



EUROPEAN
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2022/0381 (NLE)

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION

amending Regulation (EU) 2021/2283 opening and providing for the management of autonomous tariff quotas of the Union for certain agricultural and industrial products

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

1. CONTEXT OF THE PROPOSAL

• Reasons for and objectives of the proposal

Autonomous tariff quotas of the Union are needed for products whose production in the Union is insufficient to meet the needs of the user industry in the Union for a given quota period. Union tariff quotas should be opened at zero or reduced duty rates for appropriate volumes, without disturbing the markets for such products.

On 20 December 2021, the Council of the European Union adopted Regulation (EU) 2021/2283¹ opening and providing for the management of autonomous tariff quotas of the Union for certain agricultural and industrial products so that Union demand for the products in question could be met under the most favourable conditions.

The Regulation is updated every six months to accommodate the needs of Union industry.

The Commission, assisted by the Economic Tariff Questions Group (“ETQG”), has reviewed all requests from the Member States for autonomous tariff quotas duties.

Following this review, the Commission considers that the opening of autonomous tariff quotas is justified for some new products, currently not listed in the Annex to Council Regulation (EU) 2021/2283. In relation to some other products the wording of the description needs to be changed, new TARIC codes should be assigned, or an increase of the initial quota volume became necessary. Products for which a tariff quota is no longer in the Union's economic interest should be withdrawn.

For reasons of clarity it is advisable to publish a consolidated version of the Annex to Council Regulation (EU) 2021/2283, which will fully replace the previous Annex.

• Consistency with existing policy provisions in the policy area

This proposal does not affect countries that have a preferential trading agreement with the Union nor candidate countries or potential candidates for preferential agreements with the Union (e.g. Generalised System of Preferences; the African, Caribbean and Pacific group trade regime; Free Trade Agreements).

• Consistency with other Union policies

The proposal is in line with Union policies on agriculture, trade, enterprise, development, environment, and external relations.

The trade-liberalising measures that are contained in this proposal aim at ensuring that the temporary suspension of the Union's common customs tariff is conducted in the context of the principles and objectives of the Union's external action set out in Article 21 TEU and that different areas of external action of the Union, as well as its external action and other Union policies, be consistent with another. It is therefore appropriate to exclude a number of products originating in Russia and Belarus from the tariff reduction, in order to ensure consistency with the restrictive measures taken by the Union against these countries following Russia's aggression against Ukraine. However, in order to ensure appropriate supply and avoid serious disturbances in some EU markets, it is necessary to retain the tariff quotas for certain products originating from Russia.

¹ OJ L 458, 22.12.2021, p.33

2. LEGAL BASIS, SUBSIDIARITY AND PROPORTIONALITY

- **Legal basis**

The legal basis of this proposal is Article 31 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU).

- **Subsidiarity (for non-exclusive competence)**

The proposal falls under the Union's exclusive competence. The subsidiarity principle therefore does not apply.

- **Proportionality**

The proposal complies with the principle of proportionality. The measures envisaged are in line with the principles for simplifying procedures for operators engaged in foreign trade, as stated in the Commission communication concerning autonomous tariff suspensions and quotas². This Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve the objectives pursued in accordance with Article 5(4) of the Treaty on European Union (TEU).

- **Choice of the instrument**

By virtue of Article 31 of the TFEU, "Common Customs Tariff duties shall be fixed by the Council on a proposal from the Commission". Therefore, a Council regulation is the appropriate instrument.

3. RESULTS OF EX-POST EVALUATIONS, STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATIONS AND IMPACT ASSESSMENTS

- **Ex-post evaluations/fitness checks of existing legislation**

The autonomous tariff quotas scheme was part of an evaluation study carried out in 2013 on autonomous tariff suspensions³.

This is because the two measures are similar, except that autonomous tariff quotas limit import volumes, while autonomous tariff suspensions permit the total or partial waiver of the normal duties applicable to certain goods imported to the EU for an unlimited quantity. The evaluation concluded that the core rationale for the scheme remains valid. The cost savings for Union businesses importing goods under the scheme can be significant. In turn, depending on the product, company and sector, these savings can have wider benefits, such as boosting competitiveness, making production methods more efficient, and creating or keeping jobs in the Union. Details of the savings stemming from this regulation can be found in point 4 and in the attached legislative financial statement.

- **Stakeholder consultations**

The Economic Tariff Questions Group, which consists of delegations from all Member States plus Turkey, assisted the Commission in the preparation of this proposal.

The ETQG carefully assessed each request (new, or for an amendment). It particularly examined each case to ensure that it was not causing any harm to Union producers and was

² OJ C 363, 13.12.2011, p. 6.

³ http://ec.europa.eu/taxation_customs/common/publications/studies/index_en.htm

strengthening and consolidating the competitiveness of Union's production. The members of the ETQG carried out the assessment through discussions, and Member States consulted the concerned industries, associations, chambers of commerce and other stakeholders involved.

All listed tariff quotas were the subject of agreements or compromises reached in the discussions held at the ETQG. No potentially serious risks with irreversible consequences was identified.

- **Impact assessment**

The proposed amendment is of a purely technical nature and concerns only the coverage of tariff quotas listed in the Annex to Regulation (EU) No 2021/2283. An impact assessment was not carried out because the proposed changes in the list of products that would benefit from the autonomous Common Customs Tariff quotas are not expected to have significant impacts.

- **Fundamental rights**

The proposal has no consequences on fundamental rights.

4. BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

This proposal has no financial impact on expenditure but has a financial impact on revenue. The annex contains eight new products. The uncollected duties corresponding to the respective tariff quotas are calculated on the basis of requesting Member State projections for 2021. However, due to the deletion of fifteen quotas and the reintroduction of the tariffs, the impact on the collection of customs duties is estimated at a surplus of EUR 14 million per year. The overall positive effect on the traditional own resources of the EU budget is estimated at EUR 10,5 million per year (75 % of the total). The legislative financial statement sets out the budgetary implications of the proposal in greater detail.

