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Dossier interinstitutionnel:  
2021/0020(COD)

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## DOCUMENT DE TRAVAIL

Origine:	Secrétariat général du Conseil
Destinataire:	délégations
N° doc. Cion:	5865/21 + ADD1
Objet:	Proposition de RÈGLEMENT DU PARLEMENT EUROPÉEN ET DU CONSEIL relatif aux statistiques sur les intrants et les produits agricoles et abrogeant les règlements (CE) n° 1165/2008, (CE) n° 543/2009, (CE) n° 1185/2009 et la directive 96/16/CE du Conseil - Tableau 4 colonnes

Les délégations trouveront ci-joint la première version du document à 4 colonnes sur la proposition de la Commission susmentionnée, sur la base de laquelle les négociations interinstitutionnelles ont débuté.

**Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on statistics on agricultural input and output and repealing Regulations (EC) No 1165/2008, (EC) No 543/2009, (EC) No 1185/2009 and Council Directive 96/16/EC (Text with EEA relevance)**  
2021/0020(COD)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Formula				
1	2021/0020 (COD)	2021/0020 (COD)	2021/0020 (COD)	
Proposal Title				
2	<p>Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on statistics on agricultural input and output and repealing Regulations (EC) No 1165/2008, (EC) No 543/2009, (EC) No 1185/2009 and Council Directive 96/16/EC</p> <p>(Text with EEA relevance)</p>	<p>Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on statistics on agricultural input and output and repealing Regulations (EC) No 1165/2008, (EC) No 543/2009, (EC) No 1185/2009 and Council Directive 96/16/EC</p> <p>(Text with EEA relevance)</p>	<p>Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on statistics on agricultural input and output and repealing Regulations (EC) No 1165/2008, (EC) No 543/2009, (EC) No 1185/2009 and Council Directive 96/16/EC</p> <p>(Text with EEA relevance)</p>	
Formula				
3				

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	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	
Citation 1				
4	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 338 (1) thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 338 (1) thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 338 (1) thereof,	
Citation 2				
5	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	
Citation 3				
6	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	
Citation 4				
7	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	
Formula				
8				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:	
Recital 1				
9	(1) A statistical knowledge base is necessary to design, implement, monitor, evaluate and review policies related to agriculture in the Union, in particular the common agricultural policy ('CAP'), including rural development measures, as well as Union policies relating to, among other things, the environment, climate change, land use, regions, public health and the sustainable development goals of the United Nations.	(1) A <u>transparent, comprehensive and reliable</u> statistical knowledge base is necessary to design, implement, monitor, evaluate and review policies related to agriculture in the Union, in particular the common agricultural policy ('CAP'), including rural development measures, as well as Union policies relating to, among other things, the environment, climate change <u>adaptation and mitigation</u> , land use, regions, public health, <u>food safety, plant protection, sustainable use of pesticides, veterinary medicinal usage, animal health and animal welfare</u> and the sustainable development goals of the United Nations. <u>Those statistics can also be useful to monitor and assess the impact of agriculture on pollinators and the vital soil organisms.</u>	(1) A statistical knowledge base is necessary to design, implement, monitor, evaluate and review policies related to agriculture in the Union, in particular the common agricultural policy ('CAP'), including rural development measures, as well as Union policies relating to, among other things, the environment, climate change, land use, regions, public health and the sustainable development goals of the United Nations.	
Recital 2				
10	(2) The collection of statistical	(2) The collection of statistical	(2) The collection of statistical	

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	<p>data, in particular on agricultural input and output, should aim, among other things, to inform the decision-making process with updated data to support the European Green Deal with the related ‘farm to fork’ and ‘biodiversity’ strategies and future CAP reforms.</p>	<p>data, in particular on agricultural input and output, should aim, among other things, to inform <del>the</del><i>an evidence-based</i> decision-making process with updated, <i>high-quality and accessible data, in particular data necessary for the development of agro-environmental indicators, to assess the impact of the European Green Deal and <del>data</del></i> to support <i>and evaluate progress of</i> the European Green Deal with the related ‘farm to fork’ and ‘biodiversity’ strategies, <i>the 'zero pollution' and 'organic production' action plans</i> and future CAP reforms. <i>A key element for the achievement of the European Green Deal objectives is the transition towards multifunctional agriculture capable of producing safe and sufficient food while providing positive environmental outputs. An operational and transparent system for the regular collection of statistical data on pesticide use and other chemicals inputs relied on in agriculture should be established.</i></p>	<p>data, in particular on agricultural input and output, should aim, among other things, to inform the decision-making process with updated data to support the European Green Deal with the related ‘farm to fork’ and ‘biodiversity’ strategies and future CAP reforms.</p>	
Recital 3				

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11	<p>(3) High quality harmonised statistical data are important to assess the state and trends of agricultural input and output in the Union, the functioning of markets, and food security and to assess the sustainability as well as the environmental, economic and social impacts of Union and national policies. Those data include, but are not limited to, livestock and meat statistics, the production and use of eggs, and the production and use of milk and milk products. Statistics on the area, yield and production of arable crops, vegetables, various permanent crops and grasslands and commodity balances are also important. Increasingly, statistics on the sales and use of plant protection products and fertilisers are needed.</p>	<p>(3) High quality harmonised, <u>coherent and comparable</u> statistical data are important to assess the state and trends of agricultural input and output in the Union <u>in order to provide meaningful and precise data on the environmental, economic and social impact from agriculture and on the pace of the transition to more sustainable agricultural practices. The data collected should also reflect on</u> the functioning of markets, and food security, <u>so as to ensure access to sufficient and high-quality food</u>, and to assess the sustainability as well as the environmental, economic and social impacts <u>and performance</u> of Union and national policies, <u>as well as to assess the sustainability and impact of new business models development</u>. Those data include, but are not limited to, livestock and meat statistics, the production and use of eggs, and the production and use of milk and milk products. Statistics on the area, yield and production of arable crops, vegetables, various permanent crops and <u>permanent</u> grasslands and commodity</p>	<p>(3) High quality harmonised statistical data are important to assess the state and trends of agricultural input and output in the Union, the functioning of markets, and food security and to assess the sustainability as well as the environmental, economic and social impacts of Union and national policies. Those data include, but are not limited to, livestock and meat statistics, the production and use of eggs, and the production and use of milk and milk products. Statistics on the area, yield and production of arable crops, vegetables, various permanent crops and grasslands and commodity balances are also important. Increasingly, statistics on the sales and use of plant protection products and fertilisers are needed.</p>	

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		balances <u>and fodder</u> are also important. <del>Increasingly</del> <u>Moreover</u> , statistics on the sales and use of plant protection products, <u>biocidal products, fertilisers, veterinary medicinal products for animals and antibiotics in feeding stuffs and fertilisers</u> are needed <u>with improved data collection methods and better coherence with sector-specific legislation, ensuring food safety and thus preventing serious threats to animal and human health</u> .		
Recital 3a				
11a		<u>(3a) It is important to obtain harmonised statistical data on input per unit of food produced.</u>		
Recital 4				
12	(4) An international evaluation of agricultural statistics led to the creation of a global strategy to improve agricultural and rural statistics of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations that was endorsed by the United Nations Statistics Committee in 2010. European	(4) An international evaluation of agricultural statistics led to the creation of a global strategy to improve agricultural and rural statistics of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations that was endorsed by the United Nations Statistics Committee in 2010. European	(4) An international evaluation of agricultural statistics led to the creation of a global strategy to improve agricultural and rural statistics of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations that was endorsed by the United Nations Statistics Committee in 2010. European	

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	agricultural statistics should, where appropriate, follow the recommendations of that global strategy.	agricultural statistics should, where appropriate, follow the recommendations of that global strategy.	agricultural statistics should, where appropriate, follow the recommendations of that global strategy.	
Recital 5				
13	<p>(5) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> provides for a framework to develop, produce and disseminate European statistics based on common statistical principles. Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 establishes quality criteria and refers to the need to minimise the response burden on survey respondents and to contribute to the more general objective of reducing the administrative burdens.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics and repealing Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities, Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on Community Statistics, and Council Decision 89/382/EEC, Euratom establishing a Committee on the Statistical Programmes of the European Communities</p>	<p>(5) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> provides for a framework to develop, produce and disseminate European statistics based on common statistical principles. Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 establishes quality criteria and refers to the need to minimise the response burden on survey respondents and to contribute to the more general objective of reducing the administrative burdens.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics and repealing Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities, Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on Community Statistics, and Council Decision 89/382/EEC, Euratom establishing a Committee on the Statistical Programmes of the European Communities</p>	<p>(5) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> provides for a framework to develop, produce and disseminate European statistics based on common statistical principles. Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 establishes quality criteria and refers to the need to minimise the response burden on survey respondents and to contribute to the more general objective of reducing the administrative burdens.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics and repealing Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities, Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on Community Statistics, and Council Decision 89/382/EEC, Euratom establishing a Committee on the Statistical Programmes of the European Communities</p>	

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	(OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164).	(OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164).	(OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164).	
Recital 5a				
13a		<u>(5a) To ensure the availability and uptake of secure, energy-efficient, affordable and high-quality data, the Union should promote investments in standards, tools, cloud infrastructure and services, as well as in digital competences for handling data in rural and remote areas.</u>		
Recital 6				
14	(6) The strategy on agricultural statistics for 2020 and beyond <sup>(1)</sup> , endorsed by the European Statistical System Committee ('ESSC') in November 2015, envisages the adoption of two framework regulations covering all aspects of EU legislation on agricultural statistics, with the exception of the economic accounts for agriculture. This Regulation is one of those two framework regulations and should complement the already adopted framework Regulation (EU) 2018/1091 <sup>(2)</sup> .	(6) The strategy on agricultural statistics for 2020 and beyond <sup>(1)</sup> , endorsed by the European Statistical System Committee ('ESSC') in November 2015, envisages the adoption of two framework regulations covering all aspects of EU legislation on agricultural statistics, with the exception of the economic accounts for agriculture. This Regulation is one of those two framework regulations and should complement the already adopted framework Regulation (EU) 2018/1091 <sup>(2)</sup> .	(6) The strategy on agricultural statistics for 2020 and beyond <sup>(1)</sup> , endorsed by the European Statistical System Committee ('ESSC') in November 2015, envisages the adoption of two framework regulations covering all aspects of EU legislation on agricultural statistics, with the exception of the economic accounts for agriculture. This Regulation is one of those two framework regulations and should complement the already adopted framework Regulation (EU) 2018/1091 <sup>(2)</sup> .	

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	<p>1. <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/agriculture/methodology/strategy-beyond-2020">https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/agriculture/methodology/strategy-beyond-2020</a></p> <p>2. Regulation (EU) 2018/1091 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 July 2018 on integrated farm statistics and repealing Regulations (EC) No 1166/2008 and (EU) No 1337/2011 (OJ L 200, 7.8.2018, p. 1).</p>	<p>1. <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/agriculture/methodology/strategy-beyond-2020">https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/agriculture/methodology/strategy-beyond-2020</a></p> <p>2. Regulation (EU) 2018/1091 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 July 2018 on integrated farm statistics and repealing Regulations (EC) No 1166/2008 and (EU) No 1337/2011 (OJ L 200, 7.8.2018, p. 1).</p>	<p>1. <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/agriculture/methodology/strategy-beyond-2020">https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/agriculture/methodology/strategy-beyond-2020</a></p> <p>2. Regulation (EU) 2018/1091 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 July 2018 on integrated farm statistics and repealing Regulations (EC) No 1166/2008 and (EU) No 1337/2011 (OJ L 200, 7.8.2018, p. 1).</p>	
Recital 7				
15	<p>(7) European statistics on agricultural inputs and outputs are currently collected, produced and disseminated on the basis of a number of legal acts. This structure does not provide proper consistency across the individual statistical domains, nor does it promote an integrated approach towards the development, production and dissemination of agricultural statistics. This Regulation should replace those legal acts for the purposes of harmonisation and comparability of information, and to ensure consistency and coordination across European agricultural statistics, facilitate the integration and streamlining of the corresponding statistical processes,</p>	<p>(7) European statistics on agricultural inputs and outputs are currently collected, produced and disseminated on the basis of a number of legal acts. This structure does not provide proper consistency across the individual statistical domains, nor does it promote an integrated approach towards the development, production and dissemination of agricultural statistics <u><i>designed to cover the economic, social and environmental facets of agriculture</i></u>. This Regulation should replace those legal acts for the purposes of harmonisation and comparability of information, and to ensure consistency and coordination across European agricultural statistics, facilitate the</p>	<p>(7) European statistics on agricultural inputs and outputs are currently collected, produced and disseminated on the basis of a number of legal acts. This structure does not provide proper consistency across the individual statistical domains, nor does it promote an integrated approach towards the development, production and dissemination of agricultural statistics. This Regulation should replace those legal acts for the purposes of harmonisation and comparability of information, and to ensure consistency and coordination across European agricultural statistics, facilitate the integration and streamlining of the corresponding statistical processes,</p>	

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	<p>and enable a more holistic approach. It is therefore necessary to repeal Regulations (EC) No 1165/2008 <sup>(1)</sup>, (EC) No 543/2009<sup>(2)</sup> and (EC) No 1185/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(3)</sup>, and Council Directive 96/16/EC <sup>(4)</sup>. The numerous related European Statistical System (ESS) agreements and gentlemen's agreements on data transmission should be integrated into this Regulation where there has been evidence that the data fulfil user needs, that the agreed methodology works and that the data are of appropriate quality.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 1165/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 concerning livestock and meat statistics and repealing Council Directives 93/23/EEC, 93/24/EEC and 93/25/EEC (OJ L 321, 1.12.2008, p. 1).  2. Regulation (EC) No 543/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 concerning crop statistics and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 837/90 and (EEC) No 959/93 (OJ L 167, 29.6.2009, p. 1).  3. Regulation (EC) No 1185/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2009 concerning statistics on pesticides (OJ L 324, 10.12.2009, p. 1).  4. Council Directive 96/16/EC of 19 March 1996 on statistical surveys of milk and milk products (OJ L 78, 28.3.1996, p. 27).</p>	<p>integration and streamlining of the corresponding statistical processes, and enable a more holistic approach. It is therefore necessary to repeal Regulations (EC) No 1165/2008 <sup>(1)</sup>, (EC) No 543/2009<sup>(2)</sup> and (EC) No 1185/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(3)</sup>, and Council Directive 96/16/EC <sup>(4)</sup>. The numerous related European Statistical System (ESS) agreements and gentlemen's agreements on data transmission should be integrated into this Regulation where there has been evidence that the data fulfil user needs, that the agreed methodology works and that the data are of appropriate quality.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 1165/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 concerning livestock and meat statistics and repealing Council Directives 93/23/EEC, 93/24/EEC and 93/25/EEC (OJ L 321, 1.12.2008, p. 1).  2. Regulation (EC) No 543/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 concerning crop statistics and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 837/90 and (EEC) No 959/93 (OJ L 167, 29.6.2009, p. 1).  3. Regulation (EC) No 1185/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2009 concerning statistics on pesticides (OJ L 324, 10.12.2009, p. 1).  4. Council Directive 96/16/EC of 19 March</p>	<p>and enable a more holistic approach. It is therefore necessary to repeal Regulations (EC) No 1165/2008 <sup>(1)</sup>, (EC) No 543/2009<sup>(2)</sup> and (EC) No 1185/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(3)</sup>, and Council Directive 96/16/EC <sup>(4)</sup>. The numerous related European Statistical System (ESS) agreements and gentlemen's agreements on data transmission should be integrated into this Regulation where there has been evidence that the data fulfil user needs, that the agreed methodology works and that the data are of appropriate quality.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 1165/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 concerning livestock and meat statistics and repealing Council Directives 93/23/EEC, 93/24/EEC and 93/25/EEC (OJ L 321, 1.12.2008, p. 1).  2. Regulation (EC) No 543/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 concerning crop statistics and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 837/90 and (EEC) No 959/93 (OJ L 167, 29.6.2009, p. 1).  3. Regulation (EC) No 1185/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2009 concerning statistics on pesticides (OJ L 324, 10.12.2009, p. 1).  4. Council Directive 96/16/EC of 19 March 1996 on statistical surveys of milk and milk products (OJ L 78, 28.3.1996, p. 27).</p>	

