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## **COVER NOTE**

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date of receipt:	6 January 2023
То:	Ms Thérèse BLANCHET, Secretary-General of the Council of the European Union
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Subject:	COMMISSION STAFF WORKING DOCUMENT Country Sheets Accompanying the document Report from the Commission on the assessment of customs infringements and penalties in Member States Union Customs Code AUSTRIA - BELGIUM - BULGARIA - CROATIA - CZECH REPUBLIC - CYPRUS - DENMARK - GERMANY - GREECE - ESTONIA

Delegations will find attached document SWD(2023) 2 final.

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**PART 2/4** 

## COMMISSION STAFF WORKING DOCUMENT

**Country Sheets** 

Accompanying the document

**Report from the Commission** 

on the assessment of customs infringements and penalties in Member States Union Customs Code

AUSTRIA - BELGIUM - BULGARIA - CROATIA - CZECH REPUBLIC - CYPRUS - DENMARK - GERMANY - GREECE - ESTONIA

{COM(2023) 5 final}

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Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natur (C / A	re N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresl	ıolds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	Ti	me limitation		Other factors
			$ \mathbf{c} $	A	NP	LP		NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 15	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	financial misdemeanours: § 51 para. 1 FPC <sup>2</sup>	Y	N intent	Y	Y	fine	fine up to 5.000 Euro	fine up to 5.000 Euro	fines	intention to procure not only minor continuous income, conducting multiple offences of the same kind, previous conviction for the same offence, enticing another to commit an offence <sup>3,4</sup>	serious effort to rectify any detriment caused, remorseful confession, substantial contribution to finding the truth, committing the offence between the ages of 18 and 21 <sup>5,6</sup>	Y 7, 8, 9, 10	§ 31 para. 2 FPC: 1 year (financial misdemeanours) or 5 years (serious offences) <sup>11</sup>	§ 31 para. 5 FPC: 10 years <sup>12</sup> no absolute statute of limitation in case of judicial competence <sup>13</sup>	§ 32 FPC: 5 years (from the date on which the decision becomes final) <sup>14</sup>	liability also for the determined and the contributing perpetrator (§ 11 FPC) <sup>15</sup> liability for attempt (§ 13 FPC) <sup>16</sup>
		serious offences/if a reduction of (customs) duties is involved: § 36 FPC	Y	N gross negligence	Y	Y	fine	fine up to the amount of the evaded duties	fine up to the amount of the evaded duties	fines				FPC applies			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Finanzstrafgesetz (Fiscal Penal Code - FPC): BGBI (federal law gazette) No 129/1958, <a href="https://www.ris.bka.gv.at/GeltendeFassung.wxe?Abfrage=Bundesnormen&Gesetzesnummer=10003898">https://www.ris.bka.gv.at/GeltendeFassung.wxe?Abfrage=Bundesnormen&Gesetzesnummer=1000296</a>; Zollrechts-Durchführungsgesetz - ZollR-DG (Customs Law Implementing Act): BGBI No 659/1994, <a href="https://www.ris.bka.gv.at/GeltendeFassung.wxe?Abfrage=Bundesnormen&Gesetzesnummer=10004913">https://www.ris.bka.gv.at/GeltendeFassung.wxe?Abfrage=Bundesnormen&Gesetzesnummer=10004913</a>; Zollrechts-Durchführungsverordnung - ZollR-DV (Customs Law Implementing Regulation) BGBI II No 184/2004, <a href="https://www.ris.bka.gv.at/GeltendeFassung.wxe?Abfrage=Bundesnormen&Gesetzesnummer=20003315">https://www.ris.bka.gv.at/GeltendeFassung.wxe?Abfrage=Bundesnormen&Gesetzesnummer=20003315</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> § 51 para. 1 lit. a, c, e or f FPC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> § 23 FPC; §§ 32 and 33 Criminal Code; § 41 FPC (recidivism)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This provision is a general provision of the FPC and applies to all offences under the FPC. In the following, reference to the effectiveness of this general regulation is provided by "FPC applies".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> § 23 FPC; § 34 Criminal Code

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> please see fn 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> please see fn 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Waiving of the sanction, warning; § 25 FPC: In cases of minor breaches of customs law the customs law enforcement authorities are allowed to disregard the initiation of criminal proceedings. Those are cases where the culpability of the perpetrator is negligible and the infringement did not have any effect or only insignificant effects.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> **Voluntary disclosure**; § 29 FPC: Austria provides a specific voluntary disclosure procedure by which the customs debtor may prevent a criminal prosecution being initiated. According to § 29 FPC, a voluntary disclosure must reveal all significant facts to enable the customs authorities to easily and correctly assess the customs claim. The customs claim must be paid within one month after it was assessed. A payment deferral may be granted upon application but the period may not exceed two years. The voluntary disclosure must be timely filed, prior the customs authorities gaining knowledge of the underlying facts, otherwise the disclosure will not be considered timely. In this case the Austrian customs authorities (customs law enforcement authorities) may commence criminal proceedings against the customs debtor (eg the economic operator).

<sup>10</sup> Duty increase; § 108 para. 2 ZollR-DG: If the amount of the import duties does not exceed 1.000 Euro, any person who commits a customs offence may be exempted from prosecution by paying twice of the amount of the evaded duties.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> please see fn 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> please see fn 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> please see fn 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> please see fn 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> please see fn 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> please see fn 4

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natur (C / A	·e	N/I	Liability	Type of the sanction	Thresl	holds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	Т	ime limitation		Other factors
			C			NP LI	•	NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
18 for evaded 19 § 35 FPC 20 for evaded 21 if the offe 22 § 35 in co	d duties up to 100.000 d duties more than 10 d duties up to 50.000 nce falls within the connection with § 38a I duties up to 500.000	0.000 Euro  Euro  ompentency of the j  FPC	Y		intent	YY	fine and imprisonemen t	fine up to the twofold of the evaded duties/ imprisoneme nt up to 2 <sup>17</sup> or 4 years <sup>18,19</sup> OR fine up to the threefold of the evaded duties/ imprisoneme nt up to 3 months <sup>20</sup> or imprisoneme nt up to 5 years or beside imprisoneme nt up to 4 years a fine up to 1,5 mio. Euro <sup>21,22</sup> OR imprisoneme nt up to 5 years or beside imprisoneme nt up to 4 years a fine up to 1,5 mio. Euro <sup>23</sup> or imprisoneme nt up to 4 years a fine up to 1,5 mio. Euro <sup>23</sup> or imprisoneme nt up to 10 years or beside imprisoneme nt up to 8 years a fine up to 2,5 Mio. Euro <sup>24,25</sup> AND forfeiture (§ 17 FPC) or substitution of the value of the goods (§ 19 FPC)	fine up to the twofold of the evaded duties <sup>26</sup> OR fine up to the threefold of the evaded duties <sup>27</sup> OR fine up to 5 mio. Euro resp. 8 Mio Euro <sup>28</sup> AND forfeiture (§ 17 FPC) or substitution of the value of the goods (§ 19 FPC)	fines and imprisonemen t for serious offences, whereby imprisonemen t is only foreseen if necessary <sup>29, 30</sup> primary custodial sentences (particularly serious crimes) <sup>31</sup>	§ 35 in connection with either § 38a or § 39 FPC <sup>32,33</sup>				Capplies		

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	N/I	Liabi	ility	Type of the sanction	Thres	holds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	Ti	me limitation		Other factors
			C A		NP	LP		NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		if the infringement does not constitute a criminal offence: § 41 ZollR-DG, § 30 ZollR-DV (no criminal sanction but administrative duty)	N Y	strict liability	Y	Y	administrative duty	duty from approx. 100 to 200 Euro (determined for one year by order of the Federal Minister of Finance) <sup>34</sup>	duty from approx. 100 to 200 Euro	administrative duty				none			
Article 15(1)	Failure of the economic operator to provide customs authorities with all the assistance necessary for the completion of the customs formalities or controls	§ 51 para. 1 lit. e FPC	Y N	intent	Y	Y	fine	up to 5.000 Euro	up to 5.000 Euro	only fines				FPC applies			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> for evaded duties more than 500.000 Euro

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> § 35 in connection with § 39 FPC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> § 35 FPC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> § 35 in connection with § 38a FPC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> § 35 in connection with § 39 FPC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> § 15 para. 2 FPC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> please see fn 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> § 35 in connection with either § 38a or § 39 FPC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Not an aggravating factor, but a qualification of § 35 FPC are § 38a and § 39 FPC. §§ 35, 38a FCP is applicable, if smuggling or evasion of import duties is committed as a member of a gang of at least three persons or if the smuggling is committed with a weapon. §§ 35, 39 FPC is only applicable if the offence falls within the competency of the judicial court. An addition requirement is that the offence was committed, for example, by using false data or documents.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> please see fn 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> 2022: 54,70 Euro (twofold, threefold, fourfold of this amount)

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	N/I	Liability	Type of the sanction	Thres	holds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	Ti	ime limitation		Other factors
			C A		NP L	P	NP	LP				settle	Initiating a	Imposing a	Executing	
	Failure of the				-,-		- 1-					ment	procedure	penalty	a sanction	
Article 15(2)(a)	person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re- export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information given in the declaration, notification or application							pls	s see answer to A	Article 15						
Article 15(2)(b)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, reexport declaration or re-export notification to ensure the authenticity, accuracy and validity of any supporting document							pls	s see answer to A	article 15						
Article 23(1)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to comply with the obligations resulting from that decision	§ 41 ZollR-DG, § 30 para. 1 no. 2 ZollR-DV (no criminal sanction but administrative duty)		strict liability	Y	, administrative duty	duty of 164,10 Euro	duty of 164,10	administraive duty				none			

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)		Liabil	Type of the sanction	Thres	holds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	Ti	me limitation		Other factors
			C A		NP	_P	NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 23(2)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to inform the customs authorities without delay of any factor arising after the decision was taken by those authorities which influences its continuation or content							pls s	see answer to Ar	ticle 15 (1)						
Article 51	Failure of an economic operator to keep the documents and information related to the accomplishment of customs formalities by any accessible means for the period of time required by customs	§ 51 para. 1 lit. c FPC	YN	intent	Y	Y fine	fine up to 5.000 Euro	fine up to 5.000 Euro	only fines				FPC applies			
Article 108	Non-payment of import or export duties by the person liable to pay within the period prescribed						the non-pay	ment of impor	t duties is not pu	nishable (enforc	ement measures)					
	Failure of the person to lodge an	§ 51 para. 1 lit. e FPC	Y N	intent	Y	Y fine	fine up to 5.000 Euro	fine up to 5.000 Euro	only fines				FPC applies			
Article 127	entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 127 of the Code	§ 41 ZollR-DG, § 30 para. 1 no. 2 ZollR-DV (no criminal sanction but administrative duty)		strict liability	Y	Y administrative duty	duty of 109,40 Euro	duty of 109,40	administraive duty				none			

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	N/I	Liability	Type of the sanction	Thres	holds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	Т	ime limitation		Other factors
			C A		NP LP		NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods brought into the customs territory of the Union from customs supervision without the permission of the customs authorities, contrary to the first and second sub- para.graphs of Article 134 of the Code							plea	se see answer to	Article 15		ment	procedure	penuity	u suitettoii	
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods from customs supervision							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 135(1)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 135(2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into a free zone, where the free zone adjoins the land frontier between a Member State and a third country, to bring those goods directly into that free zone without passing through another part of the customs territory of the Union							n/a - t	here are no free	zones in AT						

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	N/I	Lial	oility	Type of the sanction	Thresl	holds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	Т	ime limitation		Other factors
			C A		NP	LP		NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 137(1) and (2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied								plea	se see answer to	Article 15		ment	procedure	penacy	w surceson	
Article 139	Introduction or exit of goods into and from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to the customs authorities in accordance with Article 139 of the Code								plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 139	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into the customs territory of the Union to the customs								plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 140	Unloading or trans- shipping of goods from the means of transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities or in places not designated or approved by those authorities								plea	se see answer to	Article 15						

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	N/I	Liability	Type of the sanction	Thres	holds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	T	ime limitation		Other factors
			CA		NP LP		NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 145(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Articles 147 and 148	Storage of goods in temporary storage facilities or customs warehouses without authorisation granted by the customs authorities							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 149	Failure of the economic operator responsible for non-Union goods which are in temporary storage to place those goods under a customs procedure or to re- export them within the time limit							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Articles 158(3)	Removal of goods from customs supervision							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Articles 163	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	Liability	Type of the sanction	Thres	holds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	Ti	ime limitation		Other factors
			C A	NP LP		NP	LP				settle	Initiating a	Imposing a	Executing	
Article 163(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question						plea	se see answer to	Article 15		ment	procedure	penalty	a sanction	
Article 163(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs						plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 166	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of a simplified declaration in accordance with Article 166 of the Code						plea	se see answer to	Article 15						

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	N/I	Liability	Type of the sanction	Thresl	holds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	Ti	ime limitation		Other factors
			C A		NP LP		NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 167(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure, in the case of a simplified declaration pursuant to Article 166 of the Code or of an entry into the declarant's records pursuant to Article 182 of the Code, to lodge a supplementary declaration at the competent customs office and within the specific time-limit							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 167(1) second subpara.gr aph	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 177	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 177							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	N/I	Liability	Type of the sanction	Thresl	nolds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	Т	ime limitation		Other factors
			C A		NP LP		NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 179	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 179							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 182	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 182							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 185	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 185 of the Code							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 192(2)	Removal or destruction of means of identification affixed by customs authorities in goods, packaging or means of transport without prior authorisation granted by the customs authorities	§ 48 FPC	Y N	intent or negligence	YY	fine	fine up to 20.000 Euro (intent) fine up to 5.000 Euro (negligence)	fine up to 20.000 Euro (intent) fine up to 5.000 Euro (negligence)	only fines				FPC applies			

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	N/I	Liability	Type of the sanction	Thres	holds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	T	ime limitation		Other factors
			CA		NP LP		NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 211	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to place the goods under special procedures in accordance with Article 211 of the Code							plea	se see answer to	Article 15		ment	procedure	pontary		
Article 233(1)(a)	Failure of the holder of the Union transit procedure to present the goods intact at the customs office of destination within the prescribed time limit							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 241	Processing of goods in a customs warehouse without an authorisation granted by the customs authorities							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 242	Removal of goods from customs supervision							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 242(1), points (a) and (b)	Failure of the holder of the authorisation or the holder of the procedure to fulfil the obligations arising from the storage of goods covered by the customs warehousing procedure							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 244(1)	Construction of a building in a free zone without the approval of the customs authorities							n/a - t	here are no free	zones in AT						

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	N/I	Liability	Type of the sanction	Thresl	nolds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment	Ti	me limitation		Other factors
			CA		NP LP		NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 244(2)	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 244(2) of the Code							n/a - t	here are no free a	zones in AT			•			
Article 245	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into a free zone to customs							n/a - t	here are no free a	zones in AT						
Article 245	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an autorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with article 245 of the Code							n/a - t	here are no free z	zones in AT						
Article 257	Failure of the holder of the inward processing procedure to discharge a customs procedure within the time limit specified							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 262	Failure of the holder of the outward processing procedure to export the defective goods within the time limit							plea	se see answer to	Article 15						
Article 263	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods to be taken out of the customs territory of the Union to customs on exit							pleas	se see answer to A	Article 127						

Article UCC	UCC Infringement	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	N/I	Liability	Type of the sanction	Thresl	holds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settle ment		ime limitation		Other factors
			CA		NP LP		NP	LP				settle ment	Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 267(2)	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods to be taken out of the customs territory of the Union to customs on exit							pleas	se see answer to	Article 127			•			
Article 267(2)	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with Article 267(2) of the Code							pleas	se see answer to	Article 127						
Article 270	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export declaration in accordance with Article 270 of the Code							pleas	e see answer to	Article 127						
Article 271	Failure of the person to lodge an exit summary declaration in accordance with Article 271 of the Code							pleas	se see answer to	Article 127						
Article 274	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export notification in accordance with Article 274 of the Code							pleas	e see answer to	Article 127						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		gal ture / A)	N/I	Li	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	on	Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 15	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	Forgery of documents for the purpose of deceiving customs may constitute:	Y	N	Customs infringem ents do not require fraudulent intent, except in exception al cases:	matters, the persons liable under criminal law are identified by application of the provisions of common criminal law and of the LGDA as being: Perpetrators (Article 66 of the Criminal Code) who perform an act prohibited or by failing to perform an obligation imposed by law; The coperpetrators of the offence (Article 66 of the Criminal Code) who cooperate directly in the execution of the offence, give essential assistance or directly cause the offence; Accomplices (Article 67 of the Criminal Code) who give	The current criteria of Article	Fine/ I/Con fiscat ion	The customs criminal fine can be a fixed fine or a proportional fine based on the duties evaded or the value of the goods. The Belgian Customs Act provides for a general fine of between EUR 125 and EUR 1,250 for all breaches of customs legislation in so far as no specific penalty is foreseen for this infringement . The goods in respect of which these infringement s were committed are seized and confiscated (Article 261 of the AWDA). The fixed fine may be between	See Column "Liability " and "Natural Persons"	F/I/confiscati on  Almost all infringement s are settled. Criminal proceedings are brought only in the event of intentional fraud or refusal to settle by the offender. The transaction concerns fines, confiscation and closure of establishmen ts. It may not relate to the tax due itself (Article 172 of the Constitution) . Settlement fines are always lower than legal fines.	The LGDA provides for aggravating circumstanc es for certain infringement s.	Mitigating circumstance s are not legally defined. Fraudulent intent may serve as an element of assessment of mitigating circumstance s, in particular for the submission of a transaction by the General Administrati on of Customs and Excise. Article 264 LGDA. states that any transaction is prohibited, if the infringement is to be regarded as sufficiently proven in legal proceedings, and if there is no doubt about the intention of premeditated fraud.	Fraudulent intent may serve as an element of assessment of mitigating circumstance s, in particular for the submission of a transaction by the Customs and Excise Administratio n. Article 264 LGDA. states that any transaction is prohibited, if the infringement is to be regarded as sufficiently proven in legal proceedings, and if there is no doubt about the intention of premeditated fraud.	From the point of view of limitation, the principles of ordinary law apply to customs and excise offences. Thus, as a result of an offence, no one can be worried if five years have elapsed since the date of the offence without an act interrupti ng the limitation period having taken place. The drawing up of a regular report interrupts the limitation period.	From the point of view of limitation, the principles of ordinary law apply to customs and excise offences. Thus, as a result of an offence, no one can be worried if five years have elapsed since the date of the offence without an act interrupting the limitation period having taken place. The drawing up of a regular report interrupts the limitation period.	Criminal penalties shall be time-barred after five years, starting from the date of the judgment or judgment delivered at last instance, or from the date on which the judgment given at first instance can no longer be challenge d by means of an appeal. If the sentence imposed exceeds three years, the limitation period will be ten years. The limitation	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> General Customs and Excise Act of 18 July 1977 <a href="http://www.ejustice.just.fgov.be/eli/loi/1977/07/18/1977071850/justel">http://www.ejustice.just.fgov.be/eli/loi/1977/07/18/1977071850/justel</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For most sanctions a fine, imprisonment or confiscation will be possible depending on the circumstances. Almost all infractions are punishable with a fine. Considering the introduction of the PIF directive a prison sentence will also be possible in cases of fraudulent intent or if the financial interests of the European Union are seriously damaged. A prison sentence is also possible if the convicted person is unable to pay the fine. The confiscation of goods is also an important sanction which is particularly relevant in the event of a false description of goods, incomplete declaration, fraudulent importation or exportation or exportation of goods will also be possible for goods that are used to commit fraudulent activities. In case of non-payment the revocation of certain certificates (such as the AEO-certificate) could be considered a sanction as well.

Article UCC Infringement U	C National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	N/I	Li	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	on	Other factors
		C A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
	— A customs infringement in its own right (notwithstanding possible offences of forgery and use of forgery under ordinary law) punishable by Articles 115 (false transit declaration recognised at the office of departure), 236 (false name), 237 (goods declared in part, albeit under their true name), 259 (production of false, false or inaccurate documents or certificates, invoices or documents which are false, false or incorrect with the intention of deceiving customs) and 260 (establishment, provision or use of a false or inaccurate invoice, certificate or other document for the purpose of deceiving the customs authorities of a foreign country or unduly obtaining preferential arrangements for customs duties, excise duties, levies or refunds)	With the exception of the penalties set out in Article 2 66-2 LGDA, all customs penalties are of a criminal nature.	Resulting from express provisions laid down in the law such as that covered by Articles 259 and 260 LGDA relating to the production with the intention of deceiving Belgian or foreign customs of false, false or inaccurate document	instructions to commit the offence, provide means to serve the offence, knowing that they were to be used for the offence, or provide, with knowledge, useful but not essential assistance in the execution of the offence; The frauded goods insurers or persons insuring them (art. 227 LGDA) Persons interested in any form of fraud (Art. 227 LGDA).  Perpetrators and accomplices are punishable by the same penalties. Fines and costs will always be imposed jointly and severally against	person was applicable, in which only those who had committed the most serious misconduct were prosecuted. This ground of noncriminal jurisdiction shall continue to apply to offences committed before 30 July 2018. The criminal liability of the legal persons does not exclude those of the natural persons who have committed or participated in the same acts (Article 5, last paragraph, of the Criminal Code).		EUR 25 and EUR 5,000 depending on the infringement  The proportional fine may be a fine of one to two or five to ten times the taxes concerned or the value of the goods.  The proportional fine of five to ten times the value in question is applicable in the case of non-recovery for acts giving rise to criminal proceedings (Article 202 (2) of the AWDA), evasion of customs duties (Article 221 (1) of the AWDA), unloading or loading without the necessary documents (Article 235 (1) of the AWDA),				Article 230 LGDA provides that the term of imprisonmen t will never be incurred if the seizure takes place solely for failure to comply with the formalities relating to the documents which must be used to justify the transport, or if the goods are recognised as indigenous				period for fines shall be interrupte d by voluntary partial payment by the convicted person.	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Leg nat (C /	ure	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement		me limitatio	on	Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
		— An element of the infringement punishable by Article 231 LGDA (import, export or transit, without a declaration or with a declaration but under cover of false or fraudulently obtained authorisations, of all goods subject to prohibitions, restrictions or controls, on entry, exit or transit).			Resulting from the special nature of certain acts which cannot be understoo d without an intentiona I element — such as refusal to exercise (Article 329 LGDA), which implies knowledg e on the part of the author of the act that it hinders the performan ce of the duties of officials of the administra tion, or complicit y (Article 227 LGDA), since the accomplic e of the fraudster must necessaril y have been aware of the fraud;	accomplices (Article 227 LGDA).  Article 265 LGDA provides that natural or legal persons who are not criminally liable are nevertheless jointly and severally liable for the payment of fines and costs resulting from convictions against their servants or administrator s, managers or liquidators for customs offences committed in that capacity.  Certain provisions of the L.G.D.A. are intended to determine in specific cases the persons criminally responsible for the offence. These provisions are only applications of the general principles of imputability to specific	That article provides that any legal person is criminally liable for offences which are intrinsically linked to the attainment of its object or to the defence of its interests, or for those which the specific facts show to have been committed on its behalf.	Confi scati on, closu re of estab lishm ents. See attac hed link: Gene ral Cust oms Act and accis es. Confi scati on Confi scati on of the good s is incur red in partic ular in the event of a false descr iptio n or inco mplet e decla ratio n (Arti cles 236 to	export and irregular movement of excise goods (Article 236 (2) of the AWDA and Article 239 (1) of the AWDA), failure to produce documents required for verification (Article 241 (3) of the AWDA) and failure to comply with special customs procedures to apply a more favourable tax system (Article 256 of the AWDA). In some cases, a multiplication of one to twice the value of the rights is provided for (Article 114 (1) of the AWDA, Article 115 (1) of the AWDA, Article 165 of the AWDA, Article 204 (4), Article 221 (2) of the AWDA). An			Article 229 LGDA provides that the term of imprisonme nt will always be incurred when the fraud is carried out by concealment or in bands of at least three individuals. The L.G.D.A. provides for an increase in the penalty for certain offences in the event of a repeat offence: In the case of fraudulent importation, exportation or attempted importation or attempted importation or exportation or attempted deposit and irregular movement, where the goods are assigned a destination other than that provided for in a customs document: increase in						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Les nat (C /	ure	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement		me limitatio	n	Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
						customs cases; for example, Article 135 LGDA provides that the customs agent who has materially committed the fraud in the declaration on the instructions of his client may be held unpunished at criminal level, since the fraud is established at the expense of the customer.		238 LGD A), in the event of fraud ulent importation, exportation or attem pted importation, prohibited deposit and irregular movement (Article 221; 224; 231 and 232 LGD A). In particular, the aim is to:  Good s that have been defra	administrativ e fine is currently not provided for in Belgian customs legislation. Administrati ve sanctions such as withdrawal or denials of authorisation s and authorisation s do apply (Article 266- 2 of the AWDA). Persons who have been sentenced to a fine and who are unable to satisfy them may be punished by imprisonmen t. The term of imprisonmen t shall not exceed 3 months (Article 249 (2) of the AWDA and Article 40 of the Criminal Code). In exceptional cases, Belgian customs legislation provides for imprisonmen t. A prison sentence is always			the length of the term of imprisonme nt (Article 220 LGDA), doubling of the fine (Article 221 LGDA). Where, after the closure of the certificate of verification, the officials establish, within three years of the date on which the amount initially required of the person liable for payment was entered in the accounts, or, if no entry in the accounts has been made, from the date on which the tax debt was incurred, that, as a result of an act which could give rise to criminal court proceedings, the duty or excise duty legally owed on declared goods has not been						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Leg nat (C /	ure	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement		me limitatio	n	Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
								uded, Good s that have been used to conc eal fraud ed objec ts; Uten sils and appar atus used for fraud; Mean s of trans port used or used for fraud.	applicable in the case of smuggling by secret storehouses or organised by at least three persons (Article 229 of the AWDA). The term of imprisonmen t is applicable to officials involved in smuggling (Article 322 of the AWDA), in the event of repeated offences (Article 137 of the AWDA, Article 202 (2) and (3) of the AWDA), fraudulent imports and exports (Article 220 (1) and (2) of the AWDA). A term of imprisonmen t will apply if infringement s of the customs declaration have been committed with fraudulent intent and have			collected or has not been collected in full: imprisonme nt from eight days to one month (Art. 202 LGDA).  The term of imprisonme nt is increased where the financial interests of the Union are seriously prejudiced (Article 115; 202; 220; 256; 257, § 3; 259 LGDA).						

