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NOTE

From:	General Secretariat of the Council
To:	Delegations
No. prev. doc.:	10701/23
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Subject:	Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the collection and transfer of advance passenger information (API) for enhancing and facilitating external border controls, amending Regulation (EU) 2019/817 and Regulation (EU) 2018/1726, and repealing Council Directive 2004/82/EC – 4-column table

Delegations will find in the Annex a four-column table concerning the above legislative proposal, which contains:

- the Commission proposal of 14 December 2022,
- the mandate confirmed by the European Parliament on 13 December 2023, and
- the mandate approved by the Permanent Representatives Committee on 21 June 2023.

**Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
on the collection and transfer of advance passenger information (API) for enhancing and facilitating
external border controls, amending Regulation (EU) 2019/817 and Regulation (EU) 2018/1726, and
repealing Council Directive 2004/82/EC**

2022/0424(COD)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Formula				
1	2022/0424 (COD)	2022/0424 (COD)	2022/0424 (COD)	
Proposal Title				
2	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL On the collection and transfer of advance passenger information (API) for enhancing and facilitating external border controls, amending Regulation (EU) 2019/817 and Regulation (EU) 2018/1726, and repealing Council Directive 2004/82/EC	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL On the collection and transfer of advance passenger information (API) for enhancing and facilitating external border controls, amending Regulation (EU) 2019/817 and Regulation (EU) 2018/1726, and repealing Council Directive 2004/82/EC	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL On the collection and transfer of advance passenger information (API) for enhancing and facilitating external border controls, amending Regulation (EU) 2019/817 and Regulation (EU) 2018/1726, and repealing Council Directive 2004/82/EC	

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Formula				
3	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	
Citation 1				
4	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 77(2), points (b) and (d), and Article 79(2), point (c), thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 77(2), points (b) and (d), and Article 79(2), point (c), thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 77(2), points (b) and (d), and Article 79(2), point (c), thereof,	
Citation 2				
5	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	
Citation 3				
6	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	
Citation 4				
7	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,	

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	1. [OJ C , , p. .]	1. [OJ C , , p. .]	1. [OJ C , , p. .]	
Citation 5				
8	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	
Formula				
9	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:	
Recital 1				
10	(1) The carrying-out of checks of persons at the external borders significantly contributes to guaranteeing the long-term security of the Union, Member States and its citizens and, as such, remains an important safeguard, especially in the area without internal border control ('the Schengen area'). Efficient and effective external border controls, carried out in accordance with, in particular, Regulation (EU) 2016/399 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ where applicable, help combating illegal immigration and prevent threats to the Member	(1) The carrying-out of checks of persons at the external borders significantly contributes to guaranteeing the long-term security of the Union, Member States and its citizens and, as such, remains an important safeguard, especially in the area without internal border control ('the Schengen area'). Efficient and effective external border controls, <u>Border checks should be</u> carried out in accordance with, <u>according to</u> in particular, Regulation (EU) 2016/399 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ where applicable, <u>in order to help</u>	(1) The carrying-out of checks of persons at the external borders significantly contributes to guaranteeing the long-term security of the Union, Member States and its citizens and, as such, remains an important safeguard, especially in the area without internal border control ('the Schengen area'). Efficient and effective external border controls, carried out in accordance with, in particular, Regulation (EU) 2016/399 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ where applicable, help combating illegal immigration and prevent threats to the Member	

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	States' internal security, public policy, public health and international relations. 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/399 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on a Union Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) (OJ L 77, 23.3.2016, p. 1).	combathelpcombating illegal immigration and prevent threats to the Member States' internal security, public policy, public health and international relations. <u>Such border checks should be carried out in such a way as to fully respect human dignity and be in full compliance with relevant Union law, including the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union ('the Charter').</u> 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/399 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on a Union Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) (OJ L 77, 23.3.2016, p. 1).	States' internal security, public policy, public health and international relations. 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/399 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on a Union Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) (OJ L 77, 23.3.2016, p. 1).	
Recital 2				
11	(2) The use of traveller data and flight information transferred ahead of the arrival of travellers, known as advance passenger information ('API') data, contributes to speeding up the process of carrying out the required checks during the border-crossing process. For the purposes of this Regulation that process concerns, more specifically, the crossing of	(2) The use of traveller<u>passenger</u> data and flight information transferred ahead of the arrival of travellers<u>passengers</u>, known as advance passenger information ('API') data, contributes to speeding up the process of carrying out the required checks during the border-crossing process. For the purposes of this Regulation that process concerns, more	(2) The use of traveller data and flight information transferred ahead of the arrival of travellers, known as advance passenger information ('API') data, contributes to speeding up the process of carrying out the required checks during the border-crossing process. For the purposes of this Regulation that process concerns, more specifically, the crossing of	

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	borders between a third country or a Member State not participating in this Regulation, on the one hand, and a Member State participating in this Regulation, on the other hand. Such use strengthens checks at those external borders by providing sufficient time to enable detailed and comprehensive checks to be carried out on all travellers, without having a disproportionate negative effect on persons travelling in good faith. Therefore, in the interest of the effectiveness and efficiency of checks at external borders, an appropriate legal framework should be provided for to ensure that Member States' competent border authorities at such external border crossing points have access to API data prior to the arrival of travellers.	specifically, the crossing of borders between a third country or a Member State not participating in this Regulation, on the one hand and and a Member State participating in this Regulation, on the other hand. Such use strengthens checks at those external borders by providing sufficient time to enable detailed and comprehensive checks to be carried out on all travellers <u>passengers</u>, without having a disproportionate negative effect on persons travelling in good faith. Therefore, in the interest of the effectiveness and efficiency of checks at external borders, an appropriate legal framework should be provided for to ensure that Member States' competent border authorities at such external border crossing points have access to API data prior to the arrival of travellers <u>passengers</u>.	borders between a third country or a Member State not participating into which this Regulation does not apply, on the one hand, and a Member State participating into which this Regulation applies, on the other hand. Such use strengthens checks at those external borders by providing sufficient time to enable detailed and comprehensive checks to be carried out on all travellers, without having a disproportionate negative effect on persons travelling in good faith. Therefore, in the interest of the effectiveness and efficiency of checks at external borders, an appropriate legal framework should be provided for to ensure that Member States' competent border authorities at such external border crossing points have access to API data prior to the arrival of travellers.	
Recital 3				
12	(3) The existing legal framework on API data, which consists of Council Directive 2004/82/EC¹ and national law transposing that Directive, has proven important in	(3) The existing legal framework on API data, which consists of Council Directive 2004/82/EC¹ and national law transposing that Directive, has proven important in	(3) The existing legal framework on API data, which consists of Council Directive 2004/82/EC¹ and national law transposing that Directive, has proven important in	

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	improving border controls, notably by setting up a framework for Member States to introduce provisions for laying down obligations on air carriers to transfer API data on passengers transported into their territory. However, divergences remain at national level. In particular, API data is not systematically requested from air carriers and air carriers are faced with different requirements regarding the type of information to be collected and the conditions under which the API data needs to be transferred to competent border authorities. Those divergences lead not only to unnecessary costs and complications for the air carriers, but they are also prejudicial to ensuring effective and efficient pre-checks of persons arriving at external borders. 1. Council Directive 2004/82/EC of 29 April 2004 on the obligation of carriers to communicate passenger data (OJ L 261, 6.8.2004, p. 24).	improving border controls, <u>notably checks, in particular</u> by setting up a framework for Member States to introduce provisions for laying down obligations on air carriers to transfer API data on passengers transported into their territory. However, divergences remain at national level. In particular, API data is not systematically requested from air carriers and air carriers are faced with different requirements regarding the type of information to be collected and the conditions under which the API data needs to be transferred to competent border authorities. Those divergences lead not only to unnecessary costs and complications for the air carriers, but they are also prejudicial to ensuring effective and efficient pre-checks of persons arriving at external borders. 1. Council Directive 2004/82/EC of 29 April 2004 on the obligation of carriers to communicate passenger data (OJ L 261, 6.8.2004, p. 24).	improving border controls, notably by setting up a framework for Member States to introduce provisions for laying down obligations on air carriers to transfer API data on passengers transported into their territory. However, divergences remain at national level. In particular, API data is not systematically requested from air carriers and air carriers are faced with different requirements regarding the type of information to be collected and the conditions under which the API data needs to be transferred to competent border authorities. Those divergences lead not only to unnecessary costs and complications for the air carriers, but they are also prejudicial to ensuring effective and efficient pre-checks of persons arriving at external borders. 1. Council Directive 2004/82/EC of 29 April 2004 on the obligation of carriers to communicate passenger data (OJ L 261, 6.8.2004, p. 24).	
Recital 4				
13	(4) The existing legal framework	(4) The existing legal framework	(4) The existing legal framework	

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	should therefore be updated and replaced to ensure that the rules regarding the collection and transfer of API data for the purpose of enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and for combating illegal immigration are clear, harmonised and effective.	should therefore be updated and replaced to ensure that the rules regarding the collection and transfer of API data for the purpose of enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and for combating illegal immigration are clear, harmonised and effective.	should therefore be updated and replaced to ensure that the rules regarding the collection and transfer of API data for the purpose of enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and for combating illegal immigration are clear, harmonised and effective, in accordance with the rules set out in Regulation (EU) 2016/399 for Member States to which that Code applies, and with national law where that Code does not apply.	
Recital 5				
14	(5) In order to ensure a consistent approach at international level as much as possible and in view of the rules on the collection of API data applicable at that level, the updated legal framework established by this Regulation should take into account the relevant practices internationally agreed with the air industry and in the context of the World Customs Organisation, International Aviation Transport Association and International Civil Aviation Organisation Guidelines on	(5) In order to ensure a consistent approach at <u>both union and</u> international level as much as possible and in view of the rules on the collection of API data applicable at that level, the updated legal framework established by this Regulation should take into account the relevant practices internationally agreed with the air industry, <u>specifically</u> and in the context of the World Customs Organisation, International Aviation Transport Association and International Civil Aviation	(5) In order to ensure a consistent approach at international level as much as possible and in view of the rules on the collection of API data applicable at that level, the updated legal framework established by this Regulation should take into account the relevant practices internationally agreed with the air industry and in the context of the World Customs Organisation, International Aviation Transport Association and International Civil Aviation Organisation Guidelines on	

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	Advance Passenger Information.	Organisation (ICAO) Guidelines on Advance Passenger Information.	Advance Passenger Information.	
Recital 6				
15	(6) The collection and transfer of API data affects the privacy of individuals and entails the processing of personal data. In order to fully respect fundamental rights, in particular the right of respect for private life and the right to the protection of personal data, in accordance with the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union ('Charter'), adequate limits and safeguards should be provided for. In particular, any processing of API data and, in particular, API data constituting personal data, should remain limited to what is necessary for and proportionate to achieving the objectives pursued by this Regulation. In addition, it should be ensured that the API collected and transferred under this Regulation do not lead to any form of discrimination precluded by the Charter.	(6) The collection and transfer of API data affects the privacy of individuals and entails the processing of their personal data. In order to fully respect their fundamental rights, in particular the right of respect for private life and the right to the protection of personal data, in accordance with the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union ('Charter'), adequate limits and safeguards should be provided for. In particular, any processing of API data and, in particular, API data constituting personal data, should remain strictly limited to what is necessary for and proportionate to achieving the objectives pursued by this Regulation. In addition, it should be ensured that the processing of any API data API collected and transferred under this Regulation do not lead to any form of discrimination precluded by the Charter.	(6) The collection and transfer of API data affects the privacy of individuals and entails the processing of personal data. In order to fully respect fundamental rights, in particular the right of respect for private life and the right to the protection of personal data, in accordance with the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union ('Charter'), adequate limits and safeguards should be provided for. In particular, any processing of API data and, in particular, API data constituting personal data, should remain limited to what is necessary for and proportionate to achieving the objectives pursued by this Regulation. In addition, it should be ensured that the API collected and transferred under this Regulation do not lead to any form of discrimination precluded by the Charter.	

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Recital 7				
16	(7) In order to achieve its objectives, this Regulation should apply to all carriers conducting flights into the Union, as defined in this Regulation, covering both scheduled and non-scheduled flights, irrespective of the place of establishment of the air carriers conducting those flights.	(7) In order to achieve its objectives, this Regulation should apply to all <u>commercial air</u> carriers conducting flights into the Union, as defined in this Regulation, covering both scheduled and non-scheduled flights, irrespective of the place of establishment of the air carriers conducting those flights. <u>In accordance with the relevant ICAO classifications, general aviation such as flight schools, military or medical flights, should be exempted from this Regulation;</u>	(7) In order to achieve its objectives, this Regulation should apply to all air carriers conducting flights into the Union, as defined in this Regulation, covering irrespective of the place of establishment of the air carriers conducting those flights, and operating both scheduled and non-scheduled flights, irrespective of the place of establishment meaning flights operated according to a fixed timetable, for which tickets can be purchased by the general public, and those that are not necessarily part of a regular or sheduled route . Other flights, operated by air carriers that do not fall within the scope of the definition of air carrier under this Regulation, such as militaryair carriers conducting those flights, medical flights and emergency flights should not be subject to the obligations set out in this Regulation.	
Recital 7a				
16a				

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			(7a) The obligations on air carriers to collect and transfer API data should include all travellers, including all passengers and crew on flights into the Union, transit travellers whose final destination is outside of the Union and any non-operating crew member positioned on a flight by an air carrier in connection with their duties.	
Recital 8				
17	(8) In the interest of effectiveness and legal certainty, the items of information that jointly constitute the API data to be collected and subsequently transferred under this Regulation should be listed clearly and exhaustively, covering both information relating to each traveller and information on the flight of that traveller. Such flight information should cover information on the border crossing point of entry into the territory of the Member State concerned in all cases covered by this Regulation, but that information should be collected only where applicable under Regulation (EU) [API law	(8) In the interest of effectiveness and legal certainty, the items of information that jointly constitute the API data to be collected and subsequently transferred under this Regulation should be listed clearly and exhaustively, covering both information relating to each traveller <u>passenger</u> and information on the flight of that traveller <u>taken by that passenger</u> . Such flight information should cover information on the border crossing point of entry into the territory of the Member State concerned in all cases covered by this Regulation; but that information should be collected only where applicable	(8) In the interest of effectiveness and legal certainty, the items of information that jointly constitute the API data to be collected and subsequently transferred under this Regulation should be listed clearly and exhaustively, covering both information relating to each traveller and information on the flight of that traveller. Such flight information should cover information on the border crossing point of entry into the territory of the Member State concerned in all cases covered by this Regulation; but that information should be collected only where applicable under Regulation (EU) [API law	

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	enforcement], that is, not when the API data relate to intra-EU flights.	under Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], that is, not when the API data relate to intra-EU flights.	enforcement], that is, not when the API data relate to intra-EU flights.	
Recital 9				
18	(9) In order to allow for flexibility and innovation, it should in principle be left to each air carrier to determine how it meets its obligations regarding the collection of API data set out in this Regulation. However, considering that suitable technological solutions exist that allow collecting certain API data automatically while guaranteeing that the API data concerned is accurate, complete and up-to-date, and having regard the advantages of the use of such technology in terms of effectiveness and efficiency, air carriers should be required to collect that API data using automated means, by reading information from the machine-readable data of the travel document.	(9) In order to allow for flexibility and innovation, it should in principle be left to each air carrier to determine how it meets its obligations regarding the collection of API data set out in this Regulation. However, considering that suitable technological solutions exist that allow collecting certain API data automatically while guaranteeing that the API data concerned is accurate, complete and up-to-date, and having regard the advantages of the use of such technology in terms of effectiveness and efficiency, air carriers should be required to collect that <u>the</u> API data using automated means, <u>specifically</u> by reading information from the machine-readable data of the travel document. <u>Where the use of such automated means is however not possible, air carriers should collect the API data manually, either as part of the online check-in process, or as part of the check-</u>	(9) In order to allow for flexibility and innovation, it should in principle be left to each air carrier to determine how it meets its obligations regarding the collection of API data set out in this Regulation, with respect to the different types of air carriers as defined by this Regulation, their respective business models, such as for example check-in times and cooperation with airports. However, considering that suitable technological solutions exist that allow collecting certain API data automatically while guaranteeing that the API data concerned is accurate, complete and up-to-date, and having regard the advantages of the use of such technology in terms of effectiveness and efficiency, air carriers should be required to collect that API data using automated means, by reading information from the machine-readable data of the travel document. Compliance with the	

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		<u>in at the airport, in such a manner as to ensure compliance with their obligations under this Regulation.</u>	obligation to ensure that the API data is accurate, complete and up-to-date should not be understood as requiring air carriers to check the travel document at the moment of boarding the aircraft. This should be without prejudice to obligations stemming from other acts of Union law or national law that complies with Union law.	
Recital 9a				
18a		<u>(9a) The collection of API data by automated means should be limited to the alphanumerical data contained in the travel document and should not lead to the collection of any biometric data from it.</u>		
Recital 9a				
18b			(9a) The collection of API data from travel documents should also be consistent with the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO) guidelines on Machine Readable Travel Documents, that are transposed in Regulation 2019/1157 on	

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			strengthening the security of identity cards of Union citizens, Council Directive 2019/997 on EU emergency travel documents and Regulation 2252/2004 on standards for security features and biometrics in passports.	
Recital 9b				
18c		<u>(9b) The requirements set out by this Regulation and by the corresponding delegated and implementing acts should lead to a uniform implementation by the airlines, thereby minimizing the cost of the interconnection of their respective systems. To facilitate a harmonized implementation of those requirements by the airlines, in particular as regards the data structure, format and transmission protocol, the Commission, based on its cooperation with the competent border authorities, other Member States authorities, air carriers, and relevant Union agencies, should ensure that the practical handbook to be prepared by the Commission provides all the necessary guidance and clarifications.</u>		

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Recital 9c				
18d		<u>(9c) In order to enhance data quality, the router should verify whether the API data transferred to it by the air carriers comply with the supported data formats. Where the router has verified that the data are not compliant with the supported data formats, the router should, immediately and in an automated manner, notify the air carrier concerned.</u>		
Recital 9d				
18e		<u>(9d) The automatic data collection systems and other processes established under this Regulation should not negatively impact the employees in the aviation industry, who should benefit from upskilling and reskilling opportunities that would increase the efficiency and reliability of data collection and transfer as well as the working conditions in the sector.</u>		
Recital 10				

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19	(10) Automated means enable travellers to provide certain API data themselves during an online check-in process. Such means could, for example, include a secure app on a travellers' smartphone, computer or webcam with the capability to read the machine-readable data of the travel document. Where the travellers did not check-in online, air carriers should in practice provide them with the possibility to provide the machine-readable API data concerned during check-in at the airport with the assistance of a self-service kiosk or of airline staff at the counter.	(10) Automated means enable travellers <u>The passenger should be enabled</u> to provide certain API data themselves during an online check-in process, <u>in accordance with Article 5</u> . Such means could, for example, include a secure app on a travellers <u>passengers</u> ' smartphone, computer or webcam with the capability to read the machine-readable data of the travel document. Where the travellers <u>passengers</u> did not check-in online, air carriers should in practice provide them with the possibility to provide the <u>required</u> machine-readable API data concerned during check-in at the airport with the assistance of a self-service kiosk or of airline staff at the counter. <u>The Commission should ensure that the obligations under this Regulation do not lead to disproportionate obstacles for passengers unable to use online means for automated check-in, such as additional airport check-in fees.</u>	(10) Automated means enable travellers to provide certain API data themselves during an online check-in process. Such means could, for example, include a secure app on a travellers' smartphone, computer or webcam with the capability to read the machine-readable data of the travel document. Where the travellers did not check-in online, air carriers should in practice provide them with the possibility to provide the machine-readable API data concerned during check-in at the airport with the assistance of a self-service kiosk or of airline staff at the counter.	
Recital 10a				
19a		<u>(10a) With a view to guaranteeing</u>		

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		<u>the fulfilment of the rights provided for under the Charter and to ensuring accessible and inclusive travel options, especially for vulnerable groups and persons with disabilities, air carriers, supported by the Member States, should ensure that an offline alternative for the check-in and for the provision of the necessary data by the passengers is possible at all times.</u>		
Recital 11				
20	(11) The Commission should be empowered to adopt technical requirements and procedural rules that air carriers are to comply with in connection to the use of automated means for the collection of machine-readable API data under this Regulation, so as to increase clarity and legal certainty and contribute to ensuring data quality and the responsible use of the automated means.	(11) The Commission should be empowered to adopt technical requirements and procedural rules that air carriers are <u>should</u> to comply with in connection <u>regarding</u> the use of automated means for the collection of machine-readable API data under this Regulation, so as to increase clarity and legal certainty and contribute to ensuring data quality and the responsible use of the automated means.	(11) The Commission should be empowered to adopt technical requirements and procedural rules that air carriers are to comply with in connection to the use of automated means for the collection of machine-readable API data under this Regulation, so as to increase clarity and legal certainty and contribute to ensuring data quality and the responsible use of the automated means.	
Recital 12				
21	(12) In view of the advantages	(12) In view of the advantages	(12) In view of the advantages	

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	offered by using automated means for the collection of machine-readable API data and the clarity resulting from the technical requirements in that regard to be adopted under this Regulation, it should be clarified that air carriers that decide to use automated means to collect the information that they are required to transmit under Directive 2004/82/EC have the possibility, but not the obligation, to apply those requirements, once adopted, in connection to such use of automated means, insofar as that Directive permits. Any such voluntary application of those specifications in application of Directive 2004/82/EC should not be understood as affecting in any way the obligations of the air carriers and the Member States under that Directive.	offered by using automated means for the collection of machine-readable API data and the clarity resulting from the technical requirements in that regard to be adopted under this Regulation, it should be clarified that air carriers that decide to use automated means to collect the information that they are required to transmit under Directive 2004/82/EC have the possibility, but not the obligation, to apply those requirements, once adopted, in connection to such use of automated means, insofar as that Directive permits. Any such voluntary application of those specifications in application of Directive 2004/82/EC should not be understood as affecting in any way the obligations of the air carriers and the Member States under that Directive.	offered by using automated means for the collection of machine-readable API data and the clarity resulting from the technical requirements in that regard to be adopted under this Regulation, it should be clarified that air carriers that decide to use automated means to collect the information that they are required to transmit under Directive 2004/82/EC have the possibility, but not the obligation, to apply those requirements, once adopted, in connection to such use of automated means, insofar as that Directive permits and is applicable. Any such voluntary application of those specifications in application of Directive 2004/82/EC should not be understood as affecting in any way the obligations of the air carriers and the Member States under that Directive.	
Recital 13				
22	(13) In view of ensuring that the pre-checks carried out in advance by competent border authorities are effective and efficient, the API data transferred to those authorities should contain data of travellers	(13) In view of ensuring that the pre-checks carried out in advance by competent border authorities are effective and efficient, the API data transferred to those authorities should contain data of	(13) In view of ensuring that the pre-checks carried out in advance by competent border authorities are effective and efficient, the API data transferred to those authorities should contain data of travellers	

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	that are effectively set to cross the external borders, that is, of travellers that are effectively on board of the aircraft. Therefore, the air carriers should transfer API data directly after flight closure. Moreover, API data helps the competent border authorities to distinguish legitimate travellers from travellers who may be of interest and therefore may require additional verifications, which would necessitate further coordination and preparation of follow-up measures to be taken upon arrival. That could occur, for example, in cases of unexpected number of travellers of interest whose physical checks at the borders could adversely affect the border checks and waiting times at the borders of other legitimate travellers. To provide the competent border authorities with an opportunity to prepare adequate and proportionate measures at the border, such as temporarily reinforcing or re-affecting staff, particularly for flights where the time between the flight closure and the arrival at the external borders is insufficient to allow the competent border authorities to prepare the	travellers<u>passengers</u> that are effectively set to cross the external borders, that is, of travellers<u>passengers</u> that are effectively on board of the aircraft. Therefore, the air carriers should transfer API data directly after flight closure. Moreover, API data helps the competent border authorities to distinguish legitimate travellers from travellers<u>passengers from</u> <u>passengers</u> who may be of interest and therefore may require additional verifications, which would necessitate further coordination and preparation of follow-up measures to be taken upon arrival. That could occur, for example, in cases of unexpected number of travellers<u>passengers</u> of interest whose physical checks at the borders could adversely affect the border checks and waiting times at the borders of other legitimate travellers<u>passengers</u>. To provide the competent border authorities with an opportunity to prepare adequate and proportionate measures at the border, such as temporarily reinforcing or re-affecting staff, particularly for flights where the time between the	that are effectively set to cross the external borders, that is, of travellers that are effectively on board of the aircraft, irrespective of whether the final destination of the traveller is inside or outside the Union. Therefore, the air carriers should transfer API data directly after flight closure. Moreover, API data helps the competent border authorities to distinguish legitimate travellers from travellers who may be of interest and therefore may require additional verifications, which would necessitate further coordination and preparation of follow-up measures to be taken upon arrival. That could occur, for example, in cases of unexpected number of travellers of interest whose physical checks at the borders could adversely affect the border checks and waiting times at the borders of other legitimate travellers. To provide the competent border authorities with an opportunity to prepare adequate and proportionate measures at the border, such as temporarily reinforcing or re-affecting staff, particularly for flights where the time between the flight closure and	

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	most appropriate response, API data should also be transmitted prior to boarding, at the moment of check-in of each traveller.	flight closure and the arrival at the external borders is insufficient to allow the competent border authorities to prepare the most appropriate response, API data should also be transmitted prior to boarding, at the moment of check-in of each traveller <u>passenger</u> .	the arrival at the external borders is insufficient to allow the competent border authorities to prepare the most appropriate response, API data should also be transmitted prior to boarding, at the moment of check-in of each traveller <u>passenger</u> .	
Recital 14				
23	(14) To provide clarity on the technical requirements that are applicable to air carriers and that are needed to ensure the API data that they collected under this Regulation are transferred to the router in a secure, effective and swift manner, the Commission should be empowered to lay down specifications on the common protocols and supported data formats to be used for those transfers.	(14) To provide clarity on the technical requirements that are applicable to air carriers and that are needed to ensure the API data that they collected under this Regulation are transferred to the router in a secure, effective and swift manner, the Commission should be empowered to lay down specifications on the common protocols and supported data formats to be used for those transfers.	(14) To provide clarity on the technical requirements that are applicable to air carriers and that are needed to ensure the API data that they collected under this Regulation are transferred to the router in a secure, effective and swift manner, the Commission should be empowered to lay down specifications on the common protocols and supported data formats to be used for those transfers, including requirements for data security. Such requirements may also concern the use of anonymisation and pseudonymisation.	
Recital 15				
24	(15) In order to avoid any risk of	(15) In order to avoid any risk of	(15) In order to avoid any risk of	

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	misuse and in line with the principle of purpose limitation, the competent border authorities should be expressly precluded from processing the API data that they receive under this Regulation for any other purpose than enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and combating illegal immigration.	misuse and in line with the principle of purpose limitation, the competent border authorities should be expressly precluded from processing the API data that they receive under this Regulation for any other purpose than enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and combating illegal immigration <u>those explicitly provided for in this Regulation.</u>	misuse and in line with the principle of purpose limitation, the competent border authorities should be expressly precluded from processing the API data that they receive under this Regulation for any other purpose than enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and combating illegal immigration, in accordance with the rules set out in Regulation (EU) 2016/399 for Member States to which that Code applies, and with national law where that Code does not apply.	
Recital 16				
25	(16) To ensure that competent border authorities have sufficient time to carry out pre-checks effectively on all travellers, including travellers on long-haul flights and those travelling on connecting flights, as well as sufficient time to ensure that the API data collected and transferred by the air carriers is complete, accurate and up-to-date, and where necessary to request additional clarifications, corrections or	(16) To ensure that competent border authorities have sufficient time to carry out pre-checks effectively on all travellers <u>passengers</u> , including travellers <u>passengers</u> on long-haul flights and those travelling on connecting flights, as well as sufficient time to ensure that the API data collected and transferred by the air carriers is complete, accurate and up-to-date, and where necessary to request additional	(16) To ensure that competent border authorities have sufficient time to carry out pre-checks effectively on all travellers, including travellers on long-haul flights and those travelling on connecting flights, as well as sufficient time to ensure that the API data collected and transferred by the air carriers is complete, accurate and up-to-date, and where necessary to request additional clarifications, corrections or	

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	completions from the air carriers, the competent border authorities should store the API data that they received under this Regulation for a fixed time period that remains limited to what is strictly necessary for those purposes. Similarly, to be able to respond to such requests, air carriers should store the API data that they transferred under this Regulation for the same fixed and strictly necessary time period.	clarifications, corrections or completions from the air carriers, the competent border authorities should store the API data that they received under this Regulation for a fixed time period that remains limited to what is strictly necessary for those purposes. Similarly, to be able to respond to such requests, air carriers should store the API data that they transferred under this Regulation for the same fixed and strictly necessary time period. <u>Beyond that, and with a view to enhance the travel experience of legitimate passengers, air carriers should be able to retain and use the API data where necessary for the normal course of their business in particular for travel facilitation, in compliance with the applicable law and in particular Regulation (EU) 2016/679.</u>	completions from the air carriers, in order to ensure that API data remains available until all travellers have effectively presented themselves at the border crossing point, the competent border authorities should store the API data that they received under this Regulation for a fixed time period that remains limited to what is strictly necessary for those purposes. Similarly, to be able to respond to such requests, air carriers should also store the API data that they transferred under this Regulation for the same a fixed and strictly necessary time period.	
Recital 17				
26	(17) In order to avoid that air carriers have to establish and maintain multiple connections with the competent border authorities of the Member States' for the transfer of API data collected under this	(17) In order to avoid that air carriers have to establish and maintain multiple connections with the competent border authorities of the Member States' for the transfer of API data collected under this	(17) In order to avoid that air carriers have to establish and maintain multiple connections with the competent border authorities of the Member States' for the transfer of API data collected under this	

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	Regulation and the related inefficiencies and security risks, provision should be made for a single router, created and operated at Union level, that serves as a connection and distribution point for those transfers. In the interest of efficiency and cost effectiveness, the router should, to the extent technically possible and in full respect of the rules of this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], rely on technical components from other relevant systems created under Union law.	Regulation and the related inefficiencies and security risks, provision should be made for a single router, created and operated at Union level, that serves as a connection and distribution point for those transfers. In the interest of efficiency and cost effectiveness, the router should, to the extent technically possible and in full respect of the rules of this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], rely on technical components from other relevant systems created under Union law, <u>in particular the web service referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, the carrier gateway referred to in Regulation (EU) 2018/1240 and the carrier gateway referred to in Regulation (EC) 767/2008. In order to reduce the impact on air carriers and ensure a harmonised approach towards air carriers, eu-LISA should design the router, to the extent technically and operationally possible, in a way that is coherent and consistent with the obligations put on air carriers by Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Regulation (EU) 2018/1240 and Regulation (EC)</u>	Regulation and the related inefficiencies and security risks, provision should be made for a single router, created and operated at Union level in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation [API law enforcement], that serves as a connection and distribution point for those transfers. In the interest of efficiency and cost effectiveness, the router should, to the extent technically possible and in full respect of the rules of this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], rely on technical components from other relevant systems created under Union law.	