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		1996 on statistical surveys of milk and milk products (OJ L 78, 28.3.1996, p. 27).		
Recital 8				
16	<p>(8) The statistics required in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 <sup>(1)</sup> have been collected by the ESS, meeting some, but not all of its quality standards. Those statistics support European and national policies in the longer term and should be integrated as European statistics to guarantee the availability and quality of the data. In order to avoid double reporting from the Member States, the statistical requirements under Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 should be removed.</p> <p>1. Commission Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 of 27 June 2008 laying down detailed rules for implementing Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 as regards marketing standards for eggs for hatching and farmyard poultry chicks (OJ L 168, 28.6.2008, p. 5).</p>	<p>(8) The statistics required in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 <sup>(1)</sup> have been collected by the ESS, meeting some, but not all of its quality standards. Those statistics support European and national policies in the longer term and should be integrated as European statistics to guarantee the availability and quality of the data. In order to avoid double reporting from the Member States, the statistical requirements under Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 should be removed.</p> <p>1. Commission Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 of 27 June 2008 laying down detailed rules for implementing Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 as regards marketing standards for eggs for hatching and farmyard poultry chicks (OJ L 168, 28.6.2008, p. 5).</p>	<p>(8) The statistics required in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 <sup>(1)</sup> have been collected by the ESS, meeting some, but not all of its quality standards. Those statistics support European and national policies in the longer term and should be integrated as European statistics to guarantee the availability and quality of the data. In order to avoid double reporting from the Member States, the statistical requirements under Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 should be removed.</p> <p>1. Commission Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 of 27 June 2008 laying down detailed rules for implementing Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 as regards marketing standards for eggs for hatching and farmyard poultry chicks (OJ L 168, 28.6.2008, p. 5).</p>	
Recital 9				
17	(9) A large part of the European	(9) A large part of the European	(9) A large part of the European	

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	agricultural area consists of grasslands. The production of those areas was not considered to be important in the past, so no production data have been included in crop statistics. As the impact of grasslands and ruminants on the environment has become more important due to climate change, statistics on grassland production and animal grazing are needed.	agricultural area consists of grasslands. The production of those areas was not considered to be important in the past, so no production data have been included in crop statistics. As the impact of <u>permanent</u> grasslands and ruminants on the environment has become more important due to climate change, statistics on <del>grassland production</del> <u>permanent grassland</u> and animal grazing are needed.	agricultural area consists of grasslands. The production of those areas was not considered to be important in the past, so no production data have been included in crop statistics. As the impact of grasslands and ruminants on the environment has become more important due to climate change, statistics on grassland production and animal grazing are needed.	
Recital 9a				
17a		<u>(9a) For the purposes of statistics, the feasibility of maximising the use of pre-existing data collected under CAP obligations, without creating new obligations and administrative burden, should be assessed.</u>		
Recital 10				
18	(10) For the purposes of harmonisation and comparability of information on agricultural input and output with information on the structure of agricultural holdings and to further implement the	(10) For the purposes of harmonisation and comparability of information on agricultural input and output with information on the structure of agricultural holdings and to further implement the	(10) For the purposes of harmonisation and comparability of information on agricultural input and output with information on the structure of agricultural holdings and to further implement the	

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	strategy on agricultural statistics for 2020 and beyond, this Regulation should complement Regulation (EU) 2018/1091.	strategy on agricultural statistics for 2020 and beyond, this Regulation should complement Regulation (EU) 2018/1091.	strategy on agricultural statistics for 2020 and beyond, this Regulation should complement Regulation (EU) 2018/1091.	
Recital 11				
19	<p>(11) Regulation (EC) No 138/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> does not cover agricultural price statistics, but their availability and coherence with the economic accounts for agriculture ('EAA') should be ensured. As the EAA are a satellite account of national accounts, it is not appropriate to include agricultural price statistics in Regulation (EC) No 138/2004. Statistics on agricultural input and output should therefore cover statistics on agricultural input prices that are coherent with the EAA. Absolute agricultural output price data should be available in Member States to allow EAA calculations and comparable price indices.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 138/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 December 2003 on the economic accounts for agriculture in the Community</p>	<p>(11) Regulation (EC) No 138/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> does not cover agricultural price statistics, but their availability and coherence with the economic accounts for agriculture ('EAA') should be ensured. As the EAA are a satellite account of national accounts, it is not appropriate to include agricultural price statistics in Regulation (EC) No 138/2004. Statistics on agricultural input and output should therefore cover statistics on agricultural input prices that are coherent with the EAA. Absolute agricultural output price data should be available in Member States to allow EAA calculations and comparable price indices.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 138/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 December 2003 on the economic accounts for agriculture in the Community</p>	<p>(11) Regulation (EC) No 138/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> does not cover agricultural price statistics, but their availability and coherence with the economic accounts for agriculture ('EAA') should be ensured. <del>As the EAA are a satellite account of national accounts, it is not appropriate to include agricultural price statistics in Regulation (EC) No 138/2004.</del> Statistics on agricultural input and output should therefore cover statistics on agricultural input prices that are coherent with the EAA. <del>Absolute</del> <u>It is therefore necessary that</u> agricultural output price data <del>should be available</del> <u>are required</u> in Member States to allow EAA calculations and comparable price indices.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 138/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 December 2003 on the economic</p>	

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	(OJ L 33, 5.2.2004, p. 1).	(OJ L 33, 5.2.2004, p. 1).	accounts for agriculture in the Community (OJ L 33, 5.2.2004, p. 1).	
Recital 12				
20	<p>(12) Data regarding the placing on the market and use of pesticides to be submitted pursuant to Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> and Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(2)</sup> should be used in accordance with the relevant provisions of that Directive and of that Regulation for the purposes of the requirements of this Regulation.</p> <p>1. Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for Community action to achieve the sustainable use of pesticides (OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 71).</p> <p>2. Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC (OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 1).</p>	<p>(12) Data regarding the placing on the market and use of pesticides to be submitted pursuant to Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> and Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(2)</sup> should be used in accordance with the relevant provisions of that Directive and of that Regulation for the purposes of the requirements of this Regulation. <u>Data regarding the placing on the market and use of biocidal products to be provided pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(3)</sup> (should be used in accordance with the relevant provisions of that Regulation for the purposes of this Regulation. Statistics on the placing on the market and use of pesticides should be publicly available and as detailed as possible, including to the level of active substance and crop, to allow a meaningful assessment of</u></p>	<p>(12) Data regarding the placing on the market and use of pesticides to be submitted pursuant to Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> and Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(2)</sup> should be used in accordance with the relevant provisions of that Directive and of that Regulation for the purposes of the requirements of this Regulation.</p> <p>1. Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for Community action to achieve the sustainable use of pesticides (OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 71).</p> <p>2. Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC (OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 1).</p>	

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		<p><u>trends regarding the use of pesticides and overall associated risks, as well as the upgrade of harmonised risk indicators under Directive 2009/128/EC.</u></p> <p>1. Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for Community action to achieve the sustainable use of pesticides (OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 71).</p> <p>2. Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC (OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 1).</p> <p><u>3. Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC (OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 1).</u></p>		
Recital 13				
21	(13) Comparable statistics from all Member States on agricultural input and output are important to determine the development of the CAP. Standard classifications and common definitions should therefore be used insofar as	(13) Comparable statistics from all Member States on agricultural input and output are important to determine the development of the CAP <u>and to monitor CAP implementation through the national Strategic Plans in view of</u>	(13) Comparable statistics from all Member States on agricultural input and output are important to determine the development of the CAP. Standard classifications and common definitions should therefore be used insofar as	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	possible for variables.	<u>CAP's contribution to the European Green Deal targets.</u> Standard classifications and common definitions <u>and cohesive information</u> should therefore be used insofar as possible for variables.	possible for variables.	
Recital 13a				
21a		<u>(13a) The coherence, comparability and interoperability of the data and the uniformity of the reporting formats are prerequisites for the preparation of Union agricultural statistics, in particular as regards the efficiency of the collection, processing and dissemination procedures and the quality of the results.</u>		
Recital 14				
22	(14) The data needed to compile statistics should, where possible, be collected in a manner with the least costs and administrative burden. It is therefore necessary to identify possible owners of sources of the required data and ensure that these can be used for statistics.	(14) The data needed to compile statistics should, <del>where possible</del> , be collected in a manner with the least costs and administrative burden <u>on respondents, including farmers, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) and Member States</u> . It is therefore necessary to	(14) The data needed to compile statistics should, where possible, be collected in a manner with the least costs and administrative burden. It is therefore necessary to identify possible owners of sources of the required data and ensure that these can be used for statistics.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<p><del>identify</del><u>maximise the use of existing data sources, increase synergies and efficiency between existing data sources and optimise the data collection methods used.</u></p> <p><u>Where</u> possible owners of sources of the required data <del>and ensure that these</del><u>could be identified, it should be ensured that data</u> can be used for statistics <u>in full compliance with the private rights of the identifiable individuals and data ownership.</u></p>		
Recital 15				
23	<p>(15) The datasets to be transmitted cover several statistical domains. In order to maintain a flexible approach that allows the statistics to be adapted when data requirements change, only the domains, topics and detailed topics should be specified in the basic regulation, with the detailed data sets specified in implementing acts.</p>	<p>(15) The datasets to be transmitted cover several statistical domains. In order to maintain a flexible approach that allows the statistics to be adapted when data requirements change, only the domains, topics and detailed topics should be specified in the basic regulation, with the detailed data sets specified in implementing acts.</p> <p><u>The collection of the detailed data sets should not impose significant additional costs resulting in a disproportionate and unjustified burden on agricultural holdings and on Member States.</u></p>	<p>(15) The datasets to be transmitted cover several statistical domains. In order to maintain a flexible approach that allows the statistics to be adapted when data requirements change, only the domains, topics and detailed topics should be specified in the basic regulation, with the detailed data sets specified in implementing acts.</p>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Recital 16				
24	<p>(16) Organic production is becoming increasingly important as an indicator of sustainable agricultural production systems. It is therefore necessary to ensure that available statistics on organic farming are consistent with other agricultural production statistics by integrating those in the datasets. Those organic production statistics should also be coherent with and use the administrative information produced under Regulation (EU) 2018/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EU) 2018/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2018 on organic production and labelling of organic products and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 (OJ L 150, 14.6.2018, p. 1).</p>	<p>(16) Organic production is becoming increasingly important as an indicator of sustainable agricultural production systems. <u>Statistical data on organic production are essential to monitor progress of the action plan for the development of organic production in the Union.</u> It is therefore necessary to ensure that available statistics on organic farming are consistent with other agricultural production statistics by integrating those in the datasets. Those organic production statistics should also be coherent with and use the administrative information produced under Regulation (EU) 2018/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EU) 2018/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2018 on organic production and labelling of organic products and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 (OJ L 150, 14.6.2018, p. 1).</p>	<p>(16) Organic production is becoming increasingly important as an indicator of sustainable agricultural production systems. It is therefore necessary to ensure that available statistics on organic farming are consistent with other agricultural production statistics by integrating those in the datasets. Those organic production statistics should also be coherent with and use the administrative information produced under Regulation (EU) 2018/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EU) 2018/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2018 on organic production and labelling of organic products and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 (OJ L 150, 14.6.2018, p. 1).</p>	
Recital 16a				
24a		<u>(16a) The ‘One Health’ approach, endorsed by the World</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>Health Organisation (WHO) and the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE), recognises that human health, animal health and ecosystems are interconnected and it is therefore essential for both animal and human health to ensure prudent use of veterinary antimicrobial medicinal products in food-producing animals.</u>		
Recital 16b				
24b		<u>(16b) To ensure the highest level of public health, animal health and environmental protection and to contribute to the Union goals to mitigate, inter alia, the risk of development of antimicrobial resistance in humans and animals, statistics on the sales and use of veterinary antimicrobial medicinal products for food-producing animals should be provided in accordance with the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2019/6 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>1</sup>.</u>  <u>1. Regulation (EU) 2019/6 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2018 on veterinary medicinal products and repealing</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<a href="#"><u>Directive 2001/82/EC (OJ L 4, 7.1.2019, p. 43).</u></a>		
Recital 17				
25	<p>(17) In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>, territorial units should be defined in accordance with the Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics ('NUTS') classification.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 on the establishment of a common classification of territorial units for statistics (NUTS) (OJ L 154, 21.6.2003, p. 1).</p>	<p>(17) In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>, territorial units should be defined in accordance with the Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics ('NUTS') classification.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 on the establishment of a common classification of territorial units for statistics (NUTS) (OJ L 154, 21.6.2003, p. 1).</p>	<p>(17) In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>, territorial units should be defined in accordance with the Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics ('NUTS') classification. <a href="#"><u>Where regional data should be provided at NUTS2 level, the Commission should be able, in duly justified cases linked to the small size of NUTS2 level territorial units, to grant exemptions to the Member States concerned.</u></a></p> <p>1. Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 on the establishment of a common classification of territorial units for statistics (NUTS) (OJ L 154, 21.6.2003, p. 1).</p>	
Recital 18				
26	<p>(18) It should be possible to collect data on ad- hoc subjects related to agricultural input and</p>	<p>(18) It should be possible to collect data on ad- hoc subjects related to agricultural input and</p>	<p>(18) It should be possible to collect data on ad- hoc subjects related to agricultural input and</p>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	output at a specific time in order to supplement the data collected on a regular basis with complementary data on subjects that require more information, emerging phenomena or innovations.	output at a specific time in order to supplement the data collected on a regular basis with complementary data on subjects that require more information, emerging phenomena or innovations. <u>However, in order to ensure transparency and legal certainty and to minimise administrative burden on respondents and Member States, the collection of ad-hoc data should be done as an exception, after a thorough feasibility study has been carried out on the need for producing new statistics and the stakeholders have been consulted. National authorities should have access to financial support from the Union to cover implementation costs related to the ad-hoc data collection.</u>	output at a specific time in order to supplement the data collected on a regular basis with complementary data on subjects that require more information, emerging phenomena or innovations. <u>The need for such data should be duly justified.</u>	
Recital 19				
27	(19) In order to decrease the administrative burden on Member States, exemptions from certain regular transmissions of data should be allowed if Member States' contributions to the EU total for these data are low.	(19) In order to decrease the administrative burden on Member States, exemptions from certain regular transmissions of data should be allowed if Member States' contributions to the <del>EU</del> <u>Union</u> total for these data are low <u>and if the variables have a low prevalence in the Member</u>	(19) In order to decrease the administrative burden on Member States, exemptions from certain regular transmissions of data should be allowed if Member States' contributions to the EU total for these data are low <u>or the observed phenomenon is insignificant in relation to the</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>States concerned.</u>	<u>total production in a particular Member State.</u>	
Recital 20				
28	<p>(20) In order to improve the efficiency of the statistical production processes of the ESS and to reduce the administrative burden on respondents, national statistical institutes ('NSIs') and other national authorities should have the right to access and use, promptly and free of charge, any administrative data that are gathered for public purposes, irrespective of whether they are held by public or private bodies. NSIs and other national authorities should also be able to integrate those administrative data with statistics, to the extent that such data are necessary for developing, producing and disseminating European agricultural statistics, in accordance with Article 17a of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.</p>	<p>(20) In order to improve the efficiency of the statistical production processes of the ESS and to reduce the administrative burden on respondents, national statistical institutes ('NSIs') and other national authorities should have the right to access and use, promptly and free of charge, any administrative data that are gathered for public purposes, irrespective of whether they are held by public or private bodies. <u>Where individuals or entities to which data refer can be identified, it should be ensured that those data can be used for statistics only if full compliance with the right to protection of personal and company data is ensured.</u> NSIs and other national authorities should also be able to integrate those administrative data with statistics, to the extent that such data are necessary for developing, producing and disseminating European agricultural statistics, in accordance with Article 17a of</p>	<p>(20) In order to improve the efficiency of the statistical production processes of the ESS and to reduce the administrative burden on respondents, national statistical institutes ('NSIs') and other national authorities should have the right to access and use, promptly and free of charge, any administrative data that are <del>gathered</del> <u>needed</u> for public purposes, irrespective of whether they are held by public, <u>semi-public</u> or private bodies. NSIs and other national authorities should also be able to integrate those administrative data with statistics, to the extent that such data are necessary for developing, producing and disseminating European agricultural statistics, in accordance with Article 17a of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.</p>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<p>Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. <u>Any processing of personal data under this Regulation is subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>1</sup> and delegated and implementing acts adopted pursuant to that Regulation. Collected data should only be used for as long as is strictly necessary for the relevant analyses to be carried out.</u></p> <p><u>1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).</u></p>		
Recital 21				
29	(21) Member States or responsible national authorities should endeavour to modernise data collection modes insofar as possible. The use of digital solutions should be promoted.	(21) Member States or responsible national authorities should endeavour to modernise data collection modes insofar as possible <u>by harnessing funding from technical assistance instruments</u> . The use of digital solutions <u>and land monitoring tools, such as the Union's Earth</u>	(21) Member States or responsible national authorities should endeavour to modernise data collection modes insofar as possible. The use of digital solutions should be promoted.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<p><u>observation programme</u>  <u>Copernicus and remote sensors</u>  should be promoted. <u>Since</u>  <u>broadband infrastructure covers</u>  <u>approximately 50% of rural and</u>  <u>remote areas, it is important to</u>  <u>incentivise the development of</u>  <u>very high-capacity broadband</u>  <u>connectivity infrastructure,</u>  <u>including 5G, especially in less</u>  <u>economically sustainable areas,</u>  <u>such as rural mountainous and</u>  <u>remote areas with a low</u>  <u>population density, in order to</u>  <u>make use of online surveys,</u>  <u>satellite information, and</u>  <u>machine-generated and big data.</u>  <u>Agricultural data is increasingly</u>  <u>generated through digital farming</u>  <u>practices, where the farmer</u>  <u>remains the main data provider,</u>  <u>responsible for the collection,</u>  <u>processing and management of</u>  <u>agricultural data. A good basis for</u>  <u>improving transparency,</u>  <u>responsibility and trust when</u>  <u>farmers share machine-generated</u>  <u>data should be ensured via</u>  <u>voluntary guidelines or</u>  <u>regulation. The national plans of</u>  <u>the Recovery and Resilience</u>  <u>Facility include measures that</u>  <u>could contribute to the digital</u></p>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>transition or to addressing the challenges arising from it.</u>		
Recital 21a				
29a			<u>(21a) In order to reduce the administrative burden on respondents, NSIs and other national authorities and to ensure the coordination of the programme of statistical surveys within European agricultural statistics, provision should be made as regards the first reference years of reference periods.</u>	
Recital 22				
30	(22) In order to ensure flexibility and to reduce the administrative burden on respondents, NSIs and other national authorities, Member States should be allowed to use statistical surveys, administrative records and any other sources, methods or innovative approaches, including scientifically based and well documented methods such as imputation, estimation and modelling. The quality, and in particular the accuracy, timeliness	(22) In order to ensure flexibility and to reduce the administrative burden on respondents, NSIs and other national authorities, Member States should be allowed to use statistical surveys, administrative records and any other sources, methods or innovative approaches, including scientifically based and well documented methods such as imputation, estimation and modelling. The quality, and in particular the accuracy, timeliness	(22) In order to ensure flexibility and to reduce the administrative burden on respondents, NSIs and other national authorities, Member States should be allowed to use statistical surveys, administrative records and any other sources, methods or innovative approaches, including scientifically based and well documented methods such as imputation, estimation and modelling. The quality, and in particular the accuracy, timeliness	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	and comparability of statistics based on these sources, should always be ensured.	and comparability of statistics based on these sources, should always be ensured.	and comparability of statistics based on these sources, should always be ensured.	
Recital 22a				
30a		<u>(22a) In order to reduce the administrative burden on farms, consideration should preferably be given to the use of available records rather than statistical surveys when it comes to deciding which datasets and variables to request.</u>		
Recital 23				
31	(23) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 includes provisions on the transmission of data from Member States to the Commission (Eurostat) and on the use of such data, including on the transmission and protection of confidential data. Measures taken in accordance with this Regulation are to ensure that confidential data are transmitted and used exclusively for statistical purposes in accordance with Articles 21 and 22 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	(23) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 includes provisions on the transmission of data from Member States to the Commission (Eurostat) and on the use of such data, including on the transmission and protection of confidential data. Measures taken in accordance with this Regulation are to ensure that confidential data are transmitted and used exclusively for statistical purposes in accordance with Articles 21 and 22 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	(23) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 includes provisions on the transmission of data from Member States to the Commission (Eurostat) and on the use of such data, including on the transmission and protection of confidential data. Measures taken in accordance with this Regulation are to ensure that confidential data are transmitted and used exclusively for statistical purposes in accordance with Articles 21 and 22 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	

