

Brussels, 9 January 2024 (OR. en)

Interinstitutional File: 2022/0396(COD)

5043/24 ADD 1

ENV 8 MI 3 ENT 1 IND 4 CONSOM 1 COMPET 5 AGRI 1 FOOD 1 CODEC 3

NOTE

| From: | General Secretariat of the Council |
|----------------|--|
| To: | Delegations |
| No. Cion doc.: | 15581/22 + ADD 1 |
| Subject: | Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on packaging and packaging waste, amending Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 and Directive (EU) 2019/904, and repealing Directive 94/62/EC |
| | - Four-column table |
| | = Annexes II, V and XII |

Delegations will find in Annex the Annexes II, V and XII.

ANNEXES II, V and XII

European Commission

ANNEX II

<u>CATEGORIES AND PARAMETERIS FOR ASSESSMENT OF RECYCLABILITY</u> <u>OF PACKAGING</u>

Table 1: Indicative list of packaging materials, types and categories referred to in Article 6

| Category No | Predominant packaging material | Packaging type | Format (illustrative) | Colour |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------|
| 1 | Glass | Glass | Bottles, jars, flacons, cosmetics pots, tubs etc. made of glass (soda lime silica) | |
| 2 | Glass | Composite packaging, of which the majority is glass | · | |
| 3 | Paper/cardboard | Paper/cardboard packaging | Boxes, trays, grouped packaging | |
| 4 | Paper/cardboard | Composite packaging of which the majority is paper/cardboard | Including beverage cartons, plates and cups, i.e., metallised or plastic laminated paper/ card, liquid paperboard, paper/cardboard with plastic liners/ windows | |

| 5 | Metal | Steel | Rigid packaging formats (aerosols, cans, paint tins, boxes, etc.) made of steel, including tinplate | |
|----|---------|--|---|-------------------------------|
| 6 | Metal | Composite packaging, of which the majority is steel | Drums, tubes, cans, boxes, trays, etc. | |
| 7 | Metal | Aluminium | Rigid formats (food and beverage cans, bottles, aerosols) | |
| 8 | Metal | Aluminium | Semi rigid or flexible formats (containers and trays, tubes, foil) | |
| 9 | Metal | Composite packaging of which the majority is Aluminium | Drums, tubes, cans, boxes, trays, etc. | |
| 10 | Plastic | PET - rigid | Bottles and flasks | Transparent clear/ light blue |
| 11 | Plastic | PET - rigid | Bottles and Flasks | Transparent other colours |
| 12 | Plastic | PET - rigid | Rigid packaging other than bottles and flasks (Includes pots, tubs and trays) | Transparent |
| 13 | Plastic | PET - flexible | Films | |
| 14 | Plastic | HDPE - rigid | Containers and Tubes | natural /clear |
| 15 | Plastic | HDPE - rigid | Containers and Tubes | coloured |
| 16 | Plastic | PE - flexible | Films | natural /clear |

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| 17 | Plastic | PE - flexible | Films | coloured | |
|----|---------------------------------|--|--|----------------|--|
| 18 | Plastic | PP - rigid | Containers and Tubes | natural /clear | |
| 19 | Plastic | PP - rigid | Containers and Tubes | coloured | |
| 20 | Plastic | PP - flexible | Films | natural /clear | |
| 21 | Plastic | PP - flexible | Films | coloured | |
| 22 | Plastic | HDPE and PP - rigid | crates and pallets | | |
| 23 | Plastic | PS - rigid | Rigid packaging (except EPS and XPS) | | |
| 24 | Plastic | EPS - rigid | Fish boxes/ white goods | | |
| 25 | Plastic | XPS - rigid | | | |
| 26 | Plastic | Other rigid plastics including. PVC, PC - rigid | Rigid | | |
| 27 | Plastic | Other flexible plastics including multilayer plastic films and multi material materials - flexible | Pouches | | |
| 28 | Wood, cork | Wooden packaging, including cork | Pallets, boxes | | |
| 29 | Textile | Natural and synthetic textile fibres | Bags | | |
| 30 | Ceramics or porcelain stoneware | Clay, stone | Pots, containers, bottles | | |

Table 2: Recyclability performance grades

| Recyclability Performance Grade | Assessment of recyclability per unit, in weight |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Grade A | higher or equal to 95 % |
| Grade B | higher or equal to 90 % |
| Grade C | higher or equal to 80 % |
| Grade D | higher or equal to 70 % |
| Grade E | lower than 70 % |

ANNEX II

<u>CATEGORIES AND PARAMETERIS FOR ASSESSMENT OF RECYCLABILITY</u> <u>OF PACKAGING</u>

Table 1: Indicative list of packaging materials, types and categories referred to in Article $\boldsymbol{6}$

| Category No | Predominant packaging material | Packaging type | Format (illustrative) | Colour |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--------|
| 1 | Glass | Glass | Bottles, jars, flacons, cosmetics pots, tubs etc. made of glass (soda lime silica) | |
| 2 | Glass | Composite packaging, of which the majority is glass | Bottles, jars, flacons, cosmetics pots, tubs, aerosol cans [Am. 313] | |
| 3 | Paper/cardboard | Paper/cardboard packaging | Boxes, trays, grouped packaging | |
| 4 | Paper/cardboard | Composite packaging of which the majority is paper/cardboard | Including beverage and non-beverage cartons, plates and cups, i.e., metallised or plastic laminated paper/ card, liquid paperboard, paper/cardboard with plastic liners/ windows [Am. 314] | |
| 5 | Metal | Steel | Rigid packaging | |

| | | | formats (aerosols cans, cans, paint tins, boxes, etc.) made of steel, including tinplate [Am. 315] | |
|-------|---------|--|---|-------------------------------|
| 6 | Metal | Composite packaging, of which the majority is steel | Drums, tubes, cans, boxes, trays, etc. | |
| 7 | Metal | Aluminium | Rigid formats (food and beverage cans, bottles, aerosols) | |
| 8 | Metal | Aluminium | Semi rigid or flexible formats (containers and trays, tubes, foil) | |
| 9 | Metal | Composite packaging of which the majority is Aluminium | Drums, tubes, cans, boxes, trays, etc. | |
| 10 | Plastic | PET - rigid | Bottles and flasks | Transparent clear/ light blue |
| 11 | Plastic | PET - rigid | Bottles and Flasks | Transparent other colours |
| (11a) | Plastic | PET - rigid | Bottles and flasks | Opaque white [Am. 316] |
| 12 | Plastic | PET - rigid | Rigid packaging other than bottles and flasks (Includes pots, tubs and trays, aerosol cans) [Am. 317] | Transparent |
| 13 | Plastic | PET - flexible | Films | |
| 14 | Plastic | HDPE - rigid | Containers and Tubes | natural /clear |