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		<u>767/2008.</u>		
Recital 17a				
26a		<u>(17a) In order to provide for the same level of clarity and certainty, the provisions related to the router, security and support tasks by eu-LISA should be mirrored in this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], as eu-LISA should build and maintain only one router for the purposes of both Regulations.</u>		
Recital 17a				
26b			(17a) In order to improve the efficiency of the transmission of air traffic data and support the monitoring of the API data transmitted to competent border authorities, the router should receive real-time flight traffic information collected by other organisations, such as the European Organisation for the Safety of Air Navigation ('Eurocontrol').	
Recital 18				

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27	(18) The router should transmit the API data, in an automated manner, to the relevant competent border authorities, which should be determined on the basis of the border crossing point of entry into the territory of the Member State included in the API data in question. In order to facilitate the distribution process, each Member State should indicate which border authorities are competent to receive the API data transmitted from the router. To ensure the proper functioning of this Regulation and in the interest of transparency, that information should be made public.	(18) The router should transmit the API data, in an automated manner, to the relevant competent border authorities, which should be determined on the basis of the border crossing point of entry into the territory of the Member State included in the API data in question. In order to facilitate the distribution process, each Member State should indicate which border authorities are competent to receive the API data transmitted from the router. To ensure the proper functioning of this Regulation and in the interest of transparency, that information should be made public.	(18) Under this Regulation, the The router should transmit the API data, in an automated manner, to the relevant competent border authorities, which should be determined on the basis of the border crossing point of entry into the territory of the Member State included in the API data in question. In order to facilitate the distribution process, each Member State should indicate which border authorities are competent to receive the API data transmitted from the router. Member States may establish a single data entry point that receives the API data from the router and that immediately and in an automated manner forwards it to the competent border authorities of the Member State concerned. To ensure the proper functioning of this Regulation and in the interest of transparency, that the information on the competent border authorities should be made public.	
Recital 19				
28	(19) The router should serve only	(19) The router should serve only	(19) The router should serve only	

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	to facilitate the transmission of API data from the air carriers to the competent border authorities in accordance with this Regulation and to PIUs in accordance with Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], and should not be a repository of API data. Therefore, and in order to minimise any risk of unauthorised access or other misuse and in accordance with the principle of data minimisation, any storage of the API data on the router should remain limited to what is strictly necessary for technical purposes related to the transmission and the API data should be deleted from the router, immediately, permanently and in an automated manner, from the moment that the transmission has been completed or, where relevant under Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], the API data is not to be transmitted at all.	to facilitate the transmission of API data from the air carriers to the competent border authorities in accordance with this Regulation and to PIUs in accordance with Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] , and should not be a repository of API data. Therefore, and in order to minimise any risk of unauthorised access or other misuse and in accordance with the principle of data minimisation, any no storage of the API data on the router should remain limited to what is <u>take place unless</u> strictly necessary for technical purposes related to the transmission and the API data should be deleted from the router, immediately, permanently and in an automated manner, from the moment that the transmission has been completed or, where relevant under Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], the API data is not to be transmitted at all.	to facilitate the transmission of API data from the air carriers to the competent border authorities in accordance with this Regulation and to PIUs in accordance with Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] , and should not be a repository of API data. Therefore, and in order to minimise any risk of unauthorised access or other misuse and in accordance with the principle of data minimisation, any storage of the API data on the router should remain limited to what is strictly necessary for technical purposes related to the transmission and the API data should be deleted from the router, immediately, permanently and in an automated manner, from the moment that the transmission has been completed or, where relevant under Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], the API data is not to be transmitted at all.	
Recital 20				
29	(20) With a view to ensuring the proper functioning of the transmission of API data from router, the Commission should be	(20) With a view to ensuring the proper functioning of the transmission of API data from router, the Commission should be	(20) With a view to ensuring the proper functioning of the transmission of API data from router, the Commission should be	

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	empowered to lay down detailed technical and procedural rules on that transmission. Those rules should be such as to ensure that the transmission is secure, effective and swift and impacts passengers' travel and air carriers no more than necessary.	empowered to lay down detailed technical and procedural rules on that transmission. Those rules should be such as to ensure that the transmission is secure, effective and swift and impacts passengers' travel <u>rights</u> and air carriers no more than necessary.	empowered to lay down detailed technical and procedural rules on that transmission. Those rules should be such as to ensure that the transmission is secure, effective and swift and impacts passengers' travel and air carriers no more than necessary.	
Recital 21				
30	(21) In order to allow air carriers to benefit as soon as possible from the advantages offered by the use of the router developed by eu-LISA in accordance with this Regulation and to gain experience in using it, air carriers should be provided with the possibility, but not the obligation, to use the router to transmit the information that they are required to transmit under Directive 2004/82/EC during an interim period. That interim period should commence at the moment at which the router starts operations and end when the obligations under that Directive cease to apply. With a view to ensuring that any such voluntary use of the router takes place in a responsible manner, the prior written agreement of the responsible authority that is to	(21) In order to allow air carriers to benefit as soon as possible from the advantages offered by the use of the router developed by eu-LISA in accordance with this Regulation and to gain experience in using it, air carriers should be provided with the possibility, but not the obligation, to use the router to transmit the information that they are required to transmit under Directive 2004/82/EC during an interim period. That interim period should commence at the moment at which the router starts operations and end when the obligations under that Directive cease to apply. With a view to ensuring that any such voluntary use of the router takes place in a responsible manner, the prior written agreement of the responsible authority that is to	(21) In order to allow air carriers to benefit as soon as possible from the advantages offered by the use of the router developed by eu-LISA in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation [API law enforcement] , and to gain experience in using it, air carriers should be provided with the possibility, but not the obligation, to use the router to transmit the information that they are required to transmit under Directive 2004/82/EC during an interim period. That interim period should commence at the moment at which the router starts operations and end when the obligations under that Directive cease to apply. With a view to ensuring that any such voluntary use of the router takes place in a responsible manner, the	

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	receive the information should be required, upon request of the air carrier and after that authority having conducted verifications and obtained assurances, as necessary. Similarly, in order to avoid a situation in which air carriers repeatedly start and stop using the router, once an air carrier starts such use on a voluntary basis, it should be required to continue it, unless there are objective reasons to discontinue the use for the transmission of the information to the responsible authority concerned, such as it having become apparent that the information is not transmitted in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner. In the interest of the proper application of this possibility of voluntarily using the router, with due regard to the rights and interests of all affected parties, the necessary rules on consultations and the provision of information should be provided for. Any such voluntary use of the router in application of Directive 2004/82/EC as provided for in this Regulation should not be understood as affecting in any way the obligations of the air carriers	receive the information should be required, upon request of the air carrier and after that authority having conducted verifications and obtained assurances, as necessary. Similarly, in order to avoid a situation in which air carriers repeatedly start and stop using the router, once an air carrier starts such use on a voluntary basis, it should be required to continue it, unless there are objective reasons to discontinue the use for the transmission of the information to the responsible authority concerned, such as it having become apparent that the information is not transmitted in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner. In the interest of the proper application of this possibility of voluntarily using the router, with due regard to the rights and interests of all affected parties, the necessary rules on consultations and the provision of information should be provided for. Any such voluntary use of the router in application of Directive 2004/82/EC as provided for in this Regulation should not be understood as affecting in any way the obligations of the air carriers	prior written agreement of the responsible authority-Member State that is to receive the information should be required, upon request of the air carrier and after that authority having conducted verifications and obtained assurances, as necessary. Similarly, in order to avoid a situation in which air carriers repeatedly start and stop using the router, once an air carrier starts such use on a voluntary basis, it should be required to continue it, unless there are objective reasons to discontinue the use for the transmission of the information to the responsible authority-Member State concerned, such as it having become apparent that the information is not transmitted in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner. In the interest of the proper application of this possibility of voluntarily using the router, with due regard to the rights and interests of all affected parties, the necessary rules on consultations and the provision of information should be provided for. Any such voluntary use of the router in application of Directive 2004/82/EC as provided for in this	

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	and the Member States under that Directive.	and the Member States under that Directive.	Regulation should not be understood as affecting in any way the obligations of the air carriers and the Member States under that Directive.	
Recital 22				
31	(22) The router to be created and operated under this Regulation should reduce and simplify the technical connections needed to transfer API data, limiting them to a single connection per air carrier and per competent border authority. Therefore, this Regulation provides for the obligation for the competent border authorities and air carriers to each establish such a connection to, and achieve the required integration with, the router, so as to ensure that the system for transferring API data established by this Regulation can function properly. To give effect to those obligations and to ensure the proper functioning of the system set up by this Regulation, they should be supplemented by detailed rules.	(22) The router to be created and operated under this Regulation <u>and Regulation (EU) [API Law Enforcement]</u> should reduce and simplify the technical connections needed to transfer API data, limiting them to a single connection per air carrier and per competent border authority. Therefore, this Regulation provides for the obligation for the competent border authorities and air carriers to each establish such a connection to, and achieve the required integration with, the router, so as to ensure that the system for transferring API data established by this Regulation can function properly. To give effect to those obligations and <u>The design and development of the router by eu-LISA should enable the effective and efficient connection and integration of air carriers' systems and infrastructure by providing</u>	(22) The router to be created and operated under this Regulation as well as under Regulation [API law enforcement] should reduce and simplify the technical connections needed to transfer API data under this Regulation , limiting them to a single connection per air carrier and per competent border authority. Therefore, this Regulation provides for the obligation for the competent border authorities and air carriers to each establish such a connection to, and achieve the required integration with, the router, so as to ensure that the system for transferring API data established by this Regulation can function properly. To give effect to those obligations and to ensure the proper functioning of the system set up by this Regulation, they should be supplemented by detailed rules.	

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		<u>for all relevant standards and technical requirements.</u> To ensure the proper functioning of the system set up by this Regulation, they <u>detailed rules</u> should be supplemented by detailed rules <u>provided. When designing and developing the router, eu-LISA should ensure that API data transferred by air carriers and transmitted to competent border authorities is encrypted in transit.</u>		
Recital 23				
32	(23) In view of the Union interests at stake, the costs incurred by eu-LISA for the performance of its tasks under this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] in respect of the router should be borne by the Union budget. The same should go for appropriate costs incurred by the Member States in relation to their connections to, and integration with, the router, as required under this Regulation and in accordance with the applicable legislation, subject to certain exceptions. The costs covered by those exceptions should be borne by each Member State concerned	(23) In view of the Union interests at stake, the costs incurred by <u>the European Data Protection Supervisor and</u> eu-LISA for the performance of its tasks under this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] in respect of the router should be borne by the Union budget. The same should go for appropriate costs incurred by the Member States in relation to their connections to, and integration with, the router <u>and costs related to the maintenance of those connections</u> , as required under this Regulation and in accordance with the applicable legislation, subject to certain	(23) In view of the Union interests at stake, all the costs incurred by eu-LISA for the performance of its tasks under this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] in respect of the router should be borne by the Union budget, including the design and development of the router, the hosting and technical management of the router, and the governance structure at eu-LISA to support the design, development, hosting and technical management of the router should be borne by the Union budget. The same should go	

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	itself.	exceptions. The costs covered by those exceptions should be borne by each Member State concerned itself. <u>The Union budget should also cover the support, such as training, by eu-LISA to air carriers and border authorities to enable effective transfer and transmission of API data through the router. The costs incurred by the independent national supervisory authorities in relation to the tasks entrusted to them under this Regulation shall be borne by the respective Member States as well.</u>	for appropriate may apply for the costs incurred by the Member States in relation to their connections to, and integration with, the router and their maintenance , as required under this Regulation and in accordance with the applicable legislation; subject to certain exceptions. The costs covered by those exceptions. It is important that the Union budget provides appropriate financial support to the Member States for that. To that end, the financial needs of the Member States should be borne by each Member State concerned itself addressed by the Instrument for Financial Support for Border Management and Visa Policy and by the Internal Security Fund, including through their thematic facilities and in the mid-term review allocations, and in the programming of their successor instruments.	
Recital 24				
33	(24) It cannot be excluded that, due to exceptional circumstances and despite all reasonable measures having been taken in accordance	(24) It cannot be excluded that, due to exceptional circumstances and despite all reasonable measures having been taken in accordance	(24) It cannot be excluded that, due to exceptional circumstances and despite all reasonable measures having been taken in accordance	

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	with this Regulation, the router or the systems or infrastructure connecting the competent border authorities and the air carriers thereto fail to function properly, thus leading to a technical impossibility to use the router to transmit API data. Given the unavailability of the router and that it will generally not be reasonably possible for air carriers to transfer the API data affected by the failure in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner through alternative means, the obligation for air carriers to transfer that API data to the router should cease to apply for as long as the technical impossibility persist. In order to minimise the duration and negative consequences thereof, the parties concerned should in such a case immediately inform each other and immediately take all necessary measures to address the technical impossibility. Considering that API data relating to flights that already arrived is not useful for border checks, there is in such a case no justification for requiring the air carriers to collect and store the API data. This arrangement should be without prejudice to the obligations	with this Regulation, the router or the systems or infrastructure connecting the competent border authorities and the air carriers thereto fail to function properly, thus leading to a technical impossibility to use the router to transmit API data. Given the unavailability of the router and that it will generally not be reasonably possible for air carriers to transfer the API data affected by the failure in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner through alternative means, the obligation for air carriers to transfer that API data to the router should cease to apply for as long as the technical impossibility persist. In order to minimise the duration and negative consequences thereof, the parties concerned should in such a case immediately inform each other and immediately take all necessary measures to address the technical impossibility. Considering that API data relating to flights that already arrived is not useful for border checks, there is in such a case no justification for requiring the air carriers to collect and store the API data. This arrangement should be without prejudice to the obligations	with this Regulation, the router or the systems or infrastructure connecting the competent border authorities and the air carriers thereto fail to function properly, thus leading to a technical impossibility to use the router to transmit API data. Given the unavailability of the router and that it will generally not be reasonably possible for air carriers to transfer the API data affected by the failure in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner through alternative means, the obligation for air carriers to transfer that API data to the router should cease to apply for as long as the technical impossibility persist. In order to minimise the duration and negative consequences thereof, the parties concernedHowever, air carriers should in such a case immediately inform each other and immediately take all necessary measures to address the technical impossibility. Considering that API data relating to flights that already arrived is not useful for border checks, there is in such a case no justification for requiring the air carrierscontinue to collect and store the API data. This arrangement should be without	

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	under this Regulation of all parties concerned to ensure that the router and their respective systems and infrastructure function properly, as well as the fact that air carriers are subject to penalties when they fail to meet those obligations, including when they seek to rely on this arrangement where such reliance is not justified. In order to deter such abuse and to facilitate supervision and, where necessary, the imposition of penalties, air carriers that rely on this arrangement on account of the failure of their own system and infrastructure should report thereon to the competent supervisory authority.	under this Regulation of all parties concerned to ensure that the router and their respective systems and infrastructure function properly, as well as the fact that air carriers are subject to penalties when they fail to meet those obligations, including when they seek to rely on this arrangement where such reliance is not justified. In order to deter such abuse and to facilitate supervision and, where necessary, the imposition of penalties, air carriers that rely on this arrangement on account of the failure of their own system and infrastructure should report thereon to the competent supervisory authority.	prejudice to the obligations under this Regulation of all parties concerned to ensure that the router and their respective systems and infrastructure function properly, as well as the fact that air carriers are subject to penalties when they fail to meet those obligations, including when they seek to rely on this arrangement where such reliance is not justified technical impossibility has been solved. In order to deter such abuse and to facilitate supervision and, where necessary, the imposition of penalties, air carriers that rely on this arrangement on account of the failure of their own system and infrastructure should report thereon to the competent supervisory authority minimise the duration and negative consequences of any technical impossibility, the parties concerned should in such a case immediately inform each other and immediately take all necessary measures to address the technical impossibility.	
Recital 24a				
33a			(24a) Where air carriers	

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			maintain direct connections to competent border authorities for the transfer of API data, these connections may provide appropriate means ensuring the necessary level of data security to transfer API data directly to the competent border authorities in case of technical impossibility to use the router. Competent border authorities should be able, in the exceptional case of technical impossibility to use the router, to request air carriers to use such appropriate means. This should not imply an obligation on air carriers to maintain or introduce such direct connections or any other appropriate means ensuring the necessary level of data security to transfer API data directly to the competent border authorities.	
Recital 25				
34	(25) In the interest of ensuring compliance with the fundamental right to protection of personal data, this Regulation should identify the controller and processor and set out rules on audits. In the interest of effective monitoring, ensuring	(25) In the interest of ensuring compliance with the fundamental right of the passengers to the protection of <u>their</u> personal data, this Regulation should identify the controller and processor and set out rules on audits. In the interest of	(25) In the interest of ensuring compliance with the fundamental right to protection of personal data, this Regulation should identify the controller and processor and set out lay down rules on audits personal data controllers .	

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	adequate protection of personal data and minimising security risks, rules should also be provided for on logging, security of processing and self-monitoring. Where they relate to the processing of personal data, those provisions should be understood as complementing the generally applicable acts of Union law on the protection of personal data, in particular Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ and Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and the Council.² Those acts, which also apply to the processing of personal data under this Regulation in accordance with the provisions thereof, should not be affected by this Regulation. 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1). 2. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies	effective monitoring, ensuring adequate protection of personal data and minimising security risks, rules should also be provided for on logging, security of processing and self-monitoring. Where they relate to the processing of personal data, those provisions should be understood as complementing the generally applicable acts of Union law on the protection of personal data, in particular Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ and Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and the Council.² Those acts, which also apply to the processing of personal data under this Regulation in accordance with the provisions thereof, should not be affected by this Regulation. 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1). 2. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union	In the interest of effective monitoring, ensuring adequate protection of personal data and minimising security risks, rules should also be provided for on logging, security of processing and self-monitoring. Where they relate to the processing of personal data, those provisions should be in line with understood as complementing the generally applicable acts of Union law on the protection of personal data, in particular Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹ and Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and the Council.² Those acts, which also apply to the processing of personal data under this Regulation in accordance with the provisions thereof, should not be affected by this Regulation. 1. [1] Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1). 2. [2] Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the	

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	and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	
	Recital 25a			
34a		<u>(25a) Taking into account the right of passengers to be informed of the processing of their personal data, Member States should ensure that passengers are provided with accurate information about the collection of API data, the transfer of that data to the competent border authorities and their rights as data subjects that is easily accessible and easy to understand, at the moment of booking and at the moment of check-in .</u>		
	Recital 25a			
34b			(25a) Without prejudice to more specific rules laid down in this Regulation for the processing of personal data, Regulation (EU) 2016/679 should apply to the processing of personal data by	

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			the Member States and air carriers under this Regulation. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council should apply to the processing of personal data by eu-LISA when carrying out its responsibilities under this Regulation.	
Recital 25b				
34c			(25b) In the interest of ensuring compliance with the fundamental right to protection of personal data, this Regulation should also set out rules on audits. The audits that Member States are responsible for should be carried out by the supervisory authorities referred to in Article 51 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or by an auditing body entrusted with this task by the supervisory authority.	
Recital 26				
35	(26) In particular, the purposes of the processing operations under this Regulation, namely the transmission of API data from air	(26) In particular, the purposes of the processing operations under this Regulation, namely the transmission of API data from air	(26) In particular, the purposes of the processing operations under this Regulation, namely the transmission of API data from air	

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	carriers via the router to the competent border authorities of the Member States, are to assist those authorities in the performance of their border management obligations and tasks related to combating illegal immigration. Therefore, the competent border authorities receiving the API data should be controllers for the transmission of API data constituting personal data via router and the storage of that data on the router insofar as such storage is needed for technical purposes, and for any of their processing subsequently using that data to enhance and facilitate border checks at external borders. The air carriers, in turn, should be separate controllers regarding the processing of API data constituting personal data that they are obliged to undertake under this Regulation. On this basis, both the air carriers and the competent border authorities should be separate data controllers with regard to their own respective processing of API data under this Regulation.	carriers via the router to the competent border authorities of the Member States, are to assist those authorities in the performance of their border management obligations and tasks related to combating illegal immigration. Therefore, the competent border authorities receiving the API data should be controllers for the transmission of API data constituting personal data via router and the storage of that data on the router insofar as such storage is needed for technical purposes, and for any of their processing subsequently using that data to enhance and facilitate border checks at external borders. The air carriers, in turn, should be separate controllers regarding the processing of API data constituting personal data that they are obliged to undertake under this Regulation. On this basis, both the air carriers and the competent border authorities should be separate data controllers with regard to their own respective processing of API data under this Regulation.	carriers via the router to the competent border authorities of the Member States, are to assist those authorities in the performance of their border management obligations and tasks related to combating illegal immigration. Therefore, the competent border authorities receiving the API data should be controllers for the transmission As responsible for the design, development, hosting and technical management of the router, eu-LISA should be the controller for its processing of API data constituting personal data via the router, including and the storage of that data on the router insofar as such storage is needed for technical purposes, and for any of their processing subsequently using. Member States should designate authorities to be controllers for the subsequent processing of that data to enhance and facilitate border checks at external borders. The air carriers, in turn, should be separate controllers regarding the processing of API data constituting personal data that they are obliged to undertake under this Regulation. On this basis, both the air carriers,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			eu-LISA and the authorities designated by the Member State, competent border authorities should be separate data controllers with regard to their own respective processing of API data under this Regulation.	
Recital 27				
36	(27) In order to ensure that the rules of this Regulation are applied effectively by air carriers, provision should be made for the designation and empowerment of national authorities charged with the supervision of those rules. The rules of this Regulation on such supervision, including as regards the imposition of penalties where necessary, should leave the tasks and powers of the supervisory authorities established in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 unaffected, including in relation to the processing of personal data under this Regulation.	(27) In order to ensure that the rules of this Regulation are applied effectively by air carriers, provision should be made for the designation and empowerment of national authorities charged with the supervision of those rules. The rules of this Regulation on such supervision, including as regards the imposition of penalties where necessary, should leave the tasks and powers of the supervisory authorities established in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 unaffected, including in relation to the processing of personal data under this Regulation.	(27) In order to ensure that the rules of this Regulation are applied effectively by air carriers, provision should be made for the designation and empowerment of national authorities as national API supervision authorities charged with the supervision of those rules. Member States may designate their competent border authorities as national API supervision authorities. The rules of this Regulation on such supervision, including as regards the imposition of penalties where necessary, should leave the tasks and powers of the supervisory authorities established in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 unaffected, including in relation to the processing of personal data under this Regulation.	

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Recital 28				
37	(28) Effective, proportionate and dissuasive penalties, including financial ones, should be provided for by Member States against those air carriers failing to meet their obligations regarding the collection and transfer of API data under this Regulation.	(28) Effective, proportionate and dissuasive penalties, including financial ones, should be provided for by Member States against those air carriers failing to meet their obligations regarding the collection and transfer of API data under this Regulation.	(28) Effective, proportionate and dissuasive penalties, including which include financial as well as non-financial ones, should be provided for by Member States against those air carriers failing to meet their obligations under this Regulation, including on regarding the collection of API data by automated means and the and transfer of the data in accordance with the required time frames, formats and protocols. In particular, Member States should ensure that a recurrent failure on the part of air carriers as legal persons to comply with their obligation to transfer any API data to the router in accordance with this Regulation is subject to proportionate financial penalties of up to 4% of the air carrier's global turnover of the preceding financial year. In addition, Member States may apply financial penalties to air carriers for other forms of non-compliance with obligations under this Regulation.	