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Recital 24				
32	(24) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 provides for a reference framework for European statistics and requires Member States to comply with the statistical principles and quality criteria specified in that Regulation. Quality reports are essential for assessing, improving and communicating the quality of European statistics. The ESSC has endorsed the single integrated metadata structure as the ESS standard for quality reporting, thereby helping to satisfy, through uniform standards and harmonised methods, the statistical quality requirements laid down in Article 12 (3) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. That ESS standard is to contribute to the harmonisation of quality reporting under this Regulation	(24) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 provides for a reference framework for European statistics and requires Member States to comply with the statistical principles and quality criteria specified in that Regulation. Quality reports are essential for assessing, improving and communicating the quality of European statistics. The ESSC has endorsed the single integrated metadata structure as the ESS standard for quality reporting, thereby helping to satisfy, through uniform standards and harmonised methods, the statistical quality requirements laid down in Article 12 (3) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. That ESS standard is to contribute to the harmonisation of quality reporting under this Regulation	(24) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 provides for a reference framework for European statistics and requires Member States to comply with the statistical principles and quality criteria specified in that Regulation. Quality reports are essential for assessing, improving and communicating the quality of European statistics. The ESSC has endorsed the single integrated metadata structure as the ESS standard for quality reporting, thereby helping to satisfy, through uniform standards and harmonised methods, the statistical quality requirements laid down in Article 12 (3) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. That ESS standard is to contribute to the harmonisation of quality <u>assurance and</u> reporting under this Regulation.	
Recital 24a				
32a			<u>(24a) In accordance with the objectives of this Regulation and where new data requirements or improvements to data sets covered by this Regulation are needed, the</u>	