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| | | | Containers and | |
|-------|---------|--|--|----------------|
| 15 | Plastic | HDPE - rigid Tubes | | coloured |
| 16 | Plastic | PE - flexible | Films | natural /clear |
| 17 | Plastic | PE - flexible | Films | coloured |
| 18 | Plastic | PP - rigid | Containers and Tubes | natural /clear |
| 19 | Plastic | PP - rigid | Containers and Tubes | coloured |
| 20 | Plastic | PP - flexible | Films | natural /clear |
| 21 | Plastic | PP - flexible | Films | coloured |
| 22 | Plastic | HDPE and PP - rigid | crates and pallets | |
| 23 | Plastic | PS - rigid | Rigid packaging (except EPS and XPS) | |
| 24 | Plastic | EPS - rigid | Fish boxes/ white goods | |
| 25 | Plastic | XPS - rigid | | |
| 26 | Plastic | Other rigid plastics including. PVC, PC, biodegrada ble polymers - rigid [Am. 397] | Rigid | |
| (26a) | Plastic | Rigid plastics used for industrial packaging | IBCs, drums [Am. 318] | |
| 27 | Plastic | Other flexible plastics including multilayer plastic films and multi material materials, biodeg radable materials - flexible | Pouches | |

| | | [Am. 397] | |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| (27a) | Plastic | Flexible plastics used for industrial packaging | FIBCs, bags |
| 28 | Wood, cork | Wooden packaging, including cork | Pallets, boxes |
| 29 | Textile | Natural and synthetic textile fibres | Bags |
| 30 | Ceramics or porcelain stoneware | Clay, stone | Pots, containers, bottles |

Table 2: Recyclability performance grades

| Recyclability Performance Grade | Assessment of recyclability per unit, in weight |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Grade A | higher or equal to 95 % - High compatibility with design for recycling |
| | The packaging should be able to be recycled multiple times and is fully compatible with the design for recycling criteria. The generated secondary raw material is of comparable quality to feed a closed material loop scheme. |
| Grade B | higher or equal to 90 % - High to medium compatibility with design for recycling |
| | The packaging may have some minor recyclability issues that slightly affect the quality of the generated secondary raw material. However, the majority of the generated secondary raw material from this packaging can still potentially feed a closed material loop. |
| Grade C | higher or equal to 80 % - medium compatibility with design for recycling |
| | The packaging presents some recyclability issues that may affect the quality of the generated secondary raw materials and may lead to material losses during recycling. |
| Grade D | higher or equal to 70 % - Medium to low compatibility with design for recycling |
| | The packaging has significant design issues that highly affect its recyclability or imply large material losses during recycling. |
| Grade E | lower than 70 % - Low compatibility with design for recycling |
| | The packaging is not recyclable because of design issues and should not be placed on the market. [Am. 320] |

Table 2a: Indicative parameters to be considered when establishing design criteria for recycling under Article 6

| 1. Additives | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 2. Labels/sleeves | |
| 3. Closure systems and small part | ts |
| 4. Adhesives | |
| 5. Inks/Printing | |
| 6. Colours | |
| 7. Material composition | |
| 8. Barriers / coatings | |
| 9. Products residues / ease of emp | ptying |
| 10. Ease of dismantling (design f | eatures of packaging) [Am. 321] |

Council mandate

ANNEX II

CATEGORIES AND PARAMETERIS FOR ASSESSMENT OF RECYCLABILITY OF PACKAGING

Table 1: Indicative list of packaging materials, types and categories referred to in Article 6

| Cat. No (new) | Predominant packaging material | Packaging type | Format (illustrative and non-exhaustive) | Colour / Optical transmittance |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Glass | Glass and composite packaging, of which the majority is glass | Bottles, jars, flacons, cosmetics pots, tubs, ampoules, vials made of glass (soda lime silica) | - |
| 2 | Paper/cardboard | Paper/card board packaging | Boxes, trays, grouped packaging, flexible paper packaging (e.g. films, sheets, pouches, lidding, cones, wrappers) | - |

| 3 | Paper/cardboard | Composite packaging of which the majority is paper/card board | Beverage cartonsLiquid packaging board, and paper cups and boxes made of liquid paperboards (i.e. laminated with polyolefin and with or without aluminium), trays, plates and cups, metallised or plastic laminated paper/cardboard, paper/cardboard with plastic liners/ windows | - |
|---|-----------------|--|---|---|
| 4 | Metal | Steel and composite packaging of which the majority is steel | Rigid formats (aerosols, cans, paint tins, boxes, trays, drums, tubes) made of steel, including tinplate and stainless steel | - |
| 5 | Metal | Aluminium and composite packaging of which the majority is aluminium – rigid | Rigid formats (food and beverage cans, bottles, aerosols, drums, tubes, cans, boxes, trays) made of aluminium | - |

| 6 | Metal | Aluminium and composite packaging of which the majority is aluminium — semi rigid and flexible | Semi rigid and flexible formats (containers and trays, tubes, foils, flexible foil) made of aluminium | - |
|----|---------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| 7 | Plastic | PET – rigid | Bottles and flasks | Transparent clear / coloured, opaque |
| 8 | Plastic | PET – rigid | Rigid formats other than bottles and flasks (Includes pots, tubs, jars, cups, mono- and multilayer trays and containers) | Transparent clear / coloured, opaque |
| 9 | Plastic | PET – flexible | Films | Natural / coloured |
| 10 | Plastic | PE – rigid | Containers, bottles, trays, pots and tubes | Natural / coloured |
| 11 | Plastic | PE – flexible | Films, including multilayer and multi-material packaging | Natural / coloured |