Article UCC I	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natur (C / A	e N/I	L	iability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	n	Other factors
			C	A	NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
								seriously damaged the financial interests of the European Union (Article 256 (2) of the AWDA). In this respect, it is relevant to refer to Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (PIF Directive). Belgian legislation respects the obligations of the PIF Directive to provide for prison sentences in the event of fraud affecting the financial interests of the Union (Article 7 of the PIF Directive).									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Le nat	ure	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement		me limitatio	n	Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 15(1)	Failure of the economic operator to provide customs authorities with all the assistance necessary for the completion of the customs formalities or controls;	Article 329 LGDA penalises refusal to carry out a visit, verification or display of documents, as well as any other impediments to the performance of the duties which officials carry out under the law. Customs officers may request the communication of:	Y	Z						see e	explanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						
article 15(2)(a)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information given in the declaration, notification or application;	Failure to provide information in breach of a specific obligation is punishable by Article 220 et seq. (import and export without declaration) and Article 257 (transit, temporary relief, dispatch to warehouse or temporary storage facility: failure to submit a document) of LGDA.	Y	Z	see Article 15 UCC			Fine			Fine							
Article 15(2)(b)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the authenticity,	Cf. art 15 (1) UCC supra.								see explar	nations in article	15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	nat	gal ture / A)	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement		me limitatio	on .	Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
	accuracy and validity of any supporting document;																	
Article 23(1)	a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to comply with the obligations resulting from that decision;	Failure to comply with one of the obligations concerning goods subject to customs obligations is sanctioned by Articles 256 and 257 of the LGDA: — use of foreign goods, under conditions other than the special use which they were to receive and which justified the grant of a more favourable tax regime than that which would have been applied if the actual use to which they would have been put would have been put would have been put would have been functions authorities; operation the purpose of which is to remove or return to the goods the characteristics or properties to the presence or absence of which, at the time of definitive importation, was subject to the granting of a more favourable tax regime than that which had been granted in the absence or presence of those characteristics or possesss When, without prior								see explan	nations in article	15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	nat	egal ture / A)	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	on	Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 23(2)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to inform the customs authorities without delay of any factor arising after the decision was taken by those authorities which influences its	authorisation from the customs and excise authorities, goods covered by transit documents, temporary or temporary relief from duties, dispatch to a warehouse or temporary storage facility or any other customs document whose discharge or performance is prescribed are assigned a destination other than that expressly indicated therein.  Cf. 23(1) UCC supra.								see explan	ations in article	15 UCC						
Article 51	information related to the accomplishment of customs formalities by any accessible means for the period of time required by customs;	Non-accessibility of customs documents is sanctioned in different parts of the LGDA/Where, on exit of the goods, the documents relating to the goods are not presented to the last office for verification and removal: Article 244 L.G.D.A/Refusal of exercise (Article 329 LGDA) may also be invoked (see Article 15 (1)								see explan	ations in article	15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Leg nat (C /	ure	N/I	Li	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	on	Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
		UCC above).  Art. 266/2 LGDA:																
Article 108	Non-payment of import or export duties by the person liable to pay within the period prescribed;	any licence, authorisation, permission, concession granted on the basis of European or national customs and excise legislation may be withdrawn if: — the holder of the licence, authorisation, permission or concession does not voluntarily pay the customs debt incurred on his behalf; or — the holder no longer complies with the requirements laid down in his licence, authorisation, permission or concession or concession.	Z	Y						see e	explanations in a	article 15 UCC						
Articles 127	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 127 of the Code	Cf art. 15 (2) UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	explanations in a	urticle 15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Leg nati (C /	are	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	nolds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement		me limitatio	on	Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 134(1)	from customs	Article 257 (3) LGDA penalises any person who, without the prior authorisation of the General Administration of Customs and Excise, gives or attempts to give goods which are the subject of customs documents a destination other than that expressly indicated therein.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Article 257 (3) LGDA penalises any person who, without the prior authorisation of the General Administration of Customs and Excise, gives or attempts to give goods which are the subject of customs documents a destination other than that expressly indicated therein.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	nat	gal ture / A)	N/I	Li	iability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	on	Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 135(1)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	CF. Art. 134 (1) UCC supra. In the case of transit, any deviation of the designated lane to cross the radius of customs; any omission with regard to the requirement to present the transit document for the visa at the offices or post indicated therein; any change in undeclared or authorised means of transport; any unloading of goods within this radius, and before the start of the verification at the office of exit; any breach, break or alteration, either whole or in part, of the seals or their fraud is punishable by Article 114 LGDA. Article 243 LGDA provides for the penalty applicable when goods imported or exported by land are found accompanied by documents outside the designated roads or routes mentioned in the documents.	Y	Z						see e.	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						
Article 135(2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into a free zone, where the free zone adjoins the land frontier between a Member State and a third country, to bring those goods directly into									N/A								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	nat	gal ture / A)	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	on	Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
	that free zone without passing through another part of the customs territory of the Union;		Ţ															
Article 137(1) and (2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	CF. Art. 134 (1)  UCC supra —  Unforeseeable circumstances are a concept of civil law which does not apply in criminal matters.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						
Article 139	introduction or exit of goods into and from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to the customs authorities in accordance with Article 139 of the Code	Fraudulent introduction into the customs territory and fraudulent export are punishable by Articles 220 and 221 LGDA.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						
Article 139	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into the customs territory of the Union to the customs;	Fraudulent introduction into the customs territory and fraudulent export are punishable by Articles 220 and 221 LGDA.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						
		Cf art. 134 (1) UCC supra. In the case of transit, Article 114 LGDA penalises any deviation of the designated lane to cross the radius of customs; any omission with regard to the requirement to present the transit document to the offices indicated therein; any change in undeclared or authorised means of transport; any unloading of goods	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Leg nati (C /	ure	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement		me limitatio	on	Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
		within this radius, and before the start of the verification at the office of destination; any breakage, breakage or alteration, either whole or in part, of the seals or twine to which they are attached, or which is relegated to them fraudulently																
Article 145(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	explanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						
Articles 147 and 148	warehouses without authorisation granted by	Any person who, without prior authorisation from the Customs and Excise Administration, gives goods which are the subject of transit documents, temporary or temporary relief from duties, dispatch to a warehouse or temporary storage facility or any other customs document whose discharge or representation is prescribed, a destination other than that expressly indicated therein, shall be punished as appropriate: by	Y	N						see e	explanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Leg nati	ure	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	)n	Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
		Article 157, Articles 220 to 225, 227 and 277 or Article 231 of the LGDA.																
Article 149	time limit;	Article 261 LGDA penalises infringements of general regulations and decisions of the Council or the Commission of the European Union, provided that they are not punished by another penalty in the field of customs and excise duties.	Y	N						see e	explanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						
Articles 158(3)			Y	N						see e	explanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						
Articles 163	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	Cf. Art. 15 UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	explanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						
Article 163(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the	Cf. Art. 15 (1) (2) UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	explanations in a	urticle 15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Leg nat (C)	ure	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	n	Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 163(2)	procedure in question; Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	Cf. Art. 15 (1) (2) UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						
Article 166	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of a simplified declaration in accordance with Article 166 of the Code,	Cf. Art. 15 UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						
Article 167(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure, in the case of a simplified declaration pursuant to Article 166 of the Code or of an entry into the declarant's records pursuant to Article 182 of the Code, to lodge a supplementary declaration at the competent customs office and within the specific time-limit;	Failure to provide information in breach of a specific obligation is punishable by Article 220 et seq. (import and export without declaration) and Article 257 (transit, temporary relief, dispatch to warehouse or temporary storage facility: failure to submit a document) of LGDA.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	urticle 15 UCC						
Article 167(1) second subparagrap h	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the	Cf. Art. 15 (1) (2) UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	nat	egal ture / A)	N/I	Li	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement		me limitatio	on	Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
	procedure in question																	
Article 177	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 177	Cf. Art. 15 UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in ε	rticle 15 UCC						
Article 179	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 179	Cf. Art. 15 UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						
Article 182	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 182	Cf. Art. 15 UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						
Article 185	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in	Cf. Art. 15 UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	urticle 15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	nat	egal ture / A)	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	on	Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 192(2)	Removal or destruction of means of identification affixed by customs authorities in goods, packaging or means of transport without prior authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	In the case of transit, Article 114 of the LGDA penalises any breach, break or alteration, either whole or in part, of the seals, or makes them fraudulent. This provision shall apply to the importation and any subsequent presentation to customs of goods imported temporarily or provisionally free of duties; the export of goods leaving the country for the refund of duties already collected or for subsequent reimportation free of duty; findings made by the competent officials on departure, in the course of transport or at destination on goods dispatched under the customs or excise procedure from one place in the territory to another. Article 165 LGDA generally penalises the breaking or alteration of seals affixed to packages, hatches or hatches from ships or otherwise.	Y	N						see ex	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						
Article 211	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the	Cf. Art. 15 UCC supra.	Y	N						see ex	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Leg nat (C /	ure	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	on	Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
	customs authorities to place the goods under special procedures in accordance with Article 211 of the Code;																	
Article 233(1)(a)	customs office of destination within the prescribed time limit;	Transit offences detected at the office of arrival BE or, in the event of non-discharge, detected during transport or at destination and penalised in BE as the State of the office of departure, are punishable by Article 257 (1) (non-discharge except for fraudulent intent) or 3 (direct deliveries and non-discharge with intent).	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	urticle 15 UCC						
Article 241	Processing of goods in a customs warehouse without an authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	penalises	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		gal ure / A)	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitati	on	Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 242	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Failure to comply with one of the obligations concerning goods subject to customs obligations is sanctioned by Article 257 (3) LGDA.	Y	N						see e	explanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						
Article 242(1), points (a) and (b)	Failure of the holder of the authorisation or the holder of the procedure to fulfil the obligations arising from the storage of goods covered by the customs warehousing procedure.	Y	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						
Article 244(1)	Construction of a building in a free zone without the approval of the customs authorities;									n.a.								
Article 244(2)	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 244(2) of the Code									n.a.								
Article 245	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into a free zone to customs;									n.a.								
Article 245	the use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an autorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with article 245 of the Code	YES	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	rticle 15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	nat	gal ture / A)	N/I	Lia	bility	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Ti	me limitatio	on	Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 257	Failure of the holder of the inward processing procedure to discharge a customs procedure within the time limit specified;	Failure to comply with one of the obligations concerning goods subject to customs obligations is sanctioned by Article 257 (3) LGDA.	Y	N						see e.	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						
Article 262	Failure of the holder of the outward processing procedure to export the defective goods within the time limit;	Failure to comply with one of the obligations concerning goods subject to customs obligations is sanctioned by Article 257 (3) LGDA.	Y	N						see e.	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						
Article 263	Failure of the person to lodge a pre-departure declaration in accordance with Article 263 of the Code	Failure to comply with one of the obligations concerning goods subject to customs obligations is sanctioned by Article 257 (3) LGDA.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						
Article 267(2)	operator to present the goods to be taken out of the customs territory of the Union to customs on exit		Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						
Article 267(2)	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with Article 267(2) of the Code;	Cf. Art. 15 UCC supra.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	article 15 UCC						

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Leg nat (C /	ure	N/I	Lia	ability	Type of sanct ion <sup>2</sup>	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement		me limitatio	on	Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 270	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export declaration in accordance with Article 270 of the Code	Failure to provide information in breach of a specific obligation is penalised by Article 220 et seq. LGDA (import and export without declaration). Article 157 LGDA. makes the failure to comply with the formalities laid down for the detailed declaration the detailed declaration of goods to be exported.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	urticle 15 UCC						
Article 271	lodge an exit summary declaration in	Failure to comply with one of the obligations concerning goods subject to customs obligations is sanctioned by Article 257 (3) LGDA.	Y	N						see e	xplanations in a	urticle 15 UCC						
Article 274	lodge a re-export notification in	Failure to comply with one of the obligations concerning goods subject to customs obligations is sanctioned by Article 257 (3) LGDA.	Y	Z						see e	xplanations in ε	urticle 15 UCC						
Other customs infringemen ts		Article 202 LGDA far as they are not					s and excise matter	rs, infring	gements of regi	ulations and		general nature	of the Council of					

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		l re (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	olds	Application of	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
			A) C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	sanctions				Initiating a		Executing a	
Article 15	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	Customs Act, Art. 238 (2) (Amended, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) The same sanction shall apply to any person who is resisting the customs authorities performing their duties. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN 5000. Article 238a. (New, SG No. 63/2000, supplemented, SG No. 45/2005 ) Any person, who fails to meet the deadlines stipulated in the statutory	NO	YES	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine	No	Up to BGN 5000; for non-compliance with deadlines - up to BGN 2,000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	grocedure  3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	a penalty 6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Customs Act - <a href="https://www.lex.bg/laws/ldoc/2134384640">https://www.lex.bg/laws/ldoc/2134384640</a>; Law on Administrative Violations and Sanctions - <a href="https://www.lex.bg/bg/laws/ldoc/2126821377">https://www.lex.bg/laws/ldoc/2134384640</a>; Law on Administrative Violations and Sanctions - <a href="https://www.lex.bg/bg/laws/ldoc/2126821377">https://www.lex.bg/bg/laws/ldoc/2126821377</a>

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal natur A)		N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitatio	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	sanctions				Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		instruments or determined by the customs authorities shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN 2,000.																
Article 15(1)	Failure of the economic operator to provide customs authorities with all the assistance necessary for the completion of the customs formalities or controls;	Customs Act, Art. 238 (2) (Amended, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) The same sanction shall apply to any person who is resisting the customs authorities performing their duties. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine	No	Up to BGN 5000; for non-compliance with deadlines - up to BGN 2,000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al ire (C /	N/I	Liabil	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
article 15(2)(a)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, reexport declaration or re-export notification to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information given in the declaration, notification or application;	who is resisting the customs authorities performing their duties. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010,	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine	No	Up to BGN 5000; for non-compliance with deadlines - up to BGN 2,000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature A)		N/I	Liabil	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
				A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Autiala	Failure of the	information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN 5000.  Article 238a. (New, SG No. 63/2000, supplemented, SG No. 45/2005 ) Any person, who fails to meet the deadlines stipulated in the statutory instruments or determined by the customs authorities shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN 2,000.	No.	V. co	Lami	VEC	VES	Eine		Lie to DCM		Demosted	Accepted	Admissible	2 months	6 months	IIn to 4.5	
Article 15(2)(b)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, reexport declaration or	Customs Act, Art. 238 (2) (Amended, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) The same sanction shall apply to any person who is resisting the customs authorities	No No		Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Imprisonement	No	Up to BGN 5000; for non- compliance with deadlines - up to BGN 2,000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

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Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natur A)	l re (C /	N/I	Liabil	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 23(1)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to comply with the obligations resulting from that decision;	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine  Imprisonement  other	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
Article 23(2)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to inform the customs authorities without delay of any factor arising after the decision was taken by those authorities which influences its continuation or content;	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu: A)	l re (C /	N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitatio	n		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 51	Failure of an economic operator to keep the documents and information related to the accomplishment of customs formalities by any accessible means for the period of time required by customs;	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine  Imprisonement  other	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
Article 108	Non-payment of import or export duties by the person liable to pay within the period prescribed;	Customs Act Article 238a. (New, SG No. 63/2000, supplemented, SG No. 45/2005 ) Any person, who fails to meet the deadlines stipulated in the statutory instruments or determined by the customs authorities shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN 2,000.	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Timprisonement other	No	Up to BGN 2,000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natur	l re (C /	N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	2002000				Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Articles 127	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 127 of the Code	Customs Act Article 238d. (New, SG No. 58/2016) (1) Whoever fails to submit or to submit in due course data for an entry summary declaration, or a pre-departure declaration or an exit summary declaration shall be liable to a fine between BGN 100 and 500 - for individuals or a pecuniary sanction between BGN 300 and 1,000 for legal persons and sole traders. (2) Whoever includes untrue, incomplete or incorrect data for an entry summary declaration, or a pre-departure declaration, or a pre-departure declaration or an exit summary declaration or an exit summary declaration or a pre-departure declaration or an exit summary declaration or an exit summary declaration shall be liable to a fine between BGN 300 and 1,500 - for individuals or a pecuniary sanction between BGN 500 and 2,000 for legal persons and sole traders.	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine	No	A fine between BGN 100 and 500 - for individuals or a pecuniary sanction between BGN 300 and 1,000 for legal persons and sole traders; Untrue, incomplete or incorrect data - a fine between BGN 300 and 1,500 - for individuals or a pecuniary sanction between BGN 500 and 2,000 for legal persons and sole traders.  declaration, or a pre- departure declaration, or an exit summary declaration shall be liable to a fine between BGN 100 and 500 - for individuals or a pecuniary sanction		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al ıre (C /	N/I	Liabil	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
										and 1,000 for legal persons and sole								
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods brought into the customs territory of the Union from customs supervision without the permission of the customs authorities, contrary to the first and second sub-paragraphs of Article 134 of the Code;	Customs Act, art. 234, para 1, item 2. prohibitions or restrictions on the importation and exportation of goods or the enforcement of trade policy measures shall be sanctioned for customs fraud.	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	NO	Fine  Imprisonement  other	No	traders.  Fines amount to 100%- 200% of the customs value of the goods, which, in addition, are confiscated.  an exit summary declaration shall be liable to a fine between BGN 300 and 1,500 - for individuals or a pecuniary sanction between BGN 500 and 2,000 for legal persons and sole		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Customs Act article 233 (1) (Amended, SG No. 45/2005, supplemented, SG No. 58/2016) Any person who carries or transports goods through the state frontier or any person who attempts to do so without the	Yes	Yes	Only physical entities are punishable if intent is present	YES	NO	Administrative - fine / Penal - fine & imprisonment  Imprisonement	to 10 years	traders.  Fines amount to 100%- 200% of the customs value of the goods, which, in addition, are confiscated. No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		al ire (C /	N/I	Liabi	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresho	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
				A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		knowledge and authorisation of the customs authorities, insofar as the said act is not a criminal offence, shall be sanctioned for customs contraband with a fine amounting to between 100 and 200 per cent on the goods' customs value or in instances of export - to the goods' value. (2) (New, SG No. 105/2006) For customs smuggling shall be sanctioned any one, who carries or transports goods through the external border of the European Union without the knowledge and the permission of the customs authorities and the goods has been discovered as a result of a check on the territory of						other							procedure	a penalty	sanction	
Article 135(1)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to	Republic of Bulgaria. Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical	YES	YES	Fine		A fine b/n BGN 100 and 500 - for individuals or a		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal natur	l re (C /	N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.			entities - only in the presence of intent.			Imprisonement	No	pecuniary sanction between BGN 300 and 1,000 for legal persons and sole traders; untrue, incomplete or incorrect data - a fine between BGN 300 and 1,500 - for individuals or a pecuniary sanction between BGN 500 and 2,000 for legal persons and sole traders. No					year of its committal			
Article 135(2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into a free zone, where the free zone adjoins the land frontier between a Member State and a third country, to bring those goods directly into that free zone without	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Imprisonement	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C A)	/ N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	lds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitatio	n		Other factors
			C A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	passing through another part of the customs territory of the Union;	shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.					other								<u> </u>		
Article 137(1) and (2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless	No Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Imprisonement other	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
Article 139	introduction or exit of goods into and from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to the customs authorities in accordance with Article 139 of the Code	otherwise provided.  Customs Act article 233 (1) (Amended, SG No. 45/2005, supplemented, SG No. 58/2016) Any person who carries or	Yes Yes	Only physical entities are punishable if intent is present	YES	NO	Administrative - fine / Penal - fine & imprisonment  Imprisonement	to 10 years	Fines amount to 100%- 200% of the customs value of the goods, which, in addition, are confiscated.		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		al re (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	lds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
				A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		authorisation of														Ţ.		
		the customs authorities,																
		insofar as the																
		said act is not a																
		criminal																
		offence, shall																
		be sanctioned																
		for customs																
		contraband																
		with a fine																
		amounting to between 100																
		and 200 per																
		cent on the																
		goods' customs																
		value or in																
		instances of																
		export - to the																
		goods' value.																
		(2) (New, SG No. 105/2006)																
		For customs																
		smuggling																
		shall be																
		sanctioned any																
		one, who																
		carries or																
		transports																
		goods through the																
		external border																
		of the																
		European																
		Union without																
		the knowledge																
		and the																
		permission of the customs																
		authorities and																
		the goods has																
		been																
		discovered as a																
		result of a																
		check on the																
		territory of																
		Republic of Bulgaria.																
Article 139	Failure of the	Customs Act	Yes	Yes	Only	YES	NO	Administrative	From 3	Fines		Repeated	Assessed	Admissible	3 months	6 months	Up to 4,5	
71111010 137	economic	article 233 (1)	103	103	physical	110	1,0	- fine / Penal -	to 10	amount to		infringement	on a per-	1 101111551010	after	after	years after	
	operator to	(Amended, SG			entities are			fine &	years	100%-			case basis		establishment	initiation	the date of	
	present the	No. 45/2005,			punishable			imprisonment		200% of					of the	of the	the	
	goods brought	supplemented,			if intent is					the customs					infringement,	procedure	infringfement	
	into the	SG No.			present					value of the					but within 1			
	customs	58/2016) Any								goods,					year of its			

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al ire (C /	N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	territory of the Union to the customs;	person who carries or transports goods								which, in addition, are confiscated.					committal			
		through the state frontier or any person who attempts to do so						Imprisonement	No	No								
		without the knowledge and authorisation of the customs authorities, insofar as the						other										
		said act is not a criminal offence, shall be sanctioned for customs																
		contraband with a fine amounting to between 100 and 200 per																
		cent on the goods' customs value or in instances of export - to the																
		goods' value. (2) (New, SG No. 105/2006) For customs smuggling																
		shall be sanctioned any one, who carries or																
		transports goods through the external border of the																
		European Union without the knowledge and the																
		permission of the customs authorities and the goods has																
		been discovered as a result of a																

Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C	N/I	Liabi	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	of	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
		C A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure			
	check on the territory of Republic of Bulgaria.															
Unloading or trans-shipping of goods from the means of transport	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any		Legal entities are always punishable, while	YES	YES	Fine		Up to BGN 5000.		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement,	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
without authorisation granted by the customs	ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under		physical entities - only in the presence of intent.			Imprisonement	No	No					but within 1 year of its committal			
authorities or in places not designated or approved by those authorities;	customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction for					other										
	Unloading or trans-shipping of goods from the means of transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities or in places not designated or approved by those	check on the territory of Republic of Bulgaria.  Unloading or trans-shipping of goods from the means of transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities or in places not designated or approved by those authorities;  authorities;  Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary	check on the territory of Republic of Bulgaria.  Unloading or trans-shipping of goods from the means of transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities or in places not designated or approved by those authorities;  authorities;  unloading or Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary	Check on the territory of Republic of Bulgaria.  Unloading or trans-shipping of goods from the means of transport 45/2005) Any violation of statutory authorisation granted by the customs authorities or in places not designated or approved by those authorities;  uthorities;  uthorities,  uth	Check on the territory of Republic of Bulgaria.  Unloading or trans-shipping of goods from the means of transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities;  Or a visual to Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation without authorises or in places not designated or approved by the customs authorities;  Sall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a	Check on the territory of Republic of Bulgaria.  Customs Act (Supplemented, SG No. 947/2005) Any violation of statutory authoristics; authorities; authorities; authorities; authorities; authorities; authorities; authorities; authorities or in places not designated or pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010), effective 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecumiary    C	C	Check on the territory of Republic of Bulgaria.  Unloading or trans-shipping of goods from the means of transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities or authorities; authorities; while bullets of the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary persons or	Cinciple of Bulgaria.  Unloading or trans-shipping of goods from the means of transport exists authoristics or in plucison designated or approved by these authorities; authorities; authorities; authorities or in pursuant to Article 235. Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided. (3) (New, SG No. 94-2010) officetive 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions authorities goods. documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine-for natural persons or a procuniary sanction or present to the customs authorities goods.	CC   A   NP   LP   NP   LP	CCC   Nature   C   NP   LP   L	Color   Colo	Color   Substitute   Color	Tiche and the control of the control	Uniforming of carriers Agriculture to the carriers and administration of the carriers and the carriers and administration of the carriers and the carriers and administration of the carriers and the carriers and administration of the carriers and administration of the carriers and the carriers and administration of the carriers and the carriers and administration of the carriers and the car	Color   Auto-   Color   Auto-   Color   Colo