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Recital 28a				
37a		<u>(28a) When providing for the penalties applicable to air carriers under this Regulation, Member States should take into account the technical and operational feasibility of ensuring complete data accuracy. Additionally, when penalties are imposed, their application and value should be established taking into consideration the actions undertaken by the air carrier to mitigate the issue as well as its level of cooperation with national authorities.</u>		
Recital 28a				
37b			(28a) There should be a single governance structure for the purposes of this Regulation and Regulation [API law enforcement]. With the objective to enable and foster communication between the representatives of air carriers, of Member States authorities competent under this Regulation and under Regulation [API law	

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			enforcement] to have API data transmitted from the router, two dedicated bodies should be established at the latest two years after the start of operations of the router. Technical matters related to the usage and functioning of the router should be discussed in the API-PNR Contact Group where eu-LISA representatives should be also present. Policy matters such as in relation to penalties should be discussed in the API Expert Group.	
Recital 29				
38	(29) As this Regulation provides for the establishment of new rules on the collection and transfer of API data by competent border authorities for the purpose of enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders, Directive 2004/82/EC should be repealed.	(29) As this Regulation provides for the establishment of new rules on the collection and transfer of API data by competent border authorities for the purpose of enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders, Directive 2004/82/EC should be repealed.	(29) As this Regulation provides for the establishment of new rules on the collection and transfer of API data by competent border authorities for the purpose of enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders, Directive 2004/82/EC should be repealed.	
Recital 30				
39	(30) As the router should be	(30) As the router should be	(30) As the router should be	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	designed, developed, hosted and technically managed by the eu-LISA, established by Regulation (EU) 2018/1726 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹, it is necessary to amend that Regulation by adding that task to the tasks of eu-LISA. In order to store reports and statistics of the router on the Common Repository for Reporting and Statistics it is necessary to amend Regulation (EU) 2019/817 of the European Parliament and of the Council². 1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1726 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 November 2018 on the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA), and amending Regulation (EC) No 1987/2006 and Council Decision 2007/533/JHA and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1077/2011 (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 99). 2. Regulation (EU) 2019/817 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 on establishing a framework for interoperability between EU information systems in the field of borders and visa and amending Regulations (EC) No 767/2008, (EU) 2016/399, (EU) 2017/2226, (EU) 2018/1240, (EU) 2018/1726 and (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Decisions 2004/512/EC and 2008/633/JHA (OJ L 135, 22.5.2019, p.	designed, developed, hosted and technically managed by the eu-LISA, established by Regulation (EU) 2018/1726 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹, it is necessary to amend that Regulation by adding that task to the tasks of eu-LISA. In order to store reports and statistics of the router on the Common<u>Central</u> Repository for Reporting and Statistics it is necessary to amend Regulation (EU) 2019/817 of the European Parliament and of the Council². <u><i>The Central Repository for Reporting and Statistics should only provide statistics based on API data for the implementation and effective supervision of this Regulation. The data that the router automatically transmits to the Common Repository for Reporting and Statistics to that end should not allow for the identification of the passengers concerned.</i></u> 1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1726 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 November 2018 on the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA), and amending Regulation (EC) No 1987/2006 and Council Decision	designed, developed, hosted and technically managed by the eu-LISA, established by Regulation (EU) 2018/1726 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹, it is necessary to amend that Regulation by adding that task to the tasks of eu-LISA. In order to store reports and statistics of the router on the Common Repository for Reporting and Statistics it is necessary to amend Regulation (EU) 2019/817 of the European Parliament and of the Council². In order to support the enforcement of this Regulation by the national API supervision authority, this should include statistics on whether the API data is accurate and complete, for example by indicating whether the data was collected by automated means. 1. [1] Regulation (EU) 2018/1726 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 November 2018 on the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA), and amending Regulation (EC) No 1987/2006 and Council Decision 2007/533/JHA and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1077/2011 (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 99). 2. [2] Regulation (EU) 2019/817 of the European Parliament and of the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	27).	2007/533/JHA and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1077/2011 (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 99). 2. Regulation (EU) 2019/817 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 on establishing a framework for interoperability between EU information systems in the field of borders and visa and amending Regulations (EC) No 767/2008, (EU) 2016/399, (EU) 2017/2226, (EU) 2018/1240, (EU) 2018/1726 and (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Decisions 2004/512/EC and 2008/633/JHA (OJ L 135, 22.5.2019, p. 27).	Council of 20 May 2019 on establishing a framework for interoperability between EU information systems in the field of borders and visa and amending Regulations (EC) No 767/2008, (EU) 2016/399, (EU) 2017/2226, (EU) 2018/1240, (EU) 2018/1726 and (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Decisions 2004/512/EC and 2008/633/JHA (OJ L 135, 22.5.2019, p. 27).	
Recital 31				
40	(31) In order to adopt measures relating to the technical requirements and operational rules for the automated means for the collection of machine-readable API data, to the common protocols and formats to be used for the transfer of API data by air carriers, to the technical and procedural rules for the transmission of API data from the router to the competent border authorities and to the PIUs and to the PIU's and air carriers' connections to and integration with the router, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of	(31) In order to adopt measures relating to the technical requirements and operational rules for the automated means for the collection of machine-readable API data, to the common protocols and formats to be used for the transfer of API data by air carriers, to the technical and procedural rules for the transmission of API data from the router to the competent border authorities and to the PIUs and to the PIU's and air carriers' connections to and integration with the router, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of	(31) In order to adopt measures relating to the technical requirements and operational rules for the automated means for the collection of machine-readable API data, to the common protocols and formats to be used for the transfer of API data by air carriers, to the technical and procedural rules for the transmission of API data from the router to the competent border authorities and to the PIUs and to the PIU's and air carriers' connections to and integration with the router, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of	

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	the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of Articles 5, 6, 11, 20 and 21 respectively. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016¹. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. ¹. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of Articles 5, 6, 11, 20 and 21 respectively. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations <u>with relevant stakeholders, including air carriers,</u> during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016¹. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. <u>Taking into account the state of the art, these technical requirements and rules might change over time.</u> ¹. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of Articles 5, 6, 11, 20 and 21 respectively. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016¹. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. ¹. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	
Recital 31a				

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40a		<u>(31a) It is important to collect reliable and useful statistics based on the implementation of this Regulation in order to support its objectives and inform the evaluations under this Regulation. Such statistics should not contain any personally identifiable data. All relevant stakeholders, including relevant Member State authorities, Europol and, where appropriate, air carriers, should have access to those statistics.</u>		
Recital 32				
41	(32) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation, namely as regards the start of operations of the router, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹. ¹. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning	(32) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation, namely as regards the start of operations of the router, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹. ¹. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning	(32) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation, namely as regards the start of operations of the router, the technical requirements and operational rules for the automated means for the collection of machine-readable API data, the common protocols and formats to be used for the transfer of API data by air carriers, the detailed rules on correcting, completing and updating API data, the technical and procedural rules for the data verifications and notifications,	

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	mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).	mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).	the technical and procedural rules for the transmission of API data from the router to the competent border authorities, and the competent border authorities' and air carriers' connections to and integration with the router, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹. 1. [1] Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).	
Recital 33				
42	(33) All interested parties, and in particular the air carriers and the competent border authorities, should be afforded sufficient time to make the necessary preparations to be able to meet their respective obligations under this Regulation, taking into account that some of	(33) All interested parties, and in particular the air carriers and the competent border authorities, should be afforded sufficient time to make the necessary preparations to be able to meet their respective obligations under this Regulation, taking into account that some of	(33) All interested parties, and in particular the air carriers and the competent border authorities, should be afforded sufficient time to make the necessary preparations to be able to meet their respective obligations under this Regulation, taking into account that some of	

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	those preparations, such as those regarding the obligations on the connection to and integration with the router, can only be finalised when the design and development phases of the router have been completed and the router starts operations. Therefore, this Regulation should apply only from an appropriate date after the date at which the router starts operations, as specified by the Commission in accordance with this Regulation.	those preparations, such as those regarding the obligations on the connection to and integration with the router, can only be finalised when the design and development phases of the router have been completed and the router starts operations. Therefore, this Regulation should apply only from an appropriate date after the date at which the router starts operations, as specified by the Commission in accordance with this Regulation.	those preparations, such as those regarding the obligations on the connection to and integration with the router, can only be finalised when the design and development phases of the router have been completed and the router starts operations. Therefore, this Regulation should apply only from an appropriate date after the date at which the router starts operations, as specified by the Commission in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation [API law enforcement] .	
Recital 34				
43	(34) However, the design and development phases of the router should be commenced and completed as soon as possible so that the router can start operations as soon as possible, which also requires the adoption of the relevant implementing and delegated acts provided for by this Regulation. The clarification provided by this Regulation regarding the application of specifications concerning the use of automated means in application of Directive 2004/82/EC should	(34) However, the design and development phases of the router should be commenced and completed as soon as possible so that the router can start operations as soon as possible, which also requires the adoption of the relevant implementing and delegated acts provided for by this Regulation. The clarification provided by this Regulation regarding the application of specifications concerning the use of automated means in application of Directive 2004/82/EC should	(34) However, the design and development phases of the router established under this Regulation and Regulation [API law enforcement] should be commenced and completed as soon as possible so that the router can start operations as soon as possible, which also requires the adoption of the relevant implementing and delegated acts provided for by this Regulation. For the smooth and effective development of these phases, a dedicated Programme Management Board	

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	also be provided without delay. Therefore, the articles on those matters should apply from the date of the entry into force of this Regulation. In addition, in order to allow for the voluntary use of the router as soon as possible, the article on such use, as well as certain other articles needed to ensure that such use takes place in a responsible manner, should apply from the earliest possible moment, that is, from the moment at which the router starts operations.	also be provided without delay. Therefore, the articles on those matters should apply from the date of the entry into force of this Regulation. In addition, in order to allow for the voluntary use of the router as soon as possible, the article on such use, as well as certain other articles needed to ensure that such use takes place in a responsible manner, should apply from the earliest possible moment, that is, from the moment at which the router starts operations.	should be established with the function to supervise eu-LISA on fulfilling its tasks during these phases. ItThe clarification provided by this Regulation regarding the application of specifications concerning the use of automated means in application of Directive 2004/82/EC should also be provided without delay. Therefore, the articles on those matters should apply from the date of the entry into force of this cease to exist two years after the router has started its operations. In addition, a dedicated advisory body, the API-PNR Advisory Group, should be created in accordance with Regulation.In addition, in order to allow for the voluntary use of the router as soon as possible, the article on such use (EU) 2018/1726, with the objectives to provide expertise to eu-LISA and to the Programme Management Board on the design and development phases of the router, as well as certain other articles needed to ensure that such use takes place in a responsible manner, should apply from the earliest possible moment, that is, from the moment at which	

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			the router starts operationsto eu-LISA on the hosting and management of the router. The Programme Management Board and the API-PNR Advisory Group should be established and operated following the models of existing programme management boards and advisory groups.	
Recital 34a				
43a		<u>(34a) This Regulation should be subject to regular evaluations to ensure the monitoring of its effective application. In particular, the collection of API data should not be to the detriment of the travel experience of legitimate passengers. Therefore, the Commission should include in its regular evaluation reports on the application of this Regulation an assessment of the impact of this Regulation on the travel experience of legitimate passengers.</u>		
Recital 34a				
43b			(34a) The clarification provided	

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			by this Regulation regarding the application of specifications concerning the use of automated means in application of Directive 2004/82/EC should also be provided without delay. Therefore, the articles on those matters should apply from the date of the entry into force of this Regulation. In addition, in order to allow for the voluntary use of the router as soon as possible, the article on such use, as well as certain other articles needed to ensure that such use takes place in a responsible manner, should apply from the earliest possible moment, that is, from the moment at which the router starts operations.	
Recital 34b				
43c		<u>(34b) Given that this Regulation requires additional adjustment and administrative costs by the air carriers, the overall regulatory burden for the aviation sector should be kept under close review. Against this backdrop, the report evaluating the functioning of this Regulation should assess the extent to which the objectives of</u>		

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		<u>the Regulation have been met and to which extent it has impacted the competitiveness of the sector. Therefore, the Commission's report should also conduct a holistic assessment and refer to the interaction of this Regulation with other relevant Union legislative acts, in particular Regulations (EU) 2017/2226, (EU) 2018/1240 and (EC) 767/2008. The report should assess the overall impact of related reporting obligations on air carriers, identifying provisions that could be updated and simplified, where appropriate, to mitigate the burden on air carriers, as well as actions and measures that have been or could be taken to reduce the total cost pressure on the aviation sector.</u>		
Recital 34b				
43d			(34b) As national security remains the sole responsibility of each Member State, this Regulation should not prevent Member States from adopting or maintaining their own respective national schemes for the collection of API data for	

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			national security purposes outside the scope of and without prejudice to applicable Union law.	
Recital 35				
44	(35) This Regulation should not affect the possibility for Member States to provide, under their national law, for a system of collecting API data from transportation providers other than those specified in this Regulation, provided that such national law complies with Union law.	(35) This Regulation should not affect the possibility for Member States to provide, under their national law, for a system of collecting API data from transportation providers other than those specified in this Regulation, provided that such national law complies with Union law.	(35) This Regulation should not affect the possibility for Member States to provide, under their national law, for a system of collecting API data from transportation providers other than those specified in this Regulation, provided that such national law complies with Union law.	
Recital 36				
45	(36) Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and combating illegal immigration, relate to matters that are inherently of a cross-border nature, they cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States individually, but can rather be better achieved at Union level. The Union may therefore adopt measures, in	(36) Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and combating illegal immigration, relate to matters that are inherently of a cross-border nature, they cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States individually, but can rather be better achieved at Union level. The Union may therefore adopt measures, in	(36) Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and combating illegal immigration, relate to matters that are inherently of a cross-border nature, they cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States individually, but can rather be better achieved at Union level. The Union may therefore adopt measures, in	

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	accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on the European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.	accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on the European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.	accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on the European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.	
Recital 37				
46	(37) In accordance with Articles 1 and 2 of Protocol No 22 on the position of Denmark, annexed to the TEU and to the TFEU, Denmark is not taking part in the adoption of this Regulation and is not bound by it or subject to its application. Given that this Regulation builds upon the Schengen acquis, Denmark shall, in accordance with Article 4 of that Protocol, decide within a period of six months after the Council has decided on this Regulation whether it will implement it in its national law.	(37) In accordance with Articles 1 and 2 of Protocol No 22 on the position of Denmark, annexed to the TEU and to the TFEU, Denmark is not taking part in the adoption of this Regulation and is not bound by it or subject to its application. Given that this Regulation builds upon the Schengen acquis, Denmark shall, in accordance with Article 4 of that Protocol, decide within a period of six months after the Council has decided on this Regulation whether it will implement it in its national law.	(37) In accordance with Articles 1 and 2 of Protocol No 22 on the position of Denmark, annexed to the TEU and to the TFEU, Denmark is not taking part in the adoption of this Regulation and is not bound by it or subject to its application. Given that this Regulation builds upon the Schengen acquis, Denmark shall, in accordance with Article 4 of that Protocol, decide within a period of six months after the Council has decided on this Regulation whether it will implement it in its national law.	
Recital 38				
47	(38) Ireland is taking part in this	(38) Ireland is taking part in this	(38) Ireland is taking part in this	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Regulation, in accordance with Article 5(1) of Protocol No 19 on the Schengen acquis integrated into the framework of the European Union, annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and Article 6(2) of Council Decision 2002/192/EC.¹ 1. Council Decision 2002/192/EC of 28 February 2002 concerning Ireland's request to take part in some of the provisions of the Schengen acquis (OJ L 64, 7.3.2002, p. 20).	Regulation, in accordance with Article 5(1) of Protocol No 19 on the Schengen acquis integrated into the framework of the European Union, annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and Article 6(2) of Council Decision 2002/192/EC.¹ 1. Council Decision 2002/192/EC of 28 February 2002 concerning Ireland's request to take part in some of the provisions of the Schengen acquis (OJ L 64, 7.3.2002, p. 20).	Regulation, in accordance with Article 5(1) of Protocol No 19 on the Schengen acquis integrated into the framework of the European Union, annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and Article 6(2) of Council Decision 2002/192/EC.¹ 1. Council Decision 2002/192/EC of 28 February 2002 concerning Ireland's request to take part in some of the provisions of the Schengen acquis (OJ L 64, 7.3.2002, p. 20).	
Recital 39				
48	(39) The participation of Ireland in this Regulation in accordance with Article 6(2) of Decision 2002/192/EC relates to the responsibilities of the Union for taking measures developing the provisions of the Schengen acquis against illegal immigration in which Ireland participates.	(39) The participation of Ireland in this Regulation in accordance with Article 6(2) of Decision 2002/192/EC relates to the responsibilities of the Union for taking measures developing the provisions of the Schengen acquis against illegal immigration in which Ireland participates.	(39) The participation of Ireland in this Regulation in accordance with Article 6(2) of Decision 2002/192/EC relates to the responsibilities of the Union for taking measures developing the provisions of the Schengen acquis against illegal immigration in which Ireland participates.	
Recital 40				
49	(40) As regards Iceland and Norway, this Regulation constitutes a development of the	(40) As regards Iceland and Norway, this Regulation constitutes a development of the	(40) As regards Iceland and Norway, this Regulation constitutes a development of the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	provisions of the Schengen acquis within the meaning of the Agreement concluded by the Council of the European Union and the Republic of Iceland and the Kingdom of Norway concerning the association of those two States with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis¹, which fall within the area referred to in Article 1, point A of Council Decision 1999/437/EC². 1. OJ L 176, 10.7.1999, p. 36. 2. Council Decision 1999/437/EC of 17 May 1999 on certain arrangements for the application of the Agreement concluded by the Council of the European Union and the Republic of Iceland and the Kingdom of Norway concerning the association of those two States with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis (OJ L 176, 10.7.1999, p. 31).	provisions of the Schengen acquis within the meaning of the Agreement concluded by the Council of the European Union and the Republic of Iceland and the Kingdom of Norway concerning the association of those two States with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis¹, which fall within the area referred to in Article 1, point A of Council Decision 1999/437/EC². 1. OJ L 176, 10.7.1999, p. 36. 2. Council Decision 1999/437/EC of 17 May 1999 on certain arrangements for the application of the Agreement concluded by the Council of the European Union and the Republic of Iceland and the Kingdom of Norway concerning the association of those two States with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis (OJ L 176, 10.7.1999, p. 31).	provisions of the Schengen acquis within the meaning of the Agreement concluded by the Council of the European Union and the Republic of Iceland and the Kingdom of Norway concerning the association of those two States with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis¹, which fall within the area referred to in Article 1, point A of Council Decision 1999/437/EC². 1. OJ L 176, 10.7.1999, p. 36. 2. Council Decision 1999/437/EC of 17 May 1999 on certain arrangements for the application of the Agreement concluded by the Council of the European Union and the Republic of Iceland and the Kingdom of Norway concerning the association of those two States with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis (OJ L 176, 10.7.1999, p. 31).	
Recital 41				
50	(41) As regards Switzerland, this Regulation constitutes a development of the provisions of the Schengen acquis within the meaning of the Agreement between the European Union, the European Community and the Swiss	(41) As regards Switzerland, this Regulation constitutes a development of the provisions of the Schengen acquis within the meaning of the Agreement between the European Union, the European Community and the Swiss	(41) As regards Switzerland, this Regulation constitutes a development of the provisions of the Schengen acquis within the meaning of the Agreement between the European Union, the European Community and the Swiss	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis¹, which fall within the area referred to in Article 1, point A of Decision 1999/437/EC, read in conjunction with Article 3 of Council Decision 2008/146/EC². 1. OJ L 53, 27.2.2008, p. 52. 2. Council Decision 2008/146/EC of 28 January 2008 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Community, of the Agreement between the European Union, the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis (OJ L 53, 27.2.2008, p. 1).	Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis¹, which fall within the area referred to in Article 1, point A of Decision 1999/437/EC, read in conjunction with Article 3 of Council Decision 2008/146/EC². 1. OJ L 53, 27.2.2008, p. 52. 2. Council Decision 2008/146/EC of 28 January 2008 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Community, of the Agreement between the European Union, the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis (OJ L 53, 27.2.2008, p. 1).	Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis¹, which fall within the area referred to in Article 1, point A of Decision 1999/437/EC, read in conjunction with Article 3 of Council Decision 2008/146/EC². 1. OJ L 53, 27.2.2008, p. 52. 2. Council Decision 2008/146/EC of 28 January 2008 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Community, of the Agreement between the European Union, the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis (OJ L 53, 27.2.2008, p. 1).	
Recital 42				
51	(42) As regards Liechtenstein, this Regulation constitutes a development of the provisions of the Schengen acquis within the meaning of the Protocol between the European Union, the European Community, the Swiss Confederation and the Principality of Liechtenstein on the accession of the Principality of Liechtenstein to the Agreement between the	(42) As regards Liechtenstein, this Regulation constitutes a development of the provisions of the Schengen acquis within the meaning of the Protocol between the European Union, the European Community, the Swiss Confederation and the Principality of Liechtenstein on the accession of the Principality of Liechtenstein to the Agreement between the	(42) As regards Liechtenstein, this Regulation constitutes a development of the provisions of the Schengen acquis within the meaning of the Protocol between the European Union, the European Community, the Swiss Confederation and the Principality of Liechtenstein on the accession of the Principality of Liechtenstein to the Agreement between the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	European Union, the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis¹ which fall within the area referred to in Article 1, point A, of Council Decision 1999/437/EC read in conjunction with Article 3 of Council Decision 2011/350/EU². 1. OJ L 160, 18.6.2011, p. 21. 2. Council Decision 2011/350/EU of 7 March 2011 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Protocol between the European Union, the European Community, the Swiss Confederation and the Principality of Liechtenstein on the accession of the Principality of Liechtenstein to the Agreement between the European Union, the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis, relating to the abolition of checks at internal borders and movement of persons (OJ L 160, 18.6.2011, p. 19).	European Union, the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis¹ which fall within the area referred to in Article 1, point A, of Council Decision 1999/437/EC read in conjunction with Article 3 of Council Decision 2011/350/EU². 1. OJ L 160, 18.6.2011, p. 21. 2. Council Decision 2011/350/EU of 7 March 2011 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Protocol between the European Union, the European Community, the Swiss Confederation and the Principality of Liechtenstein on the accession of the Principality of Liechtenstein to the Agreement between the European Union, the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis, relating to the abolition of checks at internal borders and movement of persons (OJ L 160, 18.6.2011, p. 19).	European Union, the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis¹ which fall within the area referred to in Article 1, point A, of Council Decision 1999/437/EC read in conjunction with Article 3 of Council Decision 2011/350/EU². 1. OJ L 160, 18.6.2011, p. 21. 2. Council Decision 2011/350/EU of 7 March 2011 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Protocol between the European Union, the European Community, the Swiss Confederation and the Principality of Liechtenstein on the accession of the Principality of Liechtenstein to the Agreement between the European Union, the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis, relating to the abolition of checks at internal borders and movement of persons (OJ L 160, 18.6.2011, p. 19).	
Recital 43				
52	(43) As regards Cyprus, Bulgaria and Romania and Croatia, this Regulation constitutes an act building upon, or otherwise	(43) As regards Cyprus, Bulgaria and Romania and Croatia, this Regulation constitutes an act building upon, or otherwise	(43) As regards Cyprus, Bulgaria and Romania and Croatia, this Regulation constitutes an act building upon, or otherwise	

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	relating to, the Schengen acquis within, respectively, the meaning of Article 3(1) of the 2003 Act of Accession, Article 4(1) of the 2005 Act of Accession and Article 4(1) of the 2011 Act of Accession.	relating to, the Schengen acquis within, respectively, the meaning of Article 3(1) of the 2003 Act of Accession, Article 4(1) of the 2005 Act of Accession and Article 4(1) of the 2011 Act of Accession.	relating to, the Schengen acquis within, respectively, the meaning of Article 3(1) of the 2003 Act of Accession, Article 4(1) of the 2005 Act of Accession and Article 4(1) of the 2011 Act of Accession.	
Recital 44				
53	(44) The European Data Protection Supervisor was consulted in accordance with Article 42(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered an opinion on [XX], ¹ 1. [OJ C ...]	(44) The European Data Protection Supervisor was consulted in accordance with Article 42(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered an opinion on [XX], ¹ 1. [OJ C ...]	(44) The European Data Protection Supervisor was consulted in accordance with Article 42(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered an opinion on [XX], ¹ 1. [OJ C ...]	
Formula				
54	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	
CHAPTER 1				
55	CHAPTER 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS	CHAPTER 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS	CHAPTER 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS	
Article 1				
56				

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	Article 1 Subject matter	Article 1 Subject matter	Article 1 Subject matter	
Article 1, first paragraph				
57	For the purposes of enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and of combating illegal immigration, this Regulation lays down the rules on:	For the purposes of enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and of combating illegal immigration, this Regulation lays down the rules on:	For the purposes of enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and of combating illegal immigration, this Regulation lays down the rules on:	
Article 1, first paragraph, point (a)				
58	(a) the collection by air carriers of advance passenger information ('API data') on flights into the Union;	(a) the collection by air carriers of advance passenger information ('API data') on flights into the Union;	(a) the collection by air carriers of advance passenger information ('API data') on flights into the Union;	
Article 1, first paragraph, point (b)				
59	(b) the transfer by air carriers to the router of the API data;	(b) the transfer by air carriers to the router of the API data;	(b) the transfer by air carriers to the router of the API data;	
Article 1, first paragraph, point (c)				
60	(c) the transmission from the router to the competent border authorities of the API data.	(c) the transmission from the router to the competent border authorities of the API data.	(c) the transmission from the router to the competent border authorities of the API data.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 1, first paragraph, point (ca)				
60a		<u><i>This Regulation is without prejudice to Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725.</i></u>		
Article 2				
61	Article 2 Scope	Article 2 Scope	Article 2 Scope	
Article 2, first paragraph				
62	This Regulation applies to air carriers conducting scheduled or non-scheduled flights into the Union.	This Regulation applies to air carriers conducting scheduled or non-scheduled flights into the Union.	This Regulation applies to air carriers conducting scheduled or non-scheduled flights into the Union.	
Article 3				
63	Article 3 Definitions	Article 3 Definitions	Article 3 Definitions	
Article 3, first paragraph				
64	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (a)				

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65	(a) ‘air carrier’ means an air transport undertaking as defined in Article 3, point 1, of Directive (EU) 2016/681;	(a) ‘air carrier’ means an air transport undertaking as defined in Article 3, point 1, of Directive (EU) 2016/681;	(a) ‘air carrier’ means an air transport undertaking the air carrier as defined in Article 3, point 1, of Directive (EU) 2016/681;	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (b)				
66	(b) ‘border checks’ means the checks as defined in Article 2, point 11, of Regulation (EU) 2016/399;	(b) ‘border checks’ means the checks as defined in Article 2, point 11, of Regulation (EU) 2016/399;	(b) ‘border checks’ means the border checks as defined in Article 2, point 11, of Regulation (EU) 2016/399;	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (c)				
67	(c) ‘flights into the Union’ means flights flying from the territory either of a third country or of a Member State not participating in this Regulation, and planned to land on the territory of a Member State participating in this Regulation;	(c) ‘flights into the Union’ means flights flying from the territory either of a third country or of a Member State not participating in this Regulation, and planned to land on the territory of a Member State participating in this Regulation;	(c) ‘flights into the Union’ means flights flying from the territory either of a third country or of a Member State not participating into which this Regulation does not apply , and planned to land on the territory of a Member State participating in or Member States to which this Regulation applies ;	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (d)				
68	(d) ‘border crossing point’ means the crossing point as defined in Article 2, point 8, of Regulation	(d) ‘border crossing point’ means the crossing point as defined in Article 2, point 8, of Regulation	(d) ‘border crossing point’ means the border crossing point as defined in Article 2, point 8, of	