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			<u>Commission should assess their feasibility by launching feasibility and pilot studies. Within a feasibility study, the Commission should also be able to launch pilot studies to be carried out by the Member States on a voluntary basis and the Union should contribute to the costs of carrying out those pilot studies by providing financial support for their implementation.</u>	
Recital 25				
33	(25) An impact assessment has been carried out in accordance with the principle of sound financial management, in order to focus the statistical programme established by this Regulation on the need for effectiveness in achieving the objectives and in order to incorporate budgetary constraints.	(25) An impact assessment <del>has been</del> <u>on the Strategy for Agricultural Statistics for 2020 and beyond was</u> carried out in <u>2016 in</u> accordance with the principle of sound financial management, in order to focus the statistical programme—established by this Regulation on the need for effectiveness in achieving the objectives and in order to incorporate budgetary constraints. <u>Given the latest policy developments, stemming from the CAP new delivery model and the European Green Deal together with the underlying Farm to Fork and biodiversity strategies, that</u>	(25) An impact assessment has been carried out in accordance with the principle of sound financial management, in order to focus the statistical programme established by this Regulation on the need for effectiveness in achieving the objectives and in order to incorporate budgetary constraints.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u><i>impact assessment should be updated accordingly to better reflect new data needs.</i></u>		
Recital 26				
34	(26) Since the objective of this Regulation, namely the systematic production of European statistics on agricultural input and output in the Union, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States because a coordinated approach is required, but can rather, by reasons of consistency and comparability, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.	(26) Since the objective of this Regulation, namely the systematic production of European statistics on agricultural input and output in the Union, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States because a coordinated approach is required, but can rather, by reasons of consistency and comparability, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.	(26) Since the objective of this Regulation, namely the systematic production of European statistics on agricultural input and output in the Union, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States because a coordinated approach is required, but can rather, by reasons of consistency and comparability, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.	
Recital 27				
35	(27) In order to take into account emerging data needs mainly stemming from new developments in agriculture, from revised	(27) In order to take into account emerging data needs mainly stemming from new developments in agriculture, from revised	(27) In order to take into account emerging data needs mainly stemming from new developments in agriculture, from revised	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	<p>legislation and from changing policy priorities, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in order to amend the detailed topics listed in this Regulation and to establish the topics and detailed topics to be provided and other practical arrangements for the collection of ad hoc data as laid down in this Regulation. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during the preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations are conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making <sup>(1)</sup>. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member State experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.</p>	<p>legislation and from changing policy priorities, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in <del>order to</del> <u>respect of amending</u> the detailed topics listed in this Regulation and <del>to</del> <u>establish</u> the topics and detailed topics to be provided and other practical arrangements for the collection of ad hoc data as laid down in this Regulation. <u>When adopting such delegated acts, the Commission should take into account aspects, such as cost and administrative burdens on agricultural holdings and Member States.</u> It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during the preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations are conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the <del>Inter-</del> <u>Interinstitutional</u> Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making <sup>(1)</sup>. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of</p>	<p>legislation and from changing policy priorities, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in order to amend the detailed topics listed in this Regulation <del>and</del> to establish the topics and detailed topics to be provided and other practical arrangements for the collection of ad hoc data as laid down in this Regulation, <u>to amend the coverage rates as laid down in this Regulation and to amend the transmission frequency of data on plant protection products set out in the Annex.</u> It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during the preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations are conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Inter-institutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making <sup>(1)</sup>. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as</p>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	<p>1. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.</p>	<p>delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member <del>State</del><i>States'</i> experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.</p> <p><u><i>Those delegated acts should under no circumstances lead to an increased administrative burden or costs for agricultural holdings and Member States. In order to minimise the administrative burden, new information requirements should be avoided as far as possible and be subject to the 'one-in, one-out' principle for better legislation.</i></u></p> <p>1. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.</p>	<p>Member State experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.</p> <p>1. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.</p>	
Recital 27a				
35a		<p><u><i>(27a) For new variables, a feasibility study should be carried out under the direction of Eurostat in cooperation with the competent national statistical institutes.</i></u></p>		
Recital 28				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
36	<p>(28) In order to ensure uniform conditions for this Regulation's implementation, the Commission should be given implementing powers to specify the datasets linked to the topics and detailed topics listed in the Annex and the technical elements of the data to be provided, to establish the lists and descriptions of the variables and other practical arrangements for the collection of ad hoc data, and to set out the practical arrangements for and contents of the quality reports. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13.).</p>	<p>(28) In order to ensure uniform conditions for <u>the implementation of this Regulation's</u> <del>implementation, the Commission,</del> <u>implementing powers</u> should be <del>given implementing powers to specify</del> <u>conferred on the Commission with a view to specifying</u> the datasets linked to the topics and detailed topics listed in the Annex and the technical elements of the data to be provided, to establish the lists and descriptions of the variables and other practical arrangements for the collection of ad hoc data, and to set out the practical arrangements for and contents of the quality reports. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>.</p> <p><u>When exercising those powers, the Commission should take into account aspects such as cost and administrative burdens on agricultural holdings and Member States.</u></p> <p>1. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning</p>	<p>(28) In order to ensure uniform conditions for this Regulation's implementation, the Commission should be given implementing powers to specify the datasets linked to the topics and detailed topics listed in the Annex and the technical elements of the data to be provided, to establish the lists and descriptions of the variables and other practical arrangements for the collection of ad hoc data, and to set out the practical arrangements for and contents of the quality reports. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13.).</p>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13.).		
Recital 29				
37	(29) Where this Regulation's implementation would require major adaptations to the national statistical system of a Member State, the Commission should, in duly justified cases and for a limited period of time, be able to grant derogations to the Member States concerned. Such major adaptations may arise in particular from the need to adapt the data collection systems to include the new data requirements, including the access to administrative sources.	(29) Where this Regulation's implementation would require major adaptations to the national statistical system of a Member State, the Commission should, in duly justified cases and for a limited period of time, be able to grant derogations to the Member States concerned. Such major adaptations may arise in particular from the need to adapt the data collection systems to include the new data requirements, including the access to administrative sources.	(29) Where this Regulation's implementation would require major adaptations to the national statistical system of a Member State, the Commission should, in duly justified cases and for a limited period of time, be able to grant derogations to the Member States concerned. Such major adaptations may arise in particular from the need to adapt the data collection systems to include the new data requirements, including the access to administrative sources <u>and other relevant sources.</u>	
Recital 29a				
37a			<u>(29a) Funding should be required from both Member States and the Union in order to carry out the data collection. Provision should therefore be made for a Union financial contribution in the form of grants.</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Recital 30				
38	(30) The financial interests of the Union should be protected through proportionate measures throughout the expenditure cycle, including the prevention, detection and investigation of irregularities, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, administrative and financial penalties.	(30) The financial interests of the Union should be protected through proportionate measures throughout the expenditure cycle, including the prevention, detection and investigation of irregularities, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, administrative and financial penalties.	(30) The financial interests of the Union should be protected through proportionate measures throughout the expenditure cycle, including the prevention, detection and investigation of irregularities, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, administrative and financial penalties.	
Recital 31				
39	<p>(31) This Regulation should apply without prejudice to both Directive 2003/4/EC <sup>(1)</sup> and Regulation (EC) No 1367/2006 <sup>(2)</sup>.</p> <p>1. Directive 2003/4/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2003 on public access to environmental information and repealing Council Directive 90/313/EEC (OJ L 41, 14.2.2003, p. 26).</p> <p>2. Regulation (EC) No 1367/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 September 2006 on the application of the provisions of the Aarhus Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters to Community</p>	<p>(31) This Regulation should apply without prejudice to <del>both</del> <u>Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>(1)</sup>, Directive 2003/4/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(2)</sup> and Regulation (EC) No 1367/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(23)</sup>. <u>The Aarhus Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters calls for provisions on the collection,</u></u></p>	<i>deleted</i>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	<p>institutions and bodies (OJ L 264, 25.9.2006, p. 13).</p>	<p><u>public access and dissemination of environmental information either following a request or by active dissemination by the authorities covered by the Convention. To ensure consistency with the Aarhus Convention, this Regulation should specify the level of detail to which the data collected is to be disseminated proactively by Eurostat.</u></p> <p>1. <del>Directive 2003/4/EC</del> <u>Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001</u> of the European Parliament and of the Council of <del>28 January 2003</del> <u>on 30 May 2001 regarding</u> public access to <del>environmental information and repealing Council Directive 90/313/EEC (OJ L 41, 14.2.2003, p. 26)</del> <u>European Parliament, Council and Commission documents (OJ L 145, 31.5.2001, p. 43).</u></p> <p>2. <del>Regulation (EC) No 1367/2006</del> <u>Directive 2003/4/EC</u> of the European Parliament and of the Council of <del>6 September 2006 on the application of the provisions of the Aarhus Convention on Access to Information, 28 January 2003 on public Participation in Decision-making and access to Justice in environmental Matters to Community institutions and bodies (OJ L 264, 25.9.2006, p. 13)</del> <u>information and repealing Council Directive 90/313/EEC (OJ L 41, 14.2.2003, p. 26).</u></p> <p>3. <u>Regulation (EC) No 1367/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 September 2006 on the application of the provisions of the Aarhus Convention on Access to Information, Public</u></p>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<a href="#"><u>Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters to Community institutions and bodies (OJ L 264, 25.9.2006, p. 13).</u></a>		
<b>Recital 32</b>				
40	(32) Collaboration and coordination between the authorities within the framework of the ESS should be strengthened to ensure coherence and comparability of European agricultural statistics produced in accordance with the principles laid down in Article 338(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union. Data is also collected by other Union bodies beyond those referred to in this Regulation and by other organisations. Cooperation between such organisations and those involved in the ESS should therefore be reinforced in order to take advantage of synergies.	(32) Collaboration and coordination between the authorities within the framework of the ESS should be strengthened to ensure coherence and comparability of European agricultural statistics produced in accordance with the principles laid down in Article 338(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union. Data is also collected by other Union bodies beyond those referred to in this Regulation and by other organisations. Cooperation between such organisations and those involved in the ESS should therefore be reinforced in order to take advantage of synergies.	(32) Collaboration and coordination between the authorities within the framework of the ESS should be strengthened to ensure coherence and comparability of European agricultural statistics produced in accordance with the principles laid down in Article 338(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union. Data is also collected by other Union bodies beyond those referred to in this Regulation and by other organisations. Cooperation between such organisations and those involved in the ESS should therefore be reinforced in order to take advantage of synergies.	
<b>Recital 33</b>				
41	(33) The ESSC has been consulted,	(33) The ESSC has been consulted,	(33) The ESSC has been consulted,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Formula				
42	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION: <del>—</del>	
Article 1				
43	Article 1 Subject matter	Article 1 Subject matter	Article 1 Subject matter	
Article 1, first paragraph				
44	This Regulation establishes a framework for aggregated European statistics related to the inputs and outputs of agricultural activities, as well as the intermediate use of such output within agriculture and its collection and industrial processing.	This Regulation establishes <del>aan</del> <u>integrated</u> framework for aggregated European statistics related to the inputs and outputs of agricultural activities, as well as the intermediate use of such output within agriculture and its collection and industrial processing.	This Regulation establishes a framework for aggregated European statistics related to the inputs and outputs of agricultural activities, as well as the intermediate use of such output within agriculture and its collection and <del>industrial</del> processing.	
Article 2				
45	Article 2 Definitions	Article 2 Definitions	Article 2 Definitions	
Article 2, first paragraph				
46	For the purposes of this	For the purposes of this	For the purposes of this	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Regulation, the definitions of ‘agricultural activity’, ‘utilised agricultural area’, ‘livestock unit’, ‘agricultural holding’ and ‘common land agricultural unit’, as laid down in Article 2, points (a), (b), (d), and (e) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1091 shall apply.	Regulation, the definitions of ‘agricultural <del>activity</del> ’, <del>‘utilised holding’</del> , ‘common land agricultural <del>area</del> unit’, ‘livestock unit’, <del>‘agricultural holding’</del> and ‘common land <del>utilised</del> agricultural <del>unit</del> area’, as laid down in <del>Article 2</del> , points (a), (b), (d), and (e) of <del>Article 2 of</del> Regulation (EU) 2018/1091, <u>respectively</u> , shall apply.	Regulation, the definitions of <del>‘agricultural activity’</del> , ‘utilised agricultural area’, ‘livestock unit’, ‘agricultural holding’ and ‘common land agricultural unit’, as laid down in Article 2, points (a), (b), (d), and (e) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1091 shall apply.	
Article 2, second paragraph, introductory part				
47	In addition, the following definitions shall apply:	In addition, the following definitions shall apply:	In addition, the following definitions shall apply:	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (1)				
48	(1) ‘dairy enterprise’ means an enterprise or agricultural holding that purchases whole milk or, in certain cases, milk products, in order to transform them into milk products; and enterprises that collect milk or cream in order to transfer it in whole or in part, without any processing, to other dairy enterprises ;	(1) ‘dairy enterprise’ means an enterprise or agricultural holding that purchases whole milk or, in certain cases, milk products, in order to transform them into milk products; and enterprises that collect milk or cream in order to transfer it in whole or in part, without any processing, to other dairy enterprises ;	(1) ‘dairy enterprise’ means an enterprise or agricultural holding that purchases <del>whole</del> milk or, in certain cases, milk products, in order to transform them into milk products; and <del>enterprises</del> that collect milk or cream in order to transfer it in whole or in part, without any processing, to other dairy enterprises ;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (2)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
49	(2) 'slaughterhouse' means an officially registered and approved enterprise with permission to slaughter and dress animals, the meat of which is intended for human consumption;	(2) 'slaughterhouse' means an officially registered and approved enterprise with permission to slaughter and dress animals, the meat of which is intended for human consumption;	(2) 'slaughterhouse' means an officially registered and approved enterprise with permission to slaughter and dress animals, the meat of which is intended for human consumption;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (3)				
50	(3) 'hatchery' means an enterprise for incubating eggs, hatching and supplying chicks;	(3) 'hatchery' means an enterprise for incubating eggs, hatching and supplying chicks;	(3) 'hatchery' means an enterprise for incubating eggs, hatching and supplying chicks;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (3a)				
50a		<u>(3a) 'fertiliser' means an EU fertilising product the function of which is to provide nutrients to plants or mushrooms, complying with the requirements set out in Annex I, Part II, of Regulation (EC) 2019/1009;</u>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (3b)				
50b		<u>(3b) 'inorganic fertiliser' means a fertiliser containing or releasing nutrients in a mineral form, other than an organic or organo-mineral form, complying with the</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<a href="#"><u>requirements set out in Annex I, Part II, of Regulation (EC) 2019/1009;</u></a>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (4)				
51	(4) ‘reporting unit’ means the unit that supplies the statistical data;	(4) ‘reporting unit’ means the unit that supplies the statistical data;	<i>deleted</i>	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (5)				
52	(5) ‘observation unit’ means an identifiable entity about which data can be obtained;	(5) ‘observation unit’ means an identifiable entity about which data can be obtained;	(5) ‘observation unit’ means an identifiable entity about which data can be obtained;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (6)				
53	(6) ‘domain’ means one or several data sets that cover particular topics;	(6) ‘domain’ means one or several data sets that cover particular topics;	(6) ‘domain’ means one or several data sets that cover particular topics;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (7)				
54	(7) ‘topic’ means the content of the information to be compiled about the observation units, each topic covering one or more detailed topics;	(7) ‘topic’ means the content of the information to be compiled about the observation units, each topic covering one or more detailed topics;	(7) ‘topic’ means the content of the information to be compiled about the observation units, each topic covering one or more detailed topics;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (8)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
55	(8) ‘detailed topic‘ means the detailed content of the information to be compiled about the observation units related to a topic, each detailed topic covering one or more variables;	(8) ‘detailed topic‘ means the detailed content of the information to be compiled about the observation units related to a topic, each detailed topic covering one or more variables;	(8) ‘detailed topic‘ means the detailed content of the information to be compiled about the observation units related to a topic, each detailed topic covering one or more variables;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (8a)				
55a		<u>(8a) ‘plant protection products’ means plant protection products within the meaning of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009;</u>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (8b)				
55b		<u>(8b) ‘biocidal product’ means biocidal product as defined in Article 3(1), point (a), of Regulation (EU) No 528/2012;</u>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (8c)				
55c		<u>(8c) ‘veterinary medicinal product’ means a veterinary medicinal product as defined in Article 4, point (1), of Regulation (EU) 2019/6;</u>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (8d)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
55d		<u>(8d) 'antimicrobial' means any substance with a direct action on micro-organisms used for treatment or prevention of infections or infectious diseases, including antibiotics, antivirals, antifungals and anti-protozoals, as defined in Article 4, point (12), of Regulation (EU) 2019/6;</u>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (8e)				
55e		<u>(8e) 'pesticide' means a plant protection product or a biocidal product;</u>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (8f)				
55f		<u>(8f) 'food-producing animals' means food-producing animals as defined in Article 2, point (b), of Regulation (EC) No 470/2009;</u>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (9)				
56	(9) 'data set' means one or several aggregated variables organised as a table;	(9) 'data set' means one or several aggregated variables organised as a table;	(9) 'data set' means one or several aggregated variables organised <del>as a table</del> <u>in a structured form</u> ;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (10)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
57	(10) 'variable' means a characteristic of a unit being observed that may assume more than one of a set of values;	(10) 'variable' means a characteristic of a unit being observed that may assume more than one of a set of values;	(10) 'variable' means a characteristic of a unit being observed that may assume more than one of a set of values;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (11)				
58	(11) 'pre-checked data' means data verified by the Member States, based on agreed common validation rules, wherever available;	(11) 'pre-checked data' means data verified by the Member States, based on agreed common validation rules, wherever available;	(11) 'pre-checked data' means data verified by the Member States, based on agreed common validation rules, wherever available;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (12)				
59	(12) 'ad hoc data' means data that are of a particular interest for users at a specific point in time but that are not included in the regular data sets;	(12) 'ad hoc data' means data that are of a particular interest for users at a specific point in time but that are not included in the regular data sets;	(12) 'ad hoc data' means data that are of a particular interest for users at a specific point in time but that are not included in the regular data sets;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (13)				
60	(13) 'administrative data' means data generated by a non-statistical source, usually held by a public or private body, the main aim of which is not to provide statistics;	(13) 'administrative data' means data generated by a non-statistical source, usually held by a public or private body, the main aim of which is not to provide statistics;	(13) 'administrative data' means data generated by a non-statistical source, usually held by a public or private body, the main aim of which is not to provide statistics;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (14)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
61	(14) ‘metadata‘ means information that is needed to be able to use and interpret statistics and which describes data in a structured way;	(14) ‘metadata‘ means information that is needed to be able to use and interpret statistics and which describes data in a structured way;	(14) ‘metadata‘ means information that is needed to <del>be able to</del> use and interpret statistics and which describes data in a structured way;	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (15)				
62	(15) ‘professional user‘ means any person who uses plant protection products in the course of their professional activities, including operators, technicians, employers and self-employed people, in the farming sector.	(15) ‘professional user‘ means any person who uses plant protection products in the course of their professional activities, including operators, technicians, employers and self-employed people, in the farming sector.	(15) ‘professional user‘ means any person who uses plant protection products in the course of their professional activities, including operators, technicians, employers and self-employed people, in the farming sector.	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (15a)				
62a		<u>(15a) ‘crop balance‘ means the supply and use of the main cereals and oil seeds in a reference area during a reference period;</u>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (16)				
62b			<u>(16) ‘Use of plant protection products in agriculture‘ means any type of application of a plant protection product associated directly or indirectly with the plant production in the context of</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>agricultural activity;</u>	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (15b)				
62c		<u>(15b) ‘gross nutrient balance’ means the balance between inputs (consumption of fertilisers; gross input of manure, and other inputs) and outputs (removal of nutrients with the harvest of crops; removal of nutrients through the harvest and grazing of fodder, and crop residues removed from the field) of nutrients to the agricultural soil;</u>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (17)				
62d			<u>(17) ‘Plant protection products’ are products, in the form in which they are supplied to the user, consisting of or containing active substances, safeners or synergists, and intended for one of the uses described in Article 2(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009;</u>	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (15c)				
62e		<u>(15c) ‘fertiliser’ means fertiliser as defined in Article 2, point (a),</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>of Regulation (EC) No 2003/2003;</u>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (18)				
62f			<u>(18) ‘agricultural activity’ means the economic activities undertaken in agriculture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1893/2006 falling within the scope of groups A.01.1, A.01.2, A.01.3, A.01.4, A.01.5 or within the scope of the ‘maintenance of agricultural land in good agricultural and environmental condition’ of group A.01.6 in the economic territory of the Union, either as its primary or secondary activity. Regarding activities of class A.01.49, only the activities ‘Raising and breeding of semi-domesticated or other live animals’ (with the exception of raising of insects) and ‘Bee-keeping and production of honey and beeswax’ are included;</u>	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (15d)				
62g		<u>(15d) ‘agricultural activity’ means: (i) production, rearing or growing of agricultural products, including harvesting, milking,</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>breeding animals, and keeping animals for farming purposes; (ii) maintaining an agricultural area in a state which makes it suitable for grazing or cultivation without preparatory action going beyond usual agricultural methods and machineries, based on criteria established by Member States on the basis of a framework established by the Commission; or (iii) carrying out a minimum activity, defined by Member States, on agricultural areas naturally kept in a state suitable for grazing or cultivation;</u>		
Article 2, second paragraph, point (19)				
62h			<u>(19) 'minimum deadline for transmitting non-provisional data' means the minimum period of time after the end of the reference period by the end of which Member States shall transmit non-provisional data to the Commission.</u>	
Article 2, second paragraph, point (15e)				
62i		<u>(15e) 'inorganic fertiliser' means inorganic fertiliser as defined in</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<a href="#"><u>Article 2, point (e), of Regulation (EC) No 2003/2003.</u></a>		
Article 3				
63	Article 3 Statistical population and observation units	Article 3 Statistical population and observation units	Article 3 Statistical population and observation units	
Article 3(1)				
64	1. The statistical population to be described shall consist of statistical units such as agricultural holdings, common land agricultural units, enterprises providing goods and services to agriculture or buying or collecting products from agricultural activities, and enterprises processing these agricultural products, especially hatcheries, dairy enterprises and slaughterhouses.	1. The statistical population to be described shall consist of statistical units such as agricultural holdings, common land agricultural units, enterprises providing goods and services to agriculture or buying or collecting products from agricultural activities, and enterprises processing these agricultural products, especially hatcheries, dairy enterprises and slaughterhouses.	1. The statistical population to be described shall consist of statistical units such as agricultural holdings, common land agricultural units, enterprises providing goods and services <a href="#"><u>related to agricultural activities</u></a> <del>to agriculture</del> or buying or collecting products from agricultural activities, and enterprises processing these agricultural products, especially hatcheries, dairy enterprises and slaughterhouses.	
Article 3(2), introductory part				
65	2. The observation units to be represented in the statistical frame shall be the statistical units referred to in paragraph 1 and, depending	2. The observation units to be represented in the statistical frame shall be the statistical units referred to in paragraph 1 and, depending	2. The observation units to be represented in the statistical frame shall be the statistical units referred to in paragraph 1 and, depending	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	on the statistics to be reported, the following:	on the statistics to be reported, the following:	on the statistics to be reported, the following:	
Article 3(2), point (a)				
66	(a) land used for agricultural activity;	(a) land used for agricultural activity;	(a) land used for agricultural activity;	
Article 3(2), point (b)				
67	(b) animals used for agricultural activity;	(b) animals used for agricultural activity;	(b) animals used for agricultural activity;	
Article 3(2), point (c)				
68	(c) imports and exports of products from agricultural activities by non-agricultural enterprises;	(c) imports and exports of products from agricultural activities by non-agricultural enterprises;	(c) imports and exports of products from agricultural activities by non-agricultural enterprises;	
Article 3(2), point (d)				
69	(d) transactions and flows of production factors, of goods and services to and from agricultural activities.	(d) transactions and flows of production factors, of goods and services to and from agricultural activities.	(d) transactions and flows of production factors, of goods and services to and from agricultural activities.	
Article 3(3)				
