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# **PROPOSAL**

From:	Secretary-General of the European Commission, signed by Ms Martine DEPREZ, Director
date of receipt:	30 July 2024
То:	Ms Thérèse BLANCHET, Secretary-General of the Council of the European Union
No. Cion doc.:	COM(2024) 341 final
Subject:	Proposal for a COUNCIL DECISION on the position to be taken on behalf of the European Union in the Customs Sub-Committee established by Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part, as regards the amendment of Protocol I to that Agreement concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation concerning the permeability between the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterranean preferential rules of origin and the Transitional rules of origin

Delegations will find attached document COM(2024) 341 final.

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Brussels, 30.7.2024 COM(2024) 341 final

2024/0200 (NLE)

Proposal for a

# **COUNCIL DECISION**

on the position to be taken on behalf of the European Union in the Customs Sub-Committee established by Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part, as regards the amendment of Protocol I to that Agreement concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation concerning the permeability between the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterranean preferential rules of origin and the Transitional rules of origin

#### **EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM**

#### 1. SUBJECT MATTER OF THE PROPOSAL

This proposal concerns the decision establishing the position to be taken on the Union's behalf in the Customs Sub-Committee of the EU-Georgia Association Agreement in connection with the envisaged adoption of a Decision amending Protocol I of the EU-Georgia Association Agreement.

#### 2. CONTEXT OF THE PROPOSAL

# 2.1. The Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part

The Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part<sup>1</sup> (the Agreement) aims to achieve Georgia's gradual economic integration into the EU Internal Market. The Agreement entered into force on 1 July 2016.

#### 2.2. The Customs Sub-Committee

The Customs Sub-Committee established according to the provisions of Article 74(1) of the Agreement, may decide to amend the provisions of Protocol I concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation (Article 4 of Protocol I). The Customs Sub-Committee draws up its decisions and recommendations by agreement between the two Parties.

# 2.3. The envisaged act of the Customs Sub-Committee

In its next meeting or by exchange of letters, the Customs Sub-Committee is to adopt a Decision regarding the amendment of the provisions of Protocol I concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation (the envisaged act).

# 3. POSITION TO BE TAKEN ON THE UNION'S BEHALF

During the first technical meeting on Transitional rules of origin held in Brussels on 5 February 2020, the majority of the Contracting Parties to the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterranean preferential rules of origin (the Convention)<sup>2</sup> agreed to implement the revised rules of the Convention (the Transitional rules of origin<sup>3</sup>) in parallel with the rules of the Convention, on a transitional bilateral basis, pending the adoption of the revised rules of the Convention.

Since 1 September 2021, a network of bilateral protocols on rules of origin among Contracting Parties to the Convention entered into force rendering the Transitional rules applicable including between the EU and Georgia.

The objective of the Transitional rules of origin is to introduce more relaxed rules in order to facilitate the qualification of the preferential originating status for goods. As the Transitional

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OJ L 261, 30.8.2014, p.4.

OJ L 54, 26.2.2013, p. 4.

OJ L 381, 27.10.2021, p. 78–162.

rules of origin are in general more relaxed than those of the Convention, goods fulfilling these latter could also qualify as originating under the Transitional rules of origin, with the exception of some agricultural products classified under Chapters 2, 4 to 15 and 16 (except for processed fishery products) and Chapters 17 to 24 of the Harmonised System, as for these products the Transitional rules of origin are different or more strict than those of the Convention.

The Transitional rules of origin are applicable in parallel with the rules of origin of the Convention creating two distinctive zones of cumulation.

The Transitional rules foresee the permeability between the two sets of rules of origin, by allowing the issuance of a retrospective proof of origin on the basis of a proof issued according to the rules of the Convention, with the fulfilment of the condition that the products in case meet the requirements of both sets of rules.

The current provision in the Transitional rules concerning permeability between the two sets of rules of origin (Article 21(1), point (d) of Appendix A to the Protocol on rules of origin) generated a cumbersome customs procedure that prevents the economic operators from fully benefitting from the advantages of applying the Transitional rules in parallel with the Convention.

The parties have agreed to apply the Transitional rules in advance, in order to adapt the trade flows and customs practices to the upcoming entry into force of the amendment of the Convention (on which the Transitional rules are based). It is therefore appropriate to facilitate the application of permeability for the remaining time of application of the Transitional rules, pending the entry into force of the amendment to the Convention.

Therefore, Article 8 of Appendix A to Protocol I should be amended to facilitate the application of existing permeability between the Convention and the Transitional rules of origin.

The position to be taken by the EU within the Customs Sub-Committee should be established by the Council.

The proposed amendment is technical in nature and relates to the currently applicable Transitional rules of origin between the Parties and does not affect the substance of the protocol on rules of origin. Therefore, it does not require an impact assessment.

# 4. LEGAL BASIS

# 4.1. Procedural legal basis

### 4.1.1. Principles

Article 218(9) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) provides for decisions establishing 'the positions to be adopted on the Union's behalf in a body set up by an agreement, when that body is called upon to adopt acts having legal effects, with the exception of acts supplementing or amending the institutional framework of the agreement.'

The concept of 'acts having legal effects' includes acts that have legal effects by virtue of the rules of international law governing the body in question. It also includes instruments that do not have a binding effect under international law, but that are 'capable of decisively influencing the content of the legislation adopted by the EU legislature'4.

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Judgment of the Court of Justice of 7 October 2014, Germany v Council, C-399/12, ECLI:EU:C:2014:2258, paragraphs 61 to 64.

#### *4.1.2. Application to the present case*

The Customs Sub-Committee is a body set up by an agreement, namely Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part.

The act which the Customs Sub-Committee is called upon to adopt constitutes an act having legal effects.