| 12 | Plastic | PP – rigid | Containers, bottles, trays, pots and tubes | Natural / coloured |
|----|---------|---|---|--------------------|
| 13 | Plastic | PP – flexible | Films, including multilayer and multi-material packaging | Natural / coloured |
| 14 | Plastic | HDPE and PP – rigid | Crates and pallets, corrugated board plastic | Natural / coloured |
| 15 | Plastic | PS and XPS – rigid | Rigid formats (includes dairy packaging, trays, cups and other food containers) | Natural / coloured |
| 16 | Plastic | EPS – rigid | Rigid formats (includes fish boxes / white goods and trays) | Natural / coloured |
| 17 | Plastic | Other rigid plastics (e.g. PVC, PC) including multi- materials— rigid | Rigid formats, including e.g. intermediate bulk containers, drums | - |
| 18 | Plastic | Other flexible plastics including multimaterials — flexible | Pouches, blisters, thermoformed packaging, vacuum packaging, modified atmosphere/modified humidity packaging, including e.g. flexible intermediate bulk containers, bags, stretch films | - |

| 19 | Plastic | Biodegradable plastics[1] - rigid (e.g. PLA, PHB) and flexible (e.g. PLA) | Rigid and flexible formats | - |
|----|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|
| 20 | Wood, cork | Wooden packaging, including cork | Pallets, boxes, crates | - |
| 21 | Textile | Natural and synthetic textile fibres | Bags | - |
| 22 | Ceramics or porcelain stoneware | Clay, stone | Pots, containers, bottles, jars | - |

[1] Please note that this category contains plastics that are readily biodegradable (meaning a proven ability to convert >90% of the original material into CO2, water and minerals by biological processes within 6 months) and regardless of the feedstock used for their production. Bio-based polymers that are not readily biodegradable are covered under the other relevant plastic categories.

| Category No | Predomin ant packaging material | Packaging type | Form at (illust rative | Colour |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--------|
| 1 | Glass | Glass | Bottle s, jar | |
| 2 | Glass | Composite packaging, of which the m | Bottle s, jar | |
| 3 | Paper/card board | Paper/cardb oard packaging | Boxes, tray | |
| 4 | Paper/card board | Composite packaging of which the majority is pa | Includ ing bevera ge cartons ; plates and cups; i.e., metalli sed or plastic lamina ted paper/ car | |

| 5 | Metal | Steel | Rigid packagin g formats (acrosols cans, cans, paint tins, boxes, etc.) made of steel, includin g tinplate | |
|--------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 6 | | Composit e packaging , of which the | Drums, tubes, cans, boxes, | |

| | | majority is steel | | |
|---------------|------------------|---|---|---|
| 7 | | Aluminiu m | Rigid formats (food and beverage cans, | |
| 8 | | Aluminiu m | Semi rigid or flexible formats (containe rs and trays, tubes, foil) | |
| 9 | Metal | Composit e packaging of which the majority is 1 | 1 | |
| 10 | | PET - rigid | Bottles, trays,an d flasks | Transpar ent clear/ light blue |

| 11 | PET - rigid | Bottles, trays,an d-Fflasks | Transpar ent other colours |
|----|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| 12 | PET - rigid | Rigid packagin g other than bottles and flasks (Includes pots, tubs and trays, aerosol bottles) | Transpar ent |
| 13 | PET - flexible | Films | |
| 14 | HDPE - rigid | Containe rs, bottles, and Ttubes | natural /clear |
| 15 | HDPE - rigid | Containe rs, bottles, and Ttubes | coloured |

| 16 | | PE - flexible | Films | natural /clear |
|---------------|---------|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| 17 | | PE – flexible | Films | coloured |
| 18 | Plastic | PP - rigid | Containe rs and | natural /clear |
| 19 | Plastic | PP rigid | Containe rs and | coloured |
| 20 | | PP – flexible | Films | natural /clear |
| 21 | | PP - flexible | Films | coloured |

| 22 | Plactic | HDPE and PP rigid | erates and pallets | |
|---------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| 23 | Plastic | PS - rigid | Rigid packagin g (except EPS and XPS) | |
| 24 | | EPS - rigid | Fish boxes/ white goods Packagi | |
| | | | ng for large househo ld appliane es listed in point | |
| | | | 1 of Annex H to Directiv e 2012/19/ | |
| 25 | Plastic | XPS - rigid | | |

| | | Other rigid | | |
|----------------|--------------------|---|---------|--|
| 26 | Plastic | | Rigid | |
| 27 | Plastic | Other flexible plastics including multilayer plastic films and multi material materials —flexible | Pouches | |
| 27a | Plastic | Compost able | | |

| 28 | Wood, cork | Wooden packaging ; including eork | Pallets, boxes | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| | | Natural and | | |
| 29 | Textile | | Bags | |
| | Ceramics or p | | | |
| 30 | | Clay, stone | Pots, container s, bottles | |

Table 1a: Indicative list of packaging materials and categories referred to in Article 6

| Materials | categories | link to Table 1, Annex |
|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| | PET rigid | cat 7, 8 |
| | PE rigid, PP rigid, HDPE and PP rigid | cat 10, 12, 14 |
| Plastic | Films/flexible | cat 9, 11, 13, 18 |
| Tiastic | PS, XPS, EPS | cat 15, 16 |
| | Other rigid plastics | cat 17 |
| | Biodegradable (rigid and flexible) | cat 19 |
| Paper/cardboard | Paper/cardboard (except liquid packaging board) | cat 2, 3 |
| | Liquid packaging board | cat 3 |
| Metal | Aluminium | cat 5, 6 |
| Wictai | Steel | cat 4 |
| Glass | Glass | cat 1 |
| Wood | Wood, cork | cat 20 |
| Others | Textile, ceramics/porcelain and others | cat 21, 22 |

Table 2: Recyclability performance grades

Packaging recyclability shall be expressed in the performance grades A, B or C.

