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OUTCOME OF PROCEEDINGS

From:	General Secretariat of the Council
To:	Delegations
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Subject:	Proposal for a DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL amending Directives 2014/65/EU and (EU) 2022/2557 as regards the extension of certain mitigating measures available for small and medium sized enterprises to small mid-cap enterprises and further simplifying measures
	 Mandate for negotiations with the European Parliament

Delegations will find in the <u>Annex</u>, for information, the text of the mandate for negotiations with the European Parliament on the above-mentioned file as agreed by the Committee of Permanent Representatives at its meeting on 24 September 2025.

Changes compared to the Commission proposal are marked in **bold** and deletions in strikethrough.

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2025/0131 (COD)

Proposal for a

DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

amending Directives 2014/65/EU and (EU) 2022/2557 as regards the extension of certain mitigating measures available for small and medium sized enterprises to small mid-cap enterprises and further simplifying measures with a view to simplification

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 53(1), and Article 114 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee,¹

Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions²,

Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,

Whereas:

OJ $C_{,,p..}$

OJ C, , p.

- In the political guidelines for the European Commission's 2024-2029 term³, President von (1) der Leyen set out a plan for the Union's sustainable prosperity and competitiveness. Making business easier and deepening the Single Market are among the plan's key priorities.
- The Commission's better regulation agenda⁴ also supports the competitiveness of Union (2) enterprises by aiming to ensure that Union laws deliver on their objectives at a minimum cost. In 2023, the Commission identified the need to rationalize and simplify reporting requirements for enterprises and administrations⁵ and committed to reduce administrative burdens by 25%.
- On 12 September 2023, the Commission published the SME Relief Package⁶, announcing (3) its goal to help small and medium sized enterprises ('SMEs') compete and grow, by being attentive to the needs of enterprises that outgrow the thresholds of the SME definition⁷, and those in the broader range of small mid-cap enterprises. Action 18 of this relief package announced that the Commission would 'develop a harmonised definition for small mid-cap enterprises, build a dataset based on such definition and assess possible measures to support these enterprises in their growth (including potential application in adapted form of certain measures favouring SMEs)'.

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³ https://commission.europa.eu/document/download/e6cd4328-673c-4e7a-8683f63ffb2cf648 en?filename=Political%20Guidelines%202024-2029 EN.pdf

⁴ Better regulation: Joining forces to make better laws, COM(2021) 219 final, available at: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=COM:2021:219:FIN

⁵ Long-term competitiveness of the EU: looking beyond 2030, COM(2023) 168 final, available at: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX:52023DC0168

⁶ SME Relief Package (europa.eu). See also annex 3A to this report SME relief package policy tracker.

⁷ SMEs are defined as companies with under 250 employees, combined with an annual turnover up to 50 million euro or a balance sheet total up to 43 million - Recommendation 2003/361/EC - https://single-market-economy.ec.europa.eu/smes/sme-definition_en

- (4) Enterprises outgrowing the SME definition the 'small mid-cap enterprises' ('SMCs') play a vital role in the Union's economy. They are prominently present in industrial ecosystems that are key to the competitiveness of the Union and its technological sovereignty, in fields including electronics, aerospace and defence, energy, energy-intensive industries and health. Around 20% of all small mid-cap enterprises were SMEs three years earlier.
- (5) Compared to SMEs, SMCs tend to demonstrate a higher pace of growth, and level of innovation and digitisation. Nevertheless, where administrative burden is concerned, they face similar challenges as SMEs, leading to a need for proportionality in legislation and for targeted support. To enable the smooth transition of SMEs into SMCs, it is important to address in a coherent manner the cliff-effect that may arise once they outgrow the segment of SMEs and are faced with rules that apply to large enterprises. In order to achieve the overarching objective of facilitating the operation of businesses and the internal market, with a particular focus on SMCs, twoTo make business easier for SMCs and reduce their administrative burden, a number of existing acts which provide for specific mitigating rules for SMEs should be adjusted. In particular, to make business easier for SMCs and reduce their administrative burden, those acts should be adapted to extend the scope of those provisions and include SMCs, while still supporting SMEs and maintaining the existing approach.

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Study to map, measure and portray the EU mid-cap landscape - https://op.europa.eu/en/publication-detail/-/publication/ad5fdad5-6a33-11ed-b14f-01aa75ed71a1/language-en/format-PDF/source-277396461

https://www.esri.ie/system/files/publications/BKMNEXT429.pdf

Directive 2014/65/EU¹⁰ of the European Parliament and of the Council⁻ contains certain provisions that aim at providing simplification or mitigating measures to SMEs. More specifically, those provisions aim at alleviating administrative burden and reducing or eliminating market entry barriers or draw Member States' attention to the benefits that SMEs derive from dedicated guidance, support and assistance. Directive (EU) 2022/2557 ¹¹ of the European Parliament and the Council provides that Member States should support critical entities, including those that qualify as small or medium-sized enterprises, in strengthening their resilience. The Directive requires Member States to include in their resilience strategies a description of measures that are already in place at national level which aim to facilitate the implementation of the obligations of SMEs that were identified as critical entities.

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Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU (recast) (OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 349, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/dir/2014/65/ojeu/eli/dir/2014/65/oj).)

Directive (EU) 2022/2557 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2022 on the resilience of critical entities and repealing Council Directive 2008/114/EC (OJ L 333, 27.12.2022, p. 164, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/dir/2022/2557/oj).

