracts, offers from electricity suppliers, electricity service providers and independent aggregators that meets at least the certification criteria set out in Annex I. The comparison tools may be operated by any entity, including private companies and public authorities or bodies. At least one tool per Member States shall cover the whole of the market. Customers shall be informed of the availability of such tools in or together with their bills.	1. Member States shall ensure that at least household customers, and microenterprises with an expected yearly consumption of below 100,000 kWh have access, free of charge, to at least one tool comparing the offers of suppliers that meets [] at least the following criteria: The tools shall:	1. Member States shall ensure that at least household customers, and microenterprises with an expected yearly consumption of below 100,000 kWh have access, free of charge, to at least one tool comparing the offers of suppliers, including dynamic price contracts. Customers shall be informed of the availability of such tools in or together with their bills or by other means. The tools shall meet at least the following criteria:

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276.	(a) be operationally independent and ensure that electricity undertakings are given equal treatment in search results; Provisionally agreed: (a) be independent from marke participants and ensure that electricity undertakings are given equal treatment in search results.	en
277.	(b) clearly disclose their owners and the natural or legal person operating the tool; (b) clearly disclose their owners and the natural or legal person operating and controlling the to as well as information on how the tools are financed;	ool
278.	(c) set out clear, objective criteria on which the comparison will be based and disclose them; Provisionally agreed: (c) set out clear, objective criter on which the comparison will be based, including services, and disclose them;	
279.	(d) use plain and unambiguous language; Provisionally agreed: (d) use plain and unambiguous language;	
280.	(e) provide accurate and up-to-date information and state the time of the last update; Provisionally agreed: (e) provide accurate and up-to-date information and state the time of the last update;	
281.	Provisionally agreed: (AM 182, Annex I point (da), line 944): (ea) be accessible for persons we disabilities by making them perceivable, operable, understandable and robust;	

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282.	(f) where multiple tools cover the market, include, as complete as practicable, a range of electricity offers covering a significant part of the market and, where the information presented is not a complete overview of the market, a clear statement to that effect, before displaying results. In such cases the Member State shall ensure that at least one tool provides an overview of the whole of the market; and	Provisionally agreed: (f) Member States shall ensure that at least one tool covers the whole of the market. Where multiple tools cover the market, include, as complete as practicable, a range of electricity offers covering a significant part of the market and, where the information presented does not completely cover the market, a clear statement to that effect, before displaying results, and;
283.	(g) provide an effective procedure to report incorrect information on published offers.	Provisionally agreed: (g) provide an effective procedure to report incorrect information on published offers.
284.		Provisionally agreed (AM 184, line 949): (ga) perform comparisons while limiting personal information requested to data strictly necessary for the comparison.
285.	1a The tools referred to in paragraph 1 may be operated by any entity, including private companies and public authorities or bodies.	Provisionally agreed: 1a The tools referred to in paragraph 1 may be operated by any entity, including private companies and public authorities or bodies.
286.	1b Household customers and microenterprises with an expected	Provisionally agreed:

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			yearly consumption of below 100,000 kWh shall be informed of the availability of the tools referred to in paragraph 1.	
287.	2. Member States shall appoint an independent competent authority responsible for certifying comparison tools and ensuring that certified comparison tools continue to meet the criteria set out in Annex I.		2. Member States shall appoint a [] competent authority to be responsible for [] verifying comparison tools and ensuring that [] verified comparison tools continue to meet the criteria set out in paragraph 1 []. This authority shall be independent from any market participants and comparison tool operators.	Provisionally agreed: 2. Member States shall appoint a competent authority to be responsible for issuing comparison tools that meet the criteria set out in paragraph 1 with a trust mark, and ensuring that comparison tools bearing a trust mark continue to meet the criteria set out in paragraph 1. This authority shall be independent from any market participants and comparison tool operators.
288.	3. Member States may require the comparison tools referred to in paragraph 1 to include comparative determinants relating to the nature of the services offered by the suppliers.	AM 65 3. Member States <i>shall</i> require the comparison tools referred to in paragraph 1 to include comparative determinants relating to the nature of the services offered by the suppliers.	3. []	Provisionally agreed: 3. Member States may require the comparison tools referred to in paragraph 1 to include comparative determinants relating to the nature of the services offered by the suppliers.
289.	4. Any tool comparing the offers of suppliers shall be eligible to apply for certification in accordance with this Article on a voluntary and non-discriminatory basis.	AM 66 4. Any tool comparing the offers of <i>electricity</i> suppliers, <i>electricity</i> service providers and aggregators, including independent aggregators, shall apply for certification in accordance with this Article on a non-discriminatory basis.	4. Any tool comparing the offers of [] market participants shall be eligible to apply for [] verification in accordance with this Article on a voluntary and non-discriminatory basis.	Provisionally agreed: 4. Any tool comparing the offers of market participants shall be eligible to apply for a trust mark in accordance with this Article on a voluntary and non-discriminatory basis.

290.			4a. By way of derogation from paragraphs 2 and 4, Member States may choose not to provide for verification of comparison tools should a public authority or body provide a comparison tool fulfilling the obligation set out in paragraph 1.	Provisionally agreed: 4a. By way of derogation from paragraphs 2 and 4, Member States may choose not to provide for the issuance of trust mark to comparison tools should a public authority or body provide a comparison tool fulfilling the obligation set out in paragraph 1.
291.		Article Active cus		
292.	1. Member States shall ensure that final customers:		Member States shall ensure that final customers:	Provisionally agreed in TM: 1. Member States shall ensure that final customers:
293.	(a) are entitled to generate, store, consume and sell self-generated electricity in all organised markets either individually or through aggregators without being subject to disproportionately burdensome procedures and charges that are not cost reflective;	AM 67 (a) are entitled to generate, store, consume and sell self-generated electricity in all organised markets either individually or through aggregators without being subject to discriminatory or disproportionately burdensome procedures and charges that are not cost reflective;	(a) are entitled [] to act as active customers, without being subject to [] discriminatory technical and administrative requirements, procedures and charges [];	Provisionally agreed in TM: (a) are entitled to act as active customers, without being subject to disproportionate or discriminatory technical and administrative requirements, procedures and charges and network charges that are not cost reflective;
294.	(b) are subject to cost reflective, transparent and non-discriminatory network charges, accounting separately for the electricity fed into the grid and the electricity consumed from the grid, in line with Article 59(8).		(b) []	Provisionally agreed in TM:
295.			1a. Member States shall ensure that active consumers:	Provisionally agreed in TM: 1a. Member States shall ensure that active consumers:

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296.	(a) are entitled to operate either directly or through aggregation; Provisionally agreed in TM: (a) are entitled to operate either directly or through aggregation;
297.	(b) are entitled to sell self-generated electricity including through power purchase agreements; (b) are entitled to sell self-generated electricity including through power purchase agreements; Provisionally agreed in TM: (b) are entitled to sell self-generated electricity including through power purchase agreements;
298.	(c) are entitled to participate in demand response and energy efficiency schemes; (c) are entitled to participate in demand response flexibility and energy efficiency schemes; (c) are entitled to participate in demand response flexibility and energy efficiency schemes;
299.	(d) are entitled to delegate the management of the installations required for their activities to a third party, including installation, operation, data handling and maintenance; Provisionally agreed in TM: (d) are entitled to delegate the management of the installations required for their activities to a third party, including installation, operation, data handling and maintenance. The third party should not be considered an active customer itself;
300.	(e) are subject to cost reflective, transparent and non-discriminatory network charges, accounting separately for the electricity fed into the grid and the electricity consumed from the grid, in line with Article 59(8) ensuring they contribute in an adequate and balanced way to the overall cost sharing of system of producing, distributing and consuming electricity in line with Article 16 of the [Electricity Regulation]; (e) are subject to cost reflective, transparent and non-discriminatory network charges, accounting separately for the electricity fed into the grid and the electricity consumed from the grid, in line with Article 59(8) ensuring they contribute in an adequate and balanced way to the overall cost sharing of system of producing, distributing and consuming electricity in line with

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	Article 16 of the [Electricity Regulation];	
301.	(f) are financially responsible for the imbalances they cause in the electricity system. To this extent they shall be balance responsible parties or shall delegate their balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of the [Electricity Regulation]. (f) are financially agreed in TM: (f) are financially responsible for the imbalances they cause in the electricity system. To this extent they shall be balance responsible parties or shall delegate their balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of the [Electricity Regulation].	
302.	1b. Member States may have different governing provisions for individual and jointly acting final customers in their national legislation provided that all rights and obligations as stipulated in this article are applied to all active customers. 1b. Member States may have different governing provisions for individual and jointly acting final customers in their national legislation provided that all rights and obligations as stipulated in this article are applied to all active customers. Any different treatment towards jointly acting active customers shall be proportionate and duly justified.	5
303.	1c. Member States that have existing schemes not accounting separately for the electricity fed into the grid and the electricity consumed from the grid, shall grant no new rights under these schemes beyond the end of the year 2025. New compromise proposal:: 1c. Member States that have existing schemes not accounting separately for the electricity fed into the grid and the electricity consumed from the grid, shall not grant new rights under these schemes beyond the end of the year 2024. All customers subject to existing schemes must at any time have the possibility to opt for a new scheme accounting	<u>t</u>

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304.	2. The energy installation required for the activities of the active customer may be managed by a third party for installation, operation, including metering and maintenance.	AM 68 2. The energy installation required for the activities of the active customer may be managed by a third party for installation, operation, including metering and maintenance <i>provided that the</i>	2. []	separately for the electricity fed into the grid and the electricity consumed from the grid as the basis for calculating network charges. Provisionally agreed in TM (covered in para.1a(d), line 299): []
305.		economic risk connected to the operation of the installation remains with the active costumer. Member States shall ensure that		Provisionally agreed in TM:
		active customers owning a storage facility:		Member States shall ensure that active customers owning a storage facility:
306.		(a) have the right to a grid connection within a reasonable time following the request;		Provisionally agreed in TM: (a) have the right to a grid connection within a reasonable time following the request if all necessary conditions such as balancing responsibility and adequate metering are fulfilled;
307.		(b) are not subject to additional taxes, surcharges, and fees for the electricity stored in the storage facility;		Provisionally agreed in TM (aligned to RED II Article 21(2)(b): (b) are not subject to any double charge, including network charges, for stored electricity remaining within their premises surcharges and fees for the electricity stored in the storage facility which remains within their premises;

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Solution					
Size	308.				Provisionally agreed in TM:
Signature Sign					
309. (d) are allowed to provide several services simultaneously, if technically feasible. Provisionally agreed (d) are allowed to provide services simultaneously, if technically feasible. Article 16			licensing requirements and fees;		proportional disproportionate
services simultaneously, if technically feasible. Article 16 Citizens energy communities (Article 16 provisionally agreed) 1. Member States shall ensure that local energy communities: 1. Member States shall 1					licensing requirements and fees;
Services simultaneous technically feasible. Services simultaneous technically feasible.	309.		(d) are allowed to provide several		Provisionally agreed in TM:
310. Article 16 Citizens energy communities (Article 16 provisionally agreed) 311. I. Member States shall ensure that local energy communities: 312. (a) are entitled to own, establish, or lease community networks and to autonomously manage them; or lease community networks and autonomously manage them; or lease community networks and autonomously manage them, as long as the concession system of the Member State is respected; 313. (b) can access all organised markets either directly or through aggregators or suppliers in a non-discriminatory manner; 314. (b) (ba) (new) shall be subject to balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non-discriminatory treatment with regard to discriminatory treatment with regard to (covered in Council te (c			services simultaneously, if		(d) are allowed to provide several
Article 16 Citizens energy communities (Article 16 provisionally agreed) I. Member States shall provide an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States shall provide an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulator of ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulator of ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulatory ensuring that: I. Member States an enabling regulator (covered in Council te I. Member State			technically feasible.		services simultaneously, if
Citizens energy communities (Article 16 provisionally agreed) 1. Member States shall provide an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that 1. Member States shall provide an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that 1. Member States an enabling regulator for eitizens energy communities ensuring that 1. Member States an enabling regulator for eitizens energy communities ensuring that 1. Member States an enabling regulator for eitizens energy communities ensuring that 1. Member States an enabling regulator for eitizens energy communities ensuring that 1. Member States an enabling regulator for eitizens energy communities ensuring that 1. Member States an enabling regulator for eitizens energy communities ensuring that 1. Member States an enabling regulator for eitizens energy communities ensuring that 1. Member States an enabling regulator for ensuring that 1. Member States an enabling regulator for eitizens energy communities ensuring that 1. Member States an enabling regulator ensuring that 1. Member States an enabling regulator provisionally agreed: (covered in Council te and 2b, lines 338 and 1.					technically feasible.
1. Member States shall ensure that local energy communities: 1. Member States shall provide an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that provide an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that enabling regulatory ensuring that	310.		Articl	e 16	
local energy communities: 1. Member States an enabling regulatory framework for energy communities ensuring that 2			Citizens energy communities (A	rticle 16 provisionally agreed)	
Social energy communities:	311.	1. Member States shall ensure that		1 Mambar States shall II	Provisionally agreed:
312. (a) are entitled to own, establish, or lease community networks and to autonomously manage them. 313. (b) can access all organised markets either directly or through aggregators or suppliers in a non-discriminatory manner; 314. (b) can access all organised markets either directly or through aggregators or suppliers in a non-discriminatory manner; AM 70 (ba) (new) shall be subject to balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non-discriminatory treatment with regard to communities ensuring that: AM 71 (c) [I] energy communities ensuring that: (a) [I] Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council te and 2b, lines 338 and [I] (c) [I]		local energy communities:			1. Member States shall provide
312. (a) are entitled to own, establish, or lease community networks and to autonomously manage them; 313. (b) can access all organised markets either directly or through aggregators or suppliers in a non-discriminatory manner; 314. AM 70 (ba) (new) shall be subject to balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non-discriminatory treatment with regard to ite autonomously manner with regard to communities ensuring that: (a) [] Provisionally agreed: (a) [] Provisionally agreed: (b) [] Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council te (c), line 344) [] Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council te (c), line 344) [] Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council te (c), line 344) [] Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council te (c), line 344) []					an enabling regulatory framework
312. (a) are entitled to own, establish, or lease community networks and to autonomously manage them; 313. (b) can access all organised markets either directly or through aggregators or suppliers in a non-discriminatory manner; 314. AM 70 (b) (b) (new) shall be subject to balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non-discriminatory treatment with regard to discriminatory treatment with regard to community networks and autonomously manage them, as long as the concession system of the Member State is respected; (a) [] Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council te (c), line 344) [] Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council te (c), line 344) [] Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council te (c)) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2];					for <u>citizens</u> energy communities
312. (a) are entitled to own, establish, or lease community networks and to autonomously manage them;				communities ensuring that:	
lease community networks and to autonomously manage them; (a) are entitled to own, establish, or lease community networks and autonomously manage them; or lease community networks and autonomously manage them, as long as the concession system of the Member State is respected; (b) [] Provisionally agreed: [] 313. (b) can access all organised markets either directly or through aggregators or suppliers in a non-discriminatory manner; AM 70 (ba) (new) shall be subject to balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non-discriminatory treatment with regard to discriminatory treatment with regard to	312.	(a) are entitled to own, establish, or	AM 69	(a) []	
autonomously manage them; or lease community networks and autonomously manage them, as long as the concession system of the Member State is respected; 313. (b) can access all organised markets either directly or through aggregators or suppliers in a non-discriminatory manner; 314. AM 70 (ba) (new) shall be subject to balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non-discriminatory treatment with regard to (covered in Council te (covered in Council			(a) are entitled to own, establish,		(covered in Council text, paras.2(b)
autonomously manage them, as long as the concession system of the Member State is respected; 313. (b) can access all organised markets either directly or through aggregators or suppliers in a non-discriminatory manner; 314. AM 70 (ba) (new) shall be subject to balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non- discriminatory treatment with regard to					and 2b, lines 338 and 347)
as the concession system of the Member State is respected; 313. (b) can access all organised markets either directly or through aggregators or suppliers in a non-discriminatory manner; 314. AM 70 (ba) (new) shall be subject to balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non-discriminatory treatment with regard to (c) benefit from a non-discriminat					
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manner; AM 70 (ba) (new) shall be subject to balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non-discriminatory treatment with regard to (c) benefit from a non-					11
314. AM 70 (ba) (new) shall be subject to balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non- discriminatory treatment with regard to AM 71 (c) I Provisionally agreed: (c) line 344) [] Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council te					
(ba) (new) shall be subject to balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non- discriminatory treatment with regard to (covered in Council te (c), line 344) [] Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council te (c), line 344) [] (c) benefit from a non- (covered in Council te	314.	7	AM 70		Provisionally agreed:
balance responsibility in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non-discriminatory treatment with regard to (c) benefit			I -		(covered in Council text, para.2a
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Irecast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non- discriminatory treatment with regard to discriminatory treatment with					, ,
proposed by COM (2016)861/2]; 315. (c) benefit from a non- discriminatory treatment with regard to (c) benefit from a non- (covered in Council te					LI LI
315. (c) benefit from a non-discriminatory treatment with regard to discriminatory treatment with regard treatment wit					
discriminatory treatment with regard to (c) benefit from a non-	315.	(c) benefit from a non-		(c) []	Provisionally agreed:
(0), 1110					`
as final customers, generators, to their activities, rights and					[]
as final austomars, generators to their activities, rights and	513.	discriminatory treatment with regard to their activities, rights and obligations	(c) benefit from a non- discriminatory treatment with regard		(covered in Council text, para.2a

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316.	distribution system operators or aggregators;	obligations as final customers, generators, distribution system operators, suppliers or aggregators; AM 72 (ca) (new) adequately contribute to the costs of the electricity system to which they remain connected;		Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council text, para.1(f), line 324) []
317.		AM 73 (cb) (new) operate on the market on a level playing field without distorting competition;		Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council text, para.2a (a) and (b), lines 342 and 343) []
318.	(d) are subject to fair, proportionate and transparent procedures and cost reflective charges.		(d) []	Provisionally agreed:
319.			(a) participation in an energy community is open and voluntary;	Provisionally agreed: (a) participation in a citizens energy community is open and voluntary;
320.			(b) shareholders or members are allowed to leave an energy community; in such cases Article 12 shall apply;	Provisionally agreed: (b) shareholders or members are allowed to leave a citizens energy community; in such cases Article 12 shall apply;
321.			(c) shareholders or members of an energy community shall not lose their rights and obligations as household customers or active customers;	Provisionally agreed: (c) shareholders or members of a citizens energy community shall not lose their rights and obligations as household customers or active customers;
322.			(d) energy communities that supply electricity, provide aggregation or other commercial electricity services are subject to	Provisionally agreed:

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		the provisions relevant for such activities;	
323.		(e) relevant distribution system operator shall, subject to fair compensation as assessed by the regulatory authority, cooperate with energy communities to facilitate electricity transfers within energy communities;	Provisionally agreed: (e) relevant distribution system operator shall, subject to fair compensation as assessed by the regulatory authority, cooperate with citizens energy communities to facilitate electricity transfers within citizens energy communities;
324.		(f) energy communities are subject to non-discriminatory fair, proportionate and transparent procedure, including registration and licensing, and transparent and non-discriminatory and cost reflective network charges ensuring they contribute in an adequate and balanced way to the overall cost sharing of the system in line with Article 16 of the [Electricity Regulation].	Provisionally agreed: (f) citizens energy communities are subject to non-discriminatory fair, proportionate and transparent procedure and charges, including registration and licensing, and transparent and non-discriminatory and cost reflective network charges in line with Article 16 of the [Electricity Regulation] ensuring they contribute in an adequate and balanced way to the overall cost sharing of the system.
325.	2. Member States shall provide an enabling regulatory framework that ensures that:	2. Member States [] may provide [] in the enabling regulatory framework that [] energy communities:	Provisionally agreed: 2. Member States may provide in the enabling regulatory framework that citizens energy communities:

326.	(a) participation in a local energy community is voluntary;	AM 74 (-a) (new) conditions for creating, operating and dissolving local energy networks are well defined;	(a) []	Provisionally agreed: Provisionally agreed:
328.		AM 75 (aa) (new) conditions and standards are set up for local energy communities with networks in order to preserve efficient network planning. These conditions and standards shall also ensure that customers and members in the local energy community receive the same quality and standard of network services that are available to customers outside the local energy community;		Provisionally agreed: []
329.		AM 76 (ab) (new) final customers are entitled to participate in a local energy community;		Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council text, para.1(a), line 319)
330.	(b) shareholders or members of a local energy community shall not lose their rights as household customers or active customers;		(b) []	Provisionally agreed: []

331.	(c) shareholders or members are allowed to leave a local energy community; in such cases Article 12 shall apply;		(c) []	Provisionally agreed: []
332.	(d) Article 8 (3) applies to generating capacity installed by local energy communities as long as such capacity can be considered small decentralised or distributed generation;		(d) []	Provisionally agreed: []
333.	(e) provisions of Chapter IV apply to local energy communities that perform activities of a distribution system operator;	AM 77 (e) provisions of Chapter IV as well as other rules and regulations applying to distribution system operators apply to local energy communities that perform activities of a distribution system operator;	(e) []	Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council text, para.2b, lines 347-350) []
334.	(f) where relevant, a local energy community may conclude an agreement with a distribution system operator to which their network is connected on the operation of the local energy community's network;		(f) []	Provisionally agreed:

335.	(g) where relevant system users that are not shareholders or members of the local energy community connected to the distribution network operated by a local energy community shall be subject to fair and cost-reflective network charges. If such system users and local energy communities cannot reach an agreement on network charges, both parties may request the regulatory authority to determine the level of network charges in a relevant decision;	AM 78 (g) where relevant system users that are not shareholders or members of the local energy community connected to the distribution network operated by a local energy community shall be subject to <i>non-discriminatory</i> , fair and cost-reflective network charges. If such system users and local energy communities cannot reach an agreement on network charges, both parties may request the regulatory authority to determine the level of network charges in a relevant decision;	(g) []	Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council text, para.2b, lines 347-350) []
336.	(h) where relevant local energy communities are subject to appropriate network charges at the connection points between the community network and the distribution network outside the energy community. Such network charges shall account separately for the electricity fed into distribution network and the electricity consumed from the distribution network outside the local energy community in line with Article 59 (8).		(h) []	Provisionally agreed: []
337.			(a) are open to cross-border participation;	Provisionally agreed: (a) are open to cross-border participation;

338.	(b) are entitled to own, establish, purchase or lease distribution networks and to autonomously manage them subject to conditions set out in Article 16 (2b);	Provisionally agreed: (b) are entitled to own, establish, purchase or lease distribution networks and to autonomously manage them subject to conditions set out in Article 16 (2b);
339.	(c) are subject to exemptions foreseen by Article 38(2);	Provisionally agreed: (c) are subject to exemptions foreseen by Article 38(2);
340.	(d) are entitled to arrange within the community sharing of electricity that is produced by the production units owned by the community, subject to the provisions of this article and retaining community members' rights and obligations as final consumers.	Provisionally agreed: []
341.	2a. Member States shall ensure that energy communities:	Provisionally agreed: 2a. Member States shall ensure that citizens energy communities:
342.	(a) can access all electricity markets either directly or through aggregation in a non-discriminatory manner;	Provisionally agreed: (a) can access all electricity markets either directly or through aggregation in a non- discriminatory manner;
343.	(b) are treated in a non- discriminatory manner with regard to their activities, and are subject to the same rights and obligations when acting as final customers, generators, suppliers, distribution system operators, or other market participants;	Provisionally agreed: (b) are treated in a non- discriminatory and proportionate manner with regard to their activities, rights and obligations as final customers, generators, suppliers, distribution system operators or market participants engaged in aggregation;

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344.	(c) shall be fina responsible for the cause in the electr this extend they shall responsible partie delegate their bala responsibility in a Article 4 of the [E. Regulation];	responsible for the imbalances they responsible for the imbalances they cause in the electricity system. To this extend they shall be balance responsible parties or shall delegate their balance	•
345.	(d) with regard consumption, ener shall be treated like customers in accordance 15(1)b;	ergy communities ike active (d) with regard to self-consumption, citizens energy	<u>,</u>
346.	relation to general	gy communities as acity can be decentralised or decentralised or	e

347.	2b. Member States may decide, to grant energy communities with a right to manage distribution network in their area of operation and define the relevant procedures, without prejudice to the provisions of Chapter IV and other rules and regulations applying to distribution system operators. If such right is granted, Member States shall ensure that:	Provisionally agreed: 2b. Member States may decide, to grant citizens energy communities with a right to manage distribution network in their area of operation and define the relevant procedures, without prejudice to the provisions of Chapter IV and other rules and regulations applying to distribution system operators. If such right is granted, Member States shall ensure that:
348.	(a) energy communities may conclude an agreement with a relevant distribution system operator or transmission system operator to which their network is connected on the operation of the energy community's network;	Provisionally agreed: (a) <u>citizens</u> energy communities may conclude an agreement with a relevant distribution system operator or transmission system operator to which their network is connected on the operation of the <u>citizens</u> energy community's network;
349.	(b) energy communities are subject to appropriate network charges at the connection points between the community network and the distribution network outside the energy community. Such network charges shall account separately for the electricity fed into distribution network and the electricity consumed from the distribution network outside the energy community in line with Article 59	Provisionally agreed: (b) citizens energy communities are subject to appropriate network charges at the connection points between the community network and the distribution network outside the citizens energy community. Such network charges shall account separately for the electricity fed into distribution network and the electricity consumed from the distribution network outside the

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			(8);	citizens energy community in line with Article 59 (8);
350.			(c) energy communities do not discriminate or harm customers remaining connected to the distribution system.	Provisionally agreed: (c) citizens energy communities do not discriminate or harm customers remaining connected to the distribution system.
351.		AM 79 Article 16a (new) Electricity sharing Local energy communities are entitled to share electricity from generation assets within the community between its members or shareholders based on market principles, including applying existing or future ICT technologies such as virtual net metering schemes and those based on distributed ledger technologies, as well as through power purchase agreements or peer-to-peer trade arrangements for example.		Provisionally agreed: (covered in new compromise proposal, para.2a(ea), line 346) []
352.		Article	e 17	
		Demand response th	rough aggregation	
353.	1. Member States shall ensure that national regulatory authorities encourage final customers, including those offering demand response through aggregators, to participate alongside generators in a non-discriminatory manner in all organised markets.	AM 80 1. Member States shall ensure that <i>the</i> regulatory <i>framework allows</i> final customers, including those offering demand response through aggregators, to participate alongside generators in a non-discriminatory manner in all organised markets <i>and capacity mechanisms</i> .	1. Member States shall allow and foster participation of demand response through aggregation. Member States shall [] allow final customers, including those offering demand response through [] aggregation, to participate alongside electricity generators in a non-discriminatory manner in all []	Provisionally agreed (linked to definition of electricity markets set out in Article 2(6a), line 109): 1. Member States shall allow and foster participation of demand response through aggregation. Member States shall allow final customers, including those offering demand response through aggregation, to participate

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			electricity markets.	alongside electricity generators in a non-discriminatory manner in all electricity markets.
354.	2. Member States shall ensure that transmission system operators and distribution system operators when procuring ancillary services, treat demand response providers, including independent aggregators, in a non-discriminatory manner, on the basis of their technical capabilities.	AM 81 2. Member States shall ensure that transmission system operators and distribution system operators when procuring ancillary services, treat demand response providers, including independent aggregators, in a non-discriminatory manner alongside generators, on the basis of their technical capabilities.	2. Member States shall ensure that transmission system operators and distribution system operators when procuring ancillary services, treat [] market participants engaging in demand response aggregation, in a non-discriminatory manner, on the basis of their technical capabilities.	Provisionally agreed: 2. Member States shall ensure that transmission system operators and distribution system operators when procuring ancillary services, treat market participants engaging in demand response aggregation, in a non-discriminatory manner alongside generators, on the basis of their technical capabilities.
355.	3. Member States shall ensure that their regulatory framework encourages the participation of aggregators in the retail market and that it contains at least the following elements:	AM 82 3. Member States shall ensure that their regulatory framework encourages the participation of aggregators in <i>all markets</i> and that it contains at least the following elements:	3. Member States shall ensure that their relevant regulatory framework [] contains at least the following elements:	Provisionally agreed: 3. Member States shall ensure that their relevant regulatory framework contains at least the following elements:
356.	enter the market without consent from other market participants;		(a) the right for each market participant engaged in aggregation, including independent aggregators, to enter [] electricity markets without consent from other []market participants;	Provisionally agreed: (a) the right for each market participant engaged in aggregation, including independent aggregators, to enter electricity markets without consent from other market participants;
357.	(b) transparent rules clearly assigning roles and responsibilities to all market participants;	AM 83 (b) non-discriminatory and transparent rules clearly assigning roles and responsibilities to all market participants;	(b) non-discriminatory and transparent rules clearly assigning roles and responsibilities to all [] electricity undertakings engaged in aggregation or affected by the participation of demand response through aggregation;	Provisionally agreed: (b) non-discriminatory and transparent rules clearly assigning roles and responsibilities to all electricity undertakings and customers;

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358.	(c) transparent rules and procedures for data exchange between market participants that ensure easy access to data on equal and non-discriminatory terms while fully protecting commercial data;	(c) non-discriminatory and transparent rules and procedures for data exchange between market participants that ensure easy access to data on equal and non-discriminatory terms while fully protecting commercial data and customers' personal data, including minimum information requirements for the aggregator, as well as minimum criteria for the protection of commercially sensitive data for all parties concerned;	(c) non-discriminatory and transparent rules and procedures for data exchange between market participants engaged in aggregation and other [] electricity undertakings that ensure easy access to data on equal and non-discriminatory terms while fully protecting commercial data;	Provisionally agreed: (c) non-discriminatory and transparent rules and procedures for data exchange between market participants engaged in aggregation and other electricity undertakings that ensure easy access to data on equal and non-discriminatory terms while fully protecting commercial data and customers' personal data;
359.	(d) aggregators shall not be required to pay compensation to suppliers or generators;	AM 85 deleted	(d) []	Provisionally agreed: []
360.		AM 86 (da) (new) market participants engaged in aggregation shall be financially responsible for the imbalances they cause in the electricity system as defined in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016)861/2];	(da) market participants engaged in aggregation shall be financially responsible for the imbalances they cause in the electricity system. To this extent they shall be balance responsible parties or shall delegate their balance responsibility in accordance with Art 4 of the electricity Regulation;	Provisionally agreed: (da) market participants engaged in aggregation shall be financially responsible for the imbalances they cause in the electricity system. To this extent they shall be balance responsible parties or shall delegate their balance responsibility in accordance with Art 4 of the electricity Regulation;
361.		AM 87 (db) (new) non-discriminatory and transparent rules and procedures to compensate market participants for the energy they deliver during the demand response period in a proportionate manner, under the supervision of the national	(db) Member States may require undertakings, including independent aggregators to pay compensation to other market participants or their balancing responsible party if they directly induce imbalances to these market participants including situations	Council compromise proposal: (db) Member States may require electricity undertakings or participating final customers to pay compensation to other market participants or their balancing responsible party that are directly affected by demand response

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regulatory authority, without creating a barrier for market entry of aggregators or a barrier for flexibility. Compensation shall be strictly limited to cover the resulting costs. The calculation method for such compensation may take account of the benefits induced by the independent aggregators to other market participants and be subject to approval by the regulatory authority;

where a perimeter correction is introduced without creating a barrier for market entry of aggregators or a barrier for flexibility. In such cases the compensation payment shall be strictly limited to cover the resulting costs. The calculation method for such compensation may take account of the benefits induced by the independent aggregators to other market participants and be subject to approval by the regulatory authority;

activation if they directly induce imbalances to these market participants without creating Such payments shall not create a barrier for market entry of market participants engaged in aggregation or a barrier for flexibility. In such cases the compensation payment shall be strictly limited to cover the resulting costs incurred induced by the suppliers of participating customers or their balance responsible party during activation of demand response. The calculation method for compensation may take account of the benefits induced by the independent aggregators to other market participants and in such a case aggregators or participating consumers may contribute to such compensation only if ever and insofar as the benefits for all suppliers, customers and their balance responsible parties do not exceed the direct costs they incurred. The calculations method shall be subject to approval by the regulatory authority or other national competent authority;

362.		AM 88 (dc) (new) final customers who have a contract with independent aggregators shall not face undue payments, penalties or other undue contractual restriction from their suppliers;	(dc) final customers who have a contract with independent aggregators shall not face undue payments, penalties or other undue contractual restriction from their suppliers;	Provisionally agreed: (dc) final customers who have a contract with independent aggregators shall not face undue payments, penalties or other undue contractual restriction from their suppliers;
363.	(e) a conflict resolution mechanism between market participants.		(e) a conflict resolution mechanism between market participants engaged in aggregation and other market participants, including responsibility for imbalance.	Provisionally agreed: (e) a conflict resolution mechanism between market participants engaged in aggregation and other market participants, including responsibility for imbalance.
364.	4. In order to ensure that balancing costs and benefits induced by aggregators are fairly assigned to market participants, Member States may exceptionally allow compensation payments between aggregators and balance responsible parties. Such compensation payments must be limited to situations where one market participant induces imbalances to another market participant resulting in a financial cost. Such exceptional compensation payments shall be subject to approval by the national regulatory authorities and monitored by the Agency.	AM 89 deleted	4.	Provisionally agreed: []
365.	5. Member States shall ensure access to and foster participation of demand response, including through independent aggregators in all organised markets. Member States		5. [] Member States shall ensure that national regulatory authorities or, where their national legal system so requires, transmission system operators and distribution system	Provisionally agreed: 5. Member States shall ensure that national regulatory authorities or, where their national legal system so requires, transmission system

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shall ensure that national regulatory operators in close cooperation with [] operators and distribution system authorities or, where their national operators in close cooperation with market participants and final legal system so requires, transmission customers define technical [] market participants and final system operators and distribution characteristics for participation of customers define technical system operators in close cooperation demand response in [] all electricity characteristics for participation of with demand service providers and demand response in all electricity markets on the basis of the technical final customers define technical requirements of these markets and markets on the basis of the technical modalities for participation of demand requirements of these markets and the capabilities of demand response. response in these markets on the basis Such specifications shall include the the capabilities of demand response. Such specifications shall include the of the technical requirements of these participation of [] aggregated loads. markets and the capabilities of demand participation of aggregated loads. response. Such specifications shall include the participation of aggregators. 366. Article 18 [] Bills and billing information (Article 18 and Annex II provisionally agreed) Member States shall ensure that **AM 90** 367. Member States shall ensure Provisionally agreed: bills fulfil the minimum requirements Member States shall ensure that bills [] and billing information for billing and billing information as that bills fulfil the minimum Member States shall ensure are accurate, easy to understand, set out in Annex II. The information requirements for billing and billing that bills and billing information clear, concise and presented in a contained in bills shall be correct. information as set out in Annex II are accurate, easy to understand, manner that facilitates comparison by clear, concise and presented in a clear, concise, user-friendly and The information contained in bills consumers. On request, final manner that facilitates comparison by presented in a manner that facilitates shall be correct, clear, concise, usercustomers shall receive a clear and comparison by consumers. On *friendly* and presented in a manner consumers. understandable explanation of how that facilitates comparison by request, final customers shall their bill was derived, especially consumers. The information receive a clear and where bills are not based on actual understandable explanation of indicated in Annex II that is not consumption. how their bill was derived. obligatory in the bills shall be made especially where bills are not available to the customers by other based on actual consumption. means as chosen by the Member States. Member States ensure that final 368. Member States shall ensure Provisionally agreed: customers receive all their bills and that final customers receive all their billing information for electricity bills and billing information [] free of Member States shall ensure consumption free of charge and that

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	bills are clear, accurate and easy to understand.		charge [].	that final customers receive all their bills and billing information free of charge.
369.	3. Billing shall take place on the basis of actual consumption at least once a year. Billing information shall be made available at least once every three months, upon request or where the final customers have opted to receive electronic billing or else twice a year.	AM 91 Billing shall take place on the basis of actual consumption at least once a year. Billing information including information on actual consumption shall be made available at least once a month, upon request or where the final customers have opted to receive electronic billing or else twice a year.	3. []	Provisionally agreed (covered in Council text, see Annex II para.1a, lines 970-974):
370.	This obligation may be fulfilled by a system of regular self-reading by the final customers whereby they communicate readings from their meter to the supplier. Only when the final customer has not been provided a meter reading for a given billing interval may billing be based on estimated consumption or a flat rate. 4. Where final customers have meters that allow remote reading by the operator, accurate billing information based on actual consumption shall be provided at least once a month.	AM 92 4. Where final customers have meters that allow remote reading by the operator, accurate billing information based on actual consumption shall be provided at least once a month also through websites or other innovative means.	4. []	Provisionally agreed (covered in Council text, see Annex II para.la(d), line 976):
372.	5. Member States shall require that, to the extent that information on the electricity billing and historical consumption is available, it is made		5. []	Provisionally agreed: (covered in Council text, see Annex II para.3, subpara. 1, line 981)

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	available, at the request of the final customer, to a supplier or service provider designated by the consumer in accordance with point 3 of Annex II.			
373.	6. Member States shall ensure that final customers are offered the option of electronic billing information and bills and that they receive, on request, a clear and understandable explanation of how their bill was derived, especially where bills are not based on actual consumption.		6. Member States shall ensure that final customers are offered the option of electronic bills and billing information, and flexible arrangements for actual payment [].	Provisionally agreed: 6. Member States shall ensure that final customers are offered the option of electronic bills and billing information, and flexible arrangements for actual payment
374.	7. Member States may lay down that, at the request of the final customers, the information contained in these bills shall not be considered to constitute a request for payment. In such cases, Member States shall ensure that suppliers offer flexible arrangements for payments.	AM 93 deleted	7.	Provisionally agreed: []
375.	8. Member States shall require that information and estimates for electricity costs are provided to final customers on demand in a timely manner and in an easily understandable format.	8. Member States shall require that information and estimates for electricity costs are provided to final customers on demand in a timely manner and in an easily understandable format. If the contract includes a future change of product or price or a discount, this should be indicated on the bill together with the date when the change takes place.	8. []	Provisionally agreed: 8. If the contract includes a future change of product or price or a discount, this should be indicated on the bill together with the date when the change takes place.