From 2030 Recyclability performance is applied and is based on the Design for Recycling (DfR) which includes the circularity of the use of the resulting secondary raw materials of sufficient quality for substitute the primary raw materials.

The Design for Recycling assessment in Performance grades is applied to each packaging category established in Table 1 in Annex II, and will be referenced to the packaging unit, taking into account the methodology of paragraph 4 of Article 6, and the parameters of table 2a of Annex II. After weighing the criteria per packaging unit, it will be classified into categories A, B or C as below. When a packaging unit is below 70% of the degree of compliance with the previous criteria, it is considered to be outside the recyclability grades and therefore the packaging will be considered technically non-recyclable, and its placing on the market should be restricted.

From 2035, a new factor shall be considered to assess recyclability, which is "recycled at scale". Consequently, a new assessment will be carried out based on the quantity (weight) of the material effectively recycled from each of the packaging categories according to the methodology of paragraph 6 of Article 6. The thresholds for recycled at scale shall be defined taking into account the target for annual recycled material set in Article 3(1)(32).

| 2030 | | 2035 | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Recyclability Performance Grade | Design for recycling (DfR) Assessment of recyclability per unit, in terms of weighting | Recyclability Performance Grade (for DfR) | Design for recycling (DfR) Assessment of recyclability per unit, in terms of weighting | Recyclability performance Grade (for Recycled at scale Assessment) |
| Grade A | higher or equal to 95 % | Grade A | higher or equal to 95 % | Grade A |
| Grade B | higher or equal to 85 % | Grade B | higher or equal to 85 % | Grade B |
| Grade C | higher or equal to 70-% | Grade C | higher or equal to 70 % | Grade C |
| TECHNICALLY NON- RECYCLABLE | Lower to 70% | TECHNICALLY NON-RECYCLABLE | Lower to 70% | NOT RECYCLED AT SCALE (below thresholds of Article 3(1)(32). |

| Recyclability Performance Grade | Assessment of recyclability per unit, per weight |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Grade A | higher or equal to 95 % |
| Grade B | higher or equal to 90 % |
| Grade C | higher or equal to 80 % |
| Grade D | higher or equal to 70 % |
| Grade E | lower than 70 % |

Table 2a: Non-exhaustive list of parameters for setting Design for Recycling criteria under Article 6

The list in Table 2a will be used as a basis when defining design for recycling criteria (as set out in Article 6(4)). The design for recycling criteria will then be used in order to set the calculations leading to the performance grades listed in Table 2. In addition, the assessment of these parameters shall consider:

- separability of any component of packaging, either manually by consumers or in processing plants,
- efficiency of sorting and recycling processes e.g. yield,
- evolution of sorting and recycling technologies (to address the aspect if a packaging cannot be sorted today but it might be sortable in 2 years), and
- preservation of functionality of secondary raw materials enabling the substitution of primary raw materials.

The packaging functionality that the following parameters provide to the packaging shall be factored in in the setting of design for recycling criteria.

| Parameters for design for recycling criteria | Parameter's relevance |
|--|---|
| Additives | Additives refer often to substances added to materials to confer specific properties. The presence of additives in the packaging containers can result in incorrect sorting of the packaging materials during the sorting process and can contaminate the obtained secondary raw materials. |
| Labels | Coverage rate of labels can affect the efficiency of the sorting process. Material of which the label is made of and type of glue/adhesive also affect the quality of the secondary raw material. |

| Sleeves | Coverage rate of the sleeve on the main packaging body affects the possibilities for sorting. In addition, the use of sleeves, can affect the ability to separate them the main packaging body. |
|---|---|
| | The material of which the sleeve is made of can affect both the sortability and the recyclability of the packaging. |
| Closures and other small packaging | Closures refer to components used to close or seal the packaging. There may be different types of closures, rigid or flexible, such as tamper evident shrink wrap, linings, caps, lids, seals, valves etc. |
| components | The material of which the closures is made of can affect both the sortability and the recyclability of the packaging. |
| | Closures that are not firmly attached to the packaging can increase littering. |
| | Small packaging components attached to the main packaging body can affect the separability and the recyclability. Thus can be lost in the sorting and recycling process. |
| Adhesives | Adhesive can be used in such a way that they can be easily separated in the recycling process or by the end user or in a way that they do not affect the efficiency of the sorting and recycling processes. The presence of adhesive residues on the packaging can downgrade the quality (purity) of the secondary raw materials. |
| | Washable adhesives can ensure the separation from the main packaging body and that no adhesive residue remains in the secondary raw material. |
| Colours | Colour are substances that impart colour to the packaging material. |
| | Heavily dyed materials in paper or plastics can cause problems with regard to sorting and can downgrade the quality of secondary raw materials. |
| Material composition | Use of mono-materials or material combinations that permit easy separation and ensure high yield of secondary raw materials is preferable. |

| Barriers /coatings | The material or substance added to confer barrier properties (barrier), or a variety of materials applied on the surface to impart other properties (coating). The presence of barriers/coatings within the packaging can make recycling more difficult. Combinations that ensure high yield of secondary raw materials are preferable. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Inks and laquers / printing/ coding | Inks and lacquers are mixtures of colorants with other substances applied onto the material by a printing or coating process (ink) or a protective coating made of resin and/or cellulose ester dissolved in a volatile solvent (lacquer). Coding refers to printing applied directly to sales packaging for the purpose of batch coding and other information and branding. |
| | The use of inks with substances of concern hinders recycling, as those packaging units cannot be recycled. Printing inks when released can contaminate the recycling stream through the washing water. Likewise, printing inks, which are not released can impair the transparency of the recycling stream. |
| Product residues / ease of emptying | Residues of the content of the packaging can affect the sortability and the recyclability. The design of the packaging should enable the easy emptying of its content and when disposed of should be in a fully drained condition. |
| Ease of dismantling | Components that are firmly attached to each other can affect the sortability and the recyclability of the packaging. Packaging design can facilitate the possibility of separating different components into different material streams. |