5. OTHER ELEMENTS

- **Implementation plans and monitoring, evaluation and reporting arrangements**

The proposed measures are managed within the framework of the Integrated Tariff of the European Union “TARIC” (they are integrated in TARIC and managed by the QUOTA database) and applied by the Member States’ customs administrations.

Proposal for a

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amending Regulation (EU) 2021/2283 opening and providing for the management of autonomous tariff quotas of the Union for certain agricultural and industrial products

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 31 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) In order to ensure a sufficient and uninterrupted supply of certain agricultural and industrial products which are produced in insufficient quantities in the Union and thereby avoid any disturbances on the market for those products, autonomous tariff quotas were opened by Council Regulation (EU) 2021/2283¹. Within those tariff quotas, products can be imported into the Union at reduced or zero duty rates.
- (2) As it is in the Union's interest to ensure an adequate supply of certain industrial products and having regard to the fact that identical, equivalent or substitute products are not produced in sufficient quantities within the Union, it is necessary to open new tariff quotas with order numbers 09.2921, 09.2922, 09.2923, 09.2924, 09.2925, 09.2926, 09.2927 and 09.2931 at zero duty rates for appropriate quantities of those products.
- (3) As the scope of the tariff quotas with order numbers 09.2723 and 09.2763 has become inadequate to fulfil the needs of the economic operators in the Union, the description of the products covered by those quotas should be amended and the applicable TARIC codes for those products should therefore be modified.
- (4) As is it in the Union's interest to ensure an adequate supply of certain industrial products the volumes of tariff quotas with order numbers 09.2563, 09.2682, 09.2828 and 09.2854 should be increased.
- (5) As the Union production capacity for certain industrial products has been increased the volumes of tariff quotas with order numbers 09.2575 and 09.2913 should be decreased.
- (6) For the tariff quotas with order numbers 09.2583, 09.2819, 09.2839 and 09.2855 the quota period should be extended and the quota volume should be adapted on a yearly basis as the tariff quotas were opened for a period of 6 months only and it is still in the Union's interest to maintain them.
- (7) As it is no longer in the Union's interest to maintain the tariff quotas with order numbers 09.2003, 09.2576, 09.2577, 09.2592, 09.2650, 09.2673, 09.2688, 09.2694,

¹ Council Regulation (EU) 2021/2283 of 20 December 2021 opening and providing for the management of autonomous tariff quotas of the Union for certain agricultural and industrial products, and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1388/2013 (OJ L 458, 22.12.2021, p. 33).

09.2708, 09.2710, 09.2734, 09.2799, 09.2829, 09.2866 and 09.2880, they should be closed.

- (8) At the same time, relations between the Union and Russia have deteriorated over the past years, particularly due to Russia's disregard for international law and its unprovoked and unjustified invasion of Ukraine. On 6 October 2022, the Council adopted an eighth package of sanctions² against Russia over its continued war of aggression against Ukraine and the reported atrocities committed by Russian armed forces in Ukraine.
- (9) While Russia is a member of the World Trade Organization, the Union can rely on the exceptions that apply under the Agreement Establishing the World Trade Organization, and in particular Article XXI of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994, in particular with regard to the obligation to accord to products imported from Russia the advantages granted to like products imported from other countries (most-favoured-nation treatment).
- (10) In light of the deterioration of the relations between the Union and Russia, in order to ensure the coherence with the Union's actions and principles in the field of the Union's external action, it would therefore not be appropriate to allow products originating from Russia to enjoy duty-free and most-favoured-nation treatment with regard to the products covered by this Regulation. Therefore, it is necessary to remove respective tariff quotas for those products.
- (11) The situation between the Union and Belarus has deteriorated over the past years, because of the Belarusian regime's disregard for international law, fundamental rights and human rights. In addition, Belarus has provided extensive support to the Russian military aggression against Ukraine from its very beginning.
- (12) Since October 2020, the Union has progressively imposed restrictive measures against Belarus over continued human rights abuses, the instrumentalisation of migrants and the involvement of Belarus in the Russian military aggression against Ukraine. As Belarus is not a member of the World Trade Organization, the Union is not obliged, by virtue of the Agreement Establishing the World Trade Organization, to accord the most-favoured-nation treatment to products from Belarus. In addition, trade agreements allow for certain actions to be taken that are justified on the basis of applicable exception clauses, in particular security exceptions.
- (13) In the light of the deterioration of the relations between Belarus and Union, in order to ensure the coherence with the Union's actions and principles in the field of the Union's external action, it would therefore not be appropriate to allow products originating from Belarus to enjoy duty-free treatment and most-favoured-nation treatment with regard to the products covered by this Regulation.
- (14) However, in order to ensure appropriate supply and avoid serious disturbances in some EU markets, it is necessary to retain the tariff quotas with order numbers 09.2600, 09.2742, 09.2698 and 09.2835 for certain products originating in Russia, falling under TARIC codes 2712 90 39 10, 2926 10 00 10, 3204 17 00 30 and 7604 29 10 30 respectively. Those products represented more than 50% of the total value of imports into the Union in the years 2019 to 2021 with no or limited alternative suppliers from

² Council Regulation (EU) 2022/1903 (OJ 259 I, p.1)
Council Regulation (EU) 2022/1904 (OJ 259 I, p.3)
Council Regulation (EU) 2022/1905 (OJ 259 I, p. 76)
Council Regulation (EU) 2022/1906 (OJ 259 I, p. 79)

other third countries. The value of those imports would indicate that the Union industry operators are dependent to a very large extent on those imports and that the removal of the tariff quotas would cause disproportionate hardship to those operators.