376. 377. 378.		AM 95 8a. (new) Member States shall consult consumer organisations when they consider changes to the format of bills. AM 96 8b. (new) Where a final customer has been on the same tariff for more than 2 years, Member States shall require suppliers to notify the customer, in or alongside the energy bill, whether a more suitable or advantageous tariff is available, and facilitate their move to the new tariff.	8a. Member States shall ensure that bills and billing information fulfil the minimum requirements set out in Annex II.	Provisionally agreed: 8a. Member States shall consult consumer organisations when they consider changes to the bill content requirements. Provisionally agreed: 8aa. Member States shall ensure that bills and billing information fulfil the minimum requirements set out in Annex II. Provisionally agreed (AM 96 covered in Annex II, para.1(ga), line 962): []
379.		Articl Smart metering (Article 19 and A		
380.	1. In order to promote energy efficiency and empower customers, Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the regulatory authority shall strongly recommend that electricity undertakings and aggregators optimise the use of electricity, inter alia by providing energy management services, developing innovative pricing formulas, or introducing interoperable	AM 97 1. In order to promote energy efficiency and empower customers, Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the regulatory authority shall strongly recommend that electricity undertakings and aggregators optimise the use of electricity, where cost-effective, inter alia by providing energy management services, developing	1. In order to promote energy efficiency and empower [] final customers, Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the regulatory authority shall strongly recommend that electricity undertakings and [] other market participants optimise the use of electricity, inter alia by providing energy management services, developing innovative pricing	Provisionally agreed: 1. In order to promote energy efficiency and empower final customers, Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the regulatory authority shall strongly recommend that electricity undertakings and other market participants optimise the use of electricity, inter alia by providing energy management

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	smart metering systems or smart grids, where appropriate.	innovative pricing formulas, <i>and</i> introducing interoperable smart metering systems <i>in particular with</i>	formulas, or introducing interoperable smart metering systems or smart grids, where appropriate.	services, developing innovative pricing formulas, <i>and</i> introducing interoperable smart metering
		consumer energy management systems, smart grids, and where appropriate smart appliances and 'smart homes' in accordance with the applicable Union data protection legislation.	of smart grids, where appropriate.	systems in particular with consumer energy management systems and smart grids in accordance with the applicable Union data protection legislation.
381.	2. Member States shall ensure the implementation of smart metering systems in their territories that shall assist the active participation of customers in the electricity market. Such implementation may be subject to a cost-benefit assessment which shall be undertaken according to the principles laid down in Annex III.		2. Member States shall ensure the implementation of smart metering systems in their territories that shall assist the active participation of customers in the electricity market. Such implementation may be subject to a cost-benefit assessment which shall be undertaken according to the principles laid down in Annex III.	Provisionally agreed: 2. Member States shall ensure the implementation of smart metering systems in their territories that shall assist the active participation of customers in the electricity market. Such implementation may be subject to a cost-benefit assessment which shall be undertaken according to the principles laid down in Annex III.
382.	with deployment shall adopt and publish the minimum functional and technical requirements for the smart metering systems to be rolled out in their territories in line with the provisions laid down in Article 20 and Annex III. Member States shall ensure the interoperability of these smart metering systems as well as their connectivity with consumer energy management platforms. To this respect, Member States shall have due regard to the use of relevant available standards including those enabling interoperability, best practices and the importance of the development of the	AM 98 3. Member States that proceed with <i>smart metering</i> deployment shall adopt and publish the minimum functional and technical requirements for the smart metering systems to be rolled out in their territories in line with the provisions laid down in Article 20 and Annex III. Member States shall ensure the interoperability of these smart metering systems, <i>their user-centricity</i> as well as their connectivity with consumer energy management platforms. To this respect, Member States shall have due regard to the use of relevant	with deployment shall adopt and publish the minimum functional and technical requirements for the smart metering systems to be rolled out in their territories in line with the provisions laid down in Article 20 and Annex III. Member States shall ensure the interoperability of these smart metering systems as well as their [] ability to provide output for [] consumer energy management [] systems. To this respect, Member States shall have due regard to the use of relevant available standards including those enabling interoperability, best practices and	Provisionally agreed: 3. Member States that proceed with smart metering deployment shall adopt and publish the minimum functional and technical requirements for the smart metering systems to be rolled out in their territories in line with the provisions laid down in Article 20 and Annex III. Member States shall ensure the interoperability of these smart metering systems as well as their ability to provide output for consumer energy management systems. To this respect, Member States shall have due regard to the use of relevant available standards

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	internal market in electricity.	available standards including those enabling interoperability on the data model and application layer level, best practices and the importance of the development of data exchange, future and innovative energy services, the deployment of smart grids and the internal market in electricity. For existing smart metering systems, the requirements must be met when the metering system is replaced by a new one, at the end of its economic lifetime or earlier.	the importance of the development of the internal market in electricity.	including those enabling interoperability, best practices and the importance of the development of smart grids and of the internal market in electricity.
383.	4. Member States that proceed with smart metering deployment shall ensure that final customers contribute to the associated costs of the roll-out in a transparent and non-discriminatory manner. Member States shall regularly monitor this deployment in their territories to track the evolution of costs and benefits for the whole value chain, including the delivery of net benefits to consumers.	AM 99 4. Member States that proceed with smart metering deployment shall ensure that final customers contribute to the associated costs of the roll-out in a transparent and non-discriminatory manner while taking into account the long-term benefits for the whole value chain. Member States shall regularly monitor this deployment in their territories to track the evolution of costs and benefits for the whole value chain, including the delivery of net benefits such as savings to consumers and their overall satisfaction with the deployment.	4. Member States that proceed with smart metering deployment shall ensure that final customers contribute to the associated costs of the roll-out in a transparent and non-discriminatory manner. Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities, shall regularly monitor this deployment in their territories to track the delivery [] of [] benefits [] to consumers.	Provisionally agreed: 4. Member States that proceed with smart metering deployment shall ensure that final customers contribute to the associated costs of the roll-out in a transparent and non-discriminatory manner while taking into account the long-term benefits for the whole value chain. Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities, shall regularly monitor this deployment in their territories to track the delivery of benefits to consumers.
384.	5. When the deployment of smart metering is negatively assessed as a result of cost-benefit assessment referred to in paragraph 2, Member States shall ensure that this assessment	AM 100 5. When the deployment of smart metering is negatively assessed as a result of cost-benefit assessment referred to in paragraph 2, Member	5. When the deployment of smart metering is negatively assessed as a result of cost-benefit assessment referred to in paragraph 2, Member States shall ensure that this	Provisionally agreed: 5. When the deployment of smart metering is negatively assessed as a result of cost-benefit assessment referred to in paragraph

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	is revised periodically in response to changes in the underlying assumptions and to technology and market developments. Member States shall notify to the responsible Commission services the outcome of their updated economic assessment as it becomes available.	States shall ensure that this assessment is revised periodically and at least every two years in response to changes in the underlying assumptions and to technology and market developments. Member States shall notify to the responsible Commission services the outcome of their updated economic assessment as it becomes available.	assessment is revised periodically or in response to significant changes in the underlying assumptions and to technology and market developments. Member States shall notify to the responsible Commission services the outcome of their updated economic assessment as it becomes available.	2, Member States shall ensure that this assessment is revised and at least every four years, or more frequently in response to significant changes in the underlying assumptions and to technology and market developments. Member States shall notify to the responsible Commission services the outcome of their updated economic assessment as it becomes available.
385.			5a. The smart metering provisions in this Directive shall apply to future installations and to installations replacing older smart meters. Smart metering systems that are already installed, or for which the "start of work" as defined in Communication 2014/C 200/01 1.3. 19 (44) has started before the date of entry into force of this Directive, may remain in operation over their lifetime.	Provisionally agreed: 5a. The smart metering provisions in this Directive shall apply to future installations and to installations replacing older smart meters. Smart metering systems that are already installed, or for which the "start of work" as defined in Communication 2014/C 200/01 1.3. 19 (44) has started before the date of entry into force of this Directive, may remain in operation over their lifetime but, in the case of smart meters that do not meet the requirements of Article 20 and Annex III, not longer than 12 years from the entry into force of this Directive.

386.		Article 20			
	Smart metering functionalities (Article 20 provisionally agreed)				
387.	assessed as a result of cost-benefit assessment referred to in Article 19(2), or systematically rolled out, Member States shall implement smart metering systems in accordance with European standards, the provisions in Annex III, and in line with the following principles:	AM 101 Where smart metering is positively assessed as a result of cost-benefit assessment referred to in Article 19(2), or systematically rolled out after the entry into force of this Directive, Member States shall implement smart metering systems in accordance with European standards, the provisions in Annex III, and in line with the following principles:	Where smart metering is positively assessed as a result of cost-benefit assessment referred to in Article 19(2), or systematically rolled out, Member States shall implement smart metering systems in accordance with European standards, the provisions in Annex III, and in line with the following principles:	Provisionally agreed: Where smart metering is positively assessed as a result of cost-benefit assessment referred to in Article 19(2), or systematically rolled out after the entry into force of this Directive, Member States shall implement smart metering systems in accordance with European standards, the provisions in Annex III, and in line with the following principles:	
388.	(a) the metering systems accurately measure actual electricity consumption and provide to final customers information on actual time of use. That information shall be made easily available and visualised to final customers at no additional cost and at near-real time in order to support automated energy efficiency programmes, demand response and other services;	(a) the metering systems accurately measure actual electricity consumption and provide to final customers information on actual time of use. Validated historical consumption data shall be made easily available and visualised to final customers on at least an inhome display at no additional cost. Unvalidated near-real time consumption data shall be made available to final customers through a standardized interface in order to support automated energy efficiency programmes, demand response and other services;	(a) the metering systems accurately measure actual electricity consumption and are able to provide to final customers information on actual time of use. [] Validated historical consumption data shall be made easily and securely available and visualised to final customers on request and at no additional cost. [] Non-validated near-real time consumption data shall also be made easily and securely available to final customers at no additional cost, through a standardised interface or remote access, in order to support automated energy efficiency programmes, demand response and other services;;	Provisionally agreed: (a) the metering systems accurately measure actual electricity consumption and are able to provide to final customers information on actual time of use. Validated historical consumption data shall be made easily and securely available and visualised to final customers on request and at no additional cost. Non-validated near-real time consumption data shall also be made easily and securely available to final customers at no additional cost, through a standardised interface or remote access, in order to support automated energy efficiency programmes, demand response and other services;	

389.	(b) the security of the smart metering systems and data communication is ensured in compliance with relevant Union security legislation having due regard of the best available techniques for ensuring the highest level of cybersecurity protection;		(b) the security of the smart metering systems and data communication is ensured in compliance with relevant Union security legislation having due regard of the best available techniques for ensuring the highest level of cybersecurity protection whilst bearing in mind the costs and principles of proportionality;	Provisionally agreed: (b) the security of the smart metering systems and data communication is ensured in compliance with relevant Union security legislation having due regard of the best available techniques for ensuring the highest level of cybersecurity protection whilst bearing in mind the costs and principles of proportionality;
390.	(c) the privacy and data protection of final customers is ensured in compliance with relevant Union data protection and privacy legislation;	AM 103 (c) the privacy and data protection of final customers is ensured in compliance with relevant Union data protection and privacy legislation; it shall in particular be possible for the final customer to have access to information on the identity of other parties which access their personal data, and on the moment of access, in order to be able to enforce their rights under Union data protection legislation;	(c) the privacy and data protection of final customers is ensured in compliance with relevant Union data protection and privacy legislation;	Provisionally agreed: (c) the privacy and data protection of final customers is ensured in compliance with relevant Union data protection and privacy legislation;
391.	(d) meter operators shall ensure that the meter or meters of active customers who self-generate electricity can account for electricity put into the grid from the active customers' premises;		(d) meter operators shall ensure that the meter or meters of active customers who self-generate electricity can account for electricity put into the grid from the active customers' premises;	Provisionally agreed: (d) meter operators shall ensure that the meter or meters of active customers who self-generate electricity can account for electricity put into the grid from the active customers' premises;

(e) if final customers request it, metering data on their electricity input and off-take shall be made available to them, via a local standardised communication interface and/or remote access, or to a third party acting on their behalf, in an easily understandable format as provided for in Article 24, allowing them to compare deals on a like-for-like basis;

AM 104

metering data on their (e) electricity input and off-take shall be made available to them, via a local standardised communication interface and/or remote access, or to a third party acting on their behalf, in an easily understandable format as provided for in Article 24 and as close to real time as possible allowing them to compare deals on a like-for-like basis; it shall equally be possible for final customers to download their metering data or transmit them to another party at no additional cost and in accordance with their right to data portability under Union data protection legislation;

(e) if final customers request it, metering data on their electricity input and off-take shall be made available to them, via a [] standardised communication interface and/or remote access, or to a third party acting on their behalf, in an easily understandable format as provided for in Article 24, allowing them to compare deals on a like-for-like basis:

Provisionally agreed:

if final customers request it, metering data on their electricity input and off-take shall be made available to them, via a standardised communication interface and/or remote access, or to a third party acting on their behalf, in an easily understandable format as provided for in Article 24, allowing them to compare deals on a like-for-like basis it shall equally be possible for final customers to download their metering data or transmit them to another party at no additional cost and in accordance with their right to data portability under Union data protection legislation;

information shall be given to final customers at the time of installation of smart meters, in particular about their full potential with regard to meter reading management and the monitoring of energy consumption, and on the collection and processing of personal data in accordance with the applicable Union data protection legislation;

AM 105

(f) appropriate advice and information shall be given to final customers *prior to and/or* at the time of installation of smart meters, in particular about their full potential with regard to meter reading management and the monitoring of energy consumption, and on the collection and processing of personal data in accordance with the applicable Union data protection legislation;

(f) appropriate advice and information shall be given to final customers **prior to and/or** at the time of installation of smart meters, in particular about their full potential with regard to meter reading management and the monitoring of energy consumption, and on the collection and processing of personal data in accordance with the applicable Union data protection legislation;

Provisionally agreed:

(f) appropriate advice and information shall be given to final customers **prior to and/or** at the time of installation of smart meters, in particular about their full potential with regard to meter reading management and the monitoring of energy consumption, and on the collection and processing of personal data in accordance with the applicable Union data protection legislation;

394.	(g) smart metering systems shall enable final customers to be metered and settled at the same time resolution as the imbalance period in the national market.		(g) smart metering systems shall enable final customers to be metered and settled at the same time resolution as the imbalance period in the national market.	Provisionally agreed: (g) smart metering systems shall enable final customers to be metered and settled at the same time resolution as the imbalance period in the national market.
395.		Article Entitlement to a smart meter (A		
396.	1. Where smart metering is negatively assessed as a result of costbenefit assessment referred to in Article 19(2), nor systematically rolled out, Member States shall ensure that every final customer is entitled to have installed or, where applicable, to have upgraded, on request and under fair and reasonable conditions, a smart meter that complies with the following requirements:	AM 106 1. Where smart metering is negatively assessed as a result of cost-benefit assessment referred to in Article 19(2), nor systematically rolled out, Member States shall ensure that every final customer is entitled to have installed or, where applicable, to have upgraded, on request and under fair, reasonable and cost-effective conditions, a smart meter that complies with the following requirements:	1. Where smart metering is negatively assessed as a result of cost-benefit assessment referred to in Article 19(2), nor systematically rolled out, Member States shall ensure that every final customer is entitled, while bearing associated costs, to have installed or, where applicable, to have upgraded, on request and under fair and reasonable conditions, a smart meter that complies with the following requirements:	Provisionally agreed: 1. Where smart metering is negatively assessed as a result of cost-benefit assessment referred to in Article 19(2), nor systematically rolled out, Member States shall ensure that every final customer is entitled, while bearing associated costs, to have installed or, where applicable, to have upgraded, on request and under fair, reasonable and cost-effective conditions, a smart meter that complies with the following requirements:
397.	(a) is equipped where technically feasible with functionalities referred to in Article 20, or with a minimum set of functionalities to be defined and published by Member States at national level and in line with the provisions in Annex III,	AM 107 (a) is equipped with functionalities referred to in Article 20, or with a minimum set of functionalities to be defined and published by Member States at national level and in line with the provisions in Annex III,	(a) is equipped where technically feasible with functionalities referred to in Article 20, or with a minimum set of functionalities to be defined and published by Member States at national level and in line with the provisions in Annex III,	Provisionally agreed: (a) is equipped where technically feasible with functionalities referred to in Article 20, or with a minimum set of functionalities to be defined and published by Member States at national level and in line with the provisions in Annex III,

398.	(b) is interoperable and able to deliver the desired connectivity of the metering infrastructure with consumer energy management systems in near-real time.	th	b) is interoperable and able to leliver the desired connectivity of the metering infrastructure with consumer energy management systems in near-real time.	Provisionally agreed: (b) is interoperable and able to deliver the desired connectivity of the metering infrastructure with consumer energy management systems in near-real time.
399.	2. In the context of a customer request for a smart meter pursuant to paragraph 1, Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities shall:	pa wl pr	In the context of a customer equest for a smart meter pursuant to paragraph 1, Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities shall:	Provisionally agreed: 2. In the context of a customer request for a smart meter pursuant to paragraph 1, Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities shall:
400.	(a) ensure that the offer to the final customer requesting the installation of a smart meter explicitly states and clearly describes:	in ex	a) ensure that the offer to the final customer requesting the installation of a smart meter explicitly states and clearly describes:	Provisionally agreed: (a) ensure that the offer to the final customer requesting the installation of a smart meter explicitly states and clearly describes:
401.	- (i) the functions and interoperability that can be supported by the smart meter and the services that are feasible as well as the benefits that can be realistically attained by having that smart meter at that moment in time;	by the beat	(i) the functions and interoperability that can be supported by the smart meter and the services that are feasible as well as the benefits that can be realistically attained by having that smart meter at that moment in time;	Provisionally agreed: — (i) the functions and interoperability that can be supported by the smart meter and the services that are feasible as well as the benefits that can be realistically attained by having that smart meter at that moment in time;

402.	 (ii) any associated costs to be borne by the final customer (b) ensure that it is installed within a reasonable time and no later than three months after the customer's request; 	 (ii) any associated costs to be borne by the final customer; (b) ensure that it is installed within a reasonable time and no later than [] four months after the customer's request; 	Provisionally agreed: — (ii) any associated costs to be borne by the final customer; Provisionally agreed: (b) ensure that it is installed within a reasonable time and no later than four months after the
404.	(c) regularly, and at least every two years, review and make publicly available the associated costs, and trace their evolution as a result of technology developments and potential metering system upgrades.	(c) regularly, and at least every two years, review and make publicly available the associated costs, and trace their evolution as a result of technology developments and potential metering system upgrades.	customer's request; Provisionally agreed: (c) regularly, and at least every two years, review and make publicly available the associated costs, and trace their evolution as a result of technology developments and potential metering system upgrades.
405.	Articl Conventional metering (Artic		
406.	1. Where final customers do not have smart meters, Member States shall ensure that they are provided with individual conventional meters that accurately measure their actual consumption.	1. Where final customers do not have smart meters, Member States shall ensure that they are provided with individual conventional meters that accurately measure their actual consumption.	Provisionally agreed: 1. Where final customers do not have smart meters, Member States shall ensure that they are provided with individual conventional meters that accurately measure their actual consumption.
407.	2. Member States shall ensure that final customers are able to easily read their conventional meters, either directly or indirectly through an online interface or through another appropriate interface.	2. Member States shall ensure that final customers are able to easily read their conventional meters, either directly or indirectly through an online interface or through another appropriate interface.	Provisionally agreed: 2. Member States shall ensure that final customers are able to easily read their conventional meters, either directly or indirectly through an on-line interface or through another appropriate interface.

408. Article 23 Data management (Article 23 provisionally agreed in TM)

When setting up the rules 409. regarding the management and exchange of data. Member States or. where a Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities shall specify the eligible parties which may have access to data of the final customer with their explicit consent in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council³⁸. For the purpose of this Directive, data shall include metering and consumption data as well as data required for consumer switching. Eligible parties shall include at least customers. suppliers, transmission and distribution system operators, aggregators, energy service companies, and other parties which provide energy or other services to customers.

AM 108

1. When setting up the rules regarding the management and exchange of data. Member States or. where a Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities shall specify the eligible parties which may have access to data of the final customer with their explicit consent in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵². For the purpose of this Directive, data shall include metering and consumption data as well as data required for consumer switching, automated energy efficiency programmes, energy management services and demand response *services*. Eligible parties shall include at least customers, suppliers, transmission and distribution system operators, aggregators, energy service companies, and other parties which provide energy or other services to customers

When setting up the rules regarding the management and exchange of data, Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities shall specify the [] rules on the access to data of the final customer by eligible parties on the basis of the [] consent of the final customer or other basis foreseen by in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council³⁹. For the purpose of this Directive, data shall include metering and consumption data as well as data required for consumer switching [].

Provisionally agreed in TM:

When setting up the rules regarding the management and exchange of data. Member States or. where a Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities shall specify the rules on the access to data of the final customer by eligible parties according to the provisions of this Article and the applicable European Union legal framework. on the basis of the consent of the final customer or other basis foreseen by in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council. For the purpose of this Directive, data shall include personal metering and consumption data as well as **personal** data required for consumer switching demand response and other services. The rules on access to data shall be compliant with the respective European Union regulatory framework for different kinds of data, in

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³⁸ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

³⁹ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

410.		Upon request, eligible parties shall		particular processing of personal data within the framework of this Directive, including access to data and data storage, shall be carried out in compliance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁰ . Provisionally agreed:
411.	2. Member States shall organise the management of data in order to ensure efficient data access and exchange. Independently of the data management model applied in each Member State, the party or parties responsible for data management shall provide to any eligible party with the explicit consent of the final customer, access to the data of the final customer. Eligible parties should have at their disposal in a non-discriminatory manner and simultaneously the requested data. Access to data shall be easy, while relevant procedures shall be made publicly available.	provide customers with an overview of the parties who have access to their data. AM 109 2. Member States shall organise the secure management of data in order to ensure efficient data access and exchange, data protection, data security, transparency, neutrality and data integrity. Independently of the data management model applied in each Member State, the party or parties responsible for data management shall provide to any eligible party with the explicit consent of the final customer, access to the data of the final customer. Eligible parties should have at their disposal in a non-discriminatory manner and simultaneously the requested data. Access to data shall be easy, while relevant procedures shall be made publicly available.	2. Member States shall organise the management of data in order to ensure efficient and secure data access and exchange. Independently of the data management model applied in each Member State, the party or parties responsible for data management shall provide to any eligible party access to the data of the final customer on the basis of the explicit consent of the final customer or other basis foreseen by Regulation (EU) 2016/679 []. Eligible parties should have at their disposal in a non-discriminatory manner and simultaneously the requested data. Access to data shall be easy, while relevant procedures shall be made publicly available.	Provisionally agreed: 2. Member States shall organise the management of data in order to ensure efficient and secure data access and exchange, as well as data protection and data security. Independently of the data management model applied in each Member State, the party or parties responsible for data management shall provide to any eligible party access to the data of the final customer on the basis of the consent of the final customer or other basis foreseen by Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Eligible parties should have at their disposal in a non-discriminatory manner and simultaneously the requested data. Access to data shall be easy, while relevant procedures shall be made publicly available.

Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

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412.		2a. The processing of personal data carried out within the framework of this Directive including access to data and data storage shall be carried out in compliance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	Provisionally agreed: 2a. The processing of personal data carried out within the framework of this Directive including access to data and data storage shall be carried out in compliance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
Member States or, we Member State has so providesignated competent authorise and certify the pare managing data in order that these parties comply we requirements of this Direct prejudice to the tasks of the protection officers under F (EU) 2016/679, Member States decide to require from part managing data the appoint compliance officers who seresponsible for monitoring implementation of measure the relevant parties for ensidiscriminatory access to decompliance with the requirementation of this Directive. Compliance bodies designated pursuant 35(2)(d) may be required to obligations of this paragrant.	ided, the corities shall carties which to ensure with the cive. Without the data degulation catates may cies ment of the catal carties taken by the catal carties of cofficers or to Article of fulfil the	Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities shall authorise and certify or , where applicable , supervise the parties which are managing data in order to ensure that these parties comply with the requirements of this Directive. Without prejudice to the tasks of the data protection officers under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, Member States may decide to require from parties managing data the appointment of compliance officers who shall be responsible for monitoring the implementation of measures taken by the relevant parties for ensuring non-discriminatory access to data and compliance with the requirements of this Directive. Compliance officers or bodies designated pursuant to Article 35(2)(d) may be required to fulfil the obligations of this paragraph.	Provisionally agreed: 3. Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities shall authorise and certify or, where applicable, supervise the parties which are managing data in order to ensure that these parties comply with the requirements of this Directive. Without prejudice to the tasks of the data protection officers under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, Member States may decide to require from parties managing data the appointment of compliance officers who shall be responsible for monitoring the implementation of measures taken by the relevant parties for ensuring non-discriminatory access to data and compliance with the requirements of this Directive. Compliance officers or bodies designated pursuant to Article 35(2)(d) may be required to fulfil the obligations of this paragraph.

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414.	4. No additional costs shall be charged to final customers for access to their data. Member States shall be responsible for setting the relevant costs for access to data by eligible parties. Regulated entities which provide data services shall not profit from that activity.	4. No additional costs shall be charged to final customers for access to <i>their data or for a request to transfer</i> their data. Member States shall be responsible for setting the relevant costs for access to data by eligible parties. Regulated entities which provide data services shall not profit from that activity.	4. No additional costs shall be charged to final customers for access to their data. Member States shall be responsible for setting the relevant costs for access to data by eligible parties. []	Provisionally agreed in TM: 4. No additional costs shall be charged to final customers for access to their data or for a request to make their data available. Member States shall be responsible for setting the relevant costs for access to data by eligible parties. Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the designated competent authorities shall ensure that costs charged by regulated entities that provide data services are reasonable and duly justified.	
415.	Article 24 [[Interoperability requirements and procedures for access to data (Article 24 provisionally agreed)				
41.6			r access to aata (Article 24 provisionall)		
416.	1. Member States shall define a common data format and a transparent procedure for eligible parties to have access to the data listed under Article 23 (1), in order to promote competition in the retail market and avoid excessive administrative costs for the eligible parties.	AM 111 1. Member States shall define a common data format to enable interoperability and facilitate exchange of data and a transparent procedure for eligible parties to have access to the data listed under Article 23 (1), in order to promote competition in the retail market and avoid excessive administrative costs for the eligible parties.	1. []	Provisionally agreed:	
417.	2. The Commission, by means of implementing acts adopted in accordance with the advisory procedure referred to in Article 68, shall determine a common European data format and non-discriminatory and transparent procedures for	AM 112 2. The Commission, by means of implementing acts adopted in accordance with the advisory procedure referred to in Article 68, shall determine <i>interoperability standards and</i> a common European	2. In order to facilitate the full interoperability of cross-border energy services within the EU, the Commission, by means of implementing acts adopted in accordance with the advisory procedure referred to in Article 68	Provisionally agreed: 2. In order to promote competition in the retail market and avoid excessive administrative costs for the eligible parties, Member States shall facilitate the full interoperability of energy services	

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accessing the data, listed under Article data format and non-discriminatory shall determine, interoperability within the EU. The Commission 23 (1), that will replace national data and transparent procedures for requirements [] and nonby means of implementing acts format and procedure adopted by accessing the data, listed under discriminatory and transparent adopted in accordance with the Member States in accordance Article 23 (1), and provide for a procedures for accessing the data. advisory procedure referred to in with paragraph 1. Member States shall Article 68 shall determine cost-effective transition, taking into listed under Article 23 (1). These interoperability requirements and ensure that market participants apply a account conditions in Member requirements and procedures [] common European data format. **States**, that will replace national data will build upon existing national non-discriminatory and transparent format and procedure adopted by practices [] adopted by Member procedures for accessing the data, Member States in accordance with States. [] listed under Article 23 (1). Member paragraph 1. Member States shall States shall ensure that electricity ensure that market participants apply undertakings apply these interoperability standards or the interoperability requirements and common European data format. procedures, which shall be built Where necessary, the Commission on existing national practices. may, following consultation of the committee referred to in Article 68, request that standards be drawn up by the relevant European standards organisations. 418. Article 25 Single points of contact Member States shall ensure the Maintain Council GA **AM 113** Member States shall ensure the Member States shall ensure the provision of single points of contact to provision of single points of contact provide customers with all necessary provision of single points of contact to provide customers with all information concerning their rights, to provide customers with all necessary information concerning current legislation and the means of necessary information concerning their rights, current legislation and dispute settlement available to them in their rights, current legislation, the means of dispute settlement the event of a dispute. Such contact accredited comparison tools and the available to them in the event of a points may be part of general means of dispute settlement available dispute. Such contact points may be consumer information points. to them in the event of a dispute with part of general consumer information the electricity supplier, energy points. service provider, aggregator or any other intermediary. Such contact points may be part of general consumer information points. *In*

420.		cases where the service provided is linked or is bundled with software, hardware or communication technology, final customers shall have their complaint handled through a single contact point. Article Right to out-of-court		
421.	Member States shall ensure that customers have access to simple, fair, transparent, independent, effective and efficient out-of-court dispute resolution mechanisms for the settlement of disputes concerning rights and obligations established under this Directive. Where the costumer is a consumer within the meaning of Directive 2013/11/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴¹ , such out-of-court mechanisms shall comply with the quality requirements established in Directive 2013/11/EU and provide, where warranted, for a system of reimbursement and/or compensation.	AM 114 Member States shall ensure that customers have access to simple, fair, transparent, independent, effective and efficient out-of-court dispute resolution mechanisms for the settlement of disputes concerning rights and obligations established under this Directive through an independent mechanism such as an energy ombudsman or a consumer body. Where the costumer is a consumer within the meaning of Directive 2013/11/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁵³ , such out-of-court mechanisms shall comply with the quality requirements established in Directive 2013/11/EU and provide, where warranted, for a system of reimbursement and/or compensation.	Member States shall ensure that final customers have access to simple, fair, transparent, independent, effective and efficient out-of-court dispute resolution mechanisms for the settlement of disputes concerning rights and obligations established under this Directive. Where the final costumer is a consumer within the meaning of Directive 2013/11/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴² , such out-of-court mechanisms shall comply with the quality requirements established in Directive 2013/11/EU and provide, where warranted, for a system of reimbursement and/or compensation.	Provisionally agreed: Member States shall ensure that final customers have access to simple, fair, transparent, independent, effective and efficient out-of-court dispute resolution mechanisms for the settlement of disputes concerning rights and obligations established under this Directive through an independent mechanism such as an energy ombudsman or a consumer body, or a national regulatory authority. Where the final costumer is a consumer within the meaning of Directive 2013/11/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴³ , such out-of-court mechanisms shall comply with the quality requirements established in Directive 2013/11/EU and provide, where warranted, for a system of

⁴¹

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OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 63–79 OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 63–79 OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 63–79

		reimbursement and/or compensation.
422.	Such mechanisms shall be extended to all energy service providers, aggregators and all contracts with energy components, including bundled offers, and local energy communities, whose participation shall be mandatory.	New compromise proposal: Where necessary, Member States shall ensure that ADR entities cooperate to provide simple, fair, transparent, independent, effective and efficient out-of-court dispute resolution for any dispute that arises from products or services tied to, or bundled with, any product or service falling under the scope of this Directive.
423.	Member States shall ensure that electricity suppliers, energy service providers and aggregators provide information on the out-of-court dispute settlement on their website and in all communication with their customers.	Maintain Council GA
424.	Member States shall regularly assess the functioning of the out-of-court dispute settlement mechanisms, especially with regards to the participation and compliance of electricity suppliers, energy service providers, aggregators and intermediaries.	Maintain Council GA

425.	Article 27					
		Universal service				
426.	1. Member States shall ensure that		1. Member States shall ensure	Maintain Council GA		
	all household customers, and, where		that all household customers, and,			
	Member States deem it appropriate,		where Member States deem it			
	small enterprises (namely enterprises		appropriate, small enterprises [],			
	with fewer than 50 occupied persons		enjoy universal service, that is the			
	and an annual turnover or balance		right to be supplied with electricity of			
	sheet not exceeding EUR 10 million),		a specified quality within their			
	enjoy universal service, that is the right		territory at competitive reasonable			
	to be supplied with electricity of a		easily and clearly comparable,			
	specified quality within their territory		transparent and non-discriminatory			
	at ⊠ competitive ⊠ reasonable,		prices. To ensure the provision of			
	easily and clearly comparable,		universal service, Member States			
	transparent and non-discriminatory		may appoint a supplier of last resort.			
	prices. To ensure the provision of		Member States shall impose on			
	universal service, Member States may		distribution companies an obligation			
	appoint a supplier of last resort.		to connect customers to their network			
	Member States shall impose on		under terms, conditions and tariffs set			
	distribution companies an obligation to		in accordance with the procedure laid			
	connect customers to their network		down in Article 59(6). This Directive			
	under terms, conditions and tariffs set		shall not prevent Member States			
	in accordance with the procedure laid		from strengthening the market			
	down in Article 59(6). This Directive		position of the household, small and			
	shall not prevent Member States from		medium-sized consumers by			
	strengthening the market position of		promoting the possibilities of			
	the household, small and medium-		voluntary aggregation of			
	sized consumers by promoting the		representation for that class of			
	possibilities of voluntary aggregation		consumers.			
	of representation for that class of					
	consumers.					

427.	2. Paragraph 1 shall be
	implemented in a transparent and non-
	discriminatory way and shall not
	impede the free choice of supplier
	provided for in Article 4.
428.	
429.	1. Member States shall take
	appropriate measures to protect
	customers and shall, in particular,

Paragraph 1 shall be implemented in a transparent and non-discriminatory way and shall not impede the free choice of supplier provided for in Article 4.

Maintain Council GA

Article 28 Vulnerable customers and energy poverty

ensure that there are adequate safeguards to protect vulnerable customers. In this context, each Member State shall define the concept of vulnerable customers which may refer to energy poverty and, inter alia, to the prohibition of disconnection of electricity to such customers in critical times. Member States shall ensure that rights and obligations linked to vulnerable customers are applied. In particular, they shall take measures to protect customers in remote areas. They shall ensure high levels of consumer protection, particularly with respect to transparency regarding contractual terms and conditions. general information and dispute settlement mechanisms.

AM 115

Member States shall take appropriate measures to protect customers and shall, in particular, ensure that there are adequate safeguards to protect vulnerable customers. In this context, each Member State shall define the concept of vulnerable customers which *shall* refer to energy poverty and may ensure their protection through national social security systems and, inter alia, the prohibition of disconnection of electricity to such customers in critical times. Member States shall ensure that rights and obligations linked to vulnerable customers are applied. In particular, they shall take measures to protect customers in remote areas. They shall ensure high levels of consumer protection, particularly with respect to transparency regarding contractual terms and conditions, general information and dispute settlement mechanisms.

Member States shall take appropriate measures to protect customers and shall, in particular. ensure that there are adequate safeguards to protect vulnerable customers. In this context, each Member State shall define the concept of vulnerable customers which may refer to energy poverty and, inter alia, to the prohibition of disconnection of electricity to such customers in critical times Member States shall ensure that rights and obligations linked to vulnerable customers are applied. In particular, they shall take measures to protect customers in remote areas. They shall ensure high levels of consumer protection, particularly with respect to transparency regarding contractual terms and conditions, general information and dispute settlement mechanisms.

New compromise proposal:

Member States shall take appropriate measures to protect customers and shall, in particular, ensure that there are adequate safeguards to protect vulnerable customers. In this context, each Member State shall define the concept of vulnerable customers which may refer to energy poverty and, inter alia, to the prohibition of disconnection of electricity to such customers in critical times. The concept of vulnerable customers may include income levels, the share of energy expenditure of disposable income, the energy efficiency of homes, critical dependency on electrically powered equipment for health reasons, age or other criteria. Member States shall ensure that rights and obligations linked to vulnerable customers are applied. In particular, they shall take measures to protect customers in remote areas.

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				They shall ensure high levels of consumer protection, particularly with respect to transparency regarding contractual terms and conditions, general information and dispute settlement mechanisms.
430.			1a. Where Member States identified energy poverty among household customers they shall publish the parameters and criteria used to identify, measure and to monitor energy poverty.	New compromise proposal (covered in Article 29(1), line 433):
431.	2. Member States shall take appropriate measures, such as formulating national energy action plans, providing benefits in social security systems to ensure the necessary electricity supply to vulnerable customers, or providing for support for energy efficiency improvements, to address energy poverty where identified, including in the broader context of poverty. Such measures shall not impede the effective opening of the market set out in Article 4 or market functioning and shall be notified to the Commission, where relevant, in accordance with the provisions of Article 9(4). Such notification may also include measures taken within the general social security system.	AM 116 deleted	2. Member States shall take appropriate measures, such as formulating national energy action plans, providing benefits in social security systems to ensure the necessary electricity supply to vulnerable customers, or providing for support for energy efficiency improvements, to address energy poverty where identified, including in the broader context of poverty. Such measures shall not impede the effective opening of the market set out in Article 4 or market functioning and shall be notified to the Commission, where relevant, in accordance with the provisions of Article 9(4). Such notifications may also include measures taken within the general social security system.	New compromise proposal: 2. Member States shall take appropriate measures, such as formulating national energy action plans, providing benefits in social security systems to ensure the necessary electricity supply to vulnerable customers, or providing for support for energy efficiency improvements, to address energy poverty where identified pursuant to Article 3(3)(v) of [the Governance Regulation], including in the broader context of poverty. Such measures shall not impede the effective opening of the market set out in Article 4 or market functioning and shall be notified to the Commission, where relevant, in accordance with the provisions of Article 9(4). Such notifications may also include measures taken within the general social security system.