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al ire (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		- up to BGN 5000.																
Article 145(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to	Customs Act Article 238. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical	YES	YES	Fine		Up to BGN 5000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
	provide documents to the customs authorities where Union	person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the			entities - only in the presence of intent.			Imprisonement	No	No					year of its committal			
	legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN 5000.						other										
Articles 147 and 148	Storage of goods in temporary storage facilities or customs warehouses without authorisation granted by the customs	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine		A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
	authorities;	supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction						Imprisonement	No	No								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al ire (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.																
Article 149	Failure of the economic operator responsible for non-Union goods which are in temporary storage to place those goods under a customs procedure or to re- export them within the time limit;	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine  Imprisonement  other	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
Articles 158(3)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Imprisonement  other	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	of the	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al ıre (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		otherwise provided.		•														
Articles 163	Providing customs authorities with false	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No.	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable,	YES	YES	Fine		Up to BGN 5000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the	6 months after initiation of the	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the	
	information or documents	45/2005) Any violation			while physical entities -			Imprisonement	No	No	-				infringement, but within 1		infringfement	
	required by those	ofstatutory instruments			only in the										year of its committal			
		applicable to goods under customs			presence of intent.			other										
		supervision established by																
		the customs authorities																
		shall be punishable by																
		the fine or the pecuniary																
		sanction pursuant to Article																
		235, Paragraph 1 unless																
		otherwise provided. (3)																
		(New, SG No. 94/2010,																
		effective 1.01.2011) A																
		person who is liable under the																
		provisions herein to present to the																
		customs authorities																
		goods, documents and																
		information but refuses to do so																
		shall be sanctioned by a																
		fine - for natural persons																
		or a pecuniary																
		sanction - for legal persons																
		and sole traders - up to BGN																
		5000. The distinction is																

Article 163(1) Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their declaration or a supplementary declaration or a supplementary declaration or a supplementary established by the customs application of the toustoms required for the application of the toustoms to the fine or the application of the procedure in application of the customs and the fine or the application of the customs and the fine or the application of the customs and the fine or the procedure in application of the customs application of the procedure in a custom is the fine or the procedure in a custom is the fine or the procedure in a custom is the fine or the procedure in a custom is the fine or the procedure in a custom is the fine or the procedure in a custom is the fine or the procedure in a custom is the custom is the custom is the custom application of the procedure in a custom is the custom is the custom is the custom application of the procedure in a custom is the custom is the custom application of the procedure in a custom is the custom is t	article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C / A)	N/I	Liabili	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
Article Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the the fine of the application of the the procedure in the fine or the application of the procedure in the procedure in the fine or the application of the procedure in the procedure in the procedure in the customs authorities and supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in the customs and the dependent of the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the dependent of the procedure in the customs are quired for the application of the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in the fine or the procedure in the fine or the procedure in the customs and the fine or the procedure in th				T 1		NP	LP		NP	LP	sanctions				Initiating a	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 163(1) declarant for a customs or customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the application of the procedure in the pr			depending on the specific factual															
question; pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided. (3) (New. SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons		declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for		entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of	YES	YES	Imprisonement	No	5000		Repeated infringement	on a per-	Admissible	after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Leganatu A)	al ıre (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		- up to BGN 5000. The distinction is made depending on the specific factual circumstances																
Article 163(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while	YES	YES	Fine		Up to BGN 5000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement,	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
	procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union	violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs			physical entities - only in the presence of intent.			Imprisonement	No	No					but within 1 year of its committal			
	legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided. (3) (New, SG No. 94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A person who is liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a						other										

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	l re (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN 5000. The distinction is made depending on the specific factual circumstances																
Article 166	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of a simplified declaration in accordance with Article 166 of the Code,	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Imprisonement other	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
Article 167(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure, in the case of a simplified declaration pursuant to Article 166 of	1 unless otherwise provided. Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of	YES	YES	Fine		A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
	the Code or of an entry into the declarant's records pursuant to Article 182 of the Code, to lodge a	goods under			intent.			Imprisonement	No	500 and 2000 No								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	l re (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	supplementary declaration at the competent customs office and within the specific time- limit;	the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.						other										
Article 167(1) second subparagraph	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Imprisonement	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
Article 177	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 177	Customs Act Article 234. (Amended, SG No. 63/2000, SG No. 37/2003, SG No. 45/2005) (1) Any person who evades or attempts to evade: 1. (amended, SG No. 58/2016) complete or	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	NO	Fine  Imprisonement  other	No	Fines amount to 100%- 200% of the customs value of the goods, which, in addition, are confiscated. No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al ıre (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		receivables collectable by the customs authorities																
Article 179	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 179	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	NO	Fine  Imprisonement  other	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
		the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.																
Article 182	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by			Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
	simplifications in accordance with Article 182	the customs authorities						other										

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al ire (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
		provided.	C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		provided.																
Article 185	The use of false statements or any other	Customs Act art. 238 (3) (New, SG No.	No	Yes	Legal entities are always	YES	YES	Fine		Up to BGN 5000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment	6 months after initiation	Up to 4,5 years after the date of	
	irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain	94/2010, effective 1.01.2011) A person who is			punishable, while physical entities -			Imprisonement	No	No	-				of the infringement, but within 1 year of its	of the procedure	the infringfement	
	an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 185 of the Code	liable under the provisions herein to present to the customs authorities goods, documents and information but refuses to do so shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN 5000.			only in the presence of intent.			other							committal			
Article 192(2)	Removal or destruction of means of identification affixed by customs authorities in goods, packaging or means of transport without prior authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Imprisonement other	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	of the	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al re (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		1 unless otherwise provided.																
Article 211	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to place the goods under special procedures in accordance with	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
	Article 211 of the Code;	shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.						other										
Article 233(1)(a)	Failure of the holder of the Union transit procedure to present the goods intact at the customs office of destination within the	Customs Act Article 238a. (New, SG No. 63/2000, supplemented, SG No. 45/2005 ) Any person, who fails to meet the deadlines	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Imprisonement	No	Up to BGN 2000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
	prescribed time limit;	stipulated in the statutory instruments or determined by the customs authorities shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN						other										

U	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al ıre (C /	N/I	Liabilit	t <b>y</b>	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
			C	A		NP I	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		2,000.													procedure	a penaity	Sanction	
go cu w w au gr cu	Processing of goods in a customs warehouse without an authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Customs Act. Article 234a. (New, SG No. 63/2000, amended, SG No. 45/2005) (1) (Amended and supplemented, SG No. 58/2016) Any person who deflects temporarily stored goods or goods declared under a customs regime or re-export, by failing to meet the conditions stipulated in the statutory instruments or determined by the customs authorities shall be sanctioned with a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders from 100 to 200 per cent of the customs value of the goods or in instances of export - of the value of the goods that are	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	NO	Fine  Imprisonement  other	No	Fines amount to 100%- 200% of the customs value of the goods, which, in addition, are confiscated.  No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	re (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 242	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Customs Act. Article 234a. (New, SG No. 63/2000, amended, SG No. 45/2005) (1) (Amended and supplemented, SG No. 58/2016) Any person who deflects temporarily stored goods or goods declared under a customs regime or re-export, by failing to meet the conditions stipulated in the statutory instruments or determined by the customs authorities shall be sanctioned with a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders from 100 to 200 per cent of the customs value of the goods or in instances of	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	NO	Fine	No	Fines amount to 100%- 200% of the customs value of the goods, which, in addition, are confiscated. No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
		in instances of export - of the value of the goods that are the object of the violation.																
Article 242(1), points (a) and (b)	Failure of the holder of the authorisation or the holder of the procedure to fulfil the obligations arising from the	No. 45/2005) (1) (Amended			Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the	YES	NO	Fine		Fines amount to 100%- 200% of the customs value of the goods, which, in		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal natur A)		N/I	Liabili	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	storage of goods covered by the customs warehousing procedure.	supplemented, SG No. 58/2016) Any person who deflects temporarily stored goods or			presence of intent.			Imprisonement	No	addition, are confiscated.						*		
		goods declared under a customs regime or re-export, by failing to meet						mprisonement		110								
		the conditions stipulated in the statutory instruments or determined by the customs authorities shall be sanctioned with a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders from 100 to 200 per cent of the customs value of the goods or in instances of export - of the value of the goods that are the object of the violation.						other										
Article 244(1)	Construction of a building in a free zone without the approval of the customs authorities;	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine Imprisonement	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al are (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	Suittions				Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 244(2)	Failure of the person to lodge	punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided. Customs Act Article 238d.	No	Yes	Legal entities are	YES	YES	other		A fine between		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per-	Admissible	3 months	6 months	Up to 4,5 years after	
244(2)	person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 244(2) of the Code	Article 238d. (New, SG No. 58/2016) (1) Whoever fails to submit or to submit in due course data for an entry summary declaration, or a pre-departure declaration, or an exit summary declaration shall be liable to a fine between BGN 100 and 500 - for individuals or a pecuniary sanction between BGN 300 and 1,000 for legal persons and sole traders.			entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.			Imprisonement	No	between BGN 100 and 500 - for individuals or a pecuniary sanction between BGN 300 and 1,000 for legal persons and sole traders for individuals or a pecuniary sanction between BGN 300 and 1,000 for legal persons and sole traders		infringement	on a per- case basis		after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	after initiation of the procedure	the date of the	
Article 245	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into a free zone to customs;	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine		A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu	ıl re (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	lds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	200000000000000000000000000000000000000				Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		supervision established by the customs authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.						other	No	No								
Article 245	the use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an autorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities shall be	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
	Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with article 245 of the Code	punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.						other										
Article 257	Failure of the holder of the inward processing procedure to discharge a customs procedure within the time	Customs Act Article 238a. (New, SG No. 63/2000, supplemented, SG No. 45/2005 ) Any person, who fails to meet	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of	YES	YES	Fine	No	Up to BGN 2000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natur A)	ıl re (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Threshol	ds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	limit specified;	the deadlines stipulated in the statutory instruments or determined by the customs authorities shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN 2,000.			intent.			other										
Article 262	Failure of the holder of the outward processing procedure to export the defective goods within the time limit;	Customs Act Article 238a. (New, SG No. 63/2000, supplemented, SG No. 45/2005 ) Any person, who fails to meet the deadlines stipulated in the statutory instruments or determined by the customs authorities shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders - up to BGN 2,000.	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.		YES	Imprisonement	No	Up to BGN 2000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per-case basis	Admissible	after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
Article 263	Failure of the person to lodge a pre-departure declaration in accordance with Article 263 of	Customs Act Article 238a. (New, SG No. 63/2000, supplemented, SG No.	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical	YES	YES	Fine		Up to BGN 2000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu	l re (C /	N/I	Liabili	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitatio	n		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	Surceions				Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	the Code	45/2005 ) Any person, who fails to meet the deadlines stipulated in the statutory instruments or determined by the customs authorities shall be sanctioned by a fine - for natural persons or a pecuniary sanction - for legal persons and sole traders			entities - only in the presence of intent.			other	No	No					year of its committal			
Article 267(2)	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods to be taken out of the customs territory of the Union to customs on exit	- up to BGN 2,000.  Customs Act article 233 (1) (Amended, SG No. 45/2005, supplemented, SG No. 58/2016) Any person who carries or transports goods through the state frontier or any person who attempts to do so without the	Yes	Yes	Only physical entities are punishable if intent is present	YES	NO	Administrative - fine / Penal - fine & imprisonment  Imprisonement	to 10 years	Fines amount to 100%-200% of the customs value of the goods, which, in addition, are confiscated.		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
		without the knowledge and authorisation of the customs authorities, insofar as the said act is not a criminal offence, shall be sanctioned for customs contraband with a fine amounting to between 100 and 200 per cent on the																

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al are (C /	N/I	Liabili	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresh	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	Sanctions				Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article	The use of folse	goods' customs value or in instances of export - to the goods' value.	No	Vas	Larral	VES	NO	Fine		Finas		Papaged	Assassad	Admissible	3 months	6 months	Un to 4.5	
Article 267(2)	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with Article 267(2) of the Code;	SG No. 58/2016) complete or partial payment or securing of duties or of other public state	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	NO	Imprisonement	No	Fines amount to 100%- 200% of the customs value of the goods, which, in addition, are confiscated. No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	re (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	lds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		state public receivables - for a violation under Paragraph 1. Item 1; 2. (supplemented, SG No. 58/2016) the customs value of the goods or in instances of export - the value of the goods, involved in the offence under Paragraph 1,																
Article 270	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export declaration in accordance with Article 270 of the Code	item 2.  Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES	Fine	No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
		shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.						other										
Article 271	Failure of the person to lodge an exit summary declaration in accordance with Article 271 of the Code	Customs Act Article 238. (1) (Supplemented, SG No. 45/2005) Any	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the	YES	YES	Fine		A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu A)	al ire (C /	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresho	lds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitation	on		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	Surreions				Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs			presence of intent.					- b/n BGN 500 and 2000								
		authorities shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary							No	No								
		sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.						other										
Article 274	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export notification in accordance with Article 274 of the Code	violation ofstatutory instruments applicable to goods under customs supervision established by the customs authorities	No	Yes	Legal entities are always punishable, while physical entities - only in the presence of intent.	YES	YES		No	A fine b/n BGN 300 and 1500 or a pecuniary sanction for legal entities and soletarders - b/n BGN 500 and 2000 No		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a per- case basis	Admissible	3 months after establishment of the infringement, but within 1 year of its committal	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
		shall be punishable by the fine or the pecuniary sanction pursuant to Article 235, Paragraph 1 unless otherwise provided.						other										
Other customs infringements you consider relevant		Article 238c. (New, SG No. 15/2013, effective 1.02.2013) (1)	No	Yes	Only physical entities are punishable if intent is	YES	YES	Fine		B/n BGN 200 and BGN 1000		Repeated infringement	Assessed on a percase basis	Admissible	after establishment of the infringement,	6 months after initiation of the procedure	Up to 4,5 years after the date of the infringfement	
		(Supplemented, SG No. 60/2015)		•	present			Imprisonement	No	No					but within 1 year of its committal			

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Leg natu A)	al ıre (C /	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresho	olds	Application of sanctions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limitati	on		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		Whoever						other										
		crosses the																
		state																
		border while																
		using a																
		passenger or																
		carriage																
		vehicle which																
		is found to																
		contain a secret																
		compartment																
		shall be liable																
		to a fine																
		between BGN																
		200 and 1,000.																
		(2)																
		(Supplemented,																
		SG No.																
		60/2015) In the																
		event of a																
		repeated																
		violation under																
		Paragraph 1,																
		the passenger																
		or carriage																
		vehicle																
		shall be																
		confiscated in																
		favour of the																
		Exchequer																
		regardless of																
		its ownership.															1	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds ()	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation		Othe facto
			C A		N L P P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 15	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)1."who fails to provide or provides inaccurate necessary documents or information or in any other form different from the ones required by the customs authorities or fails to provide all necessary assistance for completion of customs formalities and customs control"	N Y	, negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y <sup>2</sup>	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 15(1)	Failure of the economic operator to provide customs authorities with all the assistance necessary for the completion of the customs formalities or controls;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)1."who fails to provide or provides inaccurate necessary documents or information or in any other form different from the ones required by the customs authorities or fails to provide all necessary assistance for completion of customs formalities and customs control"	Y	, negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
article 15(2)(a)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, reexport declaration or re-export notification to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information given in the declaration, notification or application;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)2."who submits a customs declaration or a declaration for temporary storage or summary entry declaration or summary exit declaration or declaration for re-export or notification on re-export, or application for approval or request for a different decision, providing inaccurate or incomplete data or inadequate description of the goods "	Y	, negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Act on implementing customs legislation of the European Union

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Authorities (customs administration) and the offender may negotiate the conditions of admission of guilt and make an agreement on the sanction and measures. If they reach an agreement, they shall draw up a written statement that effect the decision on the basis of an agreement between the parties. It contains description of the infrigement, the statement of the ofender (a guilty plea), agreement on the sanctions or measures, signature of the parties. If the Administration misdemeanor council accepts the agreement of the parties, it will make a decision on the misdemeanor, which must fully comply with the agreement reached. No appeal is allowed against the decision on the misdemeanor made on the basis of the agreement of the parties.

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation		Othe facto
			CA		N L P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 15(2)(b)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, reexport declaration or re-export notification to ensure the authenticity, accuracy and validity of any supporting document;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)3. "encloses non-authentic, inaccurate and invalid documents to the declaration or the declaration for temporary storage to the summary entry declaration or the summary exit declaration or the declaration for re-export, or a notification of re-export or along with the application for approval or with the application for another decision"	Y E S	negligenc e	Y Y E E S S	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 23(1)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to comply with the obligations resulting from that decision;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)5. "who fails to observe the obligations resulting from the authorization or another decision"	Y E S	negligenc e	Y Y E E S S	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 23(2)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to inform the customs authorities without delay of any factor arising after the decision was taken by those authorities which influences its continuation or content;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)6. "who fails to inform without delay the customs office of a factor arising after the authorization or if other decision was adopted which can affect its maintenance or contents"	Y E S	negligenc e	Y Y E E S S	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 51	Failure of an economic operator to keep the documents and information related to the	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)7. " who fails to keep the document or information referred to in Article 15, paragraph 1 of the Regulation (EU) no. 952/2013 or if it is not stored in a	Y E S	negligenc e	Y Y E E S S	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation		Othe facto
			CA		N L P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
	customs formalities by any accessible means for the period of time required by customs;	manner accessible and acceptable to the customs authority or not kept in accordance with the period prescribed by the customs legislation"								personal and social causes and financial sitaution	infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial situation			nt		
Article 108	Non-payment of import or export duties by the person liable to pay within the period prescribed;				N/A	Non	-payment of imp	ort or ex	xport d	uties is not defined as a infrige	ement in national law.					
Articles 127	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 127 of the Code	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)10. "if for the goods brought into our outside the customs territory of the Union summary entry declaration or notification of the arrival of a sea ship or an aircraft, or customs declaration or a declaration for temporary storage or supplementary declaration or a declaration for re-export or summary exit declaration or a re-export notification is not submitted or not submitted competent customs office, or not submitted during regular working hours of the competent customs office"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods brought into the customs territory of the Union from customs supervision without the permission of the customs authorities, contrary to the first and second subparagraphs of Article 134 of the Code;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 63/1/2. "who unlawfully excludes the non-Union goods from customs supervision without the permission of the customs office"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	3.000,00- 100.000,00	10.000 ,00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation	ı	Othe facto
			CA		N L P P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 63/1/2. "who unlawfully excludes the non-Union goods from customs supervision without the permission of the customs office"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	3.000,00- 100.000,00	10.000 ,00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 135(1)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)12. "who fails to transport the goods brought into the customs territory of the Union without delay to the customs office designated by the customs authority or to any other place designated or approved by the customs authority or in a free zone or fails to transport the goods on the route designated by the customs authority and in accordance with its instructions"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 135(2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into a free zone, where the free zone adjoins the land frontier between a Member State and a third country, to bring those goods directly into that free zone without passing through another part of the customs territory of the Union;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)12. "who fails to transport the goods brought into the customs territory of the Union without delay to the customs office designated by the customs authority or to any other place designated or approved by the customs authority or in a free zone or fails to transport the goods on the route designated by the customs authority and in accordance with its instructions"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 137(1) and (2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)13. "who fails to notify without delay the customs authority of unforeseen circumstances or force majeure for which the obligation under Article 135, paragraph 1. of the Regulation (EU) no. 952/2013 cannot be fulfilled or fails to notify the customs authority	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation	l	Othe facto
			CA		N L P P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
	customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	about the exact place where the goods are located unless an unforeseen circumstance or force majeure affecting the nonfulfilment of the obligation under Article 135, paragraph 1. of the Regulation (EU) no. 952/2013 caused a total loss of goods"														
Article 139	introduction or exit of goods into and from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to the customs authorities in accordance with Article 139 of the Code	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)11. "who fails to declare the goods or fails to submit the goods or fails to declare all goods or to submit all goods"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 139	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into the customs territory of the Union to the customs;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)15. "who fails to submit goods brought into the customs territory of the Union to a specific customs office or other place designated or approved by the customs authority or in a free zone or if the goods are brought into the customs territory of the Union by sea or air and which remain in this means of transport to the customs in the port or the airport where the unloading and reloading of goods shall take place"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 140	Unloading or trans- shipping of goods from the means of transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities or in places not designated or approved by those authorities;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)17. "who unloads and reloads the goods from a vehicle that had transported the goods or from the mean of transport which transported it without permission or notification of the customs authorities of to a place which the customs authority has not ordered or approved"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation	ı	Othe facto
			C A		N L P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 145(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)24. "who fails to submit the attached documents necessary for application of provisions governing the customs procedure for which the goods are declared, if such delivery is required by the Union law or are necessary for customs control"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Articles 147 and 148	Storage of goods in temporary storage facilities or customs warehouses without authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)20. "who fails to put goods in temporary storage in a space for temporary storage in accordance with Article 148 of the Regulation (EU) no. 952/2013 or in another area determined or approved by the customs authority"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 149	Failure of the economic operator responsible for non-Union goods which are in temporary storage to place those goods under a customs procedure or to re- export them within the time limit;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)23. "who fails to submit the goods which are not Union goods temporary stored is not to a customs procedure or fails to re-export the goods within a specified time-limit"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Articles 158(3)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Act on implementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)4 "who fails to fulfil the obligation to initiate the customs treatment or fails to carry out approved action for submitted declaration or the declaration for temporary storage to the summary entry declaration or the summary exit declaration or the declaration for re-export, or a notification of re-export or along with the application for approval or with the application for another decision (article 15, paragraph 2, subparagraph 1 item (b) and subparagraph 3 of the		negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	1