- (7) To ensure consistency and legal certainty, a definition of SMCs should be introduced in those acts. While the definition of a SMC in Commission Recommendation 2025/1099 of 21 May 2025¹² may be useful in the context of some policy areas, for the purpose of this simplification exercise it is appropriate to set higher thresholds. In particular, for the purpose of the Omnibus IV package, SMCs should be defined as enterprises that are not SMEs, that employ fewer than 1000 persons, and that either have an annual turnover not exceeding EUR 200 million or an annual balance sheet total not exceeding EUR 172 million, those numbers and amounts being calculated in accordance with points 1 and 3-6 of the Annex to that in principle correspond to the definition in Commission Recommendation—insert full title and reference) and cover. That scope covers enterprises that are up to threefour times the size of SMEs without extending to large mid-caps or large enterprises, thereby ensuring achievement of the objectives referred to in recital 5 in a proportionate way. Nevertheless, that **definition**, it should, where appropriate, **be tailored so as to** build on the definitions of SMEs that are already provided in the acts that are being amended, which were considered fitting by the legislators.
- (8) Directive 2014/65/EU identifies a subcategory of multilateral trading facilities ('MTF') known as SME growth markets. Article 33 (3), point (a), of that Directive lays down specific conditions to ensure that those trading venues effectively benefit SMEs by facilitating their access to capital and the further development of specialist markets that cater for SMEs' needs. That provision should be extended to include SMCs, to also allow those companies to access capital markets through those SME growth markets, while still supporting SMEs and maintaining the existing approach.

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Commission Recommendation (EU) 2025/1099 of 21 May 2025 on the definition of small mid-cap enterprises (OJ L, 2025/1099, 28.5.2025, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/reco/2025/1099/oj).

- (9) Directive (EU) 2022/2557 obliges the Member States to support critical entities that qualify as SMEs in strengthening their resilience. In doing so, Member States are to prevent excessive administrative burdens. To this purpose, Member States are to adopt strategies for enhancing the resilience of critical entities. Pursuant to Article 4 of that Directive, each strategy is to contain a description of measures that are already in place to facilitate the implementation of certain obligations by the SMEs that are identified as critical entities by the Member States. The scope of that provision should be extended to include SMCs, so that Member States should include a description of any facilitating measures for SMC in their strategies.
- (9a) Since the objective of this Directive, namely to reduce the administrative burden for SMCs by extending to them mitigation measures that currently benefit SMEs, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States but can rather, by reason of the scale or effects of the action, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Directive does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.
- (10) Directives 2014/65/EU and (EU) 2022/2557 should therefore be amended accordingly,

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HAVE ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

Amendments to Directive 2014/65/EU

Directive 2014/65/EU is amended as follows:

- (1) in Article 4(1), the following point (13a) is inserted:
 - '(13a)'small mid-cap enterprises' **or 'SMCs**', for the purposes of this Directive, means companies that had an average market capitalisation equal to or higher than EUR 200 000 000 and lower than EUR 1 000 000 000 on the basis of end-year quotes for the previous three calendar years;
- (2) in Article 33(3), point (a) is replaced by the following:
 - '(a) at least 50% of the issuers whose financial instruments are admitted to trading on the MTF are SMEs or SMCs or both, at the time when the MTF is registered as an SME growth market and in any calendar year thereafter;.'

Article 2

Amendment to Directive (EU) 2022/2557

In Article 4(2) of Directive (EU) 2022/2557, point (h) is replaced by the following is amended as follows:

- (1) in Article 2, the following points are inserted:
 - '(11) 'small and medium-sized enterprises' means enterprises as defined in Article 2 of the Annex to Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC*;

13224/25 GIP.B (12) 'small mid-cap enterprises' means enterprises which are not micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, that employ fewer than 1000 persons, and either have an annual turnover not exceeding EUR 200 million or an annual balance sheet total not exceeding EUR 172 million, those numbers and amounts being calculated in accordance with points (1) and (3)-(6) of the Annex to Commission Recommendation 2025/1099 on the definition of small mid-cap enterprises**.

- **(2)** in Article 4(2), point (h) is replaced by the following:
 - '(h) a description of measures already in place which aim to facilitate the implementation of obligations under Chapter III of this Directive by small and medium-sized enterprises within the meaning of the Annex to Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC* and by small mid-cap enterprises within the meaning of the Annex to Commission Recommendation XX** that the Member State in question has identified as critical entities. '.'

Article 3

Transposition

1. By ... [18 months after the date of entry into force of this Directive], Member States shall adopt and publish, by [Note to PO: insert exact date - [...] 12 months after entry into force of this Directive at the latest, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions the measures necessary to comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith communicate to immediately inform the Commission the text of those provisions thereof.

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^{*} Commission Recommendation of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 36, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/reco/2003/361/oj).

^{**} Commission Recommendation of XRecommendation 2025/1099 of 21 May 2025 concerning the definition of small mid-cap enterprises (XXXX)OJ L, 2025/1099, 28.5.2025, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/reco/2025/1099/oj).

They shall apply those provisions from [Note to PO: insert exact date [...] 12measures from ... [18 months and one day after the date of entry into force of this Directive].

When Member States adopt those provisions measures, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or **shall** be accompanied by such-a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States shall determine how The methods of making such reference is to be madeshall be laid down by Member States.

2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.

Article 4

Entry into force

This Directive shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

Article 5

Addressees

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council For the European Parliament The President The President

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