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432.	Article 29 Energy poverty			
433.	Member States shall define a set of criteria for the purposes of measuring energy poverty. Member States shall continuously monitor the number of households in energy poverty and shall report on the evolution of energy poverty and measures taken to prevent it to the Commission every two years as part of their Integrated National Energy and Climate Progress Reports in accordance with Article 21 of [Governance Regulation as proposed by COM(2016)759].	AM 117 Member States, in consultation with relevant stakeholders, shall:	П	New compromise proposal: When assessing the number of households in energy poverty pursuant to Article 3(3)(v) of Ithe Governance Regulation Member States shall define and publish a set of criteria which may include low income, high energy expenditure of disposable income and poor energy efficiency.
434.		(a) define a set of criteria for the purposes of measuring energy poverty based on indicators such as low income, high energy expenditure, and poor energy efficiency;		Maintain Council GA
435.		(b) continuously monitor the number of households in energy poverty and analyse if these customers are sufficiently protected and improve their protection where needed;		Maintain Council GA
436.		(c) report on the evolution of energy poverty and measures taken to prevent it to the Commission every two years as part of their Integrated National Energy and Climate Progress Reports in accordance with Article 21a of		Maintain Council GA

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	Regulation (EU) [Governance Regulation as proposed by COM(2016)759].	
437.	In order to address energy poverty where identified, including in the context of broader poverty, and protect vulnerable consumers as referred to in Article 28, Member States shall establish national action plans to reduce the number of households in energy poverty including objectives and measures, both short-term and long-term, and a timeframe for achieving the objectives. Measures may include, inter alia, providing benefits in social security systems to ensure the necessary electricity supply to vulnerable customers, providing for support for energy efficiency improvements and the prohibition of	Maintain Council GA
	disconnection of electricity at critical times.	
438.	These action plans shall be incorporated into the Member State's integrated national energy and climate plan as part of Regulation (EU) [Governance Regulation as proposed by COM(2016)759].	Maintain Council GA

440.		The Commission, acting together with Eurostat and the Member States, shall improve the comparability of datasets including national monitoring data so that these become comparable across Member States. CHAPT		Maintain Council GA
441.		DISTRIBUTION SYS Article		
771.		Designation of distribute		
442.	Member States shall designate or shall require undertakings that own or are responsible for distribution systems to designate, for a period of time to be determined by Member States having regard to considerations of efficiency and economic balance, one or more distribution system operators.		Member States shall designate or shall require undertakings that own or are responsible for distribution systems to designate, for a period of time to be determined by Member States having regard to considerations of efficiency and economic balance, one or more distribution system operators.	No change
443.		Article		
		Tasks of distribution	n system operators	
444.	1. The distribution system operator shall be responsible for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the distribution of electricity, for operating, maintaining and developing under economic conditions a secure, reliable and efficient electricity distribution system in its area with due regard for the environment and energy efficiency.		1. The distribution system operator shall be responsible for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the distribution of electricity, for operating, maintaining and developing under economic conditions a secure, reliable and efficient electricity distribution system in its area with due regard for the environment and energy efficiency.	No change

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445.	2. In any event, it must not discriminate between system users or classes of system users, particularly in favour of its related undertakings.		2. In any event, it must not discriminate between system users or classes of system users, particularly in favour of its related undertakings.	No change
446.	3. The distribution system operator shall provide system users with the information they need for efficient access to, including use of, the system.		3. The distribution system operator shall provide system users with the information they need for efficient access to, including use of, the system.	No change
447.	4. A Member State may require the distribution system operator, when dispatching generating installations, to give priority to generating installations using renewable energy sources or producing combined heat and power, in accordance with Article 11 [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2].		4. A Member State may require the distribution system operator, when dispatching generating installations, to give priority to generating installations using renewable energy sources or producing combined heat and power, in accordance with Article 11 [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2].	No change
448.	5. Each distribution system operator shall procure the energy it uses to cover energy losses and the non-frequency ancillary services in its system according to transparent, non-discriminatory and market based procedures, whenever it has such a function. Unless justified by a cost-benefit analysis, the procurement of non-frequency ancillary services by a distribution system operator shall be transparent, non-discriminatory and market-based ensuring effective participation of all market participants	AM 118 5. Each distribution system operator shall act as a neutral market facilitator in procuring the energy it uses to cover energy losses and the non-frequency ancillary services in its system according to transparent, non-discriminatory and market based procedures, whenever it has such a function. Unless justified by a cost-benefit analysis, the methodology of which shall be developed in a transparent manner by the national regulatory authority in accordance with point c of Article	5. Each distribution system operator shall procure the energy it uses to cover energy losses [] in its system according to transparent, non-discriminatory and market based procedures, whenever it has such a function. []	Council compromise proposal: 5. Each distribution system operator shall act as a neutral market facilitator in procuring the energy it uses to cover energy losses in its system according to transparent, non-discriminatory and market based procedures, whenever it has such a function.

	including renewable energy sources, demand response, energy storage facilities and aggregators, in particular by requiring regulatory authorities or distribution system operators in close cooperation with all market participants, to define technical modalities for participation in these markets on the basis of the technical requirements of these markets and the capabilities of all market participants.	59 (1), procurement of non-frequency ancillary services by a distribution system operator shall be transparent, non-discriminatory and market-based ensuring effective participation of all market participants including renewable energy sources, demand response, energy storage facilities and aggregators, in particular by requiring regulatory authorities or distribution system operators in close cooperation with all market participants, to define technical modalities for participation in these markets on the basis of the technical requirements of these markets and the capabilities of all market participants.		
449.		participants.	5a. Where a distribution system operator is responsible for the procurement of products and services necessary for the efficient, reliable and secure operation of the distribution system, rules adopted by the distribution system operator for that purpose shall be objective, transparent and non-discriminatory and shall be elaborated in coordination with transmission system operators and other relevant market parties. Terms and conditions, including rules and tariffs where applicable, for the provision of such products and services by distribution system	Maintain Council GA

		operators shall be established in accordance with Article 59(6) in a non-discriminatory and cost-reflective way and shall be published.	
450.		5b. In performing the tasks described in paragraph 5a, the distribution system operator shall procure the non-frequency ancillary services needed for its system according to transparent, non-discriminatory and market-based procedures, unless the regulatory authority has assessed that the market-based provision of non-frequency ancillary services is economically not efficient and has granted a derogation. This obligation to procure non-frequency ancillary services does not apply to fully integrated network components.	Maintain Council GA
451.		5c. The procurement of such products and services shall ensure the effective participation of all qualified market participants including renewable energy sources, demand response, energy storage facilities and electricity undertakings engaged in aggregation, in particular by requiring regulatory authorities and distribution system operators in close cooperation with all market participants, including transmission system operators, to	Maintain Council GA

452.			define technical modalities for participation in these markets on the basis of the technical requirements of these markets and the capabilities of all market participants. 5d. Distribution system operators shall cooperate with transmission system operators for the effective participation of market participants connected to their grid to the retail, wholesale and balancing markets. Delivery of balancing services stemming from resources located in the distribution system shall be agreed with the respective transmission system operator in line with Article 182 of the Commission Regulation 2017/1485 establishing a guideline on electricity transmission system	Maintain Council GA
			operation and Article 53 of the recast Electricity Regulation.	
453.		Article		
45.4	1 Manufact Chahara - 1, -11 am - 1, -11	[] Incentives for the use of flexi AM 119	bility in distribution networks	C
454.	1. Member States shall provide the necessary regulatory framework to allow and incentivise distribution system operators to procure services in order to improve efficiencies in the operation and development of the distribution system, including local congestion management. In particular, regulatory frameworks shall enable distribution system operators to	Member States shall provide the necessary regulatory framework to allow and incentivise distribution system operators to procure services in order to improve efficiencies in the operation and development of the distribution system, including local congestion management. In particular, regulatory frameworks	1. Member States shall provide the necessary regulatory framework to allow and incentivise distribution system operators to procure flexibility services, including congestion management in their service area, in order to improve efficiencies in the operation and development of the distribution	Council compromise proposal: 1. Member States shall provide the necessary regulatory framework to allow and incentivise distribution system operators to procure flexibility services, including congestion management in their service area, in order to improve efficiencies in the operation and development of the distribution

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procure services from resources such as distributed generation, demand response or storage and consider energy efficiency measures, which may supplant the need to upgrade or replace electricity capacity and which support the efficient and secure operation of the distribution system. Distribution system operators shall procure these services according to transparent, non-discriminatory and market based procedures.

shall ensure that distribution system operators *can* procure services from resources such as distributed generation, demand response or storage and consider energy efficiency measures, when such services cost-effectively supplant the need to upgrade or replace electricity capacity and which support the efficient and secure operation of the distribution system. Distribution system operators shall procure these services according to transparent, non-discriminatory and market based procedures.

system []. In particular, regulatory frameworks shall enable distribution system operators to procure services from resources such as distributed generation, demand response or storage and consider energy efficiency measures, which may supplant the need to upgrade or replace electricity capacity and which support the efficient and secure operation of the distribution system. П

system. In particular, regulatory frameworks shall ensure that distribution system operators to procure services from resources such as distributed generation, demand response or storage and consider energy efficiency measures, which may when such services cost*effectively* supplant the need to upgrade or replace electricity capacity and which support the efficient and secure operation of the distribution system. Distribution system operators shall procure these services according to transparent, non-discriminatory and market based procedures unless regulatory authorities have established that the procurement of such services is economically not efficient or if this leads to severe market distortions or to higher congestions.

455. Distribution system operators shall define standardised market products for the services procured ensuring effective participation of all market participants including renewable energy sources, demand response, and aggregators. Distribution system operators shall exchange all necessary information and coordinate with transmission system operators in order to ensure the optimal utilisation of resources, ensure the secure and

AM 120

Standardised market products for such services shall be defined at least at the national level. Distribution system operators shall, in a transparent and participatory process that includes all relevant system users, the national regulatory authority and the transmission system operator, define standardised market products for the services procured ensuring effective

Distribution system operators subject to an oversight by the regulatory authority, or the regulatory authority itself, shall define [] the specifications for the flexibility services procured in close cooperation with the transmission system operators. The specifications shall ensure an [] effective and non-discriminatory participation of all market participants including renewable

Council compromise proposal:

1a. Distribution system operators subject to an approval by the regulatory authority, or the regulatory authority itself, shall in a transparent and participatory process that includes all relevant system users and the transmission system operator, define the specifications for the flexibility services procured and, where appropriate, standardised market

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efficient operation of the system and facilitate market development. Distribution system operators shall be adequately remunerated for the procurement of such services in order to recover at least the corresponding expenses, including the necessary information and communication technologies expenses, including expenses which correspond to the necessary information and communication infrastructure.

participation of all market participants including renewable energy sources, demand response, storage and aggregators. Distribution system operators shall exchange all necessary information and coordinate with transmission system operators in order to ensure the optimal utilisation of resources, ensure the secure and efficient operation of the system and facilitate market development. Distribution system operators shall be adequately remunerated for the procurement of such services in order to recover at least the corresponding expenses, including the necessary information and communication technologies expenses, including expenses which correspond to the necessary information and communication infrastructure

energy sources, demand response, energy storage facilities and []market participants engaged in aggregation. Distribution system operators shall exchange all necessary information and coordinate with transmission system operators in order to ensure the optimal utilisation of resources, ensure the secure and efficient operation of the system and facilitate market development. Distribution system operators shall be adequately remunerated for the procurement of such services in order to recover at least the corresponding reasonable costs [], including the necessary information and communication technologies expenses and [] infrastructure costs.

products for such services at least at national level. The specifications shall ensure an effective and non-discriminatory participation of all market participants including renewable energy sources, demand response, energy storage facilities and market participants engaged in aggregation. Distribution system operators shall exchange all necessary information and coordinate with transmission system operators in order to ensure the optimal utilisation of resources. ensure the secure and efficient operation of the system and facilitate market development. Distribution system operators shall be adequately remunerated for the procurement of such services in order to recover at least the corresponding **reasonable costs**, including the necessary information and communication technologies expenses and infrastructure costs.

distribution system shall be based on a transparent network development plan that distribution system operators shall submit every two years to the regulatory authority. The network development plan shall contain the planned investments for the next five to ten years, with particular emphasis

AM 121

The development of a distribution system shall be based on a transparent network development plan that distribution system operators shall submit every two years to the regulatory authority. *In developing the network development plan, the distribution system*

2. The development of a distribution system shall be based on a transparent network development plan that distribution system operators shall [] publish at least every two years and submit to the regulatory authority and the transmission system operator. The regulatory authority may request

Provisionally agreed:

2. The development of a distribution system shall be based on a transparent network development plan that distribution system operators shall **publish at least** every two years **and submit** to the regulatory authority. The regulatory authority may request

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on the main distribution infrastructure which is required in order to connect new generation capacity and new loads including re-charging points for electric vehicles. The network development plan shall also demonstrate the use of demand response, energy efficiency, energy storage facilities or other resources that distribution system operator is using as an alternative to system expansion.

operator shall involve, including through consultation, all current or *potential system users.* The network development plan shall contain the planned investments for the next five to ten years, with particular emphasis on the main distribution infrastructure, *including energy* efficiency, demand response and energy storage, which is required in order to connect new generation capacity and new loads including recharging points for electric vehicles. The network development plan shall also demonstrate the use of demand response, energy efficiency, energy storage facilities or other resources that distribution system operator is using as an alternative to system expansion.

amendments to the plans. The network development plan shall provide transparency on the medium and long-term flexibility services needed, contain the planned investments for the next five to ten years, with particular emphasis on the main distribution infrastructure which is required in order to connect new generation capacity and new loads including re-charging points for electric vehicles. The network development plan shall also include If the use of demand response, energy efficiency, energy storage facilities or other resources that distribution system operator is using as an alternative to system expansion.

amendments to the plans. The network development plan shall provide transparency on the medium and long-term flexibility services needed, contain the planned investments for the next five to ten years, with particular emphasis on the main distribution infrastructure which is required in order to connect new generation capacity and new loads including recharging points for electric vehicles. The network development plan shall also include the use of demand response, energy efficiency, energy storage facilities or other resources that distribution system operator is using as an alternative to system expansion.

all current or potential system users on the network development plan. The regulatory authority shall publish the result of the consultation process on the proposed investments.

2a. The [] distribution system operators shall consult all [] relevant system users on the network development plan. The [] distribution system operators shall publish the results of the consultation process along with [] the network development plan and submit to the regulatory authority.

Provisionally agreed:

2a. The distribution system operators shall consult all relevant system users and the relevant transmission system operators on the network development plan. The distribution system operators shall publish the results of the consultation process along with the network development plan and submit to the regulatory authority. The regulatory authorities may request amendments to the plan.

458.	Member States may decide not to apply this obligation to integrated undertakings serving less than 100 000 connected consumers, or serving isolated systems.	Articl	2b. Member States may decide not to apply this obligation to integrated undertakings serving less than 100 000 connected consumers, or serving isolated systems.	Provisionally agreed: 2b. Member States may decide not to apply the obligation of paragraph 2 to integrated undertakings serving less than 100 000 connected consumers, or serving small isolated systems.
137.		Integration of electro-mobility		
460.	1. Member States shall provide the necessary regulatory framework to facilitate the connection of publicly accessible and private recharging points to the distribution networks. Member States shall ensure that distribution system operators cooperate on a non-discriminatory basis with any undertaking that owns, develops, operates or manages recharging points for electric vehicles, including with regard to connection to the grid.	AM 122 1. Without prejudice to Directive 2014/94/EU, Member States shall provide the necessary regulatory framework to facilitate the connection of publicly accessible and private recharging points to the distribution networks. Member States shall ensure that distribution system operators cooperate on a non-discriminatory basis with any undertaking that owns, develops, operates or manages recharging points for electric vehicles, including with regard to connection to the grid.	1. Member States shall provide the necessary regulatory framework to facilitate the connection of publicly accessible and private recharging points to the distribution networks. Member States shall ensure that distribution system operators cooperate on a non-discriminatory basis with any undertaking that owns, develops, operates or manages recharging points for electric vehicles, including with regard to connection to the grid.	Provisionally agreed: 1. Without prejudice to Directive 2014/94/EU, Member States shall provide the necessary regulatory framework to facilitate the connection of publicly accessible and private recharging points to the distribution networks. Member States shall ensure that distribution system operators cooperate on a non-discriminatory basis with any undertaking that owns, develops, operates or manages recharging points for electric vehicles, including with regard to connection to the grid.
461.		AM 123 Ia. (new) Distribution system operators shall not be allowed to own, develop, manage or operate recharging points for electric vehicles.	1a. Distribution system operators shall not be allowed to own, develop, manage or operate recharging points for electric vehicles, with the exception of those cases where distribution system operators own private recharging points solely for their own use.	Maintain Council GA

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462.	distribution system operators to own, develop, manage or operate recharging points for electric vehicles only if the following conditions are fulfilled:	AM 124 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1a, Member States may allow distribution system operators to own, develop, manage or operate recharging points for electric vehicles only if all of the following conditions are fulfilled: AM 125 (a) other parties, following an open and transparent tendering	2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1a, Member States may allow distribution system operators to own, develop, manage or operate recharging points for electric vehicles only if the following conditions are fulfilled: (a) other parties, following an open and transparent tendering	Provisionally agreed: 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1a, Member States may allow distribution system operators to own, develop, manage or operate recharging points for electric vehicles only if all of the following conditions are fulfilled: New compromise proposal (aligned with Articles 36(2a) and 54(2a), lines 483 and 732):
	own, develop, manage or operate	procedure, subject to review by the national regulatory authority, have not expressed their interest to own, develop, manage or operate recharging points for electric vehicles or cannot deliver those services at a reasonable cost and in a timely manner;	procedure, [] could not be awarded with a right to own, develop, manage or operate recharging points for electric vehicles;	(a) other parties, following an open and transparent and non-discriminatory tendering procedure, subject to review and approval by the regulatory authority, could not be have not been awarded with a right to own, develop, manage or operate recharging points for electric vehicles or could not deliver those services at a reasonable cost and in a timely manner. Regulatory authorities may draw up guidelines or procurement clauses to help distribution system operators ensure a fair tendering procedure;
464.	(b) the regulatory authority has granted its approval.		(b) the regulatory authority has carried out an ex-ante review of the conditions of the tendering procedure under subparagraph (a) and has granted its approval;	Provisionally agreed: (b) the regulatory authority has carried out an ex-ante review of the conditions of the tendering procedure under subparagraph (a) and has granted its approval;

465.	3. Articles 35 and 56 shall apply to		(c) in operation of the recharging points the distribution system operator must not discriminate between system users or classes of system users, particularly in favour of its related undertakings.	Council compromise proposal: (c) the distribution system operator must operate the recharging points on the basis of third party access and must not discriminate between system users or classes of system users, particularly in favour of its related undertakings. Provisionally agreed:
	distribution system operators engaged in ownership, development, operation or management of recharging points.		3. []	
467.	4. Member States shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a public consultation in order to re-assess the potential interest of market parties to own, develop, operate or manage recharging points for electric vehicles. In case the public consultation indicates that third parties are able to own, develop, operate or manage such points, Member States shall ensure that distribution system operators' activities in this regard are phased-out.	4. Member States shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a public consultation in order to re-assess the potential interest of market parties to own, develop, operate or manage recharging points for electric vehicles. In case the public consultation indicates that third parties are able to own, develop, operate or manage such points, Member States shall ensure that distribution system operators' activities in this regard are phased-out and that the associated costs can be recovered.	4. Where Member States have implemented the conditions set out in paragraph 2, Member States or their designated competent authorities shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a public consultation in order to reassess the potential interest of market parties to own, develop, operate or manage recharging points for electric vehicles on the basis of third party access. In case the public consultation indicates that third parties are able to own, develop, operate or manage such points, Member States shall ensure that distribution system operators' activities in this regard are phased-out subject to a successful completion of a procedure referred to in paragraph (2)a. As part of the conditions for this procedure regulatory authorities may allow	Provisionally agreed: 4. Where Member States have implemented the conditions set out in paragraph 2, Member States or their designated competent authorities shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a public consultation in order to reassess the potential interest of market parties to own, develop, operate or manage recharging points for electric vehicles. In case the public consultation indicates that third parties are able to own, develop, operate or manage such points, Member States shall ensure that distribution system operators' activities in this regard are phased-out subject to a successful completion of a procedure referred to in paragraph (2)a. As part of the conditions for this procedure regulatory authorities

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the distribution system operators to recover the residual value of the investment made into recharging infrastructure. may allow the distribution system operators to recover the residual value of the investment made into recharging infrastructure.

468. Article 34

Tasks of distribution system operators in data management

Member States shall ensure that all eligible parties have nondiscriminatory access to data under clear and equal terms. In Member States where smart metering systems have been implemented according to Article 19 and distribution system operators are involved in data management, compliance programmes as set in Article 35(2)(d) shall include specific measures in order to exclude discriminatory access to data from eligible parties as provided for in Article 23. Where distribution system operators are not subject to Article 35(1), (2) and (3), Member States shall take all necessary measures to ensure that the vertically integrated undertaking do not have privileged access to data for the conduct of its supply activity.

AM 127 Member States shall ensure that all eligible parties have nondiscriminatory access to data under clear and equal terms, and are in compliance with data and information protection legislation. In Member States where smart metering systems have been implemented according to Article 19 and distribution system operators are involved in data management, compliance programmes as set in Article 35(2)(d) shall include specific measures in order to exclude discriminatory access to data from

eligible parties as provided for in

operators are not subject to Article

35(1), (2) and (3), Member States

shall take all necessary measures to

ensure that the vertically integrated

undertaking do not have privileged

access to data for the conduct of its

supply activity, if necessary by requiring the creation of a central data management platform to be managed by the transmission system operator or another neutral entity.

Article 23. Where distribution system

In compliance with applicable data provisions regulations, Member States shall ensure that all eligible parties have non-discriminatory access to data under clear and equal terms. In Member States where smart metering systems have been implemented according to Article 19 and distribution system operators are involved in data management, compliance programmes as set in Article 35(2)(d) shall include specific measures in order to exclude discriminatory access to data from eligible parties as provided for in Article 23. Where distribution system operators are not subject to Article 35(1), (2) and (3), Member States shall take all necessary measures to ensure that the vertically integrated undertaking do not have privileged access to data for the conduct of its supply activity.

Provisionally agreed: Member States shall ensure that all eligible parties have nondiscriminatory access to data under clear and equal terms, in compliance with the relevant data protection legislation. In Member States where smart metering systems have been implemented according to Article 19 and distribution system operators are involved in data management, compliance programmes as set in Article 35(2)(d) shall include specific measures in order to exclude discriminatory access to data from eligible parties as provided for in Article 23. Where distribution system operators are not subject to Article 35(1), (2) and (3), Member States shall take all necessary measures to ensure that the vertically integrated undertaking do not have privileged access to data for the conduct of its supply activity.

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470.		Article 35				
		Unbundling of distribution system operators				
471.	1. Where the distribution system	1. Where the distribution system	No change			
	operator is part of a vertically	operator is part of a vertically	-			
	integrated undertaking, it shall be	integrated undertaking, it shall be				
	independent at least in terms of its	independent at least in terms of its				
	legal form, organisation and decision	legal form, organisation and decision				
	making from other activities not	making from other activities not				
	relating to distribution. Those rules	relating to distribution. Those rules				
	shall not create an obligation to	shall not create an obligation to				
	separate the ownership of assets of the	separate the ownership of assets of				
	distribution system operator from the	the distribution system operator from				
	vertically integrated undertaking.	the vertically integrated undertaking.				
472.	2. In addition to the requirements	2. In addition to the requirements	No change			
	under paragraph 1, where the	under paragraph 1, where the	-			
	distribution system operator is part of a	distribution system operator is part of				
	vertically integrated undertaking, it	a vertically integrated undertaking, it				
	shall be independent in terms of its	shall be independent in terms of its				
	organisation and decision-making from	organisation and decision-making				
	the other activities not related to	from the other activities not related to				
	distribution. In order to achieve this,	distribution. In order to achieve this,				
	the following minimum criteria shall	the following minimum criteria shall				
	apply:	apply:				
473.	(a) those persons responsible for the	(a) those persons responsible for	No change			
	management of the distribution system	the management of the distribution				
	operator must not participate in	system operator must not participate				
	company structures of the integrated	in company structures of the				
	electricity undertaking responsible,	integrated electricity undertaking				
	directly or indirectly, for the day-to-	responsible, directly or indirectly, for				
	day operation of the generation,	the day-to-day operation of the				
	transmission or supply of electricity;	generation, transmission or supply of				
		electricity;				
474.	(b) appropriate measures must be	(b) appropriate measures must be	No change			
	taken to ensure that the professional	taken to ensure that the professional				
	interests of the persons responsible for	interests of the persons responsible				
	the management of the distribution	for the management of the				

	system operator are taken into account		em operator are taken
	in a manner that ensures that they are		n manner that ensures
	capable of acting independently;	that they are cap	bable of acting
		independently;	
475.	(c) the distribution system operator	(c) the distrib	oution system No change
	must have effective decision-making	operator must ha	
	rights, independent from the integrated		g rights, independent
	electricity undertaking, with respect to	from the integrat	
	assets necessary to operate, maintain		th respect to assets
	or develop the network. In order to	C?	erate, maintain or
	fulfil those tasks, the distribution	develop the netw	
	system operator shall have at its		s, the distribution
	disposal the necessary resources	system operator	
	including human, technical, physical	disposal the nece	
	and financial resources. This should	including human	n, technical, physical
	not prevent the existence of	and financial res	sources. This should
	appropriate coordination mechanisms	not prevent the e	existence of
	to ensure that the economic and	appropriate coor	dination mechanisms
	management supervision rights of the	to ensure that the	
	parent company in respect of return on		pervision rights of the
	assets, regulated indirectly in		in respect of return
	accordance with Article 59(6), in a	on assets, regula	
	subsidiary are protected. In particular,		Article 59(6), in a
	this shall enable the parent company to	subsidiary are pr	
	approve the annual financial plan, or		hall enable the parent
	any equivalent instrument, of the	company to appr	
	distribution system operator and to set	financial plan, or	
	global limits on the levels of		ne distribution system
	indebtedness of its subsidiary. It shall		set global limits on
	not permit the parent company to give	the levels of inde	
	instructions regarding day-to-day		all not permit the
	operations, nor with respect to		to give instructions
	individual decisions concerning the		o-day operations, nor
	construction or upgrading of		ndividual decisions
	distribution lines, that do not exceed	concerning the c	
	the terms of the approved financial	upgrading of dis	stribution lines, that

approved financial plan, or any equivalent instrument; and	
476. (d) the distribution system operator must establish a compliance programme, which sets out measures taken to ensure that discriminatory conduct is excluded, and ensure that observance of it is adequately monitored. The compliance programme shall set out the specific obligations of employees to meet that objective. An annual report, setting out the measures taken, shall be submitted by the person or body responsible for monitoring the compliance programme, the compliance of the distribution system operator, to the regulatory authority referred to in Article 57(1) and shall be published. The compliance officer of the distribution system operator shall be fully independent and shall have access to all the necessary information of the distribution system operator and any affiliated undertaking to fulfil his task.	

477.	3. Where the distribution system	3. Where the distribution system <i>No change</i>
	operator is part of a vertically	operator is part of a vertically
	integrated undertaking, the Member	integrated undertaking, the Member
	States shall ensure that the activities of	States shall ensure that the activities
	the distribution system operator are	of the distribution system operator
	monitored by regulatory authorities or	are monitored by regulatory
	other competent bodies so that it	authorities or other competent bodies
	cannot take advantage of its vertical	so that it cannot take advantage of its
	integration to distort competition. In	vertical integration to distort
	particular, vertically integrated	competition. In particular, vertically
	distribution system operators shall not,	integrated distribution system
	in their communication and branding,	operators shall not, in their
	create confusion in respect of the	communication and branding, create
	separate identity of the supply branch	confusion in respect of the separate
	of the vertically integrated	identity of the supply branch of the
	undertaking.	vertically integrated undertaking.
478.	2	4. Member States may decide not No change
	to apply paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 to	to apply paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 to
	integrated electricity undertakings	integrated electricity undertakings
	serving less than 100000 connected	serving less than 100000 connected
	customers, or serving small isolated	customers, or serving small isolated
	systems.	systems.

479.	Article 36			
	Ownership of energy storage facilities by distribution system operators			
480.	1. Distribution system operators shall not be allowed to own, develop, manage or operate energy storage facilities.	AM 128 1. Distribution system operators shall not be allowed to own, develop, manage or operate energy storage facilities, except equipment used by the distribution system operators for local short-term control of the distribution system where there is no influence on energy and non-frequency ancillary services markets, and where the national regulatory authority has granted its approval.	1. Distribution system operators shall not be allowed to own, develop, manage or operate energy storage facilities.	Provisionally agreed: 1. Distribution system operators shall not be allowed to own, develop, manage or operate energy storage facilities.
481.	2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, Member States may allow distribution system operators to own, develop, manage or operate storage facilities only if the following conditions are fulfilled:	AM 129 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, Member States may allow distribution system operators to own, develop, manage or operate storage facilities only if <i>all of</i> the following conditions are fulfilled:	2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, Member States may allow distribution system operators to own, develop, manage or operate energy storage facilities which are fully integrated network components and the regulatory authority has granted its approval or [] if all of the following conditions are fulfilled:	Provisionally agreed: 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, Member States may allow distribution system operators to own, develop, manage or operate energy storage facilities which are fully integrated network components and the regulatory authority has granted its approval or if all of the following conditions are fulfilled:
482.			(-a) such facilities are necessary for the distribution system operators to fulfil their obligations under this Directive for the efficient, reliable and secure operation of the distribution system and they are not used to buy or sell electricity to the	Moved to para.2(b), line 484

			wholesale market, including balancing markets;	
483.	(a) other parties, following an open and transparent tendering procedure, have not expressed their interest to own, develop, manage or operate storage facilities;	AM 130 (a) other parties, following an open and transparent tendering procedure, subject to review by the national regulatory authority, have not expressed their interest to own, develop, manage or operate storage facilities or cannot deliver those services at a reasonable cost and in a timely manner;	(a) other parties, following an open, [] transparent and non-discriminatory tendering procedure, subject to review and approval by the regulatory authority [] have not been awarded with a right to own, develop, manage [] or operate such [] facilities. Regulatory authorities may draw up guidelines or procurement clauses to help distribution system operators ensure a fair tendering procedure; and	Provisionally agreed in TM (aligned with Articles 33(2a) and 54(2a), lines 463 and 732): (a) other parties, following an open, transparent and non-discriminatory tendering procedure, subject to review and approval by the regulatory authority have not been awarded with a right to own, develop, manage or operate such facilities or could not deliver those services at a reasonable cost and in a timely manner. Regulatory authorities may draw up guidelines or procurement clauses to help distribution system operators ensure a fair tendering procedure; and
484.	(b) such facilities are necessary for the distribution system operators to fulfil their obligations under this Directive for the efficient, reliable and secure operation of the distribution system; and	AM 131 (b) such facilities are necessary for the distribution system operators to fulfil their obligations under this Directive for the efficient, reliable and secure operation of the distribution system, and the ownership or operation of the facility does not influence competitive energy markets;	(b) []	New compromise proposal: (b) such facilities are necessary for the distribution system operators to fulfil their obligations under this Directive for the efficient, reliable and secure operation of the distribution system and they are not used by distribution system operators to buy or sell electricity in the electricity markets, and;
485.	(c) the regulatory authority has assessed the necessity of such derogation taking into account the conditions under points (a) and (b) and has granted its approval.		(c) the regulatory authority has assessed the necessity of such derogation and has carried out an assessment of the tendering	Provisionally agreed: (c) the regulatory authority has assessed the necessity of such derogation and has carried out an assessment of the tendering

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496		ANA 122	procedure, including the conditions, [] and has granted its approval.	procedure, including the conditions, and has granted its approval.
486.		AM 132 2a. (new) National regulatory authorities may draw up guidelines or procurement clauses to aid distribution system operators in ensuring a fair tendering procedure.		Provisionally agreed (covered in para.2(a), line 483)
487.	distribution system operators engaged in ownership, development, operation or management of energy storage facilities.		3.	Provisionally agreed:
488.	4. Regulatory authorities shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a public consultation in order to re-assess the potential interest of market parties to invest, develop, operate or manage energy storage facilities. In case the public consultation indicates that third parties are able to own, develop, operate or manage such facilities, Member States shall ensure that distribution system operators' activities in this regard are phased-out.	AM 133 4. Member States shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a review of the ability for existing storage facilities to be tendered and where appropriate a public consultation in order to reassess the potential interest of market parties to invest, develop, operate or manage energy storage facilities. In case the review or the public consultation indicates that third parties are able to own, develop, operate or manage such facilities, Member States shall ensure that distribution system operators' activities in this regard are phasedout and that the associated costs can be recovered.	4. [] The distribution system operators or the regulatory authority shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a public consultation for the required energy storage facilities in order to assess the potential availability and interest of market parties to invest [] in such facilities. [] Where the public consultation, as assessed by the regulatory authority, indicates that third parties are able to own, develop, operate or manage such facilities in a cost-effective manner, [] regulatory authorities shall ensure that distribution system operators' activities in this regard are phased-out within 24 months. As part of the conditions for this procedure, regulatory authorities	4. Regulatory authorities shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a public consultation for the existing energy storage facilities in order to assess the potential availability and interest of market parties to invest in such facilities. Where the public consultation, as assessed by the regulatory authority, indicates that third parties are able to own, develop, operate or manage such facilities in a cost-effective manner, regulatory authorities shall ensure that distribution system operators' activities in this regard are phased-out within 24 months. As part of the conditions for this procedure, regulatory authorities may allow the distribution system

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		may allow the distribution system operators to receive reasonable compensation, in particular to recover the residual value of the investment they made into energy storage facilities.	operators to receive reasonable compensation, in particular to recover the residual value of the investment they made into energy storage facilities.
489.		4a. Paragraph 4 shall not apply for the usual depreciation period of new battery storage facilities with a final investment decision until 2024.	Aa. Paragraph 4 shall not apply for the usual depreciation period of new battery storage facilities with a final investment decision until 2024 which are connected to the grid at the latest two years thereafter and that are integrated into the distribution system and are solely used for the reactive instantaneous restoration of network security in case of network contingencies, if this restoration measure starts immediately and ends when regular re-dispatch can solve the issue, and if these storage are not used to buy or sell electricity in the electricity markets including balancing.
490.	AM 134 Article 36a New activities of distribution system operators		Maintain Council GA (covered in Article 59(1)(ia), line 790)
491.	1. Distribution system operators shall not be allowed to carry out activities beyond those set out in this Directive and in Regulation (EU)		

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	[recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2].
492.	2. Member States may allow
172.	distribution system operators to
	carry out activities other than those
	provided for in this Directive and in
	Regulation (EU) [recast of
	Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by
	COM(2016)861/2] where the
	regulatory authority has assessed
	the necessity of such a derogation
	and has granted its approval and the
	following conditions are met:
493.	(a) other parties, following an
	open and transparent tendering
	procedure, have not expressed their
	interest to carry out those activities;
494.	(b) such activities are necessary
	for the distribution system operators
	to fulfil their obligations under this
	Directive for the efficient, reliable
	and secure operation of the
	distribution system;
495.	(c) such activities are necessary
	for the distribution system operators
	to fulfil their obligations under the
	Regulation (EU) [recast of
	Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by
	COM(2016)861/2], including an
	obligation to cooperate with
	transmission system operators,
	ensuring the cost-efficient, secure
	and reliable development and
	operation of the distribution and
	transmission networks as a whole.

496.	Article 37		
497.	Without prejudice to Article 55 or any other legal duty to disclose information, the distribution system operator must preserve the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information obtained in the course of carrying out its business, and shall prevent information about its own activities which may be commercially advantageous being disclosed in a discriminatory manner.	Without prejudice to Article 55 or any other legal duty to disclose information, the distribution system operator must preserve the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information obtained in the course of carrying out its business, and shall prevent information about its own activities which may be commercially advantageous being disclosed in a discriminatory manner.	No change
498.	Article 38 Closed distribution systems		
499.	1. Member States may provide for national regulatory authorities or other competent authorities to classify a system which distributes electricity within a geographically confined industrial, commercial or shared services site and does not, without prejudice to paragraph 4, supply household customers, as a closed distribution system if: (a) for specific technical or safety	1. Member States may provide for national regulatory authorities or other competent authorities to classify a system which distributes electricity within a geographically confined industrial, commercial or shared services site and does not, without prejudice to paragraph 4, supply household customers, as a closed distribution system if: (a) for specific technical or safety	No change No change
500. 501.	reasons, the operations or the production process of the users of that system are integrated; or (b) that system distributes	reasons, the operations or the production process of the users of that system are integrated; or (b) that system distributes	No change No change
	electricity primarily to the owner or operator of the system or their related undertakings.	electricity primarily to the owner or operator of the system or their related undertakings.	

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502.	2. Member States may provide for national regulatory authorities to exempt the operator of a closed distribution system from:	2. Member States may provide for national regulatory authorities to exempt the operator of a closed distribution system from:	Provisionally agreed in TM (moved from para.5): 2. Closed distribution systems shall be considered as distribution systems for the purpose of the Directive. Member States may provide for national regulatory authorities to exempt the operator of a closed distribution system from:
503.	(a) the requirement under Article 31(5) to procure the energy it uses to cover energy losses and the non-frequency ancillary services in its system according to transparent, non- discriminatory and market based procedures;	(a) the requirement under Article 31(5) to procure the energy it uses to cover energy losses and the non-frequency ancillary services in its system according to transparent, non-discriminatory and market based procedures;	Provisionally agreed in TM: (a) the requirement under Article 31(5) to procure the energy it uses to cover energy losses and the non-frequency ancillary services in its system according to transparent, non-discriminatory and market based procedures;
504.	(b) the requirement under Article 6 (1) that tariffs, or the methodologies underlying their calculation, are approved prior to their entry into force in accordance with Article 59 (1).	(b) the requirement under Article 6 (1) that tariffs, or the methodologies underlying their calculation, are approved prior to their entry into force in accordance with Article 59 (1).	Provisionally agreed in TM: (b) the requirement under Article 6 (1) that tariffs, or the methodologies underlying their calculation, are approved prior to their entry into force in accordance with Article 59 (1). (ba) the requirements under Article 32(1) to procure flexibility services and under Article 32(2) to develop their systems on the basis of network development plans; (bb) the requirement under Article 33(1a) for not owning, developing, managing or

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			operating recharging points for electric vehicles; (bc) the requirement under Article 36(1) for not owning, developing, managing or operating storage facilities.
505.	under paragraph 2, the applicable tariffs, or the methodologies underlying their calculation, shall be reviewed and approved in accordance with Article 59(1) upon request by a user of the closed distribution system.	3. Where an exemption is granted under paragraph 2, the applicable tariffs, or the methodologies underlying their calculation, shall be reviewed and approved in accordance with Article 59(1) upon request by a user of the closed distribution system.	No change
506.	number of households with employment or similar associations with the owner of the distribution system and located within the area served by a closed distribution system shall not preclude an exemption under paragraph 2 being granted.	4. Incidental use by a small number of households with employment or similar associations with the owner of the distribution system and located within the area served by a closed distribution system shall not preclude an exemption under paragraph 2 being granted.	No change
507.	5. Closed distribution systems shall be considered as distribution systems for the purpose of the Directive.	5. Closed distribution systems shall be considered as distribution systems for the purpose of the Directive.	Provisionally agreed in TM (moved to para.2): []

508.		Article	e 39	
		Combined	operator	
509.	Article 35(1) shall not prevent the operation of a combined transmission and distribution system operator provided that operator complies with Articles 43(1), or 44 and 45, or Section 3 of Chapter VI or falls under Article 66(2).		Article 35(1) shall not prevent the operation of a combined transmission and distribution system operator provided that operator complies with Articles 43(1), or 44 and 45, or Section 3 of Chapter VI or falls under Article 66(2).	No change

510.		Chapter V		
511.	GENERAL RULES APPLICABLE TO THE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM OPERATOR Article 40			
311.		Tasks of transmission system operator.	rs	
512.	Each transmission system operator shall be responsible for:		smission system No change	
513.	(a) ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the transmission of electricity, operating, maintaining and developing under economic conditions secure, reliable and efficient transmission systems with due regard to the environment, in close cooperation with neighbouring transmission system operators and distribution system operators;	of the system to a demands for the electricity, operar and developing a conditions secure efficient transmis due regard to the close cooperation	transmission of ating, maintaining under economic re, reliable and ression systems with re environment, in reliableouring removed the operators and	
514.	(b) ensuring adequate means to meet its obligations;	(b) ensuring a meet its obligation	ndequate means to No change ons;	
515.	(c) contributing to security of supply through adequate transmission capacity and system reliability;	(c) contributing supply through a transmission capareliability;		
516.	(d) managing electricity flows on the system, taking into account exchanges with other interconnected systems. To that end, the transmission system operator shall be responsible for ensuring a secure, reliable and efficient electricity system and, in that context, for ensuring the availability of all necessary ancillary services, including those provided by demand response and energy storage, insofar as such availability is independent from	the system, takin exchanges with or systems. To that transmission syst responsible for exchange and effic system and, in the ensuring the available and effic system and, in the ensuring the available including those p	other interconnected end, the tem operator shall be ensuring a secure, cient electricity nat context, for ilability of all	

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	any other transmission system with which its system is interconnected;	as such availability is independent from any other transmission system with which its system is interconnected;	
517.	(e) providing to the operator of any other system with which its system is interconnected sufficient information to ensure the secure and efficient operation, coordinated development and interoperability of the interconnected system;	(e) providing to the operator of any other system with which its system is interconnected sufficient information to ensure the secure and efficient operation, coordinated development and interoperability of the interconnected system;	No change
518.	(f) ensuring non-discrimination as between system users or classes of system users, particularly in favour of its related undertakings;	(f) ensuring non-discrimination as between system users or classes of system users, particularly in favour of its related undertakings;	No change
519.	(g) providing system users with the information they need for efficient access to the system; and	(g) providing system users with the information they need for efficient access to the system; []	Maintain Council GA
520.	(h) collecting congestion rents and payments under the inter-transmission system operator compensation mechanism, in compliance with Article 46 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], granting and managing third-party access and giving reasoned explanations when it denies such access, which shall be monitored by the national regulatory authorities; in carrying out their tasks under this Article transmission system operators shall primarily facilitate market integration.	(h) collecting congestion rents and payments under the intertransmission system operator compensation mechanism, in compliance with Article 46 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], granting and managing third-party access and giving reasoned explanations when it denies such access, which shall be monitored by the national regulatory authorities; in carrying out their tasks under this Article transmission system operators shall primarily facilitate market integration;	No change

521.		AM 135 (ha) (new) standardisation, in cooperation with distribution system operators, of relevant data formats and protocols to facilitate cross- border exchange of data;		Provisionally agreed:
522.	(i) procuring ancillary services from market participants to ensure operational security.		(i) procuring ancillary services [] to ensure operational security;	Maintain Council GA
523.	(j) adopting a framework for the cooperation and coordination between regional operational centres.	AM 136 (j) cooperating with the Agency, regional coordination centres and the ENTSO for electricity on the adoption of a framework for the cooperation and coordination between regional coordination centres;	(j) adopting a framework for the cooperation and coordination between [] Regional Security Coordinators;	Provisionally agreed: (j) adopting a framework for the cooperation and coordination between Regional Coordination Centres;
524.		AM 137 (ja) (new) digitalisation of transmission systems to ensure, among others, efficient real time data acquisition and use, smart substations;	(ja) participate in establishing of the European and national adequacy assessments pursuant to Chapter IV of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2];	Maintain Council GA
525.		AM 138 (jb) (new) data management, cyber security and data protection.	(jb) digitalisation of transmission systems;	Maintain Council GA
526.			(jc) data management, including development of data management systems, cyber security and data protection subject to applicable provisions and rules and without prejudice to the competences of other authorities;	Provisionally agreed: (jc) data management, including development of data management systems, cyber security and data protection subject to applicable provisions and rules and without prejudice to the competences of other authorities;

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528. Member States may provide that one or several responsibilities listed under points (a) to (j) of paragraph 1 be assigned to a transmission system operator other than the one which owns the transmission system to which the concerned responsibilities would otherwise be applicable. The transmission system operator to which the tasks are assigned shall be certified as ownership unbundled and fulfil the requirements provided for in Article 43, but does not have to own the transmission system it is responsible for. The transmission system operator which owns the transmission system shall fulfil the requirements provided for in Chapter VI and be certified in accordance with Article 43.