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	(EU) 2016/399;	(EU) 2016/399;	Regulation (EU) 2016/399;	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (e)				
69	(e) ‘scheduled flight’ means a flight that operates according to a fixed timetable, for which tickets can be purchased by the general public;	(e) ‘scheduled flight’ means a <u>commercial</u> flight that operates according to a fixed timetable, for which tickets can be purchased by the general public;	(e) ‘scheduled flight’ means a flight that operates according to a fixed timetable, for which tickets can be purchased by the general public;	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (f)				
70	(f) ‘non-scheduled flight’ means a flight that does not operate according to a fixed timetable and that is not necessarily part of a regular or scheduled route;	(f) ‘non-scheduled flight’ means a <u>commercial</u> flight that does not operate according to a fixed timetable and that is not necessarily part of a regular or scheduled route;	(f) ‘non-scheduled flight’ means a flight that does not operate according to a fixed timetable and that is not necessarily part of a regular or scheduled route;	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (g)				
71	(g) ‘competent border authority’ means the authority charged by a Member State to carry out border checks and designated and notified by that Member State in accordance with Article 11(2);	(g) ‘competent border authority’ means the authority charged by a Member State to carry out border checks and designated and notified by that Member State in accordance with Article 11(2);	(g) ‘competent border authority’ means the authority charged by a Member State to carry out border checks and designated and notified by that Member State in accordance with Article 11(2);	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (h)				
72				

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	(h) 'passenger' means any person, excluding members of the crew, carried or to be carried in an aircraft with the consent of the air carrier, such consent being manifested by that person's registration in the passengers list;	(h) 'passenger' means any person, excluding members of the crew <u>unless they are off duty</u> , carried or to be carried in an aircraft with the consent of the air carrier, such consent being manifested by that person's registration in the passengers list;	(h) 'passenger' means any person, excluding members of the crew, carried or to be carried in an aircraft with the consent of the air carrier, such consent being manifested by that person's registration in the passengers list;	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (i)				
73	(i) 'crew' means any person on board of an aircraft during the flight, other than a passenger, who works on and operates the aircraft, including flight crew and cabin crew;	(i) 'crew' means any person on board of an aircraft during the flight, other than a passenger, who works on and operates the aircraft, including flight crew and cabin crew;	(i) 'crew' means any person on board of an aircraft during the flight, other than a passenger, who works on and operates the aircraft, including flight crew and cabin crew;	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (j)				
74	(j) 'traveller' means a passenger or crew member;	(j) 'traveller' means a passenger or crew member;	(j) 'traveller' means a passenger or crew-member of the crew ;	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (k)				
75	(k) 'Advance Passenger Information data' or 'API data' means the traveller data and the flight information referred to in Article 4(2) and (3) respectively;	(k) 'Advance Passenger Information data' or 'API data' means the traveller <u>passenger</u> data and the flight information referred to in Article 4(2) and (3) respectively;	(k) 'advance passenger information- data ' or 'API data' means the traveller data and the flight information referred to in Article 4(2) and (3) respectively;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 3, first paragraph, point (l)				
76	(l) ‘Passenger Information Unit’ or ‘PIU’ means the competent authority referred to in Article 3, point i, of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement];	(l) ‘Passenger Information Unit’ or ‘PIU’ means the competent authority referred to in Article 3, point ik , of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement];	(l) ‘Passenger Information Unit’ or ‘PIU’ means the competent authority referred to in Article 3, point i, of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement];	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (m)				
77	(m) ‘the router’ means the router referred to in Article 9;	(m) ‘the router’ means the router referred to in Article 9;	(m) ‘the router’ means the router referred to in Article 9 and in Article 4d of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement];	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (n)				
78	(n) ‘personal data’ means any information as defined in Article 4, point 1, of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	(n) ‘personal data’ means any information as defined in Article 4, point 1, of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	(n) ‘personal data’ means any information personal data as defined in Article 4, point 1, of Regulation (EU) 2016/679-;	
Article 3, first paragraph, point (o)				
78a			(o) ‘real-time flight traffic data’ means information on inbound and outbound flight traffic of an airport covered by this Regulation, provided by the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			European Organisation for the Safety of Air Navigation ('Eurocontrol').	
CHAPTER 2				
79	CHAPTER 2 COLLECTION AND TRANSFER OF API DATA	CHAPTER 2 COLLECTION AND TRANSFER OF API DATA	CHAPTER 2 COLLECTION AND TRANSFER OF API DATA	
Article 4				
80	Article 4 API data to be collected by air carriers	Article 4 API data to be collected by air carriers	Article 4 API data to be collected by air carriers	
Article 4(1)				
81	1. Air carriers shall collect API data of travellers, consisting of the traveller data and the flight information specified in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article, respectively, on the flights referred to in Article 2, for the purpose of transferring that API data to the router in accordance with Article 6.	1. Air carriers shall collect API data of travellers <u>passengers</u> , consisting of the traveller <u>passenger</u> data and the flight information specified in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article, respectively, on the flights referred to in Article 2, for the purpose of transferring that API data to the router in accordance with Article 6. <u>Where the flight is code-shared between one or more air carriers, the obligation to transfer the API</u>	1. Air carriers shall collect API data of travellers, consisting of the traveller data and the flight information specified in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this <u>each traveller on the flights referred to in Article 2 to be transferred to the router in accordance with</u> Article; respectively, on the flights referred to in Article 2, for the purpose of transferring that <u>6. Where the flight is code-shared between one or more air carriers, the</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>data shall be on the air carrier that operates the flight.</u>	obligation to transfer the API data to the router in accordance with Article 6 shall be on the air carrier that operates the flight.	
Article 4(2)				
82	2. The API data shall consist of the following traveller data relating to each traveller on the flight:	2. The API data shall consist <u>only</u> of the following traveller <u>passenger</u> data relating to each traveller <u>passenger</u> on the flight:	2. The API data shall consist of only the following traveller data relating to each traveller on the flight::	
Article 4(2), point (a)				
83	(a) the surname (family name), first name or names (given names);	(a) the surname (family name), first name or names (given names);	(a) the surname (family name), first name or names (given names);	
Article 4(2), point (b)				
84	(b) the date of birth, sex and nationality;	(b) the date of birth, sex and nationality;	(b) the date of birth, sex and nationality;	
Article 4(2), point (c)				
85	(c) the type and number of the travel document and the three-letter code of the issuing country of the travel document;	(c) the type and number of the travel document and the three-letter code of the issuing country of the travel document;	(c) the type and number of the travel document and the three-letter code of the issuing country of the travel document;	
Article 4(2), point (d)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
86	(d) the date of expiry of the validity of the travel document;	(d) the date of expiry of the validity of the travel document;	(d) the date of expiry of the validity of the travel document;	
Article 4(2), point (e)				
87	(e) whether the traveller is a passenger or a crew member (traveller's status);	(e) whether the traveller is a passenger or a crew member (traveller's status);	(e) whether the traveller is a passenger or a crew member (traveller's status);	
Article 4(2), point (f)				
88	(f) the number identifying a passenger name record used by an air carrier to locate a passenger within its information system (PNR record locator);	(f) the number identifying a passenger name record used by an air carrier to locate a passenger within its information system (PNR record locator);	(f) the number identifying a passenger name record used by an air carrier to locate a passenger within its information system (PNR record locator);	
Article 4(2), point (g)				
89	(g) the seating information, such as the number of the seat in the aircraft assigned to a passenger, where the air carrier collects such information;	(g) the seating information, such as the number of the seat in the aircraft assigned to a passenger, where the air carrier collects such information;	(g) the seating information, such as the number of the seat in the aircraft assigned to a passenger, where the air carrier collects such information;	
Article 4(2), point (h)				
90	(h) baggage information, such as number of checked bags, where the	(h) baggage information, such as number <u>number and the weight</u> of	(h) baggage information, such as number of checked bags, where the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	air carrier collects such information.	checked bags, where the air carrier collects such information.	air carrier collects such information. the weight and the number of checked bags;	
Article 4(2), point (i)				
90a			(i) a code indicating the method used to capture and validate the data referred to in points (a) to (d).	
Article 4(3)				
91	3. The API data shall also consist of the following flight information relating to the flight of each traveller:	3. The API data shall also <u>only</u> consist of the following flight information relating to the flight of each traveller <u>passenger</u> :	3. The API data shall also only consist of the following flight information relating to the flight of each traveller:	
Article 4(3), point (a)				
92	(a) the flight identification number or, if no such number exists, other clear and suitable means to identify the flight;	(a) the flight identification number or, <u>where the flight is code-shared between one or more air carriers, the flight identification numbers,</u> <u>or,</u> if no such number exists, other clear and suitable means to identify the flight;	(a) the flight identification number, or where the flight is code-shared between one or more air carriers, the flights identification numbers, or, if no such number exists, other clear and suitable means to identify the flight;	
Article 4(3), point (b)				

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93	(b) when applicable, the border crossing point of entry into the territory of the Member State;	(b) when applicable, the border crossing point of entry into the territory of the Member State;	(b) when applicable, the border crossing point of entry into the territory of the Member State;	
Article 4(3), point (c)				
94	(c) the code of the airport of entry into the territory of the Member State;	(c) the code of the airport of entry into the territory of the Member State;	(c) the code of the airport of entry arrival into the territory of the Member State or, where the flight is planned to land in one or several airports within the territories of one or more Member States to which this Regulation applies, the codes of the airports of call on the territories of the Member States concerned;	
Article 4(3), point (ca)				
94a			(ca) the code of the airport of departure of the flight;	
Article 4(3), point (d)				
95	(d) the initial point of embarkation;	(d) the initial point of embarkation;	(d) the code of the airport of the initial point of embarkation, where available;	
Article 4(3), point (e)				

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96	(e) the local date and estimated time of departure;	(e) the local date and estimated time of departure;	(e) the local date and estimated time of departure;	
Article 4(3), point (f)				
97	(f) the local date and estimated time of arrival.	(f) the local date and estimated time of arrival.	(f) the local date and estimated time of arrival;	
Article 4(3), point (g)				
97a			(g) contact information of the air carrier;	
Article 4(3), point (h)				
97b			(h) the format used for the data transfer.	
Article 5				
98	Article 5 Means of collecting API data	Article 5 Means of collecting API data	Article 5 Means of collecting API data	
Article 5(1)				
99	1. Air carriers shall collect the API data pursuant to Article 4 in such a manner that the API data that they	1. Air carriers shall collect the API data pursuant to Article 4 in such a manner that the API data that they	1. Air carriers shall collect the API data pursuant to Article 4 in such a manner that the API data that they	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	transfer in accordance with Article 6 is accurate, complete and up-to-date.	transfer in accordance with Article 6 is accurate, complete and up-to-date.	transfer in accordance with Article 6 is accurate, complete and up-to-date.	
Article 5(1a)				
99a		<u>1a. The collection of API data in accordance with the first subparagraph shall not include an obligation for air carriers to check the travel document at the moment of boarding the aircraft or an obligation for passengers to carry a travel document when travelling, without prejudice to acts of national law that are compatible with Union law.</u>		
Article 5(2), first subparagraph				
100	2. Air carriers shall collect the API data referred to Article 4(2), points (a) to (d), using automated means to collect the machine-readable data of the travel document of the traveller concerned. They shall do so in accordance with the detailed technical requirements and operational rules referred to in paragraph 4, where such rules have been adopted and are applicable.	2. Air carriers shall collect the API data referred to <u>in</u> Article 4(2), points (a) to (d), using automated means to collect the machine-readable data of the travel document of the traveller <u>passenger</u> concerned. <u>Air carriers shall collect that data during the check-in process, either as part of the online check-in or as part of the check-in at the airport.</u> They shall do so in	2. Air carriers shall collect the API data referred to in Article 4(2), points (a) to (d), using automated means to collect the machine-readable data of the travel document of the traveller concerned. They shall do so in accordance with the detailed technical requirements and operational rules referred to in paragraph 4, where such rules have been adopted and are applicable.	

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		accordance with the detailed technical requirements and operational rules referred to in paragraph 4, where <u>once</u> such rules have been adopted and are applicable, <u>and, in particular, by using the most reliable automated means available to collect the machine-readable data of the respective travel document.</u>		
Article 5(2), first subparagraph a				
100a		<u>The collection of API data by automated means shall not lead to the collection of any biometric data from the travel document.</u>		
Article 5(2a)				
100b		<u>Where air carriers provide an online check-in process, they shall enable passengers to provide the API data referred to in Article 4(2), points (a) to (d), during the online check-in process, using automated means.</u>	Where air carriers provide an online check-in process, they shall enable passengers to provide the API data referred to in Article 4(2), points (a) to (d) by automated means during this online check-in process. For passengers that do not check-in online, air carriers shall enable those passengers to provide those API data by automated means during check-in at the airport	

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			with the assistance of a self-service kiosk or of airline staff at the counter.	
Article 5(2), second subparagraph				
101	However, where such use of automated means is not possible due to the travel document not containing machine-readable data, air carriers shall collect that data manually, in such a manner as to ensure compliance with paragraph 1.	However, where such use of automated means is not possible, <u>air carriers shall collect that data manually either as part of the online check-in or as part of the check-in at the airport</u> due to the travel document not containing machine-readable data, air carriers shall collect that data manually , in such a manner as to ensure compliance with paragraph 1.	However, Where such the use of automated means is not possible due to the travel document not containing machine-readable data, air carriers shall collect that data manually, in such a manner as to ensure compliance with paragraph 1.	
Article 5(3)				
102	3. Any automated means used by air carriers to collect API data under this Regulation shall be reliable, secure and up-to-date.	3. Any automated means used by air carriers to collect API data under this Regulation shall be reliable, secure and up-to-date. <u>Air carriers shall ensure that API data is encrypted during the transmission of the data from the passenger to the air carriers.</u>	3. Any automated means used by air carriers to collect API data under this Regulation shall be reliable, secure and up-to-date.	
Article 5(4)				

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103	4. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down detailed technical requirements and operational rules for the collection of the API data referred to in Article 4(2), points (a) to (d), using automated means in accordance with paragraph 2 and 3 of this Article.	4. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down detailed technical requirements and operational rules for the collection of the API data referred to in Article 4(2), points (a) to (d), using automated means in accordance with paragraph 2 and 3 of this Article, <u>including on requirements for data security</u> .	4. The Commission is empowered to shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down implementing acts specifying detailed technical requirements and operational rules for the collection of the API data referred to in Article 4(2), points (a) to (d), using automated means in accordance with paragraph 2 and 3 of this Article, including on requirements for data security. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).	
Article 5(5)				
104	5. Air carriers that use automated means to collect the information referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2004/82/EC shall be entitled to do so applying the technical requirements relating to such use referred to in paragraph 4, in accordance with that Directive.	5. Air carriers that use automated means to collect the information referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2004/82/EC shall be entitled to do so applying the technical requirements relating to such use referred to in paragraph 4, in accordance with that Directive.	5. Air carriers that use automated means to collect the information referred to in Article 3(1) and 3(2) of Directive 2004/82/EC shall be entitled to do so applying the technical requirements relating to such use referred to in paragraph 4, in accordance with that Directive.	
Article 6				
105				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 6 Obligations on air carriers regarding transfers of API data	Article 6 Obligations on air carriers regarding transfers of API data	Article 6 Obligations on air carriers regarding transfers of API data	
Article 6(1)				
106	1. Air carriers shall transfer the API data to the router by electronic means. They shall do so in accordance with the detailed rules referred to in paragraph 3, where such rules have been adopted and are applicable.	1. Air carriers shall transfer the <u>encrypted</u> API data to the router by electronic means. They shall do so in accordance with the detailed rules referred to in paragraph 3, where <u>once</u> such rules have been adopted and are applicable.	1. Air carriers shall transfer the API data to the router by electronic means, to be transmitted to the competent border authorities in accordance with Article 11. They shall transfer the API data do so in accordance with the detailed rules referred to in paragraph 3, where such rules have been adopted and are applicable.	
Article 6(2)				
107	2. Air carriers shall transfer the API data both at the moment of check-in and immediately after flight closure, that is, once the passengers have boarded the aircraft in preparation for departure and it is no longer possible for passengers to board or to leave the aircraft.	2. Air carriers shall transfer the API data both at the moment of check-in and immediately after flight closure, that is, once the passengers have boarded the aircraft in preparation for departure and it is no longer possible for passengers to board or to leave the aircraft. <u>At the moment of check-in, air carriers shall transfer the API data in accordance with this Regulation and relevant international standards. Air</u>	2. Air carriers shall transfer the API data both at the moment of check-in and immediately after flight closure, that is, once the passengers have boarded the aircraft in preparation for departure and it is no longer possible for passengers to board or to leave the aircraft.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>carriers shall receive an acknowledgement of receipt of the transfer of the API data.</u>		
Article 6(2), point (a)				
107a			(a) for passengers:	
Article 6(2), point (a)(i)				
107b			(i) for all members of the crew immediately after flight closure, that is, once the crew is on board the aircraft in preparation for departure and it is no longer possible for them to leave the aircraft.	
Article 6(2), point (a)(ii)				
107c			(ii) for all boarded passengers immediately after flight closure, that is, once the passengers have boarded the aircraft in preparation for departure and it is no longer possible for passengers to board or to leave the aircraft;	
Article 6(2), point (b)				

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107d			(b) for all members of the crew immediately after flight closure, that is, once the crew is on board the aircraft in preparation for departure and it is no longer possible for them to leave the aircraft.	
Article 6(3)				
108	3. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down the necessary detailed rules on the common protocols and supported data formats to be used for the transfers of API data to the router referred to in paragraph 1.	3. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down the necessary detailed rules on the common protocols and supported data formats to be used for the <u>encrypted</u> transfers of API data to the router referred to in paragraph 1, <u>including the transfer of API data at the moment of check-in, the meaningful reply and requirements for data security. Such detailed rules shall ensure that airlines transmit API data using the same structure and content.</u>	3. The Commission is empowered to shall adopt implementing acts, ensuring that the API data are transferred with a uniform content and structure, specifying delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down the necessary detailed rules on the common protocols and supported data formats to be used for the transfers of API data to the router referred to in paragraph 1, including on requirements for data security. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).	
Article 6(4)				

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109	4. Where an air carrier becomes aware, after having transferred data to the router, that the API data is inaccurate, incomplete, no longer up-to-date or was processed unlawfully, or that the data does not constitute API data, it shall immediately inform the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA). Upon receiving such information, eu-LISA shall immediately inform the competent border authority that received the API data transmitted through the router.	4. Where an air carrier becomes aware, after having transferred data to the router, that the API data is inaccurate, incomplete, no longer up-to-date or was processed unlawfully, or that the data does not constitute API data, it shall immediately inform the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA). Upon receiving such information, eu-LISA shall immediately inform the competent border authority that received the API data transmitted through the router.	4. Where an air carrier becomes aware, after having transferred data to the router, that the API data is inaccurate, incomplete, no longer up-to-date or was processed unlawfully, or that the data does not constitute API data, it shall immediately inform the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA). Upon receiving such information, eu-LISA shall immediately inform the competent border authority that received the API data transmitted through the router.	
Article 7				
110	Article 7 Processing of API data received	Article 7 Processing of API data received	Article 7 Processing of API data received by competent border authorities	
Article 7, first paragraph				
111	The competent border authorities shall process API data, transferred to them in accordance with this Regulation, solely for the purposes referred to in Article 1.	The competent border authorities shall process API data, transferred to them in accordance with this Regulation, solely for the purposes referred to in Article 1.	The competent border authorities shall process API data, transferred to them in accordance with this Regulation, solely for the purposes referred to in Article 1 of	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			enhancing and facilitating the effectiveness and efficiency of border checks at external borders and of combating illegal immigration.	
Article 7, first paragraph a				
111a		<u>The competent border authorities shall be prohibited from processing API data for the purposes of profiling under any circumstances.</u>		
Article 8				
112	Article 8 Storage and deletion of API data	Article 8 Storage and deletion of API data	Article 8 Storage period and deletion of API data	
Article 8(1)				
113	1. Air carriers shall store, for a time period of 48 hours from the moment of departure of the flight, the API data relating to that passenger that they collected pursuant to Article 4. They shall immediately and permanently delete that API data after the expiry of that time period.	1. Air carriers shall store, for a time period of 48 ²⁴ hours from the moment of departure of the flight, the API data relating to that passenger that they collected pursuant to Article 4. They shall immediately and permanently delete that API data after the expiry of that time period. <u>This shall be</u>	1. Air carriers shall store, for a time period of 48 hours from the moment of departure ^{receipt by the router of the flight} API data transferred to it in accordance with Article 6(2)(a)(ii) and 6(2)(b), the API data relating to that passenger ^{all travellers} that they collected pursuant to Article	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>without prejudice to the possibility for air carriers to retain and use the data where necessary for the normal course of their business, in particular for travel facilitation, in compliance with the applicable law and in particular Regulation (EU) 2016/679.</u>	4. They shall immediately and permanently delete that API data after the expiry of that time period. This is without prejudice to the possibility for air carriers to retain and use the data where necessary for the normal course of their business in compliance with applicable law, and to Article 14(1) and (3).	
Article 8(2)				
114	2. The competent border authorities shall store, for a time period of 48 hours from the moment of departure of the flight, the API data relating to that passenger that they received through the router pursuant to Article 11. They shall immediately and permanently delete that API data after the expiry of that time period.	2. The competent border authorities shall store, for a time period of 48 ²⁴ hours from the moment of departure of the flight, the API data relating to that passenger that they received through the router pursuant to Article 11. They shall immediately and permanently delete that API data after the expiry of that time period.	2. The competent border authorities shall store, for a time period of 48 ⁹⁶ hours from the moment of departure of the flight, ^{receipt of the API data relating to that passenger that they received through the router} transmitted to them pursuant to Article 11 following the transfer pursuant to Article 11 ¹⁶ (2)(a)(ii) and 6(2)(b). They shall immediately and permanently delete that API data after the expiry of that time period.	
Article 8(2a), first subparagraph				
114a		<u>2a. Air carriers or competent border authorities shall</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>immediately either correct, complete or update, or permanently delete, the API data concerned in both of the following situations:</u>		
Article 8(2a), second subparagraph				
114b		<u>(a) where they become aware that the API data collected is inaccurate, incomplete or no longer up-to-date;</u>		
Article 8(2a), third subparagraph				
114c		<u>(b) where the transfer of the API data in accordance with Article 5(2) has been completed.</u>		
Article 8(2b)				
114d		<u>2b. Air carriers or competent border authorities shall immediately and permanently delete API data where they become aware that the API data collected was processed unlawfully or that the data transferred does not constitute API data.</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 8(2c)				
114e		<u>2c. Where the air carriers become aware of the circumstances referred to in point (a) of paragraph 2a or paragraph 2b after having completed the transfer of the data in accordance with Article 6(1), they shall immediately inform the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA). Upon receiving such information, eu-LISA shall immediately inform the competent border authority that received the API data transmitted through the router.</u>		
Article 8(3)				
115	3. Where an air carrier or competent border authority becomes aware that the data that it has collected, transferred or received under to this Regulation is inaccurate, incomplete, no longer up-to-date or was processed unlawfully, or that the data does not constitute API data, it shall immediately either correct,	3. Where an air carrier or competent border authority becomes aware that the data that it has collected, transferred or received under to this Regulation is inaccurate, incomplete, no longer up-to-date or was processed unlawfully, or that the data does not constitute API data, it shall immediately either correct,	3. Where an air carrier or competent border authority becomes aware that the data that it has collected, transferred or received under to this Regulation is inaccurate, incomplete, no longer up-to-date or was processed unlawfully, or that the data does not constitute API data, it shall immediately either correct,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	complete or update, or permanently delete, that API data. This is without prejudice to the possibility for air carriers to retain and use the data where necessary for the normal course of their business in compliance with the applicable law.	complete or update, or permanently delete, that API data. This is without prejudice to the possibility for air carriers to retain and use the data where necessary for the normal course of their business in compliance with the applicable law.	complete or update, or permanently delete, that API data. This is without prejudice to the possibility for air carriers to retain and use the data where necessary for the normal course of their business in compliance with the applicable law.	
Article 8a				
115a		<u>Article 8a</u> <u>Fundamental Rights</u>		
Article 8a(1)				
115b		<u>1. Collection and processing of personal data in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] by air carriers and competent authorities shall not result in discrimination against persons on the grounds of sex and gender, race, colour, ethnic or social origin, genetic features, language, religion or belief, political or any other opinion, membership of a national minority, property, birth, disability, age or sexual orientation.</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 8a(2)				
115c		<u>2. This Regulation shall fully respect human dignity and the fundamental rights and principles recognised by the Charter, including the right to respect for one's private life, to asylum, to the protection of personal data, to freedom of movement and to effective legal remedies.</u>		
Article 8a(3)				
115d		<u>3. Particular attention shall be paid to children, the elderly, persons with a disability and vulnerable persons. The best interests of the child shall be a primary consideration when implementing this Regulation.</u>		
Article 8a				
115e			Article 8a Correcting, completing and updating API data	
Article 8a(1)				
115f			1. Where an air carrier becomes	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			aware that the data that it stores under this Regulation was processed unlawfully, or that the data does not constitute API data, it shall immediately and permanently delete, that data. If that data has been transferred to the router, the air carrier shall immediately inform the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA). Upon receiving such information, eu-LISA shall immediately inform the competent border authority that received the API data transmitted through the router. That competent border authority shall immediately and permanently delete that data.	
Article 8a(2)				
115g			2. Where an air carrier becomes aware that the data that it stores under this Regulation is inaccurate, incomplete or no longer up-to-date it shall immediately either correct, complete or update that data. This is without prejudice to the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			possibility for air carriers to retain and use the data where necessary for the normal course of their business in compliance with the applicable law.	
Article 8a(3)				
115h			3. Where an air carrier becomes aware after the transfer of API data under Article 6(2)(a)(i), but before the transfer under Article 6(2)(a)(ii), that the data it has transferred is inaccurate, the air carrier shall immediately transfer the corrected API data to the router.	
Article 8a(4)				
115i			4. Where an air carrier becomes aware, after the transfer of API data under Article 6(2)(a)(ii) or 6(2)(b), that the data it has transferred is inaccurate, incomplete or no longer up-to-date, the air carrier shall immediately transfer the corrected, completed or updated API data to the router.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 8a(5)				
115j			5. Where a competent border authority becomes aware after the transmission of API data under Article 11, that the data is inaccurate, incomplete or no longer up-to-date, it shall immediately delete that data, unless that data is required to ensure compliance with the obligations laid down in this Regulation.	
Article 8a(6)				
115k			6. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts specifying the necessary detailed rules on correcting, completing and updating API data within the meaning of this article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).	
CHAPTER 3				
116	CHAPTER 3 PROVISIONS RELATING TO	CHAPTER 3 PROVISIONS RELATING TO	CHAPTER 3 PROVISIONS RELATING TO	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	THE ROUTER	THE ROUTER	THE ROUTER	
Article 9				
117	Article 9 The router	Article 9 The router	Article 9 The router	
Article 9(1)				
118	1. eu-LISA shall design, develop, host and technically manage, in accordance with Articles 22 and 23, a router for the purpose of facilitating the transfer of API data by the air carriers to the competent border authorities and to the PIUs in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], respectively.	1. eu-LISA shall design, develop, host and technically manage, in accordance with Articles 22 and 23, a router for the purpose of facilitating the transfer of <u>encrypted</u> API data by the air carriers to the competent border authorities and to the PIUs in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], respectively.	1. eu-LISA shall design, develop, host and technically manage, in accordance with Articles 22 and 23, a router for the purpose of facilitating the transfer of API data by the air carriers to the competent border authorities and to the PIUs in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], respectively..	
Article 9(2)				
119	2. The router shall be composed of:	2. The router shall be composed of:	2. The router shall be composed of:	
Article 9(2), point (a)				
120	(a) a central infrastructure, including a set of technical	(a) a central infrastructure, including a set of technical	(a) a central infrastructure, including a set of technical	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	components enabling the transmission of API data;	components enabling the transmission of API data;	components enabling the reception and transmission of API data;	
Article 9(2), point (b)				
121	(b) a secure communication channel between the central infrastructure and the competent border authorities and the PIUs, and a secure communication channel between the central infrastructure and the air carriers, for the transfer of API data and for any communications relating thereto.	(b) a secure communication channel between the central infrastructure and the competent border authorities and the PIUs, and a secure communication channel between the central infrastructure and the air carriers, for the transfer <u>and transmission</u> of API data and for any communications relating thereto.	(b) a secure communication channel between the central infrastructure and the competent border authorities and the PIUs, and a secure communication channel between the central infrastructure and the air carriers, for the transfer and transmission of API data and for any communications relating thereto;	
Article 9(2), point (c)				
121a			(c) a secure channel to receive real-time flight traffic data.	
Article 9(2), point (c)				
121b		<u>2b. The router shall automatically extract and make available the statistics, in accordance with Article 31, to the central repository for reporting and statistics.</u>		
Article 9(2b)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
121c		<u>2a. The router shall allow for the reception and transmission of encrypted API data.</u>		
Article 9(3)				
122	3. Without prejudice to Article 10 of this Regulation, the router shall, to the extent technically possible, share and re-use the technical components, including hardware and software components, of the web service referred to in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹, the carrier gateway referred to in Article 6(2), point (k), of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, and the carrier gateway referred to in Article 2a, point (h), of Regulation (EC) 767/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council². 1. Regulation (EU) 2017/2226 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2017 establishing an Entry/Exit System (EES) to register entry and exit data and refusal of entry data of third-country nationals crossing the external borders of the Member States and determining the conditions for access to the EES for law enforcement purposes, and	3. Without prejudice to Article 10 of this Regulation, the router shall, <u>if appropriate and</u> to the extent technically possible, share and re-use the technical components, including hardware and software components, of the web service referred to in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹, the carrier gateway referred to in Article 6(2), point (k), of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, and the carrier gateway referred to in Article 2a, point (h), of Regulation (EC) 767/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council². <u>eu-LISA shall design the router, to the extent technically and operationally possible, in a way that is coherent and consistent with the obligations put on air carriers by Regulations (EU) 2017/2226, (EU) 2018/1240 and (EC) 767/2008.</u>	3. Without prejudice to Article 10 of this Regulation, the router shall, to the extent technically possible, share and re-use the technical components, including hardware and software components, of the web service referred to in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹, the carrier gateway referred to in Article 6(2), point (k), of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, and the carrier gateway referred to in Article 2a, point (h) 45c, of Regulation (EC) 767/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council². 1. [1] Regulation (EU) 2017/2226 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2017 establishing an Entry/Exit System (EES) to register entry and exit data and refusal of entry data of third-country nationals crossing the external borders of the Member States and determining the conditions for access to the EES for law enforcement purposes, and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	amending the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement and Regulations (EC) No 767/2008 and (EU) No 1077/2011 (OJ L 327, 9.12.2017, p. 20). 2. Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 concerning the Visa Information System (VIS) and the exchange of data between Member States on short-stay visas (VIS Regulation) (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 60).	1. Regulation (EU) 2017/2226 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2017 establishing an Entry/Exit System (EES) to register entry and exit data and refusal of entry data of third-country nationals crossing the external borders of the Member States and determining the conditions for access to the EES for law enforcement purposes, and amending the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement and Regulations (EC) No 767/2008 and (EU) No 1077/2011 (OJ L 327, 9.12.2017, p. 20). 2. Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 concerning the Visa Information System (VIS) and the exchange of data between Member States on short-stay visas (VIS Regulation) (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 60).	amending the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement and Regulations (EC) No 767/2008 and (EU) No 1077/2011 (OJ L 327, 9.12.2017, p. 20). 2. [2] Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 concerning the Visa Information System (VIS) and the exchange of data between Member States on short-stay visas (VIS Regulation) (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 60).	
Article 9(3a)				
122a		<u>3a. eu-LISA shall design and develop the router in a way that any API data transferred from the air carriers to the router in accordance with Article 6 and any API data transmitted from the router to the competent border authorities in accordance with Article 11 and to the central repository for reporting and statistics in accordance with Article 31(2) are encrypted.</u>		