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation		Othe facto
			CA		N L P P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
		Regulation (EU) no. 952/2013)														
Articles 163	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)24. "who fails to submit the attached documents necessary for application of provisions governing the customs procedure for which the goods are declared, if such delivery is required by the Union law or are necessary for customs control"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 163(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)24. "who fails to submit the attached documents necessary for application of provisions governing the customs procedure for which the goods are declared, if such delivery is required by the Union law or are necessary for customs control"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 163(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)24.	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (l	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation	l	Othe facto
			C A	<b>L</b>	N L P P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 166	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of a simplified declaration in accordance with Article 166 of the Code,	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)3. "who encloses nonauthentic, inaccurate and invalid documents to the declaration or the declaration for temporary storage to the summary entry declaration or the summary exit declaration or the declaration for re-export, or a notification of reexport or along with the application for approval or with the application for another decision"	Y	, negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 167(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure, in the case of a simplified declaration pursuant to Article 166 of the Code or of an entry into the declarant's records pursuant to Article 182 of the Code, to lodge a supplementary declaration at the	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)10. "if for the goods brought into our outside the customs territory of the Union summary entry declaration or notification of the arrival of a sea ship or an aircraft, or customs declaration or a declaration for temporary storage or supplementary declaration or a declaration for re-export or summary exit declaration or a re-export notification is not submitted or not submitted competent customs office, or not submitted during regular working hours of the competent customs office"	Y	, negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	1
Article 167(1) second subparagr aph	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)24. "fails to submit the attached documents necessary for application of provisions governing the customs procedure for which the goods are declared, if such delivery is required by the Union law or are necessary for customs control"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation	ı	Othe facto
			CA		N L P P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
	procedure in question															
Article 177	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 177	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)3. "whoencloses non-authentic, inaccurate and invalid documents to the declaration or the declaration for temporary storage to the summary entry declaration or the summary exit declaration or the declaration for re-export, or a notification of re-export or along with the application for approval or with the application for another decision"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 179	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 179	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)3. " who encloses nonauthentic, inaccurate and invalid documents to the declaration or the declaration for temporary storage to the summary entry declaration or the summary exit declaration or the declaration for re-export, or a notification of re-export or along with the application for approval or with the application for another decision"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 182	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 182	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)3. "who encloses non-authentic, inaccurate and invalid documents to the declaration or the declaration for temporary storage to the summary entry declaration or the summary exit declaration or the declaration for re-export, or a notification of re-export or along with the application for approval or with the application for another decision"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 185	The use of false statements or any other irregular	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)3. "who encloses non-	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000.	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account:	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs	Time limit to impose a customs	Time limit to execute the	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation		Othe facto
			CA		N L P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
	means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 185 of the Code	authentic, inaccurate and invalid documents to the declaration or the declaration for temporary storage to the summary entry declaration or the summary exit declaration or the declaration for re-export, or a notification of re-export or along with the application for approval or with the application for another decision"						000,00		degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution		sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 192(2)	Removal or destruction of means of identification affixed by customs authorities in goods, packaging or means of transport without prior authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 61(1)11. "who fails to prevent damage or destruction or removal of or if removes or damages the identification means on the goods placed under Article 192 of the Regulation (EU) no. 952/2013"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 211	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to place the goods under special procedures in accordance with Article 211 of the Code;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)3. "who encloses nonauthentic, inaccurate and invalid documents to the declaration or the declaration for temporary storage to the summary entry declaration or the summary exit declaration or the declaration for re-export, or a notification of re-export or along with the application for approval or with the application for another decision"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 233(1)(a)	Failure of the holder of the Union transit procedure to present the goods intact at the customs office of destination within the prescribed time limit;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)27. "who fails to submit the goods or required data to the customs office or fails to submit the goods in the unaltered state or fails to submit the goods within the prescribed period or fails to submit the goods in accordance with the prescribed customs formalities"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation	ı	Othe facto
			CA		N L P P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 241	Processing of goods in a customs warehouse without an authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)29. "who fails to ensure that the goods in the customs warehousing procedure are not removed from customs supervision or fails to fulfil the obligation arising from the placing of goods within the framework of customs warehousing procedure or fails to fulfil the obligation arising from placing the goods under the customs warehousing procedure"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 242	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)29. "who fails to ensure that the goods in the customs warehousing procedure are not removed from customs supervision or fails to fulfil the obligation arising from the placing of goods within the framework of customs warehousing procedure or fails to fulfil the obligation arising from placing the goods under the customs warehousing procedure"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 242(1), points (a) and (b)	Failure of the holder of the authorisation or the holder of the procedure to fulfil the obligations arising from the storage of goods covered by the customs warehousing procedure.	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)29. "who fails to ensure that the goods in the customs warehousing procedure are not removed from customs supervision or fails to fulfil the obligation arising from the placing of goods within the framework of customs warehousing procedure or fails to fulfil the obligation arising from placing the goods under the customs warehousing procedure"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 244(1)	Construction of a building in a free zone without the approval of the customs authorities;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)30. "who start construction of a building or builds a building in a free zone without a prior approval of the customs authority"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation		Othe facto
			CA		N L P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
											and financial sitaution					
Article 244(2)	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 244(2) of the Code	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)31. " while carrying out industrial or commercial or service activities permitted in a free zone does fails to comply with the customs legislation or conducts such activities in a free zone without prior notification of the customs authority	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 245	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into a free zone to customs;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)33. "who fails to submit the goods to customs when entering into a free zone for submission to the prescribed customs formalities "	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only fines	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 245	the use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an autorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with article 245 of the Code	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)33. "who fails to submit the goods to customs when entering into a free zone for submission to the prescribed customs formalities "	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation		Othe facto
			CA		N L P P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 257	Failure of the holder of the inward processing procedure to discharge a customs procedure within the time limit specified;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)26. "who fails to complete a special procedure in the prescribed manner or within a specified time-limit"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 262	Failure of the holder of the outward processing procedure to export the defective goods within the time limit;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)26. "who fails to complete a special procedure in the prescribed manner or within a specified time-limit"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 263	Failure of the person to lodge a pre-departure declaration in accordance with Article 263 of the Code	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)10. "if for the goods brought into our outside the customs territory of the Union summary entry declaration or notification of the arrival of a sea ship or an aircraft, or customs declaration or a declaration for temporary storage or supplementary declaration or a declaration for re-export or summary exit declaration or a reexport notification is not submitted or not submitted competent customs office, or not submitted during regular working hours of the competent customs office	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 267(2)	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods to be taken out of the customs territory of the Union to customs on exit	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)11. "who fails to declare the goods or fails to submit the goods or fails to declare all goods or to submit all goods"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Meditoette	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation		Othe facto
			C A	<b>L</b>	N L P P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 267(2)	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with Article 267(2) of the Code;	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)11. " who fails to declare the goods or fails to submit the goods or fails to declare all goods or to submit all goods"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 270	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export declaration in accordance with Article 270 of the Code	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)10. "if for the goods brought into our outside the customs territory of the Union summary entry declaration or notification of the arrival of a sea ship or an aircraft, or customs declaration or a declaration for temporary storage or supplementary declaration or a declaration for re-export or summary exit declaration or a re-export notification is not submitted or not submitted competent customs office, or not submitted during regular working hours of the competent customs office	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	
Article 271	Failure of the person to lodge an exit summary declaration in accordance with Article 271 of the Code	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)10. "if for the goods brought into our outside the customs territory of the Union summary entry declaration or notification of the arrival of a sea ship or an aircraft, or customs declaration or a declaration for temporary storage or supplementary declaration or a declaration for re-export or summary exit declaration or a re-	Y	, negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal nature (C/A)	Negligenc e/Intent	Liab ility	Type of sancti on	Thresholds (	HRK)	Appl icati on of sanc tions	Aggravating factors	Mitigating factors	Set tle me nt	Tin	ne limitation	ı	Othe facto
			CA		N L P		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
		export notification is not submitted or not submitted competent customs office, or not submitted during regular working hours of the competent customs office"														
Article 274	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export notification in accordance with Article 274 of the Code	Act on inplementing customs legislation of the EU, Article 64(1)10. "if for the goods brought into our outside the customs territory of the Union summary entry declaration or notification of the arrival of a sea ship or an aircraft, or customs declaration or a declaration for temporary storage or supplementary declaration or a declaration for re-export or summary exit declaration or a re-export notification is not submitted or not submitted competent customs office, or not submitted during regular working hours of the competent customs office"	Y	negligenc e	YY	Fine	2.000,00- 50.000,00	3.000, 00- 1.000. 000,00	only	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	In determening the level of fines all the following factors will be taken in account: degree of guilt (negligence or intention), motives,past conduct, conduct after the infrigement, totality of personal and social causes and financial sitaution	Y	Time limit to initiate a customs sanctions procedure is 4 years from infrigement	Time limit to impose a customs penalty is 4 years from infrigeme nt	Time limit to execute the customs sanction is 3 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur / A	e (C	N/I¹	Liabi	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thres	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time l	limitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 15	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	In our opinion all the duties and related infringement are set in paragraph (1) and (2)- see below	N	Y						all the duties a	nd related	infringement are	e set in paragra	ph (1)	and (2)- see below			
Article 15(1)	Failure of the economic operator to provide customs authorities with all the assistance necessary for the completion of the customs formalities or controls;	§ 247 Tax Code."Failure to fulfill procedural and non fiscal duty imposed by the law or by the customs authority"	N	Y	negli genc e	YES	YES	procedu ral fine	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	procedu ral fine			no	without undue delay (after the rule is broken)	within 1 year from the day of the illegal action	repeatedly if the duty is still not fulfilled	
article 15(2)(a)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information given in the declaration, notification or application;	§ 47/3 b),c) Customs Code, "providing customs authorities with false document or information contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation", "providing false information when applying for the binding information"	N	Y	negli genc e	YES	YES	fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	fine	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Article 15(2)(b)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re-export declaration	§ 47/3 a) Customs Code, "providing customs authorities with modified or false document contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	YES	YES	fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	fine	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Negligence/Intent: In case of customs infringement a negligent culpability is sufficient.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Liability: Natural person, legal personality or natural person entrepreneur can be liable for a customs infringement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Fine – is applicable in all cases; Prohibition to undertake professional activities - § 47 Administrative Transgression Act; if it is possible; depends on the nature of the illegal act, only in cases set by the Customs code. Applicable only in case of legal personality or natural person entrepreneur. Forfeiture of goods (if possible) – depends on the nature of the illegal act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Non exclusive: a) the offender misused the victims vulnerability, subordination or dependence / b) more illegal acts of the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender acted repeatedly / d) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused his working position or status / e) the offender misused

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Non exclusive: a) minor age of the offender at the time of the illegal act / b) the offender averted the attack or other danger / c) the offender cooperated to remove the harmful effect of the illegal act or voluntarily compensated the loss / d) the offender reported the illegal act and cooperated effectively while interrogated / e) the offender acted illegally under threat or pressure or being subordinated or dependent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Administrative procedure (§ 50 Customs Code, § 76/1 k) Administrative Transgression Act, § § 160 Tax Code) Initiating a procedure - § 50 Customs Code and § 76/1 k) Administrative Transgression Act – The competent authority initiates the procedure in 60 days from receiving the details which may result into a procedure or in 60 days the competent authority finds out the details itself. But this deadline is only administrative - there is no sanction in case of failure to meet the deadline. If the details are insufficient to initiate the procedure, the competent authority decides not to proceed with the case. After initiating the procedure, the final decision must be issued in 6 years. If the procedure is stayed pending, the time limit is 10 years from the illegal acting. Imposing a penalty – the same time limit as for the final decision (6 years). Executing a sanction – Administrative procedure: § 160 Tax Code – the time limit for executing a sanction is 6 years. The time limit starts the first day when the duty is due.

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur / A	e (C	N/I¹	Liabi	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thre	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time l	limitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	or re-export notification to ensure the authenticity, accuracy and validity of any supporting document;																	
Article 23(1)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to comply with the obligations resulting from that decision;	§47/2 Customs Code, "Fail to perform duties related to placing goods under a customs procedure or handling goods contrary to directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to	§47/2 Customs Code, "Fail						fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 23(2)	inform the customs authorities without delay of any factor arising after the decision was taken by those authorities which influences its continuation or content;	to perform duties related to placing goods under a customs procedure or handling goods contrary to directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
	Failure of an economic operator to keep the documents							fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 51	and information related to the accomplishment of customs formalities by any accessible means for the period of time required by customs;	§ 47/1 e) Customs Code, "failing to keep information for at least 10 years"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Article 108	Non-payment of import or export duties by the person liable to pay within the period prescribed;	§ 251/3 Tax Code and Article 114 of UCC	Y	N	negli genc e	Y	Y	Interest on arrears										

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur / A	e (C	N/I¹	Liabi	lity <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thres	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time ?	limitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	Failure of the person							Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Articles 127	to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 127 of the Code	§ 47/1 a) Customs Code, "Import, export or transit contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
	Removal of goods brought into the customs territory of the Union from							Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 134(1)	customs supervision without the permission of the customs authorities, contrary to the first and second sub-paragraphs of Article 134 of the Code;	§ 47/1 b) Customs Code, "removal of goods from customs supervision contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
		§ 47/1 b) Customs Code,						Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	"removal of goods from customs supervision contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Article 135(1)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to	§ 47/1 a) Customs Code, "Import, export or transit contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur / A	e (C	N/I¹	Liabi	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thres	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time l	imitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;							prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years								
	Failure of a person bringing goods into a free zone, where the free zone adjoins the							Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 135(2)	land frontier between a Member State and a third country, to bring those goods directly into that free zone without passing through another part of the customs territory of the Union;	§ 47/1 a) Customs Code, "Import, export or transit contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to							Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 137(1) and (2)	comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	§ 47/1 a) Customs Code, "Import, export or transit contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Article	introduction or exit of goods into and from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to the	§ 47/1 a) Customs Code, "Import, export or transit	N	Y	negli genc	Y	Y	Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	both	see Footnote	see	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote	
139	customs authorities in accordance with Article 139 of the Code	contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"			e			prohibiti on to undertak e professi	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	possible	#4	Footnote #5				#6	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur	e (C	N/I¹	Liabi	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thres	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time l	imitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
								onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3										
	Failure of the							Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 139	economic operator to present the goods brought into the customs territory of the Union to the customs;	§ 47/1 a) Customs Code, "Import, export or transit contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
	Unloading or trans- shipping of goods from the means of							Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 140	transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities or in places not designated or approved by those authorities;	§ 47/1 a) Customs Code, "Import, export or transit contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Article 145(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	§ 247 Tax Code."Failure to fulfill procedural and non fiscal duty imposed by the law or by the customs authority"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	procedu ral fine	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	procedu ral fine			no	without undue delay (after the rule is broken)	within 1 year from the day of the illegal action	repeatedly if the duty is still not fulfilled	
Articles 147 and 148	Storage of goods in temporary storage facilities or customs warehouses without authorisation granted	§47/2 a) ad 3. Customs Code, "Fail to perform responsibilities for the temporary storage of goods under directly applicable	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur	e (C	N/I¹	Liabi	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thres	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time l	limitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	by the customs authorities;	EU legislation"						prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years								
	Failure of the economic operator	847/0 > 10.0						Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 149	responsible for non- Union goods which are in temporary storage to place those goods under a customs procedure or to re- export them within the time limit;	§47/2 a) ad 3. Customs Code, "Fail to perform responsibilities for the temporary storage of goods under directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see commen t #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
								Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Articles 158(3)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	§ 47/1 b) Customs Code, "removal of goods from customs supervision contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Articles 163	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	§ 247 Tax Code."Failure to fulfill procedural and non fiscal duty imposed by the law or by the customs authority"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	Procedu ral fine	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	procedu ral fine			no	without undue delay (after the rule is broken)	within 1 year from the day of the illegal action	repeatedly if the duty is still not fulfilled	
Article 163(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the	§ 247 Tax Code."Failure to fulfill procedural and non fiscal duty imposed by the law or by the customs authority"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	Procedu ral fine	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	procedu ral fine			no	without undue delay (after the rule is broken)	within 1 year from the day of the illegal action	repeatedly if the duty is still not fulfilled	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur	re (C	N/I¹	Liabi	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thres	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time l	limitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question;																	
Article 163(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	§ 247 Tax Code."Failure to fulfill procedural and non fiscal duty imposed by the law or by the customs authority"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	Procedu ral fine	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	procedu ral fine			no	without undue delay (after the rule is broken)	within 1 year from the day of the illegal action	repeatedly if the duty is still not fulfilled	
Article 166	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of a simplified declaration in accordance with Article 166 of the Code,						This a	article does	n´t impose any o	duty. It only allo	ows the cust	toms authority t	o accept simpl	ified d	eclaration.			
	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure, in the case of a simplified declaration pursuant to Article	§ 47/2 b) Customs Code, "Fail to perform duties						Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)					see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Article 167(1)	166 of the Code or of an entry into the declarant's records pursuant to Article 182 of the Code, to lodge a supplementary declaration at the competent customs office and within the specific time-limit;	related to placing goods under a customs procedure on a basis of simplified declaration contrary to directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see commen t #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see comment #5	no				

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur	e (C	N/I¹	Liabi	lity <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Three	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time ?	limitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 167(1) second subparagr aph	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question	§ 247 Tax Code."Failure to fulfill procedural and non fiscal duty imposed by the law or by the customs authority"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	Procedu ral fine	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	up to 500 000 CZK (19600 EUR)	procedu ral fine			no	without undue delay (after the rule is broken)	within 1 year from the day of the illegal action	repeatedly if the duty is still not fulfilled	
Article 177	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 177	In our opinion thereś n	o duty	impo	sed in th	nis article	e, thereś	only an op	tion, possibility	to allow custon	ns simplific	ation. If the obli	gations are ful	filled,	the customs authority all	ows the simplifica	ation, if not, it	t doesńt.
Article 179	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 179	In our opinion thereś n	o duty	impo	sed in th	nis article	e, thereś	only an op	tion, possibility	to allow custon	ns simplific	ation. If the obli	gations are fu	lfilled,	the customs authority allo	ows the simplifica	ntion, if not, i	t doesńt.
Article 182	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 182	In our opinion thereś n	o duty	impo	sed in th	nis article	e, thereś	only an op	tion, possibility	to allow custon	s simplific	ation. If the obl	igations are fu	lfilled,	the customs authority allo	ows the simplifica	ation, if not, it	t doesńt.

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Le natu	re (C	N/I¹	Liabi	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thre	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time l	imitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 185	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 185 of the Code	In our opinion thereś n	o duty	impo	sed in tl	his article	e, thereś	only an op	tion, possibility	to allow custon	ns simplific	ation. If the obli	gations are ful	filled,	the customs authority allo	ows the simplifica	ation, if not, i	t doesńt.
	Removal or destruction of means of identification							Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 192(2)	affixed by customs authorities in goods, packaging or means of transport without prior authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	§ 47/1 c) Customs Code, "destroying of the seal contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see comment #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Article 211	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to place the goods under special procedures in accordance with Article 211 of the Code;				In our	opinion,	thereś no	o duty impo	osed in this artic	ele, there are onl	y condition	ns to obtain an a	uthorisation, ju	st dec	laratory nature of the artic	ile.		
Article 233(1)(a)	Failure of the holder of the Union transit procedure to present the goods intact at the customs office of destination within the prescribed time limit;	§ 47/2 a) ad 1. Customs Code, "Fail to perform duties related to placing goods under a special customs procedure contrary to directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	Fine  prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR) up to 3 years	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR) up to 3 years	- both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur	e (C	N/I¹	Liab	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thres	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent		imitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
								activitie s-see Footnot e #3										
	Processing of goods in	§ 47/2 a) ad 1. Customs						Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 241 -	a customs warehouse without an authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Code, "Fail to perform duties related to placing goods under a special customs procedure contrary to directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
								Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 242-	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	§ 47/1 b) Customs Code, "removal of goods from customs supervision contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Article	b - procedure to fulfil the	§ 47/2 a) ad 1. Customs Code, "Fail to perform						Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
242(1) b - see the Footnote above	the holder of the procedure to fulfil the obligations arising	duties related to placing goods under a special customs procedure contrary to directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur / A	e (C	N/I¹	Liabi	lity <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thres	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time l	limitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
								e #3										
Article 244(1)	Construction of a building in a free zone without the approval of the customs authorities;	This is not a customs issue in the czech legal system - the competent authority to deal with is the Building Authority.	N	Y				ר	Γhis is not a cust	toms issue in th	e czech lega	al system - the c	ompetent auth	ority to	o deal with is the Building	g Authority.		
Article 244(2)	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 244(2) of the Code								The descr	ription of the inf	ringement (	doesn't fit to thi	s article.					
	Failure of the	§ 47/1 a) Customs Code,						Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 245	economic operator to present the goods brought into a free zone to customs;	"Import, export or transit contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Article 245	the use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an autorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with article 245 of the Code	§ 47/3 a), b) Customs Code, "Providing customs authorities with modified or false document or information contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	fine	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur	re (C	N/I¹	Liabi	lity <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio n	Thres	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time l	limitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	Failure of the holder	§ 47/2 a) ad 1. Czech Customs Code, "Fail to						Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 257	of the inward processing procedure to discharge a customs procedure within the time limit specified;	perform duties related to placing goods under a special customs procedure contrary to directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
		§ 47/2 a) ad 1. Customs						Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 262	Failure of the holder of the outward processing procedure to export the defective goods within the time limit;	Code, "Fail to perform duties related to placing goods under a special customs procedure contrary to directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
	Failure of the person							Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 263	to lodge a predeparture declaration in accordance with Article 263 of the Code	§ 47/1 a) Customs Code, "Import, export or transit contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Article 267(2)	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods to be taken out of the customs territory of	§ 47/1 a) Customs Code, "Import, export or transit contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Les natur	re (C	N/I¹	Liab	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thres	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time l	limitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	the Union to customs on exit							prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years								
Article 267(2)	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with Article 267(2) of the Code;	§ 47/3 a), b) Customs Code, "Providing customs authorities with modified or false document or information contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	fine	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
	Failure of the person							Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 270	to lodge a re-export declaration in accordance with Article 270 of the Code	§ 47/1 a) Customs Code, "Import, export or transit contrary to the directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	
Article 271	Failure of the person to lodge an exit summary declaration in accordance with Article 271 of the Code	§ 47/2 a) ad 5. Customs Code, "Fail to perform duties handling goods entering or leaving the customs terriotory of EU contrary to directly	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Leg natur / A	re (C	N/I¹	Liab	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of sanctio	Thres	sholds	Applica tion of sanctio ns <sup>3</sup>	Aggravating factors <sup>4</sup>	Mitigating factors <sup>5</sup>	Sett lem ent	Time l	imitation <sup>6</sup>		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		applicable EU legislation"						prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see Footnot e #3										
	Failure of the person	§ 47/2 a) ad 5. Customs Code, "Fail to perform						Fine	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)	up to 4 000 000 CZK (160 000 EUR)								
Article 274	to lodge a re-export notification in accordance with Article 274 of the Code	duties handling goods entering or leaving the customs terriotory of EU contrary to directly applicable EU legislation"	N	Y	negli genc e	Y	Y	prohibiti on to undertak e professi onal activitie s-see commen t #3	up to 3 years	up to 3 years	both possible	see Footnote #4	see Footnote #5	no	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	see Footnote #6	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	A)	ature (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of )	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 15	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	Article 92 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Both	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €85.000,0 0	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			2004, on amount of	52 of s Code 94(I) of a any of duty ax that is				Imprisonment	Up to 5 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ature (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability	LP	Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc Natural	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	Imposing a	Executin	Other factor s
									person	personalit y					a procedur e	penalty	g a sanction	
			imposed	on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 15(1)	Failure of the economic operator to provide customs authorities with all the assistance necessary for the completion of the customs formalities or controls;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	ature (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*Accord Article 5 Customs Law no. 2004, on amount of	62 of 6 Code 94(I) of 1 any				Imprisonment	Up to 3 years	NO								
			and or ta assessed subseque accordin customs legislatio administ financial imposed	ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 15(2)(a)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information given in the declaration, notification or application;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastance s of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

UCC UCC		Legal nat A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liabilit		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, con goods, etc	ber of fiscation of )	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
		С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
		*According Article 52 Customs	of Code 94(I) of				Imprisonment	Up to 3 years	NO								
		2004, on a amount of and or tax assessed subsequer according customs legislation administration financial properties of the amount assessed.	any f duty t that is  ntly t to the  n, an ative penalty is equal to nt (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability	,	Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP	,	Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 15(2)(b)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the authenticity, accuracy and validity of any supporting document;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004		YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			imposed	2 of Code 94(I) of any of duty x that is ently g to the on, an rative penalty is				Imprisonment	Up to 3 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			of the am assessed.	ount				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 23(1)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to comply with the obligations resulting from that decision;	Articles 95 & 96 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*Accordi Article 52 Customs Law no. 9 2004, on amount o	2 of Code 94(I) of any				Imprisonment	Up to 3 years	NO								
			and or tax assessed subseque according customs legislatio administr	ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 23(2)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to inform the customs authorities without delay of any factor arising after the decision was taken by those authorities which influences its continuation or content;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability	7	Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, con goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 51	Failure of an economic operator to keep the documents and information related to the accomplishme nt of customs formalities by any accessible means for the period of time required by customs;	Articles 98 & 99 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	*According Article 52 Customs Law no. 9 2004, on amount of and or tax assessed subseque according customs legislation administration financial imposed of the amassessed.  YES	2 of Code 94(I) of any f duty x that is ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)	Negligence	YES	YES	other Fine	Up to 3 years  Both of the above sanctions  Up to €4.000,00	Up to €4.000,00	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	• Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time, • the amount of duties involved, • family and personal circumstance s of the accused, • circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*Accordi Article 52 Customs Law no. 9	2 of Code 94(I) of				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								
			- 2004, on amount of and or tax assessed subseque according customs legislation administration administration administration administration administration administration and the per center of the amassessed.	of duty x that is ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 108	Non-payment of import or export duties by the person liable to pay within the period prescribed;	Article 94 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*According Article 5 Customs Law no. 2004, on	2 of Code 94(I) of				Imprisonement	Up to 2 years	NO								
			amount of and or ta assessed subseque according customs legislatio administrational imposed	of duty x that is ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Articles 127	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 127 of the Code	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal nat	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, confi goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*According Article 52 Customs (Law no. 9 2004, on a second customs)	2 of Code 94(I) of any				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								
			amount of and or tax assessed subsequer according customs legislation administr financial imposed of ten per ce of the am- assessed.	at that is  ntly g to the  n, an native penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods brought into the customs territory of the Union from customs supervision without the permission of the customs authorities, contrary to the first and second subparagraphs of Article 134 of the Code;	Articles 95 &101 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	• Up to three times the value of the goods or •up to €10.000,0 0 or • whicheve r is the greatest.	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -			nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of )	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			CA			NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*According to Article 52 of Customs Cod Law no. 94(I 2004, on any amount of du and or tax that assessed subsequently according to customs legislation, and administrative financial pensimposed equaten per cent (of the amoun assessed.	ty tty tthe e e alty is al to 10%)				Imprisonement	Up to 5 years	NO								
								other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ature (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability	7	Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Articles 95 &101 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	• Up to three times the value of the goods or •up to €10.000,0 0 or • whicheve r is the greatest.	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*Accord Article 5 Customs Law no. 2004, or amount	52 of s Code 94(I) of n any				Imprisonement	Up to 5 years	NO								
			and or ta assessed subsequ accordir customs legislatic administ financia imposed	ently ently ng to the on, an trative l penalty is l equal to cent (10%) mount				other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 135(1)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	imposed	2 of Code 94(I) of any of duty x that is ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount	Negligence	YES	YES	Imprisonement  other	Up to €10.000,0 0  Up to 3 years  Both of the above sanctions	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastance es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of )	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 135(2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into a free zone, where the free zone adjoins the land frontier between a Member State and a third country, to bring those goods directly into that free zone without passing through another part of the customs territory of the Union;	N/A																

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	nture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability	,	Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP	,,	Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 137(1) and (2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	imposed	2 of Code 94(I) of any of duty x that is ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0  Up to 3 years  Both of the above sanctions	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,    family and personal circumstance s of the accused,    circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal nat		Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of )	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 139	introduction or exit of goods into and from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to the customs authorities in accordance with Article 139 of the Code	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*According Article 52 Customs (Law no. 9	of Code				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Application of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			imposed	of duty x that is ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 139	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into the customs territory of the Union to the customs;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal nat	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*According Article 52 Customs (Law no. 9 2004, on a amount of and or tax assessed subsequer according customs legislation administration financial properties of the amount of the amoun	2 of Code 94(I) of any f duty that is ntly g to the n, an attive penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Up to 3 years  Both of the above sanctions	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ature (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 140	Unloading or trans-shipping of goods from the means of transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities or in places not designated or approved by those authorities;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	*According Article 5 Customs	2 of Code	Negligence	YES	YES	Imprisonement	Up to €10.000,0 0	NO NO	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastance es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			Law no.	94(I) of														