AM 139

Member States may provide that one or several responsibilities listed under points (a) to (j) of paragraph 1 be assigned to a transmission system operator other than the one which owns the transmission system to which the concerned responsibilities would otherwise be applicable. The transmission system operator to which the tasks are assigned shall be certified as ownership unbundled, independent system operator or independent transmission operator and fulfil the requirements provided for in Article 43, but does not have to own the transmission system it is responsible for. The transmission system operator which owns the transmission system shall fulfil the requirements provided for in Chapter VI and be certified in accordance with Article 43.

(jd) participation in development of demand response.

Member States may provide that one or several responsibilities listed under points (a) to (id) of paragraph 1 be assigned to a transmission system operator other than the one which owns the transmission system to which the concerned responsibilities would otherwise be applicable. The transmission system operator to which the tasks are assigned shall be certified as ownership unbundled, independent system operator or independent transmission operator, and fulfil the requirements provided for in Article 43, but does not have to own the transmission system it is responsible for. The transmission system operator which owns the transmission system shall fulfil the requirements provided for in Chapter VI and be certified in accordance with Article 43. This is without prejudice to the possibility for transmission system operators which are certified as ownership unbundled, independent system operator or independent transmission operator to delegate on their own initiative and under their supervision certain tasks to other transmission system

Provisionally agreed:

П

Provisionally agreed:

Member States may provide that one or several responsibilities listed under points (a) to (jd) of paragraph 1 be assigned to a transmission system operator other than the one which owns the transmission system to which the concerned responsibilities would otherwise be applicable. The transmission system operator to which the tasks are assigned shall be certified as ownership unbundled, independent system operator or independent transmission operator, and fulfil the requirements provided for in Article 43. but does not have to own the transmission system it is responsible for. The transmission system operator which owns the transmission system shall fulfil the requirements provided for in Chapter VI and be certified in accordance with Article 43. This is without prejudice to the possibility for transmission system operators which are certified as ownership unbundled, independent system operator or independent transmission operator to delegate on their own initiative and under

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			operators which are certified as ownership unbundled, independent system operator or independent transmission operator where this delegation of tasks does not endanger the effective and independent decision-making rights of the delegating transmission system operator.	their supervision certain tasks to other transmission system operators which are certified as ownership unbundled, independent system operator or independent transmission operator where this delegation of tasks does not endanger the effective and independent decision-making rights of the delegating transmission system operator.
529.	3. In performing the tasks listed in paragraph 1, the transmission system operator shall take into account the functions performed by the regional operational centres and cooperate as necessary with neighbouring transmission system operators.	AM 140 3. In performing the tasks listed in paragraph 1, the transmission system operator shall take into account the <i>recommendations issued</i> by the regional <i>coordination</i> centres and cooperate as necessary with neighbouring transmission system operators.	3. []	Provisionally agreed: 3. In performing the tasks listed in paragraph 1, the transmission system operator shall take into account the recommendations issued by the regional coordination centres.
530.	4. In performing the task described in point (i) of paragraph 1, the transmission system operator shall ensure that the procurement of balancing services and, unless justified by a cost-benefit analysis, non-frequency ancillary services, is:	AM 141 4. In performing the task described in point (i) of paragraph 1, the transmission system operator shall ensure that the procurement of balancing services and, unless justified by a cost-benefit or technical viability analysis and approved by the competent authority, non-frequency ancillary services, is:	4. In performing the task described in point (i) of paragraph 1, the transmission system operators shall [] procure balancing services [] according to:	Provisionally agreed: 4. In performing the task described in point (i) of paragraph 1, the transmission system operators shall procure balancing services according to:

531.	and market-based;		(a) transparent, non-discriminatory and market-based procedures;	Provisionally agreed: (a) transparent, non-discriminatory and market-based procedures;
532.	(b) ensures effective participation of all market participants including renewable energy sources, demand response, energy storage facilities and aggregators, in particular by requiring regulatory authorities or transmission system operators in close cooperation with all market participants, to define technical modalities for participation in these markets on the basis of the technical requirements of these markets and the capabilities of all market participants		(b) ensures effective participation of all qualified electricity undertakings and market participants including renewable energy sources, demand response, energy storage facilities and [] market participants engaged in aggregation. For that purpose, [] regulatory authorities [] and transmission system operators shall, in close cooperation with all market participants, [] define technical modalities for participation in these markets on the basis of the technical requirements of these markets in accordance with the Commission Regulation 2017/1485 establishing a guideline on electricity transmission system operation [].	participation of all qualified electricity undertakings and market participants including renewable energy sources, demand response, energy storage facilities and market participants engaged in aggregation. For that purpose, regulatory authorities and transmission system operators shall, in close cooperation with all market participants, define technical modalities for participation in these markets on the basis of the technical requirements of these markets
533.	5. Transmission system operators shall not own assets that provide ancillary services save under the conditions set out in Article 54.		5. []	Provisionally agreed: 5. Transmission system operators shall not own assets that provide ancillary services save under the conditions set out in Article 54.
534.		AM 142 5a. (new) Member States shall provide the necessary regulatory framework to allow and incentivise	5a. The requirements of paragraph 4 shall apply to the provision of those non-frequency ancillary services by transmission	Provisionally agreed: 5a. The requirements of paragraph 4 shall apply to the

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	4	arratam an anatama umlass the	
	transmission system operators to	system operators, unless the	provision of non-frequency
	procure services in order to improve	regulatory authority has assessed	ancillary services by transmission
	efficiencies in the operation and	that the market-based provision of	system operators, unless the
	development of the transmission	non-frequency ancillary services is	regulatory authority has assessed
	system, including local congestion	economically not efficient and has	that the market-based provision of
	management. In particular,	granted a derogation.	non-frequency ancillary services is
	regulatory frameworks shall ensure		economically not efficient and has
	that transmission system operators		granted a derogation. <i>In</i>
	can procure services from resources		particular, regulatory frameworks
	such as demand response or storage		shall ensure that transmission
	and consider energy efficiency		system operators can procure
	measures, when such services cost-		services from resources such as
	effectively supplant the need to		demand response or storage and
	upgrade or replace electricity		consider energy efficiency
	capacity and which support the		measures, when such services cost-
	efficient and secure operation of the		effectively supplant the need to
	transmission system. Transmission		upgrade or replace electricity
	system operators shall procure those		capacity and which support the
	services in accordance with		efficient and secure operation of
	transparent, non-discriminatory and		the transmission system.
	market based procedures.		
535.	Standardised market products for		New compromise proposal (aligned
	such services shall be defined at		with Article 32(1a), line 455):
	least at the national level.		5b. Transmission system
	Transmission system operators		operators subject to an approval
	shall, in a transparent and		by the regulatory authority, or the
	participatory process that includes		regulatory authority itself, shall in
	all relevant system users and the		a transparent and participatory
	national regulatory authority, define		process that includes all relevant
	standardised market products for		system users and the distribution
	the services procured ensuring		system operators, define the
	effective participation of all market		specifications for the non-
	participants including renewable		frequency ancillary services
	energy sources, demand response,		procured and, where appropriate,
	storage and aggregators.		standardised market products for
		•	

	Transmission system operators shall exchange all necessary information		such services at least at national level. The specifications shall
	and coordinate with distribution		ensure an effective and non-
	system operators in order to ensure		discriminatory participation of all
	the optimal utilisation of resources,		market participants including
	ensure the secure and efficient		renewable energy sources,
	operation of the system and		demand response, energy storage
	facilitate market development.		facilities and market participants
	Transmission system operators shall		engaged in aggregation.
	be adequately remunerated for the		Transmission system operators
	procurement of such services in		shall exchange all necessary
	order to recover at least the		information and coordinate with
	corresponding expenses, including		distribution system operators in
	the necessary information and		order to ensure the optimal
	communication technologies		utilisation of resources, ensure the
	expenses.		secure and efficient operation of
			the system and facilitate market
			development. Transmission
			system operators shall be
			adequately remunerated for the
			procurement of such services in
			order to recover at least the
			corresponding reasonable costs,
			including the necessary
			information and communication
			technologies expenses and
			infrastructure costs.
536.		5b. This obligation to procure	Maintain Council GA
		non-frequency ancillary services	
		does not apply to fully integrated	
		network components.	

537.	Article 41		
		transparency requirements for transmission system operators and transmission	on system owners
538.	1. Without prejudice to Article 55 or any other legal duty to disclose information, each transmission system operator and each transmission system owner shall preserve the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information obtained in the course of carrying out its activities, and shall prevent information about its own activities which may be commercially advantageous from being disclosed in a discriminatory manner. In particular it shall not disclose any commercially sensitive information to the remaining parts of the undertaking, unless this is necessary for carrying out a business transaction. In order to ensure the full respect of the rules on information unbundling, Member States shall ensure that the transmission system owner and the remaining part of the undertaking do not use joint services, such as joint legal services, apart from purely administrative or IT functions.	1. Without prejudice to Article 55 or any other legal duty to disclose information, each transmission system operator and each transmission system owner shall preserve the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information obtained in the course of carrying out its activities, and shall prevent information about its own activities which may be commercially advantageous from being disclosed in a discriminatory manner. In particular it shall not disclose any commercially sensitive information to the remaining parts of the undertaking, unless this is necessary for carrying out a business transaction. In order to ensure the full respect of the rules on information unbundling, Member States shall ensure that the transmission system owner and the remaining part of the undertaking do not use joint services, such as joint legal services, apart from purely administrative or IT functions.	No change
539.	2. Transmission system operators shall not, in the context of sales or purchases of electricity by related undertakings, misuse commercially sensitive information obtained from third parties in the context of providing or negotiating access to the system.	2. Transmission system operators shall not, in the context of sales or purchases of electricity by related undertakings, misuse commercially sensitive information obtained from third parties in the context of	No change

540.	effective competition and the efficient	providing or negotiating system. 3. Information necesseffective competition as a first of the c	ssary for No change and the
541.	functioning of the market shall be made public. That obligation shall be without prejudice to preserving the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information.	efficient functioning of shall be made public. T shall be without prejude preserving the confident commercially sensitive. Article 42	hat obligation ce to tiality of
541.	Decision-i	naking powers regarding the connection of new power plant to	the transmission system
542.	operator shall establish and publish transparent and efficient procedures for non-discriminatory connection of new power plants and energy storage facilities to the transmission system. Those procedures shall be subject to the approval of national regulatory authorities.	1. The transmission operator shall establish transparent and efficient for non-discriminatory new power plants and effacilities to the transmis. Those procedures shall the approval of national authorities.	and publish t procedures connection of energy storage ssion system. be subject to
543.	2. The transmission system operator shall not be entitled to refuse the connection of a new power plant or energy storage facility on the grounds of possible future limitations to available network capacities, such as congestion in distant parts of the transmission system. The transmission system operator shall supply necessary information.	2. The transmission operator shall not be en refuse the connection oplant or energy storage grounds of possible fut to available network can as congestion in distant transmission system. The transmission system op supply necessary informshall be without prejugossibility for transmission.	titled to f a new power facility on the are limitations pacities, such parts of the ne erator shall nation. This dice to the 2. The transmission system operator shall not be entitled to refuse the connection of a new power plant or energy storage facility on the grounds of possible future limitations to available network capacities, such as congestion in distant parts of the transmission system operator shall

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		operators to limit the guaranteed connection capacity or offer connections subject to operational limitations to ensure economic efficiency regarding new power plants or energy storage facilities where such limitations have been approved by the regulatory authority. The regulatory authority shall ensure that any limitations in guaranteed connection capacity or operational limitations are introduced on the basis of transparent and non-discriminatory procedures and do not create undue barriers to market entry. Where the power plant or energy storage facility bears the costs related to ensuring unlimited connection, no limitation shall apply.	shall be without prejudice to the possibility for transmission system operators to limit the guaranteed connection capacity or offer connections subject to operational limitations to ensure economic efficiency regarding new power plants or energy storage facilities where such limitations have been approved by the regulatory authority. The regulatory authority shall ensure that any limitations in guaranteed connection capacity or operational limitations are introduced on the basis of transparent and non-discriminatory procedures and do not create undue barriers to market entry. Where the power plant or energy storage facility bears the costs related to ensuring unlimited connection, no limitation shall apply.
544.	3. The transmission system operator shall not be entitled to refuse a new connection point, on the ground that it will lead to additional costs linked with necessary capacity increase of system elements in the close-up range to the connection point.	3. The transmission system operator shall not be entitled to refuse a new connection point, on the ground that it will lead to additional costs linked with necessary capacity increase of system elements in the close-up range to the connection point.	No change

545.	Chapter VI						
546.		UNBUNDLING OF TRANSMISSION SYSTEM OPERATORS SECTION 1					
540.	OWNERSHIP UNBUNDLING						
547.		Article					
347.	0		c 43 stems and transmission system operator	46			
548.		tership undunuting of transmission sys		No change			
340.	1. Wember States shall ensure that.		1. Member States shall ensure that:	No change			
549.	(a) each undertaking which owns a		(a) each undertaking which owns	No change			
	transmission system acts as a		a transmission system acts as a				
	transmission system operator;		transmission system operator;				
550.	(b) the same person or persons are		(b) the same person or persons are	No change			
	entitled neither:		entitled neither:				
551.	 directly or indirectly to exercise 		 directly or indirectly to 	No change			
	control over an undertaking		exercise control over an undertaking				
	performing any of the functions of		performing any of the functions of				
	generation or supply, and directly or		generation or supply, and directly or				
	indirectly to exercise control or		indirectly to exercise control or				
	exercise any right over a transmission		exercise any right over a				
	system operator or over a transmission		transmission system operator or over				
	system; nor		a transmission system; nor				
552.	 directly or indirectly to exercise 		 directly or indirectly to 	No change			
	control over a transmission system		exercise control over a transmission				
	operator or over a transmission system,		system operator or over a				
	and directly or indirectly to exercise		transmission system, and directly or				
	control or exercise any right over an		indirectly to exercise control or				
	undertaking performing any of the		exercise any right over an				
	functions of generation or supply;		undertaking performing any of the				
			functions of generation or supply;				
553.	(c) the same person or persons are		(c) the same person or persons are	No change			
	not entitled to appoint members of the		not entitled to appoint members of				
	supervisory board, the administrative		the supervisory board, the				
	board or bodies legally representing		administrative board or bodies				

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	the undertaking, of a transmission	legally representing the undertaking,	
	system operator or a transmission	of a transmission system operator or	
	system, and directly or indirectly to	a transmission system, and directly or	
	exercise control or exercise any right	indirectly to exercise control or	
	over an undertaking performing any of	exercise any right over an	
	the functions of generation or supply;	undertaking performing any of the	
	and	functions of generation or supply;	
		and	
554.	(d) the same person is not entitled to	(d) the same person is not entitled	No change
	be a member of the supervisory board,	to be a member of the supervisory	
	the administrative board or bodies	board, the administrative board or	
	legally representing the undertaking, of	bodies legally representing the	
	both an undertaking performing any of	undertaking, of both an undertaking	
	the functions of generation or supply	performing any of the functions of	
	and a transmission system operator or	generation or supply and a	
	a transmission system.	transmission system operator or a	
	j	transmission system.	
555.	2. The rights referred to in points	2. The rights referred to in points	No change
	(b) and (c) of paragraph 1 shall	(b) and (c) of paragraph 1 shall	
	include, in particular:	include, in particular:	
	•		
556.	(a) the power to exercise voting	(a) the power to exercise voting	No change
	rights;	rights;	
557.	(b) the power to appoint members	(b) the power to appoint members	No change
	of the supervisory board, the	of the supervisory board, the	-
	administrative board or bodies legally	administrative board or bodies	
	representing the undertaking; or	legally representing the undertaking;	
		or	
558.	(c) the holding of a majority share.	(c) the holding of a majority	No change
		share.	
559.	3. For the purpose of	3. For the purpose of	No change
	paragraph 1(b), the notion	paragraph 1(b), the notion	
	'undertaking performing any of the	'undertaking performing any of the	
	functions of generation or supply' shall	functions of generation or supply'	
	include 'undertaking performing any	shall include 'undertaking	

	of the functions of production and supply' within the meaning of Directive 2009/73/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁴ , and the terms 'transmission system' operator' and 'transmission system'	performing any of the functions of production and supply' within the meaning of Directive 2009/73/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁵ , and the terms 'transmission system operator' and	
	shall include 'transmission system' operator' and 'transmission system'	'transmission system' shall include 'transmission system operator' and	
	within the meaning of that Directive.	'transmission system' within the	
	within the meaning of that Breenve.	meaning of that Directive.	
560.	4. The obligation set out in	4. The obligation set out in	No change
	paragraph 1(a) shall be deemed to be	paragraph 1(a) shall be deemed to be	
	fulfilled in a situation where two or	fulfilled in a situation where two or	
	more undertakings which own	more undertakings which own	
	transmission systems have created a	transmission systems have created a	
	joint venture which acts as a	joint venture which acts as a	
	transmission system operator in two or	transmission system operator in two	
	more Member States for the	or more Member States for the	
	transmission systems concerned. No	transmission systems concerned. No	
	other undertaking may be part of the	other undertaking may be part of the	
	joint venture, unless it has been	joint venture, unless it has been	
	approved under Article 44 as an	approved under Article 44 as an	
	independent system operator or as an	independent system operator or as an	
	independent transmission operator for	independent transmission operator	
F (1	the purposes of Section 3.	for the purposes of Section 3.	N 1
561.	5. For the implementation of this	5. For the implementation of this	No change
	Article, where the person referred to in	Article, where the person referred to	
	points (b), (c) and (d) of paragraph 1 is	in points (b), (c) and (d) of paragraph	
	the Member State or another public	1 is the Member State or another	
	body, two separate public bodies	public body, two separate public	
	exercising control over a transmission	bodies exercising control over a	

Directive 2009/73/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in natural gas (OJ L 211, 14.8.2009, p. 94)

Directive 2009/73/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in natural gas (OJ L 211, 14.8.2009, p. 94)

	system operator or over a transmission system on the one hand, and over an undertaking performing any of the functions of generation or supply on the other, shall be deemed not to be the same person or persons.	transmission system operator or over a transmission system on the one hand, and over an undertaking performing any of the functions of generation or supply on the other, shall be deemed not to be the same person or persons.	
562.	6. Member States shall ensure that neither commercially sensitive information referred to in Article 41 held by a transmission system operator which was part of a vertically integrated undertaking, nor the staff of such a transmission system operator, is transferred to undertakings performing any of the functions of generation and supply.	6. Member States shall ensure that neither commercially sensitive information referred to in Article 41 held by a transmission system operator which was part of a vertically integrated undertaking, nor the staff of such a transmission system operator, is transferred to undertakings performing any of the functions of generation and supply.	No change
563.	7. Where on 3 September 2009, the transmission system belongs to a vertically integrated undertaking a Member State may decide not to apply paragraph 1.	7. Where on 3 September 2009, the transmission system belongs to a vertically integrated undertaking a Member State may decide not to apply paragraph 1.	No change
564.	In such case, the Member State concerned shall either:	In such case, the Member State concerned shall either:	No change
565.	(a) designate an independent system operator in accordance with Article 44; or	(a) designate an independent system operator in accordance with Article 44; or	No change
566.	(b) comply with the provisions of Section 3.	(b) comply with the provisions of Section 3.	No change
567.	8. Where, on 3 September 2009, the transmission system belongs to a vertically integrated undertaking and there are arrangements in place which guarantee more effective independence	8. Where, on 3 September 2009, the transmission system belongs to a vertically integrated undertaking and there are arrangements in place	No change

	of the transmission system operator than the provisions of Section 3, a Member State may decide not to apply paragraph 1.	which guarantee more effective independence of the transmission system operator than the provisions of Section 3, a Member State may decide not to apply paragraph 1.	
568.	9. Before an undertaking is approved and designated as a transmission system operator under paragraph 8, it shall be certified according to the procedures laid down in Article 52(4), (5), and (6), of this Directive and in Article 48 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], pursuant to which the Commission shall verify that the arrangements in place clearly guarantee more effective independence of the transmission system operator than the provisions of Section 3.	9. Before an undertaking is approved and designated as a transmission system operator under paragraph 8, it shall be certified according to the procedures laid down in Article 52(4), (5), and (6), of this Directive and in Article 48 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], pursuant to which the Commission shall verify that the arrangements in place clearly guarantee more effective independence of the transmission system operator than the provisions of Section 3.	
569.	10. Vertically integrated undertakings which own a transmission system shall not in any event be prevented from taking steps to comply with paragraph 1.	10. Vertically integrated undertakings which own a transmission system shall not in any event be prevented from taking steps to comply with paragraph 1.	No change
570.	11. Undertakings performing any of the functions of generation or supply shall not in any event be able to directly or indirectly take control over or exercise any right over unbundled transmission system operators in Member States which apply paragraph 1.	11. Undertakings performing any of the functions of generation or supply shall not in any event be able to directly or indirectly take control over or exercise any right over unbundled transmission system operators in Member States which apply paragraph 1.	No change

571.	SECTION 2 INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR						
572.	Article 44						
		Independent system operator					
573.	1. Where the transmission system belongs to a vertically integrated undertaking on 3 September 2009, Member States may decide not to apply Article 43 (1) and designate an independent system operator upon a proposal from the transmission system owner. Such designation shall be subject to approval by the Commission.	1. Where the transmission system belongs to a vertically integrated undertaking on 3 September 2009, Member States may decide not to apply Article 43 (1) and designate an independent system operator upon a proposal from the transmission system owner. Such designation shall be subject to approval by the Commission.					
574.	2. The Member State may approve and designate an independent system operator only where:	2. The Member State may approve and designate an independent system operator only where:					
575.	(a) the candidate operator has demonstrated that it complies with the requirements of Article 43 (1)(b), (c) and (d);	(a) the candidate operator has demonstrated that it complies with the requirements of Article 43 (1)(b), (c) and (d);					
576.	\ //	(b) the candidate operator has demonstrated that it has at its disposal the required financial, technical, physical and human resources to carry out its tasks under Article 40;					
577.	(c) the candidate operator has undertaken to comply with a ten-year network development plan monitored by the regulatory authority;	(c) the candidate operator has undertaken to comply with a ten-year network development plan monitored by the regulatory authority;					

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578.	(d) the transmission system owner has demonstrated its ability to comply with its obligations under paragraph 5. To that end, it shall provide all the draft contractual arrangements with the candidate undertaking and any other relevant entity; and	(d) the transmission system owner has demonstrated its ability to comply with its obligations under paragraph 5. To that end, it shall provide all the draft contractual arrangements with the candidate undertaking and any other relevant entity; and	No change
579.	(e) the candidate operator has demonstrated its ability to comply with its obligations under [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2] including the cooperation of transmission system operators at European and regional level.	(e) the candidate operator has demonstrated its ability to comply with its obligations under [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2] including the cooperation of transmission system operators at European and regional level.	No change
580.	3. Undertakings which have been certified by the regulatory authority as having complied with the requirements of Article 53 and paragraph 2 of this Article shall be approved and designated as independent system operators by Member States. The certification procedure in either Article 52 of this Directive and Article 48 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2] or in Article 53 of this Directive shall be applicable.	3. Undertakings which have been certified by the regulatory authority as having complied with the requirements of Article 53 and paragraph 2 of this Article shall be approved and designated as independent system operators by Member States. The certification procedure in either Article 52 of this Directive and Article 48 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2] or in Article 53 of this Directive shall be applicable.	No change
581.	4. Each independent system operator shall be responsible for granting and managing third-party access, including the collection of access charges, congestion charges,	4. Each independent system operator shall be responsible for granting and managing third-party access, including the collection of access charges, congestion charges,	No change

	and payments under the inter- transmission system operator compensation mechanism in compliance with Article 46 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], as well as for operating, maintaining and developing the transmission system, and for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demand through investment planning. When developing the transmission system, the independent system operator shall be responsible for planning (including	and payments under the inter- transmission system operator compensation mechanism in compliance with Article 46 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], as well as for operating, maintaining and developing the transmission system, and for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demand through investment planning. When developing the transmission system, the independent system operator shall be responsible	
	authorisation procedure), construction and commissioning of the new infrastructure. For this purpose, the independent system operator shall act as a transmission system operator in accordance with this Section . The transmission system owner shall not be responsible for granting and managing third-party access, nor for investment planning.	for planning (including authorisation procedure), construction and commissioning of the new infrastructure. For this purpose, the independent system operator shall act as a transmission system operator in accordance with this Section. The transmission system owner shall not be responsible for granting and managing third-party access, nor for investment planning.	
582.	5. Where an independent system operator has been designated, the transmission system owner shall:	5. Where an independent system operator has been designated, the transmission system owner shall:	No change
583.	cooperation and support to the independent system operator for the fulfilment of its tasks, including in particular all relevant information;	(a) provide all the relevant cooperation and support to the independent system operator for the fulfilment of its tasks, including in particular all relevant information;	No change
584.	(b) finance the investments decided by the independent system operator and approved by the regulatory	(b) finance the investments decided by the independent system operator and approved by the	No change

	I at 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	
	authority, or give its agreement to	regulatory authority, or give its	
	financing by any interested party	agreement to financing by any	
	including the independent system	interested party including the	
	operator. The relevant financing	independent system operator. The	
	arrangements shall be subject to	relevant financing arrangements shall	
	approval by the regulatory authority.	be subject to approval by the	
	Prior to such approval, the regulatory	regulatory authority. Prior to such	
	authority shall consult the transmission	approval, the regulatory authority	
	system owner together with the other	shall consult the transmission system	
	interested parties;	owner together with the other	
	1	interested parties;	
585.	(c) provide for the coverage of	(c) provide for the coverage of	No change
	liability relating to the network assets,	liability relating to the network	
	excluding the liability relating to the	assets, excluding the liability relating	
	tasks of the independent system	to the tasks of the independent	
	operator; and	system operator; and	
586.	1 .	(d) provide guarantees to facilitate	No change
580.		· / 1	No change
	financing any network expansions with	financing any network expansions	
	the exception of those investments	with the exception of those	
	where, pursuant to point (b), it has	investments where, pursuant to point	
	given its agreement to financing by	(b), it has given its agreement to	
	any interested party including the	financing by any interested party	
	independent system operator.	including the independent system	
		operator.	
587.	6. In close cooperation with the	6. In close cooperation with the	No change
	regulatory authority, the relevant	1	_
	national competition authority shall be	regulatory authority, the relevant	
	granted all relevant powers to	national competition authority shall	
	effectively monitor compliance of the	be granted all relevant powers to	
	transmission system owner with its	effectively monitor compliance of the	
	obligations under paragraph 5.	transmission system owner with its	
	oonganons under paragraph 3.	obligations under paragraph 5.	

588.		Article 45			
589.	1. A transmission system owner, where an independent system operator has been appointed, which is part of a vertically integrated undertaking shall be independent at least in terms of its legal form, organisation and decision making from other activities not relating to transmission.	Unbundling of transmi	1. A transmission system owner, where an independent system operator has been appointed, which is part of a vertically integrated undertaking shall be independent at least in terms of its legal form, organisation and decision making from other activities not relating to transmission.	No change	
590.	2. In order to ensure the independence of the transmission system owner referred to in paragraph 1, the following minimum criteria shall apply:		2. In order to ensure the independence of the transmission system owner referred to in paragraph 1, the following minimum criteria shall apply:	No change	
591.	(a) persons responsible for the management of the transmission system owner shall not participate in company structures of the integrated electricity undertaking responsible, directly or indirectly, for the day-to-day operation of the generation, distribution and supply of electricity;		(a) persons responsible for the management of the transmission system owner shall not participate in company structures of the integrated electricity undertaking responsible, directly or indirectly, for the day-to-day operation of the generation, distribution and supply of electricity;	No change	

592.	(b) appropriate measures shall be	(b) appropriate measures shall be	No change
	taken to ensure that the professional	taken to ensure that the professional	
	interests of persons responsible for the	interests of persons responsible for	
	management of the transmission	the management of the transmission	
	system owner are taken into account in	system owner are taken into account	
	a manner that ensures that they are	in a manner that ensures that they are	
	capable of acting independently; and	capable of acting independently; and	
593.		(c) the transmission system owner	No change
	shall establish a compliance	shall establish a compliance	
	programme, which sets out measures	programme, which sets out measures	
	taken to ensure that discriminatory	taken to ensure that discriminatory	
	conduct is excluded, and ensure that	conduct is excluded, and ensure that	
	observance of it is adequately	observance of it is adequately	
	monitored. The compliance	monitored. The compliance	
	programme shall set out the specific	programme shall set out the specific	
	obligations of employees to meet those	obligations of employees to meet	
	objectives. An annual report, setting	those objectives. An annual report,	
	out the measures taken, shall be	setting out the measures taken, shall	
	submitted by the person or body	be submitted by the person or body	
	responsible for monitoring the	responsible for monitoring the	
	compliance programme to the	compliance programme to the	
	regulatory authority and shall be	regulatory authority and shall be	
	published.	published.	

594.	Section 3 INDEPENDENT TRANSMISSION OPERATOR				
595.		Article 46			
		Assets, equipment, s			
596.	1. Transmission system operators shall be equipped with all human, technical, physical and financial resources necessary for fulfilling their obligations under this Directive and carrying out the activity of electricity transmission, in particular:		1. Transmission system operators shall be equipped with all human, technical, physical and financial resources necessary for fulfilling their obligations under this Directive and carrying out the activity of electricity transmission, in particular:	No change	
597.	(a) assets that are necessary for the activity of electricity transmission, including the transmission system, shall be owned by the transmission system operator;		(a) assets that are necessary for the activity of electricity transmission, including the transmission system, shall be owned by the transmission system operator;	No change	
598.	(b) personnel, necessary for the activity of electricity transmission, including the performance of all corporate tasks, shall be employed by the transmission system operator;		(b) personnel, necessary for the activity of electricity transmission, including the performance of all corporate tasks, shall be employed by the transmission system operator;	No change	
599.	(c) leasing of personnel and rendering of services, to and from any other parts of the vertically integrated undertaking shall be prohibited. A transmission system operator may, however, render services to the vertically integrated undertaking as long as:		(c) leasing of personnel and rendering of services, to and from any other parts of the vertically integrated undertaking shall be prohibited. A transmission system operator may, however, render services to the vertically integrated undertaking as long as:	No change	

600.	the provision of those services does not discriminate between system users, is available to all system users on the same terms and conditions and does not restrict, distort or prevent competition in generation or supply; and — the terms and conditions of the provision of those services are approved by the regulatory authority;	the provision of those services does not discriminate between system users, is available to all system users on the same terms and conditions and does not restrict, distort or prevent competition in generation or supply; and — the terms and conditions of the provision of those services are approved by the regulatory authority;	No change
602.	(d) without prejudice to the decisions of the Supervisory Body under Article 49, appropriate financial resources for future investment projects and/or for the replacement of existing assets shall be made available to the transmission system operator in due time by the vertically integrated undertaking following an appropriate request from the transmission system operator.	(d) without prejudice to the decisions of the Supervisory Body under Article 49, appropriate financial resources for future investment projects and/or for the replacement of existing assets shall be made available to the transmission system operator in due time by the vertically integrated undertaking following an appropriate request from the transmission system operator.	No change
603.	2. The activity of electricity transmission shall include at least the following tasks in addition to those listed in Article 40:	2. The activity of electricity transmission shall include at least the following tasks in addition to those listed in Article 40:	No change
604.	(a) the representation of the transmission system operator and contacts to third parties and the regulatory authorities;	(a) the representation of the transmission system operator and contacts to third parties and the regulatory authorities;	No change
605.	(b) the representation of the transmission system operator within the European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity (ENTSO for Electricity);	(b) the representation of the transmission system operator within the European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity (ENTSO for Electricity);	No change

606.	(c) granting and managing third-	(c) granting and managing third-	No change
	party access on a non-discriminatory	party access on a non-discriminatory	
	basis between system users or classes	basis between system users or classes	
	of system users;	of system users;	
607.	(d) the collection of all the	(d) the collection of all the	Provisionally agreed in TM:
	transmission system related charges	transmission system related charges	(d) the collection of all the
	including access charges, and ancillary	including access charges, energy for	transmission system related charges
	services charges;	losses and ancillary services charges;	including access charges, energy for
			losses and ancillary services
			charges;
608.	(e) the operation, maintenance and	(e) the operation, maintenance and	No change
	development of a secure, efficient and	development of a secure, efficient	
	economic transmission system;	and economic transmission system;	
609.	(f) investment planning ensuring	(f) investment planning ensuring	No change
	the long-term ability of the system to	the long-term ability of the system to	
	meet reasonable demand and	meet reasonable demand and	
	guaranteeing security of supply;	guaranteeing security of supply;	
610.		(g) the setting up of appropriate	No change
	joint ventures, including with one or	joint ventures, including with one or	
	more transmission system operators,	more transmission system operators,	
	power exchanges, and the other	power exchanges, and the other	
	relevant actors pursuing the objectives	relevant actors pursuing the	
	to develop the creation of regional	objectives to develop the creation of	
	markets or to facilitate the	regional markets or to facilitate the	
	liberalisation process; and	liberalisation process; and	
611.	(h) all corporate services, including	(h) all corporate services,	No change
	legal services, accountancy and IT	including legal services, accountancy	
	services.	and IT services.	

612.	3. Transmission system operators shall be organised in a legal form as referred to in Article 1 of Directive 2009/101/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁶ .	3. Transmission system operator shall be organised in a legal form as referred to in Article 1 of Directive 2009/101/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁷ .	No change
613.	operator shall not, in its corporate identity, communication, branding and premises, create confusion in respect of the separate identity of the vertically integrated undertaking or any part thereof.	4. The transmission system operator shall not, in its corporate identity, communication, branding and premises, create confusion in respect of the separate identity of the vertically integrated undertaking or any part thereof.	
614.	5. The transmission system operator shall not share IT systems or equipment, physical premises and security access systems with any part of the vertically integrated undertaking nor use the same consultants or external contractors for IT systems or equipment, and security access systems.	5. The transmission system operator shall not share IT systems of equipment, physical premises and security access systems with any part of the vertically integrated undertaking nor use the same consultants or external contractors for IT systems or equipment, and security access systems.	
615.	6. The accounts of transmission system operators shall be audited by an auditor other than the one auditing the vertically integrated undertaking or any part thereof.	6. The accounts of transmission system operators shall be audited by an auditor other than the one auditin the vertically integrated undertaking or any part thereof.	

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Directive 2009/101/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on coordination of safeguards which, for the protection of the interests of members and third parties, are required by Member States of companies within the meaning of the second paragraph of Article 48 of the Treaty, with a view to making such safeguards equivalent (OJ L 258, 1.10.2009, p. 11).

Directive 2009/101/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on coordination of safeguards which, for the protection of the interests of members and third parties, are required by Member States of companies within the meaning of the second paragraph of Article 48 of the Treaty, with a view to making such safeguards equivalent (OJ L 258, 1.10.2009, p. 11).