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Article 10				
123	Article 10 Exclusive use of the router	Article 10 Exclusive use of the router	Article 10 Exclusive use of the router	
Article 10, first paragraph				
124	The router shall only be used by air carriers to transfer API data and by competent border authorities and PIUs to receive API data, in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], respectively.	<u>Notwithstanding the use of the router in Article 4b (new) of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], the router shall only be used:-</u> <u>(a) by air carriers to transfer encrypted API data and by in accordance with this Regulation;</u> <u>(b) by the competent border authorities and PIUs to receive encrypted API data, in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], respectively.</u>	Notwithstanding Article 4e of Regulation (EU) [law enforcement], the router shall only be used by air carriers to transfer API data and by competent border authorities and PIUs to receive API data, in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], respectively..	
Article 10a				
124a		<u>Article 10a</u> <u>Data format and transfer verifications</u>	Article 10a Data format and transfer verifications	

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Article 10a(1)				
124b		<u>1. The router shall, in an automated manner and based on real-time flight traffic data, verify whether the air carrier transferred the API data in accordance with Article 6(1).</u>	1. The router shall, in an automated manner and based on real-time flight traffic data, verify whether the air carrier transferred the API data in accordance with Article 6(1).	
Article 10a(2)				
124c		<u>2. The router shall, immediately and in an automated manner, verify whether the API data transferred to it in accordance with Article 6(1) complies with the detailed rules on the supported data formats, referred to in Article 6(3).</u>	2. The router shall, immediately and in an automated manner, verify whether the API data transferred to it in accordance with Article 6(1) complies with the detailed rules on the supported data formats, referred to in Article 6(3).	
Article 10a, third paragraph				
124d		<u>3. Where the router has verified in accordance with paragraph 1 that the data was not transferred by the air carrier or where the data in question is not compliant with the detailed rules referred to in paragraph 2, the router shall, immediately and in an automated manner, notify the air carrier</u>	3. Where the router has verified in accordance with paragraph 1 that the data was not transferred by the air carrier or where the data in question is not compliant with the detailed rules referred to in paragraph 2, the router shall, immediately and in an automated manner, notify the air	

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		<u>concerned and the competent border authorities of the Member States to which the data were to be transmitted pursuant to Article 11(1). In this case, the air carrier shall immediately transfer the API data in accordance with Article 6.</u>	carrier concerned and the competent border authorities of the Member States to which the data were to be transmitted pursuant to Article 11(1). In this case, the air carrier shall immediately transfer the API data in accordance with Article 6.	
Article 10a, fourth paragraph				
124e		<u>4. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts specifying the necessary detailed technical and procedural rules for the verifications and notifications referred to in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).</u>	4. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts specifying the necessary detailed technical and procedural rules for the verifications and notifications referred to in paragraph 1, 2 and 3 of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).	
Article 11				
125	Article 11 Transmission of API data from the router to the competent border authorities	Article 11 Transmission of API data from the router to the competent border authorities	Article 11 Transmission of API data from the router to the competent border authorities	

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Article 11(1), first subparagraph				
126	1. The router shall, immediately and in an automated manner, transmit the API data, transferred to it pursuant to Article 6, to the competent border authorities of the Member State referred to in Article 4(3), point (c). It shall do so in accordance with the detailed rules referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article, where such rules have been adopted and are applicable.	1. <u>Upon the verifications referred to in Article 10a</u> , the router shall, immediately and in an automated manner, transmit the <u>encrypted</u> API data, transferred to it pursuant to Article 6, to the competent border authorities of the Member State referred to in Article 4(3), point (c). It shall do so in accordance with the detailed rules referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article, where <u>once</u> such rules have been adopted and are applicable.	1. Upon the verifications referred to in Article 10a , the router shall, immediately and in an automated manner, and without changing its content in any way , transmit the API data, transferred to it pursuant to Article 6 or Article 8a(3) and (4) , to the competent border authorities of the Member State, or where the flight is planned to land in one or several airports within the territories of one or more Member States participating in this Regulation, to the competent border authorities of the Member States , referred to in Article 4(3), point (c). It shall do so in accordance with the detailed rules referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article, where such rules have been adopted and are applicable.	
Article 11(1), second subparagraph				
127	For the purpose of such transmission, eu-LISA shall establish and keep up-to-date a table of correspondence between the different airports of origin and	For the purpose of such transmission, eu-LISA shall establish and keep up-to-date a table of correspondence between the different airports of origin and	For the purpose of such transmission, eu-LISA shall establish and keep up-to-date a table of correspondence between the different airports of origin and	

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	destination and the countries to which they belong.	destination and the countries to which they belong.	destination and the countries to which they belong.	
Article 11(2), first subparagraph				
128	2. The Member State shall designate the competent border authorities authorised to receive the API data transferred to them from the router in accordance with this Regulation. They shall notify, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, eu-LISA and the Commission of the name and contact details of the competent border authorities and shall, where necessary, update the notified information.	2. The Member State shall designate the competent border authorities authorised to receive the API data transferred to them from the router in accordance with this Regulation. They shall notify, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, eu-LISA and the Commission of the name and contact details of the competent border authorities and shall, where necessary, update the notified information.	2. The Each Member State shall designate the competent border authorities authorised to receive the API data transferred transmitted to them from the router in accordance with this Regulation. They shall notify, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, eu-LISA and the Commission may, to that end, establish a single data entry point that receives the API data and that immediately and in an automated manner forwards it to the competent border authorities of the name and contact details of the competent border authorities and Member State concerned. No access to the API data by the staff managing the single data entry point shall be allowed, unless strictly, where necessary, update the notified information for the maintenance and technical management of the single data entry point.	

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Article 11(2), first subparagraph a				
128a			Each Member State shall notify, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, eu-LISA and the Commission of the name and contact details of the competent border authorities and shall, where necessary, update the notified information and provide information on that single data entry point.	
Article 11(2), second subparagraph				
129	The Commission shall, on the basis of those notifications and updates, compile and make publicly available a list of the notified competent border authorities, including their contact details.	The Commission shall, on the basis of those notifications and updates, compile and make publicly available a list of the notified competent border authorities, including their contact details.	The Commission shall, on the basis of those notifications and updates, compile and make publicly available a list of the notified competent border authorities, including their contact details.	
Article 11(2a)				
129a			2a. Each Member State shall ensure that its competent border authorities in receipt of any API data in accordance with paragraph 1 immediately and in an automated manner confirm,	

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			through, where applicable, their single data entry point, reception of such data to the router.	
Article 11(3)				
130	3. The Member States shall ensure that only the duly authorised staff of the competent border authorities have access to the API data transmitted to them through the router. They shall lay down the necessary rules to that effect. Those rules shall include rules on the creation and regular update of a list of those staff and their profiles.	3. The Member States shall ensure that only the duly authorised <u>and trained</u> staff of the competent border authorities, <u>designated in accordance with paragraph 2,</u> have access to the API data transmitted to them through the router. They shall lay down the necessary rules to that effect. Those rules shall include rules on the creation and regular update of a list of those staff and their profiles.	3. The Each Member StatesState shall ensure that only the duly authorised staff of the its competent border authorities have access to the API data transmitted to them through the router. They It shall lay down the necessary rules to that effect. Those rules shall include rules on the creation and regular update of a list of those staff and their profiles.	
Article 11(4)				
131	4. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down the necessary detailed technical and procedural rules for the transmissions of API data from the router referred to in paragraph 1.	4. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down the necessary detailed technical and procedural rules for the transmissions of <u>encrypted</u> API data from the router referred to in paragraph 1, <u>including on requirements for data security.</u>	4. The Commission is empowered to shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down implementing acts specifying the necessary detailed technical and procedural rules for the transmissions of API data from the router referred to in paragraph 1, including on requirements for data security. Those	

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			implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).	
Article 12				
132	Article 12 Deletion of API data from the router	Article 12 Deletion of API data from the router	Article 12 Deletion of API data from the router	
Article 12, first paragraph				
133	API data, transferred to the router pursuant to this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], shall be stored on the router only insofar as necessary to complete the transmission to the relevant competent borders authorities or PIUs, as applicable, in accordance with those Regulations and shall be deleted from the router, immediately, permanently and in an automated manner, in both of the following situations:	API data, transferred to the router pursuant to this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] , shall be stored on the router only insofar as necessary to complete the transmission to the relevant competent borders authorities or PIUs, as applicable, in accordance with those Regulations and shall be deleted from the router, immediately, permanently and in an automated manner, in both of the following situations:	API data, transferred to the router pursuant to this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] , shall be stored on the router only insofar as necessary to complete the transmission to the relevant competent borders authorities or PIUs, as applicable, in accordance with those Regulations this Regulation and shall be deleted from the router, immediately, permanently and in an automated manner, in both of the following situations:	
Article 12, first paragraph, point (a)				
134	(a) where the transmission of the	(a) where the transmission of the	(a) where it is confirmed, in	

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	API data to the relevant competent border authorities or PIUs, as applicable, has been completed;	API data to the relevant competent border authorities or PIUs, as applicable, has been completed;	accordance with Article 11(2a), that the transmission of the API data to the relevant competent border authorities or PIUs, as applicable, has been completed;	
Article 12, first paragraph, point (aa)				
134a		<u>(aa) in cases of technical impossibility of the router to subsequently transmit the API data to the competent border authorities, after 12 hours.</u>		
Article 12, first paragraph, point (b)				
135	(b) in respect of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], where the API data relates to other intra-EU flights than those included the lists referred to in Article 5(2) of that Regulation.	(b) in respect of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], where the API data relates to other intra-EU flights than those included the lists referred to in Article 5(2) of that Regulation.	(b) in respect of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], where the API data relates to other intra-EU flights than those included the lists referred to in Article 5(2) of that Regulation.	
Article 13				
136	Article 13 Keeping of logs	Article 13 Keeping of logs	Article 13 Keeping of logs	
Article 13(1), first subparagraph				
137				

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	1. eu-LISA shall keep logs of all processing operations relating to the transfer of API data through the router under this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]. Those logs shall cover the following:	1. eu-LISA shall keep logs of all processing operations relating to the transfer of API data through the router under this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] . Those logs shall cover the following :	1. eu-LISA shall keep logs of all processing operations relating to the transfer of API data through the router under this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] . Those logs shall cover the following :	
Article 13(1), first subparagraph, point (a)				
138	(a) the air carrier that transferred the API data to the router;	(a) the air carrier that transferred the API data to the router;	(a) the air carrier that transferred the API data to the router;	
Article 13(1), first subparagraph, point (b)				
139	(b) the competent border authorities and PIUs to which the API data was transmitted through the router;	(b) the competent border authorities and PIUs to which the API data was transmitted through the router;	(b) the competent border authorities and PIUs to which the API data was were transmitted through the router;	
Article 13(1), first subparagraph, point (c)				
140	(c) the date and time of the transfers referred to in points (a) and (b), and place of transfer;	(c) the date and time of the transfers referred to in points (a) and (b), and place of transfer;	(c) the date and time of the transfers referred to in points (a) and (b), and place of transfer;	
Article 13(1), first subparagraph, point (d)				
141	(d) any access by staff of eu-LISA necessary for the maintenance of	(d) any access by staff of eu-LISA necessary for the maintenance of	(d) any access by staff of eu-LISA necessary for the maintenance of	

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	the router, as referred to in Article 23(3);	the router, as referred to in Article 23(3);	the router, as referred to in Article 23(3);	
Article 13(1), first subparagraph, point (e)				
142	(e) any other information relating to those processing operations necessary to monitor the security and integrity of the API data and the lawfulness of those processing operations.	(e) any other information relating to those processing operations necessary to monitor the security and integrity of the API data and the lawfulness of those processing operations.	(e) any other information relating to those processing operations necessary to monitor the security and integrity of the API data and the lawfulness of those processing operations.	
Article 13(1), second subparagraph				
143	Those logs shall not include any personal data, other than the information necessary to identify the relevant member of the staff of eu-LISA, referred to in point (d) of the first subparagraph.	Those logs shall not include any personal data, other than the information necessary to identify the relevant member of the staff of eu-LISA, referred to in point (d) of the first subparagraph.	Those logs shall not include any personal data, other than the information necessary to identify the relevant member of the staff of eu-LISA, referred to in point (d) of the first subparagraph.	
Article 13(2)				
144	2. Air carriers shall create logs of all processing operations under this Regulation undertaken by using the automated means referred to in Article 5(2). Those logs shall cover the date, time and place of transfer of the API data.	2. Air carriers shall create logs of all processing operations under this Regulation undertaken by using the automated means referred to in Article 5(2). Those logs shall cover the date, time and place of transfer of the API data. <u>Those logs shall not contain any personal data,</u>	2. Air carriers shall create logs of all processing operations under this Regulation undertaken by using the automated means referred to in Article 5(2). Those logs shall cover the date, time and place of transfer of the API data. Those logs shall not include any personal data.	

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		<u>other than the information necessary to identify the relevant member of the staff of the air carrier.</u>		
Article 13(3)				
145	3. The logs referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be used only for ensuring the security and integrity of the API data and the lawfulness of the processing, in particular as regards compliance with the requirements set out in this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API Law Enforcement], including proceedings for penalties for infringements of those requirements in accordance with Articles 29 and 30 of this Regulation.	3. The logs referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be used only for ensuring the security and integrity of the API data and the lawfulness of the processing, in particular as regards compliance with the requirements set out in this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API Law Enforcement] , including proceedings for penalties for infringements of those requirements in accordance with Articles 29 and 30 of this Regulation.	3. The logs referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be used only for ensuring the security and integrity of the API data and the lawfulness of the processing, in particular as regards compliance with the requirements set out in this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API Law Enforcement] , including proceedings for penalties for infringements of those requirements in accordance with Articles 29 and 30 of this Regulation.	
Article 13(4)				
146	4. eu-LISA and the air carriers shall take appropriate measures to protect the logs that they created pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2, respectively, against unauthorised access and other security risks.	4. eu-LISA and the air carriers shall take appropriate measures to protect the logs that they created pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2, respectively, against unauthorised access and other security risks.	4. eu-LISA and the air carriers shall take appropriate measures to protect the logs that they created pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2, respectively, against unauthorised access and other security risks.	

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Article 13(4a)				
146a		<u>4a. The national supervisory authorities referred to in Article 29 and competent authorities shall have access to the relevant logs referred to in paragraph 1 where necessary for the purposes referred to in paragraph 3.</u>	4a. The National API Supervision Authority referred to in Article 29 and competent border authorities shall have access to the relevant logs referred to in paragraph 1 where necessary for the purposes referred to in paragraph 3.	
Article 13(5), first subparagraph				
147	5. eu-LISA and the air carriers shall keep the logs that they created pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2, respectively, for a time period of one year from the moment of the creation of those logs. They shall immediately and permanently delete those logs upon the expiry of that time period.	5. eu-LISA and the air carriers shall keep the logs that they created pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2, respectively, for a time period of one year from the moment of the creation of those logs. They shall immediately and permanently delete those logs upon the expiry of that time period.	5. eu-LISA and the air carriers shall keep the logs that they created pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2, respectively, for a time period of one year from the moment of the creation of those logs. They shall immediately and permanently delete those logs upon the expiry of that time period.	
Article 13(5), second subparagraph				
148	However, if those logs are needed for procedures for monitoring or ensuring the security and integrity of the API data or the lawfulness of the processing operations, as referred to in paragraph 2, and	However, if those logs are needed for procedures for monitoring or ensuring the security and integrity of the API data or the lawfulness of the processing operations, as referred to in paragraph 2, and	However, if those logs are needed for procedures for monitoring or ensuring the security and integrity of the API data or the lawfulness of the processing operations, as referred to in paragraph 23, and	

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	these procedures have already begun at the moment of the expiry of the time period referred to in the first subparagraph, eu-LISA and the air carriers may keep those logs for as long as necessary for those procedures. In that case, they shall immediately delete those logs when they are no longer necessary for those procedures.	these procedures have already begun at the moment of the expiry of the time period referred to in the first subparagraph, eu-LISA and the air carriers may keep those logs for as long as necessary for those procedures, <u>provided that eu-LISA or the air carriers inform the Commission of the need to keep those logs and provide reasons for doing so</u> . In that case, they shall immediately delete those logs when they are no longer necessary for those procedures.	these procedures have already begun at the moment of the expiry of the time period referred to in the first subparagraph, eu-LISA and the air carriers may shall keep those logs for as long as necessary for those procedures. In that case, they shall immediately delete those logs when they are no longer necessary for those procedures.	
Article 14				
149	Article 14 Actions in case of technical impossibility to use the router	Article 14 Actions in case of technical impossibility to use the router	Article 14 Actions in case of technical impossibility to use the router	
Article 14(1), first subparagraph				
150	1. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to transmit API data because of a failure of the router, eu-LISA shall immediately notify the air carriers and competent border authorities of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, eu-LISA shall immediately take	1. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to transmit API data because of a failure of the router, eu-LISA shall immediately notify the air carriers and competent border authorities of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, eu-LISA shall immediately take	1. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to transmit API data because of a failure of the router, eu-LISA shall immediately notify the air carriers and competent border authorities of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, eu-LISA shall immediately take	

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	measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.	measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.	measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.	
Article 14(1), second subparagraph				
151	During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to the router. Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply either to the API data in question during that time period.	During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to the router. Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply either to the API data in question during that time period.	During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to the router. Air carriers shall store the API data until the technical impossibility has been successfully addressed and at that point transfer the data to the router in accordance with Article 6(1). However, the router shall not transmit the API data to the competent border authorities, but instead delete the data, if it is received later than 96 hours after the time of departure as referred to in Article 4(3)(e). Meanwhile, in the exceptional case of technical impossibility to use the router, competent border authorities may request air carriers to use any other appropriate means ensuring the necessary level of data security to	

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			transfer Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply either to the API data in question during that time period directly to the competent border authorities.	
Article 14(2), first subparagraph				
152	2. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to transmit API data because of a failure of the systems or infrastructure referred to in Article 20 of a Member State, the competent border authorities of that Member State shall immediately notify the air carriers, the competent authorities of the other Member States, eu-LISA and the Commission of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, that Member State shall immediately take measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.	2. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to transmit API data because of a failure of the systems or infrastructure referred to in Article 20 of a Member State, the competent border authorities of that Member State shall immediately notify the air carriers, the competent authorities of the other Member States, eu-LISA and the Commission of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, that Member State shall immediately take measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.	2. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to transmit API data because of a failure of the systems or infrastructure referred to in Article 20 of a Member State, the competent border authorities of that Member State shall immediately notify the air carriers, the competent authorities of the other Member States, eu-LISA and the Commission of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, that Member State shall immediately take measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.	
Article 14(2), second subparagraph				
153				

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	During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to the router. Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply either to the API data in question during that time period.	During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to the router. Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply either to the API data in question during that time period.	During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) The router shall store the API data until the technical impossibility has been successfully addressed and at that point transmit the data in accordance with Article 11(1). However, the router shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to store data for a period longer than 96 hours for that purpose, and delete the data after expiry of the retention period of 96 hours. Meanwhile, in the exceptional case of technical impossibility to use the router. Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply either to, competent border authorities may request air carriers to use any other appropriate means ensuring the necessary level of data security to transfer the API data in question during that time period directly to the competent border authorities.	
Article 14(3), first subparagraph				
154	3. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to	3. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to	3. Where it is technically impossible to use the router to	

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	transmit API data because of a failure of the systems or infrastructure referred to in Article 21 of an air carrier, that air carrier shall immediately notify the competent border authorities, eu-LISA and the Commission of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, that air carrier shall immediately take measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.	transmit API data because of a failure of the systems or infrastructure referred to in Article 21 of an air carrier, that air carrier shall immediately notify the competent border authorities, eu-LISA and the Commission of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, that air carrier shall immediately take measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.	transmit API data because of a failure of the systems or infrastructure referred to in Article 21 of an air carrier, that air carrier shall immediately notify the competent border authorities, eu-LISA and the Commission of that technical impossibility in an automated manner. In that case, that air carrier shall immediately take measures to address the technical impossibility to use the router and shall immediately notify those parties when it has been successfully addressed.	
Article 14(3), second subparagraph				
155	During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to the router. Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply either to the API data in question during that time period.	During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to the router. Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply either to the API data in question during that time period.	During the time period between those notifications, Article 6(1) and Article 8(1) shall not apply, insofar as the technical impossibility prevents the transfer of API data to the router. Air carriers shall store the API data until the technical impossibility has been successfully addressed and at that point transfer the data to the router in accordance with Insofar as that is the case, Article 4(1) and Article 8(1) 6(1). However, the router shall not apply either transmit the API data	

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			to the API data in question during that time period competent border authorities, but instead delete the data, if it is received later than 96 hours after the time of departure as referred to in Article 4(3)(e). Meanwhile, in the exceptional case of technical impossibility to use the router, competent border authorities may request air carriers to use any other appropriate means ensuring the necessary level of data security to transfer the API data directly to the competent border authorities.	
Article 14(3), third subparagraph				
156	When the technical impossibility has been successfully addressed, the air carrier concerned shall, without delay, submit to the competent national supervisory authority referred to in Article 29 a report containing all necessary details on the technical impossibility, including the reasons for the technical impossibility, its extent and consequences as well as the measures taken to address it.	When the technical impossibility has been successfully addressed, the air carrier concerned shall, without delay, submit to the competent national supervisory authority referred to in Article 29 a report containing all necessary details on the technical impossibility, including the reasons for the technical impossibility, its extent and consequences as well as the measures taken to address it.	When the technical impossibility has been successfully addressed, the air carrier concerned shall, without delay, submit to the competent national supervisory API supervision authority referred to in Article 29 a report containing all necessary details on the technical impossibility, including the reasons for the technical impossibility, its extent and consequences as well as the measures taken to address it.	

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CHAPTER 4				
157	CHAPTER 4 SPECIFIC PROVISIONS ON THE PROTECTION OF PERSONAL DATA	CHAPTER 4 SPECIFIC PROVISIONS ON THE PROTECTION OF PERSONAL DATA	CHAPTER 4 SPECIFIC PROVISIONS ON THE PROTECTION OF PERSONAL DATA	
Article 15				
158	Article 15 Personal data controllers	Article 15 Personal data controllers	Article 15 Personal data controllers	
Article 15, first paragraph				
159	The competent border authorities shall be controllers, within the meaning of Article 4, point (7), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in relation to the processing of API data constituting personal data through the router, including the transmission and the storage for technical reasons of that data in the router, as well as in relation to their processing of API data constituting personal data referred to in Article 7 of this Regulation.	The competent border authorities shall be controllers, within the meaning of Article 4, point (7), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in relation to the processing of API data constituting personal data through the router, including the transmission <u>of the data from the router to the authorities</u> and the storage for technical reasons of that data in the router, as well as in relation to their processing of API data constituting personal data referred to in Article 7 of this Regulation.	The competent border authorities authorities so designated by the Member State for that purpose , shall be controllers, within the meaning of Article 4, point (7), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679; in relation to the processing of API data constituting personal data through the router, including the transmission and the storage for technical reasons of that data in the router, as well as in relation to their processing of API data constituting personal data referred to in Article 7 of this Regulation.	