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			2004, on amount of and or tax assessed subsequer according customs legislation administration financial imposed of the amassessed.	f duty to that is  ntly g to the  n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 145(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*According Article 52 Customs Law no. 9	2 of Code				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ature (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			imposed	of duty ix that is ently g to the on, an rative l penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Articles 147 and 148	Storage of goods in temporary storage facilities or customs warehouses without authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liabilit		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, con goods, etc	ber of fiscation of e)	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
		С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
		*According Article 52 Customs Law no. 9 2004, on amount of and or tax assessed subseque according customs legislation administration financial imposed of the amassessed.	2 of Code 94(I) of any f duty x that is ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) count				<b>Imprisonement</b> other	Up to 3 years  Both of the above sanctions	NO					e			

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	ature (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability	,	Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 149	Failure of the economic operator responsible for non-Union goods which are in temporary storage to place those goods under a customs procedure or to re- export them within the time limit;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			2004, or	52 of s Code 94(I) of n any				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								
			assessed subseque accordin customs legislatio administ financia imposed	ently ag to the con, an trative l equal to cent (10%) mount				other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability	,	Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Articles 158(3)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Article 101 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	*Accord	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Imprisonement	• Up to three times the value of the goods or •up to €10.000,0 0 or • whicheve r is the greatest.	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			Article 5 Customs Law no.	2 of Code				Imprisonement	years	NO								
			imposed	of duty x that is ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	A)	nture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt			Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Articles 163	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	Article 92 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	*Accordi	YES*	Both	YES	YES	Imprisonement	Up to €85.000,0 0	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,    family and personal circumstance s of the accused,	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			Article 5: Customs Law no.	2 of Code				Imprisonement	years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP	,	Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			2004, on amount of and or tax assessed subseque according customs legislation administration financial imposed of the amassessed.	of duty x that is ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 163(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question;	Articles 92 & 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Both	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €85.000,0 0	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*Accordi Article 52 Customs Law no. 9	2 of Code				Imprisonement	Up to 5 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			imposed	of duty x that is ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 163(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	Articles 92 & 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Both	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €85.000,0 0	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*According Article 5: Customs Law no. 1: 2004, on amount of	2 of Code 94(I) of any				Imprisonement	Up to 5 years	NO								
			and or tax assessed subseque according customs legislatio administration financial imposed	ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 166	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of a simplified declaration in accordance with Article 166 of the Code,	Article 92 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Both	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €85.000,0 0	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability	,	Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*According Article 5 Customs Law no. 2004, on	2 of Code 94(I) of				Imprisonement	Up to 5 years	NO								
			amount of and or tal assessed subseque according customs legislation administration administration administrati	of duty x that is ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 167(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure, in the case of a simplified declaration pursuant to Article 166 of the Code or of an entry into the declarant's records pursuant to Article 182 of the Code, to lodge a supplementary declaration at the competent customs office and within the specific time-limit;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*Accordi Article 52 Customs Law no. 9 2004, on amount o	2 of Code 94(I) of any of duty				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								
			and or tar assessed subseque according customs legislatio administr financial imposed ten per ce of the am assessed.	ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 167(1) second subparagrap h	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question	Articles 92 & 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Both	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €85.000,0 0	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time, the amount of duties involved, family and personal circumstance s of the accused, circumstanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Legal nature (C / A)	Negligence/Inte nt	Liabilit		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
		C A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
		*According to Article 52 of Customs Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004, on any amount of duty				Imprisonement	Up to 5 years	NO								
		and or tax that is assessed subsequently according to the customs legislation, an administrative financial penalty is imposed equal to ten per cent (10%) of the amount assessed.				other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 177	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 177	Article 92 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Both	YES	YES	Fine	Up to 685.000,0 0	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*According Article 52 Customs Law no. 9 2004, on	2 of Code 94(I) of				Imprisonement	Up to 5 years	NO								-
			amount o and or tax assessed subsequer according customs legislation administr	f duty to that is  ntly g to the  n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP	, oner	Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 179	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 179	Article 92 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	*According Article 5: Customs Law no. 2004, on amount of and or tar assessed subseque according	2 of Code 94(I) of any of duty x that is	Both	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €85.000,0 0  Up to 5 years  Both of the above sanctions	Up to	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	• Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time, • the amount of duties involved, • family and personal circumstance s of the accused, • circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			imposed	on, an rative penalty is equal to eent (10%) nount														

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 182	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 182	Article 92 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	*Accord: Article 5 Customs Law no. 2004, on amount cand or ta assessed subseque	2 of Code 94(I) of any of duty x that is	Both	YES	YES	Fine	Up to 685.000,0 0  Up to 5 years  Both of the above sanctions	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			according customs legislation administration administration and the control and the custom and t	on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount														

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability	7	Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 185	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 185 of the Code	Article 92 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	*According Article 52 Customs Law no. 9 2004, on amount of an and or tax assessed subseque according customs	2 of Code 94(I) of any f duty x that is	Both	YES	YES	Imprisonement	Up to 685.000,0 0  Up to 5 years  Both of the above sanctions	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			legislationadministrational imposed	rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)														

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 192(2)	Removal or destruction of means of identification affixed by customs authorities in goods, packaging or means of transport without prior authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Article 92 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Both	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €85.000,0 0	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time, the amount of duties involved, family and personal circumstance s of the accused, circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*According Article 5: Customs Law no. 1: 2004, on	2 of Code 94(I) of				Imprisonement	Up to 5 years	NO								
			imposed	ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 211	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to place the goods under special procedures in accordance with Article 211 of the Code;	Article 92 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	imposed	2 of Code 94(I) of any of duty x that is ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount	Both	YES	YES	Imprisonement  other	Up to €85.000,0 0  Up to 5 years  Both of the above sanctions	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Intent			Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 233(1)(a)	Failure of the holder of the Union transit procedure to present the goods intact at the customs office of destination within the prescribed time limit;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*Accordi Article 52 Customs Law no. 9 2004, on	2 of Code 94(I) of				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			amount of and or tax assessed subseque according customs legislation administration financial imposed ten per ce of the amassessed.	ex that is ently g to the en, an entive penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 241	Processing of goods in a customs warehouse without an authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -			Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*According Article 5: Customs Law no. 2004, on amount of and or tax	2 of Code 94(I) of any of duty x that is				Imprisonement	years	NO								
			imposed	ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of )	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 242	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Article 101 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	• Up to three times the value of the goods or •up to €10.000,0 0 or • whicheve r is the greatest.	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,    family and personal circumstance s of the accused,    circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*Accordi Article 52 Customs Law no. 9 2004, on amount o	2 of Code 94(I) of any				Imprisonement	Up to 5 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			and or tax assessed subseque according customs legislatio administr financial imposed ten per co of the am assessed.	ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 242(1), points (a) and (b)	Failure of the holder of the authorisation or the holder of the procedure to fulfil the obligations arising from the storage of goods covered by the customs warehousing procedure.	Article 96 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €4.000,00	Up to €4.000,00	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*Accordi Article 52 Customs Law no. 9 2004, on	2 of Code 94(I) of				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			amount of and or tax assessed subsequeraccording customs legislation administration financial imposed of the amassessed.	at that is  ntly g to the  n, an  ative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 244(1)	Construction of a building in a free zone without the approval of the customs authorities;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*Accordi Article 52 Customs Law no. 9 2004, on	2 of Code 94(I) of				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			amount of and or tax assessed subseque according customs legislation administration financial imposed ten per ce of the amassessed.	ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) count				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 244(2)	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 244(2) of the Code	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	goods, etc	ber of fiscation of )	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*According Article 52 Customs	2 of				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								
			Law no. 9 2004, on amount o and or tax assessed subsequer according customs legislation administr	94(I) of any f duty t that is ntly g to the n, an ative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 245	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into a free zone to customs;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*According Article 5 Customs Law no.	2 of Code				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								
			imposed	of duty x that is ently g to the on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount				other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 245	the use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an autorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with article 245 of the Code	Articles 92 & 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Both	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €85.000,0 0	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*According Article 5: Customs Law no. 2004, on amount of and or tar assessed subseque according	2 of Code 94(I) of any of duty x that is				Imprisonement	Up to 5 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal nat	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			customs legislation administra financial imposed of ten per ce of the ame assessed.	ative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 257	Failure of the holder of the inward processing procedure to discharge a customs procedure within the time limit specified;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*According Article 52 Customs	2 of				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			Law no. 9 2004, on amount o and or tax assessed subseque according customs legislation administr financial imposed of ten per ce of the am assessed.	any f duty x that is  ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 262	Failure of the holder of the outward processing procedure to export the defective goods within the time limit;	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	*Accordi		Negligence	YES	YES	Imprisonement	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			Article 52 Customs Law no. 9	2 of Code				impi isonement	years									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			2004, on amount o and or tax assessed subsequer according customs legislation administr financial imposed of ten per ce of the am assessed.	f duty to that is  ntly g to the  n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 263	Failure of the person to lodge a predeparture declaration in accordance with Article 263 of the Code	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*According Article 5 Customs Law no. 2004, on amount of and or tal assessed subseque according	2 of Code 94(I) of any of duty x that is				<b>Imprisonement</b> other	Up to 3 years  Both of the above sanctions	NO								
			customs legislatio administr financial imposed	on, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%) nount														
Article 267(2)	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods to be taken out of the customs territory of the Union to customs on exit	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, numl years, conf goods, etc)	oer of iscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
		С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
		*Accordi Article 52 Customs Law no. 9	2 of Code 94(I) of				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								
		2004, on amount of and or tax assessed subsequer according customs legislation administr	any f duty c that is  ntly g to the  n, an eative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	A)	nture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 267(2)	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with Article 267(2) of the Code;	Articles 92 & 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Both	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €85.000,0 0	Up to €85.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	
			*Accord Article 5 Customs	2 of				Imprisonement	Up to 5 years	NO								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, numl years, conf goods, etc)	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			Law no. 9 2004, on amount of and or tax assessed subsequer according customs legislation administr financial imposed of ten per ce of the am assessed.	any f duty x that is  ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 270	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export declaration in accordance with Article 270 of the Code	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability	7	Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of Siscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP	, , , , ,	Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*According Article 5 Customs Law no. 2004, on	2 of Code 94(I) of				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								
			amount of and or tal assessed subseque according customs legislatio administr	of duty x that is ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Article 271	Failure of the person to lodge an exit summary declaration in accordance with Article 271 of the Code	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	YES	YES*	Negligence	YES	YES	Fine	Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideration that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal na A)	ture (C /	Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Threshold fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of fiscation of	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
Article 274	Failure of the person to lodge a reexport notification in accordance with Article 274 of the Code	Article 95 of Custom s Code Law no. 94(I) of 2004	*According Article 52 Customs Law no. 9 2004, on amount of and or tax assessed subseque according customs legislation administration financial imposed of the amassessed.  YES	2 of Code 94(I) of any f duty to that is ntly g to the n, an rative penalty is equal to ent (10%)	Negligence	YES	YES	Tine  Fine	Up to 3 years  Both of the above sanctions  Up to €10.000,0 0	Up to €10.000,0 0	By the District Criminal Courts	Repetitive behaviour of the accused person and the amount of duties involved.	Whether the accused person has committed such an offence for the first time,     the amount of duties involved,     family and personal circumstance s of the accused,     circumastanc es of the commission of the offence.	YES	No, but the Criminal Court may not accept the filing of a case considerin g a long time has been elapsed since the offence was committed .	The Criminal Court when imposing a penalty to the accused person, may take into consideratio n that the case was filed with a long delay.	NO	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC +C1:C146	Nation al law -	Legal nat		Negligence/Inte nt	Liability		Type of the sanction (fine, imprisonnemen t, other)	Thresholds fines, num years, conf goods, etc	ber of iscation of )	Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravatin g factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		Natural person	Legal personalit y					Initiating a procedur e	Imposing a penalty	Executin g a sanction	
			*Accordin Article 52 Customs ( Law no. 9	of Code 4(I) of				Imprisonement	Up to 3 years	NO								
			amount of and or tax assessed subsequer according customs legislation administration financial properties of the amount assessed.	f duty that is  ntly to the  n, an ative penalty is equal to nt (10%) pount				other	Both of the above sanctions									
Other customs infringemen ts you consider relevant	NA		YES/N O	YES/N O	NO	YES/N O	YES/N O	Fine										
reievant		NA	IF BOTH both and pexplanation	provide on if				Imprisonement										
			necessary					other										

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega		N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			/ A) C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 15	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	Section 76(1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration . A fine is also imposed on persons who, intentionally or through gross negligence, fail to inform the customs and tax administration regarding an underestimati on of duty and tax, cf. Section 13, 2nd sentence. Section 76(2). If the act is committed intentionally to avoid	YES	NO	Intent, gross neligence or by simple negligence e in repeated cases within 2 years	YES	YES	Imprisonemen t	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.  Imprissonme nt up to 1,5 years in case of intentional evasion for more than DKK 100.000 (Custom Act). In case of intentional evasion for more than DKK 500.000 imprisonmen t up until 8 years (Criminal Code).	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonemen t.	The Criminal Code provides for aggravating factors that applies in all criminal cases. In cases concerning evasion of custom duties the most relevant factor is that the effender has relevant prior convictions or accepted fines.	The Criminal Code provides for mitigating factors that applies for all criminal cases e.g general personal and social circumstances of the offender, motives for committing the act, that the offender acted in excusable ignorance or under the influence of an excusable misunderstanding of the rules, that the offender has remedied or attempted to remedy the damage (eg payment), that the case against the offender is not heard within a reasonable time and the excessive length of proceedings is not attributable to the offender	No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits:  1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more  2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount)  3) 2 years after the crime was committed if no evasion due to the inaccuracy	After the person has been charged with a crime a decision must be made within reasonabl e time regarding whether the person is prosecute d or not. If the decision has not been made within 1,5 years the prosecution office must in writing inform the accused person, why a decision has not been made yet and when a decision can be expected to be made	Imprisonme nt: Criminal Code section 97. Imprisonme nt will be remitted due to the following limitations: 5 years for imprisonmen t for up to one year 10 years for imprisonmen t exceeding 1 year, but not 4 years 15 years for imprisonmen t exceeding 4 years, but not 8 years.  Fine: Criminal Code section 97a. If no prior application for a distress warrant has been filed, fines will be remitted after 5 years if the fine does not exceed DKK 1.000 10 years if the fine exceeds DKK 10.000	No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Customs Act (Toldloven): <a href="https://www.retsinformation.dk/eli/lta/2022/29">https://www.retsinformation.dk/eli/lta/2022/29</a>

	Executing a sanction	ing a
procedure a penalty dity or tax or unjustified coconpion brown or redirefurement tax, 4 is possibilities coconpion brown or redirefurement tax, 4 is possibilities coconpion brown or redirefurement tax, 4 is possibilities coconpion procedure redirefurement tax, 4 is possibilities coconpion procedure redirefurement tax, 4 is possibilities possibilities and brown the Penal  Cock Section 77 to the Penal tax started in recities 76 in person who televationally televation televationally televation	sanction	No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	natu	al ire (C	N/I	Liab	oility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	1		Other factors
			/ A) C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a	Imposing	Executing a	
															procedure	a penalty	sanction	
		country and the EU. 2)			1													
		Provides			1													
		incorrect			1													
		information			1													
		or evidence to			1													
		obtain the			1													
		assistance of			1													
		the customs			1													
		and tax			1													
		administration			1													
		or authorized			1													
		organizations			1													
		in connection			1													
		with the			1													
		issuance of			1													
		the			1													
		documents			1													
		mentioned in			1													
		section 61 and			1													
		section 63.			1													
		Section 77			1													
		(2). With			1													
		regard to the			1													
		limitation of			1													
		criminal			1													
		liability for			1													
		violation of			1													
		para. 1,			1													
		whereby			1													
		someone evades			1													
		payment of			1													
					1													
		customs or tax to another			1													
		country, or			1													
		which is			1													
		suitable to			1													
		result in			1													
		someone			1													
		being			1													
		unjustifiably			1													
		exempted			1													
		from payment			1													
		of such			1													
		amounts,			1													
		finds the			1													
		Penal Code			1													
		section 93(2),			1													
		2nd sentence,			1													
		corresponding			1													
		application.			1													

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		al re (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	ı		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 15(1)	Failure of the economic operator to provide customs authorities with all the assistance necessary for the completion of the customs formalities or controls;	Section 28 a(1) of the Customs Act. If a request for material pursuant to § 28 (5), or EU regulations is not complied, the Customs and Tax Administratio n may order that the material must be submitted within a set time limit and impose daily coercive fines from the time limit exceedance, and until the order is complied with.	NO	YES	NONE	YE S	YE S	Imprisonneme nt		Daily fine minimum 1.000 DKK and maximu m 100.000 DKK for each order NO	Daily fines			No	No / within 2 years after the crime was committed			No
		Section 79 (3) cf. 28 (3). Persons and compagnies must provide the Customs and Tax Administratio n with assistance in carrying out inspection.  Section 78 a(1). Companies that according to § 28 a(1) receive an order for the submission of material and fail to comply with the order within 4 weeks after the deadline stipulated in the order, is	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e  Intent or negligenc e	YE	YE S	Fine	Daily fine minimum 1.000 DKK	Daily fine minimum 1.000 DKK and maximu m 100.000 DKK for each order  Minimu m DKK 10.000 and maximu m DKK 100.000 for each order	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		ıl re (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			/ A) C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
article 15(2)(a)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry	punished by a fine.  Section 76(1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or	YE S	NO	Intent, gross neligence or by simple negligence in repeated cases	YE S	YE S	Fine	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of	Fines or imprisonneme nt			No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in	a penalty	sanction	No
	summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information given in the declaration, notification or application;	repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration . A fine is also imposed on persons who, intentionally or through gross negligence, fail to inform the customs and tax administration regarding an underestimati on of duty			within 2 years			Imprisonnement	1,5 years	fault.					a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount) 3) 2 years after the crime was committed if no evasion due to the inaccuracy			

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu / A)	al ire (C	N/I	Liabi	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	ı		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 15(2)(b)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the authenticity, accuracy and validity of any supporting document;	and tax, cf. Section 13, 2nd sentence. Section 76(2). If the act is committed intentionally to avoid payment of duty or tax or to obtain unjustified exemption from or reimbursemen t of duty or tax, it is punishable by a fine or imprisonment for up to 1 year and 6 months, unless a higher penalty is due under section 289 of the Penal Code.  Covered by infringement to Article 15 (section 76(1))	YES	NO	Intent, gross negligenc e or repeatedl y within 2 years	YES	YES	Fine Imprisonemen t	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonneme nt			No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount) 3) 2 years after			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		al ıre (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	ı		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure the crime was committed if no evasion due to the inaccuracy	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 23(1)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to comply with the obligations resulting from that decision;	Administrative sanction: Section 20, para. 4, 2nd sentence of the Customs Act (regarding harbor and airports). An authorization can be drawn back, if the conditions of the authorization no longer are present. Criminal sanction: The scope in colum C is very broad. In general: Customs Act 79 (4) A fine is imposed on any person who intentionally or with gross negligence violates or attempts to violate provisions regarding order and control in the customs regulations issued by the EU.	BOT	YE S	Criminal fine: Intent or gross negligenc e	YES	YES	Imprisonemen t  other	Criminal fine between DKK 3.000-7.000 NO	Criminal fine between DKK 3.000-7.000 NO	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			No
Article 23(2)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who,	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu / A)	re (C	N/I	Liab	oility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
				A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	customs legislation to inform the customs authorities without delay of any factor arising after the decision was taken by those authorities which influences its continuation	intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.						Imprisonemen t other	NO	NO					crime was committed			
Article 51	or content; Failure of an economic operator to keep the documents and information	Section 139 (2), cf. section 41 (4), section 43 (4) and section 51 (3) of the Executive	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			No
	related to the accomplishme nt of customs formalities by	Order on Customs Processing. Intentional or	IF Be indicated both proven	ate and ide				Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					Committee			
A.: 1, 100	any accessible means for the period of time required by customs;	grossly negligent violation of [storing documents for at least 5 years], as well as other intentional or grossly negligent violations of terms in the appropriations and permits granted pursuant to the regulations is punishable by a fine.	n if neces		N/A	NT/	N	other	N/A	NI/A	NI/A	N/A	N/A	N	N/A	N/A	N/A	No
Article 108	Non-payment of import or export duties by the person liable to pay	No criminal sanction.	NO	NO	N/A	N/ A	N/ A	Fine	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natur		N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	within the period prescribed;							Imprisonemen t	N/A	N/A								
								other										
Articles 127	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 127 of the Code	Section 73(1)(1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on anyone who, intentionally or through gross negligence, fails to declare goods imported into or exported from the Danish customs territory, or goods conveyed from or to a free port or a customs warehouse in the Danish customs territory, when such a declaration is required by the Customs Act, the provisions established pursuant to the Customs Act, or by EU Regulation No 952/2013 (the Union Customs	YES	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YES	YES	Imprisonemen t	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.  Imprissonme nt up to 1,5 years in case of intentional evasion for more than DKK 30.000 (Custom Act) In case of intentional evasion for more than DKK 500.000 imprisonmen t up until 8 years (Criminal Code).	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonemen t	The Criminal Code provides for aggravating factors that applies in all criminal cases. In cases concerning evasion of custom duties the most relevant factor is that the effender has relevant prior convictions or accepted fines.	The Criminal Code provides for mitigating factors that applies for all criminal cases e.g general personal and social circumstances of the offender, motives for committing the act, that the offender acted in excusable ignorance or under the influence of an excusable misunderstandi ng of the rules, that the offender has remedied or attempted to remedy the damage ( eg payment), that the case against the offender is not heard within a reasonable time and the excessive length of proceedings is not attributable to the offender	No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount)	After the person has been charged with a crime a decision must be made within reasonabl e time regarding whether the person is prosecute d or not. If the decision has not been made within 1,5 years the prosecution office must in writing inform the accused person, why a decision has not been made yet and when a decision can be	Imprisonme nt: Criminal Code section 97. Imprisonme nt will be remitted due to the following limitations: 5 years for imprisonmen t for up to one year 10 years for imprisonmen t exceeding 1 year, but not 4 years 15 years for imprisonmen t exceeding 4 years, but not 8 years.  Fine: Criminal Code section 97a. If no prior application for a distress warrant has been filed, fines will be remitted after 5 years if the fine does not exceed DKK 1.000	No
article 34(1)	Removal of goods brought into the customs territory of the	Code).  Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who,	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines	-		No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the	expected to be made	10 years if the fine exceeds DKK 10.000	No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		ıre (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	Union from customs supervision without the permission of the customs	intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU		•				Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					crime was committed			
	authorities, contrary to the first and second sub- paragraphs of Article 134 of the Code;	Regulations.						other										
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally or by gross	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			No
		negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.						Imprisonemen t	NO	NO								
								other										
Article 135(1)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who,	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the			No
	territory of the Union to comply with the	intentionally or by gross negligence violate						Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					crime was committed			
	obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities	provisions in EU Regulations.						other										
	when the obligations cannot be complied;																	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		al re (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	1		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 135(2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into a free zone, where the free	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was			No
	zone adjoins the land frontier between a Member State	or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU						Imprisonemen t other	NO	NO	_				committed			
	and a third country, to bring those goods directly into that free zone without passing through another part of the customs territory of the	Regulations.																
Article 137(1) and (2)	Union; Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fines	_		No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was			No
	Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of	or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU		1				Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					committed			
	the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;							other										
Article 139	introduction or exit of goods into and from the customs	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who,	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu / A)	ıre (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	l		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	territory of the Union without presenting them to the customs							Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					crime was committed			
	authorities in accordance with Article 139 of the Code	EU Regulations.						other										
Article 139	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who,	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the			No
	into the customs territory of the Union to the customs;	intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in		·				Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					crime was committed			
		EU Regulations.						other										
Article 140	Unloading or trans-shipping of goods from the means of transport	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who,	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the			No
	carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs	provisions in						Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					crime was committed			
	authorities or in places not designated or approved by those authorities;	EU Regulations.						other										
Article 45(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was			No
	procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union	or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU			-			Imprisonemen t	NO	NO	-				committed			
	legislation so requires or	Regulations.						other										

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu / A)	nl re (C	N/I	Liab	oility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	where necessary for customs;																	
Articles 147 and 148	Storage of goods in temporary storage facilities or	If correctly declaired and later moved to warehouses without	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	2 years after the crime was committed			No
	customs warehouses without authorisation granted by the	authorisation: Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to						Imprisonemen t	NO	NO								
	customs authorities;	persons who, intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU						other										
Article 149	Failure of the economic operator responsible	Regulations.  Section 81 of the Customs Act. Exceeding a	NO	YE S	NONE	YE S	YE S	Fine	NO	NO	Expeditionary Tax/Expeditio n fee			No				No
	for non-Union goods which are in temporary storage to place those	fixed time limit for the declaration of goods for customs clearance or						Imprisonemen t	NO	NO								
	goods under a customs procedure or to re- export them within the time limit;	export shall not be punished, unless the relationship is covered by Section 73.						other	550 DKK for each declaration	550 DKK for each declaratio n								
		The person responsible for the declaration obligation shall pay an expedition fee																
A	D	for each declaration submitted late.	****	Lavr		THE STATE OF THE S	****			F.		TI.		N		A.C. C		<u> </u>
Articles 158(3)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who,	YE S	NI O	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fines	The Criminal Code provides for	The Criminal Code provides for mitigating factors that applies for all	No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the	After the person has been charged with a	Imprisonme nt: Criminal Code section 97. Imprisonme	No

Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	natu		N/I	Liab	oility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
		C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	intentionally or by gross negligence violate						Imprisonemen t	NO	NO		aggravating factors that applies in all criminal	criminal cases e.g general personal and social		crime was committed	crime a decision must be made	nt will be remitted due to the following	
	provisions in EU Regulations.						other				cases. In cases concerning	circumstances of the offender, motives for			within reasonabl e time	limitations: 5 years for imprisonmen	
Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	Regulations.  Section 76(1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration. A fine is also imposed on persons who, intentionally or through gross negligence, fail to inform the customs and tax administration regarding an underestimati on of duty and tax, cf. Section 13, 2nd sentence.	YES	NO	Intent, gross negligenc e or repeatedl y within two years	YES	YES	Fine  Imprisonemen t  other	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonemen t	evasion of custom duties the most relevant factor is that the effender has relevant prior convictions or accepted fines.		No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits:  1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more  2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount)  3) 2 years after the crime was committed if no evasion due to the inaccuracy	regarding whether the person is prosecute d or not. If the decision has not been made within 1,5 years the prosecution office must in writing inform the accused person, why a decision has not been made yet and when a decision can be expected to be made	imprisonment for up to one year 10 years for imprisonment exceeding 1 year, but not 4 years 15 years for imprisonment exceeding 4 years, but not 8 years.  Fine: Criminal Code section 97a. If no prior application for a distress warrant has been filed, fines will be remitted after 5 years if the fine does not exceed DKK 1.000 10 years if the fine exceeds DKK 10.000	No
	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by	intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.  Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those  Providing customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration. A fine is also imposed on persons who, intentionally or through gross negligence, fail to inform the customs and tax administration regarding an underestimati on of duty and tax, cf. Section 13,	intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.  Providing customs authorities of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration . A fine is also imposed on persons who, intentionally or through gross negligence, fail to inform the customs and tax administration regarding an underestimati on of duty and tax, cf. Section 13, 2nd sentence.	UCC    Intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.   Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those   Regulations   Persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration . A fine is also imposed on persons who, intentionally or through gross negligence, fail to inform the customs and tax administration regarding an underestimati on of duty and tax, cf. Section 13, 2nd sentence.	intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.  Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration . A fine is also imposed on persons who, intentionally or through gross negligence, fail to inform the customs and tax administration regarding an underestimati on of duty and tax, cf. Section 13, 2nd sentence.	intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.  Providing customs of the customs authorities with false information or documents required by those the customs and tax administration regarding information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration regarding an underestimati on of duty and tax, cf. Section 13, 2nd sentence.	intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.  Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration . A fine is also imposed on persons who, intentionally or through gross negligence, fail to inform the customs and tax administration regarding an underestimati on of duty and tax, cf. Section 13, 2nd sentence.	intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.  Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those  Present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs and tax administration regarding an underestimati on of duty and tax, cf. Section 13, 2nd sentence.	Intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU authorities with false information or documents or required by those   Intentionally within two years make an incorrect of electration, present incorrect or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration . A fine is information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration regarding an underestimati on of duty and tax, cf. Section 13, 2nd sentence.	Intentionally or by gross   Intentionally or by gross   Regigence violate   Providing customs authorities with false information or decuments or required by those   Providing register to compensation or decuments or incorrect or incorrect or incorrect of charation provisions and tax administration - A fine is also imposed on persons who, intentionally or through gross negligence, or repeatedly or through gross negligence, or incorrect or misleading information in customs and tax administration - A fine is also imposed on persons who, intentionally or through gross negligence, or administration regarding an underestimation or of duly and tax, cf. Section 13, 2nd sentence.	The content of the customs and tax administration regarding ano	intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.  Providing customs duthorities with false information or documents required by information present incorrect or incorrect or incorrect or incorrect or incorrect or miscealing information in costoms matters to the customs and tax administration or feld to information or persons who, intentionally or through gross and tax administration regarding an underestimatic on of duty and tax, of Section 13, 2nd sentence.	Interstinating   C	Section   Sect	Section   Providing customs of the	C   A   NP   LP   Imperiorment   Imperiorment   Imperiorment   Imprison   Imperiorment   Imprison   Imperiorment   Imprison   Imprison   Imperiorment   Imprison   Imprison	Secondary   C   A   NP   1.P   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   N

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu	l re (C	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	1		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		If the act is committed intentionally to avoid payment of duty or tax or to obtain unjustified exemption from or reimbursemen t of duty or tax, it is punishable by a fine or imprisonment for up to 1 year and 6 months, unless a higher penalty is due under section of the Penal Code.																
Article 163(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementar y declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question;	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations. Section 139 (2), cf. section 41 (1) and section 43 (3) of the Executive Order on Customs Processing. Intentional or grossly negligent violation of [having the supporting documents required for the application of	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Imprisonemen t  other	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000 NO	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu / A)	al are (C	N/I	Liabi	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 163(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	the procedure in question in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementar y declaration is lodged], as well as other intentional or grossly negligent violations of terms in the appropriations and permits granted pursuant to the regulations is punishable by a fine.  Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations. Section 139 (2), cf. section 41 (4), section 43 (4) of the Executive Order on Customs Processing. Intentional or grossly negligent violation of [storing documents for	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YES	YES	Fine Imprisonemen t other	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000 NO	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu / A)	al re (C	N/I	Liab	oility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	ı		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		at least 5 years], as well as other intentional or grossly negligent violations of terms in the appropriations and permits granted pursuant to the regulations is punishable by a fine.																
Article 166	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of a simplified declaration in accordance with Article 166 of the Code,	Section 76 (1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration .	YE S	NO	Intent, gross negligenc e or repeatedl y within two years	YE S	YE S	Imprisonemen t  other	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonemen t			No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount) 3) 2 years after the crime was comitted if no evasion due to the inaccuracy			No
Article 167(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure, in the case of a simplified	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fines	-		No	2 years after the crime was committed			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		al are (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	ı		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	declaration pursuant to Article 166 of the Code or of an entry into the declarant's records pursuant to Article 182 of the Code, to lodge a supplementar	or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.						Imprisonemen t  other	NO	NO								
	y declaration at the competent customs office and within the specific time- limit;																	
Article 167(1) second subparagrap h	y declaration	violate provisions in EU Regulations. Section 139 (2), cf. section 41 (1) and section 43 (3)	YES	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Imprisonemen t  other	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000 NO	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			No
	is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question	of the Executive Order on Customs Processing. Intentional or grossly negligent violation of [having the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question in their possession and at the																

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		al ire (C	N/I	Liability	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	1		Other factors
			C	A		NP L	•	NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementar y declaration is lodged], as well as other intentional or grossly negligent violations of terms in the appropriations and permits granted pursuant to the regulations is punishable by a fine.															
Article 177	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation	Section 76 (1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two	YE S	NO	Intent, gross negligenc e or repeatedl y within two years	YE Y S	E Fine Imprisonem	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonemen t			No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional			No
	from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplification s in accordance with Article 177	years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration .					other							evasion for DKK 500.000 or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount) 3) 2 years after the crime was committed if no evasion due to the			

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu / A)	ıre (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
															inaccuracy			
Article 179	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplification s in accordance with Article 179	Section 76 (1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration .	YE S	NO	Intent, gross negligenc e or repeatedl y within two years	YES	YES	Fine  Imprisonemen t  other	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonemen t			No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount) 3) 2 years after the crime was committed if no evasion due to the inaccuracy			No
Article 182	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplification s in accordance	Section 76 (1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or	S	NO	Intent, gross negligenc e or repeatedl y within two years	YE S	YE S	Imprisonemen t	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonemen t			No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		ıre (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	182	provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration .													500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount) 3) 2 years after the crime was committed if no evasion due to the inaccuracy			
Article 185	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplification s in accordance with Article 185 of the Code	Section 76 (1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration .	S	NO	Intent, gross negligenc e or repeatedl y within two years	YE S	YE S	Fine  Imprisonemen t  other	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.  1,5 years	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonemen t			No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount) 3) 2 years after the crime was comitted if no evasion due to the inaccuracy			No
Article 192(2)	Removal or destruction of means of identification affixed by customs authorities in goods, packaging or means of	Section 78 of the Customs Act. Fine or imprisonment for removing or destroying means of identification affixed by customs	indic both prov	OTH, cate	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine Imprisonemen t	DKK 3.000 or over	DKK 3.000 or over	Fines or imprisonemen t			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu	re (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	transport without prior authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	authorities.	n if neces					other										
Article 211	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs	Section 76 (1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect	YE S	NO	Intent, gross negligenc e or repeatedl y within two years	YE S	YE S	Fine  Imprisonemen t	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonemen t			No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000			No
	authorities to place the goods under special procedures in accordance with Article 211 of the Code;	declaration, present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration .						other							or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount) 3) 2 years after the crime was committed if no evasion due to the inaccuracy			
Article 233(1)(a)	Failure of the holder of the Union transit procedure to present the goods intact at the customs office of	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally or by gross negligence	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine Imprisonemen t	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000 NO	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			No
	destination within the prescribed time limit;	violate provisions in EU Regulations.						other										

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		al ire (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 241	Processing of goods in a customs warehouse without an authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine Imprisonemen t	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			No
								other			+							
Article 242	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was			No
		or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.)						Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					committed			
Article	Failure of the	The scope in	YE	NO	Intent or	YE	YE	other Fine	Fine between	Fine	Fines			No	The person			No
242(1), points (a) and (b)	holder of the authorisation or the holder of the procedure to fulfil the	colum C is very broad. In general: Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act.	S	110	gross negligenc e	S	S	Time	DKK 3.000- 7.000	between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Times				must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			110
	obligations arising from the storage of goods covered by the	Fine to persons who, intentionally or by gross						Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					Committee			
	customs warehousing procedure.	negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.						other										
Article 244(1)	Construction of a building in a free zone without the approval of the customs	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was			No
	authorities;	or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU		1				Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					committed			

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu / A)	al ire (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 244(2)	Failure to notify, in advance, the customs authorities of	Regulations. Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who,	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	NO	other Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the			No
	the exercise of a commercial, industrial or service activity in a free zone, as provided for by Article 244 UCC.	intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.						Imprisonemen t other	NO	NO					crime was committed			
Article 245	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into a free zone to	If the goods is declaired but not a presented: Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act.	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was committed			No
	customs;	Fine to persons who, intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU						Imprisonemen t other	NO	NO					Committee			
Article 245	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an	Regulations.  Section 76 (1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly	YE S	NO	Intent, gross negligenc e or repeatedl y within two years		YE S	Fine	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.				No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of	_		No
	autorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of	within two years make an incorrect declaration, present incorrect or						Imprisonemen t	1,5 years	NO					intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in			
	goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting	incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading													other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence			

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu	ıl re (C	N/I	Liabi	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
	them to customs authorities in accordance	information in customs matters to the customs and	С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					regardless of the amount) 3) 2 years after the crime was	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 257	with article 245 of the Code Failure of the	tax administration . Section 79,	YE	NO	Intent or	YE	YE	Fine	Fine between	Fine	Fines			No	committed if no evasion due to the inaccuracy The person	_		No
	holder of the inward processing procedure to discharge a	no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally	S		gross negligenc e	S	S		DKK 3.000- 7.000	between DKK 3.000- 7.000					must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was			
	customs procedure within the time limit specified;	or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU						Imprisonemen t other	NO	NO					committed			
Article 262	Failure of the	Regulations.  Section 79,	YE	NO	Intent or	YE	YE	Fine	Fine between		Fines			No	The person	_		No
	holder of the outward processing procedure to export the	no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally	S		gross negligenc e	S	S	Imprisonemen	DKK 3.000- 7.000	between DKK 3.000- 7.000 NO	-				must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was			
	defective goods within the time limit;	or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU						other							committed			
Article 263	Failure of the	Regulations.  Section	YE	NO	Intent or	YE	YE	Fine	A fine is	A fine is	Fines or			No	The person	_		No
	person to lodge a pre- departure declaration in accordance with Article 263 of the Code	73(1)(1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on anyone who, intentionally or through gross negligence,	S		gross negligenc e	S	S		measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	measured in light of the customs duty evasion and degree of fault.	imprisonemen				must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of			
		fails to declare goods imported into or exported from the Danish customs territory, or						Imprisonemen t other	1,5 years	NO					intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases			

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Legal natur / A)		N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation	ı		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		goods conveyed from or to a free port or a customs warehouse in the Danish customs territory, when such a declaration is required by the Customs Act, the provisions established pursuant to the Customs Act, or by EU Regulation No 952/2013 (the Union Customs Code).													(intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount)	а репацу	Sauction	
Article 267(2)	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods to be taken out of	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act. Fine to persons who, intentionally	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The person must be charged with a crime within 2 years after the crime was			No
	the customs territory of the Union to customs on exit	or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.						Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					committed			
Article 267(2)	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities for	Section 76 (1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on persons who intentionally, through gross negligence, or repeatedly within two years make an incorrect declaration,	YE S	NO	Intent, gross negligenc e or repeatedl y within two years	YE S	YE S	Imprisonemen t	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonemen t			No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu / A)	al re (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with Article 267(2) of the Code;	present incorrect or incomplete documents or invoices, or otherwise provide incorrect or misleading information in customs matters to the customs and tax administration .						other							2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount) 3) 2 years after the crime was committed if no evasion due to the			
Article 270	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export declaration in accordance with Article 270 of the Code	Section 73(1)(1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on anyone who, intentionally or through gross negligence, fails to declare goods imported into or exported from the Danish customs territory, or goods conveyed from or to a free port or a customs warehouse in the Danish customs territory, when such a declaration is required by the Customs Act, the provisions established pursuant to the Customs Act, or by EU Regulation	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Imprisonemen t  other	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	Fines or imprisonemen t			No	inaccuracy The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more 2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount)			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu / A)	al ire (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a	Imposing	Executing a	
															procedure	a penalty	sanction	
		No 952/2013 (the Union Customs Code).																
Article 271	Failure of the	Section	YE	NO	Intent or	YE	YE	Fine	A fine is	A fine is	Fines or			No	The person	_		No
Article 271	person to lodge an exit summary declaration in accordance with Article 271 of the Code	73(1)(1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on anyone who, intentionally or through gross negligence,	S	NO	gross negligenc e	S	S	rine	measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	imprisonemen t			INO	must be charged with a crime within the following time limits: 1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of			NO
		fails to declare goods imported into or exported						Imprisonemen t	1,5 years	NO					intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more			
		from the Danish customs territory, or						other							2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less			
		goods conveyed from or to a free port or a customs													than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence			
		warehouse in the Danish customs territory,													regardless of the amount)			
		when such a declaration is required by the Customs																
		Act, the provisions established pursuant to																
		the Customs Act, or by EU Regulation No 952/2013 (the Union																
		Customs Code).																

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>		al re (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 274	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export notification in accordance with Article 274 of the Code	Section 73(1)(1) of the Customs Act. A fine is imposed on anyone who, intentionally or through gross negligence, fails to declare goods imported into or exported from the Danish customs territory, or goods conveyed from or to a free port or a customs warehouse in the Danish customs territory, when such a declaration is required by the Customs Act, the provisions established pursuant to the Customs Act, or by EU Regulation No 952/2013 (the Union Customs Code).	YES	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Imprisonemen t  other	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.	A fine is measured in light of the evaded customs duties and degree of fault.				No	The person must be charged with a crime within the following time limits:  1) 10 years after the crime was comitted in a case of intentional evasion for DKK 500.000 or more  2) 5 years after the crime was comitted in other cases (intent for less than DKK 500.000 or gross negligence regardless of the amount)			No
Other customs infringemen ts	Failure of the operator of a maritime ship or an aircraft entering the customs	Section 139 (2), cf. section 68(2) and section 77(2) of the Executive	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	YE S	YE S	Fine	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines				The Criminal Code provides for mitigating factors that applies for all criminal cases			No
	territory of the Union shall to							Imprisonemen t	NO	NO					e.g general personal and			

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu		N/I	Liabi	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	notify the customs office of the first entry of the arrival at the time of arrival in accordance with Article 133 of the Code	Processing. Other deliberate or grossly negligent violations of [submitting an electronic notification of arrival], as well as other deliberate or grossly negligent violations of the terms of the authorisations and authorisations granted pursuant to the provisions are punishable by fines.						Other							social circumstances of the offender, motives for committing the act, that the offender acted in excusable ignorance or under the influence of an excusable misunderstandi ng of the rules, that the offender has remedied or attempted to remedy the damage ( eg payment), that the case against the offender is not heard within a reasonable time and the excessive length of proceedings is not attributable to the offender			
Other customs infringemen ts	Failure to keep appropriate records in a form approved by the customs authorities i accordance with Article 214 of the Code	Section 79, no. 4 of the Customs Act cf. Article 214 UCC cf. Article 178 UCC DA. Fine to persons who, intentionally or by gross negligence violate provisions in EU Regulations.	YE S	NO	Intent or gross negligenc e	l .	YE S	Imprisonemen t Other	Fine between DKK 3.000-7.000	Fine between DKK 3.000- 7.000	Fines			No	The Criminal Code provides for mitigating factors that applies for all criminal cases e.g general personal and social circumstances of the offender, motives for committing the act, that the offender acted in excusable ignorance or under the influence of an excusable misunderstandi ng of the rules, that the			No

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	natu	ıre (C	N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
			(A) C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure offender has remedied or attempted to remedy the damage (eg payment), that the case against the offender is not heard	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Other customs infringemen ts		Section 82 of the Customs Act. An authorisation	NO	YE S		YE S	YE S	Fine	NO	NO	Other				within a reasonable time and the excessive length of proceedings is not attributable to the offender			
		or permission issued by the Customs Administratio n may be withdrawn if the authorisation						Imprisonemen t  Other	NO	NO	_							
		or permission has been used in connection with a violation of the Customs Act or provisions established by law.																
Other Custo infringement																		

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law <sup>1</sup>	Lega natu		N/I	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settleme nt	Time limitation			Other factors
				A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	Prohibeted Goods	The importer will be contacted for clarification as to whether the goods must be declared for re-export or for destruction under the procedure of active processing.																It is the courts that decide on confiscation, but insofar as the person concerned declares in writing that he/she agrees that the effects will be destroyed by the Tax Administratio
	Infringement of an intellectual right covered by the definition in Article 2 of that Regulation (Council Regulation (EC) No 1383/2003 of 22 July 2003).	Confiscation by surrender to the State Treasury for destruction																n, the confiscation can however be administered.
	Cases concerning endangered plants and animals covered by the Washington Convention	Confiscation																

Article	Infringement	National	Logo	I nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liabi	21:4 2	Type of the	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Annliantia	Aggregatin	Mitigatin	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other
UCC	Infringement UCC	law	Lega	i nature <sup>-</sup> (C/A)	IN/1	Liabi	mty -	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement	Time minu	auon		factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e <sup>9</sup>	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
Article 15	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	§ 370(1)(1) AO (tax evasion) or § 378 AO (reckless tax reduction) if further condition (reduction of import duties) is met.	Yes	Yes	Intent (increased Negligence : reckless)	YE S	see comment s	Fine  other: § 32 ZollVG	up to 5 Years  criminal: see comments administrativ: up to 50.000 €  up to 250 € (see comments)	see comments 4	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7	see comments 8	see comments 9	see comments 10	see comment s 11	

Administrative offences are not listed in column E 'Criminal' but in column F 'Administrative'. Column F 'Administrative' also lists administrative sanctions within the meaning of Article 42(2)(b) UCC, where appropriate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Penalties may only be imposed on natural persons. However, fines on corporations are possible.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The surcharge under Paragraph 32 of the ZollVG constitutes a charge of its own with a penalty-like effect and serves to simplify and speed up the sanctioning of minor infringements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The amount of a fine depends on the amount of the reduced import duties and the income of the offender (§ 40 StGB)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Only intentional action is punishable unless the criminality of negligent acts is also determined by law (§ 15 StGB).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In the case of tax crimes (§ 46 StGB): in particular, the following circumstances shall be taken into account: Act out of profit-seeking, gross self-interest or greed, remorseless and ruthless approach, Tenacity with which the objective is pursued; Tax reduction over a longer period, particularly reprehensible execution, Obstructing the investigation of the facts, e.g. destroying or disposing of evidence, influencing witnesses, deliberately misleading the investigating authorities, social and professional status of the offender, which imposes special tax obligations. In the case of administrative offences (§ 17 OWiG): In principle, the circumstances leading to Aggravating factors for criminal offences also apply to administrative offences.

The following circumstances may be taken into account, inter alia: a small level of infringements in relation to the level of similar cases properly handled; a low risk of repetition due to countermeasures already taken (compliance management system)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Voluntary self-disclosure is possible under strict conditions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Criminal proceedings shall be instituted in the event of an initial suspicion. If there is an initial suspicion of an administrative offence, the initiation of a fine procedure will be examined. The initiation of proceedings is possible as long as the prosecution of the offence is permitted (see imposing a penalty)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The limitation period for prosecution is between 5 and 25 years, depending on the offence and the constellation of cases.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The period of limitation for enforcement is between 5 and 20 years, depending on the offence and the facts.

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	l nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liabi	lity <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limits	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
Article 15(1)	Failure of the economic operator to provide customs authorities with all the assistance necessary for the completion of the customs formalities or controls;	§ 31 Abs. 1 Nrn. 3 bis 5 ZollVG § 31 Abs. 2 Nrn. 1 bis 2a ZollVG § 31a Abs. 1 Nr. 1 Buchst. a und Nr. 3 ZollVG in serious cases and with regard to customs procedure s see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES (under review)	both	yes	see comment s	administrative fine	intent: up to 5.000 € (§ 31 ZollVG) / 30.000 € (§ 31a ZollVG) negligence: up to 2.500 € (§ 31 ZollVG) / 15.000 € (§ 31a ZollVG)	intent: up to 5.000 € (§ 31 ZollVG) / 30.000 € (§ 31a ZollVG) negligence: up to 2.500 € (§ 31 ZollVG) / 15.000 € (§ 31a ZollVG)	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7		see comments 9	intent: 2 years (§ 31 ZollVG) / 3 years (§ 31a ZollVG) - max. 4 respectivel y 6 years negligence: 1 year (§ 31 ZollVG) / 2 years (§ 31a ZollVG) - max. 2 respectivel y 4 years	5 years	
article 15(2)(a)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration or re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information given in the declaration, notification or application;	§ 81 Abs. 2 Nrn. 3 und 8 AWV  in serious cases and with regard to customs procedure s see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES (under review for customs procedures within the meaning of Article 5(16)(a) and (b) UCC)	both	yes	see comment s	administrative fine (export/re-export)  (criminal) Fine  Imprisonemen t	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence)  see comments on Article 15	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence ) see comments  see 5	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7	in serious cases see comments 8	see comments 9	export/re- export: intent: 3 years (max. 6 years) negligence: 2 years (max. 4 years) see comments	see comment s 11	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	l nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liabi	lity <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
Article 15(2)(b)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, reexport declaration or re-export	§ 81 Abs. 2 Nrn. 11 bis 13 AWV in serious cases and with regard to customs procedure s see notes to	YE S	YES (under review for customs procedures within the meaning of Article 5(16)(a) and (b) UCC)	both	yes	see comment s	administrative fine (export/re- export)	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence)	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence ) see comments	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7	in serious cases see comments 8	see comments 9	export/re- export: intent: 3 years (max. 6 years) negligence: 2 years (max. 4 years)	export/re- export: 5 years	
	notification to ensure the authenticity, accuracy and validity of any supporting document;	Article 15						(criminal) Fine  Imprisonemen t	see comments on Article 15	see comments						see comments 10	see comment s 11	
Article 23(1)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to comply with the obligations resulting from that decision;		NO	YES	both			Revocation or suspension of the decision (authorisations )										
Article 23(2)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to inform the customs authorities without delay of any factor arising after the decision		NO	under review, in principle revocation or suspension of the decision (authorisations)	both													

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	l nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liabi	lity <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
	was taken by those authorities which influences its continuation or content;																	
Article 51	Failure of an economic operator to keep the documents and information related to the accomplishme nt of customs formalities by any accessible means for the period of time required by customs;		NO	under review														
Article 108	Non-payment of import or export duties by the person liable to pay within the period prescribed;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	both			in serious cases	s see notes and	comments to A	Article 15							
Articles 127	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 127 of the Code;		NO	under review														
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods brought into the customs territory of the Union from customs supervision without the permission of the customs authorities, contrary to the first and	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	in serious ca	ases see	notes to Ar	ticle 15										

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	l nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liab	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
	second sub- paragraphs of Article 134 of the Code;																	
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	in serious c	ases sec	e notes to Ar	rticle 15										
Article 135(1)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	§ 31 Abs. 1 Nr. 1 ZollVG in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	both	yes	see comment s	administrative fine	up to 5.000 € (intent) up to 2.500 € (negligence)	€ (intent)	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7		see comments 9	intent: 2 years (max. 4 years) negligence: 1 year (max. 2 years)	5 years	
Article 135(2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into a free zone, where the free zone adjoins the land frontier between a Member State and a third country, to bring those goods directly into that free zone without passing through another part of the customs territory of the		NO	NO														