616.		Article 47		
		Independence of the trans	smission system operator	
617.	1. Without prejudice to the decisions of the Supervisory Body under Article 49, the transmission system operator shall have:		1. Without prejudice to the decisions of the Supervisory Body under Article 49, the transmission system operator shall have:	No change
618.	(a) effective decision-making rights, independent from the vertically integrated undertaking, with respect to assets necessary to operate, maintain or develop the transmission system; and		(a) effective decision-making rights, independent from the vertically integrated undertaking, with respect to assets necessary to operate, maintain or develop the transmission system; and	No change
619.	(b) the power to raise money on the capital market in particular through borrowing and capital increase.		(b) the power to raise money on the capital market in particular through borrowing and capital increase.	No change
620.	2. The transmission system operator shall at all times act so as to ensure it has the resources it needs in order to carry out the activity of transmission properly and efficiently and develop and maintain an efficient, secure and economic transmission system.		2. The transmission system operator shall at all times act so as to ensure it has the resources it needs in order to carry out the activity of transmission properly and efficiently and develop and maintain an efficient, secure and economic transmission system.	No change
621.	3. The vertically integrated undertaking and its subsidiaries performing functions of generation or supply shall not have any direct or indirect shareholding in the transmission system operator. The transmission system operator shall neither have any direct or indirect shareholding in any subsidiary of the vertically integrated undertaking performing functions of generation or	AM 143 3. Subsidiaries of the vertically integrated undertakings performing functions of generation or supply shall not have any direct or indirect shareholding in the transmission system operator. The transmission system operator shall neither have any direct or indirect shareholding in any subsidiary of the vertically integrated undertaking performing	3. Subsidiaries of the vertically integrated undertaking [] performing functions of generation or supply shall not have any direct or indirect shareholding in the transmission system operator. The transmission system operator shall neither have any direct or indirect shareholding in any subsidiary of the vertically integrated undertaking performing	Provisionally agreed in TM: 3. Subsidiaries of the vertically integrated undertaking performing functions of generation or supply shall not have any direct or indirect shareholding in the transmission system operator. The transmission system operator shall neither have any direct or indirect shareholding in any subsidiary of the vertically integrated undertaking performing

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	supply, nor receive dividends or any other financial benefit from that subsidiary.	functions of generation or supply, nor receive dividends or any other financial benefit from that subsidiary.	functions of generation or supply, nor receive dividends or any other financial benefit from that subsidiary.	functions of generation or supply, nor receive dividends or any other financial benefit from that subsidiary.
622.	4. The overall management structure and the corporate statutes of the transmission system operator shall ensure effective independence of the transmission system operator in compliance with this Section. The vertically integrated undertaking shall not determine, directly or indirectly, the competitive behaviour of the transmission system operator in relation to the day to day activities of the transmission system operator and management of the network, or in relation to activities necessary for the preparation of the ten-year network development plan developed pursuant to Article 51.		4. The overall management structure and the corporate statutes of the transmission system operator shall ensure effective independence of the transmission system operator in compliance with this Section . The vertically integrated undertaking shall not determine, directly or indirectly, the competitive behaviour of the transmission system operator in relation to the day to day activities of the transmission system operator and management of the network, or in relation to activities necessary for the preparation of the ten-year network development plan developed pursuant to Article 51.	No change
623.	5. In fulfilling their tasks in Article 40 and Article 46 (2) of this Directive, and in complying with obligations set out in Articles 14, ,16, 17 and 47 of [of recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], transmission system operators shall not discriminate against different persons or entities and shall not restrict, distort or prevent competition in generation or supply.		5. In fulfilling their tasks in Article 40 and Article 46 (2) of this Directive, and in complying with obligations set out in Articles 14, 16, 17 and 47 of [of recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], transmission system operators shall not discriminate against different persons or entities and shall not restrict, distort or prevent competition in generation or supply.	No change

624.	6. Any commercial and financial	6. Any commercial and financial No change
024.		
	relations between the vertically	relations between the vertically
	integrated undertaking and the	integrated undertaking and the
	transmission system operator,	transmission system operator,
	including loans from the transmission	including loans from the transmission
	system operator to the vertically	system operator to the vertically
	integrated undertaking, shall comply	integrated undertaking, shall comply
	with market conditions. The	with market conditions. The
	transmission system operator shall	transmission system operator shall
	keep detailed records of such	keep detailed records of such
	commercial and financial relations and	commercial and financial relations
	make them available to the regulatory	and make them available to the
	authority upon request.	regulatory authority upon request.
625.	7. The transmission system	7. The transmission system <i>No change</i>
	operator shall submit for approval by	operator shall submit for approval by
	the regulatory authority all commercial	the regulatory authority all
	and financial agreements with the	commercial and financial agreements
	vertically integrated undertaking.	with the vertically integrated
		undertaking.
626.	8. The transmission system	8. The transmission system <i>No change</i>
	operator shall inform the regulatory	operator shall inform the regulatory
	authority of the financial resources,	authority of the financial resources,
	referred to in Article 46 (1)(d),	referred to in Article 46 (1)(d),
	available for future investment projects	available for future investment
	and/or for the replacement of existing	projects and/or for the replacement of
	assets.	existing assets.

627.	9. The vertically integrated	9. The vertically integrated	No change
	undertaking shall refrain from any	undertaking shall refrain from any	
	action impeding or prejudicing the	action impeding or prejudicing the	
	transmission system operator from	transmission system operator from	
	complying with its obligations in this	complying with its obligations in this	
	Chapter and shall not require the	Chapter and shall not require the	
	transmission system operator to seek	transmission system operator to seek	
	permission from the vertically	permission from the vertically	
	integrated undertaking in fulfilling	integrated undertaking in fulfilling	
	those obligations.	those obligations.	
628.	\mathcal{E}	10. An undertaking which has	No change
	certified by the regulatory authority as	been certified by the regulatory	
	being in compliance with the	authority as being in compliance with	
	requirements of this Chapter shall be	the requirements of this Chapter shall	
	approved and designated as a	be approved and designated as a	
	transmission system operator by the	transmission system operator by the	
	Member State concerned. The	Member State concerned. The	
	certification procedure in either Article	certification procedure in either	
	52 of this Directive and [Article 48 of	Article 52 of this Directive and	
	of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by	[Article 48 of Regulation 714/2009	
	COM(2016)861/2] or in Article 53 of	as proposed by COM(2016)861/2] or	
	this Directive shall apply.	in Article 53 of this Directive shall	
		apply.	

629.		Article 48				
	Ind	Independence of the staff and the management of the transmission system operator				
630.	1. Decisions regarding the appointment and renewal, working	1. Decisions regarding the appointment and renewal, working	No change			
	conditions including remuneration, and	conditions including remuneration,				
	termination of the term of office of the	and termination of the term of office				
	persons responsible for the	of the persons responsible for the				
	management and/or members of the	management and/or members of th				
	administrative bodies of the	administrative bodies of the				
	transmission system operator shall be	transmission system operator shall	be			
	taken by the Supervisory Body of the	taken by the Supervisory Body of t	ne			
	transmission system operator	transmission system operator				
	appointed in accordance with Article	appointed in accordance with Artic	le			
	49.	49.				
631.	2. The identity and the conditions	2. The identity and the condition				
	governing the term, the duration and	governing the term, the duration an	d			
	the termination of office of the persons	the termination of office of the				
	nominated by the Supervisory Body	persons nominated by the				
	for appointment or renewal as persons	Supervisory Body for appointment	or			
	responsible for the executive	renewal as persons responsible for				
	management and/or as members of the	the executive management and/or a				
	administrative bodies of the	members of the administrative bod				
	transmission system operator, and the	of the transmission system operator	,			
	reasons for any proposed decision	and the reasons for any proposed				
	terminating such term of office, shall	decision terminating such term of				
	be notified to the regulatory authority.	office, shall be notified to the				
	Those conditions and the decisions	regulatory authority. Those				
	referred to in paragraph 1 shall become	conditions and the decisions referre	ed			
	binding only if the regulatory authority	to in paragraph 1 shall become				
	has raised no objections within three	binding only if the regulatory				
	weeks of notification.	authority has raised no objections				
		within three weeks of notification.				

632.	The regulatory authority may object to the decisions referred to in paragraph 1		atory authority may object	No change
	where:		1 where:	
633.	(a) doubts arise as to the		abts arise as to the	No change
	professional independence of a	profession	nal independence of a	-
	nominated person responsible for the		d person responsible for the	
	management and/or member of the	managem	ent and/or member of the	
	administrative bodies; or	administr	ative bodies; or	
634.			the case of premature	No change
	termination of a term of office, doubts		on of a term of office,	
	exist regarding the justification of such		ist regarding the	
	premature termination.		on of such premature	
		termination		
635.	*		professional position or	No change
	responsibility, interest or business		ility, interest or business	
	relationship, directly or indirectly, with		nip, directly or indirectly,	
	the vertically integrated undertaking or		vertically integrated	
	any part of it or its controlling		ng or any part of it or its	
	shareholders other than the		g shareholders other than	
	transmission system operator shall be		nission system operator	
	exercised for a period of three years		xercised for a period of	
	before the appointment of the persons		rs before the appointment of	
	responsible for the management and/or		ns responsible for the	
	members of the administrative bodies		ent and/or members of the	
	of the transmission system operator		ative bodies of the	
	who are subject to this paragraph.		ion system operator who are	
		subject to	this paragraph.	

636.	4. The persons responsible for the	4. The persons responsible for	No change
	management and/or members of the	the management and/or members of	f
	administrative bodies, and employees	the administrative bodies, and	
	of the transmission system operator	employees of the transmission	
	shall have no other professional	system operator shall have no other	
	position or responsibility, interest or	professional position or	
	business relationship, directly or	responsibility, interest or business	
	indirectly, with any other part of the	relationship, directly or indirectly,	
	vertically integrated undertaking or	with any other part of the vertically	
	with its controlling shareholders.	integrated undertaking or with its	
		controlling shareholders.	
637.	1 1	5. The persons responsible for	No change
	management and/or members of the	the management and/or members of	f
	administrative bodies, and employees	the administrative bodies, and	
	of the transmission system operator	employees of the transmission	
	shall hold no interest in or receive any	system operator shall hold no inter-	est
	financial benefit, directly or indirectly,	in or receive any financial benefit,	
	from any part of the vertically	directly or indirectly, from any par	
	integrated undertaking other than the	of the vertically integrated	
	transmission system operator. Their	undertaking other than the	
	remuneration shall not depend on	transmission system operator. Their	[
	activities or results of the vertically	remuneration shall not depend on	
	integrated undertaking other than those	activities or results of the vertically	
	of the transmission system operator.	integrated undertaking other than	
		those of the transmission system	
		operator.	

638.	6. Effective rights of appeal to the	6. Effective	e rights of appeal to No change
	regulatory authority shall be		authority shall be
	guaranteed for any complaints by the		any complaints by the
	persons responsible for the	persons respon	
	management and/or members of the		nd/or members of the
	administrative bodies of the	administrative	
	transmission system operator against		ystem operator against
	premature terminations of their term of		ninations of their term
	office.	of office.	
639.	7. After termination of their term		rmination of their term No change
	of office in the transmission system		e transmission system
	operator, the persons responsible for		ersons responsible for
	its management and/or members of its		nt and/or members of
	administrative bodies shall have no		ive bodies shall have
	professional position or responsibility,	no professiona	
	interest or business relationship with		interest or business
	any part of the vertically integrated		ith any part of the
	undertaking other than the		grated undertaking
	transmission system operator, or with		transmission system
	its controlling shareholders for a		ith its controlling
	period of not less than four years.		or a period of not less
	period of not less than roar years.	than four years	
640.	8. Paragraph 3 shall apply to the		ph 3 shall apply to the No change
0.101	majority of the persons responsible for		e persons responsible
	the management and/or members of		ement and/or members
	the administrative bodies of the		trative bodies of the
	transmission system operator.		ystem operator.
641.	The persons responsible for the		esponsible for the No change
0.11	management and/or members of the		nd/or members of the
	administrative bodies of the	administrative	
	transmission system operator who are		ystem operator who are
	not subject to paragraph 3 shall have		paragraph 3 shall have
	exercised no management or other		nanagement or other
	relevant activity in the vertically		ty in the vertically
	integrated undertaking for a period of		ertaking for a period of
	at least six months before their		nths before their
	appointment.	appointment.	min oviole men
L	appointment.	appointment.	

642.	The first subparagraph of this paragraph and paragraphs 4 to 7 shall be applicable to all the persons belonging to the executive management and to those directly reporting to them on matters related to the operation, maintenance or development of the network.		The first subparagraph of this paragraph and paragraphs 4 to 7 shall be applicable to all the persons belonging to the executive management and to those directly reporting to them on matters related to the operation, maintenance or development of the network.	No change
643.		Article		
644.	1. The transmission system	Supervisor	1. The transmission system	No change
011.	operator shall have a Supervisory		operator shall have a Supervisory	110 change
	Body which shall be in charge of		Body which shall be in charge of	
	taking decisions which may have a		taking decisions which may have a	
	significant impact on the value of the		significant impact on the value of the	
	assets of the shareholders within the		assets of the shareholders within the	
	transmission system operator, in		transmission system operator, in	
	particular decisions regarding the		particular decisions regarding the	
	approval of the annual and longer-term		approval of the annual and longer-	
	financial plans, the level of		term financial plans, the level of	
	indebtedness of the transmission		indebtedness of the transmission	
	system operator and the amount of		system operator and the amount of	
	dividends distributed to shareholders.		dividends distributed to shareholders.	
	The decisions falling under the remit		The decisions falling under the remit	
	of the Supervisory Body shall exclude		of the Supervisory Body shall exclude those that are related to the	
	those that are related to the day to day activities of the transmission system		day to day activities of the	
	operator and management of the		transmission system operator and	
	network, and to activities necessary for		management of the network, and to	
	the preparation of the ten-year network		activities necessary for the	
	development plan developed pursuant		preparation of the ten-year network	
	to Article 51.		development plan developed	
			pursuant to Article 51.	

645.	2. The Supervisory Body shall be composed of members representing the vertically integrated undertaking,	2. The Supervisory Bo composed of members rep the vertically integrated up	presenting
	members representing third party	members representing thin	
	shareholders and, where the relevant	shareholders and, where the	
	legislation of a Member State so	legislation of a Member S	
	provides, members representing other	provides, members repres	
	interested parties such as employees of	interested parties such as	
	the transmission system operator.	of the transmission system	
646.		3. The first subparagra	
	Article 48(2) and Article 48(3) to (7)	Article 48(2) and Article 4	
	shall apply to at least half of the	shall apply to at least half	
	members of the Supervisory Body	members of the Supervisor	ry Body
	minus one.	minus one.	
647.		Point (b) of the second su	
	of Article 48(2) shall apply to all the	of Article 48(2) shall appl	
5.10	members of the Supervisory Body.	members of the Supervisor	ry Body.
648.		Article 50	
(40	Member States shall ensure that	Compliance programme and compliance officer 1. Member States shall	1 anguma No al-mura
649.			
	transmission system operators	that transmission system of	
	establish and implement a compliance programme which sets out the	establish and implement a	
	measures taken in order to ensure that	compliance programme w	
	discriminatory conduct is excluded,	ensure that discriminatory	
	and ensure that the compliance with	ensure that discriminatory excluded, and ensure that	
	that programme is adequately	compliance with that prog	
	monitored. The compliance	adequately monitored. Th	
	programme shall set out the specific	compliance programme sl	
	obligations of employees to meet those	the specific obligations of	
	objectives. It shall be subject to	to meet those objectives. I	
	approval by the regulatory authority.	subject to approval by the	
	Without prejudice to the powers of the	authority. Without prejudi	
	national regulator, compliance with the	powers of the national reg	
	program shall be independently	compliance with the progr	
	monitored by a compliance officer.	independently monitored	
		compliance officer.	

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650.	2. The compliance officer shall be	2. The compliance officer sha	ll No change
	appointed by the Supervisory Body,	be appointed by the Supervisory	
	subject to the approval by the	Body, subject to the approval by t	he
	regulatory authority. The regulatory	regulatory authority. The regulato	
	authority may refuse the approval of	authority may refuse the approval	of
	the compliance officer only for reasons	the compliance officer only for	
	of lack of independence or	reasons of lack of independence o	r
	professional capacity. The compliance	professional capacity. The	
	officer may be a natural or legal	compliance officer may be a natur	al
	person. Article 48(2) to (8) shall apply	or legal person. Article 48(2) to (8	3)
	to the compliance officer.	shall apply to the compliance office	cer.
651.	3. The compliance officer shall be	3. The compliance officer sha	ll No change
	in charge of:	be in charge of:	
652.	(a) monitoring the implementation	(a) monitoring the implementar	tion No change
	of the compliance programme;	of the compliance programme;	
653.	(b) elaborating an annual report,	(b) elaborating an annual repor	t, No change
	setting out the measures taken in order	setting out the measures taken in	
	to implement the compliance	order to implement the compliance	
	programme and submitting it to the	programme and submitting it to the	ie
	regulatory authority;	regulatory authority;	
654.	(c) reporting to the Supervisory	(c) reporting to the Supervisory	
	Body and issuing recommendations on	Body and issuing recommendation	
	the compliance programme and its	on the compliance programme and	dits
_	implementation;	implementation;	
655.	(d) notifying the regulatory	(d) notifying the regulatory	No change
	authority on any substantial breaches	authority on any substantial breac	
	with regard to the implementation of	with regard to the implementation	of
	the compliance programme; and	the compliance programme; and	
656.	(e) reporting to the regulatory	(e) reporting to the regulatory	No change
	authority on any commercial and	authority on any commercial and	
	financial relations between the	financial relations between the	
	vertically integrated undertaking and	vertically integrated undertaking a	ina
	the transmission system operator.	the transmission system operator.	

657.	4. The compliance officer shall	4.	The compliance officer shall	No change
	submit the proposed decisions on the	subm	nit the proposed decisions on the	C
	investment plan or on individual		stment plan or on individual	
	investments in the network to the		estments in the network to the	
	regulatory authority. This shall occur	regul	llatory authority. This shall occur	
	at the latest when the management		e latest when the management	
	and/or the competent administrative		or the competent administrative	
	body of the transmission system	body	y of the transmission system	
	operator submits them to the	opera	rator submits them to the	
	Supervisory Body.	Supe	ervisory Body.	
658.	5. Where the vertically integrated	5.	Where the vertically integrated	No change
	undertaking, in the general assembly	unde	ertaking, in the general assembly	
	or through the vote of the members of	or thi	rough the vote of the members	
	the Supervisory Body it has appointed,	of the	ne Supervisory Body it has	
	has prevented the adoption of a	appo	ointed, has prevented the	
	decision with the effect of preventing	adop	otion of a decision with the effect	
	or delaying investments, which under	of pro	reventing or delaying	
	the ten-year network development plan	inves	stments, which under the ten-	
	was to be executed in the following	year	network development plan was	
	three years, the compliance officer	to be	e executed in the following three	
	shall report this to the regulatory	years	rs, the compliance officer shall	
	authority, which then shall act in	repor	ort this to the regulatory authority,	
	accordance with Article 51.	which	ch then shall act in accordance	
		with	Article 51.	
659.	6. The conditions governing the	6.	The conditions governing the	No change
	mandate or the employment conditions		date or the employment	
	of the compliance officer, including		ditions of the compliance officer,	
	the duration of its mandate, shall be		uding the duration of its mandate,	
	subject to approval by the regulatory		l be subject to approval by the	
	authority. Those conditions shall		llatory authority. Those	
	ensure the independence of the		ditions shall ensure the	
	compliance officer, including by		pendence of the compliance	
	providing him with all the resources		cer, including by providing him	
	necessary for fulfilling his duties.		all the resources necessary for	
	During his mandate, the compliance	fulfil	lling his duties. During his	

	officer shall have no other professional	mandate, the compliance officer shall	
	position, responsibility or interest,	have no other professional position,	
	directly or indirectly, in or with any	responsibility or interest, directly or	
	part of the vertically integrated	indirectly, in or with any part of the	
	undertaking or with its controlling	vertically integrated undertaking or	
	shareholders.	with its controlling shareholders.	
660.	7. The compliance officer shall	7. The compliance officer shall	No change
	report regularly, either orally or in	report regularly, either orally or in	_
	writing, to the regulatory authority and	writing, to the regulatory authority	
	shall have the right to report regularly,	and shall have the right to report	
	either orally or in writing, to the	regularly, either orally or in writing,	
	Supervisory Body of the transmission	to the Supervisory Body of the	
	system operator.	transmission system operator.	
661.	1	8. The compliance officer may	No change
	attend all meetings of the management	attend all meetings of the	
	or administrative bodies of the	management or administrative bodies	
	transmission system operator, and	of the transmission system operator,	
	those of the Supervisory Body and the	and those of the Supervisory Body	
	general assembly. The compliance	and the general assembly. The	
	officer shall attend all meetings that	compliance officer shall attend all	
	address the following matters:	meetings that address the following	
		matters:	
662.	(a) conditions for access to the	(a) conditions for access to the	No change
	network, as defined in [recast of	network, as defined in [recast of	
	Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by	Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by	
	COM(2016)861/2], in particular	COM(2016)861/2], in particular	
	regarding tariffs, third party access	regarding tariffs, third party access	
	services, capacity allocation and	services, capacity allocation and	
	congestion management, transparency,	congestion management,	
	ancillary services and secondary	transparency, ancillary services and	
	markets;	secondary markets;	

663.	(b) projects undertaken in order to		dertaken in order to No change	
	operate, maintain and develop the	operate, maintain		
	transmission system, including	transmission syste		
	interconnection and connection	interconnection a	nd connection	
	investments;	investments;		
664.	(c) energy purchases or sales		chases or sales No change	
	necessary for the operation of the	necessary for the	operation of the	
	transmission system.	transmission syste	em.	
665.	9. The compliance officer shall	9. The compl	iance officer shall No change	
	monitor the compliance of the	monitor the comp	oliance of the	
	transmission system operator with	transmission syste		
	Article 41.	Article 41.	•	
666.	10. The compliance officer shall	10. The compl	iance officer shall No change	
	have access to all relevant data and to		relevant data and to	
	the offices of the transmission system	the offices of the	transmission system	
	operator and to all the information	operator and to al	1 the information	
	necessary for the fulfilment of his task.	necessary for the		
	•	task.		
667.	11. After prior approval by the	11. After prior	approval by the No change	
	regulatory authority, the Supervisory	regulatory author	ity, the Supervisory	
	Body may dismiss the compliance	Body may dismis	s the compliance	
	officer. It shall dismiss the compliance	officer. It shall di		
	officer for reasons of lack of	compliance office	er for reasons of	
	independence or professional capacity	lack of independe	ence or professional	
	upon request of the regulatory	capacity upon req	juest of the	
	authority.	regulatory author		
668.	12. The compliance officer shall		iance officer shall No change	
	have access to the offices of the	have access to the	e offices of the	
	transmission system operator without	transmission syste	em operator without	
	prior announcement.	prior announcement	-	

669.	Article 51					
		Network development and powers to make investment decisions				
670.	1. At least every two years, transmission system operators shall submit to the regulatory authority a ten-year network development plan based on existing and forecast supply and demand after having consulted all the relevant stakeholders. That network development plan shall contain efficient measures in order to guarantee the adequacy of the system and the security of supply.	1. At least every two years, transmission system operators shall submit to the regulatory authority a ten-year network development plan based on existing and forecast supply and demand after having consulted all the relevant stakeholders. That network development plan shall contain efficient measures in order to guarantee the adequacy of the system and the security of supply. The regulatory authority shall review the ten-year network development plan and approve it. Before its approval, it may require the transmission system operator to amend its ten-year network development plan. The transmission system operator shall publish the ten-year network development plan on its website.	1. At least every two years, transmission system operators shall submit to the regulatory authority a ten-year network development plan based on existing and forecast supply and demand after having consulted all the relevant stakeholders. That network development plan shall contain efficient measures in order to guarantee the adequacy of the system and the security of supply.	Provisionally agreed: 1. At least every two years, transmission system operators shall submit to the regulatory authority a ten-year network development plan based on existing and forecast supply and demand after having consulted all the relevant stakeholders. That network development plan shall contain efficient measures in order to guarantee the adequacy of the system and the security of supply. The transmission system operator shall publish the ten-year network development plan on its website.		
671.	2. The ten-year network development plan shall in particular:		2. The ten-year network development plan shall in particular:	Provisionally agreed: 2. The ten-year network development plan shall in particular:		
672.	(a) indicate to market participants the main transmission infrastructure that needs to be built or upgraded over the next ten years;		(a) indicate to market participants the main transmission infrastructure that needs to be built or upgraded over the next ten years;	Provisionally agreed: (a) indicate to market participants the main transmission infrastructure that needs to be built or upgraded over the next ten years;		
673.	(b) contain all the investments already decided and identify new investments which have to be executed in the next three years; and		(b) contain all the investments already decided and identify new investments which have to be executed in the next three years; and	Provisionally agreed: (b) contain all the investments already decided and identify new investments which have to be executed in the next three years; and		

674.	(c) provide for a time frame for all investment projects.		(c) provide for a time frame for all investment projects.	Provisionally agreed: (c) provide for a time frame for all investment projects.
675.	3. When elaborating the ten-year network development plan, the transmission system operator shall make reasonable assumptions about the evolution of the generation, supply, energy storage, consumption and exchanges with other countries, taking into account investment plans for regional and Union -wide networks.	AM 145 3. When elaborating the ten-year network development plan, the transmission system operator shall fully take into account the potential of the use of demand response, energy storage facilities or other resources as an alternative to system expansion in addition to expected consumption and trade with other countries and investment plans for regional and Union wide networks.	3. When elaborating the ten-year network development plan, the transmission system operator shall make reasonable assumptions about the evolution of the generation, supply, energy storage, consumption and exchanges with other countries, taking into account investment plans for regional and Union -wide networks.	Provisionally agreed: 3. When elaborating the ten-year network development plan, the transmission system operator shall fully take into account the potential of the use of demand response, energy storage facilities or other resources as an alternative to system expansion in addition to expected consumption and trade with other countries and investment plans for regional and Union wide networks.
676.	4. The regulatory authority shall consult all actual or potential system users on the ten-year network development plan in an open and transparent manner. Persons or undertakings claiming to be potential system users may be required to substantiate such claims. The regulatory authority shall publish the result of the consultation process, in particular possible needs for investments.		4. The regulatory authority shall consult all actual or potential system users on the ten-year network development plan in an open and transparent manner. Persons or undertakings claiming to be potential system users may be required to substantiate such claims. The regulatory authority shall publish the result of the consultation process, in particular possible needs for investments.	Provisionally agreed: 4. The regulatory authority shall consult all actual or potential system users on the ten-year network development plan in an open and transparent manner. Persons or undertakings claiming to be potential system users may be required to substantiate such claims. The regulatory authority shall publish the result of the consultation process, in particular possible needs for investments.
677.	5. The regulatory authority shall examine whether the ten-year network development plan covers all investment needs identified during the consultation process, and whether it is consistent with the non-binding Union -wide ten-year network development	AM 146 5. The regulatory authority shall examine whether the ten-year network development plan covers all investment needs identified during the consultation process, and whether it is consistent with the non-binding	5. The regulatory authority shall examine whether the ten-year network development plan covers all investment needs identified during the consultation process, and whether it is consistent with the non-binding Union -wide ten-year network	Provisionally agreed: 5. The regulatory authority shall examine whether the ten-year network development plan covers all investment needs identified during the consultation process, and whether it is consistent with the non-

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	plan (Union -wide network development plan) referred to in [Article 27(1)(b) of recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2]. If any doubt arises as to the consistency with the Union -wide network development plan, the regulatory authority shall consult the Agency. The regulatory authority may require the transmission system operator to amend its ten-year network development plan.	Union wide ten-year network development plan Union wide network development plan) referred to in [Article 27(1)(b) of recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2]. If any doubt arises as to the consistency with the Union wide network development plan or with the National Energy and Climate Plans submitted in accordance with Regulation (EU) [Governance Regulation], the regulatory authority shall consult the Agency. The regulatory authority may require the transmission system operator to amend its ten-year network development plan.	development plan (Union -wide network development plan) referred to in [Article 27(1)(b) of recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2]. If any doubt arises as to the consistency with the Union -wide network development plan, the regulatory authority shall consult the Agency. The regulatory authority may require the transmission system operator to amend its ten-year network development plan.	binding Union -wide ten-year network development plan (Union - wide network development plan) referred to in [Article 27(1)(b) of recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2]. If any doubt arises as to the consistency with the Union -wide network development plan, the regulatory authority shall consult the Agency. The regulatory authority may require the transmission system operator to amend its ten-year network development plan. Competent authorities of the member States shall examine the consistency of the ten-year network development plan with the national Energy and Climate plan submitted in accordance with
				Regulation(Governance Regulation).
678.	6. The regulatory authority shall monitor and evaluate the implementation of the ten-year network development plan.		6. The regulatory authority shall monitor and evaluate the implementation of the ten-year network development plan.	Provisionally agreed: 6. The regulatory authority shall monitor and evaluate the implementation of the ten-year network development plan.
679.		AM 147 (new) The regulatory authority shall monitor and evaluate the development of overall system flexibility and report annually on progress.		Provisionally agreed:

680.	7. In circumstances where the	7. In circumstances where the <i>Provisionally agreed:</i>
000.	transmission system operator, other	transmission system operator, other 7. In circumstances where the
	than for overriding reasons beyond its	than for overriding reasons beyond transmission system operator, othe
	•	
	control, does not execute an	
	investment, which, under the ten-year	investment, which, under the ten-year its control, does not execute an
	network development plan, was to be	network development plan, was to be investment, which, under the ten-
	executed in the following three years,	executed in the following three years, year network development plan, w
	Member States shall ensure that the	Member States shall ensure that the to be executed in the following thro
	regulatory authority is required to take	regulatory authority is required to years, Member States shall ensure
	at least one of the following measures	take at least one of the following that the regulatory authority is
	to ensure that the investment in	measures to ensure that the required to take at least one of the
	question is made if such investment is	investment in question is made if following measures to ensure that
	still relevant on the basis of the most	such investment is still relevant on the investment in question is made
	recent ten-year network development	the basis of the most recent ten-year such investment is still relevant on
	plan:	network development plan: the basis of the most recent ten-year
		network development plan:
681.	(a) to require the transmission	(a) to require the transmission <i>Provisionally agreed:</i>
	system operator to execute the	system operator to execute the (a) to require the transmission
	investments in question;	investments in question; system operator to execute the
	-	investments in question;
682.	(b) to organise a tender procedure	(b) to organise a tender procedure <i>Provisionally agreed:</i>
	open to any investors for the	open to any investors for the (b) to organise a tender procedu
	investment in question; or	investment in question; or open to any investors for the
	•	investment in question; or
683.	(c) to oblige the transmission	(c) to oblige the transmission <i>Provisionally agreed:</i>
	system operator to accept a capital	system operator to accept a capital (c) to oblige the transmission
	increase to finance the necessary	increase to finance the necessary system operator to accept a capital
	investments and allow independent	investments and allow independent increase to finance the necessary
	investors to participate in the capital.	investors to participate in the capital. investments and allow independent
	range of participation and companies	investors to participate in the capital investors to participate in the capital
684.	Where the regulatory authority has	Where the regulatory authority has <i>Provisionally agreed:</i>
	made use of its powers under point (b)	made use of its powers under point Where the regulatory authority has
	of the first subparagraph, it may oblige	(b) of the first subparagraph, it may made use of its powers under point
	the transmission system operator to	oblige the transmission system (b) of the first subparagraph, it may
	agree to one or more of the following:	operator to agree to one or more of oblige the transmission system
	agree to one or more or the following.	operator to agree to one or more or

		the following:	operator to agree to one or more of the following:
685.	 financing by any third party; 	 financing by any third party; 	Provisionally agreed:financing by any third party;
686.	 construction by any third party; 	 construction by any third party; 	Provisionally agreed: - construction by any third party;
687.	 building the new assets concerned itself; 	 building the new assets concerned itself; 	Provisionally agreed: - building the new assets concerned itself;
688.	 operating the new asset concerned itself. 	 operating the new asset concerned itself. 	Provisionally agreed: - operating the new asset concerned itself.
689.	The transmission system operator shall provide the investors with all information needed to realise the investment, shall connect new assets to the transmission network and shall generally make its best efforts to facilitate the implementation of the investment project.	The transmission system operator shall provide the investors with all information needed to realise the investment, shall connect new assets to the transmission network and shall generally make its best efforts to facilitate the implementation of the investment project.	Provisionally agreed: The transmission system operator shall provide the investors with all information needed to realise the investment, shall connect new assets to the transmission network and shall generally make its best efforts to facilitate the implementation of the investment project.
690.	shall be subject to approval by the regulatory authority.	The relevant financial arrangements shall be subject to approval by the regulatory authority.	Provisionally agreed: The relevant financial arrangements shall be subject to approval by the regulatory authority.
691.	8. Where the regulatory authority has made use of its powers under the first subparagraph of paragraph 7, the relevant tariff regulations shall cover the costs of the investments in question.	8. Where the regulatory authority has made use of its powers under the first subparagraph of paragraph 7, the relevant tariff regulations shall cover the costs of the investments in question.	Provisionally agreed: 8. Where the regulatory authority has made use of its powers under the first subparagraph of paragraph 7, the relevant tariff regulations shall cover the costs of the investments in question.

692.		Section	on 4			
		Designation and certification of	transmission system operators			
693.		Article 52				
		Designation and certification of	transmission system operators			
694.	1. Before an undertaking is		1. Before an undertaking is	No change		
	approved and designated as		approved and designated as			
	transmission system operator, it shall		transmission system operator, it shall			
	be certified according to the		be certified according to the			
	procedures laid down in paragraphs 4,		procedures laid down in paragraphs			
	5, 6 of this Article and in Article 48 of		4, 5, 6 of this Article and in Article			
	[recast of Regulation 714/2009 as		48 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009			
	proposed by COM(2016)861/2].		as proposed by COM(2016)861/2].			
695.			2. Undertakings which have been	No change		
	certified by the national regulatory		certified by the [] regulatory			
	authority as having complied with the		authority as having complied with			
	requirements of Article 43, pursuant		the requirements of Article 43,			
	to the certification procedure below,		pursuant to the certification			
	shall be approved and designated as		procedure below, shall be approved			
	transmission system operators by		and designated as transmission			
	Member States. The designation of		system operators by Member States.			
	transmission system operators shall be		The designation of transmission			
	notified to the Commission and		system operators shall be notified to			
	published in the Official Journal of the		the Commission and published in the			
	European Union.		Official Journal of the European			
			Union.			
696.	2 1		3. Transmission system operators	No change		
	shall notify to the regulatory authority		shall notify to the regulatory			
	any planned transaction which may		authority any planned transaction			
	require a reassessment of their		which may require a reassessment of			
	compliance with the requirements of		their compliance with the			
	Article 43.		requirements of Article 43.			
697.	٥		4. Regulatory authorities shall	No change		
	monitor the continuing compliance of		monitor the continuing compliance of			
	transmission system operators with the		transmission system operators with			
	requirements of Article 43. They shall		the requirements of Article 43. They			

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	open a certification procedure to	shall open a certification procedu	ure
	ensure such compliance:	to ensure such compliance:	
698.	(a) upon notification by the	(a) upon notification by the	No change
	transmission system operator pursuant	transmission system operator	
	to paragraph 3;	pursuant to paragraph 3;	
699.	(b) on their own initiative where	(b) on their own initiative wh	ere No change
	they have knowledge that a planned	they have knowledge that a plan	ned
	change in rights or influence over	change in rights or influence over	er
	transmission system owners or	transmission system owners or	
	transmission system operators may	transmission system operators m	ay
	lead to an infringement of Article 43,	lead to an infringement of Articl	e 43,
	or where they have reason to believe	or where they have reason to bel	ieve
	that such an infringement may have	that such an infringement may have	ave
	occurred; or	occurred; or	
700.	(c) upon a reasoned request from	(c) upon a reasoned request fi	rom No change
	the Commission.	the Commission.	
701.	5. The regulatory authorities shall	5. The regulatory authorities	shall No change
	adopt a decision on the certification of	adopt a decision on the certificat	
	a transmission system operator within	of a transmission system operator	or
	a period of four months from the date	within a period of four months fi	rom
	of the notification by the transmission	the date of the notification by the	
	system operator or from the date of the	transmission system operator or	
	Commission request. After expiry of	the date of the Commission requ	est.
	that period, the certification shall be	After expiry of that period, the	
	deemed to be granted. The explicit or	certification shall be deemed to l	pe
	tacit decision of the regulatory	granted. The explicit or tacit dec	ision
	authority shall become effective only	of the regulatory authority shall	
	after the conclusion of the procedure	become effective only after the	
	set out in paragraph 6.	conclusion of the procedure set of	out in
		paragraph 6.	
702.	6. The explicit or tacit decision on	6. The explicit or tacit decisi	
	the certification of a transmission	on the certification of a transmis	
	system operator shall be notified	system operator shall be notified	
	without delay to the Commission by	without delay to the Commission	
	the regulatory authority, together with	the regulatory authority, together	r

	all the relevant information with		with all the relevant information with	
	respect to that decision. The		respect to that decision. The	
	Commission shall act in accordance		Commission shall act in accordance	
	with the procedure laid down in		with the procedure laid down in	
	[Article 48 of recast of Regulation		[Article 48 of recast of Regulation	
	714/2009 as proposed by		714/2009 as proposed by	
	COM(2016)861/2].		COM(2016)861/2].	
703.			7. The regulatory authorities and	No change
	the Commission may request from		the Commission may request from	
	transmission system operators and		transmission system operators and	
	undertakings performing any of the		undertakings performing any of the	
	functions of generation or supply any		functions of generation or supply any	
	information relevant for the fulfilment		information relevant for the	
	of their tasks under this Article.		fulfilment of their tasks under this	
			Article.	
704.	8. Regulatory authorities and the		8. Regulatory authorities and the	No change
	Commission shall preserve the		Commission shall preserve the	3
	confidentiality of commercially		confidentiality of commercially	
	sensitive information.		sensitive information.	
705.		Article	2 53	
		Certification in relation	on to third countries	
706.	1. Where certification is requested		1. Where certification is	No change
	by a transmission system owner or a		requested by a transmission system	
	transmission system operator which is		owner or a transmission system	
	controlled by a person or persons from		operator which is controlled by a	
	a third country or third countries, the		person or persons from a third	
	regulatory authority shall notify the		country or third countries, the	
	Commission.		regulatory authority shall notify the	
			Commission.	
707.	The regulatory authority shall also		The regulatory authority shall also	No change
	notify to the Commission without		notify to the Commission without	
	delay any circumstances that would		delay any circumstances that would	
	result in a person or persons from a		result in a person or persons from a	
	third country or third countries		third country or third countries	
	diffa country of diffa countries		unia country of unia countries	

		1.6.7	
	acquiring control of a transmission	acquiring control of a transmis	
	system or a transmission system	system or a transmission system	n
	operator.	operator.	
708.	3	2. The transmission system	
	operator shall notify to the regulatory	operator shall notify to the regu	
	authority any circumstances that would	authority any circumstances the	
	result in a person or persons from a	would result in a person or person	sons
	third country or third countries	from a third country or third	
	acquiring control of the transmission	countries acquiring control of t	he
	system or the transmission system	transmission system or the	
	operator.	transmission system operator.	
709.	3. The regulatory authority shall	3. The regulatory authority	shall No change
	adopt a draft decision on the	adopt a draft decision on the	
	certification of a transmission system	certification of a transmission s	system
	operator within four months from the	operator within four months fro	om the
	date of notification by the transmission	date of notification by the	
	system operator. It shall refuse the	transmission system operator.	t shall
	certification if it has not been	refuse the certification if it has	not
	demonstrated:	been demonstrated:	
710.	(a) that the entity concerned	(a) that the entity concerned	No change
	complies with the requirements of	complies with the requirements	s of
	Article 43; and	Article 43; and	
711.	(b) to the regulatory authority or to	(b) to the regulatory authori	ty or No change
	another competent authority	to another competent authority	
	designated by the Member State that	designated by the Member State	
	granting certification will not put at	granting certification will not p	
	risk the security of energy supply of	risk the security of energy supp	
	the Member State and the Union. In	the Member State and the Uni	on . In
	considering that question the	considering that question the	
	regulatory authority or other	regulatory authority or other	
	competent authority so designated	competent authority so designate	ted
	shall take into account:	shall take into account:	

712.	 the rights and obligations of the 	 the rights and obligations of 	No change
	Union with respect to that third	the Union with respect to that third	_
	country arising under international	country arising under international	
	law, including any agreement	law, including any agreement	
	concluded with one or more third	concluded with one or more third	
	countries to which the Union is a party	countries to which the Union is a	
	and which addresses the issues of	party and which addresses the issues	
	security of energy supply;	of security of energy supply;	
713.		 the rights and obligations of 	No change
	Member State with respect to that third	the Member State with respect to that	
	country arising under agreements	third country arising under	
	concluded with it, insofar as they are	agreements concluded with it, insofar	
	in compliance with Union law; and	as they are in compliance with	
		Union law; and	
714.		 other specific facts and 	No change
	circumstances of the case and the third	circumstances of the case and the	
	country concerned.	third country concerned.	
715.		4. The regulatory authority shall	No change
	notify the decision to the Commission	notify the decision to the	
	without delay, together with all the	Commission without delay, together	
	relevant information with respect to	with all the relevant information with	
	that decision.	respect to that decision.	