70				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	3. The reporting units shall be the statistical units referred to in paragraph 1 and other enterprises and institutions handling information about the data requirements referred to in Articles 5 and 6.	3. The reporting units shall be the statistical units referred to in paragraph 1 and other enterprises and institutions handling information about the data requirements referred to in Articles 5 and 6.	<i>deleted</i>	
<b>Article 4</b>				
71	Article 4 Coverage requirements	Article 4 Coverage requirements	Article 4 Coverage requirements	
<b>Article 4(1)</b>				
72	1. The statistics shall be representative of the statistical population that they describe.	1. The statistics shall be representative of the statistical population that they describe.	1. The statistics shall be representative of the statistical population that they describe.	
<b>Article 4(2)</b>				
73	2. For the domain of animal production statistics as referred to in Article 5(1), point (a), the data shall cover 95 % of the livestock units of each Member State and the related activities or outputs.	2. For the domain of animal production statistics as referred to in Article 5(1), point (a), the data shall cover 95 % of the livestock units of each Member State and the related activities or outputs.	2. For the domain of animal production statistics as referred to in Article 5(1), point (a), the data shall cover 95 % of the livestock units of each Member State and the related activities or outputs.	
<b>Article 4(3)</b>				
74				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	3. For the domain of crop production statistics as referred to in Article 5(1), point (b), and the topic of nutrients as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(i), the data shall cover 95% of the total utilised agricultural area (excluding kitchen gardens) of each Member State and the related production volumes.	3. For the domain of crop production statistics as referred to in Article 5(1), point (b), and the topic of nutrients as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(i), the data shall cover 95% of the total utilised agricultural area (excluding kitchen gardens) of each Member State and the related production volumes.	3. For the domain of crop production statistics as referred to in Article 5(1), point (b), and the topic of nutrients as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(i), the data shall cover 95% of the total utilised agricultural area (excluding kitchen gardens) of each Member State and the related production volumes.	
Article 4(4)				
75	4. For the topic of plant protection products as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(iii), the data shall cover the plant protection products placed on the market as defined in Article 3, point 9 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 .	4. For the topic of plant protection products as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(iii), the data shall cover the plant protection products placed on the market as defined in Article 3, point 9 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 . <u>For the topic of plant protection products as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(iii), the data shall cover the plant protection products placed on the market as defined in Article 3, point 9 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and use by professional users as referred to in Article 67 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.</u>	4. For the topic of plant protection products as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(iii), the data shall cover <del>the plant protection products placed on the market as defined in Article 3, point 9 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009</del> .	
Article 4(4), point (a)				
75a			<u>(a) plant protection products</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>placed on the market as defined in Article 3, point 9 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009; and</u>	
Article 4(4), point (b)				
75b			<u>(b) active substances, as listed in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011<sup>(1)</sup>, contained in plant protection products used by professional users in agricultural activity.</u>  <u>1. Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 of 25 May 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of approved active substances (OJ L 153, 11.6.2011, p. 1).</u>	
Article 4(4a)				
75c		<u>4a. For the topic of veterinary medicinal products as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(iiib), the data shall cover products placed on the market, including antimicrobial substances within the meaning of Article 4, points (2) and (12), of Regulation (EU) 2019/6, for use in food-producing animals.</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 4(5)				
76	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts further specifying the coverage requirements referred to in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts further specifying the coverage requirements referred to in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2), <u>and they shall not impose a significant additional burden or costs on farmers or on Member States.</u>	5. The Commission may adopt implementing acts <u>taking into account economic and technical trends to</u> further <del>specifying</del> <u>specify</u> the coverage requirements referred to in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2) <u>not later than 18 months before the beginning of the reference year.</u>	
Article 4(6)				
76a			<u>6. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 14 in order to amend the coverage requirements referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3 by reducing the respective coverage rate, taking into account methodological limitations.</u>	
Article 5				
77	Article 5	Article 5	Article 5	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Regular data requirements	Regular data requirements	Regular data requirements	
Article 5(1), introductory part				
78	1. The statistics referred related to the inputs and outputs of agricultural activities shall cover the following domains and topics:	1. The statistics referred related to the inputs and outputs of agricultural activities shall cover the following domains and topics:	1. The statistics <del>referred</del> related to the inputs and outputs of agricultural activities shall cover the following domains and topics:	
Article 5(1), point (a), introductory part				
79	(a) animal production statistics	(a) animal production statistics	(a) animal production statistics	
Article 5(1), point (a)(i)				
80	(i) livestock and meat	(i) livestock and meat	(i) livestock and meat	
Article 5(1), point (a)(ii)				
81	(ii) eggs and chicks	(ii) eggs and chicks	(ii) eggs and chicks	
Article 5(1), point (a)(iii)				
82	(iii) milk and milk products	(iii) milk and milk products	(iii) milk and milk products	
Article 5(1), point (b), introductory part				
83	(b) crop production statistics	(b) crop production statistics	(b) crop production statistics	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 5(1), point (b)(-ia)			
83a		<u>(-ia)</u> <u>crop area</u>		
	Article 5(1), point (b)(i)			
84	(i) crop production	(i) crop production	(i) crop production	
	Article 5(1), point (b)(ii)			
85	(ii) crop balances	(ii) crop balances	(ii) crop balances	
	Article 5(1), point (b)(iii)			
86	(iii) grasslands and grazing	(iii) grasslands and grazing	(iii) grasslands <del>and grazing</del>	
	Article 5(1), point (c), introductory part			
87	(c) agricultural price statistics	(c) agricultural price statistics	(c) agricultural price statistics	
	Article 5(1), point (c)(i)			
88	(i) agricultural price indices	(i) agricultural price indices	(i) agricultural price indices	
	Article 5(1), point (c)(ii)			
89				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(ii) absolute input prices	(ii) absolute input prices	(ii) absolute input prices	
Article 5(1), point (c)(iii)				
90	(iii) agricultural land prices and rents	(iii) agricultural land prices and rents	(iii) agricultural land prices and rents	
Article 5(1), point (d), introductory part				
91	(d) statistics on nutrients and plant protection products	(d) statistics on nutrients, <u>pesticides, veterinary medicinal and plant protection products and antibiotics in animal feed</u>	(d) statistics on nutrients and plant protection products	
Article 5(1), point (d)(i)				
92	(i) nutrients in agricultural fertilisers	(i) nutrients in agricultural fertilisers	(i) nutrients in <del>agricultural fertilisers</del> <u>fertilisers for agriculture</u>	
Article 5(1), point (d)(ii)				
93	(ii) nutrient balances	(ii) nutrient balances	(ii) nutrient balances	
Article 5(1), point (d)(iii)				
94	(iii) plant protection products	(iii) plant protection products	(iii) plant protection products	
Article 5(1), point (d)(IIIa)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
94a		<u>(iiia) biocidal products</u>		
Article 5(1), point (d)(iv)				
94b		<u>(iiib) veterinary medicinal products intended for food-producing animals</u>		
Article 5(1), point (d)(v)				
94c		<u>(iiic) antibiotics in animal feed</u>		
Article 5(2)				
95	2. The detailed topics shall be as set out in the Annex.	2. The detailed topics shall be as set out in the Annex.	2. The detailed topics <u>and the corresponding transmission frequencies, reference periods, minimum deadlines for non-provisional data transmissions and their dimensions (national data excluding organic and regional data, organic data, regional data)</u> shall be as set out in the Annex.	
Article 5(3)				
96	3. The data shall be transmitted to the Commission in the form of	3. The data shall be transmitted to the Commission in the form of	3. The data shall be transmitted to the Commission in the form of	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	aggregated data sets.	aggregated data sets.	aggregated data sets.	
Article 5(4)				
97	4. The data on organic production and products that comply with Regulation (EU) 2018/848 shall be integrated into the data sets.	4. The data on organic production and products that comply with Regulation (EU) 2018/848 shall be integrated into the data sets.	4. The data on organic production and products that comply with Regulation (EU) 2018/848 shall be integrated into the data sets: <u>on the following domains:</u>	
Article 5(4), point (a)				
97a			<u>(a) Animal Production Statistics (Article 5(1)(a)); and</u>	
Article 5(4), point (b)				
97b			<u>(b) Crop Production Statistics (Article 5(1)(b)).</u>	
Article 5(5)				
98	5. Regional data shall be provided at NUTS2 level as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003.	5. Regional data shall be provided at NUTS2 level as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003.	5. Regional data shall be provided at NUTS2 level as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003.  <u>In duly justified cases, Member States with an average size of NUTS2 level territorial units of less than 10.000 square kilometres</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<p><u>may be exempted from the requirement to transmit data at NUTS2 level.</u></p> <p><u>The Members State concerned shall submit a request to the Commission, justifying the need for being granted an exemption from transmission of the data at NUTS2 level and to transmit data only at NUTS1 level instead, by [insert a deadline].</u></p> <p><u>The Commission shall examine the requests for exemptions and shall adopt implementing acts in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).</u></p> <p><u>Such an exemption should cease to apply if the average size of NUTS2 level territorial units in a Member State exceeds the above threshold due to an amendment of Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003.</u></p>	
Article 5(6)				
99	6. Where a variable has low or zero prevalence in a Member States, the values of that variable may be excluded from the	6. Where a variable has low or zero prevalence in a Member States, the values of that variable may be excluded from the	6. Where a variable has low or zero prevalence in a Member States, the values of that variable may be excluded from the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	transmitted data sets, if the Member State concerned has duly justified its exclusion to the Commission (Eurostat).	transmitted data sets, if the Member State concerned has duly justified its exclusion to the Commission (Eurostat).	transmitted data sets, if the Member State concerned has duly justified its exclusion to the Commission (Eurostat).	
Article 5(7)				
100	7. Relevant price information on agricultural input and output, including the characteristics and weights of the goods and services, shall be collected by Member States for compiling comparable price indices and for the variables necessary for the economic accounts for agriculture covered by Regulation (EC) No 138/2004.	7. Relevant price information on agricultural input and output, including the characteristics and weights of the goods and services, shall be collected by Member States for compiling comparable price indices and for the variables necessary for the economic accounts for agriculture covered by Regulation (EC) No 138/2004.	7. Relevant price information on agricultural input and output, including the characteristics and weights of the goods and services, shall be collected by Member States for compiling comparable price indices and for the variables necessary for the economic accounts for agriculture covered by Regulation (EC) No 138/2004.	
Article 5(8)				
101	8. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 14 amending the detailed topics set out in the Annex.	8. <del>The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 14 amending the detailed topics set out in the Annex.</del>	8. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 14 amending <u>by replacing or deleting</u> the detailed topics <u>and their transmission frequencies, reference periods, minimum deadlines for non-provisional data transmissions and dimensions (national data excluding organic and regional data, organic data, regional data) as</u> set out in the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			Annex.  <u>When exercising its power to adopt delegated acts, the Commission shall ensure that:</u>	
Article 5(8), point (a)				
101a			<u>(a) the delegated acts are duly justified and do not impose significant additional burdens or costs on the Member States or on the respondents;</u>	
Article 5(8), point (b)				
101b			<u>(b) a maximum of [10 %] of the number of the detailed topics in total for all domains listed in the Annex are replaced over a period of five consecutive years;</u>	
Article 5(8), point (c)				
101c			<u>(c) the results of feasibility and pilot studies as set out in Article 10a are duly taken into account.</u>	
Article 5(9), subparagraph 1, introductory part				
102				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	9. The Commission may adopt implementing acts to define the data sets to be transmitted to the Commission (Eurostat). Those implementing acts shall specify the following technical elements of the data to be provided, where appropriate:	9. The Commission may adopt <del>implementing acts</del> <u>delegated acts in accordance with Article 14</u> to define the data sets to be transmitted to the Commission (Eurostat). Those <del>implementing</del> <u>delegated</u> acts shall specify the following technical elements of the data to be provided, where appropriate:	9. The Commission <del>may</del> <u>shall</u> adopt implementing acts to define the data sets to be transmitted to the Commission (Eurostat). Those implementing acts shall specify the following technical elements of the data to be provided, where appropriate:	
Article 5(9), point (a)				
103	(a) the list of variables;	(a) the list of variables;	(a) the list of variables, <u>with the exception of the topic 'Plant protection products', for which the variables comprise the active substances, as listed in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011, to be covered and their classification in categories of products and chemical classes</u> ;	
Article 5(9), point (b)				
104	(b) the descriptions of the variables;	(b) the descriptions of the variables;	(b) the <del>descriptions</del> <u>description of variables, including all</u> of the <del>variables</del> <u>following</u> ;	
Article 5(9), point (b)(i)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
104a			<u>i the characteristics of the unit being observed;</u>	
Article 5(9), point (b)(ii)				
104b			<u>ii the measurement unit for the characteristics of the unit being observed;</u>	
Article 5(9), point (b)(iii)				
104c			<u>iii the dimension for the characteristics of the unit being observed;</u>	
Article 5(9), point (c)				
105	(c) the variables on organic production and products;	(c) <del>the variables on organic production and products;</del>	deleted	
Article 5(9), point (ca)				
105a		<u>(ca) a list of reference fertilizers for which prices have to be collected;</u>		
Article 5(9), point (d)				
106				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(d) the variables at regional level;	(d) the variables at regional level;	<i>deleted</i>	
<i>Article 5(9), point (e)</i>				
107	(e) the observation and reporting units;	(e) the observation and reporting units;	<del>(e)</del> (c) the observation <del>and reporting</del> units;	
<i>Article 5(9), point (f)</i>				
108	(f) the precision requirements;	(f) the precision requirements;	<del>(f)</del> (d) the precision requirements, <u>with the exception of 'Crop balances' (Article 5(1)(b)(ii)), 'Agriculture Price Statistics' (Article 5(1)(c)) and 'Nutrient Balances' (Article 5(1)(d)(ii));</u>	
<i>Article 5(9), point (g)</i>				
109	(g) the methodological rules;	(g) the methodological rules;	<i>deleted</i>	
<i>Article 5(9), point (h)</i>				
110	(h) the deadlines for transmitting the data.	(h) the deadlines for transmitting the data.	<del>(h)</del> (e) the deadlines for transmitting the data, <u>taking into account the minimum deadlines for non-provisional data as defined in the Annex.</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 5(9), subparagraph 2				
111	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2) not later than 9 months before the beginning of the reference year.	Those <del>implementing</del> <u>delegated</u> acts shall be adopted <del>in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2)</del> not later than <del>9...</del> <u>[six months before the beginning of the reference year following the entry into force of this Regulation]</u> .	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2) not later than <del>9</del> <u>18</u> months before the beginning of the reference year.	
Article 5(9), subparagraph 2a				
111a		<u>Those delegated acts shall not impose significant additional administrative burden or costs on agricultural holdings and Member States. The list of variables and methodological rules selected shall take into account the availability of administrative data in order to minimise the need for statistical surveys.</u>		
Article 5(9a)				
111b			<u>9a. In case the Commission adopts a delegated act pursuant to paragraph 8, it may, when preparing implementing acts referred to in paragraph 9, change</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<p><u>or replace a maximum of 2% of variables in total in all domains (excluding topic plant protection products) determined in the first implementing act adopted pursuant to paragraph 9 over a period of five consecutive years. In addition, the Commission may add a total number of variables for all domains (excluding topic plant protection products), never exceeding by more than 20 the number of variables determined in the first implementing act adopted pursuant to paragraph 9.</u></p> <p><u>Prior to the exercise of its implementing powers, the Commission shall present to Member States a calculation of the current and the planned number of variables where the transmission of each combination of a characteristic of a unit being observed with the corresponding measurement unit and dimension is counted as one variable.</u></p>	
Article 5(9a)				
111c		<p><u>9a. The list of variables referred to in paragraph 9, point (a), shall not lead to an increase in the</u></p>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>current total number of variables, the flexibility margin being 1 %.</u>		
Article 5(9b)				
111d		<u>9b. Regarding new statistical information obligations, a feasibility study shall be conducted by Eurostat in cooperation with the competent national statistical institutes, together with an assessment of the resulting administrative burdens before deciding on the actions referred to in paragraphs 8 and 9.</u>		
Article 5(10)				
112	10. Member States shall transmit pre-checked data and related metadata using a technical format specified by the Commission (Eurostat) for each data set. The single entry point services shall be used to transmit the data to the Commission (Eurostat).	10. Member States shall transmit pre-checked data and related metadata using a technical format specified by the Commission (Eurostat) for each data set. The single entry point services shall be used to transmit the data to the Commission (Eurostat).	10. Member States shall transmit pre-checked data and related metadata using a technical format specified by the Commission (Eurostat) for each data set. The single entry point services shall be used to transmit the data to the Commission (Eurostat).	
Article 6				
113	Article 6 Ad hoc data requirements	Article 6 Ad hoc data requirements	Article 6 Ad hoc data requirements	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 6(1), introductory part				
114	1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts supplementing this Regulation in accordance with Article 14 concerning specifying the information to be provided on an ad hoc basis, where collection of additional information is deemed necessary. Those delegated acts shall specify:	1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts supplementing this Regulation in accordance with Article 14 concerning specifying the information to be provided on an ad hoc basis, where collection of additional information is deemed necessary. Those delegated acts shall specify:	1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts supplementing this Regulation in accordance with Article 14 <del>concerning</del> <u>for</u> specifying the information to be provided on an ad hoc basis, where, <u>within the scope of this Regulation and within the domains as specified in Article 5,</u> collection of additional information is <u>necessary for the purpose of reflecting relevant developments and responding to the new data needs of users</u> <del>deemed necessary</del> . Those delegated acts shall specify:	
Article 6(1), point (a)				
115	(a) the topics and detailed topics to be provided in the ad hoc data collection and the reasons for such additional statistical needs;	(a) the topics and detailed topics to be provided in the ad hoc data collection and the reasons for such additional statistical needs;	(a) the topics and detailed topics to be provided in the ad hoc data collection and the reasons for such additional statistical needs;	
Article 6(1), point (b)				
116	(b) the reference periods.	(b) the reference periods.	(b) the reference periods.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 6(1a)				
116a			<u>1a. The adoption of delegated acts referred to in paragraph 1 shall duly take into account feasibility and pilot studies as set out in Article 10a. When exercising the power to adopt delegated acts referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall ensure that such delegated acts are duly justified and do not impose significant additional burdens or costs on the Member States or on the respondents.</u>	
Article 6(2)				
117	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts referred to in paragraph 1 starting with the reference year [insert 2 years after entering into force of the regulation] and with a minimum of 2 years between each ad hoc data collection.	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts referred to in paragraph 1 starting with the reference year ... [insert 2 years after entering into force of <del>the</del> <u>this</u> Regulation] and with a minimum of <del>2</del> <u>five</u> years between each ad hoc data collection.	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts referred to in paragraph 1 starting with the reference year [insert 2 years after entering into force of the regulation] and with a minimum of 2 years between each ad hoc data collection, <u>starting from the transmission deadline of the latest ad hoc data collection.</u>	
Article 6(3), subparagraph 1, introductory part				
118				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	3. The Commission may adopt implementing acts to provide:	3. The Commission <del>may</del> <u>shall</u> adopt <del>implementing acts</del> <u>delegated acts in accordance with Article 14</u> to provide:	3. The Commission <u>shall, where appropriate,</u> <del>may</del> adopt implementing acts to provide:	
Article 6(3), subparagraph 1, point (a)				
119	(a) a list of variables to be transmitted to the Commission (Eurostat);	(a) a list of variables to be transmitted to the Commission (Eurostat);	(a) a list of <u>the variables, not exceeding more than 2% of the number of</u> variables <del>to be transmitted to the Commission (Eurostat)</del> <u>for each domain as set out in the first implementing acts adopted according to Article 5(9);</u>	
Article 6(3), subparagraph 1, point (b)				
120	(b) the descriptions of variables;	(b) the descriptions of variables;	(b) <del>the descriptions of</del> <u>a maximum 20</u> variables <u>for the topic plant protection products;</u>	
Article 6(3), subparagraph 1, point (c)				
121	(c) the precision requirements;	(c) the precision requirements;	(c) <u>the description of variables, including all of the following:</u> <del>the precision requirements;</del>	
Article 6(3), point (c)(i)				
121a			<u>i the characteristics of the unit</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>being observed;</u>	
Article 6(3), point (c)(ii)				
121b			<u>ii the measurement unit for the characteristics of the unit being observed;</u>	
Article 6(3), point (c)(iii)				
121c			<u>iii the dimension for the characteristics of the unit being observed;</u>	
Article 6(3), point (d)				
121d			<u>(d) the precision requirements;</u>	
Article 6(3), subparagraph 1, point (d)				
122	(d) the data transmission deadlines.	(d) the data transmission deadlines.	<del>(d)</del> <u>(e) the deadlines for transmitting the data;</u> <del>the data transmission deadlines.</del>	
Article 6(3), point (f)				
122a			<u>(f) the observation units;</u>	
Article 6(3), point (g)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
122b			<u>(g) the description of the reference period as set out in the delegated act defined in paragraph 1.</u>	
Article 6(3), subparagraph 2				
123	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15 not later than 12 months before the beginning of the reference year.	Those <del>implementing</del> <u>delegated</u> acts shall be adopted <del>in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15 not</del> <u>no</u> later than <del>12</del> <u>six</u> months <del>before the beginning</del> <u>following the adoption</u> of the <del>reference year</del> <u>delegated act referred to in paragraph 1.</u>	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15 not later than 12 months before the beginning of the reference year.	
Article 6(3), first paragraph a				
123a			<u>Those implementing acts shall not impose significant additional administrative burden or costs on respondents and Member States.</u>	
Article 6(3a)				
123b		<u>3a. When exercising its power to adopt delegated acts pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 3, the Commission shall ensure that the following conditions are fulfilled:</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<p><u>(a) the delegated acts aim to achieve cost and burden neutrality or reduction and do not, in any case, impose a significant additional cost or burden on the Member States or on the respondents;</u></p> <p><u>(b) the delegated acts are adopted at least 12 months before the start of the reference period of the data.</u></p>		
Article 6(3b)				
123c		<p><u>3b. When adopting delegated acts referred to in this Article, the Commission shall undertake impact assessments of its delegated acts which are expected to have significant economic, environmental or social impacts. It shall first assess whether new statistics can be based on existing data from relevant administrative sources at Union level, and, where data are not yet available, it shall assess the feasibility of new data collection, taking into account appropriate sources and collection methods, statistical quality, and administrative burden on respondents and national</u></p>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>statistical institutes. Those delegated acts shall not impose an unjustified burden on Member States or respondents.</u>		
Article 7				
124	Article 7 Transmission frequency of the data sets	Article 7 Transmission frequency of the data sets	Article 7 Transmission frequency of the data sets	
Article 7(1)				
125	1. The transmission frequency of the data sets shall be as set out in the Annex. The Commission may adopt implementing acts to further specify each transmission frequency.	1. The transmission frequency of the data sets shall be as set out in the Annex. The Commission may adopt implementing acts to further specify each transmission frequency.	1. The transmission frequency of the data sets shall be as set out in the Annex. The Commission may adopt implementing acts to further specify each transmission frequency. <u>Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2), not later than 18 months before the beginning of the reference year.</u>	
Article 7(1a), introductory part				
125a			<u>1a. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 14 to</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>amend the transmission frequency for the detailed topic ‘Use of plant protection products in agriculture’ set out in the Annex, if:</u>	
Article 7(1a), point (a)				
125b			<u>(a) uniform conditions for an appropriate administrative source containing data on the use of plant protection products in agriculture are laid down in EU legislation, and</u>	
Article 7(1a), point (b)				
125c			<u>(b) the change of the transmission frequency is assessed in respect of its feasibility in all Member States by means of feasibility and pilot studies launched by the Commission in accordance with Article 10a.</u>	
Article 7(1a) first paragraph				
125d			<u>If these criteria are met, the Commission is empowered to amend the transmission frequency set out in the Annex starting 5 years after the last transmission</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>year of the data collection on plant protection products used in agricultural activity implemented by this Regulation.</u>	
Article 7(2)				
126	2. A Member State may be exempted from certain regular transmissions of the data where the impact of the Member State on the EU total of a variable is limited. The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining thresholds for variables according to specific methodology in such a way that the application of those thresholds does not reduce the information on the expected EU total of the variable in the reference year by more than 5%. The thresholds shall be revised so that they correspond to the trends of EU totals, initiated by the Commission (Eurostat).	2. A Member State may be exempted from certain regular transmissions of the data where the impact of the Member State on the EU total of a variable is limited. <u>Such exemption shall not apply to the data collected in accordance with Article 5(1), point (d).</u> The Commission may adopt implementing acts defining thresholds for variables according to specific methodology in such a way that the application of those thresholds does not reduce the information on the expected EU total of the variable in the reference year by more than 5%. The thresholds shall be revised so that they correspond to the trends of EU totals, initiated by the Commission (Eurostat).	<i>deleted</i>	
Article 7(3), introductory part				
127	3. The Commission may adopt	3. The Commission may adopt		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	implementing acts to further specify the following:	implementing acts to further specify the following:	<i>deleted</i>	
<i>Article 7(3), point (a)</i>				
128	(a) the threshold under which the production of a variable is considered to have a limited impact on the expected EU total aggregate;	(a) the threshold under which the production of a variable is considered to have a limited impact on the expected EU total aggregate;	<i>deleted</i>	
<i>Article 7(3), point (b)</i>				
129	(b) the source of the data and the methodology to be used for defining the threshold;	(b) the source of the data and the methodology to be used for defining the threshold;	<i>deleted</i>	
<i>Article 7(3), point (c)</i>				
130	(c) the variables to which this exemption applies.	(c) the variables to which this exemption applies.	<i>deleted</i>	
<i>Article 7(3), first paragraph</i>				
131	The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	The implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	<i>deleted</i>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
<i>Article 7a</i>				
131a			<u>Article 7a</u> <u>Thresholds for transmission of data</u>	
<i>Article 7a(1)</i>				
131b			<u>1. A Member State may be exempted from certain regular transmissions of the data as defined in Article 7(1) where the impact of the Member State on the EU total of a variable is limited or if the impact of the variable is limited in relation to the total production at national level.</u>	
<i>Article 7a(2), introductory part</i>				
131c			<u>2. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts to specify:</u>	
<i>Article 7a(2), point (a)</i>				
131d			<u>(a) thresholds from data transmission;</u>	
<i>Article 7a(2), point (b)</i>				
131e				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>(b) the source of the data and the methodology to be used for defining the threshold; and</u>	
Article 7a(2), point (c)				
131f			<u>(c) the variables to which this exemption applies.</u>	
Article 7a(2) first paragraph				
131g			<u>Those implementing acts shall define thresholds for variables according to specific methodology in such a way that the application of those thresholds does not significantly reduce the information on the expected EU total of the variable in the reference period.</u>	
Article 7a(2) Second paragraph				
131h			<u>The thresholds shall be revised so that they correspond to the trends of EU totals, initiated by the Commission (Eurostat).</u>	
Article 7a(2) Third paragraph				
131i				