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	l nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liabi	llity <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
	Union;																	
Article 137(1) and (2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	under review	both			in serious cases		icle 15								
Article 139	introduction or exit of goods into and from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to the customs authorities in accordance with Article 139 of the Code	§ 31a Abs. 2 ZollVG in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	both	yes	see comment s	administrative fine	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence)	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence ) see comments	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7	in serious cases see comments 8	see comments 9	intent: 3 years (max. 6 years) negligence: 2 years (max. 4 years)	5 years	
Article 139	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into the customs territory of the Union to the customs;	§ 31a Abs. 2 ZollVG in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	both	yes	see comment s	administrative fine	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence)	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence ) see comments	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7	in serious cases see comments 8	see comments 9	intent: 3 years (max. 6 years) negligence: 2 years (max. 4 years)	5 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	ll nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liab	llity <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds 4	•	Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	Surctions				Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	5
Article 140	Unloading or trans-shipping of goods from the means of transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities or in places not designated or approved by those authorities;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	under review	both			in serious cases	see notes to Ar	ticle 15								
Article 145(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	under review	both			in serious cases	see notes to An	rticle 15								
Articles 147 and 148	Storage of goods in temporary storage facilities or customs warehouses without authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	S	under review	both			in serious cases	see notes to An	ticle 15								
Article 149	Failure of the economic operator responsible for non-Union goods which are in temporary storage to	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	under review	both			in serious cases	see notes to An	ticle 15								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	l nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liabi	lity <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
	place those goods under a customs procedure or to re- export them within the time limit;																	
Articles 158(3)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;		NO	NO														
Articles 163	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	under review	both			in serious cases										
Article 163(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question;		YE S	YES	both			in serious cases	see notes to Ar	ticle 15								
Article 163(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	both			in serious cases	see notes to Ar	ticle 15								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	ll nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liab	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	Surcions				Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	5
	requires or where necessary for customs;																	
Article 166	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of a simplified declaration in accordance with Article 166 of the Code;		NO	under review, in principle revocation or suspension of the decision (authorisations)	both													
Article 167(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure, in the case of a simplified declaration pursuant to Article 166 of the Code or of an entry into the declarant's records pursuant to Article 182 of the Code, to lodge a supplementary declaration at the competent customs office and within the specific time-limit;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YES	under review	both			in serious cases	see notes to Art	ticle 15								

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	l nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liabi	lity <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
Article 167(1) second subparagrap h	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementary declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	under review	both			in serious cases										
Article 177	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 177	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	both			in serious cases	see notes to Ar	ticle 15								
Article 179	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the		NO	NO														

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Legal	nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liab	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	Surceions				Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	5
	customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 179																	
Article 182	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 182		NO	revocation or suspension of the decision (authorisations )	both													
Article 185	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 185 of the Code		NO	NO														

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	l nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liab	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
Article 192(2)	Removal or destruction of means of identification affixed by customs authorities in goods, packaging or means of transport without prior authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	§ 136 Abs. 2 StGB in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	Intent (increased Negligence : reckless)	yes	see comment s	Fine	see comments and notes on Article 15	see comments 4	see comments 5	§ 46 StGB	§ 46 StGB		see comments 9	3 years	5 years	
Article 211	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to place the goods under special procedures in accordance with Article 211 of the Code;		NO	YES, revocation or suspension of the decision (authorisations)	both													
Article 233(1)(a)	Failure of the holder of the Union transit procedure to present the goods intact at the customs office of destination within the prescribed time limit;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	under review	both			in serious cases	s see notes to Art	icle 15	•		•					

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	l nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liabi	llity <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
Article 241	Processing of goods in a customs warehouse without an authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	NO	both			in serious cases	see notes to Art	icle 15								
Article 242	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	in serious ca	ises see	notes to Arti	icle 15										
Article 242(1), points (a) and (b)	Failure of the holder of the authorisation or the holder of the procedure to fulfil the obligations arising from the storage of goods covered by the customs warehousing procedure.	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	both			in serious cases	see notes to Art	icle 15								
Article 244(1)	Construction of a building in a free zone without the approval of the customs authorities;	§ 31 Abs. 2 Nr. 5 ZollVG	NO	YES	both	yes	see comment s	administrative fine	up to 5.000 € (intent) up to 2.500 € (negligence)	€ (intent) up to 2.500	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7		see comments 9	intent: 2 years (max. 4 years) negligence: 1 year (max. 2 years)	5 years	
Article 244(2)	Failure of the person to lodge a declaration in accordance with Article 244(2) of the Code	§ 31 Abs. 2 Nr. 4 und 5 ZollVG	NO	YES	both			administrative fine	up to 5.000 € (intent) up to 2.500 € (negligence)	€ (intent)	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7		see comments 9	intent: 2 years (max. 4 years) negligence: 1 year (max. 2 years)	5 years	
Article 245	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into a free zone to customs;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	under review	both			in serious cases	see notes to Art	icle 15	•					, , , /		

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Legal	nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liabi	lity <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
Article 245	the use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an autorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with article 245 of the Code	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	both			in serious cases	see notes to Art	icle 15								
Article 257	Failure of the holder of the inward processing procedure to discharge a customs procedure within the time limit specified;	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	under review or revocation of the authorisation Art. 28 UCC due to no longer available necessary guarantees under Article 211(3)(b) UCC	both			in serious cases	see notes to Art	icle 15								
Article 262	Failure of the holder of the outward processing procedure to export the defective goods within the time limit;		YE S	Yes, refusal of the duty relief due to failure to extend the discharge period pursuant to Article 259 (3) UCC	both													

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	l nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liabi	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
Article 263	Failure of the person to lodge a pre-departure declaration in accordance with Article 263 of the Code		NO	Yes, unless there is a case of renunciation of the goods, the product may not leave the Union, Article 327 UCC-IA	both													
Article 267(2)	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods to be taken out of the customs territory of the Union to customs on exit	§ 82 Abs. 6 AWV in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	both	yes	see comment s	administrative fine	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence)	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence ) see comments 4	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7	voluntary self- disclosure possible according to § 22 Abs. 4 AWG when negligent infringemen t	see comments 9	intent: 3 years (max. 6 years) negligence: 2 years (max. 4 years)	5 years	
Article 267(2)	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance	§ 82 Abs. 10 Nrn. 4 bis 6 AWV	NO	NO	both	yes	see comment s	administrative fine	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence)	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence ) see comments 4	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7	voluntary self- disclosure possible according to § 22 Abs. 4 AWG when negligent infringemen t	see comments 9	intent: 3 years (max. 6 years) negligence: 2 years (max. 4 years)	5 years	

Article UCC	Infringement UCC	National law	Lega	l nature <sup>1</sup> (C/A)	N/I	Liab	ility <sup>2</sup>	Type of the sanction <sup>3</sup>	Thresholds <sup>4</sup>		Applicatio n of sanctions <sup>5</sup>	Aggravatin g factors <sup>6</sup>	Mitigatin g factors <sup>7</sup>	Settlement <sup>8</sup>	Time limit	ation		Other factor s
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedur e 9	Imposing a penalty <sup>10</sup>	Executin g a sanction	
	with Article 267(2) of the Code;																	
Article 270	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export declaration in accordance with Article 270 of the Code	§ 81 Abs. 2 Nr. 3 AWV	NO	YES	both	yes	see comment s	administrative fine	up to 30.000 $€$ (intent) up to 15.000 $€$ (negligence)	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence ) see comments 4	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7	voluntary self- disclosure possible according to § 22 Abs. 4 AWG when negligent infringemen t	see comments 9	intent: 3 years (max. 6 years) negligence: 2 years (max. 4 years)	5 years	
Article 271	Failure of the person to lodge an exit summary declaration in accordance with Article 271 of the Code	§ 81 Abs. 2 Nr. 8 AWV	NO	YES	both	yes	see comment s	administrative fine	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence)	up to 30.000 € (intent) up to 15.000 € (negligence ) see comments 4	see comments 5	see comments 6	see comments 7	voluntary self- disclosure possible according to § 22 Abs. 4 AWG when negligent infringemen	see comments 9	intent: 3 years (max. 6 years) negligence: 2 years (max. 4 years)	5 years	
Article 274	Failure of the person to lodge a re-export notification in accordance with Article 274 of the Code	in serious cases see notes to Article 15	YE S	YES	both			in serious cases	see notes to Art	icle 15								I

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	3410101				Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 15	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	If false information is provided unintentiona lly, Art. 42 of Law No. 2960/2001 If false information is provided intentionally , Art. 150 and 157 of Law No. 2960/2001.			Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES/NO	Fine	Unintentiona lly: 100€ fine for those cases where the inaccuracy of the information provided does not have an impact on the calculation of customs duties and taxes / if inaccuracy has led to miscalculation of customs debt: - 15% of the difference in customs debt (calculation of lower customs debt than the correct one) - 5% of the difference in customs debt than the correct one) - 5% of the difference in customs debt than the correct one) Intentionally: the monetary sanction is three to five times the total of customs debt. In any case, it cannot be less than 750 EUR.	Unintentiona lly: 100€ fine for those cases where the inaccuracy of the information provided does not have an impact on the calculation of customs duties and taxes / if inaccuracy has led to miscalculation of customs debt: - 15% of the difference in customs debt (calculation of lower customs debt than the correct one) - 5% of the difference in customs debt (calculation of higher customs debt than the correct one)		smuggling		N/A	Initiation of criminal procedure: 5 years from the time of the crime (article 111 par. 3 of Penal Procedure Code)	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement (article 152 par. 4 of Law No 2960/2001, National Customs Code)	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years (article 136 par. 3 of law no 4270/2014 "Public Accounting Code")	

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur		Negligence/In tent	Liab	oility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			A) C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	sanctions				Initiatin g a procedu	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 15(1)	Failure of the economic operator to provide customs	Article 147 par. 11 of law No 2960/2001 (fine of 2.500€).	(YE S)	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	2,500 EUR	2,500 EUR				N/A	Initiation of criminal procedure: 5 years	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
	authorities with all the assistance necessary for the completion of the customs formalities or controls;	Also, possibly, imprisonme nt of up to 6 months or monetary penalty, in cases of disobedienc e (art. 169 of the National Criminal Code)						Imprisonem ent	up to 6 months (or monetary penalty)	ир					from the time of the crime	infringeme nt		
article 15(2)(a)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the accuracy and completenes s of the information given in the declaration, notification or application;	Article 145 par. 1 a, in combination with article 17 par. 6 of law No 2960/2001 (in case of non compliance with obligation to ensure accuracy and completenes s of notificaton of arrival or to lodge a correct notification) . Article 42 par. 1 and 2 of law No 2960/2001, see above under Article 15 of the UCC (in case of false information	NO	YES	Negligence/Int ent	YES	YES	Fine	Articles 17 and 145: 300 EUR plus 30 EUR per day of non compliance Article 42: If inaccuracy has led to miscalculatio n of customs debt: - 15% of the difference in customs debt (calculation of lower customs debt than the correct one) - 5% of the difference in customs debt than the correct one) calculation of higher customs debt than the correct one)	Articles 17 and 145: 300 EUR plus 30 EUR per day of non compliance Article 42: If inaccuracy has led to miscalculatio n of customs debt: - 15% of the difference in customs debt (calculation of lower customs debt than the correct one) - 5% of the difference in customs debt than the correct one) calculation of higher customs debt than the correct one)	Only fine		If accuracy has not led to miscalculat ion of customs debt, 100 EUR per declaration.	N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limi	tation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		provided unintentiona lly in the declaration, notification or application)																
Article 15(2)(b)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the authenticity, accuracy and validity of any supporting document;	Article 42 par. 1 and 2 of law No 2960/2001, in combination with article 8 of Decree No ΔTA 1184721 EΞ 2016 / 16- 12-2016	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	If inaccuracy has led to miscalculatio n of customs debt: - 15% of the difference in customs debt (calculation of lower customs debt than the correct one) - 5% of the difference in customs debt (calculation of higher customs debt than the correct one)	If inaccuracy has led to miscalculatio n of customs debt: - 15% of the difference in customs debt (calculation of lower customs debt than the correct one) - 5% of the difference in customs debt (calculation of higher customs debt than the correct one)	Only fine		If accuracy has not led to miscalculat ion of customs debt, 100 EUR per declaration.	N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 23(1)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to comply with			YE S	Negligence/Int ent			other	Losing a benefit	Losing a benefit				N/A	NO		NO	

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	obligations resulting from that decision;	AEO status)																
Article 23(2)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the application of customs legislation to inform the customs authorities without delay of any factor arising after the decision was taken by those authorities which influences its continuation or content;	Art. 147 par 2 of Law No. 2960/2001)		YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	300 EUR	300 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 51	Failure of an economic operator to keep the documents and information related to the accomplishm ent of customs formalities by any accessible means for the period of time required by customs;	1019512 EΞ 2017 / 3-2- 2017 and article 8 of Decree ΔTA 1184721 EΞ 2016 / 16-		YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	300 EUR	300 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 108	Non- payment of import or export duties by the	Law No 1882/1990	YES	NO	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	NO	Fine			Imprisonm ent	When established customs debt is more than		N/A	Initiatio n of criminal procedur e: 5	NO	NO	

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	person liable to pay within the period prescribed;	amount of established customs debt is more than 50.000 EUR)						Imprisonem ent	At least one year	N/A		150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 3 years.			years from the time that 4 months have passed after non payment of overdue			
Articles 127	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 127 of the Code	Article 147 par. 2 of Law No 2960/2001, as interpreted by Circular No $\Delta\Sigma$ TEII $\Delta$ 1048813 E $\Xi$ 2018	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	300 EUR	300 EUR	Only fine			N/A	amount	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods brought into the customs territory of the Union from customs supervision without the permission of the customs authorities, contrary to the first and second subparagraphs of Article 134 of the Code;	Art. 147 par. 2 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for non intentional infringemen ts & Art. 150 & 157 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for intentional infringemen ts (cases of smuggling or customs fraud) Art. 179 Criminal Code	YES	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S		Imprisonem ent	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement s  6 months to 5 years for customs fraud for intentional infringement s  Up to 3 years (according to art. 179 Criminal Code)		Both fine and imprisonm ent	In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years. In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years		N/A	Initiatio n of criminal procedur e: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt, in case of negligence, and 7 years in case of intention	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001:suspen sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine.  Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	(As above). Also, art. 179 of the Criminal Code for the violation of the rules of	YES	YE S	Negligence/Int ent			Fine	300 EUR					N/A	Initiation of criminal procedure: 5 years from the	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
		customs supervision						Imprisonem ent	Imprisonmen t for up to 3 years						time of the crime	nt, in case of negligence, and 7 years in case of intention		
Article 135(1)	Failure of a person bringing goods into	Art. 144 par. 1 & 145 par. 1 of the National		YE S	Negligence/Int ent			Fine	300 EUR	300 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3	Executing the administrat ive	
	the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	Customs Code	No	VE	N. I. a.	VI	NEG.	Imprisonem ent						N/A	No	years from the time of infringeme nt	penalty: 20 years	
Article 135(2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into a free zone, where the free zone adjoins the land frontier between a Member State and a third country, to bring those	Article 148 par. 5 of law No 2960/2001	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	100 EUR to 5,000 EUR, depending on the gravity of the offence	100 EUR to 5,000 EUR, depending on the gravity of the offence	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal		Negligence/In tent	Liab	oility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limi	itation		Other factors
			A) C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	sanctions				Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	goods directly into that free zone without passing through another part of the customs territory of the Union;																	
Article 137(1) and (2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;	Art. 144 par. 1 (3) & 145 par. 1 of the National Customs Code		YE S	Negligence/Int ent			Fine	Various, ranging from 300 to 1500 EUR depending on the offences	Various, ranging from 300 to 1500 EUR depending on the offences	Only Fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 139	introduction or exit of goods into and from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to the customs authorities in accordance	ATΔ A 1002472 / 2020 Art. 147 par. 2 for non intentional infringemen ts & Art. 150 & 157 Law No. 2960/2001	YES	YE S	Negligence/Int ent			Fine	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement s		Both fine and imprisonm ent		In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years.	Art. 158 of law No 2960/2001: In case of waiver of the right to appeal and immediate payment of administrat ive fine, the fine is reduced to	Initiation of criminal procedure: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt, in case of negligence, and 7 years in case of intention	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001:susper sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine.

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal nature A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limi	itation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	with Article 139 of the Code	(National Customs Code) for intentional infringemen ts (cases of smuggling or customs fraud)						Imprisonem ent	6 months to 5 years for customs fraud for intentional infringement s				In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years	two times the evaded duties and taxes				Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.
Article 139	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into the customs territory of the Union to the customs;	As above	see art	ticle 13	9 above			1					, ,				1	
Article 140	Unloading or trans- shipping of goods from the means of transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities or in places not designated or approved by those authorities;	Article 144 par. 3a of law No 2960/2001 (in case of road transports)  Article 145 par. 1c of law No 2960/2001 (in case of sea transports)	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	1500 EUR (road) 600 EUR (sea)	1500 EUR (road) 600 EUR (sea)	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 145(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs	Art. 147 par. 2 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for non intentional infringemen t & Art. 150 &	YES	YE S	Negligence/Int ent			Fine	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement	N/A	Both fine and imprisonm ent		In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years	Art. 158 of law No 2960/2001: In case of waiver of the right to appeal and immediate payment of administrat ive fine, the fine is	Initiatio n of criminal procedur e: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt, in case of negligence, and 7 years in case of	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001:suspen sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	Surceions				Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	157 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for intentional infringemen							S				to 5 years. In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000	reduced to two times the evaded duties and taxes		intention		fine. Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the
		ts (cases of smuggling or customs fraud)						Imprisonem ent	6 months to 5 years for customs fraud for intentional infringement s	N/A			EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years					goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.
Articles 147 and 148	Storage of goods in temporary storage facilities or customs warehouses without authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Art. 148 par. 4 of law No 2960/2001	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	twice the amount of due customs duties& taxes	twice the amount of due customs duties& taxes	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 149	Failure of the economic operator responsible for non- Union goods which are in temporary storage to place those goods under a customs procedure or to re- export them within the time limit;	Art. 43 of law No 2960/2001	N/A	N/ A	Negligence/Int ent	N/ A	N/A	Fine			No sanction - Goods are declared unclaimed				NO	NO	NO	

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Articles 158(3)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Art. 147 par. 2 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for non intentional infringemen t & Art. 150 & 157 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for intentional infringemen ts (cases of smuggling or customs fraud)	YES	YES	Negligence/Int ent	YES	N/A	Imprisonem ent	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement s  6 months to 5 years for customs fraud for intentional infringement s	N/A	Both fine and imprisonm ent		In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years. In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years	Art. 158 of law No 2960/2001: In case of waiver of the right to appeal and immediate payment of administrat ive fine, the fine is reduced to two times the evaded duties and taxes	Initiatio n of criminal procedur e: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt, in case of negligence, and 7 years in case of intention	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001:suspen sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine.  Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.
Articles 163	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	Art. 216 of Criminal Code (falsification ) & Art. 155 par. 1b, 150 and 157 of law No 2960/2001 (customs fraud, smuggling)	YES	YE S	Intent	YE S	N/A	Fine Imprisonem ent	3 to 5 times the amount of evaded duties and taxes  6 months to 5 years for falsification 6 months to 5 years for customs fraud	3 to 5 times the amount of evaded duties and taxes N/A	Both fine and imprisonm ent	In case the illegal profit of falsificatio n is more than 120.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 5 years to 10 years. In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the		Art. 158 of law No 2960/2001: In case of waiver of the right to appeal and immediate payment of administrat ive fine, the fine is reduced to two times the evaded duties and taxes	Initiation of criminal procedure: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 7 years from time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001:suspen sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine.  Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limi	tation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 163(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementa ry declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in	Art. 147 par. 2 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for non intentional infringemen t & Art. 150 & 157 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for intentional infringemen ts (cases of smuggling or customs fraud)	YES	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YES	YES	Fine	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement s  6 months to 5 years for customs fraud for intentional infringement s	N/A	Both fine and imprisonm ent	imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years. In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years. In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years. In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years		Art. 158 of law No 2960/2001: In case of waiver of the right to appeal and immediate payment of administrat ive fine, the fine is reduced to two times the evaded duties and taxes	Initiation of criminal procedure: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 7 years from time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	infringement are confiscated.  Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001:suspen sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine. Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal nature A)	(C /	Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limi	tation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 163(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	see Article 16	3(1) abov	ve														
Article 166	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of a simplified declaration in accordance with Article 166 of the Code,	Art. 147 par. 2 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for non intentional infringemen t & Art. 150 & 157 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for intentional infringemen ts (cases of smuggling or customs fraud) Also, fasification, under Art. 216 of the Criminal Code. and, possibly, revocation of the	YES	YES	Negligence/Int ent			Imprisonem ent	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement s customs fraud: 6 months to 5 years Falsification: 3 months to 10 years, depending on the gravity of the offence	N/A	Both fine and imprisonm ent	In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years. In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years			Initiatio n of criminal procedur e: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 7 years from time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001: suspen sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine.  Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal nature		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limi	tation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		authorisatio n of the economic operator. (ΔΤΔ A 1024011/20 18)																
Article 167(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure, in the case of a simplified declaration pursuant to Article 166 of the Code or of an entry into the declarant's records pursuant to Article 182 of the Code, to lodge a supplementa ry declaration at the competent customs office and within the specific time-limit;	Art. 147 par. 2 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for non intentional infringemen t & Art. 150 & 157 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for intentional infringemen ts (cases of smuggling or customs fraud)	YES	YE S	Negligence/Int ent			Fine  Imprisonem ent	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement s  6 months to 5 years for customs fraud for intentional infringement s	N/A N/A	Both fine and imprisonm ent	In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years. In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years		Art. 158 of law No 2960/2001: In case of waiver of the right to appeal and immediate payment of administrat ive fine, the fine is reduced to two times the evaded duties and taxes	Initiation of criminal procedure: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 7 years from time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001:suspen sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine.  Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal naturo A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limi	itation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 167(1) second subparagra ph	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementa ry declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question	see Article 16	67(1) abo	ove														
Article 177	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 177	(National Customs Code) for non intentional infringemen t	YES	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	N/A	Imprisonem ent	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement s customs fraud: 6 months to 5 years Falsification: 3 months to 10 years, depending on the gravity of the offence	N/A	Both fine and imprisonm ent	In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years. In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold		Art. 158 of law No 2960/2001: In case of waiver of the right to appeal and immediate payment of administrat ive fine, the fine is reduced to two times the evaded duties and taxes	Initiation of criminal procedure: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 7 years from time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001:suspen sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine.  Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Le	gal ture (C /	Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			<b>A</b> )								sanctions							
			С			NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		Also, fasification, under Art. 216 of the Criminal Code										is at least 10 years						
Article 179	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 179	SEE Article 1	77															
Article 182	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 182	SEE Article 1	77															

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	Surceions				Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 185	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 185 of the	SEE Article 1	77															
Article 192(2)	Code Removal or destruction of means of identification affixed by customs authorities in goods, packaging or means of transport without prior authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Article 144 par. 3c of	YES	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	N/A	Fine  Imprisonem ent	1500 euros, according to Customs Code  up to 2 years, according to Criminal Code	N/A				N/A	Initiation of criminal procedure: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 7 years from time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal nature (C /	Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions		Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			C A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
		Code															
Article 211	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to place the goods under special procedures in accordance with Article 211 of the Code;	Art. 147 par. 2 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for non intentional infringemen t & Art. 150 & 157 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for intentional infringemen ts (cases of smuggling or customs fraud) Also, fasification, under Art. 216 of the Criminal	YES YES	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	N/A	Fine  Imprisonem ent	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement s  customs fraud: 6 months to 5 years Falsification: 3 months to 10 years, depending on the gravity of the offence	N/A N/A	Both fine and imprisonm ent	In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years. In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years		Art. 158 of law No 2960/2001: In case of waiver of the right to appeal and immediate payment of administrat ive fine, the fine is reduced to two times the evaded duties and taxes	Initiation of criminal procedure: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 7 years from time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001:suspen sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine. Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.
Article 233(1)(a)	Failure of the holder of the Union transit procedure to present the goods intact	Code Article 144 par. 7 of law No 2960/2001	NO YE	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	300 EUR, plus 100 EUR per day	300 EUR, plus 100 per day	Only fine				NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal nature A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limi	itation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	VAVIA				Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	at the customs office of destination within the prescribed time limit;															nt		
Article 241	Processing of goods in a customs warehouse without an authorisation granted by the customs authorities;	Article 148 par. 1 of law No 2960/2001	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	Twice the amount of customs duties and taxes corresponding to the difference in the goods	Twice the amount of customs duties and taxes corresponding to the difference in the goods	Only fine				NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt		
Article 242	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Art. 147 par. 2 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for non intentional infringemen ts & Art. 150 & 157 Law	YES	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	N/A	Fine	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement s	N/A	Both fine and imprisonm ent	In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years.		Art. 158 of law No 2960/2001: In case of waiver of the right to appeal and immediate payment of administrat ive fine, the fine is reduced to	Initiatio n of criminal procedur e: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt, in case of negligence, and 7 years in case of intention	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001:suspen sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine.
		No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for intentional infringemen ts (cases of smuggling or customs fraud) Art. 179 Criminal Code						Imprisonem ent	6 months to 5 years for customs fraud for intentional infringement s Up to 3 years (according to art. 179 Criminal Code)	N/A		In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years		two times the evaded duties and taxes				Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.
Article 242(1), points (a) and (b)	Failure of the holder of the authorisation or the holder of the procedure to fulfil the obligations arising from	Artile 147 par. 2 of law No 2960/2001, following art. 17 of Decision No ΔΔΘΤΟΚ Δ 1026126 ΕΞ 2017/27-1-	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	300 EUR	300 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			A) C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	sanctions				Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	the storage of goods covered by the customs warehousing procedure.	2017 (also see above)																
Article 244(1)	Construction of a building in a free zone without the approval of the customs authorities;	Article 148 par. 5 of law No 2960/2001	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	100 EUR to 5,000 EUR	100 EUR to 5,000 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 244(2)	Failure of the person to lodge a notification of industrial, commercial or service activity in accordance with Article 244(2) of the Code	Article 148 par. 5 of law No 2960/2001	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	100 EUR to 5,000 EUR	100 EUR to 5,000 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 245	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into a free zone to customs;	Article 148 par. 9 of law No 2960/2001	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	twice the amount of customs duties and taxes corresponding to the goods missing	twice the amount of customs duties and taxes corresponding to the goods missing	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 245	the use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an autorisation from the customs	Art. 147 par. 2 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for non intentional infringemen t & Art. 150 & 157 Law	YES	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	N/A	Fine	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement s	N/A	Both fine and imprisonm ent	In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years.		Art. 158 of law No 2960/2001: In case of waiver of the right to appeal and immediate payment of administrat ive fine, the fine is reduced to	Initiatio n of criminal procedur e: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt, in case of negligence, and 7 years in case of intention	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. of law no 2960/2001:suspesion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine.