716.	5. Member States shall provide for the regulatory authority or the designated competent authority referred to in paragraph 3(b), before the regulatory authority adopts a decision on the certification, to request an opinion from the Commission on whether:	5. Member States shall provi for the regulatory authority or the designated competent authority referred to in paragraph 3(b), bet the regulatory authority adopts a decision on the certification, to request an opinion from the Commission on whether:	e Core
717.	(a) the entity concerned complies with the requirements of Article 43; and	(a) the entity concerned comp with the requirements of Article and	<u> </u>
718.	(b) granting certification will not put at risk the security of energy supply to the Union.	(b) granting certification will put at risk the security of energy supply to the Union.	not No change
719.	6. The Commission shall examine the request referred to in paragraph 5 as soon as it is received. Within a period of two months after receiving the request, it shall deliver its opinion to the national regulatory authority or, if the request was made by the designated competent authority, to that authority.	6. The Commission shall examine the request referred to i paragraph 5 as soon as it is recei Within a period of two months a receiving the request, it shall del its opinion to the [] regulatory authority or, if the request was n by the designated competent authority, to that authority.	ved. examine the request referred to in paragraph 5 as soon as it is received. Within a period of two months after receiving the request, it shall deliver its opinion to the regulatory authority or, if the request was made by the designated competent authority, to that authority.
720.	In preparing the opinion, the Commission may request the views of the Agency, the Member State concerned, and interested parties. In the event that the Commission makes such a request, the two-month period shall be extended by two months.	In preparing the opinion, the Commission may request the vie of the Agency, the Member State concerned, and interested parties the event that the Commission may such a request, the two-month personal beautiful to the extended by two months.	e . In lakes eriod

721.	In the absence of an opinion by the	In the absence of an opinion by the	
	Commission within the period referred	Commission within the period	
	to in the first and second	referred to in the first and second	
	subparagraphs, the Commission shall	subparagraphs, the Commission shall	
	be deemed not to raise objections to	be deemed not to raise objections to	
	the decision of the regulatory	the decision of the regulatory	
	authority.	authority.	
722.	7. When assessing whether the	7. When assessing whether the	No change
	control by a person or persons from a	control by a person or persons from a	
	third country or third countries will put	third country or third countries will	
	at risk the security of energy supply to	put at risk the security of energy	
	the Union, the Commission shall take	supply to the Union, the	
	into account:	Commission shall take into account:	
723.		(a) the specific facts of the case	No change
	the third country or third countries	and the third country or third	
	concerned; and	countries concerned; and	
724.		(b) the rights and obligations of	No change
	European Union with respect to that	the European Union with respect to	
	third country or third countries arising	that third country or third countries	
	under international law, including an	arising under international law,	
	agreement concluded with one or more	including an agreement concluded	
	third countries to which the Union is a	with one or more third countries to	
	party and which addresses the issues of	which the Union is a party and	
	security of supply.	which addresses the issues of	
		security of supply.	
725.		8. The [] regulatory authority	Provisionally agreed in TM:
	authority shall, within a period of two	shall, within a period of two months	1 Tovisionally agreed in 1111.
	months after the expiry of the period	after the expiry of the period referred	8. The regulatory authority shall,
	referred to in paragraph 6, adopt its	to in paragraph 6, adopt its final	within a period of two months after
	final decision on the certification. In	decision on the certification. In	the expiry of the period referred to
	adopting its final decision the national	adopting its final decision the []	in paragraph 6, adopt its final
	regulatory authority shall take utmost	regulatory authority shall take utmost	decision on the certification. In
	account of the Commission's opinion.	account of the Commission's	adopting its final decision the
	In any event Member States shall have	opinion. In any event Member States	regulatory authority shall take
	the right to refuse certification where	shall have the right to refuse	utmost account of the Commission's
		shall have the right to refuse	difficult of the Commission's

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	granting certification puts at risk the Member State's security of energy supply of another Member State. Where the Member State has designated another competent authority to assess paragraph 3(b), it may require the national regulatory authority to adopt its final decision in accordance with the assessment of that competent authority. The national regulatory authority's final decision and the Commission's opinion shall be published together. Where the final decision diverges from the Commission's opinion, the Member State concerned shall provide and publish, together with that decision, the reasoning underlying such decision.	certification where granting certification puts at risk the Member State's security of energy supply or the security of energy supply of another Member State. Where the Member State has designated another competent authority to assess paragraph 3(b), it may require the [] regulatory authority to adopt its final decision in accordance with the assessment of that competent authority. The [] regulatory authority's final decision and the Commission's opinion shall be published together. Where the final decision diverges from the Commission's opinion, the Member State concerned shall provide and publish, together with that decision, the reasoning underlying such decision.	opinion. In any event Member States shall have the right to refuse certification where granting certification puts at risk the Member State's security of energy supply or the security of energy supply of another Member State. Where the Member State has designated another competent authority to assess paragraph 3(b), it may require the regulatory authority to adopt its final decision in accordance with the assessment of that competent authority. The regulatory authority's final decision and the Commission's opinion shall be published together. Where the final decision diverges from the Commission's opinion, the Member State concerned shall provide and publish, together with that decision, the reasoning
726.	affect the right of Member States to exercise, in compliance with Union law, national legal controls to protect legitimate public security interests.	9. Nothing in this Article shall affect the right of Member States to exercise, in compliance with Union law, national legal controls to protect legitimate public security interests.	underlying such decision. No change
727.	10. This Article, with exception of paragraph 3(a), shall also apply to Member States which are subject to a derogation under Article 66.	10. This Article, with exception of paragraph 3(a), shall also apply to Member States which are subject to a derogation under Article 66.	No change

728.		Article	e 54	
. 200		Ownership of energy storage facilities		
729.	1. Transmission system operators shall not be allowed to own, manage or operate energy storage facilities and shall not own directly or indirectly control assets that provide ancillary services.	AM 148 1. Transmission system operators shall not be allowed to own, manage or operate energy storage facilities and shall not own directly or indirectly control assets that provide ancillary services, unless those facilities or assets are an integral part of the transmission system and where the national regulatory authority has granted its approval.	1. Transmission system operators shall not be allowed to own, develop , manage or operate energy storage facilities [].	Provisionally agreed: 1. Transmission system operators shall not be allowed to own, develop , manage or operate energy storage facilities.
730.	2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, Member States may allow transmission system operators to own, manage or operate storage facilities or assets providing non-frequency ancillary services if the following conditions are fulfilled:	AM 149 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, Member States may allow transmission system operators to own, manage or operate storage facilities or assets providing nonfrequency ancillary services if <i>all of</i> the following conditions are fulfilled:	2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, Member States may allow transmission system operators to own, develop, manage or operate energy storage facilities which are fully integrated network components and the regulatory authority has granted its approval or [], if all of the following conditions are fulfilled:	Provisionally agreed: 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, Member States may allow transmission system operators to own, develop, manage or operate energy storage facilities which are fully integrated network components and the regulatory authority has granted its approval or, if all of the following conditions are fulfilled:
731.			(-a) such facilities are necessary for the transmission system operators to fulfil their obligations under this Directive for the efficient, reliable and secure operation of the transmission system and they are not used to provide balancing services and to buy or sell electricity to the wholesale markets, including balancing markets;	Provisionally agreed: (moved to para.(b), line 733, and merged) []

732.	(a) other parties, following an open and transparent tendering procedure, have not expressed their interest to own, control, manage or operate such facilities offering storage and/or non-frequency ancillary services to the transmission system operator;	(a) other parties, following an open and transparent tendering procedure, subject to review by the national regulatory authority, have not expressed their interest to own, control, manage or operate such facilities offering storage and/or non-frequency ancillary services to the transmission system operator or cannot deliver these services at a reasonable cost and in a timely manner;	(a) other parties, following an open, [] transparent and non-discriminatory tendering procedure, subject to review and approval by the regulatory authority [] have not been awarded with a right to own, develop, control, manage or operate such facilities [] Regulatory authorities may draw up guidelines or procurement clauses to help transmission system operators in ensuring a fair tendering procedure; and	Provisionally agreed (aligned with Articles 33(2a) and 36(2a), lines 463 and 483): (a) other parties, following an open, transparent and non-discriminatory tendering procedure, subject to review and approval by the regulatory authority have not been awarded with a right to own, develop, control, manage or operate such facilities or could not deliver these services at a reasonable cost and in a timely manner. Regulatory authorities may draw up guidelines or procurement clauses to help transmission system operators in ensuring a fair tendering procedure; and
733.	(b) such facilities or non-frequency ancillary services are necessary for the transmission system operators to fulfil their obligations under this Directive for the efficient, reliable and secure operation of the transmission system and they are not used to sell electricity to the market; and	AM 151 (b) such facilities or non-frequency ancillary services are necessary for the transmission system operators to fulfil their obligations under this Directive for the efficient, reliable and secure operation of the transmission system, in particular as an alternative to investments in new grid lines, and they are not used to sell electricity to the market; and		Provisionally agreed: (b) such facilities or non- frequency ancillary services are necessary for the transmission system operators to fulfil their obligations under this Directive for the efficient, reliable and secure operation of the transmission system and they are not used to buy or sell electricity in the electricity markets; and
734.	(c) the regulatory authority has assessed the necessity of such derogation taking into account the conditions under points (a) and (b) of this paragraph and has granted its		(c) the regulatory authority has assessed the necessity of such derogation, has carried out an exante review of the applicability of a tendering procedure, including the	Provisionally agreed: (c) the regulatory authority has assessed the necessity of such derogation, has carried out an ex-

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	approval.		conditions, [] and has granted its approval.	ante review of the applicability of a tendering procedure, including the conditions, and has granted its approval.
735.		AM 152 2a. (new) National regulatory authorities may draw up guidelines or procurement clauses to aid transmission system operators in ensuring a fair tendering procedure.		Provisionally agreed: (moved to para.(a), line 732) []
736.	3. The decision to grant derogation shall be notified to the Agency and the Commission along with relevant information about the request and the reasons for granting the derogation.			Provisionally agreed: 3. The decision to grant derogation shall be notified to the Agency and the Commission along with relevant information about the request and the reasons for granting the derogation.
737.	4. The transmission system operator shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a public consultation for the required storage services in order to assess the potential interest of market parties to invest in such facilities and terminate its own storage activities in case third parties can provide the service in a cost-effective manner.	AM 153 4. Member States shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a public consultation for the required storage services in order to assess the potential interest of market parties to invest in such facilities. Where the public consultation indicates that third parties are able to own, develop, operate or manage such facilities, Member States shall ensure that the activities of transmission system operators in this regard are phased out.	4. Except for fully integrated network components, the [] regulatory authorities shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a public consultation for the required energy storage [] facilities in order to assess the potential interest of market parties to invest in such facilities []. Where the public consultation, as assessed by the regulatory authority, indicates that third parties are able to own, develop, operate or manage such facilities in a cost-effective manner, regulatory authorities shall ensure that transmission system operators' activities in this regard are phased-out within 24 months.	New compromise proposal: 4. Except for fully integrated network components, The regulatory authorities shall perform at regular intervals or at least every five years a public consultation for the required existing energy storage facilities in order to assess the potential interest of market parties to invest in such facilities. Where the public consultation, as assessed by the regulatory authority, indicates that third parties are able to own, develop, operate or manage such facilities in a cost-effective manner, regulatory authorities shall ensure that transmission

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	As part of the conditions for this procedure, regulatory authorities may allow the transmission system operators to receive reasonable compensation, in particular the residual value of the investment they made into energy storage facilities.	system operators' activities in this regard are phased-out within 24 months. As part of the conditions for this procedure, regulatory authorities may allow the transmission system operators to receive reasonable compensation, in particular the residual value of the investment they made into energy storage facilities.
738.	4a. The decision to grant derogation shall be notified to the Agency and the Commission along with relevant information about the request and the reasons for granting the derogation.	Provisionally agreed: (moved to para.3, line 736) []
739.	4b. Paragraph 4 shall not apply for the usual depreciation period of new battery storage facilities with a final investment decision until 2024.	New compromise proposal: 4b. Paragraph 4 shall not apply for the usual depreciation period of new battery storage facilities with a final investment decision until 2024 which are connected to the grid at the latest two years thereafter and that are integrated into the transmission system and are solely used for the reactive instantaneous restoration of network security in case of network contingencies, if this restoration measure starts immediately and ends when regular re-dispatch can solve the issue, and if these storage are not used to buy or sell electricity in the electricity markets including balancing.

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740.		Section 5						
		Unbundling and transparency of accounts						
741.		Article 55						
		Right of access to accounts						
742.	1. Member States or any competent authority they designate, including the regulatory authorities referred to in Article 57, shall, insofar as necessary to carry out their functions, have right of access to the accounts of electricity undertakings as set out in Article 56.	1. Member States or any competent authority they designate, including the regulatory authorities referred to in Article 57, shall, insofar as necessary to carry out their functions, have right of access to the accounts of electricity undertakings as set out in Article 56.	No change					
743.	2. Member States and any designated competent authority, including the regulatory authorities, shall preserve the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information. Member States may provide for the disclosure of such information where this is necessary in order for the competent authorities to carry out their functions.	2. Member States and any designated competent authority, including the regulatory authorities, shall preserve the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information. Member States may provide for the disclosure of such information where this is necessary in order for the competent authorities to carry out their functions.	No change					
744.		Article 56						
745.	1. Member States shall take the necessary steps to ensure that the accounts of electricity undertakings are kept in accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3.	1. Member States shall take the necessary steps to ensure that the accounts of electricity undertakings are kept in accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3.	No change					
746.	2. Electricity undertakings, whatever their system of ownership or legal form, shall draw up, submit to audit and publish their annual accounts in accordance with the rules of	2. Electricity undertakings, whatever their system of ownership or legal form, shall draw up, submit to audit and publish their annual accounts in accordance with the rules of national	No change					

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	national law concerning the annual accounts of limited liability companies adopted pursuant to Directive	law concerning the annual accounts of limited liability companies adopted pursuant to Directive	
	2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁸ .	2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁹ .	
747.	Undertakings which are not legally	Undertakings which are not legally	No change
	obliged to publish their annual accounts shall keep a copy of these at	obliged to publish their annual	
	the disposal of the public in their head	accounts shall keep a copy of these at the disposal of the public in their	
	office.	head office.	
748.	3. Electricity undertakings shall, in	3. Electricity undertakings shall,	No change
	their internal accounting, keep separate	in their internal accounting, keep	
	accounts for each of their transmission	separate accounts for each of their	
	and distribution activities as they	transmission and distribution	
	would be required to do if the activities	activities as they would be required	
	in question were carried out by	to do if the activities in question were	
	separate undertakings, with a view to	carried out by separate undertakings,	
	avoiding discrimination, cross-	with a view to avoiding	
	subsidisation and distortion of	discrimination, cross-subsidisation	
	competition. They shall also keep	and distortion of competition. They	
	accounts, which may be consolidated,	shall also keep accounts, which may	
	for other electricity activities not	be consolidated, for other electricity	
	relating to transmission or distribution.	activities not relating to transmission	
	Revenue from ownership of the	or distribution. Revenue from	
	transmission or distribution system	ownership of the transmission or	
	shall be specified in the accounts.	distribution system shall be specified	
	Where appropriate, they shall keep	in the accounts. Where appropriate,	
	consolidated accounts for other, non-	they shall keep consolidated accounts	

Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated financial statements and related reports of certain types of undertakings, amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19)

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	electricity activities. The internal		for other, non-electricity activities.	
	accounts shall include a balance sheet		The internal accounts shall include a	
	and a profit and loss account for each		balance sheet and a profit and loss	
	activity.		account for each activity.	
749.	4. The audit referred to in		4. The audit referred to in	No change
	paragraph 2 shall, in particular, verify		paragraph 2 shall, in particular,	
	that the obligation to avoid		verify that the obligation to avoid	
	discrimination and cross-subsidies		discrimination and cross-subsidies	
	referred to in paragraph 3 is respected.		referred to in paragraph 3 is	
			respected.	
750.		CHAPTER VII NATIONAL RE		,
751.		Articl	e 57	
		Designation and independent	ce of regulatory authorities	
752.	1. Each Member State shall		1. Each Member State shall	Provisionally agreed in TM:
	designate a single national regulatory		designate a single [] regulatory	1. Each Member State shall
	authority at national level.		authority at national level.	designate a single regulatory
	,		_	authority at national level.
753.	2. Paragraph 1 shall be without		2. Paragraph 1 shall be without	No change
	prejudice to the designation of other		prejudice to the designation of other	
	regulatory authorities at regional level		regulatory authorities at regional	
	within Member States, provided that		level within Member States, provided	
	there is one senior representative for		that there is one senior representative	
	representation and contact purposes at		for representation and contact	
	Union level within the Board of		purposes at Union level within the	
	Regulators of the Agency in		Board of Regulators of the Agency in	
	accordance with Article 22(1) of		accordance with Article 22(1) of	
	[recast of Regulation 713/2009 as		[recast of Regulation 713/2009 as	
	proposed by COM(2016)863/2].		proposed by COM(2016)863/2].	
754.	3. By way of derogation from		3. By way of derogation from	No change
	paragraph 1, a Member State may		paragraph 1, a Member State may	
	designate regulatory authorities for		designate regulatory authorities for	
	small systems on a geographically		small systems on a geographically	
	separate region whose consumption, in		separate region whose consumption,	
	2008, accounted for less than 3 % of		in 2008, accounted for less than 3 %	
	the total consumption of the Member		of the total consumption of the	

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	State of which it is part. This	Member State of which it is part.	
	derogation shall be without prejudice	This derogation shall be without	
	to the appointment of one senior	prejudice to the appointment of one	
	representative for representation and	senior representative for	
	contact purposes at Union level within	representation and contact purposes	
	the Board of Regulators of the Agency	at Union level within the Board of	
	in compliance with [Article 22 (1) of	Regulators of the Agency in	
	recast of Regulation 713/2009 as	compliance with [Article 22 (1) of	
	proposed by COM(2016)863/2].	recast of Regulation 713/2009 as	
		proposed by COM(2016)863/2].	
755.	4. Member States shall guarantee	4. Member States shall guarantee	No change
	the independence of the regulatory	the independence of the regulatory	
	authority and shall ensure that it	authority and shall ensure that it	
	exercises its powers impartially and	exercises its powers impartially and	
	transparently. For this purpose,	transparently. For this purpose,	
	Member States shall ensure that, when	Member States shall ensure that,	
	carrying out the regulatory tasks	when carrying out the regulatory	
	conferred upon it by this Directive and	tasks conferred upon it by this	
	related legislation, the regulatory	Directive and related legislation, the	
	authority:	regulatory authority:	
756.		(a) is legally distinct and	No change
	functionally independent from any	functionally independent from any	
	other public or private entity;	other public or private entity;	
757.	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	(b) ensures that its staff and the	No change
	persons responsible for its	persons responsible for its	
	management:	management:	
758.		(i) act independently from any	No change
	market interest; and	market interest; and	
759.	(ii) do not seek or take direct	(ii) do not seek or take direct	No change
	instructions from any government or	instructions from any government or	
	other public or private entity when	other public or private entity when	
	carrying out the regulatory tasks. This	carrying out the regulatory tasks.	
	requirement is without prejudice to	This requirement is without prejudic	
	close cooperation, as appropriate, with	to close cooperation, as appropriate,	
	other relevant national authorities or to	with other relevant national	

	general policy guidelines issued by the government not related to the regulatory powers and duties under Article 59.		authorities or to general policy guidelines issued by the government not related to the regulatory powers and duties under Article 59.	
760.	independence of the regulatory authority, Member States shall in particular ensure that:		5. In order to protect the independence of the regulatory authority, Member States shall in particular ensure that:	No change
761.	(a) the regulatory authority can take autonomous decisions, independently from any political body, and has separate annual budget allocations, with autonomy in the implementation of the allocated budget, and adequate human and financial resources to carry out its duties; and	AM 154 (a) the regulatory authority can take autonomous decisions, independently from any political body;	(a) the regulatory authority can take autonomous decisions, independently from any political body, and has separate annual budget allocations, with autonomy in the implementation of the allocated budget, and adequate human and financial resources to carry out its duties; and	Provisionally agreed in TM: (a) the regulatory authority can take autonomous decisions, independently from any political body; (aa) the regulatory authority has all the necessary human and financial resources it needs to carry out its duties and powers in an effective and efficient manner; (ab) the regulatory authority has a separate annual budget allocations with autonomy in the implementation of the allocated budget; and
762.	(b) the members of the board of the regulatory authority or, in the absence of a board, the regulatory authority's top management are appointed for a fixed term of five up to seven years, renewable once;		(b) the members of the board of the regulatory authority or, in the absence of a board, the regulatory authority's top management are appointed for a fixed term of five up to seven years, renewable once;	No change
763.		AM 155 (ba) (new) the regulatory authority draws up a draft budget covering the regulatory tasks conferred upon it by this Directive and by related legislative acts, in order to provide		Provisionally agreed in the TM (covered in line 761)

		the regulatory authority with the human and financial resources it needs to carry out its duties and powers in an effective and efficient manner;		
764.		AM 156 (bb) (new) the ex-post control of a regulatory authority's annual accounts is performed by an independent auditor;		Provisionally agreed in TM: (ba) Member States may provide for an ex-post control of a regulatory authority's annual accounts performed by an independent auditor;
765.	(c) the members of the board of the regulatory authority or, in the absence of a board, the regulatory authority's top management are appointed based on objective, transparent and published criteria, in an independent and impartial procedure, which ensures that the candidates have the necessary skills and experience for any relevant position in the national regulatory authority and that parliamentary hearings are held;		(c) the members of the board of the regulatory authority or, in the absence of a board, the regulatory authority's top management are appointed based on objective, transparent and published criteria, in an independent and impartial procedure, which ensures that the candidates have the necessary skills and experience for any relevant position in the []regulatory authority [];	Provisionally agreed in TM: (c) the members of the board of the regulatory authority or, in the absence of a board, the regulatory authority's top management are appointed based on objective, transparent and published criteria, in an independent and impartial procedure, which ensures that the candidates have the necessary skills and experience for any relevant position in the regulatory authority;
766.	(d) conflict of interest provisions are in place and confidentiality obligations extend beyond the end of the mandate of the members of the board of the regulatory authority or, in the absence of a board, the regulatory authority's top management in the national regulatory authority;		(d) conflict of interest provisions are in place and confidentiality obligations extend beyond the end of the mandate of the members of the board of the regulatory authority or, in the absence of a board, the regulatory authority's top management in the []regulatory authority;	Provisionally agreed in TM: d) conflict of interest provisions are in place and confidentiality obligations extend beyond the end of the mandate of the members of the board of the regulatory authority or, in the absence of a board, the regulatory authority's top management in the regulatory authority;

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767.	(e) the members of the board of the regulatory authority or, in the absence of a board, the regulatory authority's top management can be dismissed only based on transparent criteria in place.		(e) the members of the board of the regulatory authority or, in the absence of a board, the regulatory authority's top management can be dismissed only based on transparent criteria in place.	No change
768.	In regard to point (b) of the first subparagraph, Member States shall ensure an appropriate rotation scheme for the board or the top management. The members of the board or, in the absence of a board, members of the top management may be relieved from office during their term only if they no longer fulfil the conditions set out in this Article or have been guilty of misconduct under national law.		In regard to point (b) of the first subparagraph, Member States shall ensure an appropriate rotation scheme for the board or the top management. The members of the board or, in the absence of a board, members of the top management may be relieved from office during their term only if they no longer fulfil the conditions set out in this Article or have been guilty of misconduct under national law.	No change
769.		AM 157 5a. (new) By [three years after the date of entry into force of this Directive] and every three years thereafter, the Commission shall present a report to the European Parliament and the Council on national authorities' compliance with the principle of independence, pursuant to this Article.		Provisionally agreed in TM: 5a. (new) By [three years after the date of entry into force of this Directive] and every four years thereafter, the Commission shall present a report to the European Parliament and the Council on national authorities' compliance with the principle of independence, pursuant to this Article.
770.		Articl General objectives of th		
771.	In carrying out the regulatory tasks specified in this Directive, the regulatory authority shall take all reasonable measures in pursuit of the following objectives within the framework of their duties and powers	Series at vojecures of the	In carrying out the regulatory tasks specified in this Directive, the regulatory authority shall take all reasonable measures in pursuit of the following objectives within the framework of their duties and powers	Provisionally agreed in TM: In carrying out the regulatory tasks specified in this Directive, the regulatory authority shall take all reasonable measures in pursuit of the following objectives within the

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	as laid down in Article 59, in close consultation with other relevant national authorities including competition authorities and authorities from neighbouring countries, including third countries as appropriate, and without prejudice to their competencies:	as laid down in Article 59, in close consultation with other relevant national authorities including competition authorities and authorities, including regulatory authorities, from neighbouring countries, including third countries as appropriate, and without prejudice to their competencies:	framework of their duties and powers as laid down in Article 59, in close consultation with other relevant national authorities including competition authorities and authorities, including regulatory authorities, from neighbouring countries, including third countries as appropriate, and without prejudice to their competencies:
772.	(a) promoting, in close cooperation with the Agency, regulatory authorities of other Member States and the Commission, a competitive, flexible, secure and environmentally sustainable internal market in electricity within the Union, and effective market opening for all customers and suppliers in the Union and ensuring appropriate conditions for the effective and reliable operation of electricity networks, taking into account long-term objectives;	(a) promoting, in close cooperation with the Agency, regulatory authorities of other Member States and the Commission, a competitive, flexible, secure and environmentally sustainable internal market in electricity within the Union, and effective market opening for all customers and suppliers in the Union and ensuring appropriate conditions for the effective and reliable operation of electricity networks, taking into account long-term objectives;	No change
773.	(b) developing competitive and properly functioning regional cross-border, markets within the Union in view of the achievement of the objectives referred to in point (a);	(b) developing competitive and properly functioning regional crossborder, markets within the Union in view of the achievement of the objectives referred to in point (a);	No change
774.	(c) eliminating restrictions on trade in electricity between Member States, including developing appropriate	(c) eliminating restrictions on trade in electricity between Member States, including developing	No change

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775.	cross-border transmission capacities to meet demand and enhancing the integration of national markets which may facilitate electricity flows across the Union; (d) helping to achieve, in the most cost-effective way, the development of secure, reliable and efficient non-discriminatory systems that are consumer oriented, and promoting system adequacy and, in line with general energy policy objectives, energy efficiency as well as the integration of large and small-scale production of electricity from renewable energy sources and distributed generation in both transmission and distribution networks and in facilitating their operation in relation to other energy networks of gas or heat;	appropriate cross-border transmission capacities to meet demand and enhancing the integration of national markets which may facilitate electricity flows across the Union; (d) helping to achieve, in the most cost-effective way, the development of secure, reliable and efficient non-discriminatory systems that are consumer oriented, and promoting system adequacy and, in line with general energy policy objectives, energy efficiency as well as the integration of large and small-scale production of electricity from renewable energy sources and distributed generation in both transmission and distribution networks and in facilitating their operation in relation to other energy	No change
776.	(e) facilitating access to the network for new generation capacity and energy storage facilities, in particular removing barriers that could prevent access for new market entrants and of electricity from renewable energy sources;	networks of gas or heat; (e) facilitating access to the network for new generation capacity and energy storage facilities, in particular removing barriers that could prevent access for new market entrants and of electricity from renewable energy sources;	No change
777.	(f) ensuring that system operators and system users are granted appropriate incentives, in both the short and the long term, to increase efficiencies, especially energy	(f) ensuring that system operators and system users are granted appropriate incentives, in both the short and the long term, to increase efficiencies, especially energy	No change

	efficiency, in system performance and		efficiency, in system performance	
	foster market integration;		and foster market integration;	
778.	(g) ensuring that customers benefit through the efficient functioning of their national market, promoting effective competition and helping to	AM 158 (g) ensuring that customers benefit through the efficient functioning of their national market <i>and their</i>	(g) ensuring that customers benefit through the efficient functioning of their national market, promoting effective competition and helping to	Provisionally agreed at the TM: g) ensuring that customers benefit through the efficient functioning of their national market,
	ensure consumer protection;	participation therein is not restricted, promoting effective competition and to guarantee consumer protection in close cooperation with relevant consumer protection authorities;	ensure consumer protection;	promoting effective competition and helping to ensure a high level of consumer protection in close cooperation with relevant consumer protection authorities;
779.	(h) helping to achieve high standards of universal and public service in electricity supply, contributing to the protection of vulnerable customers and contributing to the compatibility of necessary data exchange processes for customer switching.		(h) helping to achieve high standards of universal and public service in electricity supply, contributing to the protection of vulnerable customers and contributing to the compatibility of necessary data exchange processes for customer switching.	No change
780.		Article	2 59	
		Duties and powers of the		
781.	1. The regulatory authority shall have the following duties:		1. The regulatory authority shall have the following duties:	No change
782.	(a) fixing or approving, in accordance with transparent criteria, transmission or distribution tariffs and their methodologies;		(a) fixing or approving, in accordance with transparent criteria, transmission or distribution tariffs [] or their methodologies;	New compromise proposal: (a) fixing or approving, in accordance with transparent criteria, transmission or distribution tariffs or their methodologies or both.
783.	(b) ensuring compliance of transmission and distribution system operators and, where relevant, system owners, as well as of any electricity undertakings and other market participants, with their obligations		(b) ensuring compliance of transmission and distribution system operators and, where relevant, system owners, as well as of any electricity undertakings and other market participants, with their obligations	New compromise proposal: (b) ensuring compliance of transmission and distribution system operators and, where relevant, system owners, as well as of any electricity undertakings and other

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under this Directive, the [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], the network codes adopted pursuant to Article 54 and Article 55 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], and the guidelines adopted pursuant to Article 57 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2 and other relevant Union legislation, including as regards cross-border issues:

under this Directive, the [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], the network codes adopted pursuant to Article 54 and Article 55 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], and the guidelines adopted pursuant to Article 57 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2and other relevant Union legislation, including as regards cross-border issues;

market participants, with their obligations under this Directive, the [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], the network codes adopted pursuant to Article 54 and Article 55 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], and the guidelines adopted pursuant to Article 57 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2and other relevant Union legislation, including as regards cross-border issues, and decisions of the Agency; (ba) in close coordination with the other regulatory authorities, ensuring compliance of ENTSO-E and the EU DSO entity with their obligations under this Directive, the [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], the network codes adopted pursuant to Article 54 and Article 55 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2], and the guidelines adopted pursuant to Article 57 of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/21 and other relevant Union legislation. including as regards cross-border issues, and decisions of the Agency and jointly identify non-

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			compliance of ENTSO-E and the EU DSO entity with their
			respective obligations;
784.		(c) approving products and	No change
	procurement process for non-	procurement process for non-	
	frequency ancillary services;	frequency ancillary services;	
785.	(d) implementing the network codes	(d) implementing the network	No change
	and Guidelines adopted pursuant to	codes and Guidelines adopted	
	Articles 54 to 57 of the [recast of	pursuant to Articles 54 to 57 of the	
	Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by	recast of Regulation 714/2009 as	
	COM(2016)861/2] through national	proposed by COM(2016)861/2]	
	measures or, where so required,	through national measures or, where	
	coordinated regional or Union-wide	so required, coordinated regional or	
	measures;	Union-wide measures;	
786.	(e) cooperating in regard to cross-	(e) cooperating in regard to cross-	No change
	border issues with the regulatory	border issues with the regulatory	
	authority or authorities of the Member	authority or authorities of the	
	States concerned and with the Agency,	Member States concerned and with	
	in particular through participation in	the Agency, in particular through	
	the work of the Agency's Board of	participation in the work of the	
	Regulators pursuant to Article 22 of	Agency's Board of Regulators	
	[recast of Regulation 713/2009 as	pursuant to Article 22 of [recast of	
	proposed by COM(2016)863/2];	Regulation 713/2009 as proposed by	
		COM(2016)863/2];	
787.	(f) complying with, and	(f) complying with, and	No change
	implementing, any relevant legally	implementing, any relevant legally	
	binding decisions of the Agency and of	binding decisions of the Agency and	
	the Commission;	of the Commission;	
788.	(g) ensuring that interconnector	(g) ensuring that transmission	Provisionally agreed in TM:
	capacities are made available to the	system operators, make available	(g) ensuring that transmission
	utmost extent pursuant to Article 14 of	interconnector capacities [] to the	system operators, make available
	[recast of Regulation 714/2009 as	utmost extent pursuant to Article 14	interconnector capacities to the
	proposed by COM(2016)861/2];	of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as	utmost extent pursuant to Article 14
		proposed by COM(2016)861/2];	of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as
			proposed by COM(2016)861/2];

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789.	(h) reporting annually on its activity and the fulfilment of its duties to the relevant authorities of the Member	(h) reporting annually on its activity and the fulfilment of its duties to the relevant authorities of	No change
	States, the Agency and the	the Member States, the Agency and	
	Commission. Such reports shall cover the steps taken and the results obtained	the Commission. Such reports shall cover the steps taken and the results	
	as regards each of the tasks listed in	obtained as regards each of the tasks	
	this Article;	listed in this Article;	
790.		(i) ensuring that there are no	New compromise proposal:
	subsidies between transmission,	cross-subsidies between	(i) ensuring that there are no
	distribution, and supply activities;	transmission, distribution, and supply	cross-subsidies between
		activities;	transmission, distribution, and
			supply activities or other electricity and non-electricity activities;
			and non-electricity activities,
			(i)(a) allowing transmission or
			distribution system operators to
			perform activities other than those
			provided for in this Directive and
			in Regulation (EU) Recast of
			Regulation 714/2009 as proposed
			<u>by COM 2016 861/2</u>] where such
			activities are necessary for the
			transmission or distribution
			system operators to fulfil their obligations under this Directive or
			Regulation (EU) Recast of
			Regulation 714/2009 as proposed
			<i>by COM 2016 861/2</i>] for the
			efficient, reliable and secure
			operation of the transmission or
			distribution system. This is
			without prejudice to the right of
			transmission or distribution
			system operators to own, develop,
			manage or operate networks other
			than electricity networks;

791.	(j) monitoring investment plans of the transmission system operators, and providing in its annual report an assessment of the investment plans of the transmission system operators as regards their consistency with the Union -wide network development plan referred to in Article 27(1)(b) of the [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2]; such assessment may include recommendations to amend those investment plans; (k) measuring the performance of the transmission system operators and distribution system operators in relation to the development of a smart grid that promotes energy efficiency and the integration of energy from renewable sources based on a limited set of Union-wide indicators, and publish a national report every 2 years, including recommendations for improvement where necessary;	the transmission and providing in assessment of the the transmission regards their contunion -wide network plan referred to in the [recast of Regproposed by COI assessment may recommendation investment plans (k) [] assessing of the transmission and distribution strelation to the design of the transmission and distribution strelation to the design of the transmission and publish a national publish a national publish a national providing investment plans.	ns to amend those s; ng the performance ion system operators system operators in evelopment of a promotes energy Provisionally agreed in TM (corresponding recital 60a, line 81) (k) monitoring and assessing the performance of the transmission system operators and distribution agreement of the performance of the transmission system operators in relation to the	sh
793.	(l) setting or approving standards and requirements for quality of service and supply or contributing thereto together with other competent authorities and monitoring compliance with and reviewing the past performance of network security and reliability rules;	and requirements service and supply thereto together wanthorities and many compliance with	rapproving standards ts for quality of ply or contributing with other competent monitoring h and reviewing the ce of network security	

794.	(m) monitoring the level of transparency, including of wholesale prices, and ensuring compliance of electricity undertakings with transparency obligations;		(m) monitoring the level of transparency, including of wholesale prices, and ensuring compliance of electricity undertakings with transparency obligations;	No change
795.	(n) monitoring the level and effectiveness of market opening and competition at wholesale and retail levels, including on electricity exchanges, prices for household customers including prepayment systems, switching rates, disconnection rates, charges for and the execution of maintenance services, and complaints by household customers, as well as any distortion or restriction of competition, including providing any relevant information, and bringing any relevant cases to the relevant competition authorities;	(n) monitoring the level and effectiveness of market opening and competition at wholesale and retail levels, including on electricity exchanges, prices for household customers including prepayment systems, impact of dynamic price contracts and of the use of smart meter, switching rates, disconnection rates, charges for and the execution of maintenance services, the relationship between household and wholesale prices, the evolution of grid tariffs and levies and complaints by household customers, as well as any distortion or restriction of competition, including providing any relevant information, and bringing any relevant cases to the relevant competition authorities;	(n) monitoring the level and effectiveness of market opening and competition at wholesale and retail levels, including on electricity exchanges, prices for household customers including prepayment systems, switching rates, disconnection rates, charges for and the execution of maintenance services, and complaints by household customers, as well as any distortion or restriction of competition, including providing any relevant information, and bringing any relevant cases to the relevant competition authorities;	Provisionally agreed in TM: (n) monitoring the level and effectiveness of market opening and competition at wholesale and retail levels, including on electricity exchanges, prices for household customers including prepayment systems, impact of dynamic price contracts and of the use of smart meter, switching rates, disconnection rates, charges for and the execution of maintenance services, the relationship between household and wholesale prices, the evolution of grid tariffs and levies and complaints by household customers, as well as any distortion or restriction of competition, including providing any relevant information, and bringing any relevant cases to the relevant competition authorities;
796.	(o) monitoring the occurrence of restrictive contractual practices, including exclusivity clauses which may prevent large non-household customers from contracting simultaneously with more than one supplier or restrict their choice to do so, and, where appropriate, informing	AM 160 (o) monitoring the occurrence of restrictive contractual practices, including exclusivity clauses which may prevent customers from contracting simultaneously with more than one supplier or restrict their choice to do so, and, where	(o) monitoring the occurrence of restrictive contractual practices, including exclusivity clauses which may prevent large non-household customers from contracting simultaneously with more than one supplier or restrict their choice to do so, and, where appropriate, informing	Provisionally agreed in TM: (o) monitoring the occurrence of restrictive contractual practices, including exclusivity clauses which may prevent non-household customers from contracting simultaneously with more than one supplier or restrict their choice to do

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	the national competition authorities of such practices;	appropriate, informing the national competition authorities of such practices;	the national competition authorities of such practices;	so, and, where appropriate, informing the national competition authorities of such practices;
797.		AM 161 (oa) (new) monitoring and reporting on consumer participation, and the availability and potential of flexibility, in the energy system;		Provisionally agreed in TM (content covered by AM 159 and line 652 of the Regulation (subject to agreement):
798.	(p) monitoring the time taken by transmission and distribution system operators to make connections and repairs;		(p) monitoring the time taken by transmission and distribution system operators to make connections and repairs;	No change
799.	other relevant authorities, that the consumer protection measures are effective and enforced;	AM 162 (q) helping to ensure, together with other relevant authorities, that the new and existing consumer protection measures, including for active customers, are effective and enforced; monitoring the removal of unjustified obstacles and restrictions to the development of self-consumption and local energy communities;	(q) helping to ensure, together with other relevant authorities, that the consumer protection measures are effective and enforced;	Provisionally agreed in TM: (AM 162 partly covered in line 807): (q) helping to ensure, together with other relevant authorities, that the consumer protection measures are effective and enforced;
800.	(r) publishing recommendations, at least annually, in relation to compliance of supply prices with Article 5, and providing these to the competition authorities, where appropriate;		(r) publishing recommendations, at least annually, in relation to compliance of supply prices with Article 5, and providing these to the competition authorities, where appropriate;	No change
801.	(s) ensuring access to customer consumption data, the provision, for optional use, of an easily understandable harmonised format at national level for consumption data, and prompt access for all customers to	AM 163 (s) ensuring <i>non-discriminatory</i> access to customer consumption data, the provision, for optional use, of an easily understandable harmonised format at national level for	(s) ensuring access to customer consumption data, the provision, for optional use, of an easily understandable harmonised format at national level for consumption data, and prompt access for all customers	Provisionally agreed in TM: (s) ensuring <u>non-discriminatory</u> access to customer consumption data, the provision, for optional use, of an easily understandable harmonised format at national level

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	such data pursuant to Articles 23 and	consumption data, and prompt access	to such data pursuant to Articles 23	for consumption data, and prompt
	24;	for all customers to such data	and 24;	access for all customers to such data
	21,	pursuant to Articles 23 and 24;	and 21,	pursuant to Articles 23 and 24;
802.	(t) monitoring the implementation	pursuant to Articles 23 and 24,	(t) monitoring the	No change
002.	of rules relating to the roles and		implementation of rules relating to	No change
	responsibilities of transmission system		the roles and responsibilities of	
	operators, distribution system		transmission system operators,	
	operators, suppliers and customers and		distribution system operators,	
	other market parties pursuant to [recast		suppliers and customers and other	
	of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by		market parties pursuant to [recast of	
	COM(2016)861/2]		Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by	
			COM(2016)861/2;	
803.	(u) monitoring investment in		(u) monitoring investment in	No change
	generation and storage capacities in		generation and storage capacities in	
	relation to security of supply;		relation to security of supply;	
804.	(v) monitoring technical		(v) monitoring technical	No change
	cooperation between Union and third-		cooperation between Union and	
	country transmission system operators;		third-country transmission system	
			operators;	
805.	(w) contributing to the compatibility		(w) contributing to the	No change
	of data exchange processes for the		compatibility of data exchange	
	most important market processes at		processes for the most important	
	regional level.		market processes at regional level.	
806.	(x) monitoring the availability of	AM 164		Provisionally agreed in TM:
	comparison websites, including	(x) monitoring the availability of	(x) monitoring the availability	(x) monitoring the availability of
	comparison tools that fulfil the criteria	comparison <i>tools</i> , including	of comparison tools [] that fulfil	comparison tools that fulfil the
	set out in Article 14 and Annex I.	comparison websites, apps and other	the criteria set out in Article 14 [].	criteria set out in Article 14.
		interactive means, that fulfil the		
		criteria set out in Article 14.		
807.			(xa) monitoring the development	Provisionally agreed at the TM:
			of energy communities established	(xa) monitoring the removal of
			in accordance with Article 16.	unjustified obstacles and
			in accordance with the tiefe 10.	restrictions to the development of
				self-consumption and citizens
				energy communities.
				chergy communities.