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			<u>Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2), not later than 18 months before the beginning of the reference year.</u>	
Article 8				
132	Article 8 Data sources and methods	Article 8 Data sources and methods	Article 8 Data sources and methods	
Article 8(1), introductory part				
133	1. For the purpose of obtaining statistics related to the inputs and outputs of agricultural activities, Member States shall use one or more of the following sources or methods, provided that the information allows for the production of statistics that meet the quality requirements laid down in Article 10:	1. For the purpose of obtaining statistics related to the inputs and outputs of agricultural activities, Member States shall use one or more of the following sources or methods, provided that the information allows for the production of statistics that meet the quality requirements laid down in Article 10:	1. For the purpose of obtaining statistics related to the inputs and outputs of agricultural activities, Member States shall use one or more of the following sources or methods, provided that the information allows for the production of statistics that meet the quality requirements laid down in Article 10:	
Article 8(1), point (a)				
134	(a) statistical surveys or other statistical data collection methods;	(a) statistical surveys or other statistical data collection methods;	(a) statistical surveys or other statistical data collection methods;	
Article 8(1), point (b)				

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135	(b) the administrative data sources specified in paragraph 2;	(b) the administrative data sources specified in paragraph 2;	(b) the administrative data sources specified in paragraph 2 <u>or administrative data sources based on national law</u> ;	
Article 8(1), point (c)				
136	(c) other sources, methods or innovative approaches.	(c) other sources, methods or innovative approaches, <u>such as digital tools and remote sensors</u> .	(c) other sources, methods or innovative approaches.	
Article 8(2)				
137	2. Member States may use any information from the integrated administration and control system ('IACS') established by Regulation (EU) No 1307/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> , the system for the identification and registration of bovine animals established by Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(2)</sup> and the system for the identification and registration of ovine and caprine animals established by Council Regulation (EC) No 21/2004 <sup>(3)</sup> , the vineyard register implemented in accordance with Article 145 of Regulation	2. Member States may use any information from the integrated administration and control system ('IACS') established by Regulation (EU) <del>No 1307/2013</del> <u>2021/...</u> of the European Parliament and of the Council, <u>[on the financing, management and monitoring of the common agricultural policy and repealing Regulation -<sup>(1)</sup>EU No 1306/2013]</u> , the system for the identification and registration of bovine animals established by Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(2)</sup> and the system for the identification and registration of ovine and caprine animals	2. Member States may use any information from the integrated administration and control system ('IACS') established by Regulation (EU) No 1307/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> , the system for the identification and registration of bovine animals established by Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(2)</sup> and the system for the identification and registration of ovine and caprine animals established by Council Regulation (EC) No 21/2004 <sup>(3)</sup> , the vineyard register implemented in accordance with Article 145 of Regulation	