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time limi	tation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with article 245 of the Code	No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for intentional infringemen ts (cases of smuggling or customs fraud) Also, fasification, under Art. 216 of the Criminal Code						Imprisonem ent	customs fraud: 6 months to 5 years Falsification: 3 months to 10 years, depending on the gravity of the offence	N/A		In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years		two times the evaded duties and taxes				Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.
Article 257	Failure of the holder of the inward processing procedure to discharge a customs procedure within the time limit specified;	Article 149 par. 1 of Law no 2960/2001, combined with Article 13 par. 6 of Law No 1567/1985, as amended by article 24 par. 3 of Law No 2948/2001	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	146 EUR to 2.934 EUR	146 EUR to 2.934 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 262	Failure of the holder of the outward processing procedure to export the defective goods within the time limit;	Art. 147 par 5 of Law No. 2960/2001	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	500 EUR	500 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	ility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 263	Failure of the person to lodge a pre- departure declaration in accordance with Article 263 of the Code	Article 147 par. 5 of law No 2960/2001 Also, art. 42 and 147 par. 2 of Law No. 2960/2001 (for those cases where the pre- departure declaration was lodged in the wrong customs office or of failure to comply with the deadline)	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	500 EUR	500 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 267(2)	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods to be taken out of the customs territory of the Union to customs on exit	Art. 147 par 5 of Law No. 2960/2001	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	500 EUR	500 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 267(2)	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs	Art. 147 par. 2 Law No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for non intentional infringemen t & Art. 150 & 157 Law	YES	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	N/A (criminal sanctions can only be imposed to the natural person who is the legal representat ive of the legal	Fine	300 EUR in case of non intentional infringement or 3 to 5 times of evaded customs duties in case of intentional infringement s		Both fine and imprisonm ent	In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 30.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent thresholds are 2 years to 5 years.		Art. 158 of law No 2960/2001: In case of waiver of the right to appeal and immediate payment of administrat ive fine, the fine is reduced to	Initiation of criminal procedure: 5 years from the time of the crime	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 7 years from time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	Article 150 par. 5 of law no 2960/2001:suspen sion of criminal procedure until completeness of final (unappealable) decision of administrative court on the administrative fine.

Article UCC	Infringemen t UCC	National law	Legal natur A)		Negligence/In tent	Liab	oility	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigating factors	Settlement	Time lim	itation		Other factors
			C	A		NP	LP		NP	LP	Surcions				Initiatin g a procedu re	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with Article 267(2) of the Code;	No. 2960/2001 (National Customs Code) for intentional infringemen ts (cases of smuggling or customs fraud) Also, fasification, under Art. 216 of the Criminal Code					entity)	Imprisonem ent	customs fraud: 6 months to 5 years Falsification: 3 months to 10 years, depending on the gravity of the offence			In case the illegal profit of customs fraud is more than 150.000 EUR, the imprisonm ent threshold is at least 10 years		two times the evaded duties and taxes				Also, article 164 of law No 2960/2001: in case of establishment that a crime has been committed, the goods which are the object of the infringement are confiscated.
Article 270	Failure of the person to lodge a re- export declaration in accordance with Article 270 of the Code	Art. 147 par. 5 of Law No. 2960/2001	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	500 EUR	500 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 271	Failure of the person to lodge an exit summary declaration in accordance with Article 271 of the Code	Article 147 par. 2 of Law No 2960/2001, as interpreted by Circular No $\Delta\Sigma$ TE $\Pi$ $\Delta$ 1048813 E $\Xi$ 2018	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	300 EUR	300 EUR	Only fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringeme nt	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	
Article 274	Failure of the person to lodge a re- export notification in accordance with Article 274 of the Code	Art. 147 par.	NO	YE S	Negligence/Int ent	YE S	YES	Fine	300 eur	300 eur	Only Fine			N/A	NO	Imposing administrat ive penalty: 3 years from the time of infringement	Executing the administrat ive penalty: 20 years	

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal (C / A)		N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 15	Providing customs authorities with false information or documents required by those	Several possible: Penal Code § 391, § 280, Customs Act § 69.	crime, the pen could be crime of misden of others a misden s.  Admin measure be appliaddition punishing a crime.	ent on . Both.  ing for of the Code is a \$ 280 of al code be a or a meanour ling on f intent, are meanour listrative res could lied in on to a ment for	For a crime intent is required, for a misdemeanou r negligence is required. For § 280 of the Penal Code, at least direct intent is required for a midemeanour, deliberate intent is required for a crime. For a penalty payment, a prerequisite is a precept the customs authority that was not complied with during the term indicated in a warning. No intent/neglige nce is needed. Applies to all the following rows	YES	YES	Fine / pecuniary punishment  Imprisonem ent /detention  penalty payment	12-1200€ fine, pecuaniary punishment 30 - 500 daily rates. For precuniary punishment same min-max for all crimes. A daily rate is the level of person's daily income, but, if less than 10€, then 10€.  For misdemeanour a detention of 1-30 days, for a crime, an imprisonment of up to 4 yrs up to 9600€. Applies to all following rows.	for misdemean our, 4000 - 16 mln € for crime. For all crimes, min-max the same.  No  up to 9600€. Applies to all following rows	For each person, 1 principal punishment may be applied, and up to several supplement ary punishment s.  Punishing a physical person does not preclude from punishing a legal person.  Applies to all following rows.  Imposition of a punishment does not preclude the application of a penalty payment in order to ensure compliance with a precept.	§ 58 of the Penal Code. Applies to all the following rows in case there is a penalty provided.	§ 57 of the Penal Code. Applies to all the followin g rows in case there is a panelty endacted .	There are forms of settlement in the criminal and misdemean our porocedure resulting in more expedient procedure and/or more lenient punishment or no punishment at all. No extraprocedural forms of settlement are foreseen as in: the Customs Authority and the offender make a deal to not initiate a formal procedure. The Customs administrati on and the prosecutor in case of Criminal matters have some limited discretion to leave the procedure uninitiated in case the offence is minor	Criminal and Misdemean our Procedure Codes. Can't initiate a procedure if the limit to impose a penalty has expired. Applies to all the following rows	Penal Code. For a crime 10 years since commitmen t of the offence in the case of a criminal offence in the first degree; 5 years in the case of a criminal offence in the second degree. A misdemean our expires after two years have passed between the completion thereof and the entry into force of a judgment or decision, unless the law prescribes a limitation period of three years. Suspension s and interruption s may apply. Applies to all the following rows	Penal Code. A judgment shall not be executed if the following terms have expired after the entry into force of the judgment: 1) five years from entry into force of a court judgment made in a matter concerning a criminal offence in the first degree; 2) three years from entry into force of a court judgment made in a matter concerning a criminal offence in the first degree; 2) three years from entry into force of a court judgment made in a matter concerning a criminal offence in the second degree; 3) one year from entry into force of a judgment or decision made with regard to a misdemean our. Suspensions may apply. Applies to all the following rows	For crimes and misdemeano urs, the whole General part of the Penal Code applies.

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Lega (C / A	l nature A)	N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
														and/or there is little public interest. In case of purely administrati ve measures, they are at the discretion of the administrati ve body and settlement is possible in the form of person involved fulfilling the legal obligations without the need for the administrati ve body to make an enforceable formal legal decision. Applies to all the following rows.				
Article 15(1)	Failure of the economic operator to provide customs authorities with all the assistance necessary for the completion of the customs formalities or controls;	§ 279 of Penal Code. Interference with exercise of state and administrati ve supervision. A coercive addministrat ive measure may be used also.	Misde Adm meas	Yes shable as a emeanour. inistrative ures could plied in tion		YES	YES	Detention	12-1200€ 1-30 days	100-16000€				Yes - see Article 15 above				

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal (C / A)	nature )	N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
article 15(2)(a)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration, temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit	Same as Article 15 UCC	Yes	Yes	Same as Article 15 UCC	Yes	Yes	Fine, pecuniary punishment  Imprisonem ent /detention  penalty	Same as Article 15 UCC  Same as Article 15 UCC  Same as Article	Same as Article 15 UCC  Same as Article 15 UCC  Same as	Same as Article 15 UCC	Same as Article 15 UCC	Same as Article 15 UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same as Article 15 UCC	Same as Article 15 UCC	Same as Article 15 UCC	
	summary declaration, re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the accuracy and completenes s of the information given in the declaration, notification or application;							payment	15 UCC	Article 15 UCC								
Article 15(2)(b)	Failure of the person lodging a customs declaration,	Same as Article 15 UCC + Penal Code § 345 may	Yes	Yes	Same as Article 15 UCC	Yes	Yes	Fine, pecuniary punishment	Same as Article 15 UCC	Same as Article 15 UCC	Same as Article 15 UCC	Same as Article 15 UCC	Same as Article 15 UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same as Article 15 UCC	Same as Article 15 UCC	Same as Article 15 UCC	
	temporary storage declaration, entry summary declaration, exit summary declaration, re-export declaration or re-export notification to ensure the authenticity, accuracy and validity of any supporting document;	apply in case of use of a knowingly counterfeit document with the intention of obtaining rights or release from obligations						Imprisonem ent	depending on qualification, up to 5 years									

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal I	nature	N/I	Liabi	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 23(1)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the	A coercive administrati ve measure could be used a	No	Yes	No intent/neglige nce is needed.	Yes	Yes	penalty payment										
	application of customs legislation to comply with the obligations resulting from that decision;	penalty payment. Here and in all following rows, the legal basis for a penalty payment is § 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	behavio system coersiv	n sion or tion of ision ed. An zation ed if such our atic. A e														
		0.00 6.1	as a cri misden	lied. Is nishable me or neanour		***	N.											
Article 23(2)	Failure of the holder of a decision relating to the	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	No	Yes	No intent/neglige nce is needed.	Yes	Yes	Penalty payment										
	application of customs legislation to inform the customs		Could obvious result is suspens revocat	n sion or tion of							-							
	authorities without delay of any factor arising after the decision was taken by those authorities which influences its continuation		the dec involve coersiv measur be appl authori may be revoked behavious systems not pur as a cri	ision ed. A ee ee may lied. An zation ed if such our atic. Is hishable me or														
Article 51	or content; Failure of an economic operator to keep the documents and information	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	misden No	Yes	No intent/neglige nce is needed.	Yes	Yes	Penalty payment										

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)		N/I	Liabili	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	related to the accomplish ment of customs formalities by any accessible means for the period of time required by customs;		applied punish crime d misden	e may be d. Is not able as a or neanour.														
Article 108	Non-payment of import or export duties by the person liable to pay within the period prescribed;	Is explicitly and purposefuly non-punishable in Estonia, in order to not create a "debt prison" or a debt spiral. Interests due are considered punishment enough. Any tax/duty debt shall be enforced, if needed through compulsory execution, enforcement costs shall be will be added to debt.		ould n tion of able ents/per c where ion of son is	No intent/neglige nce is needed.	Yes	Yes											
Articles 127	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in accordance with Article 127 of the Code	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	applied punish crime d	e may be d. Is not able as a	No intent/neglige nce is needed.	Yes	Yes	Penalty payment						Yes - see Article 15 above				

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)	nature )	N/I	Liabili	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods brought into the customs territory of the Union from customs supervision without the permission of the customs authorities, contrary to the first and second subparagraphs of Article 134 of the Code;	§ 72 of Customs Act, § 393 Penal Code	crime o misden Admin	neanour. iistrative res could lied in	Negligence at least is needed for misdemeanou r, intent for crime	YES	YES	Fine /pecuniary punishment  Imprisonem ent / detention  confiscation of a substance or object	up to four years imprisonment or detention 1-30 days for misdemeanour	100-3200€	For each person, 1 principal punishment may be applied, and up to several supplement ary punishment s. Punishing a physical person does not preclude from punishing a legal person. Applies to all following rows. Imposition of a punishment does not preclude the application of a penalty payment in order to ensure compliance with a precept.	§ 58 of the Penal Code	§ 57 of the Penal Code	There are forms of settlement in the criminal and misdemean our porocedure resulting in more expedient procedure and/or more lenient punishment or no punishment at all. No extraprocedural forms of settlement are foreseen as in: the Customs Authority and the offender make a deal to not initiate a formal procedure. The Customs administrati on and the prosecutor in case of Criminal matters have some limited discretion to leave the procedure uninitiated in case the offence is minor	Criminal and Misdemean our Procedure Codes. Can't initiate a procedure if the limit to impose a penalty has expired.	Penal Code. For a crime 10 years since commitmen t of the offence in the case of a criminal offence in the first degree; 5 years in the case of a criminal offence in the second degree. A misdemean our expires after two years have passed between the completion thereof and the entry into force of a judgment or decision, unless the law prescribes a limitation period of three years. Suspension s and interruption s may apply.	Penal Code. A judgment shall not be executed if the following terms have expired after the entry into force of the judgment:  1) five years from entry into force of a court judgment made in a matter concerning a criminal offence in the first degree;  2) three years from entry into force of a court judgment made in a matter concerning a criminal offence in the first degree;  3) three years from entry into force of a court judgment made in a matter concerning a criminal offence in the second degree;  3) one year from entry into force of a judgment or decision made with regard to a misdemean our. Suspensions may apply.	

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)		N/I	Liabili	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
														and/or there is little public interest. In case of purely administrati ve measures, they are at the discretion of the administrati ve body and settlement is possible in the form of person involved fulfilling the legal obligations without the need for the administrati ve body to make an enforceable formal legal decision.				
Article 134(1)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Same as previous	Yes	Yes	Negligence at least is needed for misdemeanou r, intent for crime	YES	YES	Fine	12-1200 euros	100-3200€				Yes - see Article 15 above				
Article 135(1)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance	§ 69 Customs Act misdemeano ur oe § 391 of Penal Code crime	Yes	Yes	Negligence at least ofr misdemeanou r, intent needed for crime	YES	YES	Fine	detention up to 30 days; Imprisonement up to 4 yrs, or aggravated 1-5 yrs	100-3200 euros				Yes - see Article 15 above				

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal (C / A	nature )	N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Application of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	of the goods in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;																	
Article 135(2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into a free zone, where the free zone adjoins the land frontier between a Member State and a third country, to bring those goods directly into that free zone without passing through another part of the customs territory of the Union;							N/A:	There are no free zo	ones in Estonia o N/£	on the land bord	der with a thii	rd country					
Article 137(1) and (2)	Failure of a person bringing goods into the customs territory of the Union to comply with the obligations relating to the conveyance of the goods	Same as Article 135(1)	Yes	Yes	Same as Article 135(1)	YES	YES	Fine	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)	nature )	N/I	Liabili	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors		Settlement	Time limitat	tion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	in the appropriate place or to inform customs authorities when the obligations cannot be complied;																	
Article 139	introduction or exit of goods into and from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to the customs authorities in accordance with Article 139 of the Code	Same as Article 135(1)	Yes	Yes	Same as Article 135(1)	YES	YES	Fine	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	
Article 139	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods brought into the customs territory of the Union to the customs;	Same as Article 135(1)	Yes	Yes	Same as Article 135(1)	YES	YES	Fine	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	Same as Article 135(1)	
Article 140	Unloading or trans- shipping of goods from the means of transport carrying them without authorisation granted by the customs authorities or in places not designated or approved by those	our, Customs Act § 77	Yes	No	Negligence needed	YES	YES	Fine	12-400€	100-1300€				Yes - see Article 15 above				

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)		N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	authorities;																	
Article 145(2)	Failure of the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	No  If syste	Yes	No intent/neglige nce is needed.	Yes	Yes	Penalty payment						Yes - see Article 15 above				
	procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;		could r revocat favoura tratmen	esult in tion of able nts etc.														
Articles 147 and 148	Storage of goods in temporary storage facilities or	Misdemean our, Customs Act § 74	Yes	No	Negligence needed	Yes	YES	Fine	12-800€	100-2600€				Yes - see Article 15 above				
	customs warehouses without authorisation granted by the customs authorities;							A coercive measure could be applies										
Article 149	Failure of the economic operator	Misdemean our, Customs Act § 74	Yes	No	Negligence needed			Fine	12-800€	100-2600€				Yes - see Article 15 above				
	responsible for non- Union goods which are in temporary storage to place those goods under a customs procedure or to re- export them within							A coercive measure could be applied										

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal (C / A)		N/I	Liabil	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP				Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	the time limit;																
Articles 158(3)	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Crime, § 393 Penal Act; Misdemean our § 72 Customs Act	Yes	Yes	Negligence for misdemeanou r, intent for crime			Fine / pecuniary punishment  Imprisonem ent	12-1200 € for misdemeanour, pecuniary punishment for crime for crime, 30 days - 4 years, mor misdemeanour up to 30 days	100-3200 € fine or pecuniary punishment			Yes - see Article 15 above				
								other	comfiscation of goods possible / A favourable tratment/auhtoriz ation could be revoked if systematic	confiscation of goods possible							
Articles 163	Providing customs authorities with false	Crime or misdemeano ur, § 280 Penal code	YES	Yes	Direct intent needed for misdemeanou r, deliberate			Fine	Fine up to 1200€	Fine up to 2000€, pecuniary punishment			Yes - see Article 15 above				
	information or documents required by				intent for crime			Imprisonem ent	up to 2 yrs, detention up to 30 days								
	those							other	Could result in revocation of favourable treatments/permit s								
Article 163(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementa	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	No	Yes	No intent/neglige nce is needed.			Penalty payment					Yes - see Article 15 above				

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal:	nature )	N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article	ry declaration is lodged, the supporting documents required for the application of the procedure in question; Failure of	§ 23 of the	No	Yes	No			Penalty						Yes - see				
163(2)	the declarant for temporary storage or for a customs procedure to provide documents to the customs authorities where Union legislation so requires or where necessary for customs;	Law Enforcemen t Act	NO	ies	intent/neglige nce is needed.			payment						Article 15 above				
Article 166	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of a simplified declaration in accordance with Article 166 of the Code,		Yes	Yes	Same Article 163 UCC	Artic le 163	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Fine	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)	nature )	N/I	Liabili	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 167(1)	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure, in the case of a simplified declaration pursuant to Article 166 of the Code or of an entry into the declarant's records pursuant to Article 182 of the Code, to lodge a supplementa ry declaration at the competent customs office and within the specific time-limit;	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Articl e 163(1) UCC	Same as Articl e 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	as Artic le 163( 1) UCC	as Artic le 163( 1) UCC		Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	
Article 167(1) second subparagra ph	Failure of the declarant for a customs procedure to have in their possession and at the disposal of the customs authorities, at the time when the customs declaration or a supplementa ry declaration is lodged, the supporting documents	Same as Article 163(1) UCC		e	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	as Artic le 163( 1)	Same as Artic le 163( 1) UCC	Fine	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	Same as Article 163(1) UCC	

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)		N/I	Liabili	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	required for the application of the procedure in question																	
Article 177	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 177	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes	Yes	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Fine	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	
Article 179	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 179	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes	Yes	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Fine	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)		N/I	Liabili	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors		Settlement	Time limitat	tion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 182	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 182	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes	Yes	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC		Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	
Article 185	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to make use of other customs simplifications in accordance with Article 185 of the Code	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes	Yes	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC		Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	
Article 192(2)	Removal or destruction of means of identificatio n affixed by customs authorities in goods,	Misdemean our, Customs Act § 76	Yes	Yes				Fine	12-800€	100-2600€				Yes - see Article 15 above				

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)		N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	tion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	packaging or means of transport without prior authorisation granted by the customs authorities;																	
Article 211	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an authorisation from the customs authorities to place the goods under special procedures in accordance with Article 211 of the Code;		Yes	Yes	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC		Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	
Article 233(1)(a)	Failure of the holder of the Union transit procedure to present the goods intact at the customs office of destination within the prescribed time limit;	Filure to present the goods within the time limit not punishable. Failure to translit the goods intact would be punishable under § 72 or § 77 of the Customs Act	Yes	Yes				Fine	up to 300€	up to 3200€				Yes - see Article 15 above				
Article 241	Processing of goods in a customs warehouse without an authorisation	Misdemean our, § 74 Customs Act	Yes	Yes				Fine	12-800€	100-2600€				Yes - see Article 15 above				

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)	nature )	N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	granted by the customs authorities;																	
Article 242	Removal of goods from customs supervision;	Misdemean our § 72 Customs Act or Crime under § 393 Penal Code	Yes	Yes				Fine, pecuniary punishment  Imprisonem ent	12-1200€ for misdemeanour or pecuniary punishment for crime  up to 4 yrs	for misdemean our or pecuniary punishment for crime				Yes - see Article 15 above				
								other	confiscation of goods possible	confiscation of goods possible	-							
Article 242(1), points (a) and (b)	Failure of the holder of the authorisation or the holder of the procedure to fulfil the obligations arising from the storage of goods covered by the customs warehousing procedure.	Misdemean our § 74 Customs Act	Yes	Yes				Fine	12-800€	100-2600 euros				Yes - see Article 15 above				
Article 244(1)		Customs Act, misdemeano ur	Yes	Yes				Fine	12-1200€	100-3200€				Yes - see Article 15 above				
Article 244(2)	Failure of the person to lodge an entry summary declaration in	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	No	Yes	No intent/neglige nce is needed.			Penaty payment						Yes - see Article 15 above				

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)		N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
	accordance with Article 244(2) of the Code																	
Article 245	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods	§ 279 Penal Code misdemeano ur	Yes	Yes				Fine	12-1200€	100-16000€				Yes - see Article 15 above				
	brought into a free zone to customs;			l				Detention	1-30 days									
Article 245	the use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an autorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with article 245 of the Code	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes	Yes	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Fine	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)		N/I	Liabili	ty	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors		Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 257	Failure of the holder of the inward processing procedure to discharge a customs procedure within the time limit specified;	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	No	Yes	No intent/neglige nce is needed.			Penalty payment						Yes - see Article 15 above				
Article 262	Failure of the holder of the outward processing procedure to export the defective goods within the time limit;	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	No	Yes	No intent/neglige nce is needed.		,	Penaty payment						Yes - see Article 15 above				
Article 263	Failure of the person to lodge a pre- departure declaration in accordance with Article 263 of the Code	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	No	Yes	No intent/neglige nce is needed.			Penalty payment						Yes - see Article 15 above				
Article 267(2)	Failure of the economic operator to present the goods to be taken out of the customs territory of the Union to customs on exit	Same Article 245 UCC	Yes	Yes	Same Article 245 UCC	Same Artic le 245 UCC	Same Artic le 245 UCC	Fine	Same Article 245 UCC	Same Article 245 UCC	Same Article 245 UCC	Same Article 245 UCC	Same Article 245 UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same Article 245 UCC	Same Article 245 UCC	Same Article 245 UCC	
Article 267(2)	The use of false statements or any other irregular means by an economic operator in order to obtain an	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes	Yes	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Same Artic le 163 UCC	Fine	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Yes - see Article 15 above	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	Same Article 163 UCC	

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal 1 (C / A)		N/I	Liabil	lity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Article 270	authorisation from the customs authorities for the introduction or exit of goods into or from the customs territory of the Union without presenting them to customs authorities in accordance with Article 267(2) of the Code; Failure of the person to lodge a reexport declaration in	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	No	Yes				Penalty payment						Yes - see Article 15 above				
	accordance with Article 270 of the Code																	
Article 271	Failure of the person to lodge an exit summary declaration in accordance with Article 271 of the Code	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act		Yes				Penalty payment						Yes - see Article 15 above				
Article 274	Failure of the person to lodge a re- export notification in accordance with Article 274 of the Code	§ 23 of the Law Enforcemen t Act	No	Yes				Penalty payment						Yes - see Article 15 above				

Article UCC	Infringeme nt UCC	National law	Legal (C / A)	nature )	N/I	Liabil	ity	Type of the sanction	Thresholds		Applicatio n of sanctions	Aggravati ng factors	Mitigati ng factors	Settlement	Time limitat	ion		Other factors
			С	A		NP	LP		NP	LP					Initiating a procedure	Imposing a penalty	Executing a sanction	
Other customs infringeme nts	A list of customs-related misdemeano urs §§ 70-77, Custosm Act, not all were mentioned here, A list of Customs-related crimes §§ 391-393. Not all variations of punishable deeds were mentioned here							Fine						Yes - see Article 15 above				