ANNEX V

RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF PACKAGING FORMATS

| | Packaging format | Restricted use | Illustrative example |
|----|--|--|--|
| 1. | Single-use plastic grouped packaging | Plastic packaging used at retail level to group goods sold in cans, tins, pots, tubs, and packets designed as convenience packaging to enable or encourage end users to purchase more than one product. This excludes grouped packaging necessary to facilitate handling in distribution. | Collation films, shrink wrap |
| 2. | Single use plastic packaging, single use composite packaging or other single use packaging for fresh fruit and vegetables | Single use packaging for less than 1.5 kg fresh fruit and vegetables, unless there is a demonstrated need to avoid water loss or turgidity loss, microbiological hazards or physical shocks. | Nets, bags, trays, containers |
| 3. | Single use plastic, single use composite packaging or other single use packaging | Single use packaging for foods and beverages filled and consumed within the premises in the HORECA sector, which include all eating area inside and outside a place of business, covered with tables and stools, standing areas, and eating areas offered to the end users jointly by several economic operators or third party for the purpose of food and drinks consumption | Trays, disposable plates and cups, bags, foil, boxes |
| 4. | Single use packaging for condiments, preserves, sauces, coffee creamer, sugar, and seasoning in HORECA sector | Single use packaging in the HORECA sector, containing individual portions or servings, used for condiments, preserves, sauces, coffee creamer, sugar and seasoning, except such packaging provided together with take-away ready-prepared food intended for immediate consumption without the need of any further preparation | Sachets, tubs, trays, boxes |
| 5. | Single use hotel | For cosmetics, hygiene and toiletry products of | Shampoo |

| 1 | miniature | less than 50 ml for liquid products or less than | bottles, hand |
|---|-----------|--|-----------------|
| | packaging | 100 g for non-liquid products | and body |
| | | | lotion bottles, |
| | | | sachets around |
| | | | miniature bar |
| | | | soap |

ANNEX V

RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF PACKAGING FORMATS

| | Packaging format | Restricted use | Illustrative example |
|-----|---|--|--|
| 1. | Single-use plastic grouped packaging | Plastic packaging used at retail level the point of sale to group goods sold bottles, in cans, tins, pots, tubs, and packets designed as convenience packaging to enable or encourage end users consumers to purchase more than one product. This excludes grouped packaging necessary to facilitate handling in business-to-business distribution. [Am. 328] | Collation films, shrink wrap |
| 2.— | Single use plastic packaging, single use composite packaging or other single use packaging for fresh fruit and vegetables | Single use packaging for less than 1.5 kg fresh fruit and vegetables, unless there is a demonstrated need to avoid water loss or turgidity loss, microbiological hazards or physical shocks. | Nets, bags, trays, containers [Ams. 391cp1 and 512] |
| 3.— | Single use plastic, single use composite packaging or other single use packaging | Single use packaging for foods and beverages filled and consumed within the premises in the HORECA sector, which include all eating area inside and outside a place of business, covered with tables and stools, standing areas, and eating areas offered to the end users jointly by several economic operators or third party for the purpose of food and drinks consumption | Trays, disposable plates and eups, bags, foil, boxes [Ams. 391cp2 and 513] |
| 4.— | Single use packaging for condiments, preserves, sauces, coffee creamer, sugar, and seasoning in HORECA sector | Single use packaging in the HORECA sector, containing individual portions or servings, used for condiments, preserves, sauces, coffee creamer, sugar and seasoning, except such packaging provided together with take-away ready prepared food intended for immediate consumption without the need of any further preparation | Sachets, tubs, trays, boxes [Am. 391cp3] |

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| 5. | Single use <i>plastic</i> hotel miniature packaging | For cosmetics <i>as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009</i> , hygiene and toiletry products of less than 50 ml 100 ml for liquid products or less than 100 g for non-liquid products [Am. 332] | Shampoo bottles, hand and body lotion bottles, sachets around miniature bar soap |
|-----|---|---|--|
| 5a. | Single use plastic packaging in airports | For suitcases and bags | Shrink wrap [Am. 333] |
| 5b. | Secondary packaging not necessary to comply with the performance criteria in Annex IV | For cosmetics, except perfumes, hygiene and toiletry products | Boxes for toothpaste and creams [Am. 334] |
| 5c. | Single-use plastic packaging used as filling material | Plastic packaging used to protect certain material during handling | Chips of polystyrene |

Council mandate

ANNEX V

RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF PACKAGING FORMATS

| | Packaging format | Restricted use | Illustrative example |
|----|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| | | Plastic packaging used at the point of sale retail | Collation |
| | | level to group goods sold in bottles, cans, tins, | films, shrink |
| | Single-use | pots, tubs, and packets designed as convenience | wrap |
| 1. | plastic grouped | packaging to enable or encourage consumers | |
| 1. | packaging | end users to purchase more than one product. | |
| | packaging | This excludes grouped packaging necessary to | |
| | | facilitate handling in business-to-business | |
| | | distribution. | |
| | | Single use plastic_ packaging for less than 1.5 kg | Nets, bags, |
| | Single use | pre-packed fresh fruit and vegetables. Member | trays, |
| | plastic | States may set up exemptions to this | containers |
| | packaging, | restriction if there is a demonstrated need to | |
| | single use | avoid water loss or turgidity loss, | |
| | composite | microbiological hazards or physical shocks, | |
| 2. | packaging or | oxidation, or if there is no other possibility to | |
| | other single use | avoid commingling of organic fruits and | |
| | packaging for | vegetables with non-organic fruits and | |
| | unprocessed | vegetables in compliance with requirements | |
| | fresh fruit and | in regulation EU 2018/848, on certification or | |
| | vegetables | labelling, without entailing disproportionate | |
| | | economic and administrative costs. | |