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	<p>(EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(4)</sup>, and the organic farming registers set up pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2018/848.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EU) No 1307/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing rules for direct payments to farmers under support schemes within the framework of the common agricultural policy and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 637/2008 and Council Regulation (EC) No 73/2009 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 608).</p> <p>2. Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 July 2000 establishing a system for the identification and registration of bovine animals and regarding the labelling of beef and beef products and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 820/97 (OJ L 204, 11.8.2000, p. 1).</p> <p>3. Council Regulation (EC) No 21/2004 of 17 December 2003 establishing a system for the identification and registration of ovine and caprine animals and amending Regulation (EC) No 1782/2003 and Directives 92/102/EEC and 64/432/EEC (OJ L 5, 9.1.2004, p. 8).</p> <p>4. Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671).</p>	<p>established by Council Regulation (EC) No 21/2004 <sup>(32)</sup>, the vineyard register implemented in accordance with Article 145 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(43)</sup>, and the organic farming registers set up pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2018/848.</p> <p>1. Regulation (<del>EU</del>EC) <del>No 1307/2013</del> <u>No 1760/2000</u> of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 <del>December 2013</del> <u>July 2000</u> establishing <del>rules for direct payments to farmers under support schemes within the framework of the common agricultural policy</del> <u>a system for the identification and registration of bovine animals and regarding the labelling of beef and beef products</u> and repealing Council Regulation (EC) <del>No 637/2008 and Council Regulation (EC) No 73/2009 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 608)</del> <u>No 820/97 (OJ L 204, 11.8.2000, p. 1)</u>.</p> <p>2. <u>Council</u> Regulation (EC) <del>No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council</del> <u>No 21/2004</u> of 17 <del>July 2000</del> <u>December 2003</u> establishing a system for the identification and registration of <del>bovine animals and regarding the labelling of beef and beef products and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 820/97 (OJ L 204, 11.8.2000, p. 1)</del> <u>ovine and caprine animals and amending Regulation (EC) No 1782/2003 and Directives 92/102/EEC and 64/432/EEC (OJ L 5, 9.1.2004, p. 8)</u>.</p> <p>3. <del>Council</del> Regulation (<del>EC</del>EU) <del>No 21/2004</del> <u>No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council</u> of 17</p>	<p>(EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(4)</sup>, and the organic farming registers set up pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2018/848 <u>or any other relevant administrative data defined in Union law</u>.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EU) No 1307/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing rules for direct payments to farmers under support schemes within the framework of the common agricultural policy and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 637/2008 and Council Regulation (EC) No 73/2009 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 608).</p> <p>2. Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 July 2000 establishing a system for the identification and registration of bovine animals and regarding the labelling of beef and beef products and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 820/97 (OJ L 204, 11.8.2000, p. 1).</p> <p>3. Council Regulation (EC) No 21/2004 of 17 December 2003 establishing a system for the identification and registration of ovine and caprine animals and amending Regulation (EC) No 1782/2003 and Directives 92/102/EEC and 64/432/EEC (OJ L 5, 9.1.2004, p. 8).</p> <p>4. Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No</p>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<p>December <del>2003</del><u>2013</u> establishing a <del>system for the identification and registration of ovine and caprine animals and amending Regulation (EC) common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 1782/2003 and Directives 92/102/EEC and 64/432/EEC (OJ L 5, 9.1.2004, p. 8) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671).</del></p> <p><u>4. Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671).</u></p>	1234/2007 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671).	
Article 8(3)				
138	<p>3. The statistics on plant protection products as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(iii) shall be provided using the records kept and made available in accordance with Article 67 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.</p>	<p>3. The statistics on plant protection products as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(iii) shall be provided using the records kept and made available in accordance with Article 67 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.</p>	<p>3. The statistics on plant protection products as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(iii) <del>shall</del> <u>may</u> be provided using the records kept <del>and made available</del> <u>in accordance with Article <del>67</del><u>67(1)</u> of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and made available for statistical purposes as administrative records to the national statistical authorities on their request.</u></p>	
Article 8(3a)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
138a		<u>3a. The statistics on biocidal products, as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(iiia), of this Regulation, shall be provided using the records kept by authorisation holders and made available to the competent authorities in accordance with Article 68 of Regulation (EU) No 528/2012.</u>		
Article 8(3b)				
138b		<u>3b. The statistics on the sales and use of veterinary antimicrobial medicinal products intended for food-producing animals referred to in Article 5(1), point (d)(iiib), of this Regulation shall be provided using, as the minimum, the data collected by Member States in accordance with Article 57 of Regulation (EU) 2019/6, and the records kept in accordance with Articles 96 and 108 of that Regulation.</u>		
Article 8(3c)				
138c		<u>3c. The statistics on biocidal products as referred to in Article</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>5(1), point (d)(iia), shall be provided using, as the minimum, the records kept in accordance with Article 68 of Regulation (EU) No 528/2012, as well as with Article 5 and Annex I, Part A, point II(2)(a), of Regulation (EC) No 183/2005.</u>		
Article 8(4)				
139	4. For that purpose, the Member States shall request from professional users of plant protection products, in electronic format, records covering at least the name of the plant protection product, the dose of application, the main area and the crop where the plant protection product was used in accordance with this Regulation.	4. For <del>that purpose</del> <u>those purposes</u> , the Member States shall request from professional users of plant protection products <u>and biocidal products</u> , in electronic format, <u>where applicable</u> , records covering, <u>per types of crops and species of animals</u> , at least the <u>quantities and the active substances used and of the plant protection product and the biocidal product used</u> , the dose of application, the <del>main area and the crop</del> <u>date of application, the surface area</u> where the plant protection product <del>was used in accordance with this Regulation</del> <u>or biocidal product was used</u> .	<i>deleted</i>	
Article 8(5)				
140				

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	5. Member States which decide to use the sources, methods or innovative approaches referred to in point (c) of paragraph 1 shall inform the Commission (Eurostat) during the year preceding the reference year during which the source, method or innovative approach will be introduced, and shall provide details concerning the quality of the data obtained.	5. Member States which decide to use the sources, methods or innovative approaches referred to in point (c) of paragraph 1 shall inform the Commission (Eurostat) during the year preceding the reference year during which the source, method or innovative approach will be introduced, and shall provide details concerning the quality of the data obtained.	5. Member States which decide to use the sources, methods or innovative approaches referred to in point (c) of paragraph 1 shall inform the Commission (Eurostat) during the year preceding the reference year during which the source, method or innovative approach will be introduced, and shall provide details concerning the quality of the data obtained.	
Article 8(6)				
141	6. National authorities responsible for complying with the requirements of this Regulation shall have the right to access and use, promptly and free of charge, data, including individual data on enterprises and agricultural holdings in administrative files compiled on their national territory pursuant to Article 17a of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. The national authorities and the owners of the administrative records shall establish the necessary cooperation mechanisms for such access. That access shall also be granted in cases where the competent authority has delegated tasks to be carried out on its behalf to private	6. National authorities responsible for complying with the requirements of this Regulation shall have the right to access and use, promptly and free of charge, data, including individual data on enterprises and agricultural holdings in administrative files compiled on their national territory pursuant to Article 17a of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. <u><i>Other national authorities responsible for implementing the relevant Union environmental, food security and public health legislation, as well as the European Environment Agency, shall also have the right to access and use, promptly and free of</i></u>	6. National authorities responsible for complying with the requirements of this Regulation shall have the right to access and use, promptly and free of charge, data, including individual data on enterprises and agricultural holdings in administrative files compiled on their national territory pursuant to Article 17a of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. The national authorities and the owners of the administrative records shall establish the necessary cooperation mechanisms for such access. That access shall also be granted in cases where the competent authority has delegated tasks to be carried out on its behalf to private	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	or semi-public bodies.	<u>charge, aggregated data for statistical and monitoring purposes.</u> The national authorities and the owners of the administrative records shall establish the necessary cooperation mechanisms for such access. That access shall also be granted in cases where the competent authority has delegated tasks to be carried out on its behalf to private or semi-public bodies.	or semi-public bodies.	
Article 8(6a)				
141a		<u>6a. The data collected may be used only during the period needed to carry out the analyses and may not be further processed or made public in a manner incompatible with the initial purpose of the data collection.</u>		
Article 9				
142	Article 9 Reference period	Article 9 Reference period	Article 9 Reference period	
Article 9, first paragraph				
143	The information collected shall	The information collected shall	<u>1</u> The information collected shall	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	refer to a single reference period that is common to all Member States by a reference to the situation during a specified timeframe.	refer to a single reference period that is common to all Member States by a reference to the situation during a specified timeframe.	refer to a single reference period that is common to all Member States by a reference to the situation during a specified timeframe.	
Article 9, second paragraph				
144	The reference period for each detailed topic shall be as specified in the Annex. The first reference periods shall begin in calendar year [insert the year starting on 1 January following 18 months after adoption].	The reference period for each detailed topic shall be as specified in the Annex. The first reference periods shall begin in calendar year [insert the year starting on 1 January following 18 months after adoption].	<u>2</u> The reference period for each detailed topic shall be as specified in the Annex. The first reference periods shall begin in calendar year [insert the year starting on 1 January following 18 months after adoption].	
Article 9, second paragraph a				
144a			<u>3 For the detailed topics with a transmission frequency of five years within the domain of statistics on nutrients and plant protection products as referred to in Article 5(1), point (d), the first reference period shall not be before the calendar year [2027].</u>	
Article 9, second paragraph b				
144b			<u>4 For the topic of agricultural price indices as referred to in</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>Article 5(1), point (c)(i), the first base year shall be the calendar year [2025].</u>	
Article 9, third paragraph				
145	The Commission may adopt implementing acts to further specify the reference periods. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	The Commission may adopt implementing acts to further specify the reference periods. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	<u>5</u> The Commission may adopt implementing acts to further specify the reference periods. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2) <u>not later than 18 months before the beginning of the reference period.</u>	
Article 10				
146	Article 10 Quality and quality reporting	Article 10 Quality and quality reporting	Article 10 Quality and quality reporting	
Article 10(1)				
147	1. Member States shall take the necessary measures to ensure the quality of the data and metadata transmitted.	1. Member States shall take the necessary measures to ensure the quality of the data and metadata transmitted.	1. Member States shall take the necessary measures to ensure the quality of the data and metadata transmitted.	
Article 10(2)				
148				

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	2. Member States shall ensure that the data obtained using the sources and methods laid down in Article 8 give accurate estimates on the statistical population defined in Article 3 at national level, and, where required, at regional level.	2. Member States shall ensure that the data obtained using the sources and methods laid down in Article 8 give accurate estimates on the statistical population defined in Article 3 at national level, and, where required, at regional level.	2. Member States shall ensure that the data obtained using the sources and methods laid down in Article 8 give accurate estimates on the statistical population defined in Article 3 at national level, and, where required, at regional level.	
Article 10(3)				
149	3. For the purpose of this Regulation, the quality criteria defined in Article 12(1) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 shall apply.	3. For the purpose of this Regulation, the quality criteria defined in Article 12(1) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 shall apply.	3. For the purpose of this Regulation, the quality criteria defined in Article 12(1) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 shall apply.	
Article 10(4)				
150	4. The Commission (Eurostat) shall assess the quality of the data and metadata transmitted in a transparent and verifiable way.	4. The Commission (Eurostat) shall assess the quality of the data and metadata transmitted in a transparent and verifiable way.	4. The Commission (Eurostat) shall assess the quality of the data and metadata transmitted in a transparent and verifiable way.	
Article 10(5), introductory part				
151	5. For that purpose, Member States shall transmit a quality report describing the statistical processes to the Commission (Eurostat), for the first time by 31 December of the year [insert the	5. For that purpose, Member States shall transmit a quality report describing the statistical processes to the Commission (Eurostat), for the first time by 31 December of the year [insert the	5. For that purpose, <u>with the exception of 'agricultural price indices' (Article 5(1)(c)(i))</u> , Member States shall transmit a quality report describing the statistical processes to the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	year starting 1 January following 30 months after adoption], and thereafter every 3 years, for the data sets transmitted during the period, including in particular:	year starting 1 January following 30 months after adoption], and thereafter every 3 years, for the data sets transmitted during the period, including in particular:	Commission (Eurostat), for the first time by 31 December of the year [insert the year starting 1 January following 30 months after adoption], and thereafter every <del>3</del> <u>5</u> years, for the data sets transmitted during the period, including in particular:	
Article 10(5), point (a)				
152	(a) metadata describing the methodology used and how technical specifications were achieved by reference to those laid down by this Regulation;	(a) metadata describing the methodology used and how technical specifications were achieved by reference to those laid down by this Regulation;	(a) metadata describing the methodology used and how technical specifications were achieved by reference to those laid down by this Regulation;	
Article 10(5), point (b)				
153	(b) information on compliance with the coverage requirements as described in Article 4, including in developing and updating it.	(b) information on compliance with the coverage requirements as described in Article 4, including in developing and updating it.	(b) information on compliance with the coverage requirements as described in Article 4, including in developing and updating it.	
Article 10(6)				
154	6. Separate methodological reports for the detailed topic 'Weights and re-based indices' shall be transmitted at the same time as the data.	6. Separate methodological reports for the detailed topic 'Weights and re-based indices' shall be transmitted at the same time as the data.	6. <del>Separate methodological reports for the detailed topic</del> <u>'For the 'agricultural price indices' (Article 5(1)(c)(i)) the quality report shall be transmitted every 5</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>years together with the</u> weights and re-based indices <del>shall be transmitted at the same time as the data</del> . <u>The first transmission year for the quality report shall not be before the 31 December [2028].</u>	
Article 10(7)				
155	7. The Commission may adopt implementing acts setting out the practical arrangements for the quality reports and their contents. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	7. The Commission may adopt implementing acts setting out the practical arrangements for the quality reports and their contents. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	7. The Commission may adopt implementing acts setting out the practical arrangements for the quality reports and their contents. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2) <u>and shall not impose a significant additional cost or burden on the Member States.</u>	
Article 10(8)				
156	8. Member States shall, where necessary, inform the Commission (Eurostat) about any relevant information or changes with regard to the implementation of this Regulation that could significantly influence the quality of the data transmitted.	8. Member States shall, where necessary, inform the Commission (Eurostat) about any relevant information or changes with regard to the implementation of this Regulation that could significantly influence the quality of the data transmitted.	8. Member States shall, where necessary, inform the Commission (Eurostat) about any relevant information or changes with regard to the implementation of this Regulation that could significantly influence the quality of the data transmitted.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 10(9)				
157	9. At the request of the Commission (Eurostat), Member States shall provide necessary additional clarification to evaluate the quality of the statistical information.	9. At the request of the Commission (Eurostat), Member States shall provide necessary additional clarification to evaluate the quality of the statistical information.	9. At the request of the Commission (Eurostat), Member States shall provide necessary additional clarification to evaluate the quality of the statistical information.	
Article 10(9a)				
157a		<u>9a. The Commission (Eurostat) shall publish on the internet, free of charge, the quality report provided by Member States, other reports or information provided by Member States in application of this Article, as well as any request of the Commission (Eurostat) for clarification.</u>		
Article 10a				
157b			<u>Article 10a</u> <u>Feasibility and pilot studies</u>	
Article 10a(1), introductory part				
157c			<u>1. In accordance with the objectives of this Regulation and where new regular data</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>requirements or the need for significant improvement of regular data requirements are identified, the Commission (Eurostat) shall launch feasibility studies, in order to:</u>	
Article 10a(1), point (a)				
157d			<u>(a) evaluate the availability of appropriate new data sources and production techniques in Member States,</u>	
Article 10a(1), point (b)				
157e			<u>(b) assess the feasibility of new regular data requirements and production techniques in data collection,</u>	
Article 10a(1), point (c)				
157f			<u>(c) estimate the financial impact and burden on respondents.</u>	
Article 10a(2)				
157g			<u>2. In accordance with the objectives of this Regulation and</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>where ad hoc data requirements are identified, the Commission (Eurostat) shall launch feasibility studies, in order to evaluate the feasibility of ad hoc data requirements and to estimate their financial impact and burden on respondents.</u>	
Article 10a(3)				
157h			<u>3. Within each particular feasibility study, the Commission (Eurostat) shall assess whether the new statistics can be produced by using the information available in the relevant administrative sources at Union level in order to minimise additional burdens on national statistical institutes and other national authorities and enhance the use of existing data in accordance with Article 17a of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.</u>	
Article 10a(4)				
157i			<u>4. Within a particular feasibility study on new regular and ad hoc data requirements and production techniques the Commission (Eurostat) may, where necessary,</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>launch pilot studies, to be carried out on a voluntary basis by the Member States, in order to test the implementation of new requirements in different organisational environments by conducting that implementation on a smaller scale.</u>	
Article 10a(5)				
157j			<u>5. The results of the feasibility and pilot studies accompanied, where appropriate, by proposals for introducing new regular and ad hoc data requirements referred to in paragraph 1 and 2 shall be evaluated by the Commission (Eurostat) in cooperation with Member States and the main users of the data sets.</u>  <u>Following the evaluation, the Commission shall prepare a report on the findings of the feasibility and pilot studies. Those reports shall be made public.</u>	
Article 10a(6)				
157k			<u>6. While preparing a delegated act referred to Article 5(8), Article</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<u>6(1) and Article 7(1a), the Commission shall duly take into account the results of the feasibility and pilot studies, in particular on the feasibility of implementation of new or ad hoc data requirements in all Member States.</u>	
Article 10a				
157l		<u>Article 10a</u> <u>Publication of data</u>		
Article 10a(1)				
157m		<u>1. The data collected on the topics listed in Article 5(1), point (d), shall be actively disseminated by the Commission (Eurostat) via internet, free of charge, at the following level of detail:</u>  <u>(a) per active substance;</u> <u>(b) per plant protection, biocidal, veterinary medicinal and fertiliser product;</u> <u>(c) per crop and animal species;</u> <u>(d) per year.</u>		
Article 10a(2)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
157n		<u>2. The data collected under this Regulation shall be actively disseminated by the Commission (Eurostat) excluding confidential data in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 read in conjunction with Regulation (EC) No 1367/2006.</u>		
Article 10a(3)				
157o		<u>3. This Regulation is without prejudice to the right of public access to documents under Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 read in conjunction with Regulation (EC) No 1367/2006 and Directive 2003/4/EC.</u>		
Article 11				
158	Article 11 Union contribution	Article 11 Union contribution	Article 11 Union contribution	
Article 11(1)				
159	1. For the implementation of this Regulation, the Union may provide grants to the national statistical institutes and other national	1. For the implementation of this Regulation, the Union <del>may</del> <u>shall</u> provide grants to the national statistical institutes and other	1. For the implementation of this Regulation, the Union <del>may</del> <u>shall</u> provide grants to the national statistical institutes and other	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 in order to cover the implementation costs of an ad hoc data collection.	national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 in order to <u>support access to relevant technology and to</u> cover the <u>costs of</u> implementation <u>of this Regulation, as well as the</u> costs of an ad hoc data collection <u>and the costs of feasibility studies as referred in Article 6(1b).</u>	national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 in order to cover <del>the implementation costs of an ad hoc data collection.</del>	
Article 11(1), point (a)				
159a			<u>(a) the development of methodologies to adapt the data collection systems, including the access to administrative data, for the requirements of this regulation;</u>	
Article 11(1), point (b)				
159b			<u>(b) the development or enhancement of processes, IT systems and similar support functions that aim to produce statistics under this Regulation of higher quality or to reduce the administrative and financial burden;</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 11(1), point (c)				
159c			<u>(c) the implementation costs of ad hoc data collections;</u>	
Article 11(1), point (d)				
159d			<u>(d) the implementation costs of pilot studies, when carried out within the scope of feasibility and pilot studies as defined in Article 10a.</u>	
Article 11(1a)				
159e		<u>1a. Building on the priorities of the European Digital Strategy and the need to implement a digital single market, national recovery and resilience plans may finance expenditure in the digital sector to better collect and use data in the agricultural sector.</u>		
Article 11(1)				
159f			<u>The Union financial contribution shall be provided by the Single Market Programme under Article 4(2), point (g), of Regulation (EU) 2021/690 of the</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			<p><u>European Parliament and of the Council<sup>(1)</sup> or by the European Agricultural Guarantee Fund under Article 5(3), point (d), of Regulation (EU) 2021/... of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>.</u></p> <p><u>1. Regulation (EU) 2021/690 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 April 2021 establishing a programme for the internal market, competitiveness of enterprises, including small and medium-sized enterprises, the area of plants, animals, food and feed, and European statistics (Single Market Programme) and repealing Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014 and (EU) No 652/2014 (OJ L 153, 3.5.2021, p. 1).</u></p> <p><u>2. Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council of ... on the financing, management and monitoring of the common agriculture policy and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1306/2013 (OJ L ..., ..., p. ....).</u></p> <p><u>3. OJ: Please insert in the text the number of the Regulation in document PE-CONS 65/21 (2018/0217 (COD)) and in the corresponding footnote the number, date of adoption and publication reference of that Regulation.</u></p>	
Article 11(2)				
160	2. The Union financial contribution shall not exceed 90%	2. The Union financial contribution shall not exceed 90%	2. The Union financial contribution <u>relating to</u>	