808.	2. Where a Member State has so provided, the monitoring duties set out in paragraph 1 may be carried out by other authorities than the regulatory authority. In such a case, the information resulting from such monitoring shall be made available to the regulatory authority as soon as possible.	2. Where a Member State has so provided, the monitoring duties set out in paragraph 1 may be carried out by other authorities than the regulatory authority. In such a case, the information resulting from such monitoring shall be made available to the regulatory authority as soon as possible.	No change
809.	While preserving their independence, without prejudice to their own specific competencies and consistent with the principles of better regulation, the regulatory authority shall, as appropriate, consult transmission system operators and, as appropriate, closely cooperate with other relevant national authorities when carrying out the duties set out in paragraph 1.	While preserving their independence, without prejudice to their own specific competencies and consistent with the principles of better regulation, the regulatory authority shall, as appropriate, consult transmission system operators and, as appropriate, closely cooperate with other relevant national authorities when carrying out the duties set out in paragraph 1.	No change
810.	authority or the Agency under this Directive are without prejudice to any duly justified future use of its powers by the regulatory authority under this Article or to any penalties imposed by other relevant authorities or the Commission.	Any approvals given by a regulatory authority or the Agency under this Directive are without prejudice to any duly justified future use of its powers by the regulatory authority under this Article or to any penalties imposed by other relevant authorities or the Commission.	No change
811.	3. Member States shall ensure that regulatory authorities are granted the powers enabling them to carry out the duties referred to in this Article in an efficient and expeditious manner. For this purpose, the regulatory authority	3. Member States shall ensure that regulatory authorities are granted the powers enabling them to carry out the duties referred to in this Article in an efficient and expeditious manner. For this purpose,	No change

	shall have at least the following		the regulatory authority shall have at	
	powers:		least the following powers:	
812.			(a) to issue binding decisions on	No change
	electricity undertakings;		electricity undertakings;	
813.	(b) to carry out investigations into		(b) to carry out investigations into	No change
	the functioning of the electricity		the functioning of the electricity	
	markets, and to decide upon and		markets, and to decide upon and	
	impose any necessary and		impose any necessary and	
	proportionate measures to promote		proportionate measures to promote	
	effective competition and ensure the		effective competition and ensure the	
	proper functioning of the market.		proper functioning of the market.	
	Where appropriate, the regulatory		Where appropriate, the regulatory	
	authority shall also have the power to		authority shall also have the power to	
	cooperate with the national		cooperate with the national	
	competition authority and the financial		competition authority and the	
	market regulators or the Commission		financial market regulators or the	
	in conducting an investigation relating		Commission in conducting an	
	to competition law;		investigation relating to competition	
			law;	
814.			(c) to require any information	No change
	electricity undertakings relevant for		from electricity undertakings relevant	
	the fulfilment of its tasks, including the		for the fulfilment of its tasks,	
	justification for any refusal to grant		including the justification for any	
	third-party access, and any information		refusal to grant third-party access,	
	on measures necessary to reinforce the		and any information on measures	
01.5	network;		necessary to reinforce the network;	D
815.	1 \ /	AM 165	(d) to impose effective,	Provisionally agreed in TM:
	proportionate and dissuasive penalties	(d) at its own initiative or upon	proportionate and dissuasive	(d) to impose effective,
	on electricity undertakings not	request from the Agency to enforce	penalties on electricity undertakings	proportionate and dissuasive
	complying with their obligations under	its binding decisions, to impose	not complying with their obligations	penalties on electricity undertakings
	this Directive or any relevant legally	effective, proportionate and	under this Directive or any relevant	not complying with their obligations
	binding decisions of the regulatory	dissuasive penalties on electricity	legally binding decisions of the	under this Directive or any relevant
	authority or of the Agency, or to	undertakings, ENTSO of Electricity	regulatory authority or of the	legally binding decisions of the
	propose that a competent court impose	or regional coordination centres, not	Agency, or to propose that a	regulatory authority or of the
	such penalties. This shall include the	complying with their obligations	competent court impose such	Agency, or to propose that a

	power to impose or propose the imposition of penalties of up to 10 % of the annual turnover of the transmission system operator or of up to 10 % of the annual turnover of the vertically integrated undertaking on the vertically integrated undertaking, as the case may be, for noncompliance with their respective obligations pursuant to this Directive; and	under this Directive, Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016) 861/2], or any relevant legally binding decisions of the regulatory authority or of the Agency, or to propose that a competent court impose such penalties. This shall include the power to impose or propose the imposition of penalties of up to 10 % of the annual turnover of the transmission system operator on the transmission system operator or of up to 10 % of the annual turnover of the vertically integrated undertaking on the vertically integrated undertaking, as the case may be, for non-compliance with their respective obligations pursuant to this Directive; and	penalties. This shall include the power to impose or propose the imposition of penalties of up to 10 % of the annual turnover of the transmission system operator or of up to 10 % of the annual turnover of the vertically integrated undertaking on the vertically integrated undertaking, as the case may be, for noncompliance with their respective obligations pursuant to this Directive; and	competent court impose such penalties. This shall include the power to impose or propose the imposition of penalties of up to 10 % of the annual turnover of the transmission system operator or of up to 10 % of the annual turnover of the vertically integrated undertaking on the vertically integrated undertaking, as the case may be, for non-compliance with their respective obligations pursuant to this Directive; and
816.	(e) appropriate rights of investigations and relevant powers of instructions for dispute settlement under Article 60 (2) and (3).		(e) appropriate rights of investigations and relevant powers of instructions for dispute settlement under Article 60 (2) and (3).	(e) appropriate rights of investigations and relevant powers of instructions for dispute settlement under Article 60 (2) and (3). New compromise proposal: (3a) The regulatory authority located in the Member State where the ENTSO-E or the EU DSO entity has its seat shall have the power to impose effective, proportionate and dissuasive penalties on these entities not complying with their obligations under this Directive, Regulation

			(EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016) 861/2] or any relevant legally binding decisions of the regulatory authority or of the Agency, or to propose that a competent court imposes such penalties.
817.		4. In addition to the duties	No change
	conferred upon it under paragraph 1 and 3 of this Article, when an	conferred upon it under paragraph 1 and 3 of this Article, when an	
	independent system operator has been	independent system operator has	
	designated under Article 44, the	been designated under Article 44,	
	regulatory authority shall:	the regulatory authority shall:	
818.	<u> </u>	(a) monitor the transmission	No change
	owner's and the independent system	system owner's and the independent	O
	operator's compliance with their	system operator's compliance with	
	obligations under this Article, and	their obligations under this Article,	
	issue penalties for non-compliance in	and issue penalties for non-	
	accordance with paragraph 3 (d);	compliance in accordance with	
		paragraph 3 (d);	
819.		(b) monitor the relations and	No change
	communications between the	communications between the	
	independent system operator and the	independent system operator and the	
	transmission system owner so as to	transmission system owner so as to	
	ensure compliance of the independent	ensure compliance of the	
	system operator with its obligations,	independent system operator with its	
	and in particular approve contracts and	obligations, and in particular approve	
	act as a dispute settlement authority	contracts and act as a dispute	
	between the independent system operator and the transmission system	settlement authority between the independent system operator and the	
	owner in respect of any complaint	transmission system owner in respect	
	submitted by either party pursuant to	of any complaint submitted by either	
	paragraph 11;	party pursuant to paragraph 11;	
	paragraph 11,	party pursuant to paragraph 11,	

820.	(c) without prejudice to the	(c) without prejudice to the	No change
	procedure under Article 442)(c), for	procedure under Article 44(2)(c), for	
	the first ten-year network development	the first ten-year network	
	plan, approve the investments planning	development plan, approve the	
	and the multi-annual network	investments planning and the multi-	
	development plan presented at least	annual network development plan	
	every two years by the independent	presented at least every two years by	
	system operator;	the independent system operator;	
821.	(d) ensure that network access	(d) ensure that network access	No change
	tariffs collected by the independent	tariffs collected by the independent	
	system operator include remuneration	system operator include	
	for the network owner or network	remuneration for the network owner	
	owners, which provides for adequate	or network owners, which provides	
	remuneration of the network assets and	for adequate remuneration of the	
	of any new investments made therein,	network assets and of any new	
	provided they are economically and	investments made therein, provided	
	efficiently incurred;	they are economically and efficiently	
		incurred;	
822.		(e) have the powers to carry out	No change
	inspections, including unannounced	inspections, including unannounced	
	inspections, at the premises of	inspections, at the premises of	
	transmission system owner and	transmission system owner and	
	independent system operator; and	independent system operator; and	
823.		(f) monitor the use of congestion	No change
	charges collected by the independent	charges collected by the independent	
	system operator in accordance with	system operator in accordance with	
	[Article 17(2) of recast of Regulation	[Article 17(2) of recast of Regulation	
	714/2009 as proposed by	714/2009 as proposed by	
	COM(2016)861/2].	COM(2016)861/2].	
824.		5. In addition to the duties and	No change
	powers conferred on it under	powers conferred on it under	
	paragraphs 1 and 3 4 of this Article,	paragraphs 1 and 3 of this Article,	
	when a transmission system operator	when a transmission system operator	
	has been designated in accordance	has been designated in accordance	
	with Section 3 of Chapter VI, the	with Section 3 of Chapter VI, the	

	regulatory authority shall be granted at	regulatory authority shal	
	least the following duties and powers:	at least the following dut	ies and
		powers:	
825.	(a) to issue penalties in accordance	(a) to issue penalties	n No change
	with paragraph 3 (d) for discriminatory	accordance with paragra	oh 3 (d) for
	behaviour in favour of the vertically	discriminatory behaviou	in favour of
	integrated undertaking;	the vertically integrated	undertaking;
826.	(b) to monitor communications	(b) to monitor commu	nications No change
	between the transmission system	between the transmission	system
	operator and the vertically integrated	operator and the vertical	y integrated
	undertaking so as to ensure compliance	undertaking so as to ensu	ire
	of the transmission system operator	compliance of the transn	nission
	with its obligations;	system operator with its	
827.	(c) to act as dispute settlement	(c) to act as dispute so	ettlement No change
	authority between the vertically	authority between the ve	
	integrated undertaking and the	integrated undertaking a	nd the
	transmission system operator in	transmission system ope	rator in
	respect of any complaint submitted	respect of any complaint	submitted
	pursuant to Article 60(2);	pursuant to Article 60(2)	•
828.		(d) to monitor comme	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	financial relations including loans	financial relations include	
	between the vertically integrated	between the vertically in	
	undertaking and the transmission	undertaking and the tran	smission
	system operator;	system operator;	
829.		(e) to approve all com	
	financial agreements between the	financial agreements bet	
	vertically integrated undertaking and	vertically integrated und	
	the transmission system operator on	the transmission system	
	the condition that they comply with	the condition that they co	omply with
	market conditions;	market conditions;	
830.		(f) to request justification	
	vertically integrated undertaking when	the vertically integrated	
	notified by the compliance officer in	when notified by the cor	
	accordance with Article 50(4). Such	officer in accordance with	
	justification shall, in particular, include	50(4). Such justification	
	evidence to the end that no	particular, include evide	nce to the

	discriminatory behaviour to the advantage of the vertically integrated	end that no discriming to the advantage of the	
	undertaking has occurred;	integrated undertakin	
831.	i	(g) to carry out in including unannounce premises of the verti	ispections, No change ced ones, on the
	undertaking and the transmission system operator; and	undertaking and the system operator; and	transmission
832.	· ·		r specific tasks system operator extem operator ance with Article stent breach by tem operator of this Directive, in repeated viour to the
833.	6. The regulatory authorities shall, except in cases where the Agency is competent to fix and approve the terms and conditions or methodologies for the implementation of network codes and guidelines under Chapter VII of [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)861/2] pursuant to Article 5(2) of [recast of Regulation 713/2009 as proposed by COM(2016)863/2] because of their coordinated nature, be responsible for fixing or approving sufficiently in advance of their entry into force at least the national methodologies used to calculate or establish the terms and	6. The regulatory shall, except in cases Agency is competen approve the terms ar methodologies for the implementation of n guidelines under Challer (Frecast of Regulation proposed by COM(2) pursuant to Article 5 Regulation 713/2009 COM(2016)863/2] be coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of their entitle least the national methodologies for the increase of the competence of the competence of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving advance of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving nature of the coordinated nature, I for fixing or approving nature of the coordinated nature, I for fixing nature of the coordinated nature of	s where the t to fix and and conditions or ne etwork codes and apter VII of n 714/2009 as 2016)861/2] 6(2) of [recast of 9 as proposed by because of their be responsible ang sufficiently in ry into force at

	conditions for:		to calculate or establish the terms and conditions for:	
834.	national networks, including transmission and distribution tariffs or their methodologies. Those tariffs or methodologies shall allow the necessary investments in the networks to be carried out in a manner allowing those investments to ensure the viability of the networks;		(a) connection and access to national networks, including transmission and distribution tariffs or their methodologies. Those tariffs or methodologies shall allow the necessary investments in the networks to be carried out in a manner allowing those investments to ensure the viability of the networks;	No change
835.	(b) the provision of ancillary services which shall be performed in the most economic manner possible and provide appropriate incentives for network users to balance their input and off-takes. The ancillary services shall be provided in a fair and non-discriminatory manner and be based on objective criteria; and		(b) the provision of ancillary services which shall be performed in the most economic manner possible and provide appropriate incentives for network users to balance their input and off-takes. The ancillary services shall be provided in a fair and non-discriminatory manner and be based on objective criteria; and	No change
836.	(c) access to cross-border infrastructures, including the procedures for the allocation of capacity and congestion management.		(c) access to cross-border infrastructures, including the procedures for the allocation of capacity and congestion management.	No change
837.	and conditions referred to in paragraph 6 shall be published.		7. The methodologies or the terms and conditions referred to in paragraph 6 shall be published.	No change
838.	8. With a view to increasing transparency in the market and provide to all interested parties all necessary information, decisions or proposals for a decision concerning transmission and	AM 166 8. With a view to increasing transparency in the market and provide to all interested parties all necessary information, decisions or	8. With a view to increasing transparency in the market and provide to all interested parties all necessary information, decisions or proposals for a decision concerning	Provisionally agreed in TM: 8. With a view to increasing transparency in the market and provide to all interested parties all necessary information, decisions or

	distribution tariffs as referred in Article 60(3), regulatory authorities shall make available to market parties the detailed methodology and underlying costs used for the calculation of the relevant network tariffs.	proposals for a decision concerning transmission and distribution tariffs as referred in Article 60(3), regulatory authorities shall make available to market parties the detailed methodology and underlying costs used for the calculation of the relevant network tariffs by taking into account the investment cost, added value of distributed generation, flexibility, digitalisation, demand response, storage and use of the networks by system users including active customers and other factors.	transmission and distribution tariffs as referred in Article 60(3), regulatory authorities shall make available to market parties the detailed methodology and underlying costs used for the calculation of the relevant network tariffs, subject to applicable rule on confidentiality.	proposals for a decision concerning transmission and distribution tariffs as referred in Article 60(3), regulatory authorities shall make available to market parties the detailed methodology and underlying costs used for the calculation of the relevant network tariffs, while preserving the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information.
839.	9. The regulatory authorities shall monitor congestion management of national electricity systems including interconnectors, and the implementation of congestion management rules. To that end, transmission system operators or market operators shall submit their congestion management rules, including capacity allocation, to the national regulatory authorities. National regulatory authorities may request amendments to those rules.		9. The regulatory authorities shall monitor congestion management of national electricity systems including interconnectors, and the implementation of congestion management rules. To that end, transmission system operators or market operators shall submit their congestion management rules, including capacity allocation, to the national regulatory authorities. National regulatory authorities may request amendments to those rules.	No change
840.		Article Decisions and	e 60	
841.	1. Regulatory authorities shall have the authority to require transmission and distribution system operators, if necessary, to modify the terms and conditions, including tariffs		1. Regulatory authorities shall have the authority to require transmission and distribution system operators, if necessary, to modify the terms and conditions, including	No change

	or methodologies referred to Article	tariffs or methodologies referred to	
	59, to ensure that they are	Article 59, to ensure that they are	
	proportionate and applied in a non-	proportionate and applied in a non-	
	discriminatory manner, in line with	discriminatory manner, in line with	
	Article 16 of [recast of Regulation	Article 16 of [recast of Regulation	
	714/2009 as proposed by	714/2009 as proposed by	
	COM(2016)861/2]. In the event of	COM(2016)861/2]. In the event of	
	delay in the fixing of transmission and	delay in the fixing of transmission	
	distribution tariffs, regulatory	and distribution tariffs, regulatory	
	authorities shall have the power to fix	authorities shall have the power to fix	
	or approve provisional transmission	or approve provisional transmission	
	and distribution tariffs or	and distribution tariffs or	
	methodologies and to decide on the	methodologies and to decide on the	
	appropriate compensatory measures if	appropriate compensatory measures	
	the final transmission and distribution	if the final transmission and	
	tariffs or methodologies deviate from	distribution tariffs or methodologies	
	those provisional tariffs or	deviate from those provisional tariffs	
	methodologies.	or methodologies.	
842.	2. Any party having a complaint	2. Any party having a complaint	No change
	against a transmission or distribution	against a transmission or distribution	
	system operator in relation to that	system operator in relation to that	
	operator's obligations under this	operator's obligations under this	
	Directive may refer the complaint to	Directive may refer the complaint to	
	the regulatory authority which, acting	the regulatory authority which, acting	
	as dispute settlement authority, shall	as dispute settlement authority, shall	
	issue a decision within a period of two	issue a decision within a period of	
	months after receipt of the complaint.	two months after receipt of the	
	That period may be extended by two	complaint. That period may be	
	months where additional information	extended by two months where	
	is sought by the regulatory authority.	additional information is sought by	
	That extended period may be further	the regulatory authority. That	
	extended with the agreement of the	extended period may be further	
	complainant. The regulatory	extended with the agreement of the	
	authority's decision shall have binding	complainant. The regulatory	
	effect unless and until overruled on	authority's decision shall have	

	appeal.	binding effect unless and until	
	* 1	overruled on appeal.	
843.	3. Any party who is affected and who has a right to complain concerning a decision on methodologies taken pursuant to Article 59 or, where the regulatory authority has a duty to consult, concerning the proposed tariffs or methodologies, may, at the latest within two months, or a shorter time period as provided by Member States, following publication of the decision or proposal for a decision, submit a complaint for review. Such a complaint shall not have suspensive effect.	3. Any party who is affected and who has a right to complain concerning a decision on methodologies taken pursuant to Article 59 or, where the regulatory authority has a duty to consult, concerning the proposed tariffs or methodologies, may, at the latest within two months, or a shorter time period as provided by Member States, following publication of the decision or proposal for a decision, submit a complaint for review. Such a complaint shall not have suspensive effect.	No change
844.	4. Member States shall create appropriate and efficient mechanisms for regulation, control and transparency so as to avoid any abuse of a dominant position, in particular to the detriment of consumers, and any predatory behaviour. Those mechanisms shall take account of the provisions of the Treaty, and in particular Article 102 thereof.	4. Member States shall create appropriate and efficient mechanisms for regulation, control and transparency so as to avoid any abuse of a dominant position, in particular to the detriment of consumers, and any predatory behaviour. Those mechanisms shall take account of the provisions of the Treaty, and in particular Article 102 thereof.	No change
845.	1	5. Member States shall ensure that the appropriate measures are taken, including administrative action or criminal proceedings in conformity with their national law, against the natural or legal persons responsible where confidentiality	No change

	this Directive have not been respected.	rules imposed by this Directive have	
		not been respected.	
846.	6. Complaints referred to in	6. Complaints referred to in	No change
	paragraphs 2 and 3 shall be without	paragraphs 2 and 3 shall be without	
	prejudice to the exercise of rights of	prejudice to the exercise of rights of	
	appeal under Union or national law.	appeal under Union or national law.	
847.	7. Decisions taken by regulatory	7. Decisions taken by regulatory	No change
	authorities shall be fully reasoned and	authorities shall be fully reasoned	_
	justified to allow for judicial review.	and justified to allow for judicial	
	The decisions shall be available to the	review. The decisions shall be	
	public while preserving the	available to the public while	
	confidentiality of commercially	preserving the confidentiality of	
	sensitive information.	commercially sensitive information.	
848.	8. Member States shall ensure that	8. Member States shall ensure	No change
	suitable mechanisms exist at national	that suitable mechanisms exist at	
	level under which a party affected by a	national level under which a party	
	decision of a regulatory authority has a	affected by a decision of a regulatory	
	right of appeal to a body independent	authority has a right of appeal to a	
	of the parties involved and of any	body independent of the parties	
	government.	involved and of any government.	
849.		Article 61	
		Regional cooperation between regulators on cross-border issues	
850.	1. Regulatory authorities shall	1. Regulatory authorities shall	No change
	closely consult and cooperate with	closely consult and cooperate with	
	each other, in particular within the	each other, in particular within the	
	Agency, and shall provide each other	Agency, and shall provide each other	
	and the Agency with any information	and the Agency with any information	
	necessary for the fulfilment of their	necessary for the fulfilment of their	
	tasks under this Directive. In respect of	tasks under this Directive. In respect	
	the information exchanged, the	of the information exchanged, the	
	receiving authority shall ensure the	receiving authority shall ensure the	
	same level of confidentiality as that	same level of confidentiality as that	
	required of the originating authority.	required of the originating authority.	

851.	2. Regulatory authorities shall	2. Regulatory author	
	cooperate at least at a regional level to:	cooperate at least at a r	egional level
		to:	
852.	(a) foster the creation of operational	(a) foster the creation	8
	arrangements in order to enable an	operational arrangement	
	optimal management of the network,	enable an optimal man	
	promote joint electricity exchanges	network, promote joint	
	and the allocation of cross-border	exchanges and the allo	
	capacity, and to enable an adequate	cross-border capacity,	
	level of interconnection capacity,	an adequate level of in	
	including through new	capacity, including three	
	interconnection, within the region and	interconnection, within	
	between regions to allow for	and between regions to	
	development of effective competition	development of effecti	
	and improvement of security of	and improvement of se	
	supply, without discriminating	supply, without discrin	
	between supply undertakings in	between supply undert	
	different Member States;	different Member State	es;
853.	(b) coordinate the joint oversight of	(b) coordinate the jo	
	entities performing functions at	of entities performing	functions at
	regional level;	regional level;	
854.	(c) coordinate, in cooperation with	(c) coordinate, in co	operation with No change
	other involved authorities, the joint	other involved authorit	
	oversight of national, regional and	oversight of national, r	
	European-wide adequacy assessments;	European-wide adequa	cy
		assessments;	
855.	(d) coordinate the development of	(d) coordinate the de	evelopment of No change
	all network codes and Guidelines for	all network codes and	Guidelines for
	the relevant transmission system	the relevant transmission	on system
	operators and other market actors; and	operators and other ma	rket actors;
	, -	and	
856.	(e) coordinate the development of	(e) coordinate the de	evelopment of No change
	the rules governing the management of	the rules governing the	management
	congestion.	of congestion.	

857.	3. National regulatory authorities shall have the right to enter into cooperative arrangements with each other to foster regulatory cooperation.	3. National regulatory authori shall have the right to enter into cooperative arrangements with ea other to foster regulatory cooperation.	
858.	4. The actions referred to in paragraph 2 shall be carried out, as appropriate, in close consultation with other relevant national authorities and without prejudice to their specific competencies.	4. The actions referred to in paragraph 2 shall be carried out, a appropriate, in close consultation with other relevant national authorities and without prejudice their specific competencies.	
859.	5. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 67 to establish guidelines on the extent of the duties of the regulatory authorities to cooperate with each other and with the Agency.	5. The Commission is empowered to adopt [] implementing acts in accordance with Article [] 68 to establish guidelines on the extent of the dut of the regulatory authorities to cooperate with each other and wit the Agency.	ies

860.	Article 62			
	Duties and powers	of regulatory authorities with respect to	[] Regional Security Coordinators Coo	ordination Centres
861.		AM 167		Provisionally agreed in TM:
		Article 62 – title Duties and powers of regulatory authorities with respect to regional <i>coordination</i> centres		Duties and powers of regulatory authorities with respect to regional <i>coordination</i> centres
862.	1. The regional regulatory authorities of the geographical area where a regional operational centre is established shall, in close coordination with each other:	AM 168 1. The regional regulatory authorities of the geographical area where a regional <i>coordination</i> centre is established shall, in close coordination with each other:	1. The regional regulatory authorities of the [] system operation region where a Regional Security Coordinators is established shall, in close coordination with each other:	Provisionally agreed in TM: 1. The regional regulatory authorities of the system operation region where a Regional Security Coordinators Coordination Centres is established shall, in close coordination with each other:
863.	(a) approve the statutes and rules of procedure;	AM 169 (a) approve the proposal for the establishment of regional coordination centres in accordance with Article 32(1) of Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016) 861/2];	(a)approve the [] proposal for the establishment of Regional Security Coordinators in accordance with Article 32(1) of Regulation (EU);	Provisionally agreed in TM: (a)approve the proposal for the establishment of Regional Security Coordinators Coordination Centres in accordance with Article 32(1) of Regulation (EU);
864.	(b) approve the annual budget;		(b)[]	Provisionally agreed in TM (following Article 30 of the electricity Regulation): (b) approve the costs related to the activities of the Regional Coordination Centres, that shall be borne by the transmission system operators and taken into account in the calculation of tariffs, only if they are reasonable and appropriate;

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865	(c) approve the cooperative decision-making process;	AM 170 (c) approve the cooperative	(c) approve the cooperative decision-making process;	Provisionally agreed at the TM: (c) approve the cooperative
866	(d) assess if the regional operational centre has the appropriate competences, resources and impartiality to carry out independently the functions and tasks assigned to it, including security, liability and contingency arrangements;	processes; AM 171 (d) ensure that if the regional coordination centre has the appropriate competences, resources and impartiality to carry out independently the functions and tasks assigned to it, including security, liability and contingency arrangements;	(d)[] proposing jointly with other regulatory authorities of a system operation region about possible additional tasks and additional decision-making powers to be assigned to the Regional Security Coordinators by the Member States of the system operation region [];	decision-making process; Provisionally agreed at the TM (aligned with Article 42 of the electricity Regulation): (d) ensure that the Regional Coordination Centres are equipped with all the human, technical, physical and financial resources necessary for fulfilling their obligations under this Directive and carrying out their tasks independently and impartially; New compromise proposal: (da) proposing jointly with other regulatory authorities of a system operation region about possible additional tasks and additional decision-making powers to be assigned to the Regional Security Coordinators Coordination Centres by the Member States of the system operation region;

867.	(e) ensure its compliance with the obligations under this Directive and other relevant Union legislation, notably as regards cross-border issues;		(e) ensure its compliance with the obligations under this Directive and other relevant Union legislation, notably as regards cross-border issues;	New compromise proposal: (e) ensure compliance with the obligations under this Directive and other relevant Union legislation, notably as regards cross-border issues and jointly identify non-compliance of the Regional Coordination Centres with their respective obligations;
868.	(f) monitor the performance of their functions and report annually to the Agency in this respect.		(f)monitor the performance of [] system coordination and report annually to the Agency in this respect.	Provisionally agreed in TM: f) monitor the performance of system coordination and report annually to the Agency in this respect in accordance with Art. 43 of the Regulation.
869.	2. Member States shall ensure that regulatory authorities are granted the powers enabling them to carry out the duties referred to in paragraph 1 in an efficient and expeditious manner. For this purpose, the regulatory authorities shall have at least the following powers:		2. Member States shall ensure that regulatory authorities are granted the powers enabling them to carry out the duties referred to in paragraph 1 in an efficient and expeditious manner. For this purpose, the regulatory authorities shall have at least the following powers:	No change
870.	(a) to request information from regional operational centres;	AM 172 (a) to request information from regional <i>coordination</i> centres;	(a) to request information from Regional [] Security Coordinators,	Provisionally agreed in TM: (a) to request information from Regional Coordination Centres;
871.	(b) to carry out inspections, including unannounced inspections, at the premises of regional operational centres;	AM 173 (b) to carry out inspections, including unannounced inspections, at the premises of regional <i>coordination</i> centres;	(b) to carry out inspections, including unannounced inspections, at the premises of [] Regional Security Coordinators;	Provisionally agreed at the TM: (b) to carry out inspections, including unannounced inspections, at the premises of Regional Coordination Centres;

872.	(c) to issue joint binding decisions on regional operational centres.	AM 174 (c) to issue joint binding decisions on regional <i>coordination</i> centres.	(c) to issue joint binding decisions relevant for the improvement of coordination on [] Regional Security Coordinators.	Provisionally agreed at the TM: (c) to issue joint binding decisions on regional coordination centres. New compromise proposal: (2a) The regulatory authority located in the Member State where the Regional Coordination Centre has its seat shall have the power to impose effective, proportionate and dissuasive penalties on these entities not complying with its obligations under this Directive, Regulation (EU) [recast of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by COM (2016) 861/2] or any relevant legally binding decisions of the regulatory authority or of the Agency, or to propose that a
873.		AM 175 (ca) (new) to handle complaints		Agency, or to propose that a competent court imposes such penalties. Provisionally agreed in TM: []
874.		against regional coordination centres in relation to their obligations under Union law. AM 176 (cb) (new) Regulatory authorities shall cooperate and consult with		Provisionally agreed in TM:
		each other and with the Agency, and shall provide each other and the		

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		Agency with any information necessary for the fulfilment of their		
		tasks under this Article.		
875.		Articl	e 63	1
		Compliance with the netwo	ork codes and guidelines	
876.	1. Any regulatory authority and the		1. Any regulatory authority and	No change
	Commission may request the opinion		the Commission may request the	_
	of the Agency on the compliance of a		opinion of the Agency on the	
	decision taken by a regulatory		compliance of a decision taken by a	
	authority with the network codes and		regulatory authority with the network	
	guidelines referred to in this Directive		codes and guidelines referred to in	
	or in Chapter VII of [recast of		this Directive or in Chapter VII of	
	Regulation 714/2009 as proposed by		[recast of Regulation 714/2009 as	
	COM(2016)861/2].		proposed by COM(2016)861/2].	
877.	2. The Agency shall provide its		2. The Agency shall provide its	No change
	opinion to the regulatory authority		opinion to the regulatory authority	
	which has requested it or to the		which has requested it or to the	
	Commission, respectively, and to the		Commission, respectively, and to the	
	regulatory authority which has taken		regulatory authority which has taken	
	the decision in question within three		the decision in question within three	
	months from the date of receipt of the		months from the date of receipt of	
	request.		the request.	
878.			3. Where the regulatory authority	No change
	which has taken the decision does not		which has taken the decision does not	
	comply with the Agency's opinion		comply with the Agency's opinion	
	within four months from the date of		within four months from the date of	
	receipt of that opinion, the Agency		receipt of that opinion, the Agency	
	shall inform the Commission		shall inform the Commission	
	accordingly.		accordingly.	

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879.		4. Any regulatory authority may	No change
	inform the Commission where it	inform the Commission where it	
	considers that a decision relevant for	considers that a decision relevant for	
	cross-border trade taken by another	cross-border trade taken by another	
	regulatory authority does not comply	regulatory authority does not comply	
	with the network codes and guidelines	with the network codes and	
	referred to in this Directive or in	guidelines referred to in this	
	Chapter VII of [recast of Regulation	Directive or in Chapter VII of [recast	
	714/2009 as proposed by	of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed	
	COM(2016)861/2] within two months	by COM(2016)861/2] within two	
	from the date of that decision.	months from the date of that	
		decision.	
880.	l ,	5. Where the Commission, within	No change
	two months after having been	two months after having been	
	informed by the Agency in accordance	informed by the Agency in	
	with paragraph 3, or by a regulatory	accordance with paragraph 3, or by a	
	authority in accordance with	regulatory authority in accordance	
	paragraph 4, or on its own initiative,	with paragraph 4, or on its own	
	within three months from the date of	initiative, within three months from	
	the decision, finds that the decision of	the date of the decision, finds that the	
	a regulatory authority raises serious	decision of a regulatory authority	
	doubts as to its compatibility with the	raises serious doubts as to its	
	network codes and guidelines referred	compatibility with the network codes	
	to in this Directive or in Chapter VII of	and guidelines referred to in this	
	[recast of Regulation 714/2009 as	Directive or in Chapter VII of [recast	
	proposed by COM(2016)861/2], the	of Regulation 714/2009 as proposed	
	Commission may decide to examine	by COM(2016)861/2], the	
	the case further. In such a case, it shall	Commission may decide to examine	
	invite the regulatory authority and the	the case further. In such a case, it	
	parties to the proceedings before the	shall invite the regulatory authority	
	regulatory authority to submit	and the parties to the proceedings	
	observations.	before the regulatory authority to	
		submit observations.	