The envisaged act does not supplement or amend the institutional framework of the Agreement.

Therefore, the procedural legal basis for the proposed decision is Article 218(9) TFEU.

## 4.2. Substantive legal basis

#### 4.2.1. Principles

The substantive legal basis for a decision under Article 218(9) TFEU depends primarily on the objective and content of the envisaged act in respect of which a position is taken on the Union's behalf. If the envisaged act pursues two aims or has two components and if one of those aims or components is identifiable as the main one, whereas the other is merely incidental, the decision under Article 218(9) TFEU must be founded on a single substantive legal basis, namely that required by the main or predominant aim or component.

#### 4.2.2. Application to the present case

The main objective and content of the envisaged act relate to the common commercial policy. Therefore, the substantive legal basis of the proposed decision is the first subparagraph of Article 207(4) TFEU.

#### 4.3. Conclusion

The legal basis of the proposed decision should be first subparagraph of Article 207(4), in conjunction with Article 218(9) TFEU.

#### 5. BUDGETARY IMPLICATION

The simplification concerning permeability between the Convention and the Transitional rules of origin has no measurable impact on the EU budget since its scope mainly concerns trade facilitation and consolidation of modern practices of customs authorities. The simplification targets the areas which remain under competence of the authorities without impacting the substance of the rules from which goods acquire preferential originating status and facilitate the application of the existing principle of permeability.

#### 6. PUBLICATION OF THE ENVISAGED ACT

As the act of the Customs Sub-Committee will amend Protocol I to the Agreement, it is appropriate to publish it in the *Official Journal of the European Union* after its adoption.

# Proposal for a

#### **COUNCIL DECISION**

on the position to be taken on behalf of the European Union in the Customs Sub-Committee established by Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part, as regards the amendment of Protocol I to that Agreement concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation concerning the permeability between the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterranean preferential rules of origin and the Transitional rules of origin

#### THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION.

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 207(4), first subparagraph, in conjunction with Article 218(9) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

#### Whereas:

- (1) The Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part (the Agreement) was concluded by the Union by Council Decision 2014/495/Euratom<sup>1</sup> and entered into force on 1 July 2016.
- Pursuant to Article 74(3) of the Agreement, the Customs Sub-Committee may adopt decisions. Pursuant to Article 4 of Protocol I to the Agreement, the Customs Sub-Committee established by Article 74(1) of that Agreement (Customs Sub-Committee) may decide to amend the provisions of that Protocol.
- (3) The Customs Sub-Committee, during its next meeting, is to adopt a Decision on an amendment of Protocol I to the Agreement.
- (4) It is appropriate to establish the position to be taken on the Union's behalf in the Customs Sub-Committee as the Decision of the Customs Sub-Committee will be binding on the Union.
- (5) During the first technical meeting on Transitional rules of origin held in Brussels on 5 February 2020, the majority of the Contracting Parties to the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-Mediterranean preferential rules of origin<sup>2</sup> (the Convention) agreed to implement the revised rules of the Convention<sup>3</sup> (the Transitional rules of origin<sup>4</sup>) in

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Council Decision of 16 June 2014 approving the conclusion, by the European Commission, on behalf of the European Atomic Energy Community, of the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part (OJ L 261, 30.8.2014, p.744).

OJ L 54, 26.2.2013, p. 4.

Council Decision (EU) 2019/2198 of 25 November 2019 on the position to be taken on behalf of the European Union within the Joint Committee established by the Regional Convention on pan-Euro-

- parallel with the rules of the Convention, on a transitional bilateral basis, pending the adoption of the revised rules of the Convention.
- (6) The application of the Transitional rules of origin ensures the adaptation of the trade flows and customs practices pending the entry into force on 1 January 2025 of the revised rules of the Convention, on which the Transitional rules of origin are based.
- (7) A network of bilateral protocols on rules of origin among Contracting Parties to the Convention<sup>5</sup> entered into force rendering the Transitional rules of origin applicable<sup>6</sup> since 1 September 2021.
- (8) The objective of the Transitional rules of origin is to introduce more relaxed rules to facilitate the qualification of the preferential originating status for goods. As the Transitional rules of origin are in general more relaxed than those of the Convention, goods fulfilling the rules of origin of the Convention could also qualify as originating under the Transitional rules of origin, with the exception of certain agricultural products classified under Chapters 2, 4 to 15 and 16 (except for processed fishery products) and Chapters 17 to 24 of the Harmonised System. The Transitional rules of origin are applicable in parallel with the rules of origin of the Convention creating two distinctive zones of cumulation. Therefore, to facilitate the application of permeability between the Convention and the Transitional rules of origin as provided for by Article 21(1), point (d) of Appendix A to Protocol I to the Agreement, Article 8 of Appendix A to Protocol I to the Agreement should be amended,

#### HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

#### Article 1

The position to be taken on the Union's behalf in the Customs Sub-Committee established by Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part, as regards the amendment of Protocol I to that Agreement, shall be based on the draft decision of the Customs Sub-Committee attached to this Decision.

#### Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Commission.

Done at Brussels,

# For the Council The President

<sup>6</sup> OJ C, C/2024/1637, 20.2.2024.

Mediterranean preferential rules of origin as regards the amendment of the Convention (OJ L 339, 30.12.2019, p. 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> OJ L 381, 27.10.2021, p.78.

EU, Iceland, Switzerland (including Liechtenstein), Norway, Faroe Islands, Israel, Jordan, Palestine (this designation shall not be construed as recognition of a State of Palestine and is without prejudice to the individual positions of the Member States on this issue), Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo (this designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSCR 1244/1999 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo declaration of independence), North Macedonia, Serbia, Montenegro, Georgia, Republic of Moldova and Ukraine