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	of the eligible costs.	of the eligible costs.	<u>paragraphs 1(a) and 1(b)</u> shall not exceed <del>90%</del> <u>75%</u> of the eligible costs.	
Article 11(3)				
160a			<u>3 The Union financial contribution relating to paragraphs 1(c) and 1(d) shall not exceed 95% of the eligible costs.</u>	
Article 12				
161	Article 12 Protection of the financial interests of the Union	Article 12 Protection of the financial interests of the Union	Article 12 Protection of the financial interests of the Union	
Article 12(1)				
162	1. The Commission shall take appropriate measures to ensure that, when actions financed under this Regulation are implemented, the financial interests of the Union are protected by the application of preventive measures against fraud, corruption and any other illegal activities, by effective checks and, if irregularities are detected, by the recovery of the amounts wrongly paid and, where appropriate, by	1. The Commission shall take appropriate measures to ensure that, when actions financed under this Regulation are implemented, the financial interests of the Union are protected by the application of preventive measures against fraud, corruption and any other illegal activities, by effective checks and, if irregularities are detected, by the recovery of the amounts wrongly paid and, where appropriate, by	1. The Commission shall take appropriate measures to ensure that, when actions financed under this Regulation are implemented, the financial interests of the Union are protected by the application of preventive measures against fraud, corruption and any other illegal activities, by effective checks and, if irregularities are detected, by the recovery of the amounts wrongly paid and, where appropriate, by	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	effective, proportionate and dissuasive administrative and financial penalties.	effective, proportionate and dissuasive administrative and financial penalties.	effective, proportionate and dissuasive administrative and financial penalties.	
Article 12(2)				
163	2. The Commission or its representatives and the Court of Auditors shall have the power of audit, on the basis of documents and on-the-spot checks, over all grant beneficiaries, contractors and subcontractors who have received Union funds under the programme.	2. The Commission or its representatives and the Court of Auditors shall have the power of audit, on the basis of documents and on-the-spot checks, over all grant beneficiaries, contractors and subcontractors who have received Union funds under the programme.	2. The Commission or its representatives and the Court of Auditors shall have the power of audit, on the basis of documents and on-the-spot checks, over all grant beneficiaries, contractors and subcontractors who have received Union funds under the programme.	
Article 12(3)				
164	3. The European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, in accordance with the provisions and procedures laid down in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> and Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 <sup>(2)</sup> with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union in connection with a grant	3. The European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, in accordance with the provisions and procedures laid down in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> and Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 <sup>(2)</sup> with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union in connection with a grant	3. The European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, in accordance with the provisions and procedures laid down in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> and Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 <sup>(2)</sup> with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union in connection with a grant	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	<p>agreement or grant decision or contract funded under the programme.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999 (OJ L 248, 18.9.2013, p. 1). 2. Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L 292, 15.11.1996, p. 2.)</p>	<p>agreement or grant decision or contract funded under the programme.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999 (OJ L 248, 18.9.2013, p. 1). 2. Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L 292, 15.11.1996, p. 2.)</p>	<p>agreement or grant decision or contract funded under the programme.</p> <p>1. Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999 (OJ L 248, 18.9.2013, p. 1). 2. Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L 292, 15.11.1996, p. 2.)</p>	
Article 12(4)				
165	<p>4. Without prejudice to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, cooperation agreements with third countries and with international organisations, contracts, grant agreements and grant decisions resulting from the implementation of this Regulation shall contain provisions expressly empowering the Commission, the Court of Auditors and OLAF to conduct such audits, and investigations, in accordance with</p>	<p>4. Without prejudice to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, cooperation agreements with third countries and with international organisations, contracts, grant agreements and grant decisions resulting from the implementation of this Regulation shall contain provisions expressly empowering the Commission, the Court of Auditors and OLAF to conduct such audits, and investigations, in accordance with</p>	<p>4. Without prejudice to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, cooperation agreements with third countries and with international organisations, contracts, grant agreements and grant decisions resulting from the implementation of this Regulation shall contain provisions expressly empowering the Commission, the Court of Auditors and OLAF to conduct such audits, and investigations, in accordance with</p>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	their respective competences.	their respective competences.	their respective competences.	
Article 13				
166	Article 13 Derogations	Article 13 Derogations	Article 13 Derogations	
Article 13(1), first subparagraph				
167	1. Where the application of this Regulation or of the implementing measures and delegated acts adopted pursuant to them necessitates major adaptations in a national statistical system of a Member State, the Commission may adopt implementing acts granting derogations to Member States for a maximum duration of two years.	1. Where the application of this Regulation or of the implementing measures and delegated acts adopted pursuant to them necessitates major adaptations in a national statistical system of a Member State, the Commission may adopt implementing acts granting derogations to Member States for a maximum duration of <del>two</del> <i>three</i> years.	1. Where the application of this Regulation or of the implementing measures and delegated acts adopted pursuant to them necessitates major adaptations in a national statistical system of a Member State, the Commission may adopt implementing acts granting derogations to Member States for a maximum duration of two years.	
Article 13(2)				
167a			<u>2. Where a derogation is still justified by sufficient evidence at the end of the period for which it was granted, the Commission may grant a subsequent derogation for a maximum period of two years, by means of implementing acts.</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 13(1), second subparagraph				
168	The relevant Member State shall submit a duly reasoned request for such a derogation to the Commission within three months of the date of the entry into force of the act concerned.	The relevant Member State shall submit a duly reasoned request for such a derogation to the Commission within three months of the date of the entry into force of the act concerned, <u>explaining what major adaptations are needed to the national statistical system and an estimated timeline for such adaptations. That request shall be made public.</u>	<u>3. For the purpose of a derogation as referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the <del>The relevant</del> Member State concerned</u> shall submit a duly reasoned request <del>for such a derogation</del> to the Commission within three months of the date of the entry into force of the act concerned <u>or six months before the end of the period for which a current derogation has been granted.</u>	
Article 13(1), third subparagraph				
169	The impact of such derogations on the comparability of Member States' data or on the calculation of the required timely and representative European aggregates shall be kept to a minimum. The burden on respondents shall be taken into account when granting the derogation.	The impact of such derogations on the comparability of Member States' data or on the calculation of the required timely and representative European aggregates shall be kept to a minimum. The burden on respondents shall be taken into account when granting the derogation.	The impact of such derogations on the comparability of Member States' data or on the calculation of the required timely and representative European aggregates shall be kept to a minimum. The burden on respondents <u>and on Member States</u> shall be taken into account when granting the derogation.	
Article 13(1a)				
169a		<u>1a. The Commission (Eurostat)</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<p><u>shall review and assess whether the request fulfils the relevant conditions set out in paragraph 1.</u></p> <p><u>Where the Commission considers that the derogation is not justified in accordance with the relevant conditions set out in paragraph 1, it shall adopt a decision within three months from the date of receipt of the reasoned request, informing the Member State concerned that the derogation cannot be accepted and stating the reasons for that refusal. Such decision shall be made public.</u></p>		
Article 13(2)				
170	2. The implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1, first subparagraph shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	2. The <del>implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1, first subparagraph shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to</del> <u>Commission may adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 14 specifying the conditions set out in paragraph 1 of this</u> Article <del>15(2).</del>	<del>24.</del> The implementing acts referred to in <del>paragraph 1, first subparagraph</del> <u>paragraphs 1 and 2</u> shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 15(2).	
Article 14				
171				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 14 Exercise of delegation	Article 14 Exercise of delegation	Article 14 Exercise of delegation	
Article 14(1)				
172	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	
Article 14(2)				
173	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 5(8) and Article 6(1 and 2) shall be conferred on the Commission for an undetermined period from [Publications Office: please insert exact date of entry into force of the Regulation].	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article <del>5(8)</del> <u>5(9)</u> , <u>Article 6(1), (2) and (3)</u> and Article <del>6(1 and 2)</del> <u>13(2)</u> shall be conferred on the Commission for <del>an undetermined period from a</del> <u>period of five years from ...</u> [Publications Office: please insert <del>exact</del> <u>the</u> date of entry into force of <del>the</del> <u>this</u> Regulation]. <u>The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the five-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such</u>	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article <u>4(6)</u> , <u>Article 5(8)</u> , <del>5(8) and</del> Article 6(1 ) <del>and Article 7(1a) and 2)</del> shall be conferred on the Commission for <del>an undetermined a</del> period <u>of five years</u> from [Publications Office: please insert exact date of entry into force of the Regulation]. <u>The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the five-year period.</u>  <u>The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the</u>	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>extension not later than three months before the end of each period.</u>	<u>Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period of the empowerment conferred upon the Commission.</u>	
Article 14(3)				
174	3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 5(8) and Article 6(1 and 2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 5(8) and Article 6(1 and 2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	3. The delegation of power referred to in Article <u>4(6), Article 5(8), <del>5(8) and</del> Article 6(1 ) and Article 7(1a) <del>and 2</del></u> may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	
Article 14(4)				
175	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Inter-institutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	Inter-institutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making. <u><i>The preparation and drawing up of delegated acts under this Regulation shall include written public consultations of a duration of minimum six weeks.</i></u>	Inter-institutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	
Article 14(5)				
176	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	
Article 14(6)				
177	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 5(8) and Article 6(1 and 2) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 5(8) and Article 6(1 and 2) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article <u>4(6), Article 5(8), <del>5(8) and</del> Article 6(1 ) and Article 7(1a) <del>and 2)</del></u> shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	
Article 14a				
177a		<u>Article 14a</u> <u>Review</u>		
Article 14a(1)				
177b		<u>1. By December 31 ... [insert year following 30 months after the date of entry into force of this Regulation] and every five years thereafter, the Commission shall review this Regulation and shall submit a report on its implementation to the European Parliament and the Council.</u>		
Article 14a(2)				
177c		<u>2. During the first review referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall assess in particular</u>  <u>whether and why there are data gaps and deficiencies in the data collected limiting the ability of</u>		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		<u>public authorities to assess progress towards sustainable agriculture, including data relating to the use of plant protection, biocidal and veterinary medicinal products.</u>		
Article 15				
178	Article 15 Committee procedure	Article 15 Committee procedure	Article 15 Committee procedure	
Article 15(1)				
179	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the European Statistical System Committee established by Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the European Statistical System Committee established by Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the European Statistical System Committee established by Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	
Article 15(2)				
180	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	
Article 16				
181				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 16 Amendment to Regulation (EC) No 617/2008	Article 16 Amendment to Regulation (EC) No 617/2008	Article 16 Amendment to Regulation (EC) No 617/2008	
Article 16, first paragraph, introductory part				
182	Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EC) No 617/2008 is amended as follows:	
Article 16, first paragraph, point (1)				
183	(1) in Article 8, paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 are deleted;	(1) in Article 8, paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 are deleted;	(1) in Article 8, paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 are deleted;	
Article 16, first paragraph, point (2)				
184	(2) Article 11 is deleted;	(2) Article 11 is deleted;	(2) Article 11 is deleted;	
Article 16, first paragraph, point (3)				
185	(3) Annex III and IV are deleted.	(3) Annex III and IV are deleted.	(3) Annex III and IV are deleted.	
Article 16, second paragraph				
186	This amendment shall apply from 1 January [of the year following 18 months after adoption].	This amendment shall apply from 1 January [of the year following 18 months after adoption].	This amendment shall apply from 1 January [of the year following 18 months after adoption].	
Article 17				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
187	Article 17 Repeals	Article 17 Repeals	Article 17 Repeals	
Article 17(1)				
188	1. Regulations (EC) No 1165/2008, (EC) No 543/2009, (EC) No 1185/2009 and Directive 96/16/EC are repealed with effect from 1 January [of the first calendar year starting at least 18 months after adoption].	1. Regulations (EC) No 1165/2008, (EC) No 543/2009, (EC) No 1185/2009 and Directive 96/16/EC are repealed with effect from 1 January [of the first calendar year starting at least 18 months after adoption].	1. Regulations (EC) No 1165/2008, (EC) No 543/2009, <del>(EC) No 1185/2009</del> and Directive 96/16/EC are repealed with effect from 1 January [of the first calendar year starting at least 18 months after adoption].	
Article 17(1a)				
188a			<u><i>1a. Regulation (EC) No 1185/2009 is repealed with effect from 1 January [2026].</i></u>	
Article 17(2)				
189	2. References to the repealed acts shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	2. References to the repealed acts shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	2. References to the repealed acts shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	
Article 18				
190	Article 18 Entry into force	Article 18 Entry into force	Article 18 Entry into force	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 18, first paragraph				
191	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	
Article 18, second paragraph				
192	It shall apply from 1 January [of the year following 18 months after adoption].	It shall apply from 1 January [of the year following 18 months after adoption].	It shall apply from 1 January [of the year following 18 months after adoption].	
Article 18, third paragraph				
193	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	
Formula				
194	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	
Formula				
195	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Formula				
196	The President	The President	The President	
Formula				
197	For the Council	For the Council	For the Council	
Formula				
198	The President	The President	The President	