881.	6. Where the Commission takes a	6. Where the Commission take	s a No change
	decision to examine the case further, it	decision to examine the case further	er,
	shall, within four months of the date of	it shall, within four months of the	
	such decision, issue a final decision:	date of such decision, issue a final	
		decision:	
882.	(a) not to raise objections against	(a) not to raise objections again	st No change
	the decision of the regulatory	the decision of the regulatory	
	authority; or	authority; or	
883.	(b) to require the regulatory	(b) to require the regulatory	No change
	authority concerned to withdraw its	authority concerned to withdraw it	
	decision on the basis that the network	decision on the basis that the netwo	
	codes and guidelines have not been	codes and guidelines have not been	
	complied with.	complied with.	
884.	7. Where the Commission has not	7. Where the Commission has	No change
	taken a decision to examine the case	not taken a decision to examine the	
	further or a final decision within the	case further or a final decision with	nin
	time-limits set in paragraphs 5 and 6	the time-limits set in paragraphs 5	
	respectively, it shall be deemed not to	and 6 respectively, it shall be deen	ned
	have raised objections to the decision	not to have raised objections to the	
	of the regulatory authority.	decision of the regulatory authority	
885.	8. The regulatory authority shall	8. The regulatory authority sha	ll No change
	comply with the Commission decision	comply with the Commission	
	to withdraw their decision within a	decision to withdraw their decision	ı
	period of two months and shall inform	within a period of two months and	
	the Commission accordingly.	shall inform the Commission	
		accordingly.	
886.	9. The Commission is empowered	9. The Commission is	Maintain Council GA
	to adopt delegated acts in accordance		
	with Article 67 to establish guidelines	empowered to adopt []	
	setting out the details of the procedure	implementing acts in accordance	
	to be followed for the application of	with Article [] 68 to establish	
	this Article.	guidelines setting out the details of	
		the procedure to be followed for the	e
		application of this Article.	

887.	Article 64				
		Record keeping			
888.	1. Member States shall require	1. Member States shall require	Maintain Council GA		
	supply undertakings to keep at the	supply undertakings to keep at the			
	disposal of the national authorities,	disposal of the national authorities,			
	including the national regulatory	including the [] regulatory authority,			
	authority, the national competition	the national competition authorities			
	authorities and the Commission, for	and the Commission, for the			
	the fulfilment of their tasks, for at least	fulfilment of their tasks, for at least			
	five years, the relevant data relating to	five years, the relevant data relating			
	all transactions in electricity supply	to all transactions in electricity			
	contracts and electricity derivatives	supply contracts and electricity			
	with wholesale customers and	derivatives with wholesale customers			
	transmission system operators	and transmission system operators.			
889.	2. The data shall include details on	2. The data shall include details	No change		
	the characteristics of the relevant	on the characteristics of the relevant	0		
	transactions such as duration, delivery	transactions such as duration,			
	and settlement rules, the quantity, the	delivery and settlement rules, the			
	dates and times of execution and the	quantity, the dates and times of			
	transaction prices and means of	execution and the transaction prices			
	identifying the wholesale customer	and means of identifying the			
	concerned, as well as specified details	wholesale customer concerned, as			
	of all unsettled electricity supply	well as specified details of all			
	contracts and electricity derivatives.	unsettled electricity supply contracts			
	,	and electricity derivatives.			
890.	3. The regulatory authority may	3. The regulatory authority may	No change		
	decide to make available to market	decide to make available to market	<i>G</i> -		
	participants elements of that	participants elements of that			
	information provided that	information provided that			
	commercially sensitive information on	commercially sensitive information			
	individual market players or individual	on individual market players or			
	transactions is not released. This	individual transactions is not			
	paragraph shall not apply to	released. This paragraph shall not			
	information about financial	apply to information about financial			
	instruments which fall within the scope	instruments which fall within the			
	of Directive 2004/39/EC.	scope of Directive 2004/39/EC.			

891.	shall not create additional obligations towards the authorities referred to in paragraph 1 for entities falling within the scope of Directive 2004/39/EC.	t I	4. The provisions of this Article shall not create additional obligations towards the authorities referred to in paragraph 1 for entities falling within the scope of Directive 2004/39/EC.	No change
892.	5. In the event that the authorities referred to in paragraph 1 need access to data kept by entities falling within the scope of Directive 2004/39/EC, the authorities responsible under that Directive shall provide them with the required data.	a V 2 r	5. In the event that the authorities referred to in paragraph 1 need access to data kept by entities falling within the scope of Directive 2004/39/EC, the authorities responsible under that Directive shall provide them with the required data.	No change

893.	CHAPTER VIII						
00.4		FINAL PROVISIONS Article 65					
894.							
00.5	1 1 1 1 1 1	Level play		7. 1			
895.			1. Measures that the Member	No change			
	States may take pursuant to this		States may take pursuant to this				
	Directive in order to ensure a level		Directive in order to ensure a level				
	playing field shall be compatible with		playing field shall be compatible				
	the Treaty, notably Article 36 thereof,		with the Treaty, notably Article 36				
	and with Union law.		thereof, and with Union law.				
896.	2. The measures referred to in		2. The measures referred to in	No change			
	paragraph 1 shall be proportionate,		paragraph 1 shall be proportionate,				
	non-discriminatory and transparent.		non-discriminatory and transparent.				
	Those measures may be put into effect		Those measures may be put into				
	only following the notification to and		effect only following the notification				
	approval by the Commission.		to and approval by the Commission.				
897.	3. The Commission shall act on the		3. The Commission shall act on	No change			
	notification referred to in paragraph 2		the notification referred to in				
	within two months of the receipt of the		paragraph 2 within two months of the				
	notification. That period shall begin on		receipt of the notification. That				
	the day following receipt of the		period shall begin on the day				
	complete information. In the event that		following receipt of the complete				
	the Commission has not acted within		information. In the event that the				
	that two-month period, it shall be		Commission has not acted within that				
	deemed not to have raised objections		two-month period, it shall be deemed				
	to the notified measures.		not to have raised objections to the				
	to the nothing measures.		notified measures.				
			notified illeasures.				

898. Article 66 **Derogations** 899. Member States which can *New compromise proposal:* Member States which can 1(a) Member States which can demonstrate that there are substantial demonstrate that there are substantial problems for the operation of their demonstrate that there are problems for the operation of their small isolated systems, may apply for substantial problems for the small [] connected systems and derogations from the relevant operation of their small connected small isolated systems, may apply provisions of Chapters IV, V and VI as systems and small isolated for derogations from the relevant well as articles 4, 6, 7 and 8. The systems, may apply for derogations provisions of Chapters IV, V and VI Commission shall inform the Member from the relevant provisions of as well as articles [] 7 and 8; small States of those applications before Chapters IV. V and VI as well as isolated systems may also apply for taking a decision, taking into account articles 7 and 8: small isolated a derogation from articles 4, 5 and respect for confidentiality. That systems and France for the **6.** The Commission shall inform the decision shall be published in the purpose of paragraph 2a, may also Member States of those applications Official Journal of the European apply for a derogation from before taking a decision, taking into articles 4, 5 and 6.. The Union. account respect for confidentiality. Commission shall inform the For small connected systems and Member States of those applications small isolated systems, the before taking a decision, taking into derogation shall be limited in time account respect for confidentiality. and subject to conditions aiming at increased competition and (b) Derogations granted by the integration with the internal **Commission referred to in** market and ensuring that they do paragraph 1(a), shall be limited in not hamper the transition towards time and subject to conditions renewable energies. For outermost aiming at increased competition regions within the meaning of and integration with the internal Article 349 of TFEU, that cannot market and ensuring that they do be interconnected with the not hamper the transition towards European energy market, the renewable energies, increased derogation shall not be limited in flexibility, storage, electrotime and shall be subject to mobility and demand response. conditions aimed at ensuring that For outermost regions within the the derogation does not hamper meaning of Article 349 of TFEU, the transition towards renewable that cannot be interconnected with energies. That decision shall be

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			published in the <i>Official Journal of</i> the European Union.	the European energy market, the derogation shall not be limited in time and shall be subject to conditions aimed at ensuring that the derogation does not hamper the transition towards renewable energies. That decision shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union.
900.	Cyprus and Malta. In addition, Articles 6 and 35 shall not apply to Malta.	a a 4	2. Article 43 shall not apply to Cyprus, Luxembourg and Malta. In addition, Articles 6 and 35 shall not apply to Malta and Articles 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50 and 52 shall not apply to Cyprus.	Maintain Council GA
901.	For the purposes of Article 43 (1)(b), the notion 'undertaking performing any of the functions of generation or supply' shall not include final customers who perform any of the functions of generation and/or supply of electricity, either directly or via undertakings over which they exercise control, either individually or jointly, provided that the final customers including their shares of the electricity produced in controlled undertakings are, on an annual average, net consumers of electricity and provided that the economic value of the electricity they sell to third parties is insignificant in proportion to their other business operations.	ti a s c f o u e o c ti u u a a	For the purposes of Article 43 (1)(b), the notion 'undertaking performing any of the functions of generation or supply' shall not include final customers who perform any of the functions of generation and/or supply of electricity, either directly or via undertakings over which they exercise control, either individually or jointly, provided that the final customers including their shares of the electricity produced in controlled undertakings are, on an annual average, net consumers of electricity and provided that the economic value of the electricity they sell to third parties is insignificant in proportion to their other business operations.	No change

902.	purs	Until 1 January 2025 or a er date set out in a decision suant to paragraph 1, Article 5 ll not apply to Cyprus.	New compromise proposal: 2a. Until 1 January 2025 or a later date set out in a decision pursuant to paragraph 1, Article 5 shall not apply to Cyprus and Corsica.
903.	from Dire for a exce exter period	Article 4 shall not apply to lta for a period of eight years m the entry into force of this ective, which may be extended a further additional period, not eeding eight years. The ension for a further additional iod shall be made pursuant to a ision referred to in paragraph	Maintain Council GA
904.	to an compentry Men dero 59(6 secti betw terri inter extendero inter to re invest that rease supp	In respect of interconnectors and from third countries appleted before [PO: date of ry into force of this Directive], mber States may decide to ogate from Articles 43, 52, 53, 6), 59(8) and 60(1) for the tions of such interconnectors ween the border of Union ritorial jurisdiction and the first erconnection point, if and to the ent that in the absence of such ogation the owner of the erconnector would not be able recover the residual value of the estment or if and to the extent the derogation is required for sons of security of electricity aply of a Member State directly seed to the need to continue the	Maintain Council GA

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	1.		
		implementation of a cross-border	
		regulatory arrangement governing	
		the technical operation of the	
		interconnector or the stability of	
		the electricity systems, and	
		provided that the derogation would	
		not be detrimental to competition	
	0	on or the effective functioning of	
	t t	the internal market in electricity in	
	t	the Union, or the security of supply	
	iı	in the Union.]	
905.	[2	2d. The derogation shall be	Maintain Council GA
		limited up to the end of the period	
		of recovery of the residual value of	
		the investment or up to the end of	
		the existing cross-border	
		regulatory arrangement breach of	
		which would pose a serious risk to	
		the security of supply in the	
	N	Member State and may be subject	
		to conditions which contribute to	
		the achievement of the above	
		conditions. Where the	
		interconnector in question is	
		located in the territorial	
		jurisdiction of more than one	
	•	Member State, the Member State	
		in the territorial jurisdiction of	
		which the first interconnection	
		point is located shall decide on a	
		derogation for the interconnector.	
		Member States shall publish any	
		decision on a derogation in	
		accordance with this paragraph	
		within one year after the entry into	
	fe	force of this Directive.]	

906.			[2e. Paragraph 2c and 2d is not applicable to interconnectors completed before [PO: date of entry into force of this Directive] to and from third countries which apply Article 59 of the [recast Electricity Regulation.]	Maintain Council GA
907.		Article	[2f. As regards interconnectors referred to in paragraph 2e, Member States may apply for exemptions pursuant to Article 59 of the [recast Electricity Regulation]]	Maintain Council GA
909.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	Л	П	Maintain Council GA
910.	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 61 and Article 63 shall be conferred on the Commission for an undetermined period of time from the (OP: please insert the date of entry into force).		П	Maintain Council GA

011	2 The delegation of name	п	Maintain Council CA
911.		II	Maintain Council GA
	referred to in Article 61 and 63 may be		
	revoked at any time by the European		
	Parliament or by the Council. A		
	decision to revoke shall put an end to		
	the delegation of power specified in		
	that decision. It shall take effect the		
	day following the publication of the		
	decision in the Official Journal of the		
	European Union or at a later date		
	specified therein. It shall not affect the		
	validity of any delegated act already in		
	force.		
912.	4. Before adopting a delegated act,	П	Maintain Council GA
/12.	the Commission shall consult experts	II .	Mumum Council G/1
	designated by each Member State in		
	accordance with the principles laid		
	down in the Interinstitutional		
	Agreement on Better Law-Making of		
	13 April 2016.		
913.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated		Maintain Council GA
	act, the Commission shall notify it		
	simultaneously to the European		
	Parliament and to the Council.		

914.		0	Maintain Council GA
	Article 61 and 63 shall enter into force		
	only if no objection has been		
	expressed either by the European		
	Parliament or by the Council within a		
	period of two months of notification of		
	that act to the European Parliament		
	and the Council or if, before the expiry		
	of that period, the European		
	Parliament and the Council have both		
	informed the Commission that they		
	will not object. That period shall be		
	extended by two months at the		
	initiative of the European Parliament		
	or of the Council.		

915.		Articl	e 68	
		Committee		
916.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.		1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	No change
917.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 4 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.		2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article [] 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	Maintain Council GA
918.		Article Repor		
919.	The Commission shall monitor and review the application of this Directive and submit an overall progress report to the European Parliament and the Council as an annex to the State of the Energy Union Report referred to in [Article 29 of Governance Regulation as proposed by COM (2016) 549.		The Commission shall monitor and review the application of this Directive and submit an overall progress report to the European Parliament and the Council as an annex to the State of the Energy Union Report referred to in [Article 29 of Governance Regulation as proposed by COM (2016) 549.	No change
920.		AM 177 Article 69a (new) Review By 1 June 2025, the Commission shall review and submit a report on the implementation of this Directive, together with a legislative proposal if appropriate, to the European Parliament and to the Council. The review shall in particular assess		Maintain Council GA
		whether customers, especially those who are vulnerable or in energy		

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		poverty, are adequately protected under the provisions of this Directive.		
922.		Articl	1 e 70	<u> </u>
/22.		Transpo		
		•		
923.	1. Member States shall bring into		1. Member States shall bring into	Maintain Council GA
	force the laws, regulations and		force the laws, regulations and	
	administrative provisions necessary to		administrative provisions necessary	
	comply with Articles 2, 3, 5, 6(2),		to comply with Articles 2, 3, 5, 6(2),	
	9(2), 10(2), 11 to 24, 26, 29, 31 to 34,		9(2), 10(2), 11 to 24, 26, 29, 31 to	
	36, 38(5), 40 42, 51, 54, 57 to 59, 61 to		34, 36, 38(5), 40 42, 51, 54, 57 to 59,	
	63 and Annexes I to III by [12 months		61 to 63 and Annexes I to III by [[]	
	from entry into force]. They shall		18 months from entry into force].	
	immediately communicate the text of		They shall immediately	
	those provisions to the Commission.		communicate the text of those	
			provisions to the Commission .	
924.	They shall apply those measures from		They shall apply those measures	Maintain Council GA
	[12 months from entry into force with		from [] 18 months from entry into	
	the exception of Article 5(3) which		force with the exception of Article	
	they shall apply from [date of entry		5(3) which they shall apply after 6	
	into force].		months from [date of entry into	
	_		force].	

925.	When Member States adopt those measures, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. They shall also include a statement that references in existing laws, regulations and administrative provisions to the Directive repealed by this Directive shall be construed as references to this Directive. Member States shall determine how such reference is to be made and how that	measurefere accompublic statem laws, provise by thi as reference.	n Member States adopt those sures, they shall contain a ence to this Directive or be impanied by such a reference on ccasion of their official cation. They shall also include a ment that references in existing regulations and administrative issions to the Directive repealed is Directive shall be construed ferences to this Directive.	No change
926.	statement is to be formulated . 2. Member States shall		statement is to be formulated. Member States shall	N I
	communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.	commentex to contain the conta	nunicate to the Commission the of the main provisions of nal law which they adopt in the covered by this Directive.	No change
927.		Article 71 <i>Repeal</i>		
928.	Directive 2009/72/EC is repealed with effect from [12 months from entry into force], without prejudice to the obligations of Member States relating to the time-limits for the transposition into national law and the dates of application of the Directive set out in Annex IV.	Direct with e entry the obrelating transp	etive 2009/72/EC is repealed effect from [] 18 months from into force], without prejudice to bligations of Member States ng to the time-limits for the position into national law and ates of application of the etive set out in Annex IV.	Maintain Council GA
929.	References to the repealed Directive shall be construed as references to this Directive and shall be read in accordance with the correlation table set out in Annex V.	shall this D accord	be construed as references to Directive and shall be read in redance with the correlation table at in Annex V.	No change

930.			Article 71a	Maintain Council GA
			General Revision of the Directive	
931.			The Directive shall be subject to a	Maintain Council GA
			general revision not later than by	
			the end of 2025.	
932.		Article	e 72	
		Entry int	o force	
933.	This Directive shall enter into force on	•	This Directive shall enter into force	No change
	the twentieth day following that of its		on the twentieth day following that	
	publication in the Official Journal of		of its publication in the Official	
	the European Union.		Journal of the European Union.	
934.		Article	e 73	
		Addres	ssees	
935.	This Directive is addressed to the		This Directive is addressed to the	No change
	Member States.		Member States.	
	Done at Brussels,		Done at Brussels,	
	For the European Parliament		For the European Parliament	
	The President		The President	
	For the Council		For the Council	
	The President		The President	

936.	ANNEXES			
937.		ANNEX I (Provis	sionally agreed)	
938.	The tools established in accordance with Article 14 shall:		0	Provisionally agreed:
939.	(a) be operationally independent and ensure that suppliers are given equal treatment in search results;	AM 178 (a) be independent <i>from all market players</i> and ensure that <i>all</i> suppliers are given equal treatment in search results;	(a) []	Provisionally agreed (included in Article 14 para.1(a), line 276):
940.	(b) clearly disclose their owners and the natural or legal person operating the tool;	AM 179 (b) clearly disclose their owners and the natural or legal person operating the tool as well as information on how the tools are financed;	(b) []	Provisionally agreed (included in Article 14 para.1(b), line 277): []
941.	(c) set out clear, objective criteria on which the comparison will be based;	AM 180 (c) set out clear, objective criteria on which the comparison will be based, <i>displaying included services</i> ;	(c) []	Provisionally agreed (included in Article 14 para.1(c), line 278):
942.		AM 181 (ca) (new) rank and display the search results according to an impartial algorithm independent from any remuneration from suppliers;		Provisionally agreed: []
943.	(d) use plain and unambiguous language;		(d) []	Provisionally agreed (included in Article 14 para.1(d), line 279:)
944.		AM 182 (da) (new) be accessible for persons with disabilities;		Provisionally agreed (included in Article 14 para. 1 (ea), line 281:)

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945.				
946.	(e) provide accurate and up-to-date information and state the time of the last update;		(e) []	Provisionally agreed (included in Article 14 para.1(e), line 280):
947.	(f) include an as complete a range of electricity offers as practicable covering a significant part of the market and, where the information presented is not a complete overview of the market, a clear statement to that effect, before displaying results; and	AM 183 (f) include an as complete a range of energy offers, including information on energy sources, and provide transparency of various offers covering both dynamic and non-dynamic tariffs, individual and bundled contracts, from suppliers, aggregators and service providers, and, where the information presented is not a complete overview of the market, a clear statement to that effect, before displaying results; and	(f) []	Provisionally agreed:
948.	(g) provide an effective procedure to report incorrect information on published offers.		(g) []	Provisionally agreed (included in Article 14 para.1(g), line 283):
949.		AM 184 (ga) (new) allow consumers to perform comparisons without having to submit personal information.		Provisionally agreed (Included in Article 14 para.1(ga), line 284): []

950.		ANNE		
		QUIREMENTS FOR BILLING AND		
951.	1. Minimum information contained in		1. Minimum information contained	Provisionally agreed:
	the bill		in the bill	1. Minimum information
				contained in the bill and in the
				billing information
952.	The following information shall be	AM 185	The following information shall be	Provisionally agreed:
	prominently displayed to final	The following <i>key</i> information shall	prominently displayed to final	The following <i>key</i> information shall
	customers in their bills and periodical	be prominently displayed to final	customers in their bills and [] billing	be prominently displayed to final
	settlement bills:	customers in their bills and periodical	information:	customers in their bills and billing
		settlement bills, distinctly apart from	miormation.	information, distinctly apart from
		other parts of the bill:		other parts of the bill and billing
				information:
953.	(a) the price to pay; and, where	AM 186	(a) the price to pay; and, where	Provisionally agreed:
	possible, the breakdown of price;	(a) the price to pay <i>and</i> , <i>where</i>	possible, [] a breakdown of the price;	(a) in bills only ; the price to pay;
		relevant, the final price per kWh;	possible, [] a breakdown or the price,	and a clear statement that all
		and, where possible, the breakdown		energy sources may also benefit
		of price;		from incentives not financed
				through the levies indicated in the
				breakdown of the price and, where
		175.40		possible, a breakdown of the price;
954.		AM 187		Provisionally agreed:
		(aa) (new) when the payment is due;		(aa) in bills only; when the
				payment is due;
955.	(b) electricity consumption for the		(b) electricity consumption for the	Provisionally agreed:
	billing period;		billing period;	(b) electricity consumption for the
				billing period;
956.	(c) the name of the supplier;		(c) the name [] and the contact	Provisionally agreed:
			details of the supplier including a	(c) the name and the contact
			consumer support hotline;	details of the supplier including a
			,,,	consumer support hotline and
				email address;

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957.	(d) the contact details of the supplier including a consumer support hotline;	AM 188 (d) the contact details of the supplier with at least the phone number and email address;	(d) []	Provisionally agreed [] (See point (c) above)
958.		AM 189 (da) (new) the information on switching and dispute settlement;		Provisionally agreed: (da) the information on the availability and benefit of switching and dispute settlement;
959.	(e) the tariff name;		(e) the tariff name;	Provisionally agreed: (e) the tariff name;
960.	(f) the duration of the contract; the date of end of the contract and the deadline for sending an advance notice of cancelation if the consumer considers switching at the end of the current fixed contract, while for contracts of indeterminate duration: the length of the advance notice period and the methods of communication on this choice.		(f) [] the end date of [] the contract, if applicable; []	Provisionally agreed: (f) the end date of the contract, if applicable;
961.	(g) the customer's switching code or unique identification code for their supply point;		(g) the customer's switching code or unique identification code for their supply point;	Provisionally agreed: (g) the customer's switching code or unique identification code for their supply point;
962.		AM 190 (ga) (new) a link or reference to where price comparison site(s) can be found;		Provisionally agreed (AM 190 and 96, line 378): (ga) a link or reference to where comparison tool(s) pursuant to Article 14_can be found;
963.	(h) information on their rights as regards the means of dispute settlement available to them in the event of a dispute pursuant to Article 26.	AM 191 (h) contact details of the entity responsible for dispute settlement;	(h) the contact details of the entity responsible for [] dispute settlement [] pursuant to Article 26.	Provisionally agreed: (h) the contact details of the entity responsible for dispute settlement pursuant to Article 26.

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964.		AM 192 (ha) (new) the single point of contact referred to in Article 25.		Provisionally agreed: (ha) the single point of contact referred to in Article 25.
965.	Where appropriate, the following information shall be prominently displayed to final customers in or with their bills and periodical settlement bills:	AM 193 The following information shall be displayed to final customers in or with their bills and periodical settlement bills:	Where appropriate, the following information shall be [] made available to final customers in, [] with or signposted to within their bills and periodical settlement bills:	Provisionally agreed: Where bills are based on actual consumption or remote reading by the operator, the following information shall be made available to final customers in, with or signposted to within their bills and periodical settlement bills:
966.	(a) current actual prices and actual consumption of electricity;		(a) []	Provisionally agreed: (a) []
967.	(b) comparisons of the customers' current electricity consumption with consumption for the same period in the previous year in graphic form;		(b) comparisons of the customers' current electricity consumption with consumption for the same period in the previous year in graphic form;	Provisionally agreed: (b) comparisons of the customers' current electricity consumption with consumption for the same period in the previous year in graphic form;
968.	(c) contact information for consumer organisations, energy agencies or similar bodies, including website addresses, from which information may be obtained on available energy efficiency improvement measures, comparative end-user profiles and objective technical specifications for energy-using equipment.		(c) contact information for consumer organisations, energy agencies or similar bodies, including website addresses, from which information may be obtained on available energy efficiency improvement measures[] for energy-using equipment;	Provisionally agreed: (c) contact information for consumer organisations, energy agencies or similar bodies, including website addresses, from which information may be obtained on available energy efficiency improvement measures for energy-using equipment;
969.		AM 194 (ca) information on their rights as regards the means of dispute settlement available to them in the event of a dispute pursuant to Article 26.	(ca) [] comparisons with an average normalised or benchmarked customer in the same user category [];	Provisionally agreed: (ca) comparisons with an average normalised or benchmarked customer in the same user category;

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970.			(cb) information on their rights as regards the means of dispute settlement available to them in the event of a dispute pursuant to Article 26.	Provisionally agreed: (cb) information on switching and their rights as regards the means of dispute settlement available to them in the event of a dispute pursuant to Article 26 or reference to the fact that this information can be found through the single point of contact referred to in Article 25.
971.	In addition, comparisons with an average normalised or benchmarked customer in the same user category shall be made available to final customers in, with or signposted to within, their bills and periodical settlement bills.	AM 195 In addition, comparisons with an average normalised or benchmarked customer in the same user category shall be made available to final customers.	П	Provisionally agreed (see point (ca), line 969):
972.			1a. Frequency of billing and the provision of billing information:	Provisionally agreed: 1a. Frequency of billing and the provision of billing information:
973.			(a) billing shall take place on the basis of actual consumption at least once a year;	Provisionally agreed: (a) billing shall take place on the basis of actual consumption at least once a year;
974.			(b) where final customers do not have meters that allow remote reading by the operator, or where the final customers have actively chosen to disable remote reading in accordance with provisions under national law accurate billing information based on actual	Provisionally agreed: (b) where final customers do not have meters that allow remote reading by the operator, or where the final customers have actively chosen to disable remote reading in accordance with provisions under national law accurate

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975.	consumption shall be made available to final customers at least every six months, or once every three months on request or where the final customer has opted to receive electronic billing; (c) where final customers do not have meters that allow remote billing information based on actual consumption shall be made available to final customers at least every six months, or once every three months on request or where the final customer has opted to receive electronic billing; Provisionally agreed: (c) where final customers do
	reading by the operator, or where the final customers have actively chosen to disable remote reading in accordance with provisions under national law, the obligations in subparagraphs (a) and (b) may be fulfilled by a system of regular self-reading by the final customers, whereby they communicate readings from their meter to the supplier. Only when the final customer has not provided a meter reading for a given billing interval billing or billing information may be based on estimated consumption or a flat rate; (c) where final customers do not have meters that allow remote reading by the operator, or where the final customers have actively chosen to disable remote reading in accordance with provisions under national law, the obligations in subparagraphs (a) and (b) may be fulfilled by a system of regular self-reading by the final customers, whereby they communicate readings from their meter to the supplier. Only when the final customer has not provided a meter reading for a given billing information may be based on estimated consumption or a flat rate;
976.	(d) where final customers have meters that allow remote reading by the operator, accurate billing information based on actual consumption shall be provided at least every three months, or once every month on request or where Provisionally agreed: (d) where final customers have meters that allow remote reading by the operator, accurate billing information based on actual consumption shall be provided, at least every month. It may also be

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			the final customer has opted to receive electronic billing.	made available via the internet and be updated as frequently as allowed by the measurement devices and systems used.
977.	2. Breakdown of the customers' price		2. Breakdown of the customers' price	Provisionally agreed: 2. Breakdown of the customers' price
978.	The customers' price is the sum of the following three main components: the energy and supply component, the network component (transmission and distribution) and the component comprising taxes, levies, fees and charges	AM 196 The customers' price is the sum of the following three main components: the energy and supply component, the network component (transmission and distribution) and the component comprising taxes, levies, <i>all subsidies</i> , fees and charges.	The customers' price is the sum of the following three main components: the energy and supply component, the network component (transmission and distribution) and the component comprising taxes, levies, fees and charges.	Provisionally agreed: The customers' price is the sum of the following three main components: the energy and supply component, the network component (transmission and distribution) and the component comprising taxes, levies, fees and charges.
979.	Where a breakdown of the customers' price is presented in bills, the common definitions of the three main components in this breakdown established under Regulation (EU) 2016/1952 shall be used throughout the Union.		Where a breakdown of the customers' price is presented in bills, the common definitions of the three main components in this breakdown established under Regulation (EU) 2016/1952 shall be used throughout the Union.	Provisionally agreed: Where a breakdown of the customers' price is presented in bills, the common definitions of the three main components in this breakdown established under Regulation (EU) 2016/1952 shall be used throughout the Union.
980.	3. Access to complementary information on historical consumption		3. Access to complementary information on historical consumption	Provisionally agreed: 3. Access to complementary information on historical consumption
981.			Member States shall require that, to the extent that complementary information on historical consumption is available, it is made available, at the request of the final customer, to a supplier or service provider designated by the	Provisionally agreed (moved from Article 18(5), line 372): Member States shall require that, to the extent that complementary information on historical consumption is available, it is

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			consumer.	made available, at the request of the final customer, to a supplier or service provider designated by the consumer.
982.	that allow remote reading by the operator installed, final customers shall have the possibility of easy access to complementary information on historical consumption allowing detailed self-checks.		Where final customers have meters that allow remote reading by the operator installed, final customers shall have the possibility of easy access to complementary information on historical consumption allowing detailed self-checks.	Provisionally agreed: Where final customers have meters that allow remote reading by the operator installed, final customers shall have the possibility of easy access to complementary information on historical consumption allowing detailed self-checks.
983.	historical consumption shall include:		Complementary information on historical consumption shall include:	Provisionally agreed: Complementary information on historical consumption shall include:
984.	(a) cumulative data for at least the three previous years or the period since the start of the supply contract if this is shorter. The data shall correspond to the intervals for which frequent billing information has been produced; and		(a) cumulative data for at least the three previous years or the period since the start of the supply contract if this is shorter. The data shall correspond to the intervals for which frequent billing information has been produced; and	Provisionally agreed: (a) cumulative data for at least the three previous years or the period since the start of the supply contract if this is shorter. The data shall correspond to the intervals for which frequent billing information has been produced; and
985.	(b) detailed data according to the time of use for any day, week, month and year. These data shall be made available to final customers in near real time via the internet or the meter interface for the period of at least the previous 24 months or the period since the start of the supply contract if this is shorter.	AM 197 (b) detailed data according to the time of use for any day, week, month and year. These data shall be made available to final customers in near real time <i>in a user-friendly format</i> , via the internet or the meter interface for the period of at least the previous 24 months or the period since the start of the supply contract if this is shorter.	(b) detailed data according to the time of use for any day, week, month and year. These data shall be made available to final customers in near real time via the internet or the meter interface for the period of at least the previous 24 months or the period since the start of the supply contract if this is shorter.	Provisionally agreed: b) detailed data according to the time of use for any day, week, month and year. These data shall be made available to final customers in near real time via the internet or the meter interface for the period of at least the previous 24 months or the period since the start of the supply contract if this is shorter.

986.	4. Disclosure of energy sources	4. Disclosure of energy sources	Provisionally agreed: 4. Disclosure of energy sources
987.	Suppliers shall specify in bills:	Suppliers shall specify in bills the contribution of each energy source to the electricity purchased by the customer in accordance with the supply contract (product level disclosure).	Provisionally agreed: Suppliers shall specify in bills the contribution of each energy source to the electricity purchased by the customer in accordance with the supply contract (product level disclosure).
988.		The following information shall be made available to final customers in, with, or signposted to within their bills and billing information:	Provisionally agreed: The following information shall be made available to final customers in, with, or signposted to within their bills and billing information:
989.	(a) the contribution of each energy source to the overall fuel mix of the supplier (at national level i. e. in the Member State where the supply contract has been concluded, as well as at the level of the supply undertaking if the supplier is active in several Member States) over the preceding year in a comprehensible and clearly comparable manner;	(a) the contribution of each energy source to the overall fuel mix of the supplier (at national level i. e. in the Member State where the supply contract has been concluded, as well as at the level of the supply undertaking if the supplier is active in several Member States) over the preceding year in a comprehensible and clearly comparable manner;	Provisionally agreed: (a) the contribution of each energy source to the overall fuel mix of the supplier (at national level i. e. in the Member State where the supply contract has been concluded, as well as at the level of the supply undertaking if the supplier is active in several Member States) over the preceding year in a comprehensible and clearly comparable manner;
990.	(b) the contribution of each energy source to the electricity purchased by the customer in accordance with the supply contract (product level disclosure);	(b) []	Provisionally agreed: (b) []
991.	(c) as a minimum the reference to existing reference sources, such as web pages, where information on the environmental impact, in terms of at least CO2 emissions and the radioactive waste resulting from the	(c) [] information on the environmental impact, in terms of at least CO2 emissions and the radioactive waste resulting from the electricity produced by the overall fuel mix of the supplier over the	Provisionally agreed: (c) information on the environmental impact, in terms of at least CO2 emissions and the radioactive waste resulting from the electricity produced by the overall fuel mix of

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	electricity produced by the overall fuel mix of the supplier over the preceding year is publicly available;	preceding year [];	the supplier over the preceding year;
992.		As regards the first subparagraph points (a) [] of the [] second subparagraph with respect to electricity obtained via an electricity exchange or imported from an undertaking situated outside the Union, aggregate figures provided by the exchange or the undertaking in question over the preceding year may be used.	Provisionally agreed: As regards the first subparagraph points (a) of the second subparagraph with respect to electricity obtained via an electricity exchange or imported from an undertaking situated outside the Union, aggregate figures provided by the exchange or the undertaking in question over the preceding year may be used.
993.	For disclosure of electricity from renewable energy sources or from high efficiency cogeneration, guarantees of origin issued under Article 15 of Directive 2009/28/EC and Article 14(10) of Directive 2012/27/EC shall be used.	For the disclosure of electricity from renewable energy sources or from high efficiency cogeneration, guarantees of origin issued under Article 15 of Directive 2009/28/EC and Article 14(10) of Directive 2012/27/EC [] may be used.	Provisionally agreed: For the disclosure of electricity from renewable energy sources or from high efficiency cogeneration, guarantees of origin issued under Article 15 of Directive 2009/28/EC and Article 14(10) of Directive 2012/27/EC may be used.
994.	The regulatory authority or another competent national authority shall take the necessary steps to ensure that the information provided by suppliers to final customers pursuant to this Article is reliable and is provided, at a national level, in a clearly comparable manner.	The regulatory authority or another competent national authority shall take the necessary steps to ensure that the information provided by suppliers to final customers pursuant to this Article is reliable and is provided, at a national level, in a clearly comparable manner.	Provisionally agreed: The regulatory authority or another competent national authority shall take the necessary steps to ensure that the information provided by suppliers to final customers pursuant to this Article is reliable and is provided, at a national level, in a clearly comparable manner.

995.		ANNI	EX III	
		SMART METERS (A	Provisionally agreed)	
996.	1. Member States shall ensure the implementation of smart metering systems in their territories that may be subject to an economic assessment of all the long-term costs and benefits to the market and the individual consumer or which form of smart metering is economically reasonable and cost-effective and which timeframe is feasible for their distribution.		1. Member States shall ensure the implementation of smart metering systems in their territories that may be subject to an economic assessment of all the long-term costs and benefits to the market and the individual consumer or which form of smart metering is economically reasonable and cost-effective and which timeframe is feasible for their distribution.	Provisionally agreed: 1. Member States shall ensure the implementation of smart metering systems in their territories that may be subject to an economic assessment of all the long-term costs and benefits to the market and the individual consumer or which form of smart metering is economically reasonable and cost-effective and which timeframe is feasible for their distribution.
997.	2. Such assessment shall take into consideration the methodology for a cost-benefit analysis and the minimum functionalities for smart metering defined in the Commission Recommendation 2012/148/EU as well as best available techniques for ensuring the highest level of cybersecurity and data protection.	AM 198 2. Such assessment shall be based on the methodology for a costbenefit analysis and the minimum functionalities for smart metering defined in the Commission Recommendation 2012/148/EU as well as best available techniques for ensuring the highest level of cybersecurity and data protection. The Commission shall ensure that this methodology is used in a consistent manner across the Union.	2. Such assessment shall take into consideration the methodology for a cost-benefit analysis and the minimum functionalities for smart metering defined in the Commission Recommendation 2012/148/EU as well as best available techniques for ensuring the highest level of cybersecurity and data protection.	Provisionally agreed: 2. Such assessment shall take into consideration the methodology for a cost-benefit analysis and the minimum functionalities for smart metering defined in the Commission Recommendation 2012/148/EU as well as best available techniques for ensuring the highest level of cybersecurity and data protection.

998. 3 Subject to that assessment, Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the designed competent authority, shall prepare a timetable with a target of up to 10 years for the deployment of smart metering systems. Where roll-out of smart meters is assessed positively, at least 80 % of final customers shall be equipped with smart metering systems within 8 years from the date of their positive assessment or by 2020 for those Member States that have initiated deployment before entering into force of this Directive.

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3. Subject to that assessment, Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the designed competent authority, shall prepare a timetable with a target of up to 5 years for the deployment of smart metering systems. Where roll-out of smart meters is assessed positively, at least 80 % of final customers shall be equipped with smart metering systems within 5 years from the date of their positive assessment or by 2020 for those Member States that have initiated deployment before entering into force of this Directive.

3. Subject to that assessment,
Member States or, where a Member
State has so provided, the designed
competent authority, shall prepare a
timetable with a target of up to 10
years for the deployment of smart
metering systems. Where roll-out of
smart meters is assessed positively, at
least 80 % of final customers shall be
equipped with smart metering
systems within 8 years from the date
of the adoption of a national legal
framework for the roll-out [].

Provisionally agreed:

3. Subject to that assessment, Member States or, where a Member State has so provided, the designed competent authority, shall prepare a timetable with a target of up to 10 years for the deployment of smart metering systems. Where roll-out of smart meters is assessed positively. at least 80 % of final customers shall be equipped with smart metering systems within 7 years from the date of their positive assessment or by 2024 for those Member States that have initiated systematic deployment before entering into force of this Directive.

999.		ANNEX IV	
	Part A		
	Repealed Directive (referred to in Article [])		
1000		Directive (OJ L 211, 2009/72/EC 14.8.2009, p.	
	Directive (OJ L 211, 2009/72/EC 14.8.2009, p.	55-93)	
	55-93)		
1001	Part B	Part B	
	List of time-limits for	List of time-limits for	
	transposition into national law [and application]	transposition into national law [and application]	
	(referred to in Article [])	(referred to in Article [])	
1002		Directive Time- Date of	
	limit application for	limit application for	
	transpo	transpo	
	sition	sition	
	2009/72/ 03.03.2 03.09.2009	2009/72/ 03.03.2 03.09.2009	
	EC 011	EC 011	

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