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Article 15, first paragraph a				
159a			eu-LISA shall be controller, within the meaning of Article 3, point (8), of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 in relation to the processing of API data constituting personal data under this Regulation through the router, including the transmission and the storage for technical reasons of that data in the router.	
Article 15, second paragraph				
160	The air carriers shall be controllers, within the meaning of Article 4, point (7), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, for the processing of API data constituting personal data in relation to their collection of that data and their transfer thereof to the router under this Regulation.	The air carriers shall be controllers, within the meaning of Article 4, point (7), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, for the processing of API data constituting personal data in relation to their collection of that data and their transfer thereof to the router under this Regulation.	The air carriers shall be controllers, within the meaning of Article 4, point (7), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, for the processing of API data constituting personal data in relation to their collection of that data and their transfer thereof to the router under this Regulation.	
Article 16				
161	Article 16 Personal data processor	Article 16 Personal data processor	Article 16 Personal data processor	
Article 16, first paragraph				

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162	eu-LISA shall be the processor within the meaning of Article 3, point (12), of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 for the processing of API data constituting personal data through the router in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement].	eu-LISA shall be the processor <u>on behalf of the competent border authorities</u> within the meaning of Article 3, point (12), of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 for the processing of API data constituting personal data through the router in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] .	eu-LISA shall be the processor within the meaning of Article 3, point (12), of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 for the processing of API data constituting personal data through the router in accordance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] .	
Article 16a				
162a		<u>Article 16a</u> <u>Information to passengers</u>		
Article 16a, first paragraph				
162b		<u>In accordance with the right of information in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, air carriers shall provide passengers, on flights covered by this Regulation, with information on the purpose of the collection of their personal data, the type of personal data collected, the recipients of the personal data and the means to exercise the data subject rights.</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 16a, second paragraph				
162c		<u><i>This information shall be communicated to passengers in writing and in an easily accessible format at the moment of booking and at the moment of check-in, irrespective of the means used to collect the personal data at the moment of check-in in accordance with Article 5.</i></u>		
Article 17				
163	Article 17 Security	Article 17 Security	Article 17 Security	
Article 17(-1)				
163a		<u><i>-1. Competent border authorities and air carriers shall ensure the security of the API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, that they process pursuant to this Regulation.</i></u>		
Article 17(-1a)				
163b		<u><i>-1a. Competent border authorities and air carriers shall cooperate, in accordance with their respective</i></u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>responsibilities and in compliance with Union law, with each other and with eu-LISA to ensure such security.</u>		
Article 17(1)				
164	1. eu-LISA shall ensure the security of the API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, that it processes pursuant to this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]. The competent border authorities and the air carriers shall ensure the security of the API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, that they process pursuant to this Regulation. eu-LISA, the competent border authorities and the air carriers shall cooperate, in accordance with their respective responsibilities and in compliance with Union law, with each other to ensure such security.	1. eu-LISA shall ensure the security <u>and encryption</u> of the API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, that it processes pursuant to this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] . The competent border authorities and the air carriers shall ensure the security of the API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, that they process pursuant to this Regulation. eu-LISA, the competent border authorities and the air carriers shall cooperate, in accordance with their respective responsibilities and in compliance with Union law, with each other to ensure such security.	1. eu-LISA shall ensure the security of the API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, that it processes pursuant to this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] . The competent border authorities and the air carriers shall ensure the security of the API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, that they process pursuant to this Regulation. eu-LISA, the competent border authorities and the air carriers shall cooperate, in accordance with their respective responsibilities and in compliance with Union law, with each other to ensure such security.	
Article 17(2), first subparagraph				
165	2. In particular, eu-LISA shall take the necessary measures to ensure the security of the router and the	2. In particular, eu-LISA shall take the necessary measures to ensure the security of the router and the	2. In particular, eu-LISA shall take the necessary measures to ensure the security of the router and the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, transmitted through the router, including by establishing, implementing and regularly updating a security plan, a business continuity plan and a disaster recovery plan, in order to:	API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, transmitted through the router, including by establishing, implementing and regularly updating a security plan, a business continuity plan and a disaster recovery plan, in order to:	API data, in particular API data constituting personal data, transmitted through the router, including by establishing, implementing and regularly updating a security plan, a business continuity plan and a disaster recovery plan, in order to:	
Article 17(2), first subparagraph, point (a)				
166	(a) physically protect the router, including by making contingency plans for the protection of critical components thereof;	(a) physically protect the router, including by making contingency plans for the protection of critical components thereof;	(a) physically protect the router, including by making contingency plans for the protection of critical components thereof;	
Article 17(2), first subparagraph, point (b)				
167	(b) prevent any unauthorised processing of the API data, including any unauthorised access thereto and copying, modification or deletion thereof, both during the transfer of the API data to and from the router and during any storage of the API data on the router where necessary to complete the transmission, in particular by means of appropriate encryption techniques;	(b) prevent any unauthorised processing of the API data, including any unauthorised access thereto and copying, modification or deletion thereof, both during the transfer of the API data to and from the router and during any storage of the API data on the router where necessary to complete the transmission, in particular by means of appropriate encryption techniques;	(b) prevent any unauthorised processing of the API data, including any unauthorised access thereto and copying, modification or deletion thereof, both during the transfer of the API data to and from the router and during any storage of the API data on the router where necessary to complete the transmission, in particular by means of appropriate encryption techniques;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 17(2), first subparagraph, point (ba)				
167a			(ba) ensure that the persons authorised to access the router have access only to the data covered by their access authorisation;	
Article 17(2), first subparagraph, point (c)				
168	(c) ensure that it is possible to verify and establish to which competent border authorities or PIUs the API data is transmitted through the router;	(c) ensure that it is possible to verify and establish to which competent border authorities or PIUs the API data is transmitted through the router;	(c) ensure that it is possible to verify and establish to which competent border authorities or PIUs the API data is transmitted through the router;	
Article 17(2), first subparagraph, point (d)				
169	(d) properly report to its Management Board any faults in the functioning of the router;	(d) properly report to its Management Board any faults in the functioning of the router;	(d) properly report to its Management Board any faults in the functioning of the router;	
Article 17(2), first subparagraph, point (e)				
170	(e) monitor the effectiveness of the security measures required under this Article and under Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, and assess and update those security measures where necessary in the light of technological or operational	(e) monitor the effectiveness of the security measures required under this Article and under Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, and assess and update those security measures where necessary in the light of technological or operational	(e) monitor the effectiveness of the security measures required under this Article and under Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, and assess and update those security measures where necessary in the light of technological or operational	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	developments.	developments.	developments.	
Article 17(2), second subparagraph				
171	The measures referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall not affect Article 33 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and Article 32 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	The measures referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall not affect Article 33 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and Article 32 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	The measures referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph shall not affect Article 33 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and Article 32 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 18				
172	Article 18 Self-monitoring	Article 18 Self-monitoring	Article 18 Self-monitoring	
Article 18, first paragraph				
173	The air carriers and competent authorities shall monitor their compliance with their respective obligations under this Regulation, in particular as regards their processing of API data constituting personal data, including through frequent verification of the logs referred to in Article 13.	The air carriers and competent authorities shall monitor their compliance with their respective obligations under this Regulation, in particular as regards their processing of API data constituting personal data, including through frequent verification of the logs referred to in <u>in accordance with</u> Article 13.	The air carriers and competent border authorities shall monitor their compliance with their respective obligations under this Regulation, in particular as regards their processing of API data constituting personal data. For air carriers, the monitoring shall include, including through frequent verification of the logs referred to in Article 13.	
Article 19				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
174	Article 19 Personal data protection audits	Article 19 Personal data protection audits	Article 19 Personal data protection audits	
Article 19(1)				
175	1. The competent national data protection authorities referred to in Article 51 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall ensure that an audit of processing operations of API data constituting personal data performed by the competent border authorities for the purposes of this Regulation is carried out, in accordance with relevant international auditing standards, at least once every four years.	1. The competent national data protection <u>independent supervisory</u> authorities referred to in Article 51 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall ensure that an audit of processing operations of API data constituting personal data performed by the competent border authorities <u>authorities</u> for the purposes of this Regulation is carried out, in accordance with relevant international auditing standards, at least once every four years.	1. The competent national data protection <u>supervisory</u> authorities referred to in Article 51 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall ensure that carry out an audit of processing operations of API data constituting personal data performed by the competent border authorities for the purposes of this Regulation is carried out, in accordance with relevant international auditing standards, at least once every four years at least once every four years. Member States shall ensure that their supervisory authorities have sufficient resources and expertise to fulfil the tasks entrusted to them under this Regulation.	
Article 19(2)				
176	2. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall ensure that an audit of processing operations of API data constituting personal data	2. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall ensure that <u>carry out</u> an audit of processing operations of API data constituting	2. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall ensure that carry out an audit of processing operations of API data constituting	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	performed by eu-LISA for the purposes of this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] is carried out in accordance with relevant international auditing standards at least once every year. A report of that audit shall be sent to the European Parliament, to the Council, to the Commission, to the Member States and to eu-LISA. eu-LISA shall be given an opportunity to make comments before the reports are adopted.	personal data performed by eu-LISA for the purposes of this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] is carried out in accordance with relevant international auditing standards at least once every year. A report of that audit shall be sent to the European Parliament, to the Council, to the Commission, to the Member States and to eu-LISA. eu-LISA shall be given an opportunity to make comments before the reports are adopted.	personal data performed by eu-LISA for the purposes of this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] is carried out in accordance with relevant international auditing standards at least once every year. A report of that audit shall be sent to the European Parliament, to the Council, to the Commission, to the Member States and to eu-LISA. eu-LISA shall be given an opportunity to make comments before the reports are adopted.	
Article 19(3)				
177	3. In relation to the processing operations referred to in paragraph 2, upon request, eu-LISA shall supply information requested by the European Data Protection Supervisor, shall grant the European Data Protection Supervisor access to all the documents it requests and to the logs referred to in Article 13(1), and shall allow the European Data Protection Supervisor access to all eu-LISA's premises at any time.	3. In relation to the processing operations referred to in paragraph 2, upon request, eu-LISA shall supply information requested by the European Data Protection Supervisor, shall grant the European Data Protection Supervisor access to all the documents it requests and to the logs referred to in Article 13(1), and shall allow the European Data Protection Supervisor access to all eu-LISA's premises at any time.	3. In relation to the processing operations referred to in paragraph 2, upon request, eu-LISA shall supply information requested by the European Data Protection Supervisor, shall grant the European Data Protection Supervisor access to all the documents it requests and to the logs referred to in Article 13(1), and shall allow the European Data Protection Supervisor access to all eu-LISA's premises at any time.	
CHAPTER 5				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
178	CHAPTER 5 CONNECTIONS AND ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS REGARDING THE ROUTER	CHAPTER 5 CONNECTIONS AND ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS REGARDING THE ROUTER	CHAPTER 5 CONNECTIONS AND ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS REGARDING THE ROUTER	
Article 20				
179	Article 20 Competent border authorities' connections to the router	Article 20 Competent border authorities' connections to the router	Article 20 Competent border authorities' connections to the router	
Article 20(1), first subparagraph				
180	1. Member States shall ensure that their competent border authorities are connected to the router. They shall ensure that the competent border authorities' systems and infrastructure for the reception of API data transferred pursuant to this Regulation are integrated with the router.	1. Member States shall ensure that their competent border authorities are connected to the router. They shall ensure that the competent border authorities' systems and infrastructure for the reception of API data transferred pursuant pursuant to this Regulation are integrated with the router.	1. Member States shall ensure that their competent border authorities are connected to the router. They shall ensure that the competent border authorities' systems and infrastructure for the reception of API data transferred pursuant pursuant to this Regulation, including any single data entry point as referred to in Article 11(2), are integrated with the router.	
Article 20(1), second subparagraph				
181	Member States shall ensure that the connection to the router and	Member States shall ensure that the connection to the router and	Member States shall ensure that the connection to the router and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	integration with it enables their competent border authorities to receive and further process the API data, as well as to exchange any communications relating thereto, in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner.	integration with it enables their competent border authorities to receive and further process the API data, as well as to exchange any communications relating thereto, in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner.	integration with it enables their competent border authorities to receive and further process the API data, as well as to exchange any communications relating thereto, in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner.	
Article 20(2)				
182	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down the necessary detailed rules on the connections to and integration with the router referred to in paragraph 1.	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down the necessary detailed rules on the connections to and integration with the router referred to in paragraph 1, <u>including on requirements for data security</u> .	2. The Commission is empowered to shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by laying down implementing acts specifying the necessary detailed rules on the connections to and integration with the router referred to in paragraph 1, including on requirements for data security. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).	
Article 21				
183	Article 21 Air carriers' connections to the router	Article 21 Air carriers' connections to the router	Article 21 Air carriers' connections to the router	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 21(1), first subparagraph				
184	1. Air carriers shall ensure that they are connected to the router. They shall ensure that their systems and infrastructure for the transfer of API data to the router pursuant to this Regulation are integrated with the router.	1. Air carriers shall ensure that they are connected to the router. They shall ensure that their systems and infrastructure for the transfer of API data to the router pursuant to this Regulation are integrated with the router.	1. Air carriers shall ensure that they are connected to the router. They shall ensure that their systems and infrastructure for the transfer of API data to the router pursuant to this Regulation are integrated with the router.	
Article 21(1), second subparagraph				
185	Air carriers shall ensure that the connection to that router and integration with it enables them to transfer the API data, as well as to exchange any communications relating thereto, in a lawful secure, effective and swift manner.	Air carriers shall ensure that the connection to that router and integration with it enables them to transfer the API data, as well as to exchange any communications relating thereto, in a lawful secure, effective and swift manner.	Air carriers shall ensure that the connection to that router and integration with it enables them to transfer the API data, as well as to exchange any communications relating thereto, in a lawful secure, effective and swift manner. To that end, air carriers shall conduct tests of the transfer of API data to the router in cooperation with eu-LISA in accordance with Article 24(3).	
Article 21(2)				
186	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by	2. The Commission is empowered to shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 37 to supplement this Regulation by	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	laying down the necessary detailed rules on the connections to and integration with the router referred to in paragraph 1.	laying down the necessary detailed rules on the connections to and integration with the router referred to in paragraph 1, <u>including on requirements for data security</u> .	laying down implementing acts specifying the necessary detailed rules on the connections to and integration with the router referred to in paragraph 1, including on requirements for data security. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).	
Article 22				
187	Article 22 eu-LISA's tasks relating to the design and development of the router	Article 22 eu-LISA's tasks relating to the design and development of the router	Article 22 eu-LISA's tasks relating to the design and development of the router	
Article 22(1)				
188	1. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the design of the physical architecture of the router, including defining the technical specifications.	1. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the design of the physical architecture of the router, including defining the technical specifications.	1. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the design of the physical architecture of the router, including defining the technical specifications.	
Article 22(2), first subparagraph				
189	2. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the development of the router, including for any technical	2. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the development of the router, including for any technical	2. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the development of the router, including for any technical	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	adaptations necessary for the operation of the router.	adaptations necessary for the operation of the router.	adaptations necessary for the operation of the router.	
Article 22(2), second subparagraph				
190	The development of the router shall consist of the elaboration and implementation of the technical specifications, testing and overall project management and coordination of the development phase.	The development of the router shall consist of the elaboration and implementation of the technical specifications, testing and overall project management and coordination of the development phase.	The development of the router shall consist of the elaboration and implementation of the technical specifications, testing and overall project management and coordination of the development phase.	
Article 22(3)				
191	3. eu-LISA shall ensure that the router is designed and developed in such a manner that the router provides the functionalities specified in this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], and that the router starts operations as soon as possible after the adoption by the Commission of the delegated acts provided for in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2).	3. eu-LISA shall ensure that the router is designed and developed in such a manner that the router provides the functionalities specified in this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] , and that the router starts operations as soon as possible after the adoption by the Commission of the delegated acts provided for in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2) <u>and after the carrying out of a data protection impact assessment in accordance with Article 35 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.</u>	3. eu-LISA shall ensure that the router is designed and developed in such a manner that the router provides the functionalities specified in this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] , and that the router it starts operations as soon as possible after the adoption by the Commission of the delegated implementing acts provided for in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2).	

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Article 22(3a)				
191a			3a. eu-LISA shall provide to the competent border authorities, other relevant Member States' authorities and air carriers, a compliance test set. The compliance test set shall include a test environment, a simulator, test data sets, and a test plan. The compliance test set shall allow for the comprehensive test of the router referred to in paragraph 4 and it shall remain available after the completion of the comprehensive test of the router.	
Article 22(4)				
192	4. Where eu-LISA considers that the development phase has been completed, it shall, without undue delay, conduct a comprehensive test of the router, in cooperation with the competent border authorities, PIUs and other relevant Member States' authorities and air carriers and inform the Commission of the outcome of that test.	4. Where eu-LISA considers that the development phase has been completed, it shall, without undue delay, conduct a comprehensive test of the router, in cooperation with the competent border authorities, PIUs and other relevant Member States' authorities and air carriers and inform the Commission of the outcome of that test.	4. Where eu-LISA considers that the development phase has been completed, it shall, without undue delay, conduct a comprehensive test of the router, in cooperation with the competent border authorities, PIUs and other relevant Member States' authorities and air carriers and inform the Commission of the outcome of that test.	

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Article 23				
193	Article 23 eu-LISA's tasks relating to the hosting and technical management of the router	Article 23 eu-LISA's tasks relating to the hosting and technical management of the router	Article 23 eu-LISA's tasks relating to the hosting and technical management of the router	
Article 23(1)				
194	1. eu-LISA shall host the router in its technical sites.	1. eu-LISA shall host the router in its technical sites.	1. eu-LISA shall host the router in its technical sites.	
Article 23(2), first subparagraph				
195	2. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the technical management of the router, including its maintenance and technical developments, in such a manner as to ensure that the API data are securely, effectively and swiftly transmitted through the router, in compliance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement].	2. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the technical management of the router, including its maintenance and technical developments, in such a manner as to ensure that the API data are securely, effectively and swiftly transmitted through the router, in compliance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] .	2. eu-LISA shall be responsible for the technical management of the router, including its maintenance and technical developments, in such a manner as to ensure that the API data are securely, effectively and swiftly transmitted through the router, in compliance with this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] .	
Article 23(2), second subparagraph				
196	The technical management of the	The technical management of the	The technical management of the	

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	router shall consist of carrying out all the tasks and enacting all technical solutions necessary for the proper functioning of the router in accordance with this Regulation, Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], in an uninterrupted manner, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. It shall include the maintenance work and technical developments necessary to ensure that the router functions at a satisfactory level of technical quality, in particular as regards availability, accuracy and reliability of the transmission of API data, in accordance with the technical specifications and, as much as possible, in line with the operational needs of the competent border authorities, PIUs and air carriers.	router shall consist of carrying out all the tasks and enacting all technical solutions necessary for the proper functioning of the router in accordance with this Regulation, Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] , in an uninterrupted manner, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. It shall include the maintenance work and technical developments necessary to ensure that the router functions at a satisfactory level of technical quality, in particular as regards availability, accuracy and reliability of the transmission of API data, in accordance with the technical specifications and, as much as possible, in line with the operational needs of the competent border authorities, PIUs and air carriers.	router shall consist of carrying out all the tasks and enacting all technical solutions necessary for the proper functioning of the router in accordance with this Regulation, Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] , in an uninterrupted manner, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. It shall include the maintenance work and technical developments necessary to ensure that the router functions at a satisfactory level of technical quality, in particular as regards availability, accuracy and reliability of the transmission of API data, in accordance with the technical specifications and, as much as possible, in line with the operational needs of the competent border authorities, PIUs and air carriers.	
Article 23(3)				
197	3. eu-LISA shall not have access to any of the API data that is transmitted through the router. However, that prohibition shall not preclude eu-LISA from having such access insofar as strictly necessary for the maintenance of the router.	3. eu-LISA shall not have access to any of the API data that is transmitted through the router. However, that prohibition shall not preclude eu-LISA from having such access insofar as strictly necessary for the maintenance of the router.	3. eu-LISA's staff shall not have access to any of the API data that is transmitted through the router. However, that prohibition shall not preclude eu-LISA's staff from having such access insofar as strictly necessary for the maintenance and technical	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			management of the router.	
Article 23(4)				
198	4. Without prejudice to paragraph 3 of this Article and to Article 17 of Council Regulation (EEC, Euratom, ECSC) No 259/68¹, eu-LISA shall apply appropriate rules of professional secrecy or other equivalent duties of confidentiality to its staff required to work with API data transmitted through the router. This obligation shall also apply after such staff leave office or employment or after the termination of their activities. 1. Regulation (EEC, Euratom, ECSC) No 259/68 of the Council of 29 February 1968 laying down the Staff Regulations of Officials and the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants of the European Communities and instituting special measures temporarily applicable to officials of the Commission (OJ L 56, 4.3.1968, p. 1).	4. Without prejudice to paragraph 3 of this Article and to Article 17 of Council Regulation (EEC, Euratom, ECSC) No 259/68¹, eu-LISA shall apply appropriate rules of professional secrecy or other equivalent duties of confidentiality to its staff required to work with API data transmitted through the router. This obligation shall also apply after such staff leave office or employment or after the termination of their activities. 1. Regulation (EEC, Euratom, ECSC) No 259/68 of the Council of 29 February 1968 laying down the Staff Regulations of Officials and the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants of the European Communities and instituting special measures temporarily applicable to officials of the Commission (OJ L 56, 4.3.1968, p. 1).	4. Without prejudice to paragraph 3 of this Article and to Article 17 of Council Regulation (EEC, Euratom, ECSC) No 259/68¹, eu-LISA shall apply appropriate rules of professional secrecy or other equivalent duties of confidentiality to its staff required to work with API data transmitted through the router. This obligation shall also apply after such staff leave office or employment or after the termination of their activities. 1. Regulation (EEC, Euratom, ECSC) No 259/68 of the Council of 29 February 1968 laying down the Staff Regulations of Officials and the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants of the European Communities and instituting special measures temporarily applicable to officials of the Commission (OJ L 56, 4.3.1968, p. 1).	
Article 24				
199	Article 24 eu-LISA's support tasks relating to the router	Article 24 eu-LISA's support tasks relating to the router	Article 24 eu-LISA's support tasks relating to the router	

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Article 24(1)				
200	1. eu-LISA shall, upon their request, provide training to competent border authorities, PIUs and other relevant Member States' authorities and air carriers on the technical use of the router.	1. eu-LISA shall, upon their request, provide training to competent border authorities, PIUs and other relevant Member States' authorities and air carriers on the technical use of <u>the router and on the connection and integration to</u> the router.	1. eu-LISA shall, upon their request, provide training and support to competent border authorities, PIUs and other relevant Member States' authorities and air carriers on the technical use of the router.	
Article 24(2)				
201	2. eu-LISA shall provide support to the competent border authorities and PIUs regarding the reception of API data through the router pursuant to this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], respectively, in particular as regards the application of Articles 11 and 20 of this Regulation and Articles 5 and 10 of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement].	2. eu-LISA shall provide support to the competent border authorities and PIUs regarding the reception of API data through the router pursuant to this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], respectively, in particular as regards the application of Articles 11 and 20 of this Regulation and Articles 5 and 10 of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement].	2. eu-LISA shall provide support to the competent border authorities and PIUs regarding the reception of API data through the router pursuant to this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement], respectively, in particular as regards the application of Articles 11 and 20 of this Regulation and Articles 5 and 10 of Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement].	
Article 24(3)				
201a			3. In accordance with Article 21(1), eu-LISA shall conduct	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			tests in cooperation with air carriers of the transfer of API data to the router, making use of the compliance test set referred to in Article 22(3a).	
Chapter 5a				
201b			Chapter 5a GOVERNANCE	
Article 24a				
201c			Article 24a Programme Management Board	
Article 24a(1), first subparagraph				
201d			1. By [Date of entry into force of this Regulation], eu-LISA's Management Board shall establish a Programme Management Board. It shall be composed of 10 members and shall consist of:	
Article 24a(1), first subparagraph, point (a)				
201e			(a) seven members appointed by eu-LISA's Management Board	

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			from among its members or its alternates;	
Article 24a(1), first subparagraph, point (b)				
201f			(b) the chair of the API-PNR Advisory Group referred to in Article 24b;	
Article 24a(1), first subparagraph, point (c)				
201g			(c) one member of the eu-LISA staff appointed by its Executive Director;	
Article 24a(1), first subparagraph, point (d)				
201h			(d) and one member appointed by the Commission.	
Article 24a(1), second subparagraph				
201i			As regards point (a), the members appointed by eu-LISA's Management Board shall be elected only from its members or its alternates from those Member States that are bound by this Regulation.	