- (15) Therefore, in the light of the context above, the removal of the suspension on CCT duties on certain products originating from Russia and Belarus is appropriate and permitted, in application of the General Rules concerning duties set out in Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87³, and in particular Part One, Section I, Part B, point 1 thereof.
- (16) As the granting of the autonomous tariff quotas is an exception to the application of the common customs tariff duties, the re-introduction of these common customs tariff duties to the imports originating in Belarus and Russia constitutes a return to the normal state of affairs (see points 2.1.2 and 2.2.1 of the Communication from the Commission concerning autonomous tariff suspensions and quotas). Thus, the limited removal of tariff quotas for certain products originating from Russia and Belarus is not a restrictive or prohibitive measure, but its purpose is to prevent those countries from indirectly benefiting from a unilateral Union measure and to ensure the overall coherence of the Union's actions.
- (17) Regulation (EU) 2021/2283 should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (18) In order to avoid any interruption in the application of the tariff quota scheme and to comply with the guidelines set out in the Communication from the Commission concerning autonomous tariff suspensions and quotas, the changes provided for in this Regulation regarding the tariff quotas for the products concerned should apply from 1 January 2023. This Regulation should therefore enter into force as a matter of urgency,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EU) 2021/2283 is amended as follows:

- (1) in Article 1, the following paragraph is added:

“4. The suspension laid down in paragraph 2 does not apply to products originating in Belarus and in Russia, with the exception of quota order numbers 09.2600, 09.2742, 09.2698 and 09.2835.”;
- (2) the Annex is replaced by the text set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 1 January 2023

³ Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff (OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 1).

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

*For the Council
The President*

LEGISLATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

1. NAME OF THE PROPOSAL:

Council Regulation amending Regulation (EU) No 2021/2283 opening and providing for the management of autonomous tariff quotas of the Union for certain agricultural and industrial products

2. BUDGET LINES

Chapter and Article: Chapter 12, Article 120

Amount budgeted for the year 2023: 21 590 300 000

3. FINANCIAL IMPACT

☐ Proposal has no financial implications

X Proposal has no financial impact on expenditure but has a financial impact on revenue.
The effect is as follows:

(EUR million to one decimal place)

Budget line	Revenue ¹	12-month period, starting dd/mm/yyyy	[Year: 2023]
Article 120	<i>Impact on own resources</i>	01/01/2023	+10,5

The annex contains eight new products. The uncollected duties corresponding to these tariff quotas, calculated on the basis of requesting Member State projections for 2021, amount to EUR 5 073 751 per year.

15 products have been withdrawn from the Annex to this regulation reflecting the reintroduction of customs duties. This represents an increase in the collection of customs duties of EUR 19 156 708 per year.

On the basis of the above, the positive impact on revenue for the EU budget resulting from this Regulation is estimated at $\text{EUR} - 5\,073\,751 + 19\,156\,708 = \text{EUR} +14\,082\,957$ (gross amount, including collection costs) $\times 0,75 = \text{EUR} +10\,562\,218$ per year (net amount).

4. ANTI-FRAUD MEASURES

Checks on the end-use of some of the products covered by this Council Regulation will be carried out in accordance with Article 254 of Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 October 2013 laying down the Union Customs Code.

In addition, Member States may carry out any customs controls they deem appropriate under the risk management they undertake, as provided for by Article 46 of Regulation (EU) No 952/2013.

¹ In case of traditional own resources (customs duties, sugar levies), the amounts indicated must be net amounts (i.e. gross amounts after deduction of 25% collection costs).



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ANNEX

ANNEX

to the

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**amending Regulation (EU) 2021/2283 opening and providing for the management of
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ANNEX**‘ANNEX**

Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota period	Quota volume	Quota duty rate
09.2849	ex 0710 80 69	10	Mushrooms of the species <i>Auricularia polytricha</i> (uncooked or cooked by steaming or boiling), frozen, for the manufacture of prepared meals (1)(2)	1.1.- 31.12.	700 tonnes	0 %
09.2664	ex 2008 60 39	30	Sweet cherries containing added spirit, with a sugar content of not more than 9 % by weight, of a diameter of not more than 19,9 mm, with stones, for use in chocolate products (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	1 000 tonnes	10 %
09.2925	ex 2309 90 31 ex 2309 90 31 ex 2309 90 96 ex 2309 90 96	41 49 41 49	Feed additive, consisting on dry weight basis of: — 68 % or more, but not more than 80 % of L-lysine sulphate, and — not more than 32 % of other components such as carbohydrates and other amino acids	1.1.- 31.12.	100 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2913	ex 2401 10 35 ex 2401 10 70 ex 2401 10 95 ex 2401 10 95 ex 2401 10 95 ex 2401 20 35 ex 2401 20 70 ex 2401 20 95 ex 2401 20 95 ex 2401 20 95	91 10 11 21 91 91 10 11 21 91	Natural unmanufactured tobacco, whether or not cut in regular size, having a custom value of not less than EUR 450 per 100 kg net weight, for use as binder or wrapper for the manufacture of goods falling within subheading 2402 10 00 (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	3 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2828	2712 20 90		Paraffin wax containing by weight less than 0,75 % of oil	1.1.- 31.12.	140 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2600	ex 2712 90 39	10	Slack wax (CAS RN 64742-61-6)	1.1.- 31.12.	100 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2578	ex 2811 19 80	50	Sulphamidic acid (CAS RN 5329-14-6) with a purity by weight of 95 % or more, whether or not with not more than 5 % addition of the anti-caking agent silicon dioxide (CAS RN 112926-00-8)	1.1.- 31.12.	27 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2928	ex 2811 22 00	40	Silica filler in the form of granules, with a purity by weight of 97 % or more of silicon dioxide	1.1.- 31.12.	1 700 tonnes	0 %
09.2806	ex 2825 90 40	30	Tungsten trioxide, including blue tungsten oxide (CAS RN 1314-35-8 or CAS RN 39318-18-8)	1.1.- 31.12.	12 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2819	ex 2833 25 00	30	Copper hydroxide sulfate (Cu ₄ (OH) ₆ (SO ₄)), hydrate (CAS RN 12527-76-3) with a purity by weight of 98 % or more	1.1.- 31.12.	240 000 kilograms	0 %
09.2872	ex 2833 29 80	40	Caesium sulphate (CAS RN 10294-54-9) in solid form or as aqueous solution containing by weight 48 % or more but not more than 52 % of caesium sulphate	1.1.- 31.12.	400 tonnes	0 %
09.2567	ex 2903 22 00	10	Trichloroethylene (CAS RN 79-01-6) with a purity by weight of 99 % or more	1.1.- 31.12.	11 885 000 kilograms	0 %

Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota period	Quota volume	Quota duty rate
09.2837	ex 2903 79 30	20	Bromochloromethane (CAS RN 74-97-5)	1.1.-31.12.	600 tonnes	0 %
09.2933	ex 2903 99 80	30	1,3-Dichlorobenzene (CAS RN 541-73-1)	1.1.-31.12.	2 600 tonnes	0 %
09.2700	ex 2905 12 00	10	Propan-1-ol (propyl alcohol) (CAS RN 71-23-8)	1.1.-31.12.	15 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2830	ex 2906 19 00	40	Cyclopropylmethanol (CAS RN 2516-33-8)	1.1.-31.12.	20 tonnes	0 %
09.2851	ex 2907 12 00	10	O-cresol (CAS RN 95-48-7) having a purity of not less than 98,5 % by weight	1.1.-31.12.	20 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2704	ex 2909 49 80	20	2,2,2',2'-Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)-3,3'-oxydipropan-1-ol (CAS RN 126-58-9)	1.1.-31.12.	500 tonnes	0 %
09.2565	ex 2914 19 90	70	Calcium acetylacetonate (CAS RN 19372-44-2) with a purity by weight of 95 % or more	1.1.-31.12.	400 tonnes	0 %
09.2852	ex 2914 29 00	60	Cyclopropyl methyl ketone (CAS RN 765-43-5)	1.1.-31.12.	300 tonnes	0 %
09.2638	ex 2915 21 00	10	Acetic acid (CAS RN 64-19-7) of a purity by weight of 99 % or more	1.1.-31.12.	1 000 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2679	2915 32 00		Vinyl acetate (CAS RN 108-05-4)	1.1.-31.12.	450 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2728	ex 2915 90 70	85	Ethyl trifluoroacetate (CAS RN 383-63-1)	1.1.-31.12.	400 tonnes	0 %
09.2665	ex 2916 19 95	30	Potassium (E,E)-hexa-2,4-dienoate (CAS RN 24634-61-5)	1.1.-31.12.	8 250 tonnes	0 %
09.2684	ex 2916 39 90	28	2,5-Dimethylphenylacetyl chloride (CAS RN 55312-97-5)	1.1.-31.12.	700 tonnes	0 %
09.2599	ex 2917 11 00	40	Diethyl oxalate (CAS RN 95-92-1)	1.1.-31.12.	500 tonnes	0 %
09.2769	ex 2917 13 90	10	Dimethyl sebacate (CAS RN 106-79-6)	1.1.-31.12.	1 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2634	ex 2917 19 80	40	Dodecanedioic acid (CAS RN 693-23-2), of a purity by weight of more than 98,5 %	1.1.-31.12.	8 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2808	ex 2918 22 00	10	O-acetylsalicylic acid (CAS RN 50-78-2)	1.1.-31.12.	120 tonnes	0 %
09.2646	ex 2918 29 00	75	Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (CAS RN 2082-79-3) with: — a sieve passing fraction at a mesh width of 500 µm of more than 99 % by weight, and — a melting point of 49 °C or more, but not more than 54 °C, for use in the manufacture of PVC processing stabilizer-one packs based on powder mixtures (powders or press granulates) (1)	1.1.-31.12.	380 tonnes	0 %

Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota period	Quota volume	Quota duty rate
09.2647	ex 2918 29 00	80	Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate) (CAS RN 6683-19-8) with: — a sieve passing fraction at a mesh width of 250 µm of more than 75 % by weight and at a mesh width of 500 µm of more than 99 % by weight, and — a melting point of 110 °C or more, but not more than 125 °C, for use in the manufacture of PVC processing stabilizer-one packs based on powder mixtures (powders or press granulates) (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	140 tonnes	0 %
09.2975	ex 2918 30 00	10	Benzophenone-3,3',4,4'-tetracarboxylic dianhydride (CAS RN 2421-28-5)	1.1.- 31.12.	1 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2598	ex 2921 19 99	75	Octadecylamine (CAS RN 124-30-1)	1.1.- 31.12.	400 tonnes	0 %
09.2649	ex 2921 29 00	60	Bis(2-dimethylaminoethyl)(methyl)amine (CAS RN 3030-47-5)	1.1.- 31.12.	1 700 tonnes	0 %
09.2682	ex 2921 41 00	10	Aniline (CAS RN 62-53-3) with a purity by weight of 99 % or more	1.1.- 31.12.	220 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2617	ex 2921 42 00	89	4-Fluoro-N-(1-methylethyl)benzeneamine (CAS RN 70441-63-3)	1.1.- 31.12.	500 tonnes	0 %
09.2602	ex 2921 51 19	10	O-phenylenediamine (CAS RN 95-54-5)	1.1.- 31.12.	1 800 tonnes	0 %
09.2921	ex 2922 19 00	22	2-(dimethylamino)ethyl acrylate (CAS RN 2439-35-2) with a purity by weight of 99 % or more	1.1.- 31.12.	14 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2563	ex 2922 41 00	20	L-Lysine hydrochloride (CAS RN 657-27-2) or an aqueous solution of L-lysine (CAS RN 56-87-1), containing by weight 50 % or more of L-lysine	1.1.- 31.12.	300 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2575	ex 2923 90 00	87	3-Chloro-2-hydroxypropyl)trimethylammonium chloride (CAS RN 3327-22-8), in the form of an aqueous solution containing by weight 65 % or more but not more than 71 % 3-chloro-2-hydroxypropyl)trimethylammonium chloride	1.1.- 31.12.	12 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2922	ex 2923 90 00	88	Aqueous solution containing by weight 78 % or more but not more than 82 % of [2-(acryloyloxy)ethyl]trimethylammonium chloride (CAS RN 44992-01-0)	1.1.- 31.12.	10 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2854	ex 2924 19 00	85	3-Iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate (CAS RN 55406-53-6)	1.1.- 31.12.	450 tonnes	0 %
09.2874	ex 2924 29 70	87	Paracetamol (INN) (CAS RN 103-90-2)	1.1.- 31.12.	20 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2742	ex 2926 10 00	10	Acrylonitrile (CAS RN 107-13-1), for use in the manufacture of goods of chapter 55 and heading 6815 (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	60 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2583	ex 2926 10 00	30	Acrylonitrile (CAS RN 107-13-1), for use in the manufacture of goods of headings 2921, 2924, 3903, 3906, 3908, 3911 and 4002 (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	40 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2856	ex 2926 90 70	84	2-Nitro-4(trifluoromethyl)benzonitrile (CAS RN 778-94-9)	1.1.- 31.12.	900 tonnes	0 %
09.2581	ex 2929 10 00	25	1,5-Naphthylene diisocyanate (CAS RN 3173-72-6) with a purity by weight of 90 % or more	1.1.- 31.12.	300 tonnes	0 %

Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota period	Quota volume	Quota duty rate
09.2685	ex 2929 90 00	30	Nitroguanidine (CAS RN 556-88-7)	1.1.-31.12.	6 500 tonnes	0 %
09.2597	ex 2930 90 98	94	Bis[3-(triethoxysilyl)propyl]disulphide (CAS RN 56706-10-6)	1.1.-31.12.	6 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2596	ex 2930 90 98	96	2-Chloro-4-(methylsulphonyl)-3-((2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)methyl) benzoic acid (CAS RN 120100-77-8)	1.1.-31.12.	300 tonnes	0 %
09.2580	ex 2931 90 00	75	Hexadecyltrimethoxysilane (CAS RN 16415-12-6) with a purity by weight of at least 95 %, for use in the manufacture of polyethylene ⁽¹⁾	1.1.-31.12.	165 tonnes	0 %
09.2842	2932 12 00		2-Furaldehyde (furfuraldehyde)	1.1.-31.12.	10 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2696	ex 2932 20 90	25	Decan-5-olide (CAS RN 705-86-2)	1.1.-31.12.	6 000 kilograms	0 %
09.2697	ex 2932 20 90	30	Dodecan-5-olide (CAS RN 713-95-1)	1.1.-31.12.	6 000 kilograms	0 %
09.2812	ex 2932 20 90	77	Hexan-6-olide (CAS RN 502-44-3)	1.1.-31.12.	4 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2858	2932 93 00		Piperonal (CAS RN 120-57-0)	1.1.-31.12.	220 tonnes	0 %
09.2839	ex 2933 39 99	09	2-(2-Pyridyl)ethanol (CAS RN 103-74-2) with a purity by weight of 99 % or more	1.1.-31.12.	700 tonnes	0 %
09.2860	ex 2933 69 80	30	1,3,5-Tris[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine (CAS RN 15875-13-5)	1.1.-31.12.	600 tonnes	0 %
09.2566	ex 2933 99 80	05	1,4,7,10-Tetraazacyclododecane (CAS RN 294-90-6) with a purity by weight of 96 % or more	1.1.-31.12.	60 tonnes	0 %
09.2658	ex 2933 99 80	73	5-(Acetoacetyl amino)benzimidazolone (CAS RN 26576-46-5)	1.1.-31.12.	400 tonnes	0 %
09.2593	ex 2934 99 90	67	5-Chlorothiophene-2-carboxylic acid (CAS RN 24065-33-6)	1.1.-31.12.	45 000 kilograms	0 %
09.2675	ex 2935 90 90	79	4-[[[2-Methoxybenzoyl]amino]sulfonyl]benzoyl chloride (CAS RN 816431-72-8)	1.1.-31.12.	1 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2945	ex 2940 00 00	20	D-Xylose (CAS RN 58-86-6)	1.1.-31.12.	400 tonnes	0 %
09.2686	ex 3204 11 00	75	Colourant C.I. Disperse Yellow 54 (CAS RN 7576-65-0) and preparations based thereon with a colourant C.I. Disperse Yellow 54 content of 99 % or more by weight	1.1.-31.12.	250 tonnes	0 %
09.2676	ex 3204 17 00	14	Preparations based on Colourant C.I. Pigment Red 48:2 (CAS RN 7023-61-2) with a content thereof of 60 % or more but less than 85 % by weight	1.1.-31.12.	50 tonnes	0 %

Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota period	Quota volume	Quota duty rate
09.2698	ex 3204 17 00	30	Colourant C.I. Pigment Red 4 (CAS RN 2814-77-9) and preparations based thereon with a colourant C.I. Pigment Red 4 content of 60 % or more by weight	1.1.-31.12.	150 tonnes	0 %
09.2659	ex 3802 90 00	19	Soda flux calcinated diatomaceous earth	1.1.-31.12.	35 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2908	ex 3804 00 00	10	Sodium lignosulphonate (CAS RN 8061-51-6)	1.1.-31.12.	40 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2889	3805 10 90		Sulphate turpentine	1.1.-31.12.	25 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2935	ex 3806 10 00	10	Rosin and resin acids obtained from fresh oleoresins	1.1.-31.12.	280 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2832	ex 3808 92 90	40	Preparation containing 38 % or more but not more than 50 % by weight of pyrrithione zinc (INN) (CAS RN 13463-41-7) in an aqueous dispersion	1.1.-31.12.	500 tonnes	0 %
09.2923	ex 3808 94 20	40	Aqueous solution containing by weight: — 10,0 % or more but not more than 11,3 % of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, — 3,0 % or more but not more than 4,1 % of 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, — a combined concentration of isothiazolones (CAS RN 55965-84-9) of 13,0 % or more but not more than 15,4 %, — 18 % or more but not more than 22 % of nitrates, calculated as sodium nitrate, and — 5 % or more but not more than 8 % of chlorides, calculated as sodium chloride	1.1.-31.12.	3 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2926	ex 3811 21 00	31	Additive consisting essentially of: — Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (isobutyl and pentyl) esters, zinc salts (CAS RN 68457-79-4), — 8 % or more by weight but not more than 15 % by weight of mineral oil, for use in the manufacture of blends of additives for lubricating oils (1)	1.1.-31.12.	700 tonnes	0 %
09.2876	ex 3811 29 00	57	Additives consisting of reaction products of diphenylamine and branched nonenes with: — more than 20 % but not more than 50 % by weight 4-mono-nonyldiphenylamine, and — more than 50 % but not more than 80 % by weight 4,4'-dinonyldiphenylamine, — a total percentage of 2,4-dinonyldiphenylamine and 2,4'-dinonyldiphenylamine of not more than 15 % by weight, used for the manufacture of lubricating oils (1)	1.1.-31.12.	900 tonnes	0 %
09.2927	ex 3811 29 00	80	Additives containing: — more than 70 % by weight of 2,5-bis(<i>tert</i> -nonyldithio)-[1,3,4]-thiadiazole (CAS RN 89347-09-1), and — more than 15 % by weight of 5-(<i>tert</i> -nonyldithio)- 1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione (CAS RN 97503-12-3), for use in the manufacture of lubricating oils (1)	1.1.-31.12.	500 tonnes	0 %
09.2814	ex 3815 90 90	76	Catalyst consisting of titanium dioxide and tungsten trioxide	1.1.-31.12.	3 000 tonnes	0 %

Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota period	Quota volume	Quota duty rate
09.2644	ex 3824 99 92	77	Preparation containing by weight: — 55 % or more but not more than 78 % of dimethyl glutarate (CAS RN 1119-40-0), — 10 % or more but not more than 30 % of dimethyl adipate (CAS RN 627-93-0), and — not more than 35 % of dimethyl succinate (CAS RN 106-65-0)	1.1.- 31.12.	10 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2681	ex 3824 99 92	85	Mixture of bis [3-(triethoxysilyl)propyl]sulphides (CAS RN 211519-85-6)	1.1.- 31.12.	9 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2907	ex 3824 99 93	67	Mixture of phytosterols, in the form of powder, containing by weight: — 75 % or more of sterols, — not more than 25 % of stanols, for use in the manufacture of stanols/sterols or stanol/sterol esters (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	2 500 tonnes	0 %
09.2568	ex 3824 99 96	91	Mixture, in pellet form, containing by weight: — 49 % or more but not more than 50 % of bis[3-(triethoxysilyl)propyl] polysulphides (CAS RN 211519-85-6), and — 50 % or more but not more than 51 % of carbon black (CAS RN 1333-86-4), of which 75 % by weight or more pass through a sieve with an aperture of 0,60 mm, but not more than 10 % pass through a sieve with an aperture of 0,25 mm (as determined by the ASTM D1511 method)	1.1.- 31.12.	1 500 tonnes	0 %
09.2820	ex 3827 90 00	10	Mixtures containing by weight: — 60 % or more but not more than 90 % of 2-chloropropene (CAS RN 557-98-2), — 8 % or more but not more than 14 % of (Z)-1-chloropropene (CAS RN 16136-84-8), — 5 % or more but not more than 23 % of 2-chloropropane (CAS RN 75-29-6), — not more than 6 % of 3-chloropropene (CAS RN 107-05-1), and — not more than 1 % of ethyl chloride (CAS RN 75-00-3)	1.1.- 31.12.	6 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2671	ex 3905 99 90	81	Poly(vinyl butyral)(CAS RN 63148-65-2): — containing by weight 17,5 % or more, but not more than 20 % of hydroxyl groups, and — with a median particle size (D50) of more than 0,6 mm	1.1.- 31.12.	12 500 tonnes	0 %
09.2846	ex 3907 40 00	25	Polymer blend of polycarbonate and poly(methyl methacrylate) with a polycarbonate content of not less than 98,5 % by weight, in the form of pellets or granules, with a luminous transmittance of not less than 88,5 %, measured using a test sample with a thickness of 4 mm at a wavelength of $\lambda = 400$ nm (according to ISO 13468-2)	1.1.- 31.12.	2 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2585	ex 3907 99 80	70	Copolymer of poly(ethylene terephthalate) and cyclohexane dimethanol, containing more than 10 % by weight of cyclohexane dimethanol	1.1.- 31.12.	60 000 tonnes	2 %
09.2855	ex 3910 00 00	10	Liquid poly(methylhydrosiloxane) with terminal trimethylsilyl groups (CAS RN 63148-57-2) with a purity by weight of 99,9 % or more	1.1.- 31.12.	500 tonnes	0 %
09.2931	ex 3911 90 11	10	Poly(oxy-1,4-phenylenesulphonyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneisopropylidene-1,4-phenylene) (CAS RN 25135-51-7 and CAS RN 25154-01-2), in one of the forms mentioned in note 6(b) to this chapter containing by weight not more than 20 % of additives	1.1.- 31.12.	6 300 tonnes	0 %
09.2723	ex 3911 90 19	35	Poly(oxy-1,4-phenylenesulfonyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy-4,4'-biphenylene) (CAS RNs 25608-64-4 and 25839-81-0) containing by weight not more than 20 % of additives	1.1.- 31.12.	5 000 tonnes	0 %

Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota period	Quota volume	Quota duty rate
09.2816	ex 3912 11 00	20	Cellulose acetate flakes	1.1.- 31.12.	75 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2573	ex 3913 10 00	20	Sodium alginate extracted from brown seaweed (CAS RN 9005-38-3), with — a loss on drying of not more than 15 % by weight (4h at 105 °C), — a water-insoluble fraction of not more than 2 % by weight, calculated on the dry weight	1.1.- 31.12.	2 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2641	ex 3913 90 00	87	Sodium hyaluronate, non sterile, with: — a weight average molecular weight (M_w) of not more than 900 000, — an endotoxin level of not more than 0,008 Endotoxin units (EU)/mg, — an ethanol content of not more than 1 % by weight, — an isopropanol content of not more than 0,5 % by weight	1.1.- 31.12.	300 kilograms	0 %
09.2661	ex 3920 51 00	50	Sheets of polymethylmethacrylate conforming to standards: — EN 4364 (MIL-P-5425E) and DTD5592A, or — EN 4365 (MIL-P-8184) and DTD5592A	1.1.- 31.12.	100 tonnes	0 %
09.2645	ex 3921 14 00	20	Cellular block of regenerated cellulose, impregnated with water containing magnesium chloride and quaternary ammonium compounds, measuring 100 cm (\pm 10 cm) x 100 cm (\pm 10 cm) x 40 cm (\pm 5 cm)	1.1.- 31.12.	1 700 tonnes	0 %
09.2572	ex 5205 26 00 ex 5205 27 00	10 10	Raw white single cotton yarn — of combed fibres, — with an average fibre length of 36,5 mm or more, — produced through the compact ring spinning process with pneumatic compression, — with a tear strength of 26,5 cN/tex or more (according to ISO 2062:2009, at a speed of 5,000 mm/min)	1.1.- 31.12.	50 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2848	ex 5505 10 10	10	Waste of synthetic fibres (including noils, yarn waste, and garnetted stock) of nylon or other polyamides (PA6 and PA66)	1.1.- 31.12.	10 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2721	ex 5906 99 90	20	Woven and laminated rubberised textile fabric with the following characteristics: — with three layers, — one outer layer consists of acrylic fabric, — the other outer layer consists of polyester fabric, — the middle layer consists of chlorobutyl rubber, — the middle layer has a weight of 452 g/m ² or more but not more than 569 g/m ² , — the textile fabric has a total weight of 952 g/m ² or more but not more than 1159 g/m ² , and — the textile fabric has a total thickness of 0,8 mm or more but not more than 4 mm, used for the manufacture of the retractable roof of motor vehicles (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	375 000 square meters	0 %
09.2628	ex 7019 66 00	10	Glass web woven from glass fibre coated in plastic, of a weight of 120 g/m ² (\pm 10 g/m ²), of a type used in rolling insect screens with fixed frames	1.1.- 31.12.	3 000 000 square meters	0 %
09.2652	ex 7409 11 00 ex 7410 11 00	30 40	Refined copper foil and strips, electrolytically manufactured, with a thickness of 0,015 mm or more	1.1.- 31.12.	1 020 tonnes	0 %

Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota period	Quota volume	Quota duty rate
09.2662	ex 7410 21 00	55	Plates: — consisting of at least one layer of fibreglass fabric impregnated with epoxide resin, — covered on one or both sides with copper foil with a thickness of not more than 0,15 mm, — with a dielectric constant (DK) of less than 5,4 at 1 MHz, as measured according to IPC-TM-650 2.5.5.2, — with a loss tangent of less than 0,035 at 1 MHz, as measured according to IPC-TM-650 2.5.5.2, — with a comparative tracking index (CTI) of 600 or more	1.1.- 31.12.	80 000 square meters	0 %
09.2835	ex 7604 29 10	30	Aluminium alloy rods with a diameter of 300,1 mm or more, but not more than 533,4 mm	1.1.- 31.12.	1 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2736	ex 7607 11 90 ex 7607 11 90 ex 7607 11 90 ex 7607 11 90	75 77 78 79	Aluminium and magnesium alloy strip or foil: — of an alloy conforming to standards 5182-H19 or 5052-H19, — in rolls with an outside diameter of minimum 1 250 mm but not more than 1 350 mm, — of a thickness (tolerance - 0,006 mm) of 0,15 mm, 0,16 mm, 0,18 mm or 0,20 mm, — of a width (tolerance \pm 0,3 mm) of 12,5 mm, 15,0 mm, 16,0 mm, 25,0 mm, 35,0 mm, 50,0 mm or 356 mm, — having a camber tolerance of not more than 0,4 mm/750 mm, — of a flatness measurement: I-unit \pm 4, — having a tensile strength of more than (5182-H19) 365 MPa or (5052-H19) 320 MPa, and — of an elongation A50 of more than (5182-H19) 3 % or (5052-H19) 2,5 %, for use in the manufacture of slats for blinds (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	600 tonnes	0 %
09.2722	8104 11 00		Unwrought magnesium, containing at least 99,8 % by weight of magnesium	1.1.- 31.12.	120 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2840	ex 8104 30 00	20	Magnesium powder: — of purity by weight of 98 % or more, but not more than 99,5 %, and — with a particle size of 0,2 mm or more but not more than 0,8 mm	1.1.- 31.12.	2 000 tonnes	0 %
09.2629	ex 8302 49 00	91	Aluminium telescopic handle for use in the manufacture of luggage (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	1 500 000 pieces	0 %
09.2720	ex 8413 91 00	50	Pump head for two cylinder high pressure pump made of forged steel, with: — milled threaded fittings with a diameter of 10 mm or more but not more than 36,8 mm, and — drilled fuel channels with a diameter of 3,5 mm or more but not more than 10 mm, of a kind used in diesel injection systems	1.1.- 31.12.	65 000 pieces	0 %
09.2569	ex 8414 90 00	80	Turbocharger wheel housing of cast aluminium alloy or cast iron: — with a heat resistance up to 400°C, — with a hole of 30 mm or more but not more than 300 mm for the insertion of the compressor wheel, for use in the automotive industry (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	4 000 000 pieces	0 %
09.2570	ex 8482 91 90	10	Rollers with a logarithmic profile and a diameter of 25 mm or more but not more than 70 mm or balls with a diameter of 30 mm but not more than 100 mm, — made of 100Cr6 steel or 100CrMnSi6-4 steel (ISO 3290), — with a deviation of 0,5 mm or less as determined with the FBHmethod for use in wind turbine industry (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	600 000 pieces	0 %

Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota period	Quota volume	Quota duty rate
09.2738	ex 8482 99 00	30	Brass cages with the following characteristics: — continuously or centrifugally cast, — turned, — containing by weight 35 % or more, but not more than 38 % of zinc, — containing by weight 0,75 % or more, but not more than 1,25 % of lead, — containing by weight 1,0 % or more, but not more than 1,4 % of aluminium, and — with a tensile strength of 415 Pa or more, of a kind used for the manufacture of ball bearings	1.1.- 31.12.	50 000 pieces	0 %
09.2857	ex 8482 99 00	50	Inner and outer rings made of steel, not grinded, outer ring with internal raceway(s), inner ring with an external raceway(s), with external diameters of: — 14 mm or more but not more than 77 mm for the inner ring, and — 26 mm or more but not more than 101 mm for the outer ring for use in the manufacture of bearings (1)	1.1.- 30.6.	12 000 000 kilograms	0 %
09.2924	ex 8501 31 00	80	Electronic actuator consisting of: — a DC motor having a power of less than 600 W, — for usage with a supply voltage of 12 V to 48 V, — with motor connection (plug-in connection), — with contactless position sensor, — built in a rectangular housing of a width of less than 100 mm and a length of less than 150 mm, with reduction gear and lever attached to the motor drive shaft or — in a cylindrical housing of a length off less than 150mm and with a diameter of less than 100 mm, with threads integrated into the rotor of the motor for linear movement of the integrated control rod	1.1.- 31.12.	650 000 pieces	0 %
09.2763	ex 8501 40 20 ex 8501 40 80	65 60	Electric AC motor, single-phase, whether or not with commutator — with a nominal output of 180 W or more, — with an input power of 150 W or more but not more than 2 700 W, — with an external diameter of more than 120 mm ($\pm 0,2$ mm) but not more than 135 mm ($\pm 0,2$ mm), — with a rated speed of more than 10 000 rpm but not more than 50 000 rpm, — whether or not equipped with air-inducting ventilator, — whether or not with mechanical device (pinion, screws, gear connection etc.) on the shaft, for use in the manufacture of domestic appliances (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	2 000 000 pieces	0 %
09.2672	ex 8529 90 92 ex 9405 42 31	75 70	Printed circuit board with LED diodes: — whether or not equipped with prisms/lens, and — whether or not fitted with connector(s) for the manufacture of backlight units for goods of heading 8528 (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	115 000 000 pieces	0 %
09.2574	ex 8537 10 91	73	Multifunctional device (instrument cluster) with: — curved TFT LCD display (radius 750 mm) with touch-sensitive surfaces, — microprocessors and memory chips, — acoustic module and loudspeaker, — connections for CAN, 3 x LIN bus, LVDS and Ethernet, — for operating various functions (e.g. chassis, lighting) and — for situation-related display of vehicle and navigation data (e.g. speed, odometer, charge level of the drive battery), for use in the manufacture of passenger cars powered solely by an electric motor covered by HS subheading 8703 80 (1)	1.1.- 31.12.	66 900 pieces	0 %

Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota period	Quota volume	Quota duty rate
09.2910	ex 8708 99 97	75	Aluminium alloy support bracket, with mounting holes, whether or not with fixation nuts, for indirect connection of the gearbox to the car body for use in the manufacture of goods of Chapter 87 (1)	1.1.-31.12.	200 000 pieces	0 %
09.2668	ex 8714 91 10 ex 8714 91 10 ex 8714 91 10	21 31 75	Bicycle frame, constructed from carbon fibres and artificial resin, for use in the manufacture of bicycles (including electric bicycles) (1)	1.1.-31.12.	600 000 pieces	0 %
09.2564	ex 8714 91 10 ex 8714 91 10 ex 8714 91 10	25 35 77	Frame, constructed from aluminium or aluminium and carbon fibres and artificial resin, for the use in the manufacture of bicycles (including electric bicycles) (1)	1.1.-31.12.	9 600 000 pieces	0 %
09.2579	ex 9029 20 31 ex 9029 90 00	40 40	Clustered instrument panel with: — stepping motors, — analog pointers and dials, — or without microprocessor control board, — or without LED indicators or LCD display, — showing at least: — speed, — engine revolutions, — engine temperature, — the fuel level, — communicating via CAN-BUS and/or K-LINE protocols, for use in the manufacture of goods of Chapter 87 (1)	1.1.-31.12.	160 000 pieces	0 %

(1) Suspension of duties is subject to end-use customs supervision in accordance with Article 254 of Regulation (EU) No 952/2013.

(2) However, the suspension of tariff duties does not apply where the processing is carried out by retail or catering undertakings.’