| | | Single use packaging for foods and beverages | Trays, |
|----|----------------------------|--|----------------|
| | | filled and consumed within the premises in the | disposable |
| | | HORECA sector, which include all eating areas | plates and |
| | | inside and outside a place of business, covered | cups, bags, |
| | | with tables and stools, standing areas, and eating | foil, boxes |
| | Single use | areas offered to the end users jointly by several | |
| | plastic, single | economic operators or third party for the | |
| 3. | use composite | purpose of food and drinks consumption. | |
| 3. | packaging or | Packets and wrappers made from flexible | |
| | other single use | material other than plastics for the purpose | |
| | packaging | of containing food that is intended for | |
| | | immediate consumption from the packet or | |
| | | wrapper without any further preparation ₃ | |
| | | are exempted. Establishments in the | |
| | | HORECA sector that do not have access to | |
| | | drinking water are exempted. | |
| | Single use | Single use packaging in the HORECA sector, | Sachets, tubs, |
| | packaging for | containing individual portions or servings, used | trays, boxes |
| | condiments, | for condiments, preserves, sauces, coffee | |
| 4. | preserves, | creamer, sugar and seasoning, except such | |
| ٦. | sauces, coffee | packaging provided together with take-away | |
| | creamer, sugar, | ready-prepared food intended for immediate | |
| | and seasoning in | consumption without the need of any further | |
| | HORECA sector | preparation | |
| | 1 | I. | |

| | | Single use packaging Ffor cosmetics, hygiene | Shampoo |
|----|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| | Single use hotel | and toiletry products of less than 50 ml for | bottles, hand |
| | miniature | liquid products or less than 100 g for non-liquid | and body |
| | packaging | products for the use in the accommodation | lotion bottles, |
| 5. | 5. intended for an individual | sector, according to NACE Rev. 2 – | sachets around |
| | | Statistical classification of economic | miniature -bar |
| | booking | activities ¹ , intended for an individual booking | soap |
| | Dooking | only and intended to be discarded before the | |
| | | next guest arrives. | |

¹ NACE code I55, list can be found in <u>EUROPA - Competition - Cases by NACE code - I</u>

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ANNEX XII

<u>DATA TO BE INCLUDED BY MEMBER STATES IN THEIR DATABASES ON</u> PACKAGING AND PACKAGING WASTE

(IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLES 1 TO 4)

- 1. For sales, grouped and transport packaging:
 - (a) quantities, for each packaging categories of packaging generated within the Member State (produced + imported + stored exported) (Table 1);
 - (b) quantities reused (Table 2).

For sales, grouped and transport packaging waste:

(a) Quantities for separately collected packaging waste per material (Table 3)

Quantities recovered and disposed of, recycled and quantities recovered for each packaging type (Table 4).

The annual consumption of very lightweight plastic carrier bags, lightweight plastic carrier bags and thick plastic carrier bags per person, separately for each category, as laid down in Article 50(1) point (b) (Table 5)

Separate collection rate of the packaging formats covered by the deposit return systems, as laid down in Article 44(1) (Table 6)

TABLE 1

Quantity of packaging (sales, grouped and transport) generated within the national territory

| | Tonnage produced | - Tonnage exported | + Tonnage imported | + Tonnage stored | = Total |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------|
| Glass | | | | | |
| Plastic | | | | | |
| Paper/cardboard (including composite) | | | | | |
| Ferrous metal | | | | | |
| Aluminium | | | | | |
| Wood | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |

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TABLE 2

Quantity of packaging (sales, grouped and transport) reused within the national territory

| | Tonnage of packaging | packaging Reusable packaging | | Reusable sales packaging | |
|--|---|------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|
| | placed on the market for the first time | tonnage | Percentage | Tonnage | Percentage |
| Glass | | | | | |
| Plastic | | | | | |
| Paper/cardboard (including composite packaging) | | | | | |
| Ferrous metal (including tinplate and composite packaging) | | | | | |
| Aluminium | | | | | |
| Wood | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |

TABLE 3

Quantity of separately collected packaging waste per material (sales, grouped an transport) generated within the national territory

| Packaging material | Waste generation (t) | From separate collection (t) |
|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Glass | | |
| Plastic (rigid and flexible) | | |

| Paper/cardboard (including composite) | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Metals (Ferrous metal and aluminium) | |
| Wood | |
| Other | |
| Total | |

TABLE 4

Quantity of packaging waste recovered and disposed of within the national territory

| Packaging | | Total tonnage | Quantity | Quantity recycled | | Quantity recovered | |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|--------------------|--|
| | | recovered and disposed of | Tonnage | Percentage | Tonnage | Percentage | |
| Glass, including | composite | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PET | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PP | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, HDPE and PP | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PS | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, HDPE | Rigid | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PVC | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PC | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, EPS | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, XPS | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PET | Flexible | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PP | Picalule | | | | | | |

| Packaging | | Total tonnage | Quantity | recycled | Quantity recovered | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | recovered and disposed of | Tonnage | Percentage | Tonnage | Percentage |
| Plastic, PE | | | | | | |
| Plastic, multilayer | | | | | | |
| Paper/cardboa composi | | | | | | |
| Compos Paper/card | | | | | | |
| Ferrous metal (tinplate and co packaging of v majority is | omposite which the | | | | | |
| Aluminium (i composite pac which the ma | kaging of ijority is | | | | | |
| Wood | l | | | | | |
| Textil | e | | | | | |
| Ceramic, pore stonewa | | | | | | |
| Other | • | | | | | |
| Total packagi | ng waste | | | | | |

Table 5

Quantity of very lightweight plastic carrier bags, lightweight plastic carrier bags, thick plastic carrier bags, and very thick plastic carrier bags per person, consumed within the national territory

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| | Plastic carrier bags consumed within the national territory | | | |
|---|---|-------------------|--|--|
| | Number per person | Tonnes per person | | |
| very lightweight plastic carrier bags plastic carrier bags with a wall thickness below 15 microns | | | | |
| lightweight plastic carrier bags | | | | |
| plastic carrier bags with a wall thickness below 50 microns | | | | |
| thick plastic carrier bags | | | | |
| plastic carrier bags with a wall thickness between 50 and 99 microns | | | | |