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Article 24a(2), first subparagraph				
201j			2. The Programme Management Board shall draft its rules of procedure to be adopted by eu-LISA's Management Board.	
Article 24a(2), second subparagraph				
201k			The chairpersonship shall be held by a Member State that is a member of the Programme Management Board.	
Article 24a(3), first subparagraph				
201l			3. The Programme Management Board shall supervise the effective fulfilment of eu-LISA's tasks relating to the design and development of the router in accordance with Article 22.	
Article 24a(3), second subparagraph				
201m			To that end, upon request of the Programme Management Board, eu-LISA shall provide detailed and updated information on the design and development of the router, including on the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			resources allocated by eu-LISA.	
Article 24a(3), third subparagraph				
201n			The Programme Management Board shall regularly, and at least three times per quarter, submit written reports on progress in the design and development of the router to eu-LISA's Management Board.	
Article 24a(4)				
201o			4. The Programme Management Board shall have no decision-making power, nor any mandate to represent eu-LISA's Management Board or its members.	
Article 24a(5)				
201p			5. The Programme Management Board shall cease to exist by the date of the application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph.	
Article 24b				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
201q			Article 24b API-PNR Advisory Group	
Article 24b(1)				
201r			1. By [Date of entry into force of this Regulation], eu-LISA's Management Board shall establish an API-PNR Advisory Group in accordance with Article 27 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1726.	
Article 24b(2)				
201s			2. Whenever available, eu-LISA shall provide the API-PNR Advisory Group with versions, even intermediary ones, of the technical specifications and the compliance test sets referred to in Article 22(1), (2) and (3a).	
Article 24b(3)				
201t			3. The API-PNR Advisory Group shall exercise the following functions:	
Article 24b(3), point (a)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
201u			(a) provide expertise to eu-LISA and to the Programme Management Board on the design and development of the router in accordance with Article 22;	
Article 24b(3), point (b)				
201v			(b) provide expertise to eu-LISA on the hosting and technical management of the router in accordance with Article 23;	
Article 24b(3), point (c)				
201w			(c) provide its opinion to the Programme Management Board, upon its request, on the progress of the design and development of the router, including on the progress of those technical specifications and compliance test sets referred to in paragraph 2.	
Article 24b(4)				
201x			4. The API-PNR Advisory Group shall have no decision-	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			making power, nor any mandate to represent the eu-LISA's Management Board or its members.	
Article 24c				
201y			Article 24c API-PNR Contact Group	
Article 24c(1)				
201z			1. By the date of the application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, eu-LISA's Management Board shall establish an API-PNR Contact Group.	
Article 24c(2)				
201aa			2. The API-PNR Contact Group shall enable communication between Member States' relevant authorities and air carriers on technical matters related to their respective tasks and obligations under this Regulation.	
Article 24c(3)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
201ab			3. The API-PNR Contact Group shall be composed of representatives of Member States' relevant authorities and air carriers, the chairperson of the API-PNR Advisory Group and eu-LISA's experts.	
Article 24c(4)				
201ac			4. eu-LISA's Management Board shall establish the rules of procedure of the API-PNR Contact Group, following an opinion of the API-PNR Advisory Group.	
Article 24c(5)				
201ad			5. When deemed necessary, eu-LISA's Management Board may also establish sub-groups of the API-PNR Contact Group to discuss specific technical matters related to the respective tasks and obligations of Member States' relevant authorities and air carriers under this Regulation.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 24c(6)				
201ae			6. The API-PNR Contact Group, including its sub-groups, shall have no decision-making power, nor any mandate to represent the eu-LISA's Management Board or its members.	
Article 24a				
201af		<u>Article 24d</u> <u>API Expert Group</u>	Article 24d API Expert Group	Note: EP position inserted API Expert Group in Article 32a (new).
Article 24d(1)				
201ag		<u>1. An API Expert Group shall be established with effect from [one month after the entry into force of this Regulation] in accordance with the horizontal rules on the creation and operation of Commission expert groups. It shall facilitate cooperation and the exchange of information on obligations stemming from and issues relating to this Regulation among Member States, EU institutions and stakeholders.</u>	1. By the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, the Commission shall establish an API Expert Group in accordance with the horizontal rules on the creation and operation of Commission expert groups.	
Article 24d(2)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
201ah		<u>2. The API Expert Group shall be composed of representatives of the European Commission, Member States' relevant authorities, the European Parliament and eu-LISA. Where relevant for the performance of its tasks, the API Expert Group may invite relevant stakeholders, in particular representatives of air carriers, the EDPS and the independent national supervisory authorities, to participate in its work. The Commission's representative shall chair the API Expert Group.</u>	2. The API Expert Group shall enable communication among Member States' relevant authorities, and between Member States' relevant authorities and air carriers, on policy matters related to their respective tasks and obligations under this Regulation, including in relation to the penalties referred to in Article 30.	
Article 24d(3)				
201ai			3. The API Expert Group shall be chaired by the Commission and constituted in accordance with the horizontal rules on the creation and operation of Commission expert groups. It shall be composed of representatives of Member States' relevant authorities, representatives of air carriers and eu-LISA's experts.	
Article 24d(4)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
201aj			4. The API Expert Group shall carry out its tasks in accordance with the principle of transparency. The Commission shall publish the minutes of the meetings of the API Expert Group and other relevant documents on the Commission website.	
Article 25				
202	Article 25 Costs of eu-LISA and of Member States	Article 25 Costs of eu-LISA, <u>the European Data Protection Supervisor, the national supervisory authorities</u> and of Member States	Article 25 Costs of eu-LISA and of Member States	
Article 25(1)				
203	1. Costs incurred by eu-LISA in relation to the design, development, hosting and technical management of the router under this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] shall be borne by the general budget of the Union.	1. Costs incurred by eu-LISA in relation to the design, development, hosting and technical management of the router under this Regulation <u>shall be borne by the general budget of the Union. In view of the Union interests at stake, in relation to its responsibilities for the design, development, hosting and technical management and</u>	1. Costs incurred by eu-LISA in relation to the design, development, hosting and technical management arising out of the establishment and operation of the router under this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement] shall be borne by the general budget of the Union.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>maintenance of the router, eu-LISA and Regulation (EU) [API law enforcement]</u> shall be borne by the general budget of <u>provided with the necessary resources under</u> the Union <u>budget in accordance with the applicable legislation.</u>		
Article 25(2), first subparagraph				
204	2. Costs incurred by Member States in relation to their connections to and integration with the router referred to in Article 20 shall be borne by the general budget of the Union.	2. Costs incurred by <u>eu-LISA and</u> Member States in relation to their connections to and integration with the router referred to in Article 20 shall be borne by the general budget of the Union.	2. Costs incurred by Member States in relation to their connections to and integration with the router referred to in Article 20 shall be borne by the general budget of the Union.	
Article 25(2), second subparagraph				
205	However, the following costs shall be excluded and shall be borne by the Member States:	However, the following costs shall be excluded and shall be borne by the Member States:	However, the following costs shall be excluded and shall be borne by the Member States:	
Article 25(2), second subparagraph, point (a)				
206	(a) costs for the project management office, including meetings, missions, offices;	(a) costs for the project management office, including meetings, missions, offices;	(a) costs for the project management office, including meetings, missions, offices;	
Article 25(2), second subparagraph, point (b)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
207	(b) costs for the hosting of national information technology (IT) systems, including space, implementation, electricity and cooling;	(b) costs for the hosting of national information technology (IT) systems, including space, implementation, electricity and cooling;	(b) costs for the hosting of national information technology (IT) systems, including space, implementation, electricity and cooling;	
Article 25(2), second subparagraph, point (c)				
208	(c) costs for the operation of national IT systems, including operators and support contracts;	(c) costs for the operation of national IT systems, including operators and support contracts;	(c) costs for the operation of national IT systems, including operators and support contracts;	
Article 25(2), second subparagraph, point (d)				
209	(d) costs for the design, development, implementation, operation and maintenance of national communication networks.	(d) costs for the design, development, implementation, operation and maintenance of national communication networks.	(d) costs for the design, development, implementation, operation and maintenance of national communication networks.	
Article 25(2), second subparagraph, point (da)				
209a		<u>2a. Costs incurred by the European Data Protection Supervisor in relation to the tasks entrusted to it under this Regulation shall be borne by the general budget of the Union.</u>		
Article 25(2), second subparagraph, point (db)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
209b		<u><i>2b. Costs incurred by independent national supervisory authorities in relation to the tasks entrusted to them under this Regulation shall be borne by the Member States.</i></u>		
Article 25(3)				
210	3. The Member States shall also bear the costs arising from the administration, use and maintenance of their connections to and integration with the router.	3. The Member States shall also bear the costs arising from the administration, use and maintenance of their connections to and integration with the router.	32. The Member States shall also bear the costs arising from the administration, use and maintenance of funding referred to in Article 7(3)(a) and (b) of Regulation (EU) 2021/1148, may provide support for costs incurred by Member States in relation to their connections to and integration with the router referred to in Article 20 of this Regulation and the maintenance thereof, in accordance with the eligibility rules and co-financing rates set in the legal basis of the Instrument for Financial Support for Border Management and Visa Policy.	
Article 26				
211	Article 26 Liability regarding the router	Article 26 Liability regarding the router	Article 26 Liability regarding the router	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 26, first paragraph				
212	If any failure of a Member State or an air carrier to comply with its obligations under this Regulation causes damage to the router, that Member State or air carrier shall be liable for such damage, unless and insofar as eu-LISA failed to take reasonable measures to prevent the damage from occurring or to minimise its impact.	If any failure of a Member State or an air carrier to comply with its obligations under this Regulation causes damage to the router, that Member State or air carrier shall be liable for such damage, unless and insofar as eu-LISA failed to take reasonable measures to prevent the damage from occurring or to minimise its impact.	If any a failure of a Member State or an air carrier to comply with its obligations under this Regulation causes damage to the router, that Member State or air carrier shall be liable for such damage, as provided for by the applicable Union or national law , unless and insofar as it is demonstrated that eu-LISA, another Member State or another air carrier eu-LISA failed to take reasonable measures to prevent the damage from occurring or to minimise its impact.	
Article 27				
213	Article 27 Start of operations of the router	Article 27 Start of operations of the router	Article 27 Start of operations of the router	
Article 27, first paragraph				
214	The Commission shall determine, without undue delay, the date from which the router starts operations by means of an implementing act once eu-LISA has informed the	The Commission shall determine, without undue delay, the date from which the router starts operations by means of an implementing act once eu-LISA has informed the	The Commission shall determine, without undue delay, the date from which the router starts operations by means of an implementing act once eu-LISA has informed the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Commission of the successful completion of the comprehensive test of the router referred to in Article 22(4). That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).	Commission of the successful completion of the comprehensive test of the router referred to in Article 22(4). That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).	Commission of the successful completion of the comprehensive test of the router referred to in Article 22(4). That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 36(2).	
Article 27, second paragraph				
215	The Commission shall set the date referred to in the first subparagraph to be no later than 30 days from the date of the adoption of that implementing act.	The Commission shall set the date referred to in the first subparagraph to be no later than 30 days from the date of the adoption of that implementing act.	The Commission shall set the date referred to in the first subparagraph to be no later than 30 days from the date of the adoption of that implementing act.	
Article 28				
216	Article 28 Voluntary use of the router in application of Directive 2004/81/EC	Article 28 Voluntary use of the router in application of Directive 2004/81/EC <u>2004/82/EC</u>	Article 28 Voluntary use of the router in application of Directive 2004/81/EC	
Article 28(1)				
217	1. Air carriers shall be entitled to use the router to transmit the information referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2004/82/EC to one or more of the responsible authorities referred to therein, in	1. Air carriers shall be entitled to use the router to transmit the information referred to in Article 3(1) of Directive 2004/82/EC to one or more of the responsible authorities referred to therein, in	1. Air carriers shall be entitled to use the router to transmit the information referred to in Article 3(1) and 3(2) of Directive 2004/82/EC to one or more of the responsible authorities referred to	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	accordance with that Directive, provided that the responsible authority concerned has agreed with such use, from an appropriate date set by that authority. That authority shall only agree after having established that, in particular as regards both its own connection to the router and that of the air carrier concerned, the information can be transmitted in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner.	accordance with that Directive, provided that the responsible authority concerned has agreed with such use, from an appropriate date set by that authority. That authority shall only agree after having established that, in particular as regards both its own connection to the router and that of the air carrier concerned, the information can be transmitted in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner.	therein, in accordance with that Directive, provided that the responsible authority Member State concerned has agreed with such use, from an appropriate date set by that authority . That authority Member State . That Member State shall only agree after having established that, in particular as regards both its own connection authorities' connections to the router and that of the air carrier concerned, the information can be transmitted in a lawful, secure, effective and swift manner.	
Article 28(2)				
218	2. Where an air carrier starts using the router in accordance with paragraph 1, it shall continue using the router to transmit such information to the responsible authority concerned until the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph. However, that use shall be discontinued, from an appropriate date set by that authority, where that authority considers that there are objective reasons that require such	2. Where an air carrier starts using the router in accordance with paragraph 1, it shall continue using the router to transmit such information to the responsible authority <u>authorities of the Member State</u> concerned until the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph. However, that use shall be discontinued, from an appropriate date set by that authority, where that authority considers that there	2. Where an air carrier starts using the router in accordance with paragraph 1, it shall continue using the router to transmit such information to the responsible authorities of the Member State authority concerned until the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph. However, that use shall be discontinued, from an appropriate date set by that Member State authority , where that Member State authority	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	discontinuation and has informed the air carrier accordingly.	are objective reasons that require such discontinuation and has informed the air carrier accordingly.	considers that there are objective reasons that require such discontinuation and has informed the air carrier accordingly.	
Article 28(3)				
219	3. The responsible authority concerned shall:	3. The responsible authority concerned shall:	3. The responsible authority concerned shall:	Member State concerned
Article 28(3), point (a)				
220	(a) consult eu-LISA before agreeing with the voluntary use of the router in accordance with paragraph 1;	(a) consult eu-LISA before agreeing with the voluntary use of the router in accordance with paragraph 1;	(a) consult eu-LISA before agreeing with the voluntary use of the router in accordance with paragraph 1;	
Article 28(3), point (b)				
221	(b) except in situations of duly justified urgency, afford the air carrier concerned an opportunity to comment on its intention to discontinue such use in accordance with paragraph 2 and, where relevant, also consult eu-LISA thereon;	(b) except in situations of duly justified urgency, afford the air carrier concerned an opportunity to comment on its intention to discontinue such use in accordance with paragraph 2 and, where relevant, also consult eu-LISA thereon;	(b) except in situations of duly justified urgency, afford the air carrier concerned an opportunity to comment on its intention to discontinue such use in accordance with paragraph 2 and, where relevant, also consult eu-LISA thereon;	
Article 28(3), point (c)				

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222	(c) immediately inform eu-LISA and the Commission of any such use to which it agreed and any discontinuation of such use, providing all necessary information, including the date of the start of the use, the date of the discontinuation and the reasons for the discontinuation, as applicable.	(c) immediately inform eu-LISA and the Commission of any such use to which it agreed and any discontinuation of such use, providing all necessary information, including the date of the start of the use, the date of the discontinuation and the reasons for the discontinuation, as applicable.	(c) immediately inform eu-LISA and the Commission of any such use to which it agreed and any discontinuation of such use, providing all necessary information, including the date of the start of the use, the date of the discontinuation and the reasons for the discontinuation, as applicable.	
CHAPTER 6				
223	CHAPTER 6 SUPERVISION, PENALTIES, STATISTICS AND HANDBOOK	CHAPTER 6 SUPERVISION, PENALTIES, STATISTICS AND HANDBOOK	CHAPTER 6 SUPERVISION, PENALTIES, STATISTICS AND HANDBOOK	
Article 29				
224	Article 29 National supervisory authority	Article 29 National supervisory authority	Article 29 National supervisory authority API supervision authority	
Article 29(1)				
225	1. Member States shall designate one or more national supervisory authorities responsible for monitoring the application within their territory by air carriers of the provisions of this Regulation and	1. Member States shall designate one or more national supervisory authorities responsible for monitoring the application within their territory by air carriers of the provisions of this Regulation and	1. Member States shall designate one or more national supervisory API supervision authorities responsible for monitoring the application within their territory by air carriers of the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	ensuring compliance with those provisions.	ensuring compliance with those provisions.	provisions of this Regulation and ensuring compliance with those provisions.	
Article 29(2)				
226	2. Member States shall ensure that the national supervisory authorities have all necessary means and all necessary investigative and enforcement powers to carry out their tasks under this Regulation, including by imposing the penalties referred to in Article 30 where appropriate. They shall lay down detailed rules on the performance of those tasks and the exercise of those powers, ensuring that the performance and exercise is effective, proportionate and dissuasive and is subject to safeguards in compliance with the fundamental rights guaranteed under Union law.	2. Member States shall ensure that the national supervisory authorities have all necessary means and all necessary investigative and enforcement powers to carry out their tasks under this Regulation, including by imposing the penalties referred to in Article 30 where appropriate. They shall lay down detailed rules on the performance of those tasks and the exercise of those powers, ensuring that the performance and exercise is effective, proportionate and dissuasive and is subject to safeguards in compliance with the fundamental rights guaranteed under Union law.	2. Member States shall ensure that the national supervisory ^{API} supervision authorities have all necessary means and all necessary investigative and enforcement powers to carry out their tasks under this Regulation, including by imposing the penalties referred to in Article 30 where appropriate. They shall lay down detailed rules on the performance of those tasks and the exercise of those powers, ensuring that the performance and exercise is effective, proportionate and dissuasive and is subject to safeguards in compliance with the fundamental rights guaranteed under Union law.	
Article 29(3)				
227	3. Member States shall, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 21, second subparagraph, notify the Commission of the name and the	3. Member States shall, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 24 ³⁹ , second subparagraph, notify the Commission of the name and	3. Member States shall, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 24 ³⁹ , second subparagraph, notify the Commission of the name and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	contact details of the authorities that they designated under paragraph 1 and of the detailed rules that they laid down pursuant to paragraph 2. They shall notify the Commission without delay of any subsequent changes or amendments thereto.	the contact details of the authorities that they designated under paragraph 1 and of the detailed rules that they laid down pursuant to paragraph 2. They shall notify the Commission without delay of any subsequent changes or amendments thereto.	the contact details of the authorities that they designated under paragraph 1 and of the detailed rules that they laid down pursuant to paragraph 2. They shall notify the Commission without delay of any subsequent changes or amendments thereto.	
Article 29(4)				
228	4. This Article is without prejudice to the powers of the supervisory authorities referred to in Article 51 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	4. This Article is without prejudice to the powers of the supervisory authorities referred to in Article 51 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	4. This Article is without prejudice to the powers of the supervisory authorities referred to in Article 51 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
Article 30				
229	Article 30 Penalties	Article 30 Penalties	Article 30 Penalties	
Article 30, first paragraph				
230	Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of this Regulation and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented. The penalties provided for shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.	<u>1.</u> Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of this Regulation and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented. The penalties provided for shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive	1. Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of this Regulation and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented. The penalties provided for shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>penalties.</u>		
Article 30, second paragraph				
231	Member States shall, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, notify the Commission of those rules and of those measures and shall notify it, without delay, of any subsequent amendment affecting them.	Member States shall, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, notify the Commission of those rules and of those measures and shall notify it, without delay, of any subsequent amendment affecting them.	2. Member States shall, by the date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph, notify the Commission of those rules and of those measures and shall notify it, without delay, of any subsequent amendment affecting them.	
Article 30(3)				
231a		<u>2. Member States shall ensure that when deciding whether to impose a penalty and when determining the type and level of penalty, the national supervisory authorities take into account relevant circumstances, which may include:</u>	3. Member States shall ensure that the national API supervision authorities, when deciding whether to impose a penalty and when determining the type and level of penalty, take into account relevant circumstances, which may include:	
Article 30(3), point (a)				
231b		<u>(a) the nature, gravity and duration of the infringement;</u>	(a) the nature, gravity and duration of the infringement;	
Article 30(3), point (b)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
231c		<u>(b) the degree of the air carrier's fault;</u>	(b) the degree of the air carrier's fault;	
Article 30(3), point (c)				
231d		<u>(c) previous infringements by the air carrier;</u>	(c) previous infringements by the air carrier;	
Article 30(3), point (d)				
231e		<u>(d) the overall level of cooperation of the air carrier with the competent authorities;</u>	(d) the overall level of cooperation of the air carrier with the competent authorities;	
Article 30(3), point (e)				
231f		<u>(e) the size of the air carrier, such as the annual number of passengers carried;</u>	(e) the size of the air carrier, such as the annual number of passengers carried;	
Article 30(3), point (f)				
231g		<u>(f) whether previous penalties have already been applied by other national API supervisory authorities to the same carrier for the same infringement.</u>	(f) whether previous penalties have already been applied by other national API supervision authorities to the same carrier for the same infringement.	
Article 30(4)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
231h		<u>3. Member States shall ensure that a systematic or persistent failure to comply with obligations set out in this Regulation is subject to financial penalties of up to 2% of an air carrier's global turnover of the preceding business year.</u>	4. Member States shall ensure that a recurrent failure to transfer any API data in accordance with Article 6(1) is subject to proportionate financial penalties of up to 4% of the air carrier's global turnover of the preceding financial year.	
Article 31				
232	Article 31 Statistics	Article 31 Statistics	Article 31 Statistics	
Article 31(1)				
233	1. Every quarter, eu-LISA shall publish statistics on the functioning of the router, showing in particular the number, the nationality and the country of departure of the travellers, and specifically of the travellers who boarded the aircraft with inaccurate, incomplete or no longer up-to-date API data, with a non-recognised travel document, without a valid visa, without a valid travel authorization, or reported as overstay, the number and nationality of travellers.	1. Every quarter <u>To support the implementation and supervision of this Regulation and based on the statistical information referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article,</u> eu-LISA shall publish <u>every quarter</u> statistics on the functioning of the router, showing in particular the number, the nationality and the country of departure of the travellers, and specifically of the travellers who boarded the aircraft with inaccurate <u>and on compliance by air carriers with the obligations</u>	1. Every quarter, eu-LISA shall publish statistics on the functioning of the router, showing in particular the number, the nationality and the country of departure of the travellers. Those statistics shall specifically include the number, the nationality, and the country of departure, and specifically of the travellers who boarded the aircraft with inaccurate, incomplete or no longer up-to-date API data, or with a non-recognised travel document, without a valid visa, without a valid travel	

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		<u>set out in this Regulation. These statistics shall not allow for the identification of individuals. The statistics shall show in particular:</u> <u>(a) the number of passengers on which API data is transmitted,</u> <u>(b) the number of flights for which incomplete or no longer up-to-date API data is transmitted,</u> <u>(c) the number of flights on which API data is not transmitted with a non-recognised travel document,</u> <u>(d) the number of API messages transmitted on time to competent border authorities without a valid visa,</u> <u>(e) the number of passengers who boarded the aircraft with inaccurate, incomplete or no longer up-to-date API data, with a non-recognised travel document without a valid travel authorization, or reported as overstay, the number and nationality of travellers.</u>	authorization, or who were reported as overstay, the number and nationality of travellers. Those statistics shall also indicate the technical means used to capture the data in paragraph 5(b), (d) and (da). eu-LISA shall also publish statistics showing the overall performance of air carriers as regards their compliance with the rules of this Regulation.	
Article 31(2)				
234	2. eu-LISA shall store the daily statistics in the central repository for reporting and statistics	2. eu-LISA <u>For the purposes set out in paragraph 1, the router shall store the daily statistics</u>	2. eu-LISA shall store the daily statistics in the central repository for reporting and statistics	