Table 6
Separate collection rate of packaging formats covered under the deposit return systems, as laid down in Article 44(1)

| | Tonnes of packaging placed on the market for the first time within the national territory (t) | Separately collected within the national territory by the deposit and return scheme (t) |
|--|---|---|
| Single use plastic beverage bottles with the capacity of up to 3 litres | | |
| Single use metal beverage containers with a capacity of up to 3 litres | | |

ANNEX XII

<u>DATA TO BE INCLUDED BY MEMBER STATES IN THEIR DATABASES ON</u> PACKAGING AND PACKAGING WASTE

(IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLES 1 TO 4)

- 1. For sales, grouped and transport packaging:
 - (a) quantities, for each packaging categories of packaging generated within the Member State (produced + imported + stored exported) (Table 1);
 - (b) quantities reused (Table 2).
- 2. For sales, grouped and transport packaging waste:
 - (a) Quantities for separately collected packaging waste per material (Table 3)
 - (b) Quantities recovered and disposed of, recycled and quantities recovered for each packaging type (Table 4).
 - (c) The annual consumption of very lightweight plastic carrier bags, lightweight plastic carrier bags and thick plastic carrier bags per person, separately for each category, as laid down in Article 50(1) point (b) (Table 5)
 - (d) Separate collection rate of the packaging formats covered by the deposit return systems, as laid down in Article 44(1) (Table 6)

TABLE 1

Quantity of packaging (sales, grouped and transport) generated within the national territory

| | Tonnage produced | - Tonnage exported | + Tonnage imported | + Tonnage stored | = Total |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------|
| Glass | | | | | |
| Plastic | | | | | |
| Paper/cardboard (including composite) | | | | | |
| Ferrous metal | | | | | |
| Aluminium | | | | | |

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| Wood | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|
| Other | | | |
| Total | | | |

TABLE 2

Quantity of packaging (sales, grouped and transport) reused within the national territory

| | Tonnage of packaging | Reusable | packaging | | le sales aging |
|--|---|----------|------------|---------|-------------------|
| | placed on the market for the first time | tonnage | Percentage | Tonnage | Percentage |
| Glass | | | | | |
| Plastic | | | | | |
| Paper/cardboard (including composite packaging) | | | | | |
| Ferrous metal (including tinplate and composite packaging) | | | | | |
| Aluminium | | | | | |
| Wood | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |

TABLE 3 Quantity of separately collected packaging waste per material (sales, grouped an transport) generated within the national territory

| Packaging material | Waste generation (t) | From separate collection (t) |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Glass | | |
| Plastic (rigid and flexible) | | |
| Paper/cardboard (including composite) | | |
| Metals (Ferrous metal and aluminium) | | |
| Wood | | |
| Other | | |
| Total | | |

TABLE 4

Quantity of packaging waste recovered and disposed of within the national territory

| | | | Quantity | recycled | Quantity recovered | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|----------|------------|--------------------|------------|--|
| Packaging | | tonnage recovered and disposed of | Tonnage | Percentage | Tonnage | Percentage | |
| Glass, including composite | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PET | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PP | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, HDPE and PP | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PS | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, HDPE | Rigid | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PVC | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PC | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, EPS | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, XPS | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PET | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PP | | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PE | Flexible | | | | | | |
| Plastic, multilayer | | | | | | | |
| Paper/cardboard (non- composite) | | | | | | | |
| Compos Paper/card | site board | | | | | | |

| | Total tonnage | Quantity | recycled | Quantity recovered | |
|---|---------------------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------------|
| Packaging | recovered and disposed of | Tonnage | Percentage | Tonnage | Percentage |
| Ferrous metal (including tinplate and composite packaging of which the majority is steel) | | | | | |
| Aluminium (including composite packaging of which the majority is aluminium | | | | | |
| Wood | | | | | |
| Textile | | | | | |
| Ceramic, porcelain or stoneware | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | |
| Total packaging waste | | | | | |

Table 5

Quantity of very lightweight plastic carrier bags, lightweight plastic carrier bags, thick plastic carrier bags, and very thick plastic carrier bags per person, consumed within the national territory

| | Plastic carrier bags consumed within the national territory Number per person Tonnes per person | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | | | |
| very lightweight plastic carrier bags plastic carrier bags with a wall thickness below 15 microns | | | |
| lightweight plastic carrier bags | | | |
| plastic carrier bags with a wall thickness below 50 microns | | | |
| thick plastic carrier bags | | | |

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| plastic carrier bags with a wall thickness between 50 and 99 microns | | |
|--|--|--|
|--|--|--|

Table 6 Separate collection rate of packaging formats covered under the deposit return systems, as laid down in Article 44(1)

| | Tonnes of packaging placed on the market for the first time within the national territory (t) | Separately collected within the national territory by the deposit and return scheme (t) |
|---|---|---|
| Single use plastic beverage bottles with the capacity of up to 3 litres | | |
| Single use metal beverage containers with a capacity of up to 3 litres | | |

ANNEX XII

DATA TO BE INCLUDED BY MEMBER STATES IN THEIR DATABASES ON PACKAGING AND PACKAGING WASTE

(IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLES 1 TO 4)

- 1. For sales, grouped and transport packaging:
 - (a) quantities, for each packaging categories of packaging generated within the Member State (produced + imported + stored exported) (Table 1);
 - (b) quantities reused of reusable packaging (Table 2).
- 2. For sales, grouped and transport packaging waste:
 - (a) For each packaging category (Table 4):
 - (i) quantities made available on the market for the first time within the territory of the Member State;
 - (ii) quantities of generated packaging waste;
 - (iii) Quantities for separately collected packaging waste per material (Table 3)
 - (iv) quantities disposed of, recovered, and recycled of packaging.
 - (b) The annual consumption of very lightweight plastic carrier bags, lightweight plastic carrier bags and thick plastic carrier bags per person, separately for each category, as laid down in Article 50(1) point (b) (Table 5)
 - (c) Separate collection rate of the packaging formats covered by the deposit return systems, as laid down in Article 44(1) (Table 6)