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	established in Article 39 of Regulation (EU) 2019/817.	it <u>automatically transmit the data listed in paragraph 5 to</u> the central repository for reporting and statistics established in Article 39 of Regulation (EU) 2019/817.	established in Article 39 of Regulation (EU) 2019/817.	
Article 31(3)				
235	3. At the end of each year, eu-LISA shall compile statistical data in an annual report for that year. It shall publish that annual report and transmit it to the European Parliament, the Council, the Commission, the European Data Protection Supervisor, the European Border and Coast Guard Agency and the national supervisory authorities referred to in Article 29.	3. <u>In order to support the implementation and supervision of this Regulation,</u> at the end of each year, eu-LISA shall compile statistical data in an annual report for that year. It shall publish that annual report and transmit it to the European Parliament, the Council, the Commission, the European Data Protection Supervisor, the European Border and Coast Guard Agency and the national supervisory authorities referred to in Article 29.	3. At the end of Each year, eu-LISA shall compile statistical data in an annual report for that the previous year. It shall publish that annual report and transmit it to the European Parliament, the Council, the Commission, the European Data Protection Supervisor, the European Border and Coast Guard Agency and the national supervisory API supervision authorities referred to in Article 29. The annual report shall not disclose confidential working methods or jeopardise ongoing investigations of the Member States' competent authorities.	
Article 31(4)				
236	4. At the request of the Commission, eu-LISA shall provide it with statistics on specific aspects related to the	4. At the request of the Commission, eu-LISA shall provide it with statistics on specific aspects related to the	4. At the request of the Commission, eu-LISA shall provide it with statistics on specific aspects related to the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	implementation of this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API Law enforcement] as well as the statistics pursuant to paragraph 3.	implementation of this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API Law enforcement] as well as the statistics pursuant to paragraph 3.	implementation of this Regulation and Regulation (EU) [API Law enforcement] as well as the statistics pursuant to paragraph 3.	
Article 31(5)				
237	5. eu-LISA shall have the right to access the following API data transmitted through to the router, solely for the purposes of the reporting referred to in Article 38 and for generating statistics in accordance with the present Article, without however such access allowing for the identification of the travellers concerned:	5. eu-LISA shall have the right to access the following API data transmitted through to the router, solely <u>The central repository for reporting and statistics shall provide eu-LISA with the statistical information necessary</u> for the purposes of the reporting referred to in Article 38 and for generating statistics in accordance with the present Article, without however such access <u>statistics on API</u> allowing for the identification of the travellers <u>passengers</u> concerned:	5. eu-LISA shall have the right to access the following API data transmitted through to the router, data solely for the purposes of the reporting referred to in Article 38 and for generating statistics in accordance with the present Article, without however such access allowing for the identification of the travellers concerned:	
Article 31(5), point (a)				
238	(a) whether the traveller is passenger or a crew member;	(a) whether the traveller is passenger or a crew member;	(a) whether the traveller is passenger or a crew member;	
Article 31(5), point (b)				
239	(b) the nationality, sex and year of	(b) the nationality, sex and year of	(b) the nationality, sex and year of	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	birth of the traveller;	birth of the traveller;	birth of the traveller;	
Article 31(5), point (c)				
240	(c) the date and initial point of embarkation, and the date and airport of entry into the territory of a Member State arrival;	(c) the date and initial point of embarkation, and the date and airport of entry into the territory of a Member State arrival <u>number of passengers checked-in on the same flight;</u>	(c) the date and initial point of embarkation, and the date and airport of entry into the territory of a Member State arrival;	
Article 31(5), point (d)				
241	(d) the type of the travel document and the three letter code of the issuing country and the date of expiry of the travel document;	(d) the type of the travel document and the three letter code of the issuing country and the date of expiry of the travel document;	(d) the type of the travel document and the three letter code of the issuing country and the date of expiry of the travel document;	
Article 31(5), point (da)				
241a			(da) the travel document number together with the data in (d), in pseudonymised form;	
Article 31(5), point (e)				
242	(e) the number of travellers checked-in on the same flight;	(e) the number of travellers checked-in on the same flight;	(e) the number of travellers checked-in on the same flight;	
Article 31(5), point (ea)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
242a			(ea) the code of the airline operating the flight;	
Article 31(5), point (f)				
243	(f) whether the flight is a scheduled or a non-scheduled flight;	(f) whether the flight is a scheduled or a non-scheduled flight;	(f) whether the flight is a scheduled or a non-scheduled flight;	
Article 31(5), point (fa)				
243a			(fa) whether API data was transferred at the moment of flight closure;	
Article 31(5), point (g)				
244	(g) whether the personal data of the traveller is accurate, complete and up-to-date.	(g) whether the personal data of the traveller passenger is accurate, complete and up-to-date.	(g) whether the personal data of the traveller is accurate, corresponding API data is complete and up-to-date. constitutes an update;	
Article 31(5), point (ga)				
244a			(ga) the degree of reliability of the personal API data of the traveller.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 31(6)				
245	6. For the the purposes of the reporting referred to in Article 38 and for generating statistics in accordance with the present Article, eu-LISA shall store the data referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article in the central repository for reporting and statistics established by Article 39 of Regulation (EU) 2019/817. The cross-system statistical data and analytical reporting referred to in Article 39(1) of that Regulation shall allow the competent border authorities and other relevant authorities of the Member States to obtain customisable reports and statistics, for the purposes referred to in Article 1 of this Regulation.	6. For the the purposes of the reporting referred to in Article 38 and for generating statistics in accordance with the present Article, eu-LISA shall store the data referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article in the central repository for reporting and statistics established by Article 39 of Regulation (EU) 2019/817. The cross-system statistical data and analytical reporting referred to in Article 39(1) of that Regulation<u>It shall store that data for a period of three years in accordance with paragraph 2, without the data allowing for the identification of the passengers concerned. The central repository for reporting and statistics shall</u> allow<u>provide duly authorised staff of</u> the competent border authorities and other relevant authorities of the Member States to obtain<u>with</u> customisable reports and statistics; for the purposes <u>on API as</u> referred to in Article 1<u>paragraph 5 for the implementation and supervision</u> of this Regulation.	6. For the the purposes of the reporting referred to in Article 38 and for generating statistics in accordance with the present Article, eu-LISA shall store the data referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article in the central repository for reporting and statistics established by Article 39 of Regulation (EU) 2019/817. To that end, the router shall push the data referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article automatically to the central repository for reporting and statistics. The cross-system statistical data and analytical reporting referred to in Article 39(1) of that Regulation shall allow the competent border authorities and other relevant authorities of the Member States to obtain customisable reports and statistics, for the purposes referred to in Article 1 of this Regulation.	
Article 31(6a)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
245a		<u>6a. The use of the data referred to in paragraph 5 of this Article for automated or non-automated risk analysis, profiling or predictive risk assessment shall be prohibited.</u>		
Article 31(7)				
246	7. The procedures put in place by eu-LISA to monitor the development and the functioning of the router referred to in Article 39(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/817 shall include the possibility to produce regular statistics to ensure that monitoring.	7. The procedures put in place by eu-LISA to monitor the development and the functioning of the router referred to in Article 39(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/817 shall include the possibility to produce regular statistics to ensure that monitoring.	7. The procedures put in place by eu-LISA to monitor the development and the functioning of the router referred to in Article 39(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/817 shall include the possibility to produce regular statistics to ensure that monitoring.	
Article 32				
247	Article 32 Practical handbook	Article 32 Practical handbook	Article 32 Practical handbook	
Article 32, first paragraph				
248	The Commission shall, in close cooperation with the competent border authorities, other relevant Member States' authorities, the air carriers and relevant Union	The Commission shall, in close cooperation with the competent border authorities, other relevant Member States' authorities, the air carriers and relevant Union	The Commission shall, in close cooperation with the competent border authorities, other relevant Member States' authorities, the air carriers and relevant Union	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	agencies, prepare and make publicly available a practical handbook, containing guidelines, recommendations and best practices for the implementation of this Regulation.	agencies, <u>in particular the European Data Protection Supervisor and the Fundamental Rights Agency</u> , prepare and make publicly available a practical handbook, containing guidelines, recommendations and best practices for the implementation of this Regulation, <u>including on fundamental rights compliance as well as on penalties in accordance with Article 30</u> .	agencies, prepare and make publicly available a practical handbook, containing guidelines, recommendations and best practices for the implementation of this Regulation, including on penalties in accordance with Article 30 .	
Article 32, second paragraph				
249	The practical handbook shall take into account the relevant existing handbooks.	The practical handbook shall take into account the relevant existing handbooks.	The practical handbook shall take into account the relevant existing handbooks.	
Article 32, third paragraph				
250	The Commission shall adopt the practical handbook in the form of a recommendation.	The Commission shall adopt the practical handbook in the form of a recommendation.	The Commission shall adopt the practical handbook in the form of a recommendation.	
CHAPTER 7				
251	CHAPTER 7 RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER EXISTING INSTRUMENTS	CHAPTER 7 RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER EXISTING INSTRUMENTS	CHAPTER 7 RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER EXISTING INSTRUMENTS	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 33				
252	Article 33 Repeal of Directive 2004/82/EC	Article 33 Repeal of Directive 2004/82/EC	Article 33 Repeal of Directive 2004/82/EC	
Article 33, first paragraph				
253	Directive 2004/82/EC is repealed from the date of application of this Regulation, referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph.	Directive 2004/82/EC is repealed from the date of application of this Regulation, referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph.	Directive 2004/82/EC is repealed from the date of application of this Regulation, referred to in Article 39, second subparagraph.	
Article 34				
254	Article 34 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2018/1726	Article 34 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2018/1726	Article 34 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2018/1726	
Article 34, first paragraph				
255	Regulation (EU) 2018/1726 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) 2018/1726 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EU) 2018/1726 is amended as follows:	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (1)				
256	(1) the following Article 13b is inserted:	(1) the following Article 13b is inserted:	(1) the following Article 13b is inserted:	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (1), amending provision, first paragraph				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
257	“ Article 13b	“ Article 13b	“ Article 13b	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (1), amending provision, second paragraph				
258	Tasks related to the router	Tasks related to the router	Tasks related to the router	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (1), amending provision, third paragraph				
259	In relation to Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation] and Regulation (EU) [API LE], the Agency shall perform the tasks related to the router conferred on it by those Regulations.	In relation to Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation] and Regulation (EU) [API LE], the Agency shall perform the tasks related to the router conferred on it by those Regulations.	In relation to Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation] and Regulation (EU) [API LE], the Agency shall perform the tasks related to the router conferred on it by those Regulations.	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (1), amending provision, fourth paragraph				
260	_____	_____	_____	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (1), amending provision, fifth paragraph				
261	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...) „	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...) „	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...) „	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 34, first paragraph, point (2)				
262	(2) in Article 17, paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	(2) in Article 17, paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	(2) in Article 17, paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (2), amending provision, numbered paragraph (3), first subparagraph				
263	“ 3. The seat of the Agency shall be Tallinn, Estonia.	“ 3. The seat of the Agency shall be Tallinn, Estonia.	“ 3. The seat of the Agency shall be Tallinn, Estonia.	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (2), amending provision, numbered paragraph (3), second subparagraph				
264	The tasks relating to development and operational management referred to in Article 1(4) and (5) and Articles 3 to 9 and Articles 11, [13a] and 13b shall be carried out at the technical site in Strasbourg, France.	The tasks relating to development and operational management referred to in Article 1(4) and (5) and Articles 3 to 9 and Articles 11, [13a] and 13b shall be carried out at the technical site in Strasbourg, France.	The tasks relating to development and operational management referred to in Article 1(4) and (5) and Articles 3 to 9 and Articles 11, [13a] and 13b shall be carried out at the technical site in Strasbourg, France.	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (2), amending provision, numbered paragraph (3), third subparagraph				
265	A backup site capable of ensuring the operation of a large-scale IT system in the event of failure of such a system shall be installed in Sankt Johann im Pongau, Austria. ”	A backup site capable of ensuring the operation of a large-scale IT system in the event of failure of such a system shall be installed in Sankt Johann im Pongau, Austria. ”	A backup site capable of ensuring the operation of a large-scale IT system in the event of failure of such a system shall be installed in Sankt Johann im Pongau, Austria. ”	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)			
266	(3) in Article 19, paragraph 1, is amended as follows:	(3) in Article 19, paragraph 1, is amended as follows:	(3) in Article 19, paragraph 1, is amended as follows:	
	Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(a)			
267	(a) the following point (eeb) is inserted:	(a) the following point (eeb) is inserted:	(a) the following point (eeb) is inserted:	
	Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(a), amending provision, numbered paragraph (eeb), first subparagraph			
268	“(eeb) adopt reports on the state of play of the development of the router pursuant to Article 38(2) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation];”	“(eeb) adopt reports on the state of play of the development of the router pursuant to Article 38(2) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation];”	“(eeb) adopt reports on the state of play of the development of the router pursuant to Article 38(2) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation];”	
	Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(a), amending provision, numbered paragraph (eeb), second subparagraph			
269	_____	_____	_____	
	Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(a), amending provision, numbered paragraph (eeb), third subparagraph			
270	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)	Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)	Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b)				
271	(b) point (ff) is replaced by the following:	(b) point (ff) is replaced by the following:	(b) point (ff) is replaced by the following:	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b), amending provision, numbered paragraph (ff)				
272	(ff) adopt reports on the technical functioning of the following:	(ff) adopt reports on the technical functioning of the following:	(ff) adopt reports on the technical functioning of the following:	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b), amending provision, numbered paragraph (ff), point (1)				
273	(1) SIS pursuant to Article 60(7) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council* and Article 74(8) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1862 of the European Parliament and of the Council**;	(1) SIS pursuant to Article 60(7) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council* and Article 74(8) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1862 of the European Parliament and of the Council**;	(1) (i) SIS pursuant to Article 60(7) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council* and Article 74(8) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1862 of the European Parliament and of the Council**;	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b), amending provision, numbered paragraph (ff), point (2)				
274	(2) VIS pursuant to Article 50(3) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 and Article 17(3) of Decision	(2) VIS pursuant to Article 50(3) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 and Article 17(3) of Decision	(2) (ii) VIS pursuant to Article 50(3) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 and Article 17(3) of	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	2008/633/JHA;	2008/633/JHA;	Decision 2008/633/JHA;	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b), amending provision, numbered paragraph (ff), point (3)				
275	(3) EES pursuant to Article 72(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226;	(3) EES pursuant to Article 72(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226;	(3) (iii) EES pursuant to Article 72(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226;	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b), amending provision, numbered paragraph (ff), point (4)				
276	(4) ETIAS pursuant to Article 92(4) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240;	(4) ETIAS pursuant to Article 92(4) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240;	(4) (iv) ETIAS pursuant to Article 92(4) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240;	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b), amending provision, numbered paragraph (ff), point (5)				
277	(5) ECRIS-TCN and of the ECRIS reference implementation pursuant to Article 36(8) of Regulation (EU) 2019/816;	(5) ECRIS-TCN and of the ECRIS reference implementation pursuant to Article 36(8) of Regulation (EU) 2019/816;	(5) (v) ECRIS-TCN and of the ECRIS reference implementation pursuant to Article 36(8) of Regulation (EU) 2019/816;	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b), amending provision, numbered paragraph (ff), point (6)				
278	(6) the interoperability components pursuant to Article 78(3) of Regulation (EU) 2019/817, Article 74(3) of Regulation (EU) 2019/818 and of the router pursuant to Article 79(5) of Regulation (EU) .../... of the	(6) the interoperability components pursuant to Article 78(3) of Regulation (EU) 2019/817, Article 74(3) of Regulation (EU) 2019/818 and of the router pursuant to Article 79(5) of Regulation (EU) .../... of the	(6) (vi) the interoperability components pursuant to Article 78(3) of Regulation (EU) 2019/817, Article 74(3) of Regulation (EU) 2019/818 and of the router pursuant to Article 79(5) of Regulation (EU) .../... of the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	European Parliament and of the Council* [Prüm II Regulation] and Article 38(5) of Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation];	European Parliament and of the Council* [Prüm II Regulation] and Article 38(5) of Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation];	European Parliament and of the Council* [Prüm II Regulation] and Article 38(5) of Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation];	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b), amending provision, numbered paragraph (ff), point (7), first subparagraph				
279	(7) the e-CODEX system pursuant to Article 16(1) of Regulation (EU) 2022/850”	(7) the e-CODEX system pursuant to Article 16(1) of Regulation (EU) 2022/850”	(7) (vii) the e-CODEX system pursuant to Article 16(1) of Regulation (EU) 2022/850”	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b), amending provision, numbered paragraph (ff), point (7), second subparagraph				
280	_____	_____	_____	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b), amending provision, numbered paragraph (ff), point (7), third subparagraph				
281	*Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 November 2018 on the establishment, operation and use of the Schengen Information System (SIS) in the field of border checks, and amending the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement, and amending and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1987/2006 (OJ L 312, 7.12.2018, p. 14).	*Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 November 2018 on the establishment, operation and use of the Schengen Information System (SIS) in the field of border checks, and amending the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement, and amending and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1987/2006 (OJ L 312, 7.12.2018, p. 14).	*Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 November 2018 on the establishment, operation and use of the Schengen Information System (SIS) in the field of border checks, and amending the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement, and amending and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1987/2006 (OJ L 312, 7.12.2018, p. 14).	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(b), amending provision, numbered paragraph (ff), point (7), fourth subparagraph			
282	**Regulation (EU) 2018/1862 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 November 2018 on the establishment, operation and use of the Schengen Information System (SIS) in the field of police cooperation and judicial cooperation in criminal matters, amending and repealing Council Decision 2007/533/JHA, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1986/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Decision 2010/261/EU (OJ L 312, 7.12.2018, p. 56).	**Regulation (EU) 2018/1862 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 November 2018 on the establishment, operation and use of the Schengen Information System (SIS) in the field of police cooperation and judicial cooperation in criminal matters, amending and repealing Council Decision 2007/533/JHA, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1986/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Decision 2010/261/EU (OJ L 312, 7.12.2018, p. 56).	**Regulation (EU) 2018/1862 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 November 2018 on the establishment, operation and use of the Schengen Information System (SIS) in the field of police cooperation and judicial cooperation in criminal matters, amending and repealing Council Decision 2007/533/JHA, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1986/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Decision 2010/261/EU (OJ L 312, 7.12.2018, p. 56).	
	Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(c)			
283	(c) point (hh) is replaced by the following:	(c) point (hh) is replaced by the following:	(c) point (hh) is replaced by the following:	
	Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(c), amending provision, first subparagraph, first subparagraph			
284	(hh) adopt formal comments on the European Data Protection	(hh) adopt formal comments on the European Data Protection	(hh) adopt formal comments on the European Data Protection	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Supervisor's reports on its audits pursuant to Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861, Article 42(2) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 31(2) of Regulation (EU) No 603/2013, Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 67 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 29(2) of Regulation (EU) 2019/816, Article 52 of Regulations (EU) 2019/817 and (EU) 2019/818, Article 60(1) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [Prüm II] and Article 19(3) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation] and ensure appropriate follow-up of those audits;	Supervisor's reports on its audits pursuant to Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861, Article 42(2) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 31(2) of Regulation (EU) No 603/2013, Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 67 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 29(2) of Regulation (EU) 2019/816, Article 52 of Regulations (EU) 2019/817 and (EU) 2019/818, Article 60(1) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [Prüm II] and Article 19(3) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation] and ensure appropriate follow-up of those audits;	Supervisor's reports on its audits pursuant to Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861, Article 42(2) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 31(2) of Regulation (EU) No 603/2013, Article 56(2) of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 67 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 29(2) of Regulation (EU) 2019/816, Article 52 of Regulations (EU) 2019/817 and (EU) 2019/818, Article 60(1) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [Prüm II] and Article 19(3) of the Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation] and ensure appropriate follow-up of those audits;	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(c), amending provision, first subparagraph, second subparagraph				
285	_____	_____	_____	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(c), amending provision, first subparagraph, third subparagraph				
286	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(c), amending provision, first subparagraph, third subparagraph a				
286a			(3) in Article 27, paragraph 1, is amended as follows:	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(c), amending provision, first subparagraph a				
286b			(a) the following point (dd) is inserted:	
Article 34, first paragraph, point (3)(c), amending provision, third subparagraph				
286c			(dd) API-PNR Advisory Group”,	
Article 35				
287	Article 35 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/817	Article 35 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/817	Article 35 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/817	
Article 35, first paragraph				
288	_____	_____	_____	
Article 35(1)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
289	(1) In Article 39, paragraphs 1 and 2 are replaced by the following:	(1) In Article 39, paragraphs 1 and 2 are replaced by the following:	(1) In Article 39, paragraphs 1 and 2 are replaced by the following:	
Article 35(1), amending provision, numbered paragraph (1), first subparagraph				
290	“ 1. A central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS) is established for the purposes of supporting the objectives of the EES, VIS, ETIAS and SIS, in accordance with the respective legal instruments governing those systems, and to provide cross-system statistical data and analytical reporting for policy, operational and data quality purposes. The CRRS shall also support the objectives of Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation].”	“ 1. A central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS) is established for the purposes of supporting the objectives of the EES, VIS, ETIAS and SIS, in accordance with the respective legal instruments governing those systems, and to provide cross-system statistical data and analytical reporting for policy, operational and data quality purposes. The CRRS shall also support the objectives of Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation].”	“ 1. A central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS) is established for the purposes of supporting the objectives of the EES, VIS, ETIAS and SIS, in accordance with the respective legal instruments governing those systems, and to provide cross-system statistical data and analytical reporting for policy, operational and data quality purposes. The CRRS shall also support the objectives of Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council* [this Regulation].”	
Article 35(1), amending provision, numbered paragraph (1), second subparagraph				
291	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)”	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)”	* Regulation (EU) [number] of the European Parliament and of the Council of xy on [officially adopted title] (OJ L ...)”	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 35(1), amending provision, numbered paragraph (2)			
292	2. eu-LISA shall establish, implement and host in its technical sites the CRRS containing the data and statistics referred to in Article 63 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 84 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 and Article 16 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1860, logically separated by EU information system. eu-LISA shall also collect the data and statistics from the router referred to in Article 31(1) of Regulation (EU) .../... * [this Regulation]. Access to the CRRS shall be granted by means of controlled, secured access and specific user profiles, solely for the purpose of reporting and statistics, to the authorities referred to in Article 63 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 84 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 and Article 38(2) of Regulation (EU) .../... [this Regulation]. ”	2. eu-LISA shall establish, implement and host in its technical sites the CRRS containing the data and statistics referred to in Article 63 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 84 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 and Article 16 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1860, logically separated by EU information system. eu-LISA shall also collect the data and statistics from the router referred to in Article 31(1) of Regulation (EU) .../... * [this Regulation]. Access to the CRRS shall be granted by means of controlled, secured access and specific user profiles, solely for the purpose of reporting and statistics, to the authorities referred to in Article 63 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 84 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 and Article 38(2) of Regulation (EU) .../... - [this Regulation]. <u><i>Especially the use of the CRRS for risk analysis, profiling or</i></u>	2. eu-LISA shall establish, implement and host in its technical sites the CRRS containing the data and statistics referred to in Article 63 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 84 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 and Article 16 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1860, logically separated by EU information system. eu-LISA shall also collect the data and statistics from the router referred to in Article 31(1) of Regulation (EU) .../... * [this Regulation]. Access to the CRRS shall be granted by means of controlled, secured access and specific user profiles, solely for the purpose of reporting and statistics, to the authorities referred to in Article 63 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2226, Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 767/2008, Article 84 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, Article 60 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1861 and Article 38(2) of Regulation (EU) .../... [this Regulation]. ”	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u><i>predictive risk assessment shall be prohibited.</i></u> ”		
CHAPTER 8				
293	CHAPTER 8 FINAL PROVISIONS	CHAPTER 8 FINAL PROVISIONS	CHAPTER 8 FINAL PROVISIONS	
Article 36				
294	Article 36 Committee procedure	Article 36 Committee procedure	Article 36 Committee procedure	
Article 36(1)				
295	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	
Article 36(2)				
296	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. Where the committee delivers no opinion, the Commission shall not adopt the draft implementing act	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. Where the committee delivers no opinion, the Commission shall not adopt the draft implementing act	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply. Where the committee delivers no opinion, the Commission shall not adopt the draft implementing act	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	and Article 5(4), the third subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	and Article 5(4), the third subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	and Article 5(4), the third subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	
Article 37				
297	Article 37 Exercise of delegation	Article 37 Exercise of delegation	Article 37 Exercise of delegation	
Article 37(1)				
298	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	
Article 37(2)				
299	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2) shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of five years from [date of adoption of the Regulation]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the five-year period. The delegation of power	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2) shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of five years from [date of adoption of the Regulation]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the five-year period. The delegation of power	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2) shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of five years from [date of adoption of the Regulation]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the five-year period. The delegation of power	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.	shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.	shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.	
Article 37(3)				
300	3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 5(4), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2) and Article 21(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	
Article 37(4)				
301	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	
Article 37(5)				
302	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	
Article 37(6)				
302a			6. deleted	
Article 38				
303	Article 38 Monitoring and evaluation	Article 38 Monitoring and evaluation	Article 38 Monitoring and evaluation	
Article 38(1)				
304	1. eu-LISA shall ensure that procedures are in place to monitor the development of the router in light of objectives relating to planning and costs and to monitor the functioning of the router in light of objectives relating to the technical output, cost-	1. eu-LISA shall ensure that procedures are in place to monitor the development of the router in light of objectives relating to planning and costs and to monitor the functioning of the router in light of objectives relating to the technical output, cost-	1. eu-LISA shall ensure that procedures are in place to monitor the development of the router in light of objectives relating to planning and costs and to monitor the functioning of the router in light of objectives relating to the technical output, cost-	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	effectiveness, security and quality of service.	effectiveness, security and quality of service.	effectiveness, security and quality of service.	
Article 38(2)				
305	2. By [one year after the date of entry into force of this Regulation] and every year thereafter during the development phase of the router, eu-LISA shall produce a report, and submit it to the European Parliament and to the Council on the state of play of the development of the router. That report shall contain detailed information about the costs incurred and about any risks which may impact the overall costs to be borne by the general budget of the Union in accordance with Article 25.	2. By [one year after the date of entry into force of this Regulation] and every year thereafter during the development phase of the router, eu-LISA shall produce a report, and submit it to the European Parliament and to the Council on the state of play of the development of the router. That report shall contain detailed information about the costs incurred and about any risks which may impact the overall costs to be borne by the general budget of the Union in accordance with Article 25. <u>From the date at which the router starts operations and every year thereafter, the Commission shall assess whether the budget under the MFF budget line 4.11.10.02 ("eu-LISA") covers the needs necessary for good design, development, hosting and technical management of the router and, if appropriate, immediately propose amendment to the budget appropriations.</u>	2. By [one year after the date of entry into force of this Regulation] and every year thereafter during the development phase of the router, eu-LISA shall produce a report, and submit it to the European Parliament and to the Council on the state of play of the development of the router. That report shall contain detailed information about the costs incurred and about any risks which may impact the overall costs to be borne by the general budget of the Union in accordance with Article 25.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 38(3)				
306	3. Once the router starts operations, eu-LISA shall produce a report and submit it to the European Parliament and to the Council explaining in detail how the objectives, in particular relating to planning and costs, were achieved as well as justifying any divergences.	3. Once the router starts operations, eu-LISA shall produce a report and submit it to the European Parliament and to the Council explaining in detail how the objectives, in particular relating to planning and costs, were achieved as well as justifying any divergences.	3. Once the router starts operations, eu-LISA shall produce a report and submit it to the European Parliament and to the Council explaining in detail how the objectives, in particular relating to planning and costs, were achieved as well as justifying any divergences.	
Article 38(4)				
307	4. By [four years after the date of entry into force of this Regulation] and every four years thereafter, the Commission shall produce a report containing an overall evaluation of this Regulation, including an assessment of:	4. By [four years after the date of entry into force of this Regulation] and every four years thereafter, the Commission shall produce a report containing an overall evaluation of this Regulation, <u>demonstrating the necessity and the added value of the collection of API data</u> , including an assessment of:	4. By [four years after the date of entry into force of this Regulation] and every four years thereafter, the Commission shall produce a report containing an overall evaluation of this Regulation, including an assessment of:	
Article 38(4), point (a)				
308	(a) the application of this Regulation;	(a) the application of this Regulation;	(a) the application of this Regulation;	
Article 38(4), point (b)				
309				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(b) the extent to which this Regulation achieved its objectives;	(b) the extent to which this Regulation achieved its objectives;	(b) the extent to which this Regulation achieved its objectives;	
Article 38(4), point (c)				
310	(c) the impact of this Regulation on relevant fundamental rights protected under Union law;	(c) the impact of this Regulation on relevant fundamental rights protected under Union law;	(c) the impact of this Regulation on relevant fundamental rights protected under Union law;	
Article 38(4), point (ca)				
310a		<u>(ca) the impact of this Regulation on the travel experience of legitimate passengers.</u>		
Article 38(4), point (cb)				
310b		<u>(cb) the impact of this Regulation on the competitiveness of the aviation sector and the burden incurred by businesses. The Commission's report shall also address this Regulation's interaction with other relevant Union legislative acts, in particular Regulations (EU) 2017/2226, (EU) 2018/1240 and (EC) 767/2008, in order to assess the overall impact of related reporting obligations on air carriers, identify provisions that</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>could be updated and simplified, where appropriate, to mitigate the burden on air carriers, and consider actions and measures that could be taken to reduce the total cost pressure on air carriers.</u>		
Article 38(4), point (cc)				
310c		<u>4a. The evaluation referred to in paragraph 1 shall also include an assessment of the feasibility of including non-commercial business aviation within the scope of this Regulation.</u>		
Article 38(5)				
311	5. The Commission shall submit the evaluation report to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Data Protection Supervisor and the European Agency for Fundamental Rights. If appropriate, in light of the evaluation conducted, the Commission shall make a legislative proposal to the European Parliament and to the Council with a view to amending this Regulation.	5. The Commission shall submit the evaluation report to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Data Protection Supervisor and the European Agency for Fundamental Rights. If appropriate, in light of the evaluation conducted, the Commission shall make a legislative proposal to the European Parliament and to the Council with a view to amending this Regulation.	5. The Commission shall submit the evaluation report to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Data Protection Supervisor and the European Agency for Fundamental Rights. If appropriate, in light of the evaluation conducted, the Commission shall make a legislative proposal to the European Parliament and to the Council with a view to amending this Regulation.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 38(6)				
312	6. The Member States and air carriers shall, upon request, provide eu-LISA and the Commission with the information necessary to draft the reports referred to in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, including information not constituting personal data related to the results of the pre-checks of Union information systems and national databases at the external borders with API data. However, Member States may refrain from providing such information if, and to the extent necessary not to disclose confidential working methods or jeopardise ongoing investigations of the competent border authorities. The Commission shall ensure that any confidential information provided is appropriately protected.	6. The Member States and air carriers shall, upon request, provide eu-LISA and the Commission with the information necessary to draft the reports referred to in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, including information not constituting personal data related to the results of the pre-checks of Union information systems and national databases at the external borders with API data. <u>In particular, Member States shall provide quantitative and qualitative information on the necessity and added value of the collection of API data from an operational perspective.</u> However, Member States may refrain from providing such information if, and to the extent necessary not to disclose confidential working methods or jeopardise ongoing investigations of the competent border authorities. The Commission shall ensure that any confidential information provided is appropriately protected.	6. The Member States and air carriers shall, upon request, provide eu-LISA and the Commission with the information necessary to draft the reports referred to in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, includingsuch as information not constituting personal data related to the results of the pre-checks of Union information systems and national databases at the external borders with API data. However,That information provided may not constitute personal data. Member States may refrain from providing such information if, and to the extent necessary not to disclose confidential working methods or jeopardise ongoing investigations of the competent border authorities. The Commission shall ensure that any confidential information provided is appropriately protected.	
Article 39				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
313	Article 39 Entry into force and application	Article 39 Entry into force and application	Article 39 Entry into force and application	
Article 39, first paragraph				
314	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	
Article 39, second paragraph				
315	It shall apply from two years from the date at which the router starts operations, specified by the Commission in accordance with Article 27.	It shall apply from two years from the date at which the router starts operations, specified by the Commission in accordance with Article 27.	It shall apply from two years from the date at which the router starts operations, specified by the Commission in accordance with Article 27.	
Article 39, third paragraph				
316	However:	However:	However:	
Article 39, third paragraph, point (a)				
317	(a) Article 5(4) and (5), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2), Article 21(2), Article 22, Article 25(1), Article 27, Article 36 and	(a) Article 5(4) and (5), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2), Article 21(2), Article 22, Article 25(1), Article 27, Article 36 and	(a) Article 5(4) and (5), Article 6(3), Article 11(4), Article 20(2), Article 21(2), Article 22, Article 25(1), Article 27, Article 36 and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 37 shall apply from [Date of entry into force of this Regulation];	Article 37 shall apply from [Date of entry into force of this Regulation];	Article 37 shall apply from [Date of entry into force of this Regulation];	
Article 39, third paragraph, point (b)				
318	(b) Article 10, Article 13(1), (3) and (4), Article 15, Article 16, Article 17, Article 23, Article 24, Article 26 and Article 28 shall apply from the date at which the router starts operations, specified by the Commission in accordance with Article 27.	(b) Article 10, Article 13(1), (3) and (4), Article 15, Article 16, Article 17, Article 23, Article 24, Article 26 and Article 28 shall apply from the date at which the router starts operations, specified by the Commission in accordance with Article 27.	(b) Article 10, Article 12 , Article 13(1), (3) and (4), Article 15, Article 16, Article 17, Article 23, Article 24, Article 26 and and Article 28 -shall apply from the date at which the router starts operations, specified by the Commission in accordance with Article 27.	
Article 39, fourth paragraph				
319	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in the Member States in accordance with the Treaties.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in the Member States in accordance with the Treaties.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in the Member States in accordance with the Treaties.	
Formula				
320	Done at Strasbourg,	Done at Strasbourg,	Done at Strasbourg,	
Formula				
321	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Formula				
322	The President	The President	The President	
Formula				
323	For the Council	For the Council	For the Council	
Formula				
324	The President	The President	The President	