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Table 1

Quantity of packaging (sales, grouped and transport) generated within the national territory

| | Tonnage produced | - Tonnage exported | + Tonnage imported | + Tonnage stored | = Total |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------|
| Glass | | | | | |
| Plastic | | | | | |
| Paper/cardboard (including composite) | | | | | |
| Ferrous metal | | | | | |
| Aluminium | | | | | |
| Wood | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |

Table 2

Quantity of total reusable packaging (sales, grouped and transport) reused-made available on the market for the first time within the national territory

| | Tonnage of packaging | Reusable | packaging | Reusable sales packaging | |
|--|--|----------|--|--------------------------|--|
| | placed made available on the market for the first time on the territory of that Member State | tonnage | Percentage of total reusable packaging | Tonnage | Percentage of total reusable sales packaging |
| Glass | | | | | |
| Plastic | | | | | |
| Paper/cardboard (including composite packaging) | | | | | |
| Ferrous metal (including tinplate and composite packaging) | | | | | |

| Aluminium | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|
| Wood | | | |
| Other | | | |
| Total | | | |

Table 3 Quantity of separately collected packaging waste per material (sales, grouped and transport) generated within the national territory

| Packaging material | Waste generation (t) | From separate collection (t) |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Glass | | |
| Plastic (rigid and flexible) | | |
| Paper/cardboard (including composite) | | |
| Metals (Ferrous metal and aluminium) | | |
| Wood | | |
| Other | | |
| Total | | |

Table 4

Quantity per packaging category, as defined in Table 1a of Annex II, of: packaging made available on the market for the first time within the territory of the Member State; generated packaging waste; and packaging waste disposed of, recovered and recycled of packaging waste recovered and disposed of within the national territory and exported.

| Material | Category | Packaging made | Packaging | Total | Total | Total | Total | Total | Total |
|----------|----------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | | available on the | waste | packaging | packaging | packaging | packaging | packaging | packaging |
| | | market for the | generation (t) | waste disposed | waste | Waste | waste | waste | Waste |
| | | first time on the | | of (t) | Recovered (t) | recycled (t) | disposed of (t) | Recovered (t) | recycled (t) |
| | | territory of the | | | | | | | |
| | | Member State (t) | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Within the nation | nal territory | | Outside the nat | ional territory | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Plastic | PET rigid | | | | |
|---------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | PE rigid, PP | | | | |
| | rigid, HDPE | | | | |
| | and PP rigid | | | | |
| | Films/flexible | | | | |
| | PS, XPS, EPS | | | | |
| | Other rigid | | | | |
| | plastics | | | | |
| | Biodegradable | | | | |
| | (rigid and | | | | |
| | flexible) | | | | |

| Paper/card | Paper/card | | | | |
|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| board | board | | | | |
| | (except | | | | |
| | liquid | | | | |
| | packaging | | | | |
| | board) | | | | |
| | Liquid | | | | |
| | packaging | | | | |
| | board | | | | |
| Metal | Aluminiu | | | | |
| Wictai | m | | | | |
| | Steel | | | | |
| Glass | Glass | | | | |
| Wood | Wood, | | | | |
| Wood | cork | | | | |
| | Textile, | | | | |
| Others | ceramics/p | | | | |
| Juicis | orcelain | | | | |
| | and others | | | | |

| Packaging | | Total tonnage | Quantity recycled | | Quantity recovered | |
|----------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | recovered and disposed of | Tonnage | Percentage | Tonnage | Percentage |
| | | | | | | |
| Glass, including composite | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PET | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PP | | | | | | |
| Plastic, HDPE | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PS | Rigid | | | | | |
| Plastic, HDPE | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PVC | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PC | | | | | | |

| Packaging | | Total tonnage recovered and disposed of | Quantity recycled | | Quantity recovered | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|---|-------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | | Tonnage | Percentage | Tonnage | Percentage |
| Plastic, EPS | | | | | | |
| Plastic, XPS | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PET | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PP | | | | | | |
| Plastic, PE | Flexible | | | | | |
| Plastic, multi- | | | | | | |
| Paper/cardboard (non- composite) | | | | | | |
| Composite Paper/cardboard | | | | | | |

| D 1 . | Total tonnage | Quantity recycled | | Quantity recovered | |
|---|---------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|
| Packaging Packaging | disposed of | Tonnage | Percentage | Tonnage | Percentage |
| Ferrous metal (including tinplate and composite packaging of which the majority is steel) | | | | | |
| Aluminium (including composite packaging of which the majority is aluminium | | | | | |
| Wood | | | | | |
| Textile | | | | | |
| Ceramic, porcelain or stoneware | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | |

| De de cine | Total tonnage | Quantity recycled | | Quantity recovered | |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|
| Packaging | disposed of | Tonnage | Percentage | Tonnage | Percentage |
| Total packaging waste | | | | | |

Table 5

Quantity of very lightweight plastic carrier bags, lightweight plastic carrier bags, thick plastic carrier bags, and very thick plastic carrier bags per person, consumed within the national territory

| | Plastic carrier bags of territory | consumed within the national |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Number per person | Tonnes per person |
| very lightweight plastic carrier bags plastic carrier bags with a wall thickness below 15 microns | | |
| lightweight plastic carrier bags | | |
| plastic carrier bags with a wall thickness below 50 microns | | |
| thick plastic carrier bags | | |
| plastic carrier bags with a wall thickness between 50 and 99 microns | | |

Table 6
Separate collection rate of packaging formats covered under the deposit return systems, as laid down in Article 44(1)

| | Tonnes of packaging placed on the market for the first time within the national territory (t) | national territory by the deposit and |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Single use plastic beverage bottles with the capacity of up to 3 litres | | |
| Single use metal beverage containers with a capacity of up to 3 litres | | |